

No. I18Z60070-SEM06

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

GSM Quad-band/HSPA-UMTS Six-band/ LTE 20-band mobile phone

Model Name: BBF100-2

With

Hardware Version: 09

Software Version: 4S3L

FCC ID: 2ACCJN025

Results Summary: T Category = T3

Issued Date: 2018-5-9

TESTING NVLAP LAB CODE 600118-0

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Test Laboratory:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I18Z60070-SEM06	Rev.0	2018-5-9	Initial creation of test report



TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION 1.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT 1.3 PROJECT DATA 1.4 SIGNATURE	5 5
2 CLIENT INFORMATION	6
2.1 Applicant Information	
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	7
 3.1 About EUT 3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test 3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test	7 7 7
4 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	8
5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	8
 5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP. 5.2 AM1D PROBE	10 10 10 .11 .11
6 T-COIL TEST PROCEDUERES	13
7 T-COIL PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	14
7.1 T-Coil Coupling Field Intensity 7.2 Frequency response	
8 VOLTE TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION	16
8.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOLTE OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING 8.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION 8.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION	16
9 VOWIFI TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION	18
9.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOWIFI OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING 9.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION 9.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION	18
10 HAC T-COIL TEST DATA SUMMARY	21
10.1 TEST RESULTS FOR 2/3G 10.2 TEST RESULTS FOR LTE 10.3 TEST RESULTS FOR WIFI 10.4 TOTAL MEASUREMENT CONCLUSION	21 23
11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	-
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12 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	
ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT	
ANNEX B TEST PLOTS	
ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES	
ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	101
ANNEX E DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	104



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,		
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%		
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω		
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.			
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.			

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Hao
Testing Start Date:	April 21, 2018
Testing End Date:	April 29, 2018

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun (Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan (Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd.		
	7/F, Block F4, TCL Communication Technology Building, TCL		
Company Address	International E City, Zhong Shan Yuan Road, Nanshan District,		
	Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China 518052		
Post Code	518052		
Contact Person	Zhizhou Gong		
Tel	0086-755-36611722		
Mobile	0086-18217635320		
Fax	0086-755-36612000 ext: 81722		
E-Mail	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com		
Company URL	www.alcatel-mobile.com		

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name	TCL Communication Ltd.		
	7/F, Block F4, TCL Communication Technology Building, TCL		
Company Address	International E City, Zhong Shan Yuan Road, Nanshan District,		
	Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China 518052		
Post Code	518052		
Contact Person	Zhizhou Gong		
Tel	0086-755-36611722		
Mobile	0086-18217635320		
Fax	0086-755-36612000 ext: 81722		
E-Mail	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com		
Company URL	www.alcatel-mobile.com		



3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	GSM Quad-band/HSPA-UMTS Six-band/ LTE 20-band mobile phone	
Model name:	BBF100-2	
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900 WCDMA850/900/1700/1900/2100	
	LTE B1/2/3/4/5/7/8/12/13/14/17/20/28/29/30/38/39/40/41/66, BT, WLAN	

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	01510300009634	09	4S3L
EUT2	015103000009683	09	4S3L

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	TLp035B1	/	BYD

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	отт
GSM	850	vo	Yes		
GSIVI	1900	VU	res		NIA
	850	БТ	NIA	BT, WLAN	NA
GPRS/EDGE	1900	DT	NA		
	850				
WCDMA	1700	VO	Yes		NLA
(UMTS)	1900			BT, WLAN	NA
	HSPA	DT	NA		
LTE	Band		Vee		NLΔ
LIE	2/5/7/12/13/14/30/66/41	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	NA
ВТ	2450	DT	NA	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	NA
WLAN	5G	V/D	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	NA
WLAN	2450	V/D	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE	NA

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only V/D: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

DT: Digital Transport



4 Reference Documents

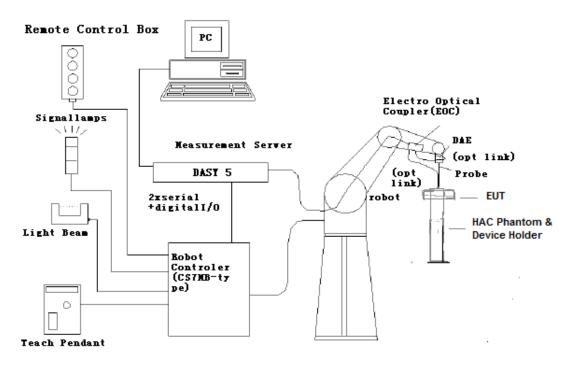
The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement	2011
	of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices	Edition
	and Hearing Aids	

5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.





No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 9 of 109



The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



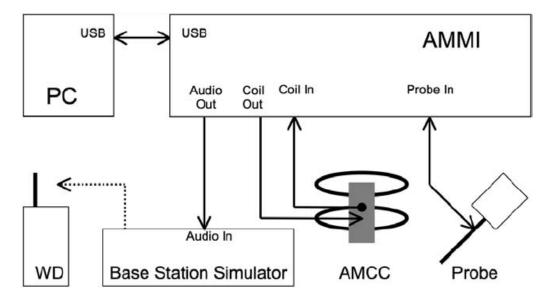


Figure 5.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC



5.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V "phantom" voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards). Specification:

Frequency range0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)			
Sensitivity	< -50dB A/m @ 1kHz		
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric		
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19		

5.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 500hm, and a shunt resistor of 100hm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	al Connector Resistance			
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm		
Coil Monitor	BNO	100hm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)		
Specification:	·			
Dimensions 370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI-C63.19				

5.4 AMMI



Figure 5.3 AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface. Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm



5.5 Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field < \pm 0.5 dB.



Figure 5.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

5.6 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L Repeatability: ±0.02 mm No. of Axis: 6 Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System Cell Controller Processor:Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz Operating System: Windows XP Data Converter Features:Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic Software: DASY5 software Connecting Lines:Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock



5.7 T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

Figure 6.5 illustrates the standard probe orientations. Position 1 is the perpendicular orientation of the probe coil; orientation 2 is the transverse orientations. The space between the measurement positions is not fixed. It is recommended that a scan of the WD be done for each probe coil orientation and that the maximum level recorded be used as the reading for that orientation of the probe coil.

1) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.

2) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

3) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the receiver speaker section (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in the test report as the measurement reference point.

4) The measurement points may be located where the axial and radial field intensity measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement points should be near the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.

5) The relative spacing of each measurement orientation is not fixed. The axial and two radial orientations should be chosen to select the optimal position.

6) The measurement point for the axial position is located 10 mm from the reference plane on the measurement axis. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in test reports and designated as the measurement reference point.

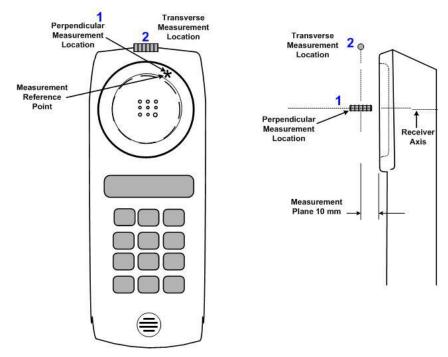


Figure 5.5 Axis and planes for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements



6 T-Coil TEST PROCEDUERES

The following illustrate a typical test scan over a wireless communications device:

1) Geometry and signal check: system probe alignment, proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the test Arch.

2) Set the reference drive level of signal voice defined in C63.19 per 7.4.2.1.

3) The ambient and test system background noise (dB A/m) was measured as well as ABM2 over the full measurement. The maximum noise level must be at least 10dB below the limit.

4) The DUT was positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.

5) The DUT operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and connected by using of coaxial cable connection to the base station simulator at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The DUT audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.

6) The DUT's RF emission field was eliminated from T-coil results by using a well RF-shielding of the probe, AM1D, and by using of coaxial cable connection to a Base Station Simulator. One test channel was pre-measurement to avoid this possibility.

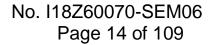
7) Determined the optimal measurement locations for the DUT by following the three steps, coarse resolution scan, fine resolution scans, and point measurement, as described in C63.19 per 7.4.4.2. At each measurement locations, samples in the measurement window duration were evaluated to get ABM1 and the signal spectrum. The noise measurement was performed after the scan with the signal, the same happened, just with the voice signal switched off. The ABM2 was calculated from this second scan.

8) All results resulting from a measurement point in a T-Coil job were calculated from the signal samples during this window interval. ABM values were averaged over the sequence of there samples.

9) At an optimal point measurement, the SNR (ABM1/ABM2) was calculated for perpendicular and transverse orientation, and the frequency response was measured for perpendicular.

10) Corrected for the frequency response after the DUT measurement since the DASY5 system had known the spectrum of the input signal by using a reference job.

11) In SEMCAD postprocessing, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, bandwidth compensated factor (BWC) and those results are final as shown in this report.





7 T-Coil PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

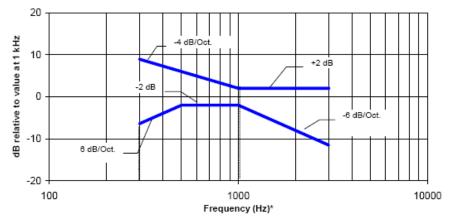
In order to be rated for T-Coil use, a WD shall meet the requirements for signal level and signal quality contained in this part.

7.1 T-Coil coupling field intensity

When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, the T-Coil signal shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, ina1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.

7.2 Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz

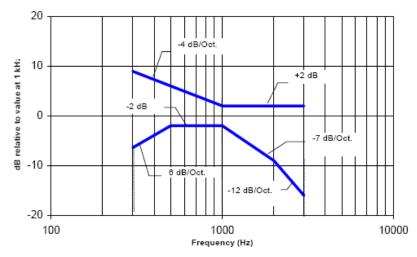




Figure 7.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a fieldthat exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz



7.3 Signal quality

This part provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have noimmunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criteria that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as for the audio coupling mode and at the same levels. The worst signal quality of the three T-Coil signal measurements shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 1

Category	Telephone parameters					
	WD signal quality					
	[(signal + noise) – to – noise ratio in decibels]					
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB					
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB					
Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB					
Category T4	> 30 dB					

Table 1:T-Coil signal quality categories



8 VOLTE TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

8.1 Test System Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoLTE over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

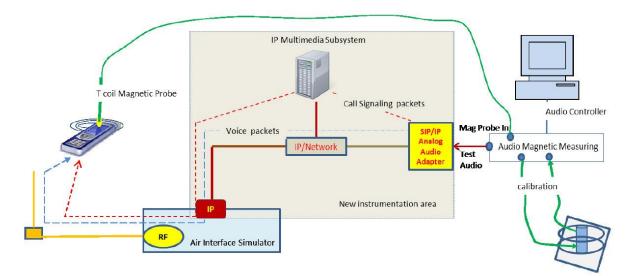


Figure 8.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

8.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoLTE over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

Codeo Setting	WB AMR	WB AMR	NB AMR	NB AMR	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Codec Setting	23.85kbps	6.60kbps	12.2kbps	4.75kbps	Onentation	Danu/DVV	Channel
ABM1 (dBA/m)	<mark>-7.98</mark>	-7.51	-7.62	-7.35			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Z(axial)	B2/20M	18900
SNR (dB)	<mark>35.46</mark>	36.30	36.18	36.18			

Table 8-1 AMR Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

Table 8-2 EVS Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

Codec Setting	EVS Primary SWB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary SWB 9.6kbps	EVS Primary WB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps	EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary NB 5.9kbps	Orientation	Band /BW	Channel
ABM1 (dBA/m)	-7.23	-7.46	-7.12	-7.54	-6.32	-6.09			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Z(axial)	B2/20M	18900
SNR (dB)	36.85	37.07	36.67	36.74	<mark>36.35</mark>	37.65			



8.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation and RB configuration to be used for testing. 16QAM, 1RB, 0RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

Frequency	Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	ABM1	SNR
[MHz]	Channel	[MHz]	Woodation		IND Oliset	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]
1880	18900	20	QPSK	1	0	-11.09	30.90
1880	18900	20	QPSK	1	50	-11.23	31.38
1880	18900	20	QPSK	1	99	-11.03	31.52
1880	18900	20	QPSK	50	0	-10.83	32.50
1880	18900	20	QPSK	50	25	-11.93	30.81
1880	18900	20	QPSK	50	50	-11.87	31.42
1880	18900	20	QPSK	100	0	-11.73	31.56
1880	18900	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.85	30.03
1880	18900	20	16QAM	1	50	-11.05	30.14
1880	18900	20	16QAM	1	99	<mark>-10.90</mark>	<mark>29.91</mark>
1880	18900	20	16QAM	50	0	-10.89	32.45
1880	18900	20	16QAM	50	25	-11.68	31.64
1880	18900	20	16QAM	50	50	-11.83	31.27
1880	18900	20	16QAM	100	0	-11.65	31.26

Table 8-3 VoLTE over IMS SNR by Radio Configuration



9 VOWIFI TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

9.1 Test System Setup for VoWiFI over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS, or CMRS WiFi Calling, is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoWiFi over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

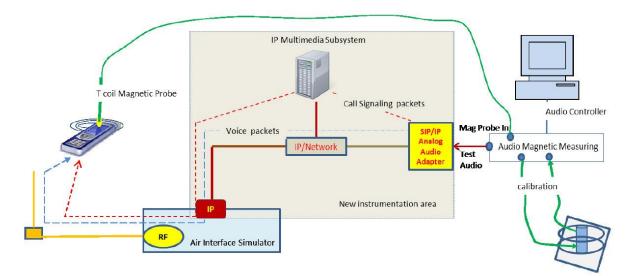


Figure 9.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

9.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

Codec Setting	WB AMR	WB AMR	NB AMR	NB AMR	Orientation	Mode	Channel
	<mark>23.85kbps</mark>	6.60kbps	12.2kbps	4.75kbps	Onentation	wode	Channel
ABM1 (dBA/m)	<mark>-7.94</mark>	-5.99	-5.84	-7.33		2.4GHz 802.11b	6
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Z(axial)		
SNR (dB)	<mark>35.71</mark>	37.86	37.16	37.78		002.110	

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Table 9-1 AMR Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS
```

Table 9-2 EVS Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS

Codec Setting	EVS Primary SWB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary SWB 9.6kbps	EVS Primary WB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps	EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary NB 5.9kbps	Orientation	Mode	Channel
ABM1 (dBA/m)	-7	-6.13	-6.65	-5.92	-6.64	<mark>-7.69</mark>		2.4011-	
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	Z(axial)	2.4GHz 802.11b	6
SNR (dB)	37.15	37.26	37.51	37.44	37.23	<mark>37.43</mark>			



9.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed on all applicable data rates and modulations to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations in each 802.11 standard:

Mada	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate	ABM1	SNR
Mode	Channel	wooulation	[Mbps]	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]
802.11b	6	DSSS	1	-7.94	35.71
802.11b	6	DSSS	2	-7.48	36.21
<mark>802.11b</mark>	<mark>6</mark>	<mark>ССК</mark>	<mark>5.5</mark>	<mark>-7.74</mark>	<mark>35.06</mark>
802.11b	6	CCK	11	-7.33	35.52

Table 9-3 802.11b SNR by Radio Configuration

Table 9-4 802.11g/a SNR by Radio Configuration

Mode Channel	Modulation	Data Rate	ABM1	SNR	
Mode	Channel	Wouldtion	[Mbps]	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]
802.11g	6	BPSK	6	-6.89	37.98
<mark>802.11g</mark>	<mark>6</mark>	<mark>BPSK</mark>	<mark>9</mark>	<mark>-7.15</mark>	<mark>37.68</mark>
802.11g	6	QPSK	12	-5.38	39.52
802.11g	6	QPSK	18	-6.82	40.14
802.11g	6	16-QAM	24	-3.94	39.97
802.11g	6	16-QAM	36	-5.83	42.43
802.11g	6	64-QAM	48	-6.12	44.94
802.11g	6	64-QAM	54	-7.77	41.58

Table 9-5 802.11n/ac 20MHz BW SNR by Radio Configuration

Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate	ABM1	SNR
widde	[MHz]	Channel	wooulation	[Mbps]	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]
<mark>802.11n</mark>	<mark>20</mark>	<mark>44</mark>	BPSK	<mark>6.5</mark>	<mark>-7.48</mark>	<mark>37.29</mark>
802.11n	20	44	QPSK	13	-6.32	38.73
802.11n	20	44	QPSK	19.5	-4.89	39.51
802.11n	20	44	16-QAM	26	-6.73	38.85
802.11n	20	44	16-QAM	39	-7.01	38.93
802.11n	20	44	64-QAM	52	-6.12	37.81
802.11n	20	44	64-QAM	58.5	-7.83	38.72
802.11n	20	44	64-QAM	65	-6.35	38.31
802.11ac	20	44	256-QAM	78	-6.58	38.02



Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate	ABM1	SNR			
Widde	[MHz]	Channel	Wouldtion	[Mbps]	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]			
802.11n	40	46	BPSK	13.5	-7.15	39.24			
802.11n	40	46	QPSK	27	-9.15	38.25			
802.11n	40	46	QPSK	40.5	-7.82	40.04			
802.11n	40	46	16-QAM	54	-8.98	39.77			
<mark>802.11n</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	<mark>46</mark>	<mark>16-QAM</mark>	<mark>81</mark>	<mark>-7.14</mark>	<mark>37.97</mark>			
802.11n	40	46	64-QAM	108	-6.79	38.55			
802.11n	40	46	64-QAM	121.5	-10.08	40.12			
802.11n	40	46	64-QAM	135	-8.11	38.94			
802.11ac	40	46	256-QAM	162	-7.73	39.14			
802.11ac	40	46	256-QAM	180	-6.37	38.20			

Table 9-6 802.11n/ac 40MHz BW SNR by Radio Configuration

Table 9-7 802.11ac 80MHz BW SNR by Radio Configuration

Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate	ABM1	SNR
Mode	[MHz]		Weddiation	[Mbps]	[dB(A/m)]	[dB]
802.11ac	80	42	BPSK	29.3	-7.32	39.14
<mark>802.11ac</mark>	<mark>80</mark>	<mark>42</mark>	<mark>QPSK</mark>	<mark>58.5</mark>	<mark>-6.94</mark>	<mark>38.57</mark>
802.11ac	80	42	QPSK	87.8	-6.25	38.85
802.11ac	80	42	16-QAM	117	-4.72	40.06
802.11ac	80	42	16-QAM	175.5	-5.15	39.94
802.11ac	80	42	64-QAM	234	-6.22	38.99
802.11ac	80	42	64-QAM	263.3	-4.31	40.16
802.11ac	80	42	64-QAM	292.5	-6.79	41.15
802.11ac	80	42	256-QAM	351	-6.44	40.71
802.11ac	80	42	256-QAM	390	-5.42	39.62



10 HAC T-Coil TEST DATA SUMMARY

10.1 Test Results for 2/3G

Probe Position	Band	Ch.	Measurement Position (x mm, y mm)	ABM1 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T category
	GSM 850	190	-1.2,-12.5	-17.90	30.51	T4
	GSM 1900	661	-3.7, 9.2	-17.91	25.22	Т3
transverse	W850	4407	-0.8,-11.7	-13.72	37.12	T4
	W1900	9800	-0.4, -9.6	-13.98	36.94	T4
	W1700	1637	-0.8,-11.7	-17.49	33.08	T4
	GSM 850	190	1.3, -4.6	-8.68	33.89	T4
	GSM 1900	661	3.3, -4.2	-7.11	20.26	Т3
perpendicular	W850	4407	-0.5, -3.8	-5.70	41.54	T4
	W1900	9800	-0.4, -2.9	-5.66	41.32	T4
	W1700	1637	0, -1.7	-9.94	37.24	T4

Note:

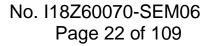
1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. Signal strength measurement scan plots are presented in Annex B.

3. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Probe Position	Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Measurement Position (x mm, y mm)	ABM1 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T category
			1.4M	-2.1,-12.5	-15.18	32.90	T4
			ЗM	-1.2,-12.1	-15.04	32.98	T4
	LTE	18900	5M	-0.8,-12.5	-14.58	34.13	T4
	B2	10900	10M	-1.2,-12.5	-14.89	33.47	T4
			15M	-0.8,-12.5	-12.45	35.58	T4
			20M	-2.5,-12.5	-14.11	35.47	T4
		20525	1.4M	-2.1,-12.1	-14.96	33.54	T4
Transverse	LTE		3M	-1.2,-12.5	-14.41	33.71	T4
У	B5	20525	5M	-0.8,-12.1	-14.24	34.06	T4
			10M	-1.7,-12.5	-14.43	33.72	T4
			5M	-3.7,-12.5	-16.57	33.77	T4
	LTE	21100	10M	-2.5,-11.7	-15.77	33.82	T4
	B7	21100	15M	-1.2,-12.1	-14.71	33.92	T4
			20M	-0.8,-12.5	-14.67	32.98	T4
	LTE	22005	1.4M	-2.5,-12.5	-15.58	34.20	T4
	B12	23095	ЗM	-1.7,-12.1	-14.73	34.06	T4

10.2 Test Results for LTE





				0 1 1 1 1	4	00.45	— -
			5M	-2.1, -12.1	-15.03	33.18	T4
			10M	-0.8, -12.5	-14.31	33.98	T4
	LTE	23230	5M	0, -12.5	-13.93	36.72	T4
	B13		10M	0, -12.5	-13.83	35.78	T4
	LTE	23330	5M	-0.4, -12.5	-14.17	35.00	T4
	B14		10M	-0.8, -12.5	-14.1	34.43	T4
	LTE	27710	5M	-0.8, -12.5	-14.19	35.26	T4
	B30		10M	-1.2, -12.5	-14.36	34.23	T4
			1.4M	-2.1, -11.7	-15.56	33.89	T4
			3M	-1.2,-11.3	-14.81	33.45	T4
	LTE	132322	5M	-1.2,-12.1	-13.54	34.58	T4
	B66		10M	-2.5,-12.1	-15.50	33.69	T4
			15M	-1.7,-11.7	-14.78	34.71	T4
			20M	-1.2,-12.1	-14.57	34.36	T4
		40620	5M	1.7,-12.9	-15.25	26.47	Т3
	LTE		10M	-1.2,-10.4	-14.85	26.15	Т3
	B41		15M	-3.3,-12.9	-16.29	26.16	Т3
			20M	-2.5,-12.1	-15.92	25.58	Т3
			1.4M	0, -4.2	-6.58	36.5	T4
			3M	0, -3.8	-6.89	36.15	T4
	LTE	18900	5M	0, -4.2	-6.56	37.13	T4
	B2	-	10M	-0.4, -3.8	-6.87	36.57	T4
			15M	0, -4.2	-4.60	38.21	T4
			20M	0.4, -4.2	-4.49	38.84	T4
	LTE B5	20525 -	1.4M	0, -4.2	-6.39	37.07	T4
			3M	0, -3.3	-6.17	36.68	T4
			5M	0, -3.3	-6.17	37.15	T4
			10M	-0.4, -3.3	-6.11	36.68	Τ4
			5M	0, -3.3	-6.41	38.11	Τ4
Perpendicular	LTE	21100	10M	0, -4.2	-6.32	38.11	Τ4
Z	B7	21100	15M	0, -4.2	-6.33	37.69	T4
£			20M	0, -4.2	-6.03	36.85	T4
			1.4M	0, -4.6	-6.25	37.48	T4
	LTE	23095	3M	0, -3.8	-6.08	37.44	T4
	B12	20090	5M	0, -3.8	-5.90	37.98	T4
			10M	0, -4.2	-5.97	38.31	T4
	LTE	23230	5M	0,-2.1	-7.16	37.86	T4
	B13	20200	10M	0, -3.8	-6.35	39.03	T4
	LTE	23330	5M	0, -4.2	-6.31	38.05	T4
	B14	23330	10M	0, -4.6	-5.87	37.42	T4
	LTE	27710	5M	-0.4, -4.2	-6.28	37.57	T4
	B30	27710	10M	0, -5	-5.91	36.67	T4
	LTE	132322	1.4M	0, -3.8	-6.48	37.63	Τ4
		•			·		ved by CTTL.



	B66		ЗM	0, -2.5	-6.42	37.65	T4
			5M	-0.8, -3.3	-5.46	37.60	T4
			10M	0, -3.8	-5.94	38.27	T4
			15M	0, -3.3	-6.11	37.83	T4
			20M	0, -3.8	-6.07	36.99	T4
			5M	1.7,-4.6	-5.57	29.91	Т3
	LTE	40620	10M	1.7,-3.3	-5.02	30.63	T4
	B41 4062	40020	15M	1.3,-4.6	-5.85	30.17	T4
			20M	1.7,-3.8	-5.36	30.05	T4

Note:

- 1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
- 2. The worse case of each band for signal strength measurement scan plots are presented in Annex B.
- 3. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

10.3 Test Results for WiFi

Probe Position	Mode	Ch.	Bandwidth	Measurement Position (x mm, y mm)	ABM1 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T categor y
	802.11b	6	20M	-0.8,-12.5	-14.57	35.11	T4
	802.11g	6	20M	-0.8,-12.5	-14.29	35.07	T4
	802.11n	6	20M	2.9, -9.6	-13.80	38.94	T4
	802.11n	6	40M	3.3, -12.5	-12.92	35.48	T4
	802.11a UNII-1	44	20M	-2.1,-12.5	-14.78	38.08	T4
Transverse	802.11n UNII-1	44	20M	-0.8,-12.5	-14.79	35.35	T4
	802.1111 UNII-1	46	40M	0,-12.1	-14.3	36.57	T4
У	802.11ac	44	20M	-0.8,-11.3	-14.04	36.82	T4
	UNII-1	46	40M	-1.2,-12.1	-14.64	35.39	T4
		42	80M	0, -12.1	-14.16	36.45	T4
	802.11n	60	20M	-1.7,-12.1	-14.93	35.78	T4
	802.11n	124	20M	-3.7,-12.5	-16.53	35.99	T4
	802.11n	157	20M	-0.4,-10.8	-14.54	36.02	T4
	802.11b	6	20M	-1.2,-3.8	-7.74	35.06	T4
	802.11g	6	20M	0, -0.4	-7.15	37.68	T4
	802.11n	6	20M	-3.7, -3.8	-10.37	38.70	T4
	802.11n	6	40M	0, -2.9	-6.65	39.22	T4
Perpendicular	802.11a UNII-1	44	20M	-0.8, -3.3	-6.87	39.01	T4
z	802.11n UNII-1	44	20M	-2.1,-3.8	-7.48	37.29	T4
2		46	40M	0, -2.1	-7.14	37.97	T4
	802.11ac	44	20M	-0.8, -0.8	-7.48	37.31	T4
	UNII-1	46	40M	-1.2,-3.8	-6.22	38.71	T4
		42	80M	-0.4, -3.3	-6.94	38.57	T4
	802.11n	60	20M	-3.3, -4.2	-10.02	38.29	T4



802.11n	124	20M	-3.3, -4.6	-10.07	38.58	T4
802.11n	157	20M	-3.3, -3.8	-10.37	38.39	T4

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The worse case of each mode for signal strength measurement scan plots are presented in Annex B.

3. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

10.4 Total Measurement Conclusion

Probe Position	Frequency Band(MHz)	ABM1	Frequency Response	T Category
	GSM 850	Pass		T4
	GSM 1900	Pass	_	Т3
	WCDMA850	Pass	/	T4
	WCDMA1900	Pass		T4
	WCDMA1700	Pass		T4
	LTE B2	Pass		T4
	LTE B5	Pass		T4
Transverse	LTE B7	Pass		T4
	LTE B12	Pass		T4
	LTE B13	Pass		T4
	LTE B14	Pass		T4
	LTE B30	Pass		T4
	LTE B66	Pass		T4
	LTE B41	Pass		Т3
	802.11b	Pass		T4
	802.11g	Pass		T4
	802.11n-2.4GHz	Pass		T4
	802.11a	Pass		T4
	802.11n-5GHz	Pass		T4
	802.11ac	Pass		T4
	GSM 850	Pass	Pass	T4
	GSM 1900	Pass	Pass	Т3
	WCDMA850	Pass	Pass	T4
	WCDMA1900	Pass	Pass	T4
	WCDMA1700	Pass	Pass	T4
Dorpondioulor	LTE B2	Pass	Pass	T4
Perpendicular	LTE B5	Pass	Pass	T4
	LTE B7	Pass	Pass	T4
	LTE B12	Pass	Pass	T4
	LTE B13	Pass	Pass	T4
	LTE B14	Pass		T4
	LTE B30	Pass		T4



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 25 of 109

LTE B66	Pass	Pass	T4
LTE B41	Pass	Pass	Т3
802.11b	Pass	Pass	T4
802.11g	Pass	Pass	T4
802.11n-2.4GHz	Pass	Pass	T4
802.11a	Pass	Pass	T4
802.11n-5GHz	Pass	Pass	T4
802.11ac	Pass	Pass	T4



11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

			Uncertainty					Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.
No.	Error source	Туре	Value a _i (%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ABM1 ci	ABM2 ci	ABM1 ^{<i>u</i>} <i>i</i>	
1	System Repeatability	А	0.016	N	1	1	1	(%) 0. 016	(%) 0. 016
	e Sensitivity	Π	0.010	IN	1	1	1	0.010	0.010
1105									
2	Reference Level	В	3. 0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3. 0	3.0
3	AMCC Geometry	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
4	AMCC Current	В	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.4	0.4
5	Probe Positioning during Calibration	В	0.1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
6	Noise Contribution	В	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.014 3	1	0.0	0.4
7	Frequency Slope	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Prob	e System			•	•				
8	Repeatability / Drift	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
9	Linearity / DynamicRange	В	0.6	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4
10	Acoustic Noise	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
11	Probe Angle	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
12	Spectral Processing	В	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
13	Integration Time	В	0.6	Ν	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
14	Field Distribution	В	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test	Signal		1						
15	Ref.Signal Spectral Response	В	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0.0	0.4
Posit	ioning								
16	Probe Positioning	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1
17	Phantom Thickness	В	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 27 of 109

18	DUT Positioning	В	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1			
Exter	External Contributions											
19	RF Interference	В	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	0.0	0.0			
20	Test Signal Variation	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2			
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)		$u_{c}^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{20} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$						4.1	6.1			
Expanded Std. Uncertainty		$u_e = 2u_c$		Ν	<i>k</i> = 2		8.2	12. 2				

12 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

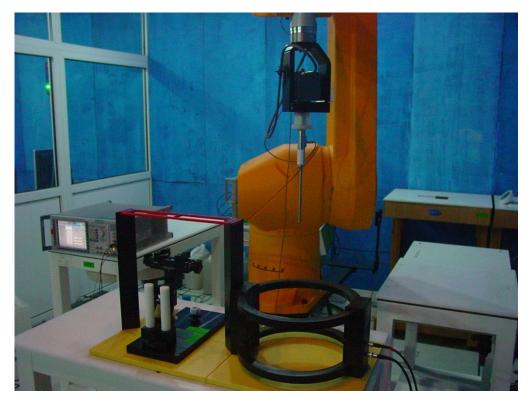
No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period							
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV2	1064	July 20, 2017	NCR							
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1064	NCR	NCR							
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1044	NCR	NCR							
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1014	NCR	NCR							
05	DAE	DAE4	777	September 8, 2017	One year							
06	Software	DASY5 V5.0 Build 119.9	N/A	NCR	NCR							
07	Software	SEMCAD V13.2 Build 87	N/A	NCR	NCR							
08	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	105948	October 31, 2017	One year							
09	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	164049	September 12, 2017	One year							

List of Main Instruments

END OF REPORT BODY



ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1: HAC T-Coil System Layout



ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

T-Coil GSM 850 Transverse

Date: 2018-4-21 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

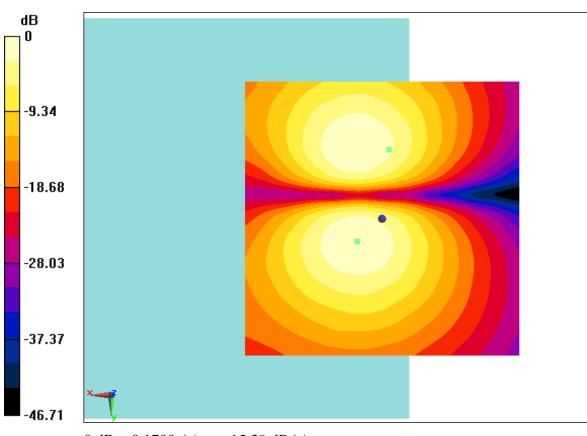
ABM1 = -15.39 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.6, 4.2, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 30.51 dB ABM1 comp = -17.90 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -1.2, -12.5, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.1700 A/m = -15.39 dBA/m

Fig B.1 T-Coil GSM 850



T-Coil GSM 850 Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-21 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -7.01 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.6, -4.6, 3.7 mm

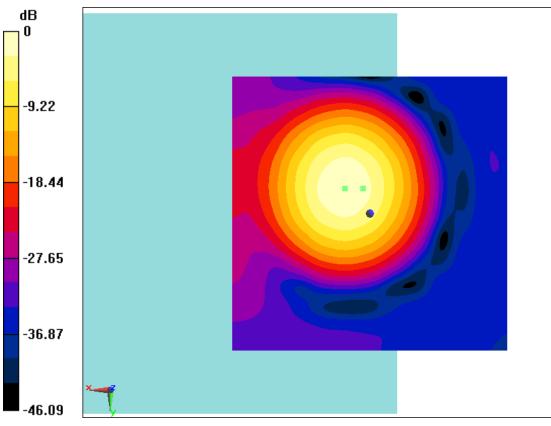
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 33.89 dB ABM1 comp = -8.68 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 1.3, -4.6, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 32 of 109



0 dB = 0.4460 A/m = -7.01 dBA/m

Fig B.2 T-Coil GSM 850



T-Coil GSM 1900 Transverse

Date: 2018-4-22 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -14.43 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, 4.6, 3.7 mm

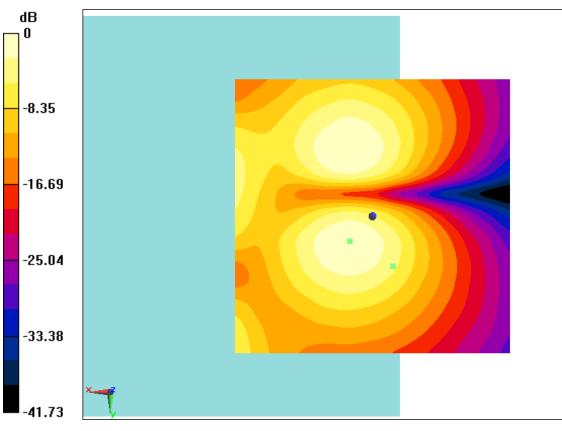
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 25.22 dB ABM1 comp = -17.91 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: -3.7, 9.2, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.1693 A/m = -14.43 dBA/m

Fig B.3 T-Coil GSM 1900



T-Coil GSM 1900 Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-22 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -6.96 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm

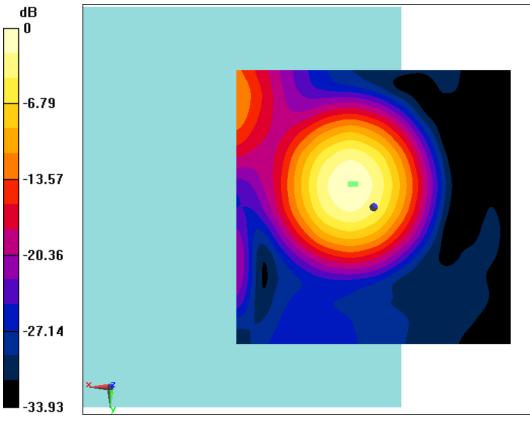
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 20.26 dBABM1 comp = -7.11 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: 3.3, -4.2, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 36 of 109



0 dB = 0.4489 A/m = -6.96 dBA/m

Fig B.4 T-Coil GSM 1900



T-Coil WCDMA 850 Transverse

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -11.56 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

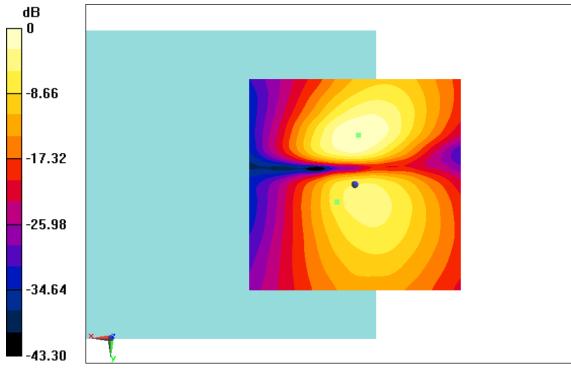
(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.12 dB ABM1 comp = -13.72 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.8, -11.7, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 38 of 109



 $0 \ dB = 0.2642 \ A/m = -11.56 \ dBA/m$





T-Coil WCDMA 850 Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 2/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -3.44 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.6, 3.7 mm

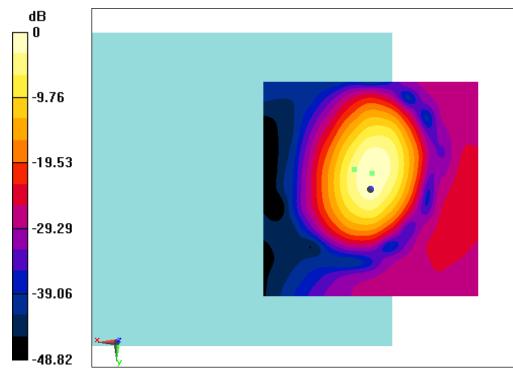
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 2/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 41.54 dB ABM1 comp = -5.70 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.4, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 40 of 109



0 dB = 0.6731 A/m = -3.44 dBA/m





T-Coil WCDMA 1900 Transverse

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -11.75 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 5, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.94 dB ABM1 comp = -13.98 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.4, -9.6, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 42 of 109

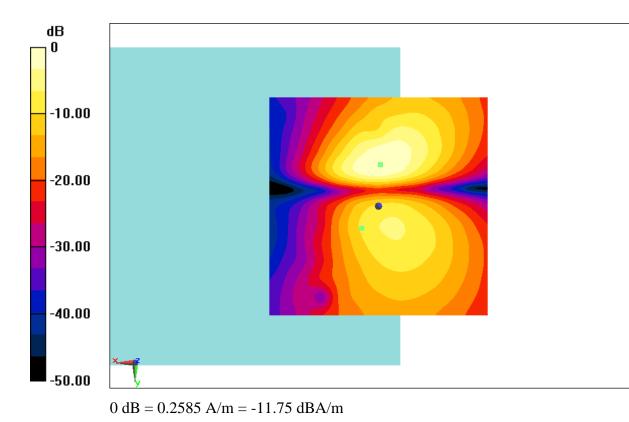


Fig B.7 T-Coil WCDMA 1900



T-Coil WCDMA 1900 Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -3.36 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.2, 3.7 mm

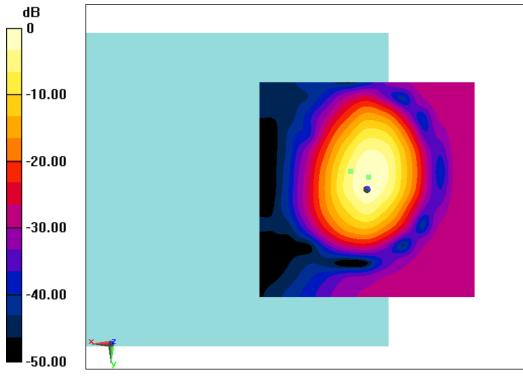
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 41.32 dBABM1 comp = -5.66 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: -0.4, -2.9, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 44 of 109



0 dB = 0.6791 A/m = -3.36 dBA/m





T-Coil WCDMA 1700 Transverse

Date: 2018-4-24 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 1700; Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

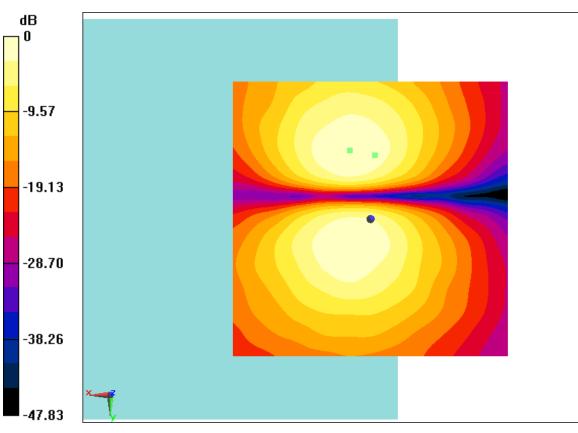
Cursor: ABM1 = -16.04 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -12.5, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 33.08 dB ABM1 comp = -17.49 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.8, -11.7, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.1577 A/m = -16.04 dBA/m

Fig B.9 T-Coil WCDMA 1700



T-Coil WCDMA 1700 Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-24 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WCDMA 1700; Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

ABM1 = -7.77 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.6, 3.7 mm

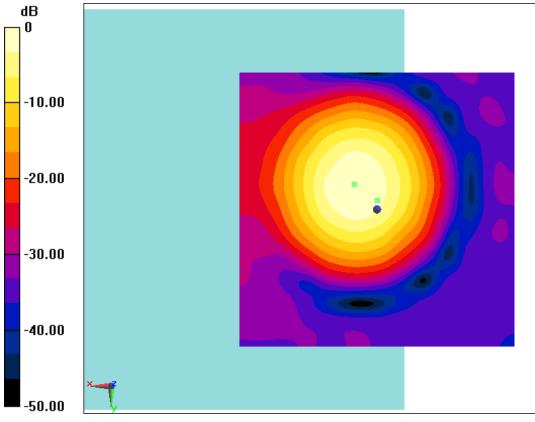
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 37.15 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 37.24 dB ABM1 comp = -9.94 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -1.7, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 48 of 109



0 dB = 0.4086 A/m = -7.77 dBA/m

Fig B.10 T-Coil WCDMA 1700



T-Coil LTE B2 1.4M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 1.4M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.84 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: 3.8, 4.2, 3.7 mm

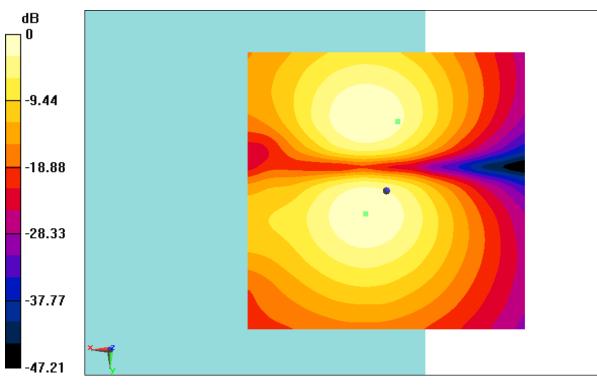
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 1.4M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 32.90 dB ABM1 comp = -15.18 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -2.1, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 50 of 109



0 dB = 0.2280 A/m = -12.84 dBA/m

Fig B.11 T-Coil LTE B2



T-Coil LTE B2 3M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.64 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm

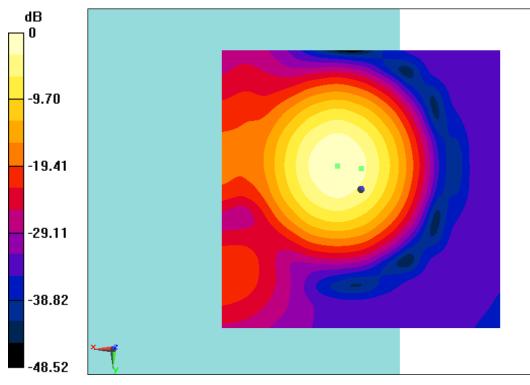
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.15 dB ABM1 comp = -6.89 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 52 of 109



0 dB = 0.5859 A/m = -4.64 dBA/m

Fig B.12 T-Coil LTE B2



T-Coil LTE B5 1.4M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 1.4M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.56 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 4.6, 3.7 mm

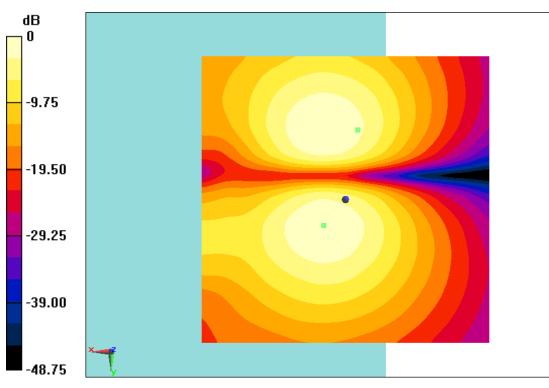
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 1.4M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 33.54 dB ABM1 comp = -14.96 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -2.1, -12.1, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 54 of 109



0 dB = 0.2356 A/m = -12.56 dBA/m

Fig B.13 T-Coil LTE B5



T-Coil LTE B5 3M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.30 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.2, 3.7 mm

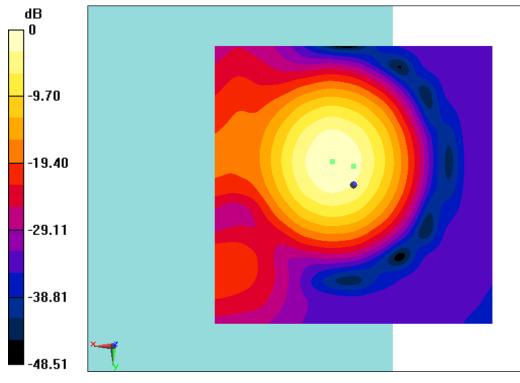
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.68 dB ABM1 comp = -6.17 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -3.3, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 56 of 109



0 dB = 0.6097 A/m = -4.30 dBA/m

Fig B.14 T-Coil LTE B5



T-Coil LTE B7 20M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B7; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.65 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, 4.6, 3.7 mm

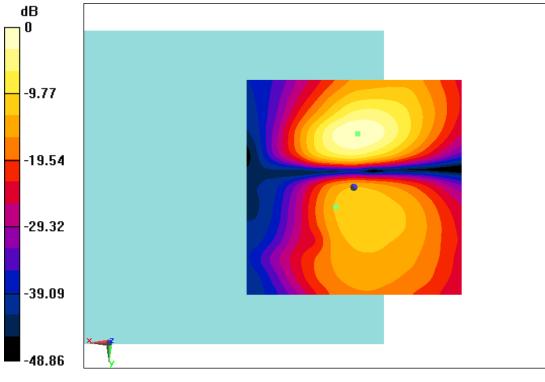
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 32.98 dB ABM1 comp = -14.67 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.8, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 58 of 109



 $0 \ dB = 0.2331 \ A/m = -12.65 \ dBA/m$

Fig B.15 T-Coil LTE B7



T-Coil LTE B7 20M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-25 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B7; Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:

ABM1 = -4.21 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.6, 3.7 mm

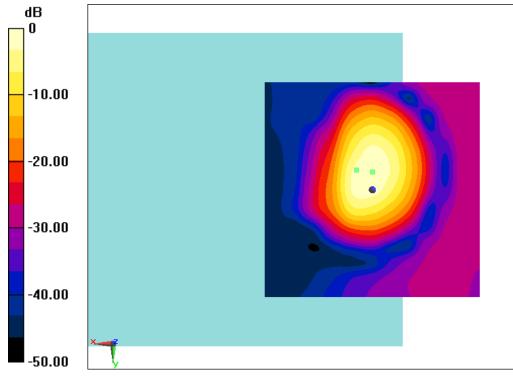
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.85 dBABM1 comp = -6.03 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: 0, -4.2, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 60 of 109



0 dB = 0.6157 A/m = -4.21 dBA/m

Fig B.16 T-Coil LTE B7



T-Coil LTE B12 5M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-26 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B12; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.57 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 4.6, 3.7 mm

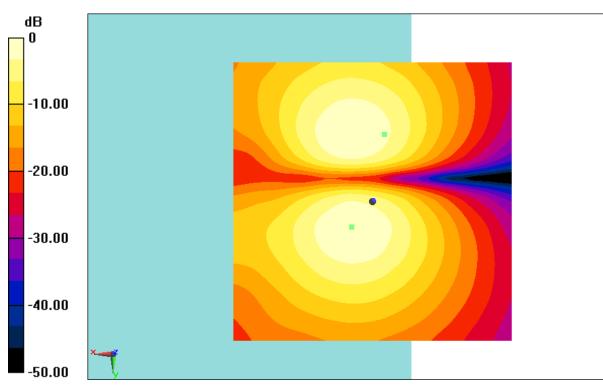
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 33.18 dB ABM1 comp = -15.03 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -2.1, -12.1, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 62 of 109



0 dB = 0.2353 A/m = -12.57 dBA/m

Fig B.17 T-Coil LTE B12



T-Coil LTE B12 3M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-26 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B12; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.46 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.2, 3.7 mm

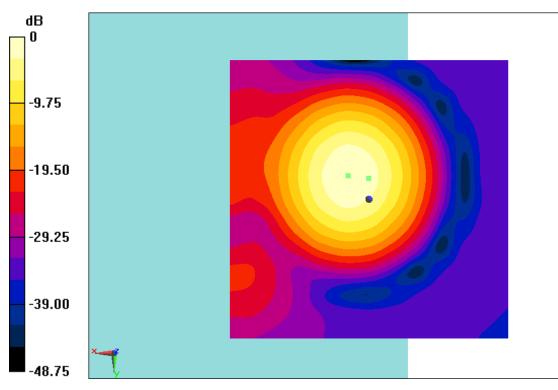
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 37.44 dB ABM1 comp = -6.08 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 64 of 109



0 dB = 0.5983 A/m = -4.46 dBA/m





T-Coil LTE B13 10M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-26 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.70 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -12.9, 3.7 mm

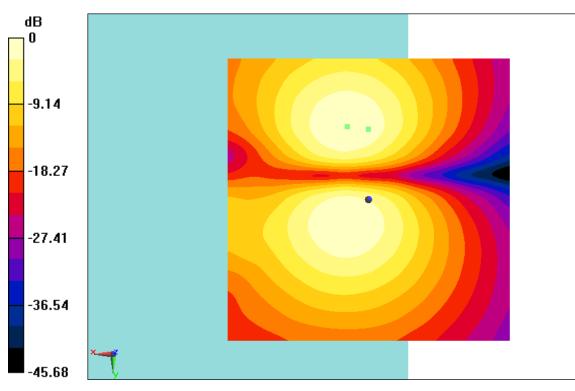
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 35.78 dB ABM1 comp = -13.83 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 66 of 109



0 dB = 0.2318 A/m = -12.70 dBA/m

Fig B.19 T-Coil LTE B13



T-Coil LTE B13 5M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-26 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.43 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.6, 3.7 mm

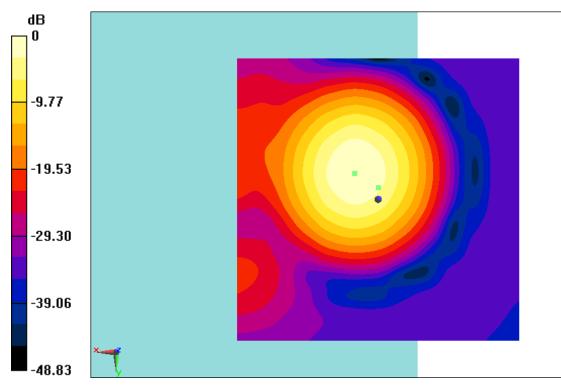
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 37.86 dB ABM1 comp = -7.16 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -2.1, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 68 of 109



0 dB = 0.6003 A/m = -4.43 dBA/m





T-Coil LTE B14 10M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-24 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.67 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 3.7, 3.7 mm

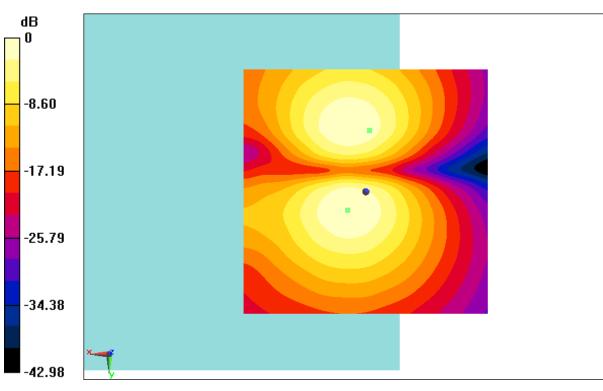
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 34.43 dB ABM1 comp = -14.10 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -0.8, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 70 of 109



0 dB = 0.2325 A/m = -12.67 dBA/m Fig B.21 T-Coil LTE B14



T-Coil LTE B14 10M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-24 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.48 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -5, 3.7 mm

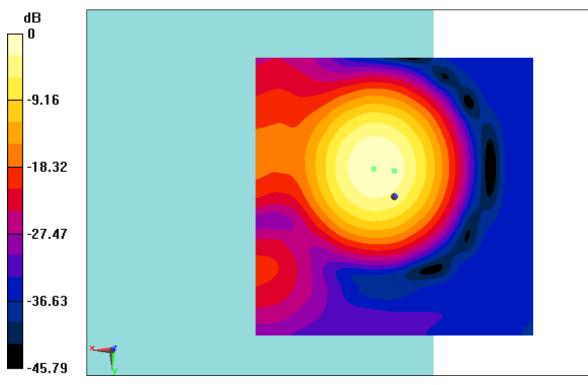
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 37.42 dB ABM1 comp = -5.87 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -4.6, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 72 of 109



0 dB = 0.5973 A/m = -4.48 dBA/m Fig B.22 T-Coil LTE B14



T-Coil LTE B30 10M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.67 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 3.7, 3.7 mm

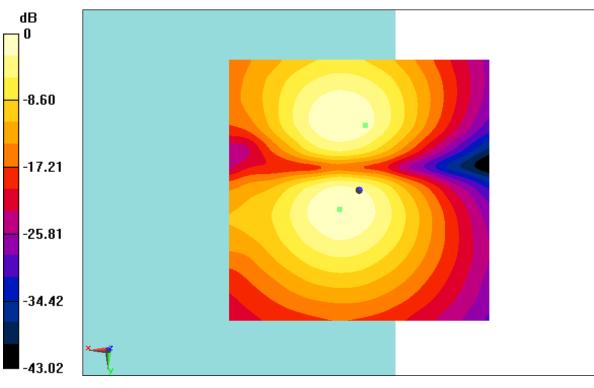
T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 34.23 dB ABM1 comp = -14.36 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -1.2, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 74 of 109



0 dB = 0.2325 A/m = -12.67 dBA/m Fig B.23 T-Coil LTE B30



T-Coil LTE B30 10M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-23 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.41 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -5, 3.7 mm

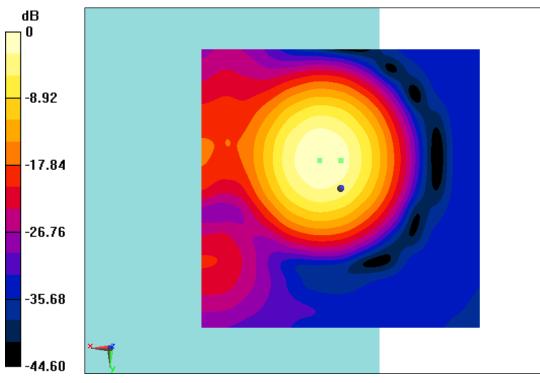
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 10M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.67 dB ABM1 comp = -5.91 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 76 of 109



0 dB = 0.6015 A/m = -4.41 dBA/m Fig B.24 T-Coil LTE B30



T-Coil LTE B66 3M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-22 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B66; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

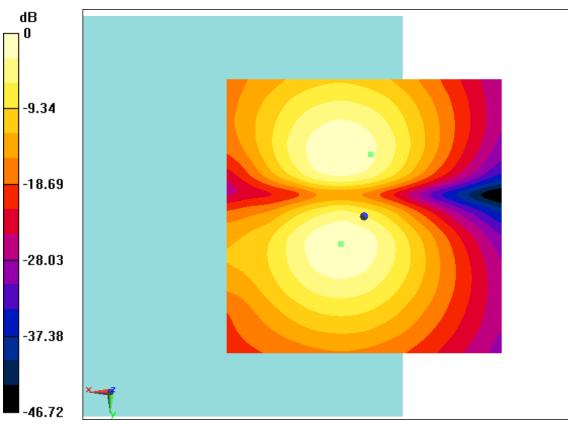
Cursor: ABM1 = -12.42 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, 5, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 3M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 33.45 dB ABM1 comp = -14.81 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -1.2, -11.3, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.2394 A/m = -12.42 dBA/m

Fig B.25 T-Coil LTE B66



T-Coil LTE B66 20M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-22 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B66; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.17 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, -4.2, 3.7 mm

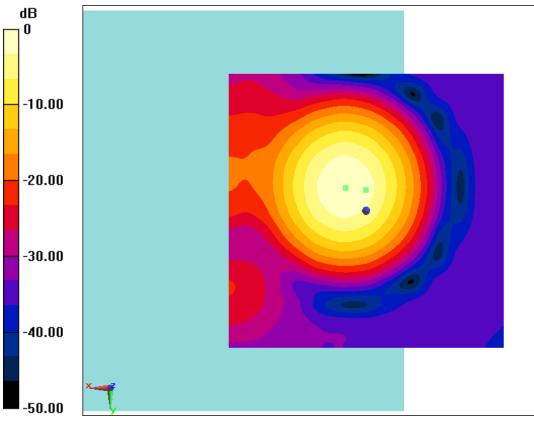
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 36.99 dB ABM1 comp = -6.07 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 0, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 80 of 109



0 dB = 0.6186 A/m = -4.17 dBA/m

Fig B.26 T-Coil LTE B66



T-Coil LTE B41 20M Transverse

Date: 2018-4-27 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B71; Frequency: 680.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

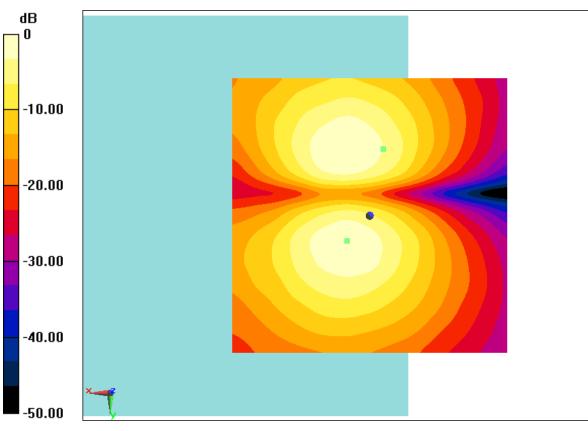
Cursor: ABM1 = -12.47 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, 4.6, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 20M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 25.58 dB ABM1 comp = -15.92 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -2.5, -12.1, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.2381 A/m = -12.47 dBA/m

Fig B.27 T-Coil LTE B41



T-Coil LTE B41 5M Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-27 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: LTE B71; Frequency: 680.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.54 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.6, 3.7 mm

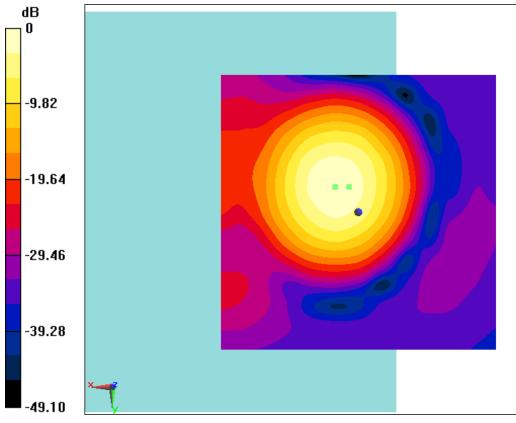
T-Coil/General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 5M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(**121x121x1**): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 29.91 dB ABM1 comp = -5.57 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 1.7, -4.6, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 84 of 109



0 dB = 0.5931 A/m = -4.54 dBA/m

Fig B.28 T-Coil LTE B41



T-Coil LTE WiFi-2.4G Transverse

Date: 2018-4-28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WiFi-2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11g 9M/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

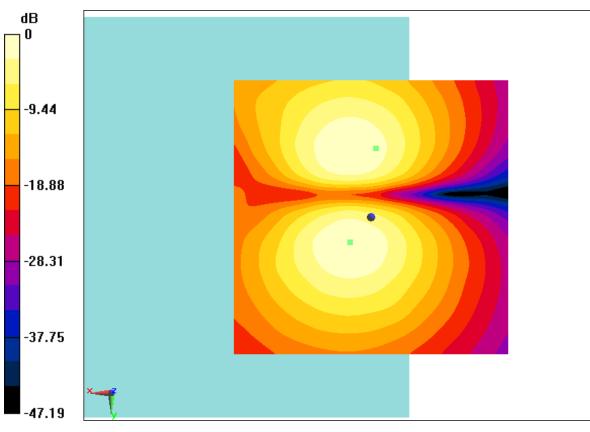
Cursor: ABM1 = -12.62 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 4.6, 3.7 mm

T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11g 9M/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 35.07 dBABM1 comp = -14.29 dBA/mBWC Factor = 0.16 dBLocation: -0.8, -12.5, 3.7 mm





0 dB = 0.2338 A/m = -12.62 dBA/m

Fig B.29 T-Coil WiFi-2. 4G



T-Coil WiFi-2.4G Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-28 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WiFi-2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11b 5.5M/ABM Interpolated

Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.47 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 4.2, -4.2, 3.7 mm

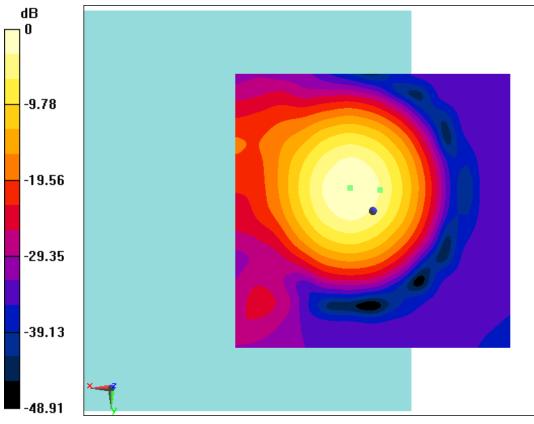
T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11b 5.5M/ABM Interpolated

SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 35.06 dB ABM1 comp = -7.74 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -1.2, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 88 of 109



0 dB = 0.5975 A/m = -4.47 dBA/m

Fig B.30 T-Coil WiFi-2.4G



T-Coil LTE WiFi-5G Transverse

Date: 2018-4-29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WiFi-5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11n 6.5M 2/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -12.94 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.8, 4.6, 3.7 mm

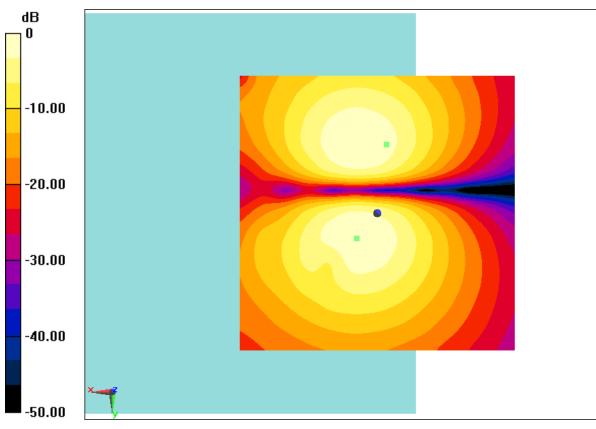
T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11n 6.5M 2/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 35.35 dB ABM1 comp = -14.79 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -1.7, -12.5, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 90 of 109



0 dB = 0.2254 A/m = -12.94 dBA/m

Fig B.31 T-Coil WiFi-5G



T-Coil WiFi-5G Perpendicular

Date: 2018-4-29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Ambient Temperature:22.5°C Communication System: WiFi-5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: AM1DV2 - 1064;

T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11n 6.5M/ABM Interpolated

Signal(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1 = -4.62 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: 3.3, -4.6, 3.7 mm

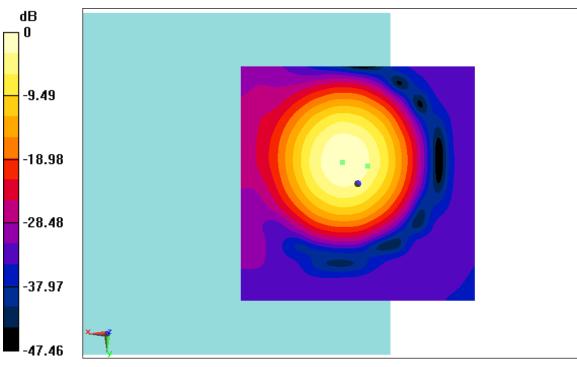
T-Coil/General Scans 11b 1M ch6/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50 11n 6.5M/ABM Interpolated

SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav Output Gain: 100 Measure Window Start: 300ms Measure Window Length: 1000ms BWC applied: 0.16 dB Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor: ABM1/ABM2 = 37.29 dB ABM1 comp = -7.48 dBA/m BWC Factor = 0.16 dB Location: -2.1, -3.8, 3.7 mm



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 92 of 109



 $0 \ dB = 0.5875 \ A/m = -4.62 \ dBA/m$



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ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES

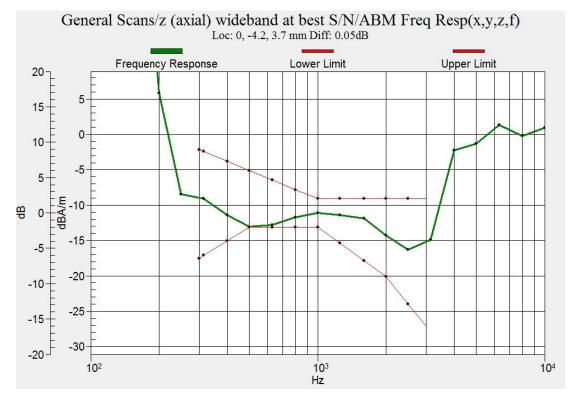
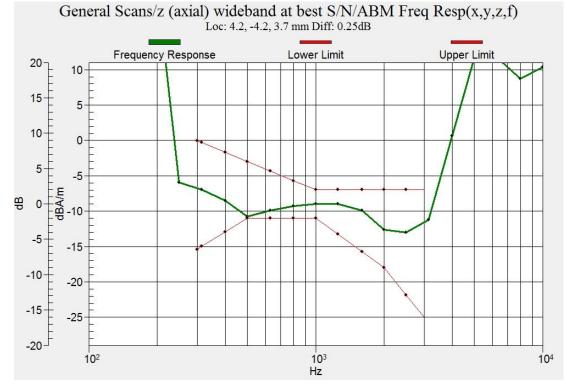


Figure C.1 Frequency Response of GSM 850









General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)



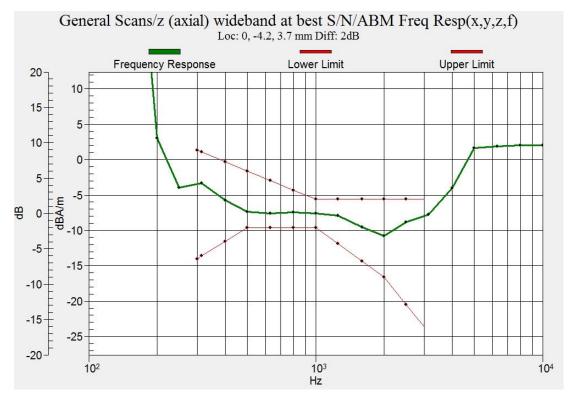
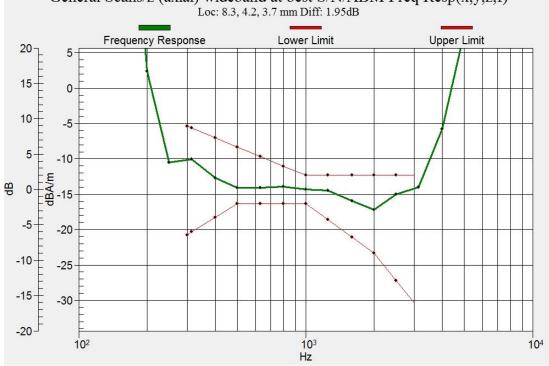
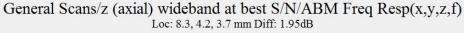


Figure C.4 Frequency Response of WCDMA 1900









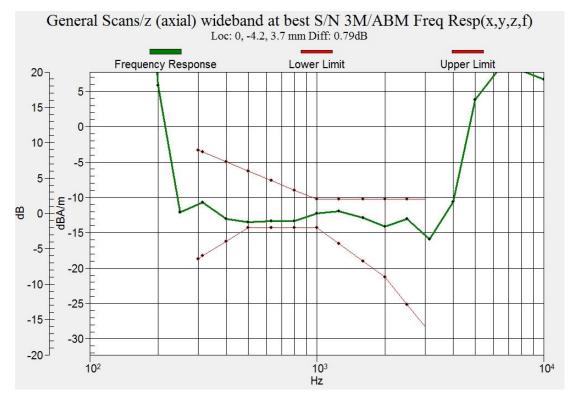
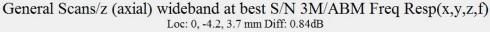


Figure C.6 Frequency Response of LTE B2









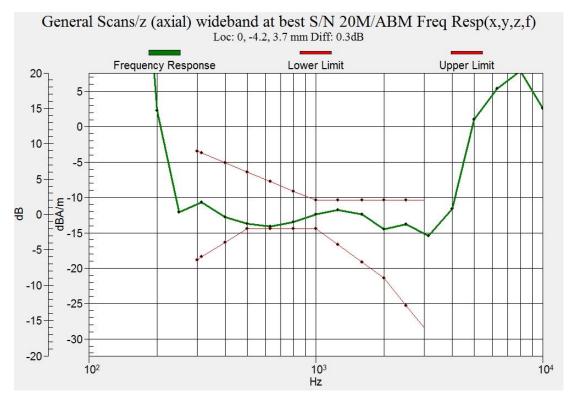
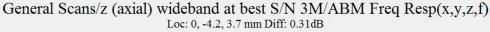


Figure C.8 Frequency Response of LTE B7









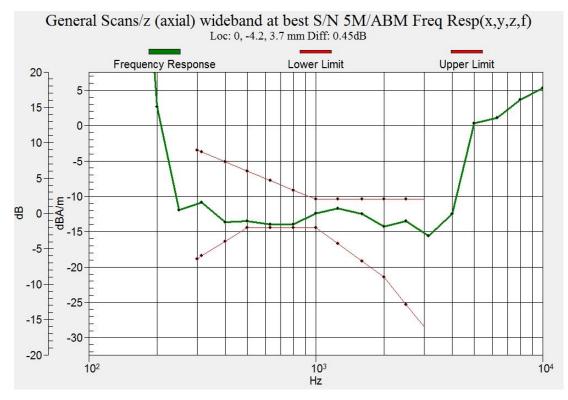
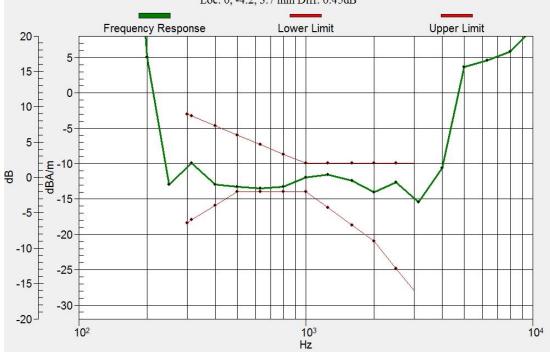
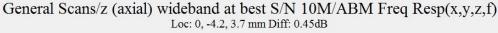


Figure C.10 Frequency Response of LTE B13









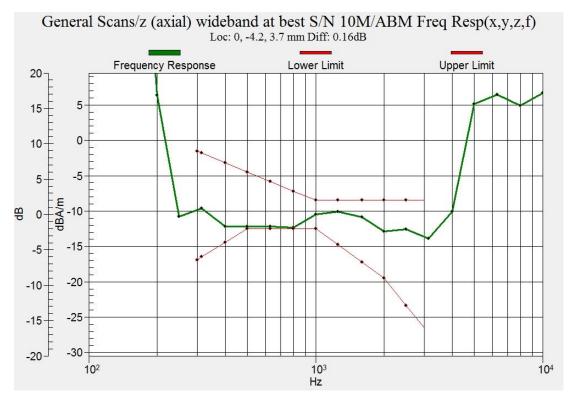
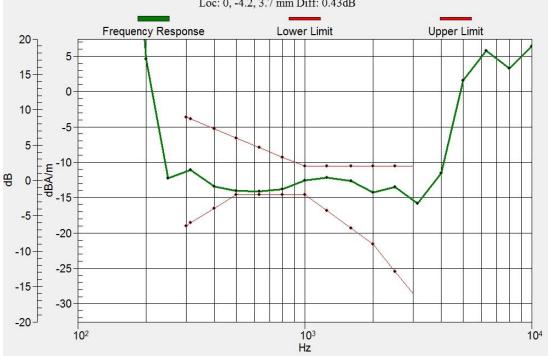


Figure C.12 Frequency Response of LTE B30





General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N 20M/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) Loc: 0, -4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.43dB



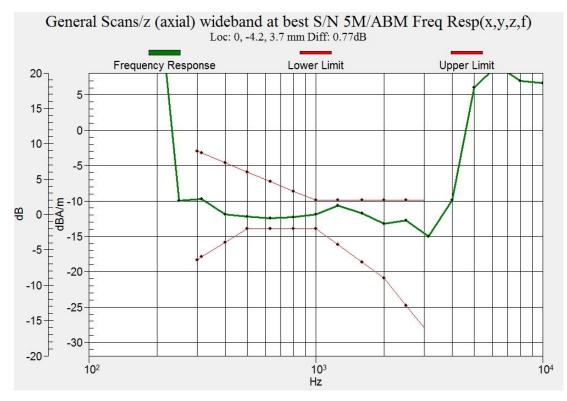
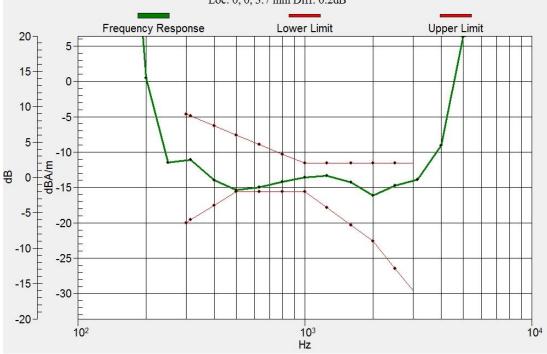


Figure C.14 Frequency Response of LTE B41





General Scans 11b 1M ch6/z (axial) wideband at best S/N 11b 5.5M/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) Loc: 0, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 0.2dB



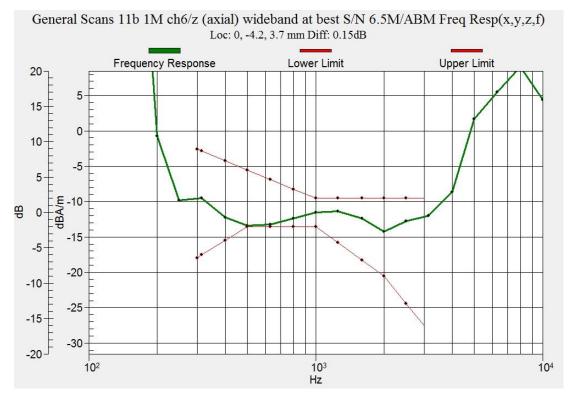


Figure C.16 Frequency Response of WiFi-5G



No. I18Z60070-SEM06 Page 101 of 109

ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S

С

S

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTTL-BJ (Auden)			Certificate No: AM1DV2-1064_Jul17	
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICAT	E		
Object	AM1DV2 - SN:	1064		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v4 Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range			
Calibration date:	July 20, 2017			
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence	ational standards, which realize the physical unit a probability are given on the following pages and tory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
	1		Scheduled Calibration	
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065)	Sep-17	
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.)		
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17) Check Date (in house)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18 Scheduled Check	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards AMCC	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards AMCC AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050 SN: 1062 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Sep-15) 26-Sep-12 (in house check Sep-15)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18 Scheduled Check Oct-17	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards AMCC	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050 SN: 1062	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Sep-15) 26-Sep-12 (in house check Sep-15)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18 Scheduled Check Oct-17 Oct-17	
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Reference Probe AM1DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards AMCC AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	ID # SN: 0810278 SN: 1008 SN: 781 ID # SN: 1050 SN: 1062 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No. 19065) 30-Dec-16 (No. AM1D-1008_Dec16) 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17) Check Date (in house) 01-Oct-13 (in house check Sep-15) 26-Sep-12 (in house check Sep-15)	Sep-17 Dec-17 Jul-18 Scheduled Check Oct-17 Oct-17	

Certificate No: AM1DV2-1064_Jul17

Page 1 of 3