

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co.,Ltd. Huatongwei Building, keji'nan 12th Road, High-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. Phone:86-755-26715499 E-mail: cs@szhtw.com.cn Website:http://www.szhtw.com.cn

SAR TEST REPORT

Report No	CHTEW22060071	Report verification:		
Project No:	SHT2205108801EW			
FCC ID:	2ACIX-PI5L	Reported Christian		
Applicant's name:	B&W Group Ltd.			
Address	Dale Road, Worthing West Sus KINGDOM	sex, BN11 2BH, UNITED		
Test item description:	In-ear True Wireless Headpho	ne		
Trade Mark	-			
Model/Type reference:	Pi5 S2L			
Listed Model(s)	-			
Standard:	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition IEEE 1528: 2013			
Date of receipt of test sample	May.31, 2022			
Date of testing	May.31, 2022-Jun.10, 2022			
Date of issue	Jun.13 2022			
Result:	PASS			
Compiled by (position+printedname+signature):	File administrators: Fanghui Zhu	Jang Mit Thu		
Supervised by (position+printedname+signature):	Test Engineer: Weiyang Xia	ng Jong Mit Zhu Weiyang Xiang		
Approved by		Homsty		
(position+printedname+signature):	Manager: Hans Hu	Flowest w		
Testing Laboratory Name: :	Shenzhen Huatongwei Interna	ational Inspection Co., Ltd		
Address	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Indu Gongming, Shenzhen, China	ustrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao,		
Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.				

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

Contents

<u>1.</u>	Statement of Compliance	3
<u>2.</u>	Test Standards and Report version	4
2.1.	Test Standards	4
2.2.	Report version	4
<u>3.</u>	Summary	5
3.1.	Client Information	5
3.2.	Product Description ^{#1}	5
3.3.	RF Specification Description	5
3.4.	Testing Laboratory Information	6
3.5.	Environmental conditions	6
<u>4.</u>	Equipments Used during the Test	7
<u>5.</u>	Measurement Uncertainty	8
<u>6.</u>	SAR Measurements System Configuration	9
6.1.	SAR Measurement Set-up	9
6.2.	DASY5 E-field Probe System	10
6.3.	Phantoms	11
6.4.	Device Holder	11
<u>7.</u>	SAR Test Procedure	12
7.1.	Scanning Procedure	12
7.2.	Data Storage and Evaluation	14
<u>8.</u>	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	16
8.1.	Tissue Dielectric Parameters	16
8.2.	System Check	17
<u>9.</u>	SAR Exposure Limits	20
<u>10.</u>	Conducted Power Measurement Results and Tune-up	21
<u>11.</u>	Measured and Reported SAR Results	21

1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)				
RF Exposure Conditions BR+EDR BLE				
Head(Dist.= 0mm) 0.039		0.019		
Body(Dist.= 0mm) 0.706 0.504				

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg@1g) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and IEEE Std C95.1,

2. This device had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03:</u> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets <u>TCB workshop</u> April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2022-06-13	Original

3. <u>Summary</u>

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	B&W Group Ltd.	
Address:	Dale Road, Worthing West Sussex, BN11 2BH, UNITED KINGDOM	
Manufacturer:	B&W Group Ltd.	
Address:	Dale Road, Worthing West Sussex, BN11 2BH, UNITED KINGDOM	
Factory:	Charter Media (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	
Address:	Dabandi industrial Zone, Daning District, Humen Town, 523930 Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	

3.2. Product Description^{#1}

Main unit			
Name of EUT:	In-ear True Wireless Headphone		
Trade Mark:	-		
Model No.:	Pi5 S2L		
Listed Model(s):	-		
Power supply:#2	3.85VDC, 70mAh, 0.270Wh (Supplied by Built Li-ion battery)		
Hardware version:	V1.0		
Software version:	V1.0.X		
Device Dimension:	Length x Width x Thickness (mm): 10X20X25mm		
Device Category:	Portable		
Product stage:	Production unit		
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled		
HTW test sample No .:	YPHT22051088001		
Noto			

Note:

#1: This report is for left part earbud only.

#2: The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.

3.3. RF Specification Description

Bluetooth				
Support type:	🖾 BR	🖾 EDR	🛛 BLE-1Mbps	BLE-2Mbps
Note:				
This device support Bluetooth Tethering.				

3.4. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.		
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China		
Connect information:	Tel: 86-755-26715499 E-mail: <u>cs@szhtw.com.cn</u> <u>http://www.szhtw.com.cn</u>		
Qualifications	Type Accreditation Number		
Qualifications	FCC	762235	

3.5. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2022/04/12	2023/04/11
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2022/05/16	2023/05/15
•	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2022/05/12	2023/05/11
• Ti	issue-equivalent liquids Va	lidation				
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2021/09/17	2022/09/16
• S	ystem Validation					
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2021/01/20	2024/01/19
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2021/01/26	2024/01/25
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2021/08/05	2022/08/04
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2021/08/05	2022/08/04
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101386	2022/05/12	2023/05/12
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2021/11/11	2022/11/10
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2021/11/11	2022/11/10

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix E and F.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

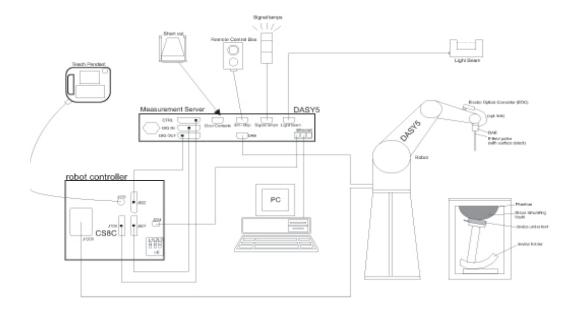
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

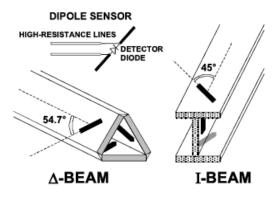
• Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

• Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM-Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \operatorname{mm} \pm 0.5 \operatorname{mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be \leq the nsion of the test device with

Report No .:	CHTEW22060071	Page:	13 of 21	Issued:	2022-06-13
--------------	---------------	-------	----------	---------	------------

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 5 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \\ 4-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \end{array}$		
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	\leq 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ 4-5 \text{ GHz:} \leq 3 \text{ mm} \\ 5-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2 \text{ mm} \end{array}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Z_{com}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
	grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) mm$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \geq 28 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \geq 25 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \geq 22 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$		

Note: \hat{o} is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}$

H - fieldprobes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i \cdot \frac{H_i + H_i +$

f: carrier frequency [GHz] Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg
- Etot: total field strength in V/m
- σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C

and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within ± 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to ± 10%. This is limited to frequencies ≤ 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head and Body									
Target Frequency	He	ad	Body						
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)					
2450	39.2	39.2	1.80						

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Measurement Results:

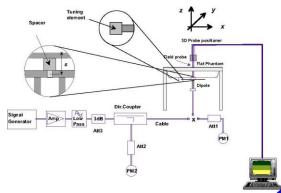
	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency (MHz)		٤ _r	σ(S/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp				
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ε _r)	(σ)	Limit	(°C)	Date			
2450	39.20	39.72	1.800	1.798	1.33%	-0.11%	±5%	22.4	2022/6/7			

8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup

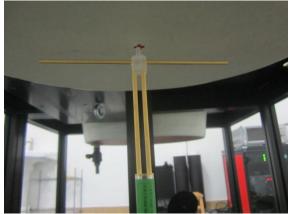


Photo of Dipole Setup

Measurement Results:

Head											
Frequency (MHz)		1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta		Temp	
	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(°C)	Date
2450	52.00	47.20	11.80	23.90	22.96	5.74	-9.23%	-3.93%	±10%	22.2	2022/6/7

Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.798$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.718$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

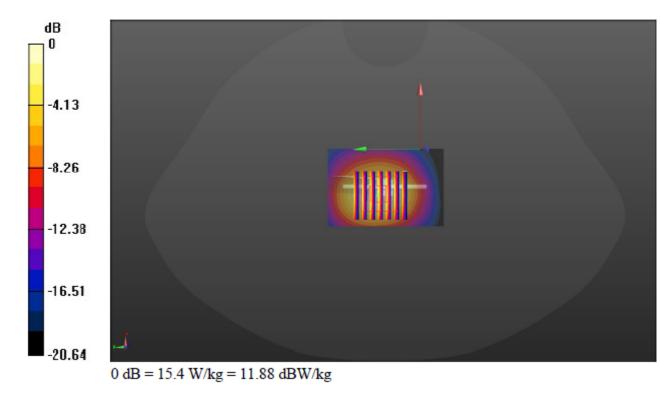
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 11.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



9. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)						
Type Exposure	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure Environment					
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4					
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0					
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0					

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

10. <u>Conducted Power Measurement Results and Tune-up</u>

Please refer to Appendix Report

11. Measured and Reported SAR Results

Measurement Results:

Please refer to Appendix Report

Measurement data plots:

Please refer to Appendix D

Note:

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for WWAN = Measured SAR *Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Reported SAR(W/kg) for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth = Measured SAR * Tune-up scaling factor * Duty Cycle scaling factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset. Additional 1-g SAR testing at 5 mm is not required when hotspot mode 10-g extremity SAR is not required for the surfaces and edges; since all 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.

-----End of Report------

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.



Project No.	SHT2205108801EW								
Test sample No.	YPHT22051088001	Model No.	P15 S2						
Start test date	2022/6/1	Finish date	2022/6/8						
Temperature	22.4 ℃	Humidity	44%						
Test Engineer	Bo Wang	Auditor	Xiaodong Zheo						

Appendix clause	Test Item	Result
А	Conducted Power Measurement Results	PASS
В	SAR Measurement Results	PASS

Appendix A:Conducted Power Measurement Results-Bluetooth

	Bluetooth										
Мос	le	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)						
		0	2402	5.20	5.50						
	GFSK	39	2441	5.13	5.50						
		78	2480	4.80	5.00						
		0	2402	5.31	5.50						
EDR	π/4QPSK	39 2441		4.75	5.00						
		78	2480	4.93	5.00						
	8DPSK	0	2402	5.21	5.50						
		39	2441	4.77	5.00						
		78	2480	4.92	5.00						
		0	2402	5.68	6.00						
BLE 1M	GFSK	19	2440	5.02	5.50						
		39	2480	4.87	5.00						
		0	2402	5.62	6.00						
BLE 2M	GFSK	19	2440	5.00	5.00						
		39	2480	4.87	5.00						

Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results-Head

	Bluetooth												
Mode Test Position	Test	Frequency		Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up	Tune up	Duty Cycle	ycle Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	PlotNo.	
	СН	MHz	limit (dBm)		scaling factor	(W/kg)				(W/kg)	PIOLINO.		
		0	2402	5.31	5.50	1.045	32.13%	3.112	-0.11	0.012	0.039	1	
EDR π/4QPSK	Touch Cheek	39	2441	4.75	5.00	1.059	32.13%	3.112	-0.08	0.010	0.033	-	
		78	2480	4.93	5.00	1.016	32.13%	3.112	0.09	0.007	0.022	-	
		0	2402	5.68	6.00	1.076	63.83%	1.567	-0.19	0.011	0.019	2	
BLE 1M	Touch Cheek	19	2440	5.02	5.50	1.117	63.84%	1.566	0.13	0.008	0.014	-	
		39	2480	4.87	5.00	1.030	63.85%	1.566	0.01	0.006	0.010	-	

Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results-Body

						Bluetooth						
Mode	Test	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune up	Tune up scaling	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	PlotNo.
Wode	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	limit (dBm)	factor	Duty Oycic	Scaling Factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	T IOUNO.
		0	2402	5.31	5.50	1.045	32.13%	3.112	0.11	0.217	0.706	3
	Left Rear	39	2441	4.75	5.00	1.059	32.13%	3.112	0.06	0.201	0.663	-
		78	2480	4.93	5.00	1.016	32.13%	3.112	-0.08	0.183	0.579	-
		0	2402	5.31	5.50	1.045	32.13%	3.112	-0.13	0.066	0.215	-
EDR π/4QPSK	Right Rear	39	2441	4.75	5.00	1.059	32.13%	3.112	-	-	-	-
		78	2480	4.93	5.00	1.016	32.13%	3.112	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	0	2402	5.31	5.50	1.045	32.13%	3.112	-0.08	0.206	0.670	-
		39	2441	4.75	5.00	1.059	32.13%	3.112	-	-	-	-
		78	2480	4.93	5.00	1.016	32.13%	3.112	-	-	-	-
		0	2402	5.68	6.00	1.076	63.83%	1.567	0.07	0.299	0.504	4
	Left Rear	19	2440	5.02	5.50	1.117	63.84%	1.566	0.16	0.282	0.493	-
		39	2480	4.87	5.00	1.030	63.85%	1.566	-0.01	0.263	0.424	-
		0	2402	5.68	6.00	1.076	63.83%	1.567	-0.13	0.030	0.051	-
BLE 1M	Right Rear	19	2440	5.02	5.50	1.117	63.84%	1.566	-	-	-	-
		39	2480	4.87	5.00	1.030	63.85%	1.566	-	-	-	-
		0	2402	5.68	6.00	1.076	63.83%	1.567	-0.07	0.164	0.277	-
	Bottom	19	2440	5.02	5.50	1.117	63.84%	1.566	-	-	-	-
		39	2480	4.87	5.00	1.030	63.85%	1.566	-	-	-	-

Date: 6/7/2022

Bluetooth-L-Head

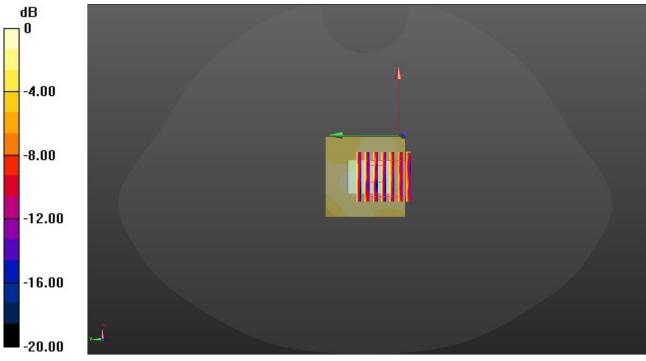
Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.763$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.798$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Touch/CH 0/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0240 W/kg

Touch/CH 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.530 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0310 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00542 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0229 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0229 W/kg = -16.40 dBW/kg

Date: 6/7/2022

Bluetooth-L-Head-BLE

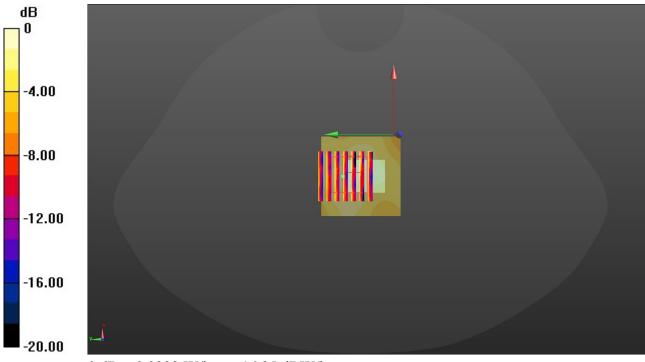
Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.763$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.798$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.2°C;Liquid Temperature:22.0°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Touch/CH 0/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0224 W/kg

Touch/CH 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.209 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0310 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.011 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00585 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0232 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0232 W/kg = -16.35 dBW/kg

Date: 6/7/2022

Bluetooth-L-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.763$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.798$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:222.3°C;

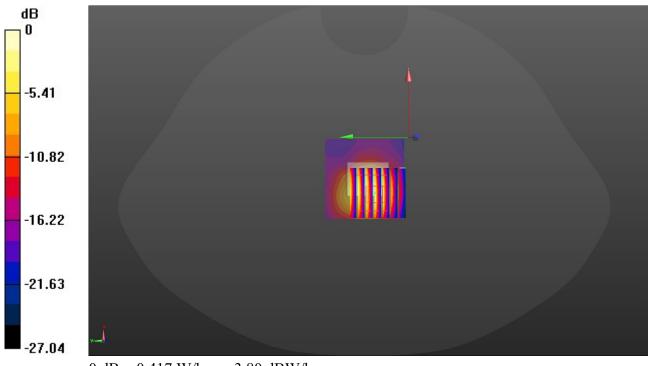
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Left Rear/CH 0/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.487 W/kg

Left Rear/CH 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.417 W/kg



0 dB = 0.417 W/kg = -3.80 dBW/kg

Date: 6/7/2022

Bluetooth-L-Body-BLE

Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2402 MHz; $\sigma = 1.763$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.798$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.6°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

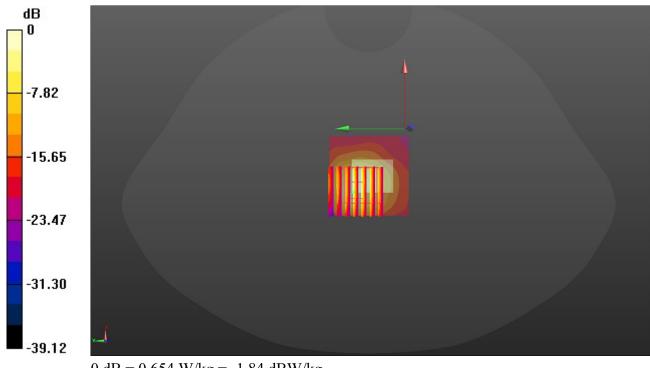
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 5/16/2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/12/2022
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Left Rear/CH 0/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.980 W/kg

Left Rear/CH 0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 13.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

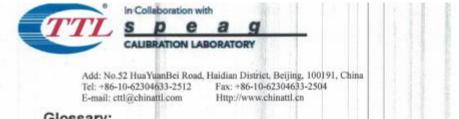
Reference Value = 13.08 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.654 W/kg



0 dB = 0.654 W/kg = -1.84 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com	Fax: +86-10-6230463 Http://www.chinattl.c	3-2504 Madalaha	CALIBRATION CNAS L0570
Client : HTV	10.11		No: Z22-60121
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	
Object	DAE4 -	SN: 1549	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-211-	002-01 ion Procedure for the Data Acquis	sition Electronics
Calibration date:	April 12	, 2022	
measurements(SI). The n pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%.	neasurements and t certificate. en conducted in ti	raceability to national standards, wh the uncertainties with confidence prot he closed laboratory facility: enviro	pability are given on the following
measurements(SI). The n pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us	neasurements and t certificate. en conducted in ti ed (M&TE critical fo	he uncertainties with confidence prot	pability are given on the followin
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	neasurements and t certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal	the uncertainties with confidence prot he closed laboratory facility: enviro r calibration)	pability are given on the followin
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	neasurements and the certificate. en conducted in the ced (M&TE critical for ID # Caller 1971018 - 197108 - 1971	the uncertainties with confidence prob he closed laboratory facility: enviro r calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465)	oability are given on the followin nment_temperature(22±3)℃ an Scheduled Calibration Jun-22
measurements(SI). The r pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards Process Calibrator 753	neasurements and t certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal	the uncertainties with confidence prot he closed laboratory facility: enviro r calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	pability are given on the followin nment temperature(22±3)℃ an Scheduled Calibration
measurements(SI). The n pages and are part of the All calibrations have be	neasurements and t certificate. en conducted in t ed (M&TE critical fo ID # Cal 1971018 *	the uncertainties with confidence prot he closed laboratory facility: enviro r calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 15-Jun-21 (CTTL, No.J21X04465) Function	oability are given on the followin nment_temperature(22±3)℃ an Scheduled Calibration Jun-22



Glossary: DAE

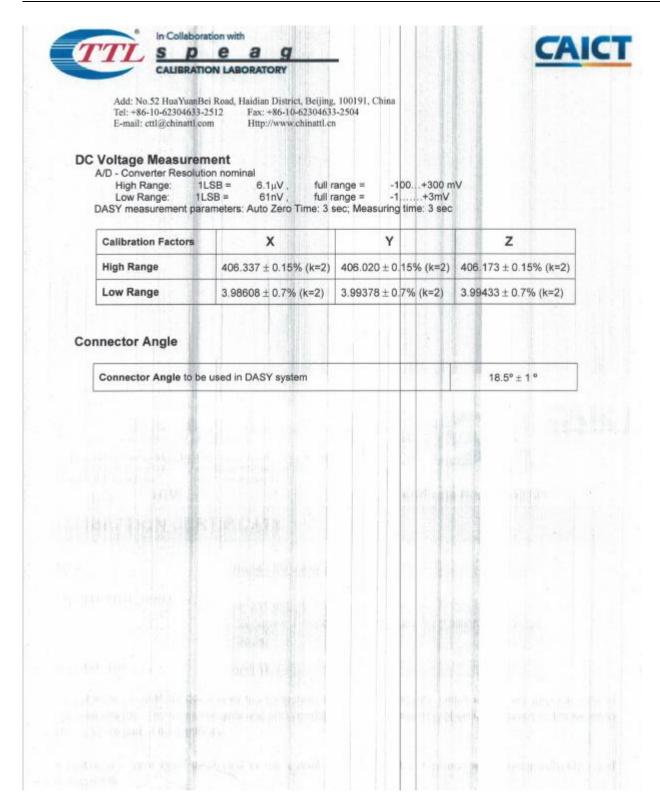
Connector angle inform

data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

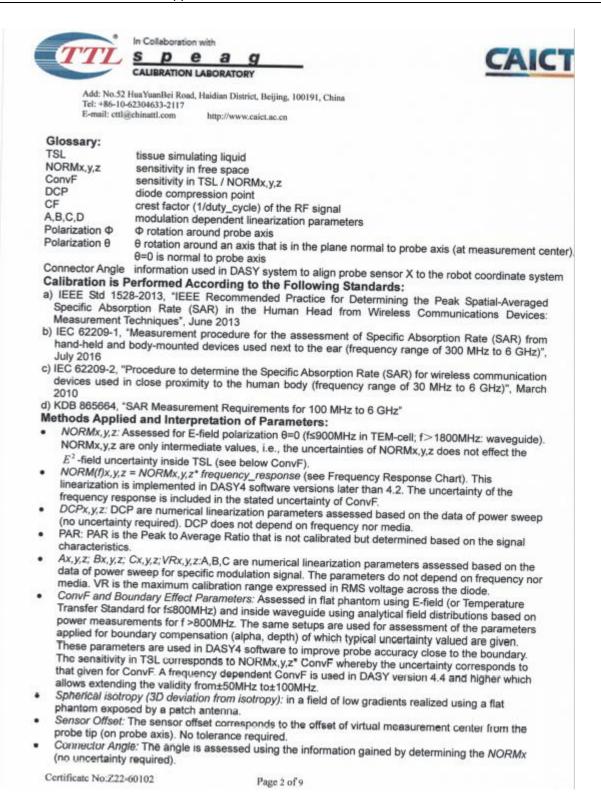


1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate

Client CALIBRATIC Object Calibration Procedu Calibration date:			Certificate SN : 7494	No: Z22	-60102
Object Calibration Procedu					
Calibration Procedu	ure(s)	EX3DV4 -	SN : 7494		
	ire(s)				
Calibration date:		FF-Z11-00 Calibration	4-02 Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Pr		
		May 16, 20		obes	
noning 10 to.		onducted in the	closed laboratory facility: environm	ent temper	ature(22±3)°C and
		ID #	Cal Data/Callback (L) 0 115		
Primary Standards		ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate N	No.) Sche	duled Calibration
	2	ID # 101919 101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	No.) Sche	Jun-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP	2 P-Z91	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	No.) Sche	Jun-22 Jun-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NR Power sensor NR Reference 10dBA	2 P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator	101919 101547	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	No.) Sche	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA	2 P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator Ittenuator	101919 101547 101548	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486)	No.) Sche	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe	2 P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator Ittenuator	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485)		Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe	2 P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator Ittenuator	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486)	Jan22)	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe E DAE4 Secondary Standard	2 P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator ttenuator EX3DV4	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555)	lan22) _Aug21/2)	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe E DAE4 Secondary Standard SignalGenerator M	P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator Ittenuator EX3DV4 Is IG3700A	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	lan22) _Aug21/2)	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe E DAE4 Secondary Standard SignalGenerator M	P-Z91 P-Z91 ttenuator ttenuator EX3DV4 IS IG3700A E5071C	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555)	lan22) _Aug21/2)	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22 Iled Calibration Jun-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe E DAE4 Secondary Standard SignalGenerator M Network Analyzer E	P-Z91 P-Z91 ttenuator ttenuator EX3DV4 IS IG3700A E5071C Nan	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673 ne	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	lan22) _Aug21/2) Schedu	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NRI Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe B DAE4 Secondary Standard SignalGenerator M Network Analyzer E	P-Z91 P-Z91 ttenuator ttenuator EX3DV4 IS IG3700A E5071C Nan	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406)	lan22) _Aug21/2) Schedu Sign	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22 Ied Calibration Jun-22 Jan-23
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP Power sensor NR Power sensor NRI Reference 10dBA Reference 20dBA Reference Probe	P-Z91 P-Z91 Ittenuator Ittenuator EX3DV4 IS IG3700A E5071C Nan Yu	101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673 ne	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_J 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406) Function SAR Test Engineer	lan22) _Aug21/2) Schedu Sign	Jun-22 Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 Jan-23 Aug-22 Ided Calibration Jun-22 Jan-23 ature

Certificate No: Z22-60102

Page 1 of 9



	<u>speag</u>	
and the second second	CALIBRATION LABORATORY	
	Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Rond, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China	
	Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117	

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.48	0.42	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	99.2	100.0	100.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0 CW	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	145.6	±1.9%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		160.4	1
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.0	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No:Z22-60102

Page 3 of 9

CAIC



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: ettl@chinattLoom http://www.caiet.ac.en

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

f [MHz] ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.60	10.60	10.60	0.12	1.43	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.30	10.30	10.30	0.12	1.48	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.25	0.92	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.25	1.04	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.26	1.04	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.62	0.63	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.41	0.84	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.49	0.74	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.61	5.61	5.61	0.50	1.20	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.45	1.38	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.50	1.30	±13.3%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

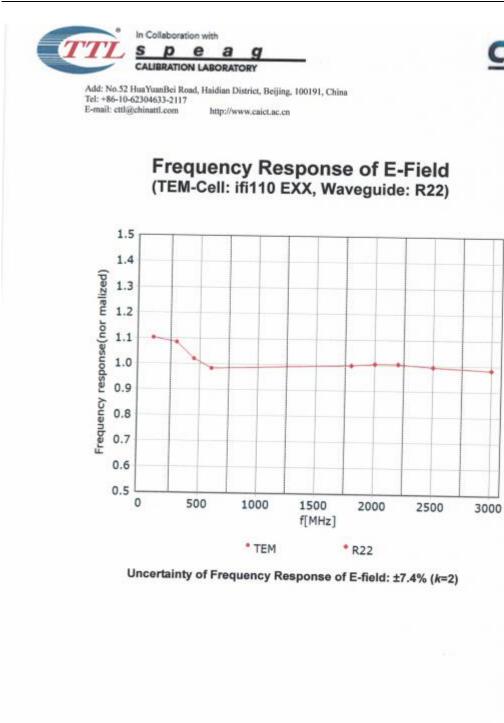
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No:Z22-60102

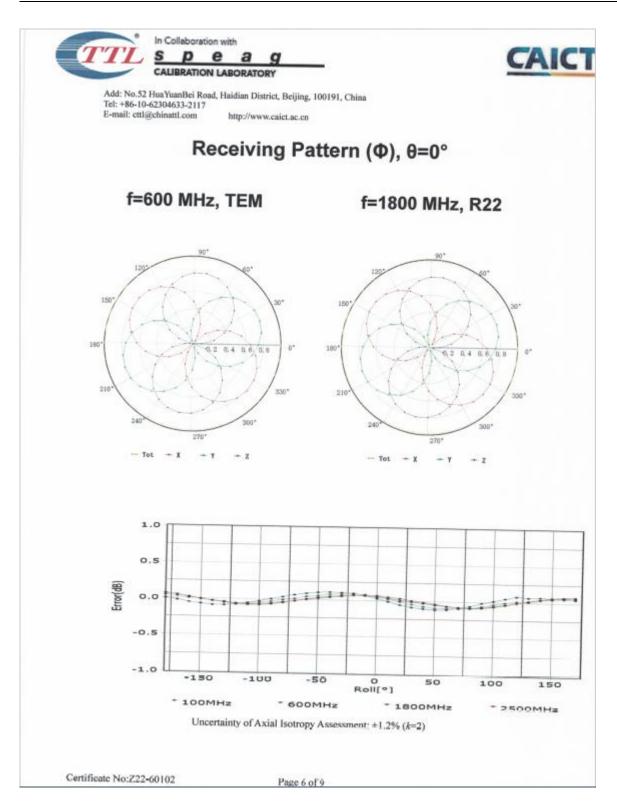
Page 4 of 9

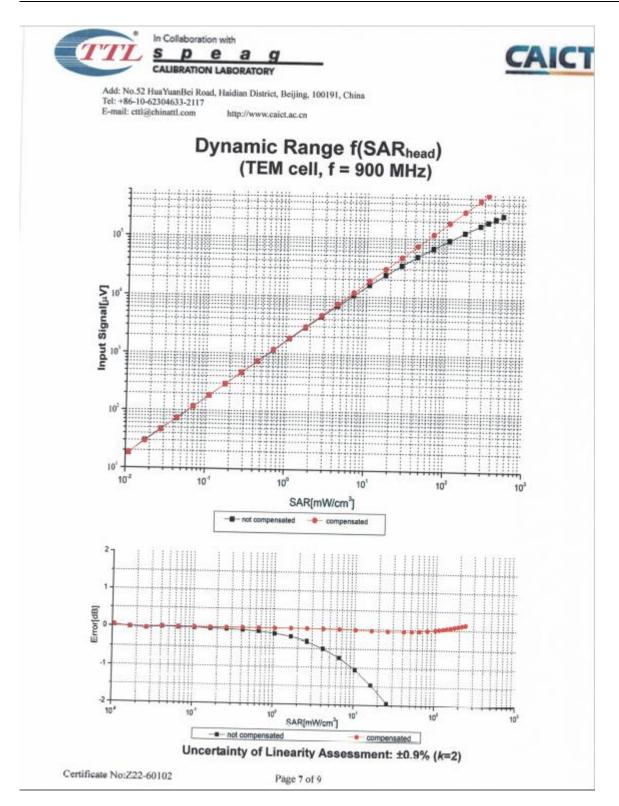
CAICT

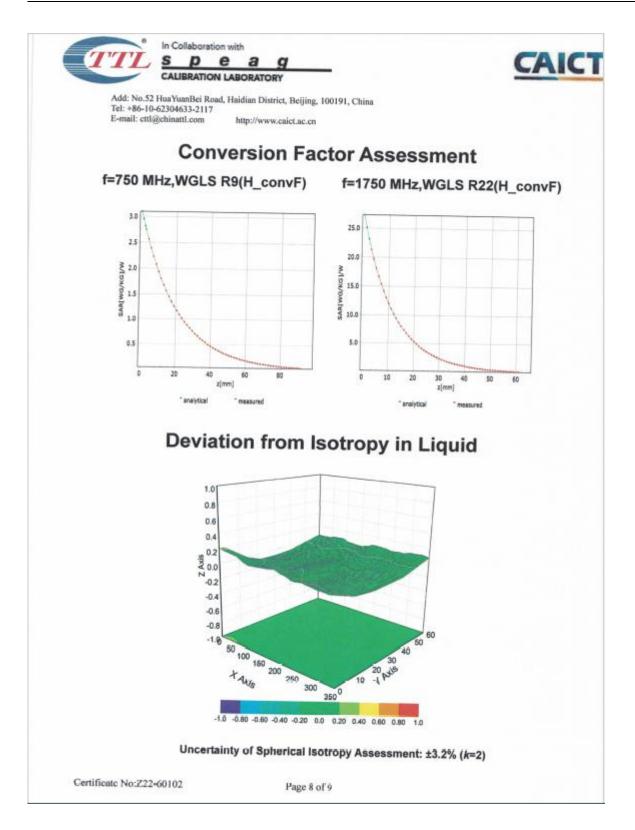


Certificate No.Z22-60102

Page 5 of 9







CAICT



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com http://www.eaict.ac.en

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:722-60102

Page 9 of 9

1.1. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Tel: +86-10-62304633	5-2079 Fax: +8	ct, Beijing, 100191, Chi 5-10-62304633-2504 ww.chinattl.cn	na Thaladadadada		CALIBRATION CNAS L0570
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.	com nup.aw	ww.chimatt.ch	Certificate No:	Z21-60020	
Client		ALC Y SIX	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	AL AN	
CALIBRATION CE	RIIFICATI		a the second states	The second	
Dbject	D2450V	2 - SN: 1009			1 A 1
00,000	024001	2 - 011. 1000			
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-	003-01			
			dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	Ianuary	25, 2021			
This calibration Certificate d					
Dages and are part of the cer All calibrations have been		he closed laborat	ory facility: environ	ment tempera	ture(22±3)℃ and
humidity<70%.					
Calibration Equipment used	(M&TE critical fo	r calibration)	ted by, Certificate No	o.) Sched	uled Calibration
		r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL	, No.J20X02965)	o.) Sched	May-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A	ID # 106276 101369	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965)		May-21 May-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) -SPEAG,No.Z20-604	421)	May-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A	ID # 106276 101369	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL-	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-600	421) 017)	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID #	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL- Cal Date(Calibrat	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) SPEAG,No.Z20-604 SPEAG,No.Z20-600 red by, Certificate No	421) 017)	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-600	421) 017)	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) -SPEAG,No.Z20-604 -SPEAG,No.Z20-600 ted by, Certificate No ., No.J20X00516) -, No.J20X00515)	421) 017) 5.) Sched	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21 duled Calibration Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-600 .ted by, Certificate No ., No.J20X00516) ., No.J20X00515)	421) 017) 5.) Sched	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21 duled Calibration Feb-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .sPEAG,No.Z20-604 	421) 017) 5.) Sched	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21 duled Calibration Feb-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C Calibrated by:	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL Function SAR Test E	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-600 .ed by, Certificate No ., No.J20X00516) ., No.J20X00515)	421) 017) 5.) Sched	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21 duled Calibration Feb-21 Feb-21
Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C Calibrated by: Reviewed by:	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing Lin Hao	r calibration) Cal Date(Calibra 12-May-20 (CTTL 12-May-20 (CTTL 30-Nov-20(CTTL 10-Feb-20(CTTL Cal Date(Calibra 25-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL 10-Feb-20 (CTTL SAR Test B SAR Test B	., No.J20X02965) ., No.J20X02965) .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 .SPEAG,No.Z20-604 ted by, Certificate No ., No.J20X00516) ., No.J20X00515)	421) 017) 5.) Sched	May-21 May-21 Nov-21 Feb-21 Signature



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60020

Page 2 of 6



 Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm		
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters

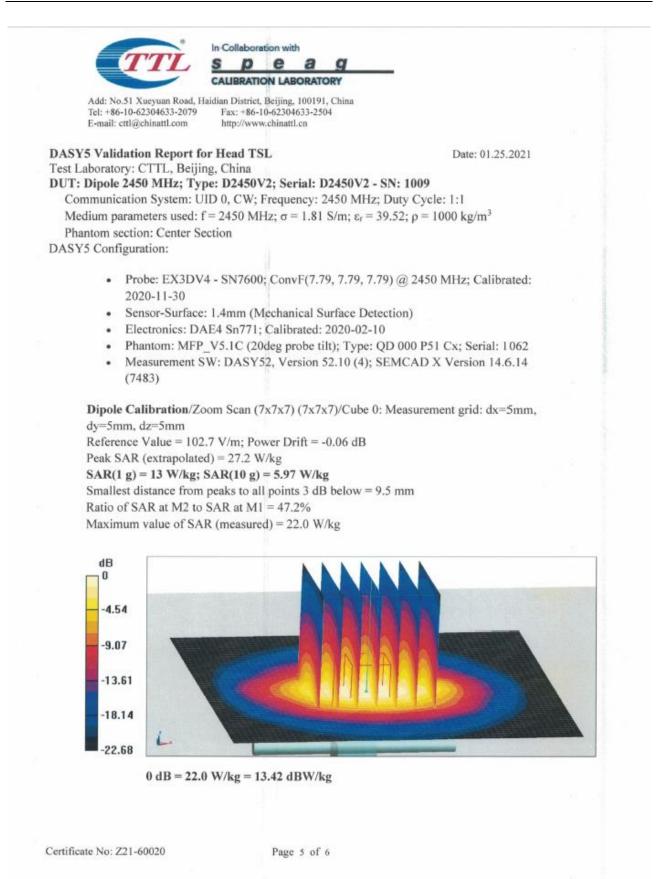
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

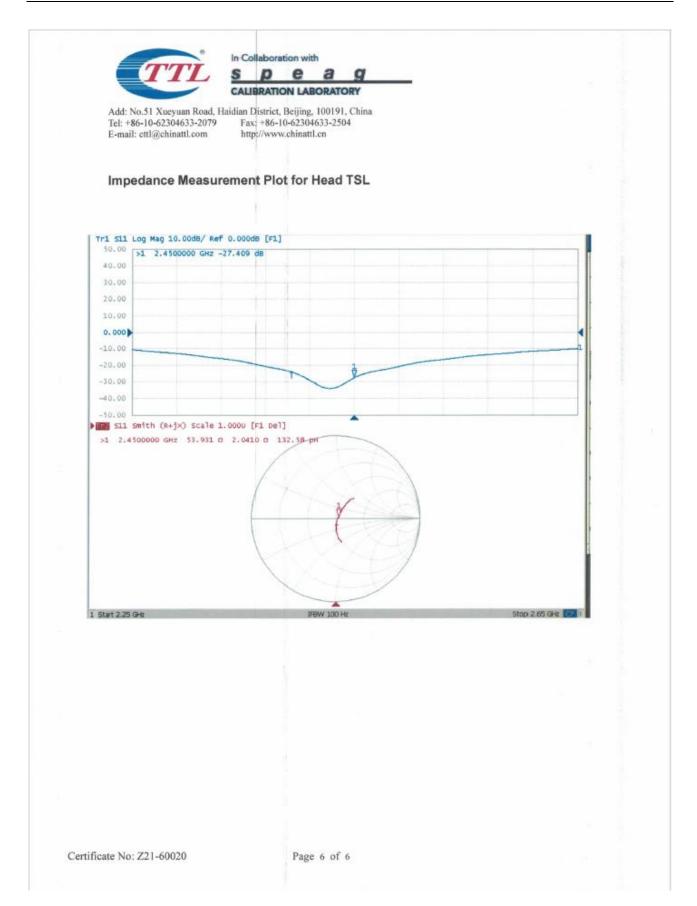
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

	n District, Beijing, 100191, China		
	Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn		
A supervise (A delitioned as a second	encerte autoitale the encoder		
Appendix (Additional asses	sments outside the scope	e of CNAS LUS70)	
Antenna Parameters with He	ead TSL		
Impedance, transformed to feed p	point	53.9Ω+ 2.04jΩ	
Return Loss		- 27.4dB	
General Antenna Parameter	s and Design		
	o una boorgin		
Electrical Delay (one direction)		1.064 ns	
After long term use with 100W rad	iated power, only a slight warm	ing of the dipole near the fe	edpoint can
be measured.			
The dipole is made of standard as	miniaid applying solution. The contr	ar conductor of the feeding.	ina ia diractlu
The dipole is made of standard set			
connected to the second arm of the of the dipoles, small end caps are			
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR	en loaded
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard.	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not
of the dipoles, small end caps are according to the position as explain affected by this change. The overa No excessive force must be applie connections near the feedpoint ma	added to the dipole arms in ord ned in the "Measurement Cond all dipole length is still according of to the dipole arms, because f	ler to improve matching whe itions" paragraph. The SAR g to the Standard. they might bend or the solde	en loaded data are not





Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Head-2450						
Date of	Return-loss (dB) Delta (%	Delta (%)	Real Impedance	Delta	Imaginary	Delta
measurement	Return-1055 (ub)	Della (%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	impedance (ohm)	(ohm)
2021-01-25	-27.4		53.9		2.04	
2022-01-17	-27.9	-1.82	53.5	0.4	2.34	0.3

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 50hm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.