

# TEST REPORT

**Reference No.**..... : WTX24X03047639W008  
**FCC ID** ..... : 2ACGT-ODE001  
**Applicant** ..... : GUANGZHOU SHANGKE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD  
**Address** ..... : Room 1205-1212, R&F To-Win Building, No.30 Huaxia Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, China  
**Manufacturer** ..... : The same as Applicant  
**Address** ..... : The same as Applicant  
**Product Name** ..... : Tablet PC  
**Model No.**..... : ODE001  
FCC Part 2.1093  
**Standards** ..... : IEEE Std C95.1: 2019  
IEEE Std C95.3: 2002 + Rev. 2008  
IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10)  
**Date of Receipt sample** .... : 2024-03-11  
**Date of Test**..... : 2024-03-18 to 2024-03-29  
**Date of Issue** ..... : 2024-03-29  
**Test Report Form No.** ..... : WTX\_IEEE\_1528W  
**Test Result**..... : **Pass**

Remarks:

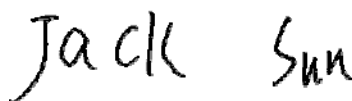
The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

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**Report version**

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	2024-03-29	Original
/	/	/

## 1. General Information

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General Description of EUT:	
Product Name:	Tablet PC
Brand Name:	ODEA
Model No.:	ODE001
Adding Model(s):	ODE002, ODE003, ODE005, ODE006, ODE007, ODE008, ODE009, ODE010, ODE011, ODE012, ODE013, ODE015, ODE016, ODE017, ODE018, ODE019, ODE020, ODE021, ODE022, ODE023, ODE025, ODE026, ODE027, ODE028, ODE029, ODE030, ODE031, ODE032, ODE033, ODE035, ODE036, ODE037, ODE038, ODE039, TA10, TLA001, TLA002, TLA007, TLA016
Rated Voltage:	Charging Port:DC5V Battery:DC3.80V
Battery Capacity	8000mAh
Power Adapter:	Model:XY-CU01200500200U01 Input:AC100-240V~50-60Hz 0.4A MAX Output:DC5.0V,2.0A
<p><i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model ODE001, but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.</i></p>	

<b>Technical Characteristics of EUT:</b>	
<b>2G</b>	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS, EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850: 869~894MHz
Max RF Output Power:	GSM850:32.68dBm, EDGE850: 25.72dBm,
Type of Modulation:	GMSK, 8PSK
Type of Antenna:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: -1.7dBi
GPRS/EDGE Class:	Class 12
<b>3G</b>	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band 5
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 5: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 5: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band 5: 22.93dBm
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band 5: -1.7dBi
<b>4G</b>	
Support Networks:	FDD-LTE
Support Band:	FDD-LTE Band 5
Uplink Frequency:	FDD-LTE Band 5: Tx: 824-849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	FDD-LTE Band 5: Rx: 869-894MHz,
RF Output Power:	FDD-LTE Band 5: 23.01dBm
Type of Modulation:	QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	FDD-LTE Band 5: -1.7dBi
<b>WIFI(5GHz)</b>	
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n-HT20, 802.11n-HT40, 802.11ac-VHT20, 802.11ac-VHT40, 802.11ac-VHT80
Frequency Range:	5180-5240MHz
RF Output Power:	15.85dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM,256QAM
Type of Antenna:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	2.36dBi
<b>WIFI(2.4GHz)</b>	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)

RF Output Power:	18.94dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Quantity of Channels:	11 for 802.11b/g/n(HT20); 7 for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	1.96dBi
<b>Bluetooth</b>	
Bluetooth Version:	Bluetooth V5.0
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	8.55dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain:	1.96dBi
<i>Note: The Antenna Gain is provided by the customer and can affect the validity of results.</i>	

## 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, IEEE Std C95.1: 2019, IEEE Std C95.3: 2002 + Rev. 2008, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10), KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 , and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which is result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

## 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

## 1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road,Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

### **FCC – Registration No.: 125990**

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010. Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

### **Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

## 2. Summary of Test Results

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The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Body (0mm Gap)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
GSM	0.544	1.6
WCDMA	<b>0.644</b>	1.6
LTE	0.485	1.6
WLAN 5GHz	0.355	1.6
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.320	1.6
Bluetooth	0.058	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	<b>0.999</b>	1.6

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and IEEE Std C95.1: 2019 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10) and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02.



### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

---

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 4. SAR Measurement System

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### 4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.

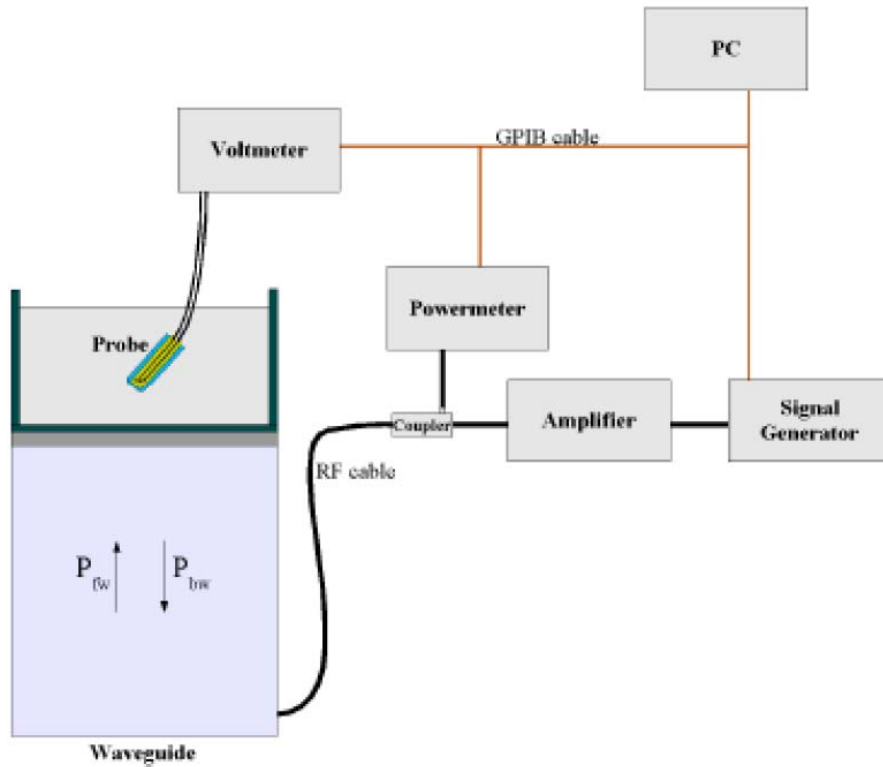


The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

### 4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE2 SN 18/21 EPGO356, and refer to the calibration report for probe parameters.

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10) STD, with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexes technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-2z/\delta}$$

Where :

P<sub>fw</sub> = Forward Power

P<sub>bw</sub> = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

l = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it. The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N) / V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage V<sub>lin</sub>(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N) / DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

### 4.3 Probe Calibration Process

#### Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:  
 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),  
C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  
 $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

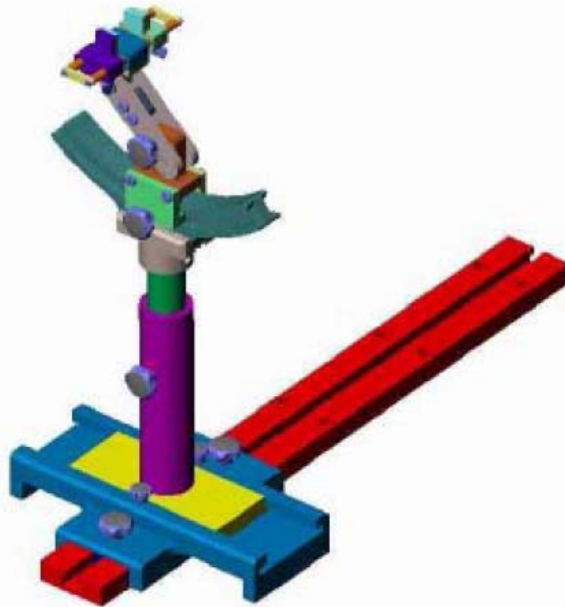
$\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

#### 4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

**4.6 Test Equipment List**

Fixed asset Number	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
WTXE1053A1006	E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 18/21 EPGO356	2023-07-07	2024-07-06
WTXE1053A1001-002	835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2023-08-20	2026-08-19
WTXE1053A1001-007	2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2023-08-20	2026-08-19
WTXE1035A1009	5 GHz Dipole	MVG	SID5000	SN 02/21 DIP 5G000-543	2021-07-21	2024-07-20
WTXE1053A1001-010	Dielectric Probe	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2023-02-25	2024-02-24
WTXE1075A1003	Power meter	Keithley	3500	1232959	2024-02-24	2025-02-23
WTXE1075A1002	Power meter	Keithley	3500	1162591	2024-02-24	2025-02-23
WTXE1104A1003	EXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252892	2024-02-24	2025-02-23
WTXE1022A1002	GSM Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	114403	2024-02-27	2025-02-26
WTXE1041A1002	Communications Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2024-03-19	2025-03-18
WTXE1036A1001	Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ZVB 8	101353	2023-10-17	2024-10-16

## 5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

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### 5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



**Liquid Height for Head/Body SAR**

#### The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
<b>Head/Body</b>						
750	41.1	1.4	57.0	0.2	0.3	0
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
1700-1900	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9
2600	54.9	0.1	0	0	0	45.0

## 5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

According to FCC KDBs, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10) and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
<b>835</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>55.2</b>
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2100	1.49	39.8	1.62	53.2
2300	1.67	39.5	1.81	52.9
<b>2450</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>1.95</b>	<b>52.7</b>
2600	1.96	39.0	2.16	52.5
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
<b>5200</b>	<b>4.66</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>5.30</b>	<b>49.0</b>
5400	4.86	35.8	5.53	48.7
5600	5.07	35.5	5.77	48.5
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2



### 5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

#### Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading ( $\sigma$ )	Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta (%)	Reading ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta (%)		
835	22.4	0.92	0.90	2.22	40.85	41.5	-1.57	±5	2024-03-27
2450	22.5	1.83	1.80	1.67	40.18	39.2	2.50	±5	2024-03-26
5200	22.9	4.62	4.66	-0.86	37.24	36.0	3.44	±5	2024-03-29

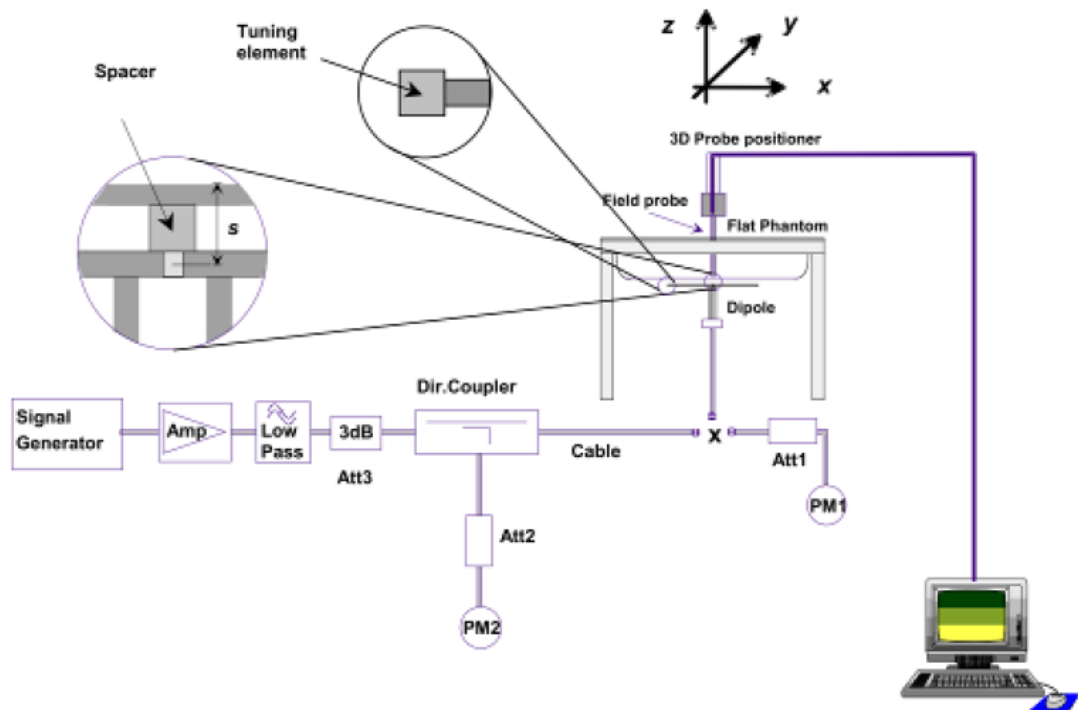
## 6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

### 6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 750MHz, 835MHz, 900MHz, 1800MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 2300MHz and 2600MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



**System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



**Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna**

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250mW) before dipole is connected.

### 6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Power	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub>	Tolerance	Date
MHz	(mw)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)	
Head						
835	250	9.65	2.210	8.84	-8.39	2024-03-27
2450	250	54.31	13.747	54.988	1.25	2024-03-26
5200	250	75.31	18.567	74.268	-1.38	2024-03-29

**Remark:** Referring to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 Ed. 1.0 (2020-10), the system check shall be performed at a test frequency that is within  $\pm 10\%$  or  $\pm 100$  MHz of the compliance test mid-band frequency, so the 1750 MHz system verification is made of 1800MHz Dipole.

Targeted and Measurement SAR

***Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.***

## 7. EUT Testing Position

### 7.1 Body Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with each side.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 0mm.

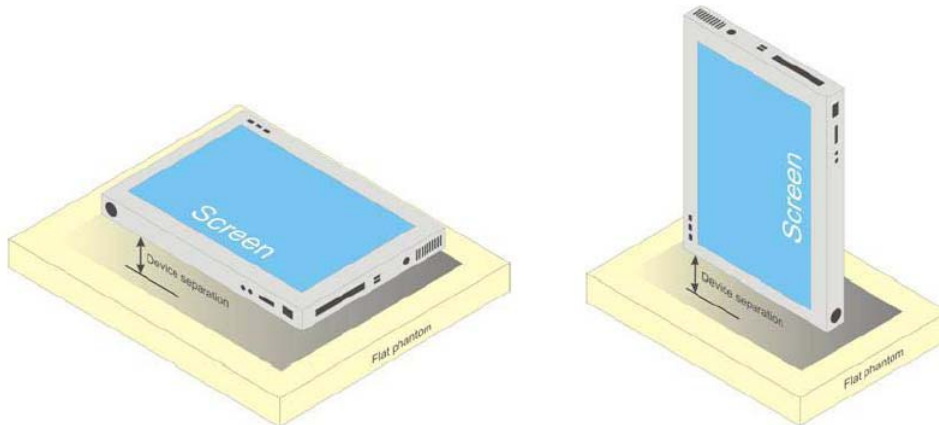


Illustration for Body Position

### 7.2 EUT Antenna Position

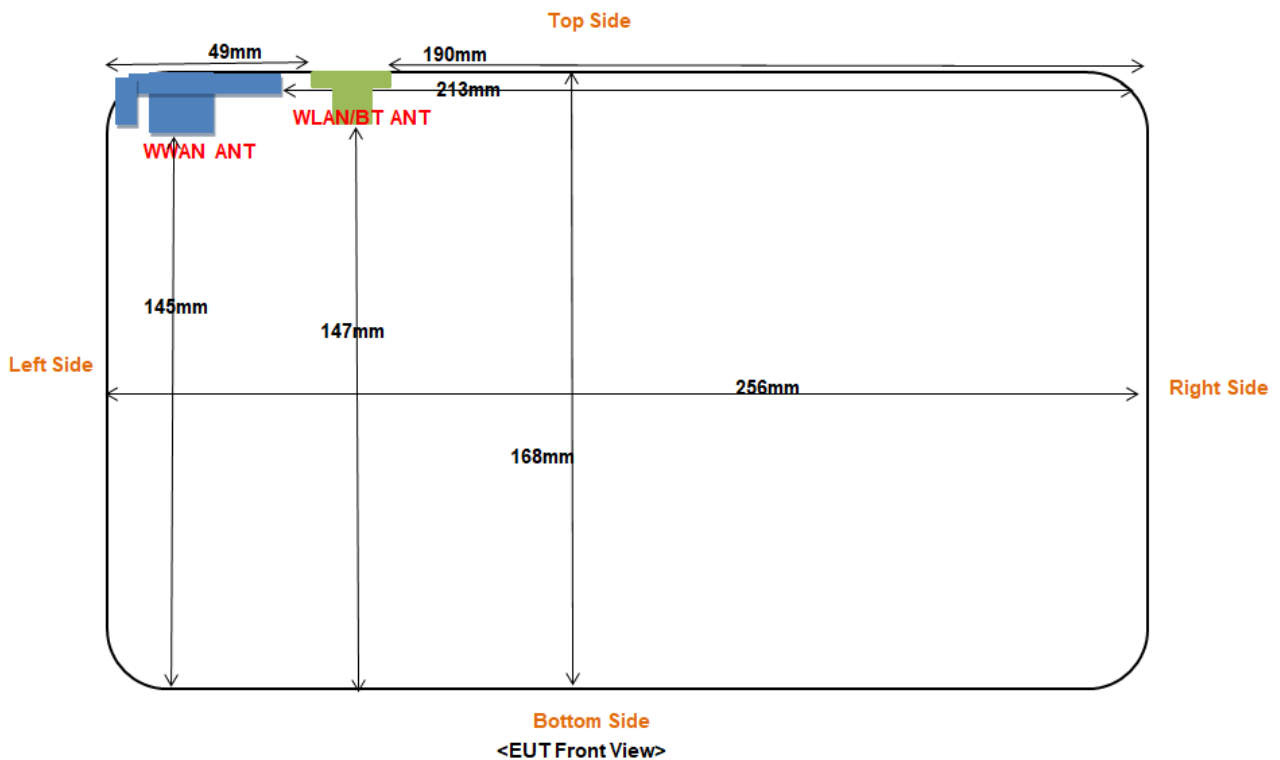


Fig 7.2 Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position

Distance of EUT antenna-to-edge/surface(mm),						
Antennas	Back side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WWAN	<25	<25	<25	213	<25	145
WLAN/BT	<25	<25	49	190	<25	147

### 7.3 EUT Testing Position

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 0mm						
Antennas	Front	Back	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
WLAN/BT	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No

**Remark:**

1. Referring to KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, and KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, this device is overall diagonal dimension (>20cm) tablet, tested in direct contact (no gap) with flat phantom.
2. Referring to KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

**Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.**

## 8. SAR Measurement Procedures

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### 8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### **8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures**

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

### **8.4 Volume Scan Procedures**

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### **8.5 SAR Averaged Methods**

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

### **8.6 Power Drift Monitoring**

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 9. SAR Test Result

### 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)							
Band	GSM850			Tune-up power (dBm)			
Channel	128	190	251				
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8				
GSM	32.67	<b>32.67</b>	32.49	33.0			
GPRS (1 slot)	32.68	32.61	32.44	33.0			
GPRS (2 slots)	30.35	<b>30.51</b>	30.39	31.0			
GPRS (3 slots)	28.35	28.47	28.51	29.0			
GPRS (4 slots)	26.30	26.41	26.27	27.0			
EDGE (1 slot)	25.72	25.52	25.24	26.0			
EDGE (2 slots)	24.58	24.37	24.22	25.0			
EDGE (3 slots)	22.65	22.47	22.28	23.0			
EDGE (4 slots)	20.60	20.50	20.16	21.0			

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)							
Band	GSM850			Tune-up power (dBm)			
Channel	128	190	251				
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8				
GSM	23.67	23.67	23.49	24.0			
GPRS (1 slot)	23.68	23.61	23.44	24.0			
GPRS (2 slots)	24.35	<b>24.51</b>	24.39	25.0			
GPRS (3 slots)	24.10	24.22	24.26	25.0			
GPRS (4 slots)	23.30	23.41	23.27	24.0			
EDGE (1 slot)	16.72	16.52	16.24	17.0			
EDGE (2 slots)	18.58	18.37	18.22	19.0			
EDGE (3 slots)	18.40	18.22	18.03	19.0			
EDGE (4 slots)	17.60	17.50	17.16	18.0			

Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:

Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB

Duty cycle factor = 9 dB for 1 Tx slot, 6 dB for 2 Tx slots, 4.25 dB for 3 Tx slots, 3 dB for 4 Tx slots

#### Remark:

1. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated; therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (2TX slots) for GSM850 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR

test reduction.

3. The DUT do not support DTM function.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)							
Band	WCDMA Band V						
Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up power (dBm)			
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6				
RMC 12.2k	22.87	22.81	<b>22.93</b>	23.0			
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.15	21.84	21.89	23.0			
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.81	21.59	21.62	23.0			
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.39	21.18	21.22	23.0			
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.42	21.22	21.23	23.0			
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.38	20.2	20.05	23.0			
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.90	20.76	20.55	23.0			
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.42	20.25	20.10	23.0			
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.02	19.83	19.86	23.0			
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.36	22.13	22.08	23.0			

**Remark:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01 v03, the 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing (the primary mode).
2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

**LTE Band 5**

Band	Bandwidth	Modulation	Channel	RB Configuration	Result(dBm)	Verdict
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	1RB#0	22.96	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	1RB#0	22.85	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	1RB#2	22.96	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	1RB#2	22.99	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	1RB#5	22.92	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	1RB#5	22.89	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	3RB#0	22.98	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	3RB#0	22.90	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	3RB#1	22.98	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	3RB#1	22.97	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	3RB#3	23.01	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	3RB#3	21.00	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20407	6RB#0	21.06	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20407	6RB#0	21.01	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#0	21.46	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#0	21.92	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#2	21.33	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#2	21.93	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#5	21.47	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#5	21.85	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	3RB#0	21.42	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	3RB#0	20.52	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	3RB#1	21.42	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	3RB#1	20.70	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	3RB#3	21.33	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	3RB#3	20.54	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20525	6RB#0	20.87	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20525	6RB#0	20.78	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	1RB#0	21.44	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	1RB#0	21.91	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	1RB#2	21.54	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	1RB#2	21.98	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	1RB#5	21.35	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	1RB#5	21.90	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	3RB#0	21.48	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	3RB#0	20.79	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	3RB#1	21.47	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	3RB#1	20.60	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	3RB#3	21.46	PASS

Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	3RB#3	20.81	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	QPSK	20643	6RB#0	20.97	PASS
Band5	1.4MHz	16QAM	20643	6RB#0	21.00	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	1RB#0	21.33	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	1RB#0	21.51	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	1RB#8	21.37	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	1RB#8	21.37	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	1RB#14	21.32	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	1RB#14	21.38	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	8RB#0	21.07	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	8RB#0	20.88	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	8RB#4	21.15	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	8RB#4	20.87	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	8RB#7	21.02	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	8RB#7	21.00	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20415	15RB#0	20.96	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20415	15RB#0	20.88	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#0	21.28	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#0	21.18	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#8	21.34	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#8	21.15	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#14	21.37	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#14	21.16	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	8RB#0	20.88	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	8RB#0	20.80	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	8RB#4	20.89	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	8RB#4	20.80	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	8RB#7	20.93	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	8RB#7	20.96	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20525	15RB#0	20.78	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20525	15RB#0	20.79	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	1RB#0	21.55	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	1RB#0	21.56	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	1RB#8	21.50	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	1RB#8	21.46	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	1RB#14	21.47	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	1RB#14	21.54	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	8RB#0	21.00	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	8RB#0	21.00	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	8RB#4	21.00	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	8RB#4	21.34	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	8RB#7	21.52	PASS

Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	8RB#7	20.50	PASS
Band5	3MHz	QPSK	20635	15RB#0	21.50	PASS
Band5	3MHz	16QAM	20635	15RB#0	20.34	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	1RB#0	22.11	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	1RB#0	21.35	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	1RB#12	21.84	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	1RB#12	21.40	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	1RB#24	21.83	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	1RB#24	21.10	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	12RB#0	21.49	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	12RB#0	21.25	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	12RB#6	21.52	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	12RB#6	21.22	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	12RB#13	21.43	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	12RB#13	20.44	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20425	25RB#0	21.55	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20425	25RB#0	20.38	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#0	21.95	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#0	21.65	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#12	21.94	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#12	21.57	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#24	22.05	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#24	22.01	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	12RB#0	21.32	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	12RB#0	20.50	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	12RB#6	21.35	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	12RB#6	20.51	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	12RB#13	21.45	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	12RB#13	20.37	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20525	25RB#0	21.38	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20525	25RB#0	20.36	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	1RB#0	22.32	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	1RB#0	21.48	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	1RB#12	22.00	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	1RB#12	21.38	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	1RB#24	22.22	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	1RB#24	21.30	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	12RB#0	21.53	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	12RB#0	20.45	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	12RB#6	21.57	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	12RB#6	20.45	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	12RB#13	21.56	PASS

Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	12RB#13	20.42	PASS
Band5	5MHz	QPSK	20625	25RB#0	21.48	PASS
Band5	5MHz	16QAM	20625	25RB#0	20.51	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	1RB#0	21.91	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	1RB#0	21.66	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	1RB#24	21.75	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	1RB#24	21.50	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	1RB#49	21.82	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	1RB#49	21.44	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	25RB#0	21.49	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	25RB#0	20.40	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	25RB#12	21.56	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	25RB#12	20.63	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	25RB#25	21.37	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	25RB#25	20.41	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20450	50RB#0	21.27	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20450	50RB#0	20.35	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#0	21.85	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#0	21.25	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#24	21.87	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#24	21.31	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	1RB#49	21.91	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	1RB#49	21.65	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	25RB#0	21.41	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	25RB#0	20.61	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	25RB#12	21.36	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	25RB#12	20.37	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	25RB#25	21.54	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	25RB#25	20.32	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20525	50RB#0	21.42	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20525	50RB#0	20.49	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	1RB#0	21.95	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	1RB#0	21.77	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	1RB#24	<b>23.01</b>	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	1RB#24	21.90	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	1RB#49	22.01	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	1RB#49	21.74	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	25RB#0	21.41	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	25RB#0	20.34	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	25RB#12	21.41	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	25RB#12	20.30	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	25RB#25	21.55	PASS

Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	25RB#25	20.42	PASS
Band5	10MHz	QPSK	20600	50RB#0	21.86	PASS
Band5	10MHz	16QAM	20600	50RB#0	20.76	PASS

**Remark:**

1. Per KDB941225 D05 v02r05, Start with the largest channel bandwidth then measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle, and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. 6 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.
2. Per KDB941225 D05 v02r05, the procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 5.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
3. Per KDB941225 D05 v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations, and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB941225 D05 v02r05, for each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in 5.2.1, 5.2.2, and 5.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

WLAN(2.4GHz)					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	<b>18.94</b>	19.0
		CH 06	2437	18.27	19.0
		CH 11	2462	18.56	19.0
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	16.93	17.0
		CH 06	2437	16.47	17.0
		CH 11	2462	16.89	17.0
802.11n-HT20	MCS0	CH 01	2412	15.46	16.0
		CH 06	2437	15.60	16.0
		CH 11	2462	15.47	16.0
802.11n-HT40	MCS0	CH 03	2422	14.53	15.0
		CH 06	2437	14.14	15.0
		CH 09	2452	14.61	15.0

WLAN(5.2GHz)				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11a	36	5180	15.75	16.0
	40	5200	15.81	16.0
	48	5240	<b>15.85</b>	16.0
802.11n-HT20	36	5180	14.86	16.0
	40	5200	15.08	16.0
	48	5240	15.17	16.0
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	14.38	15.0
	46	5230	14.65	15.0
802.11ac-VHT80	42	5210	13.58	15.0

**Remark:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is  $> 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
3. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is  $\leq 1.2$ W/kg.



Bluetooth					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
GFSK	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	7.96	9.0
		CH 39	2441	7.28	9.0
		CH 78	2480	7.32	9.0
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2Mbps	CH 00	2402	8.13	9.0
		CH 39	2441	7.46	9.0
		CH 78	2480	7.49	9.0
8DPSK	3Mbps	CH 00	2402	<b>8.55</b>	9.0
		CH 39	2441	7.64	9.0
		CH 78	2480	7.76	9.0

Bluetooth				
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)
BLE	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	<b>2.66</b>
		CH 19	2440	2.36
		CH 39	2480	0.86
	2Mbps	CH 00	2402	2.57
		CH 19	2440	2.27
		CH 39	2480	0.77

## 9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

### Body SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	GSM	Back Face	190	836.6	32.67	33.0	1.079	0.284	0.306
1.	GSM	Front Face	190	836.6	32.67	33.0	1.079	0.484	<b>0.522</b>
	GSM	Left Side	190	836.6	32.67	33.0	1.079	0.314	0.339
	GSM	Top Side	190	836.6	32.67	33.0	1.079	0.253	0.273
	GPRS_2TX	Back Face	190	836.6	30.51	31.0	1.119	0.265	0.297
2.	GPRS_2TX	Front Face	190	836.6	30.51	31.0	1.119	0.486	<b>0.544</b>
	GPRS_2TX	Left Side	190	836.6	30.51	31.0	1.119	0.296	0.331
	GPRS_2TX	Top Side	190	836.6	30.51	31.0	1.119	0.243	0.272

WCDMA Band 5 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	RMC 12.2k	Back Face	4233	846.6	22.93	23.0	1.016	0.372	0.378
3.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	4233	846.6	22.93	23.0	1.016	0.634	<b>0.644</b>
	RMC 12.2k	Left Side	4233	846.6	22.93	23.0	1.016	0.430	0.437
	RMC 12.2k	Top Side	4233	846.6	22.93	23.0	1.016	0.354	0.360

LTE Band 5–Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)	
	Modulation, Bandwidth, RB		MHz						
	QPSK 10MHz 1RB	Back Face	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.243	0.272	
4.	QPSK 10MHz 1RB	Front Face	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.433	<b>0.485</b>	
	QPSK 10MHz 1RB	Left Side	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.359	0.402	
	QPSK 10MHz 1RB	Top Side	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.293	0.328	
	QPSK 10MHz 50%RB	Back Face	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.213	0.238	
	QPSK 10MHz 50%RB	Front Face	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.402	0.450	
	QPSK 10MHz 50%RB	Left Side	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.328	0.367	
	QPSK 10MHz 50%RB	Top Side	844	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.267	0.299	

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test(Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	802.11b	Back Face	CH 01	2412	18.94	19.0	1.014	0.256	0.260
5.	802.11b	Front Face	CH 01	2412	18.94	19.0	1.014	0.316	<b>0.320</b>
	802.11b	Top Side	CH 01	2412	18.94	19.0	1.014	0.127	0.129

Bluetooth–Body SAR Test(Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	8DPSK	Back Face	CH 00	2402	8.55	9.0	1.109	0.031	0.034
6.	8DPSK	Front Face	CH 00	2402	8.55	9.0	1.109	0.052	<b>0.058</b>
	8DPSK	Top Side	CH 00	2402	8.55	9.0	1.109	0.028	0.031

WLAN 5.2GHz –Body SAR Test(Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
	802.11a	Back Face	48	5240	15.85	16.0	1.035	0.325	0.336
7.	802.11a	Front Face	48	5240	15.85	16.0	1.035	0.343	<b>0.355</b>
	802.11a	Top Side	48	5240	15.85	16.0	1.035	0.178	0.184

**Remark:**

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

### 9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

#### List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Body SAR
1	GSM(Voice/Data) + WLAN(2.4GHz)(Data)	Yes
2	WCDMA (Data)+ WLAN (2.4GHz)(Data)	Yes
3	LTE(Data) + WLAN (2.4GHz)(Data)	Yes
4	GSM(Voice/Data) + WLAN(5GHz)(Data)	Yes
5	WCDMA (Data)+ WLAN (5GHz)(Data)	Yes
6	LTE(Data) + WLAN (5Hz)(Data)	Yes
7	GSM(Voice/Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes
8	WCDMA (Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes
9	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes

#### Remark:

- GSM, WCDMA and LTE share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:  

$$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$$
W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;  
where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.
- The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

**Body SAR****WWAN and WLAN**

Position	WWAN		WLAN(2.4GHz)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM	0.306	0.260	0.566
Front	GSM	<b>0.544</b>	<b>0.320</b>	0.864
Right side	GSM	--	--	--
Left side	GSM	0.339	--	0.339
Top side	GSM	0.273	0.129	0.402
Bottom side	GSM	--	--	--
Back	WCDMA	0.378	0.260	0.638
Front	WCDMA	<b>0.644</b>	<b>0.320</b>	<b>0.964</b>
Right side	WCDMA	--	--	--
Left side	WCDMA	0.437	--	0.437
Top side	WCDMA	0.360	0.129	0.489
Bottom side	WCDMA	--	--	--
Back	LTE	0.272	0.260	0.532
Front	LTE	<b>0.485</b>	<b>0.320</b>	0.805
Right side	LTE	--	--	--
Left side	LTE	0.402	--	0.402
Top side	LTE	0.328	0.129	0.457
Bottom side	LTE	--	--	--

**WWAN and WLAN**

Position	WWAN		WLAN(5GHz)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Band	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	
Back	GSM	0.306	0.336	0.642
Front	GSM	<b>0.544</b>	<b>0.355</b>	0.899
Right side	GSM	--	--	--
Left side	GSM	0.339	--	0.339
Top side	GSM	0.273	0.184	0.457
Bottom side	GSM	--	--	--
Back	WCDMA	0.378	0.336	0.714
Front	WCDMA	<b>0.644</b>	<b>0.355</b>	<b>0.999</b>
Right side	WCDMA	--	--	--
Left side	WCDMA	0.437	--	0.437
Top side	WCDMA	0.360	0.184	0.544
Bottom side	WCDMA	--	--	--
Back	LTE	0.272	0.336	0.608
Front	LTE	<b>0.485</b>	<b>0.355</b>	0.840
Right side	LTE	--	--	--
Left side	LTE	0.402	--	0.402
Top side	LTE	0.328	0.184	0.512
Bottom side	LTE	--	--	--

## Note:

WWAN + Bluetooth test result less than the WWAN + WLAN (2.4GHz)/WLAN (5GHz)test result, so the WWAN + Bluetooth test result is not show in the test report.

## 10. Measurement Uncertainty

### 10.1 Uncertainty for SAR Test

Input quantity $X_i$ (source of uncertainty)	Ref.	Prob. Dist PDF <sub>i</sub>	Unc. $a(x_i)$	Div. $q_i$	$u(x_i) =$ $a(x_i)/q_i$	$c_i$ (1 g; 10 g)	$u(y) = c_i \cdot u(x_i)$	$v_i$ or $v_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System errors</b>								
Probe calibration	8.4.1.1	N	7.00	2	3.5	1	3.5	$\infty$
Probe calibration drift	8.4.1.2	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	$\infty$
Probe linearity and detection limit	8.4.1.3	R	5.00	$\sqrt{3}$	2.89	1	2.89	$\infty$
Broadband signal	8.4.1.4	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	$\infty$
Probe isotropy	8.4.1.5	R	2.50	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44	1	1.44	$\infty$
Other probe and data acquisition errors	8.4.1.6	N	0.02	1	0.02	1	0.02	$\infty$
RF ambient and noise	8.4.1.7	N	0	1	0	1	0	$\infty$
Probe positioning errors	8.4.1.8	N	1.40	1	1.40	$2/\sqrt{TM}$	0.70	
Data processing errors	8.4.1.9	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and device (DUT or validation antenna) errors</b>								
Measurement of phantom conductivity( $\sigma$ )	8.4.2.1	N	4.00	1	4.00	$c_{\epsilon_s}, c_{\sigma}$	4.00	$\infty$
Temperature effects (medium)	8.4.2.2	R	2.50	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44	$c_{\epsilon_s}, c_{\sigma}$	1.44	$\infty$
Shell permittivity	8.4.2.3	R	5.00	$\sqrt{3}$	2.88	See 8.4.2.3	2.88	$\infty$
Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	8.4.2.4	N	0.03	1	0.03	2	0.02	$\infty$
Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	8.4.2.5	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	5
Device holder effects	8.4.2.6	N	5.00	1	5.00	1	5.00	
Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	8.4.2.7	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	$\infty$
Time-average SAR	8.4.2.8	R	0	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0	$\infty$
Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	8.4.2.9	N	5.00	1	5.00	1	5.00	
Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	8.4.2.10	N	0	1	0	1	0	

Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	8.4.2.11	N	0	1	0	1	0	
<b>Corrections to the SAR result</b>								
Phantom deviation from target ( $\epsilon', \sigma$ )	8.4.3.1	N	0.05	1	0.05	1	0.05	
SAR scaling	8.4.3.2	R	2.00	$\sqrt{3}$	1.15	1	1.15	
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS			10.11		10.11	$v_{\text{eff}}$
Expanded uncertainty, U		K=2			20.23		20.23	



## Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

# MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.71; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

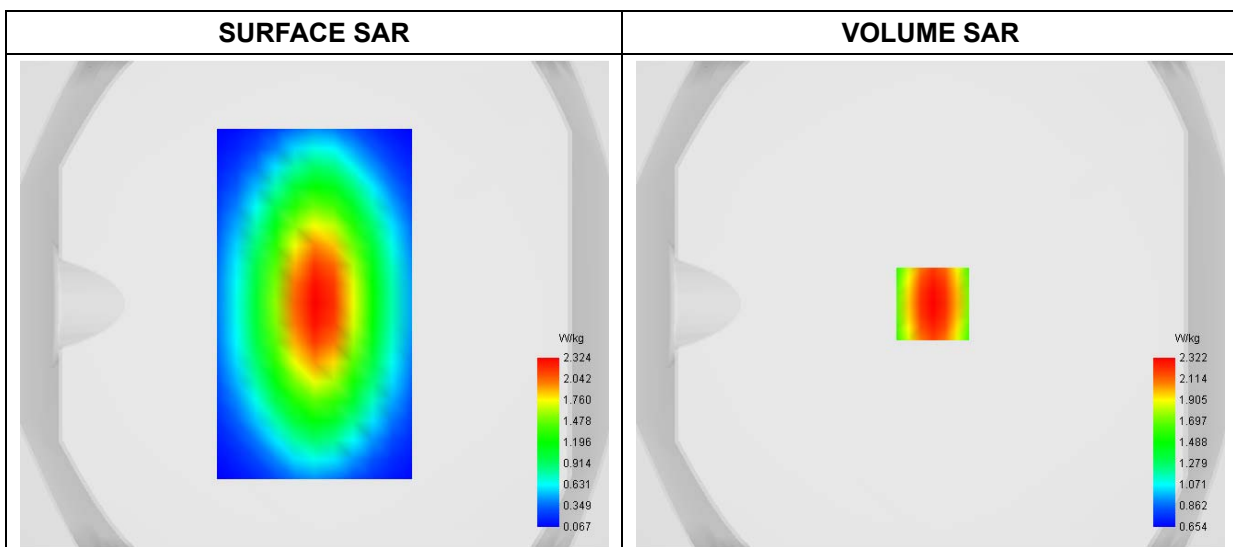
### A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	40.852489
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921417
Power Variation (%)	-1.884700
Ambient Temperature	22.4
Liquid Temperature	22.4

### C. SAR Surface and Volume

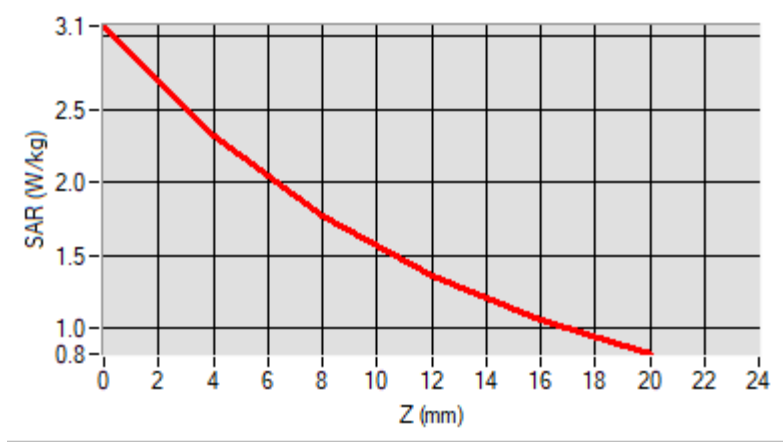


**Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00**  
**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

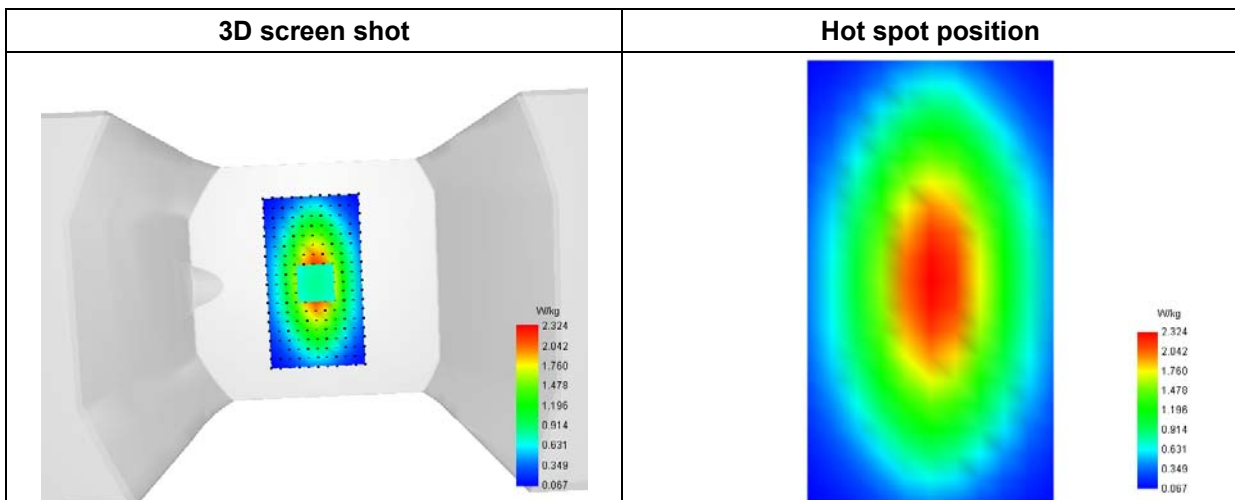
<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	<b>1.527360</b>
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	<b>2.210386</b>

**E. Z Axis Scan**

<b>Z (mm)</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>8.00</b>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>16.00</b>
<b>SAR (W/Kg)</b>	<b>3.0677</b>	<b>2.3224</b>	<b>1.7644</b>	<b>1.3585</b>	<b>1.0631</b>



**F. 3D Image**



# MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-26

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 2.29; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

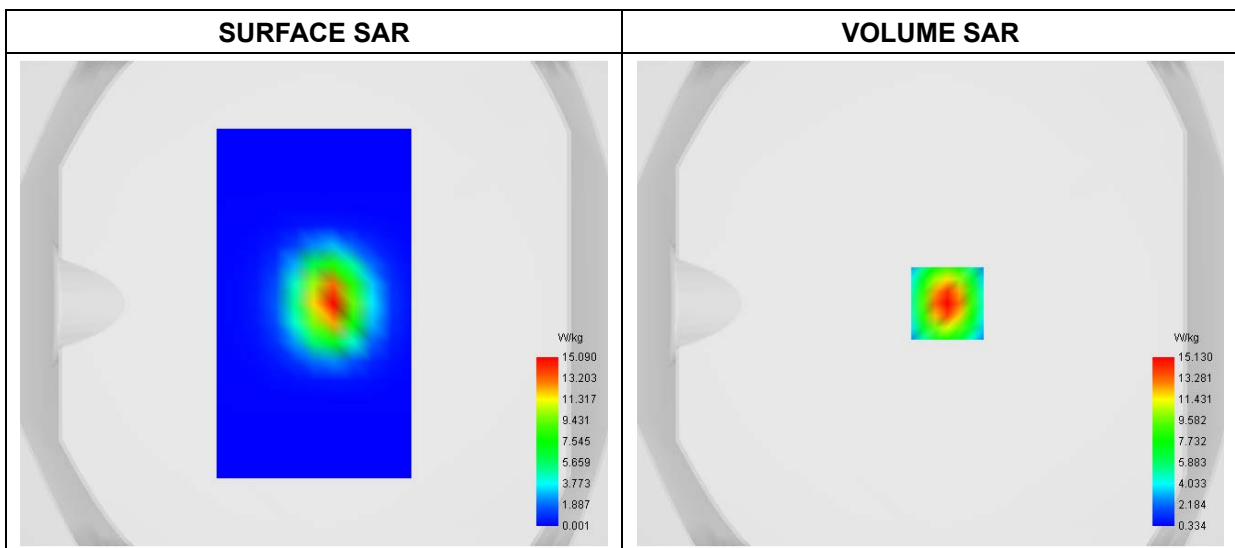
## A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Dipole
<b>Band</b>	CW2450
<b>Signal</b>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

## B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	2450.000000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.182289
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	1.831828
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	1.475200
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.5
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.5

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



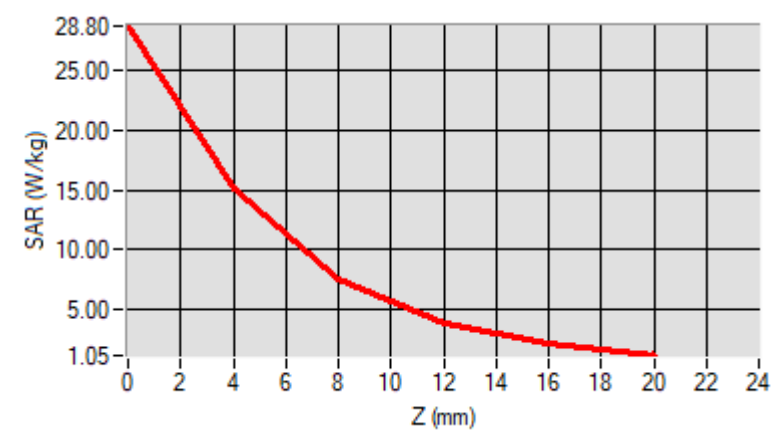
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=0.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

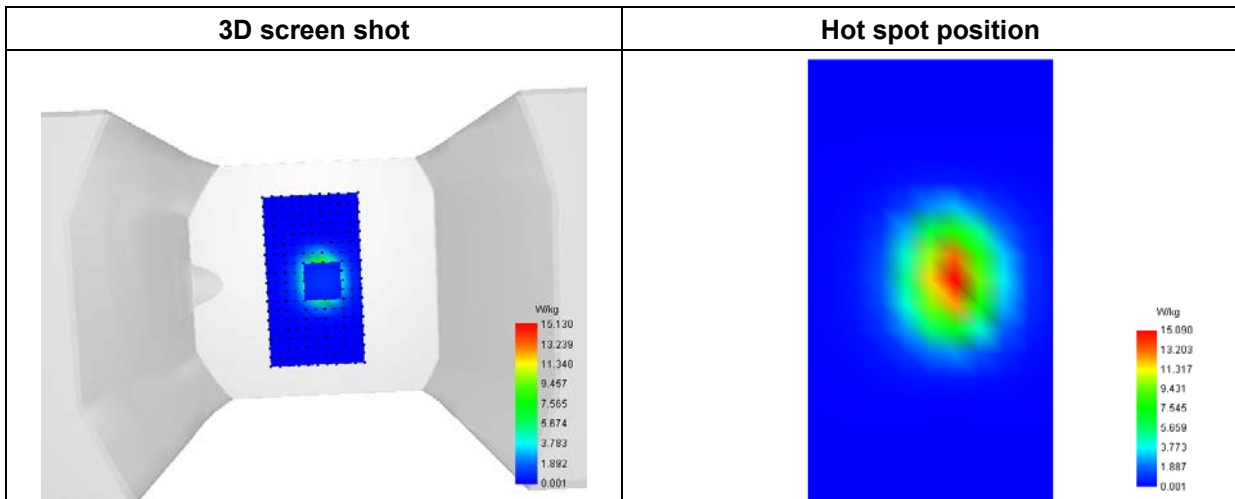
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.149024
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.746586

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	28.7959	15.1301	7.5430	3.7436	1.9810



F. 3D Image



# MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-29

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.91; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

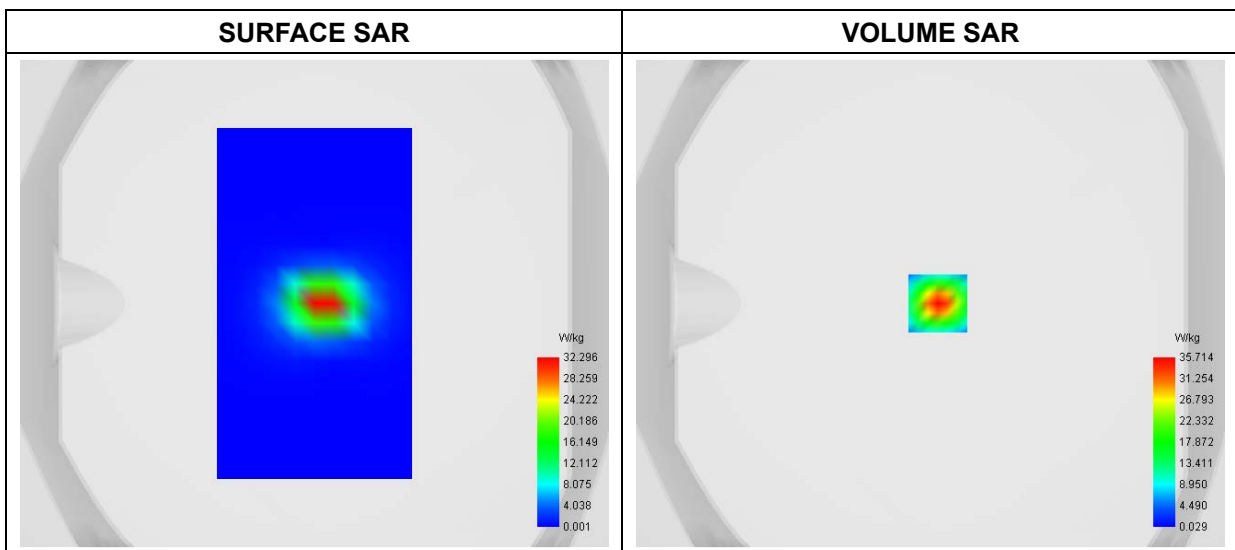
### A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Validation plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Dipole
<b>Band</b>	CW5200
<b>Signal</b>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

### B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	5200.000000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	37.243547
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	4.624561
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	2.348510
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.9
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.9

### C. SAR Surface and Volume



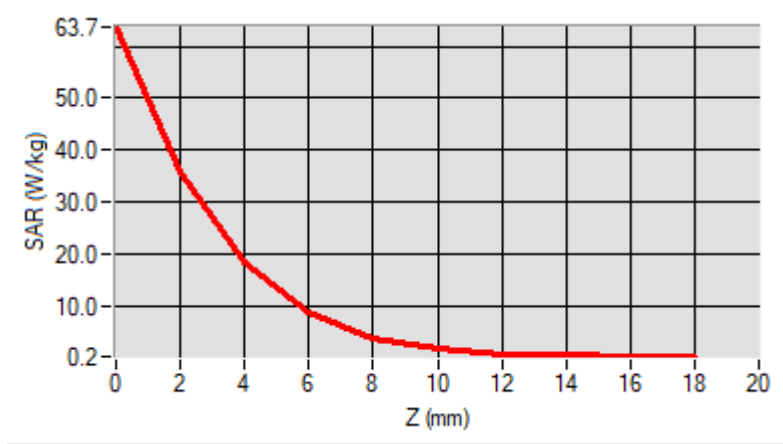
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=0.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

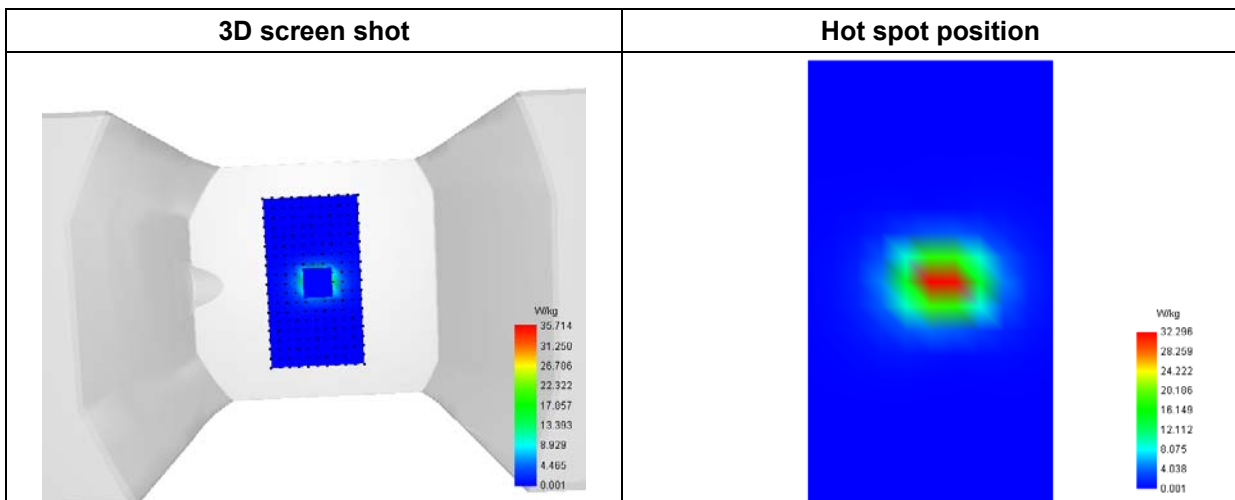
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.214336
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.566732

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	63.694	35.714	18.361	8.6368	3.8326	1.6405	0.7180	0.3557	0.2183
	0	3	9						



F. 3D Image



## Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

# MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-27

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.71; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

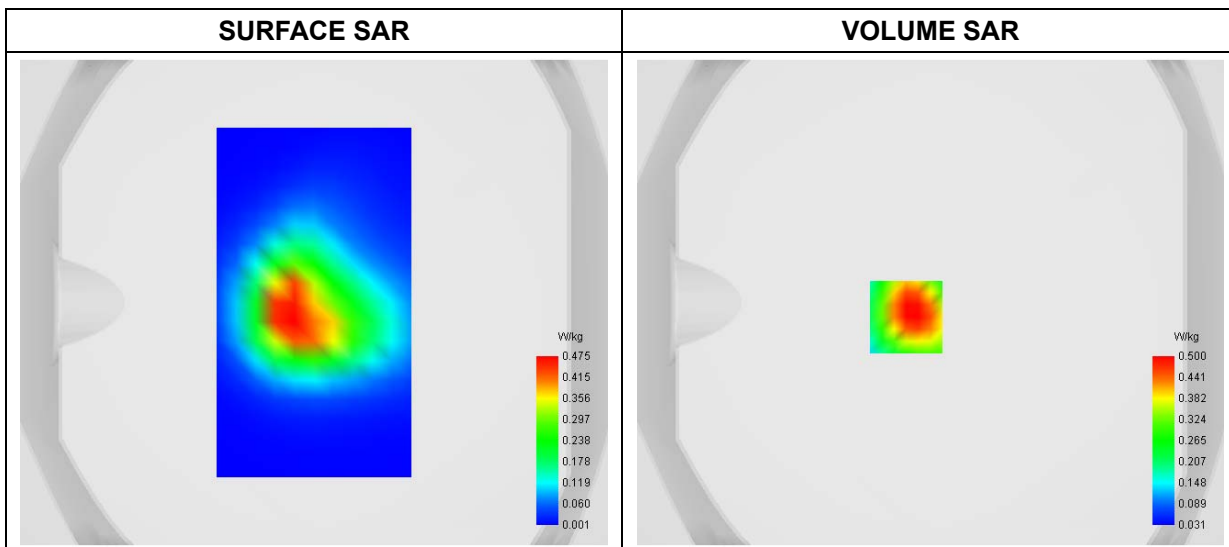
### A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Flat Plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Front
<b>Band</b>	GSM850
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

### B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	836.600000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.850245
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	0.921245
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	1.074536
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.4
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.4

### C. SAR Surface and Volume

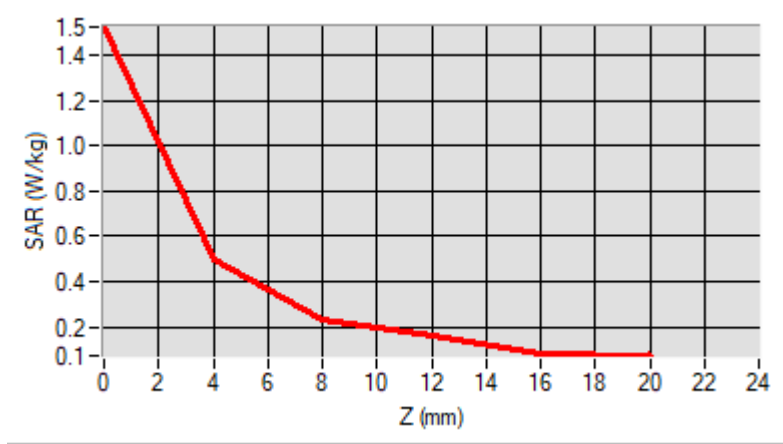


Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-6.00  
 D. SAR 1g & 10g

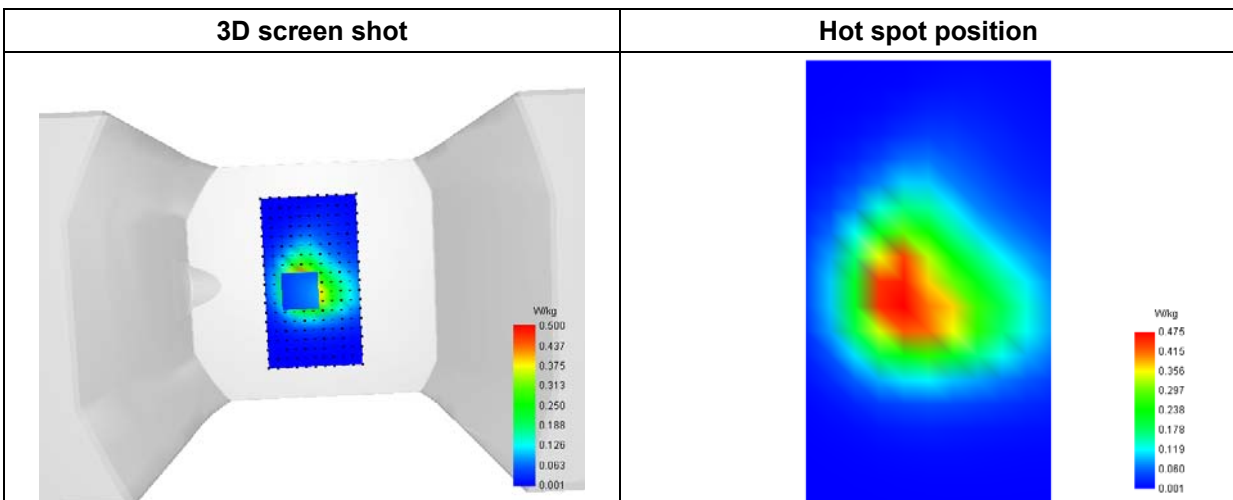
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.256499
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.483569

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.5245	0.4997	0.2278	0.1635	0.0808



F. 3D Image





# MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-27

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.71; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

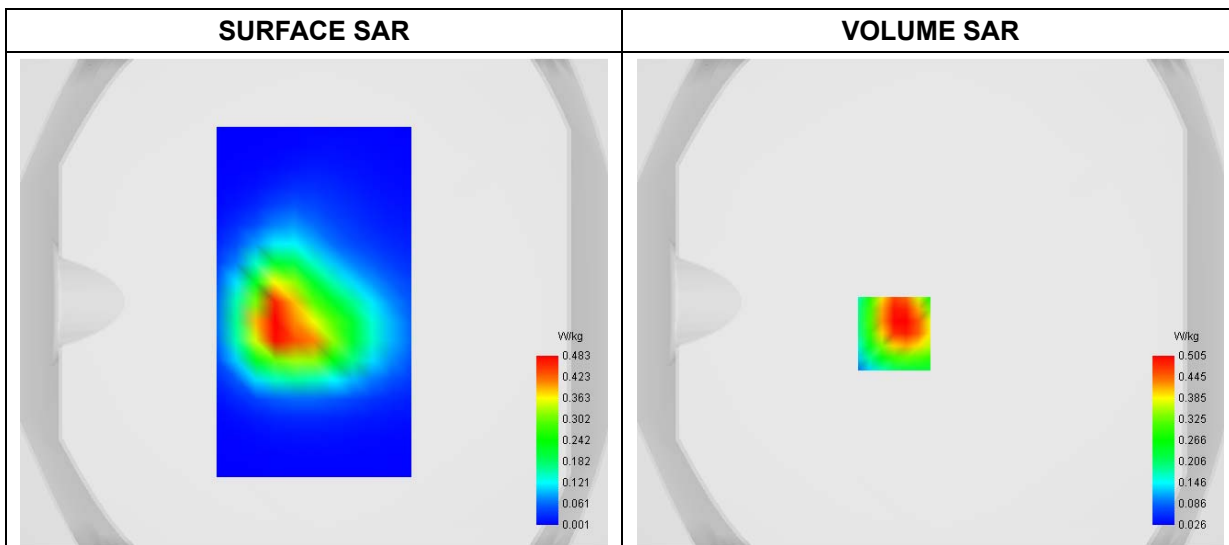
### A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Flat Plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Front
<b>Band</b>	GPRS850_2TX
<b>Channels</b>	Middle
<b>Signal</b>	Duty Cycle: 1:4

### B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	836.600000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.850245
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	0.921245
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	-0.152700
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.4
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.4

### C. SAR Surface and Volume



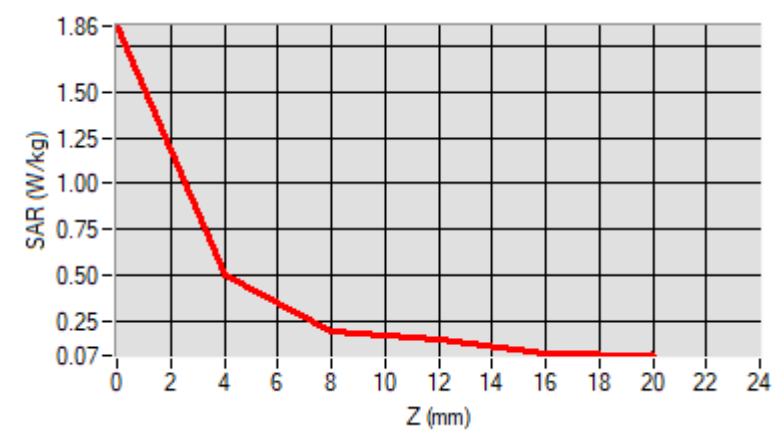
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-13.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

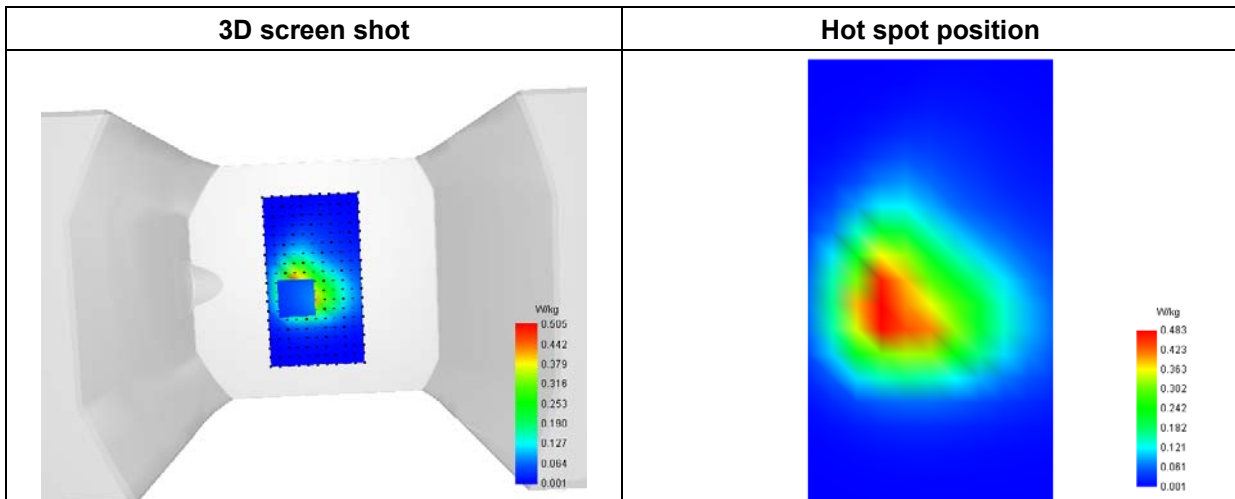
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.253154
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.485955

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.8561	0.5049	0.1936	0.1566	0.0728



F. 3D Image



# MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.71; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

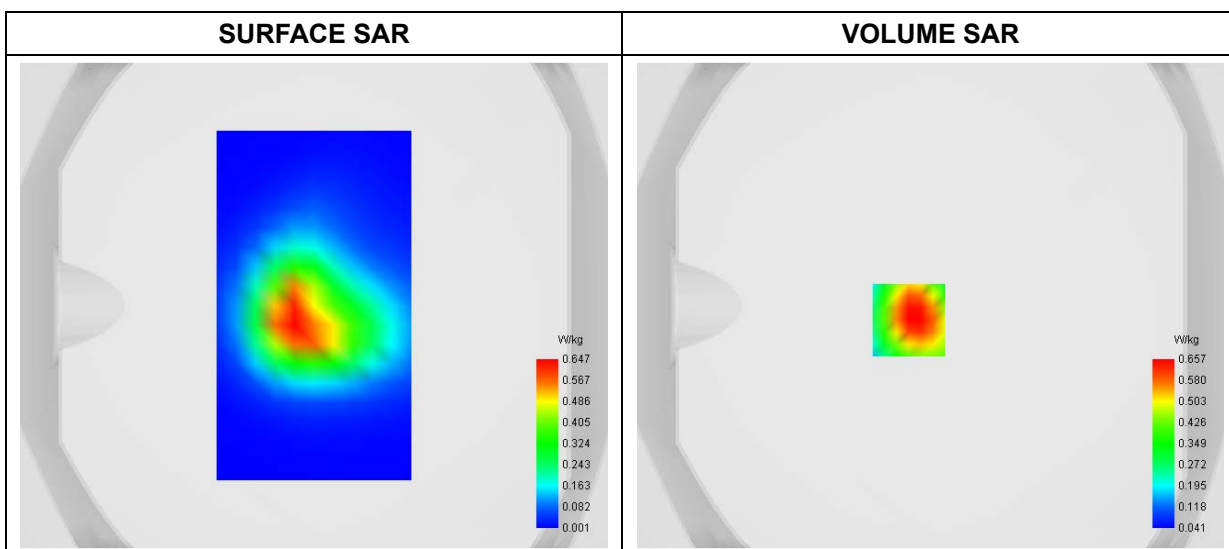
## A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Flat Plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Front
<b>Band</b>	WCDMA850_RMC
<b>Channels</b>	High
<b>Signal</b>	Duty Cycle 1:1

## B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	846.600000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.852759
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	0.921492
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	-1.200000
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.4
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.4

## C. SAR Surface and Volume

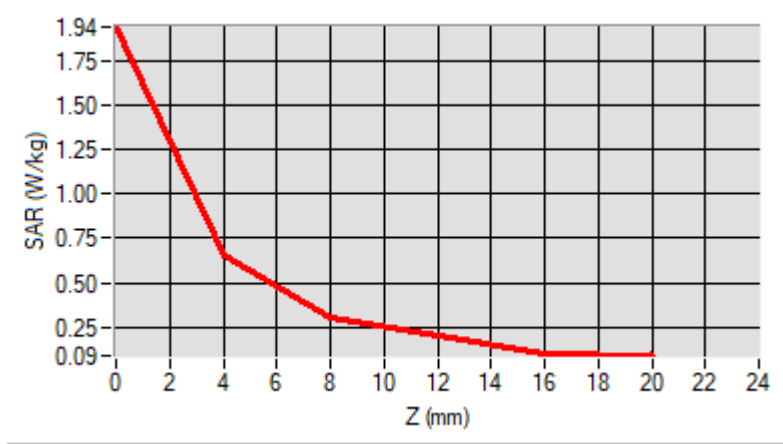


Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-6.00  
 D. SAR 1g & 10g

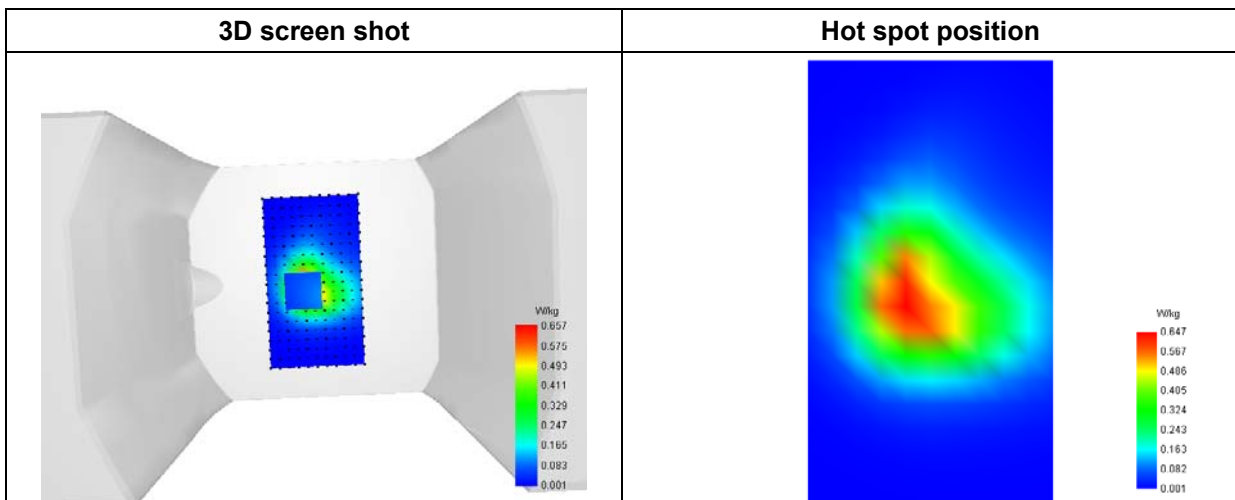
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.332343
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.634300

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.9388	0.6570	0.2984	0.2065	0.1032



F. 3D Image



# MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-27

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.71; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

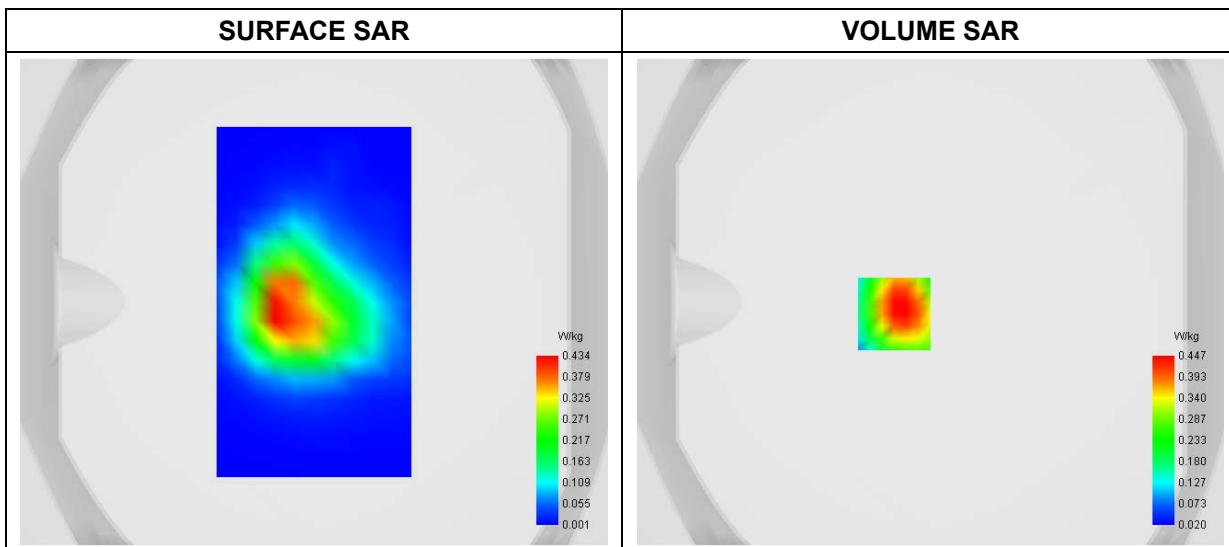
### A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
<b>Phantom</b>	Flat Plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Front
<b>Band</b>	LTE Band 5
<b>Channels</b>	QPSK, 10MHz, 1RB, Low
<b>Signal</b>	Duty Cycle 1:1

### B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	844.000000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.851712
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	0.921369
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	-1.342700
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.4
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.4

### C. SAR Surface and Volume



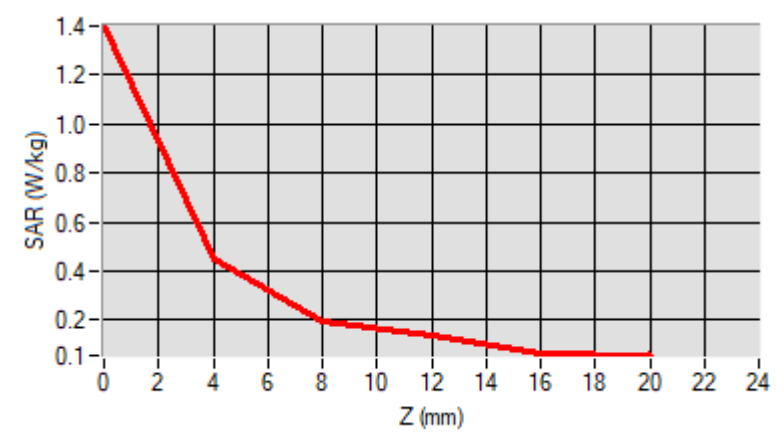
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-5.00

D. SAR 1g & 10g

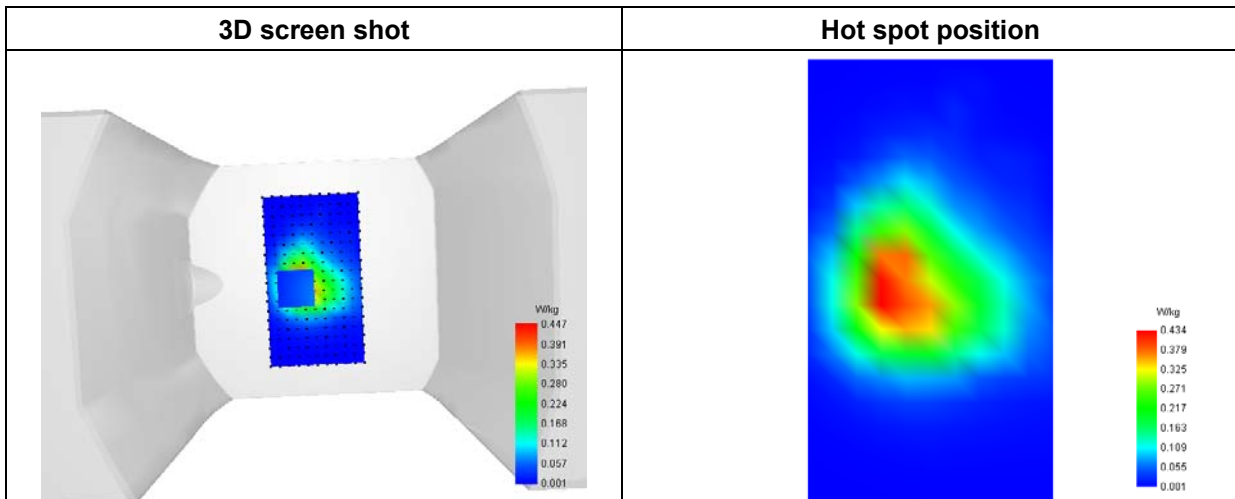
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.222139
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.432778

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.4009	0.4466	0.1928	0.1347	0.0609



F. 3D Image



# MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-26

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 2.29; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

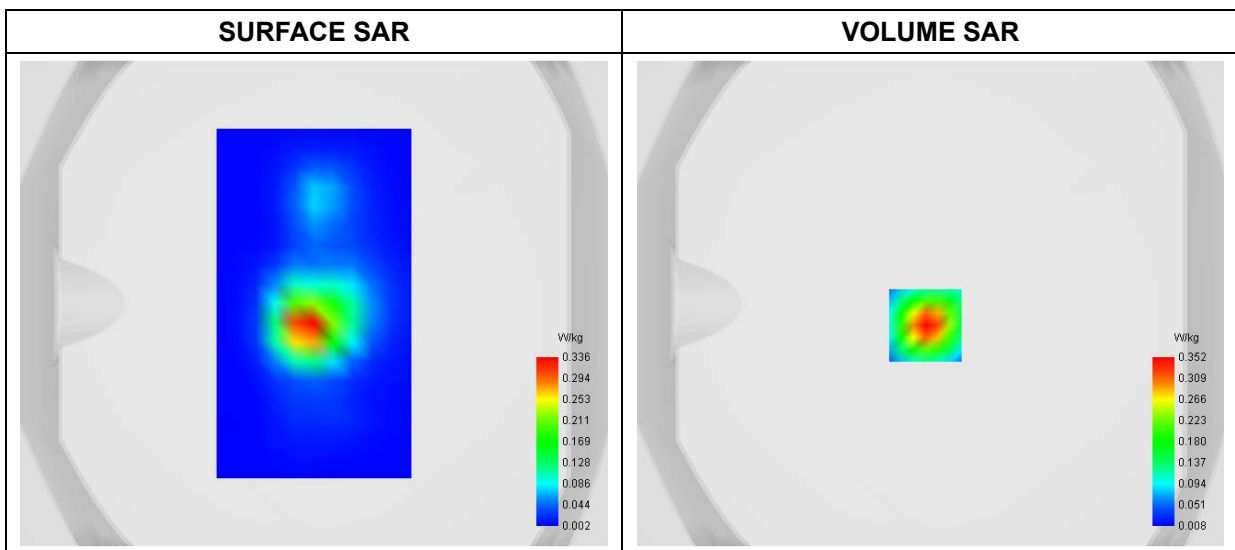
## A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

## B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	40.182683
Conductivity (S/m)	1.831572
Power Variation (%)	-0.450000
Ambient Temperature	22.5
Liquid Temperature	22.5

## C. SAR Surface and Volume

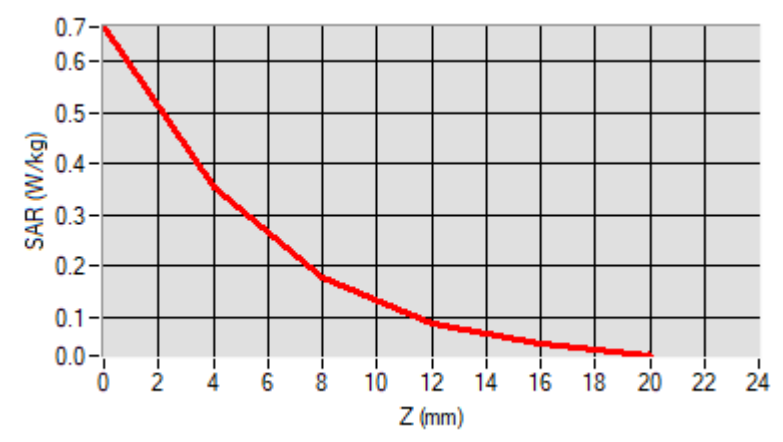


**Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-9.00**  
**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

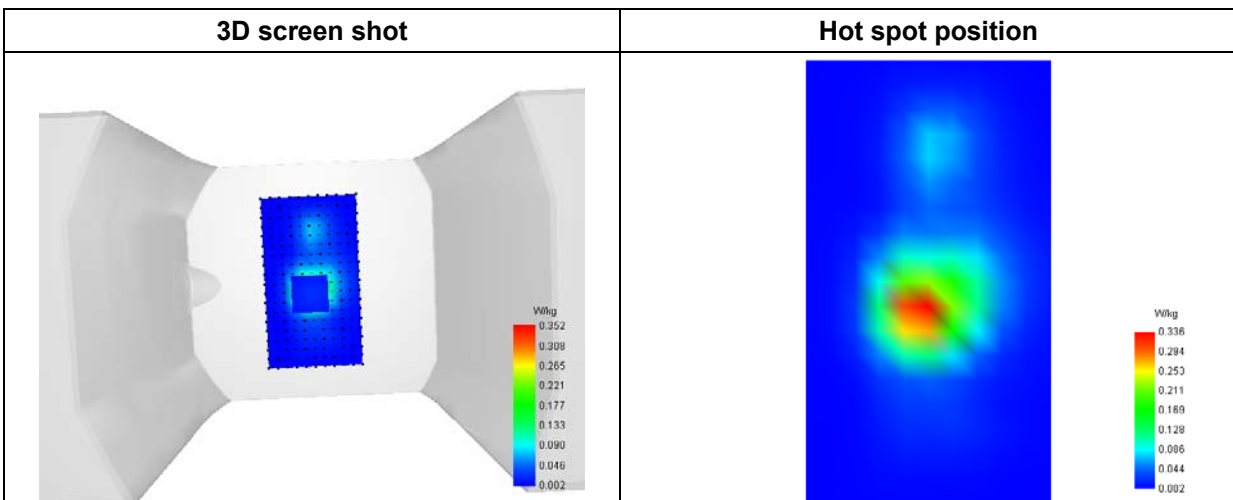
<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	<b>0.137317</b>
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	<b>0.316044</b>

**E. Z Axis Scan**

<b>Z (mm)</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>8.00</b>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>16.00</b>
<b>SAR (W/Kg)</b>	<b>0.6682</b>	<b>0.3519</b>	<b>0.1756</b>	<b>0.0869</b>	<b>0.0454</b>



**F. 3D Image**





# MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-26

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 2.29; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

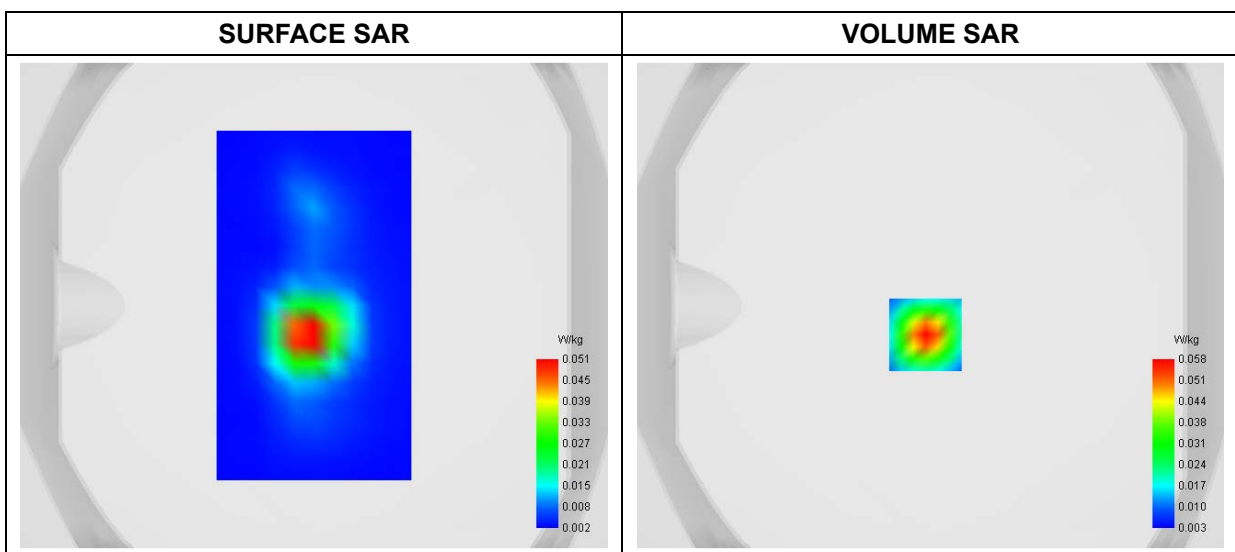
## A. Experimental conditions

<b>Area Scan</b>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<b>Zoom Scan</b>	dx=5m dy=5m dz=4m
<b>Phantom</b>	Flat Plane
<b>Device Position</b>	Front
<b>Band</b>	Bluetooth_8DPSK
<b>Channels</b>	Low
<b>Signal</b>	Duty Cycle: 1:1

## B. SAR Measurement Results

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	2402.000000
<b>Relative Permittivity (real part)</b>	40.183299
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	1.834146
<b>Power Variation (%)</b>	-1.622700
<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	22.5
<b>Liquid Temperature</b>	22.5

## C. SAR Surface and Volume

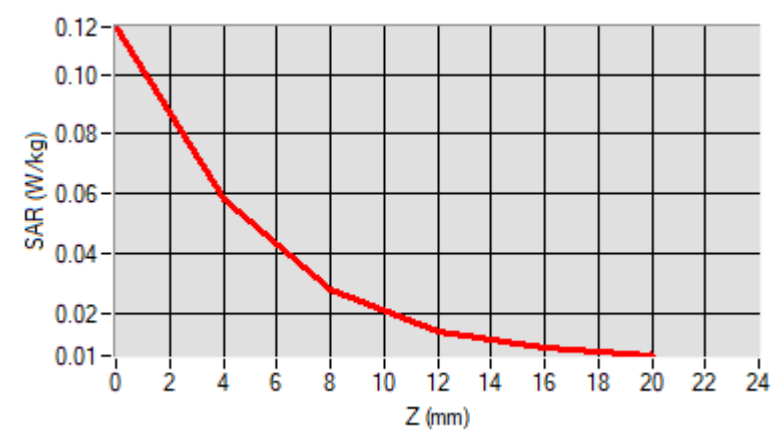


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-12.00  
 D. SAR 1g & 10g

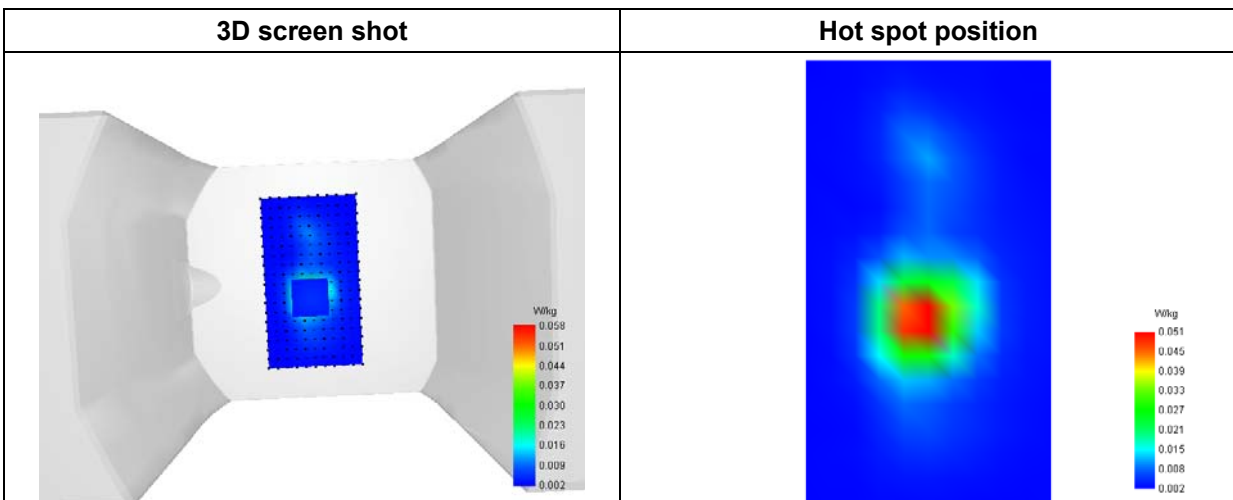
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.023065
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.052373

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1160	0.0582	0.0278	0.0139	0.0083



F. 3D Image



# MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 2024-03-29

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 18/21 EPGO356; ConvF: 1.91; Calibrated: 2023-07-07

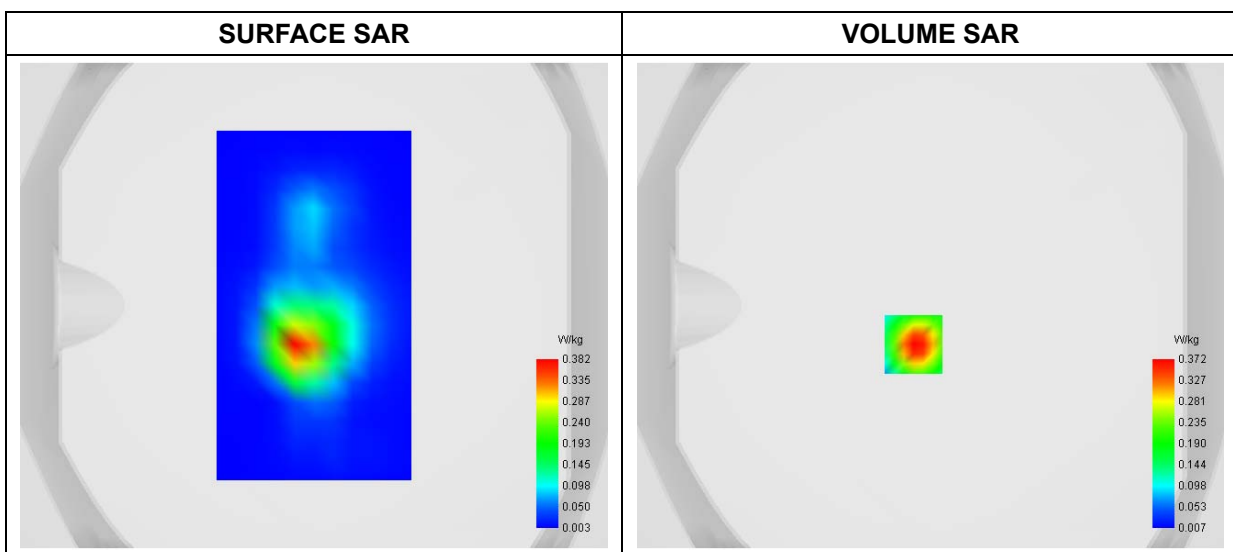
## A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	WiFi(5.2Hz)_802.11a
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

## B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5240.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	37.242162
Conductivity (S/m)	4.623421
Power Variation (%)	-1.8317000
Ambient Temperature	22.9
Liquid Temperature	22.9

## C. SAR Surface and Volume

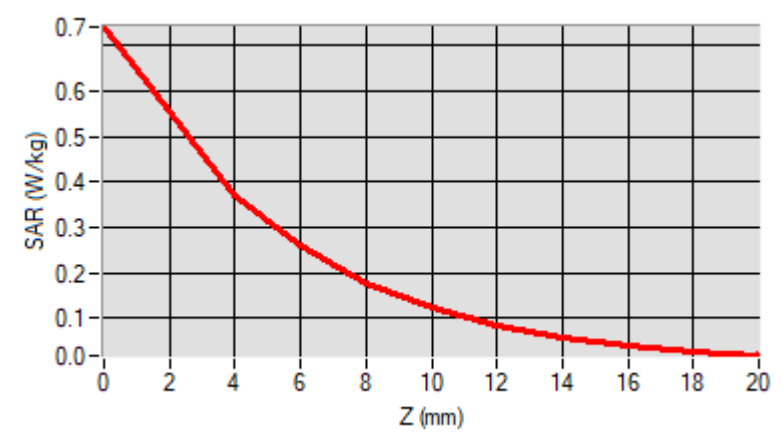


Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-16.00  
 D. SAR 1g & 10g

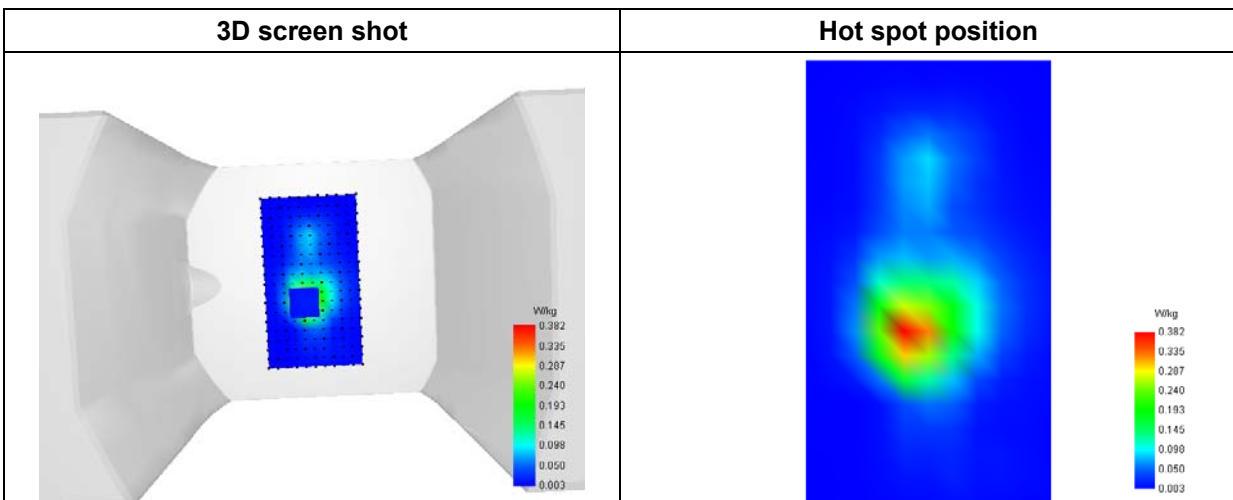
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.143841
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.343125

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.7412	0.3722	0.2587	0.1777	0.1223	0.0844	0.0584	0.0402	0.0270



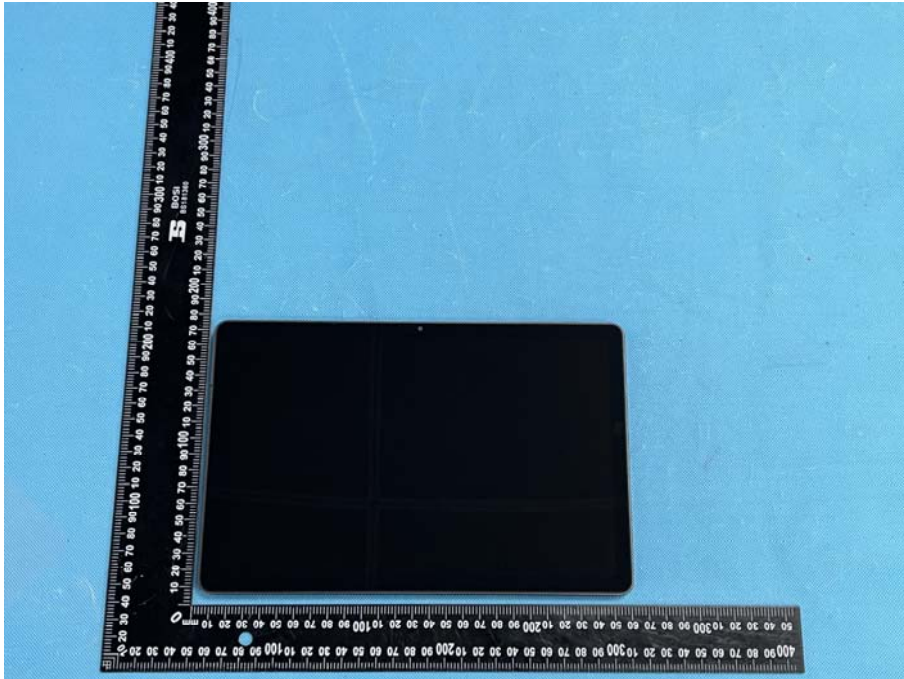
F. 3D Image



## Annex C. EUT Photos

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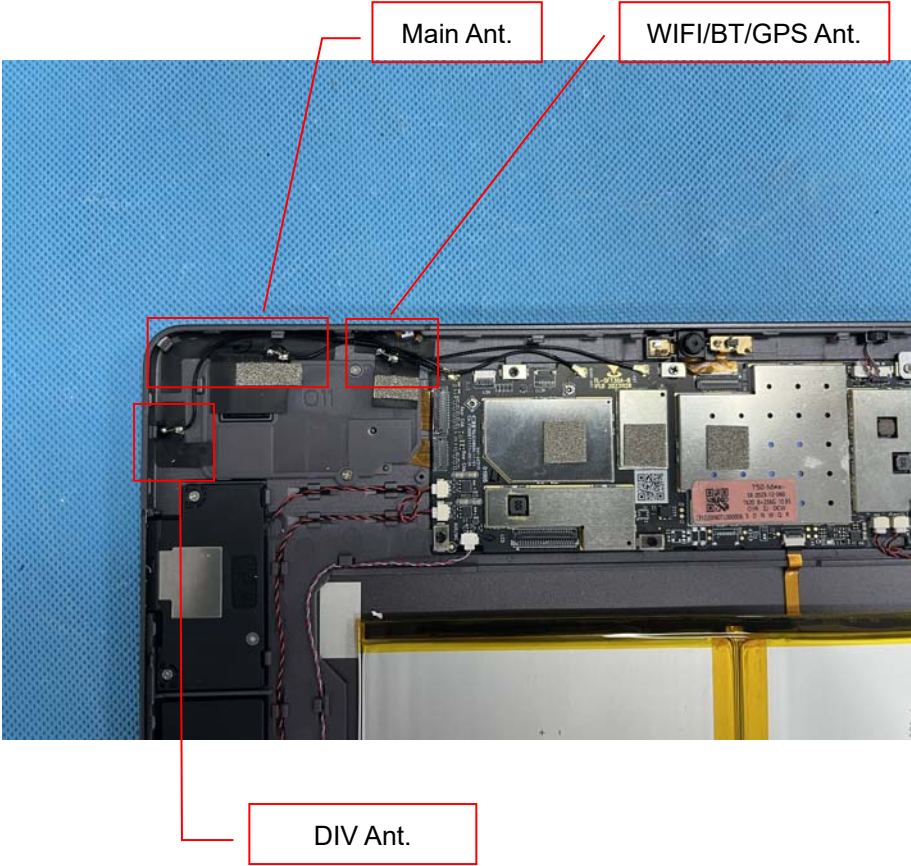
### EUT View 1



### EUT View 2



**Antenna View**



## Annex D. Test Setup Photos

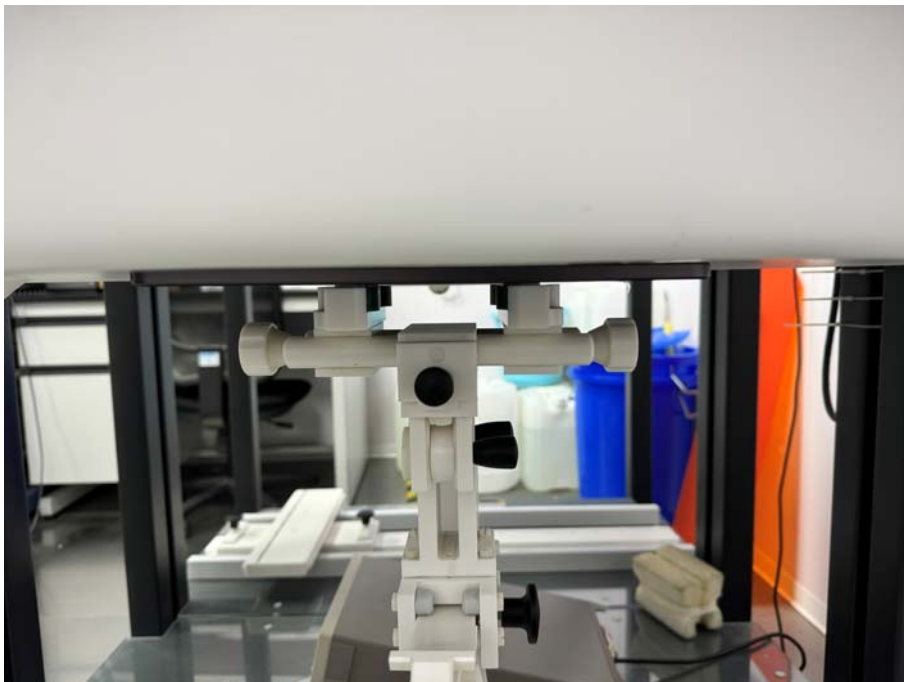
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**Body mode Exposure Conditions**  
**Test distance: 0mm**

**Body Front**



**Body Back**



**Body Left**



**Body Top**





## **Annex E. Calibration Certificate**

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*Please refer to the exhibit for the calibration certificate*

**\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\***