# RF Exposure evaluation

FCCID:2ACF2ST-3000

### According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

- 4.3. General SAR test exclusion guidance
- 4.3.1. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations
- a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, <sup>30</sup> where
  - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
  - •Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation31
  - •The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
  - •The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

<sup>30</sup> This is equivalent to the formula written as: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/( $60/\sqrt{f(GHz)}$  mW)]·[20 mm/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\leq 1.0$  for 1-g SAR; also see Appendix A for approximate exclusion threshold numerical values at selected frequencies and distances.

```
eirp = pt x gt = (EXd)^2/30 where:

pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

E = electric field strength in V/m, --- 10((dBuV/m)/20)/10^6

d = measurement distance in meters (m)---3m

So pt = (EXd)^2/30 x gt
```

## BST1703753790001Y-ER-2

## RF Exposure evaluation

Copied from the FCC test report: clause9.4 Maximum Peak Output Power

## **Test Result:**

For GFSK

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Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	-1.10	0.78	1000
Middle Channel	2441	1.65	1.46	1000
High Channel	2480	2.80	1.91	1000

For Pi/4 QDPSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	-3.88	0.41	1000
Middle Channel	2441	0.01	0.10	1000
High Channel	2480	1.10	1.29	1000

## For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	-3.16	0.48	1000
Middle Channel	2441	0.41	0.11	1000
High Channel	2480	1.34	1.36	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 1dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

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Then we choose Normal mode channel as the worst case of Maximum Peak Output Power:

Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	<b>Output Power</b>	Limit
	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel	2402	-1.10	0.78	1000
Middle Channel	2441	1.65	1.46	1000
High Channel	2480	2.80	1.91	1000

## BST1703753790001Y-ER-2

EIRP/ dBm= Conducted Max Output Power/ dBm+ Antenna gain /dBi.

Since the distance from the internal BT-antenna to the outer is more than 10mm, we choose the min. test separation distance = 5mm

## General RF Exposure:

 $(0.78 \text{mW})/5.0 \text{mm})x \sqrt{2.402} \text{ GHz} = \boxed{0.242}$  $(1.46 \text{mW})/5.0 \text{mm})x \sqrt{2.441} \text{ GHz} = 0.456$  $(1.91 \text{mW})/5.0 \text{mm})x \sqrt{2.480} \text{ GHz} = 0.602$ 

SAR requirement: S=3.0

General RF Exposure<3
Then SAR evaluation is not required