

Table 14.4-8: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11a 18Mbps

Frequency		Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.										
56	5280	Left	Touch	/	15.45	15.5	0.130	0.13	0.335	0.34	0.03
56	5280	Left	Tilt	/	15.45	15.5	0.128	0.13	0.340	0.34	0.14
56	5280	Right	Touch	Fig.27	15.45	15.5	0.153	0.15	0.479	0.48	-0.06
56	5280	Right	Tilt	/	15.45	15.5	0.132	0.13	0.384	0.39	0.03
132	5660	Left	Touch	/	16.46	16.5	0.072	0.07	0.192	0.19	-0.13
132	5660	Left	Tilt	/	16.46	16.5	0.067	0.07	0.186	0.19	0.03
132	5660	Right	Touch	/	16.46	16.5	0.081	0.08	0.262	0.26	0.03
132	5660	Right	Tilt	/	16.46	16.5	0.069	0.07	0.210	0.21	0.06
128	5640	Left	Touch	/	16.79	17	0.023	0.02	0.075	0.08	0.13
165	5825	Left	Touch	/	16.79	17	0.021	0.02	0.071	0.07	0.06
165	5825	Left	Tilt	/	16.79	17	0.018	0.02	0.065	0.07	-0.12
165	5825	Right	Touch	/	16.79	17	0.016	0.02	0.052	0.05	0.04
165	5825	Right	Tilt	/	15.45	15.5	0.130	0.13	0.335	0.34	0.03

Table 14.4-9: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11a 18Mbps

Frequency		Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
MHz	Ch.									
56	5280	Front	/	16.46	16.5	0.047	0.05	0.127	0.13	0.00
56	5280	Rear	/	16.46	16.5	0.110	0.11	0.355	0.36	0.08
56	5280	Left	/	16.46	16.5	0.019	0.02	0.042	0.04	-0.04
56	5280	Right	/	16.46	16.5	0.015	0.02	0.045	0.05	0.07
56	5280	Top	/	16.46	16.5	0.086	0.09	0.224	0.23	0.05
132	5660	Front	/	17.18	17.5	0.098	0.11	0.284	0.31	0.04
132	5660	Rear	/	17.18	17.5	0.107	0.12	0.302	0.33	-0.07
132	5660	Left	/	17.18	17.5	0.071	0.08	0.176	0.19	0.11
132	5660	Right	/	17.18	17.5	0.073	0.08	0.187	0.20	0.13
132	5660	Top	Fig.28	17.18	17.5	0.169	0.18	0.467	0.50	-0.05
165	5825	Front	/	17.37	18	0.032	0.04	0.066	0.08	-0.05
165	5825	Rear	/	17.37	18	0.035	0.04	0.126	0.15	0.09
165	5825	Left	/	17.37	18	0.021	0.02	0.039	0.04	0.06
165	5825	Right	/	17.37	18	0.025	0.03	0.049	0.06	-0.12
165	5825	Top	/	17.37	18	0.062	0.07	0.182	0.21	0.09

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

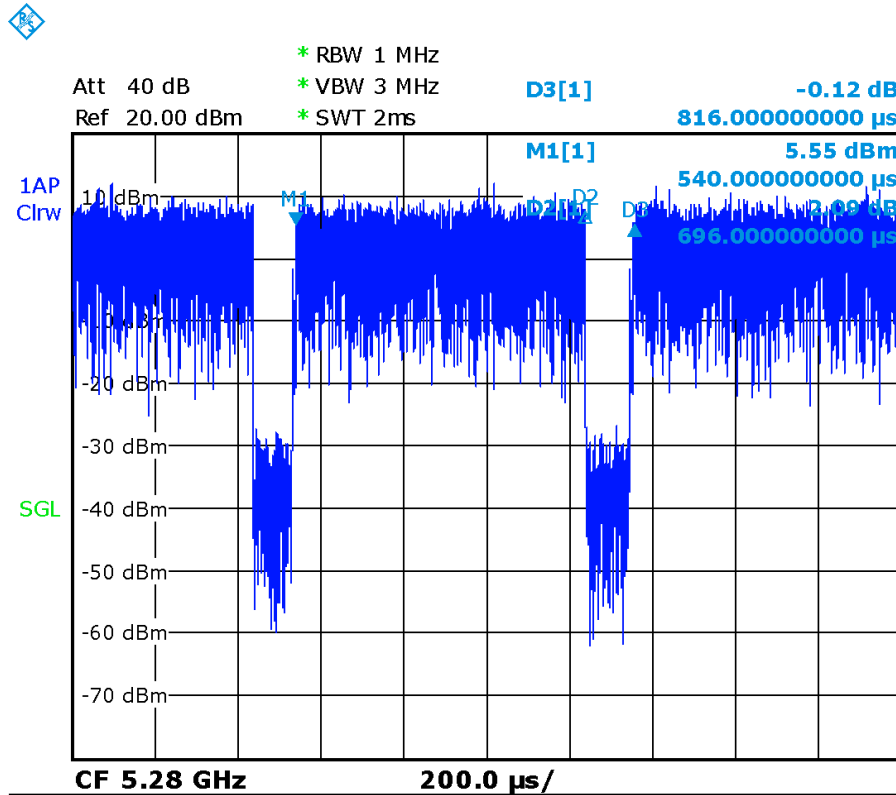
According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.4-10: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11a 18Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

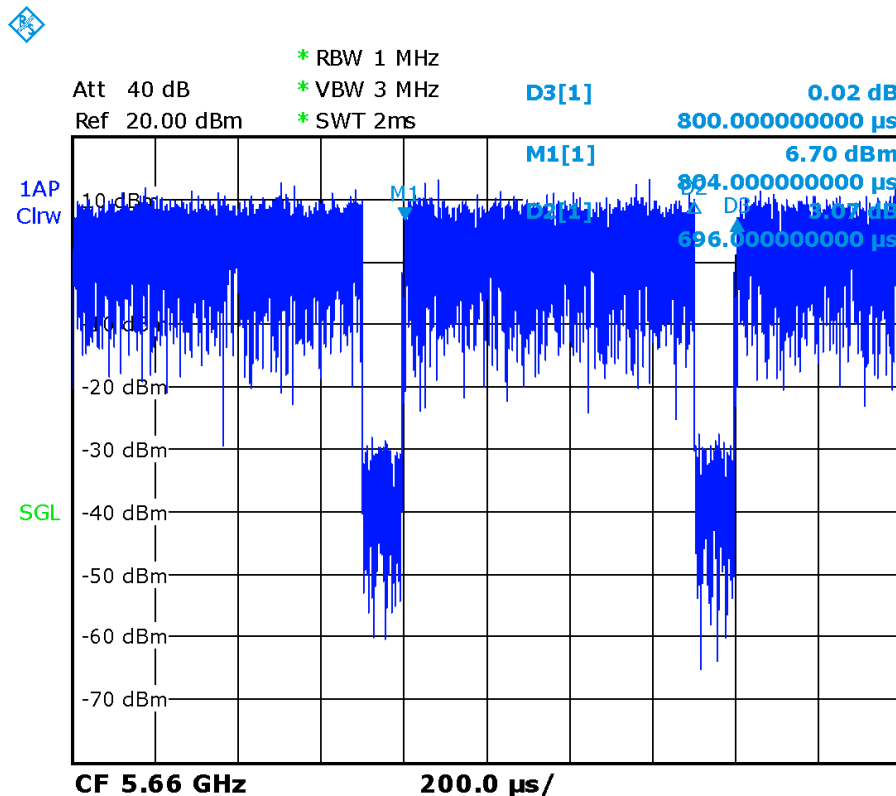
Frequency		Side	Test Position	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
5280	56	Right	Touch	85.29%	100%	0.48	0.56
5660	132	Right	Touch	87%	100%	0.26	0.30
5825	165	Left	Touch	86.93%	100%	0.08	0.09

Table 14.4-11: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11a 18Mbps (Scaled Reported SAR)

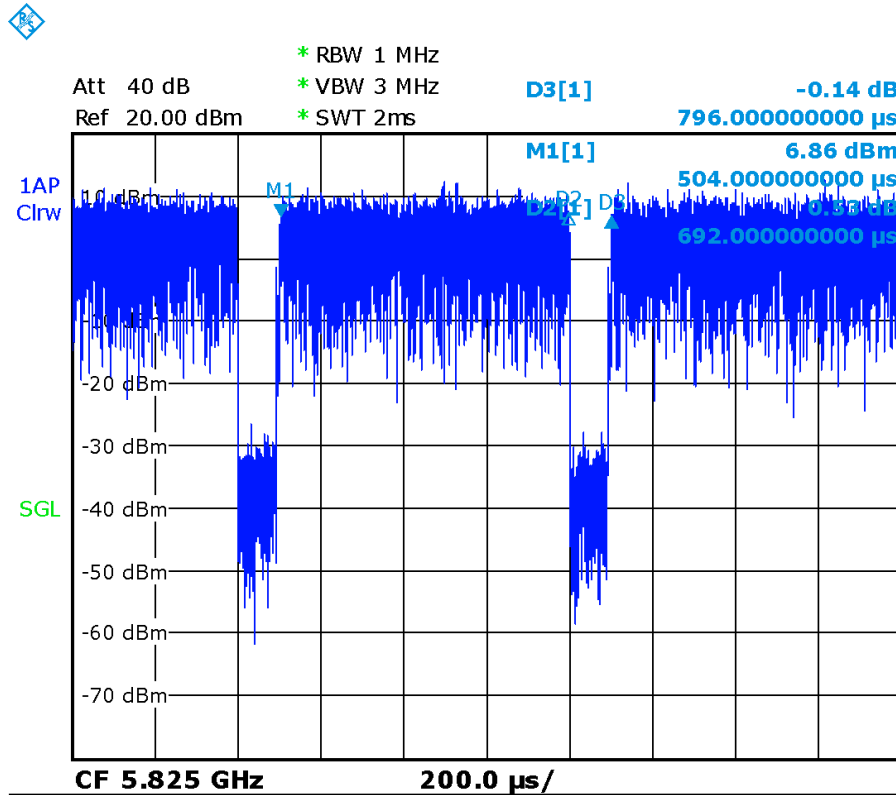
Frequency		Test Position	D (mm)	Actual duty factor	maximum duty factor	Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaled reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.						
5280	56	Rear	10	86.43%	100%	0.36	0.42
5660	132	Top	10	87.44%	100%	0.50	0.57
5825	165	Top	10	86.93%	100%	0.21	0.24



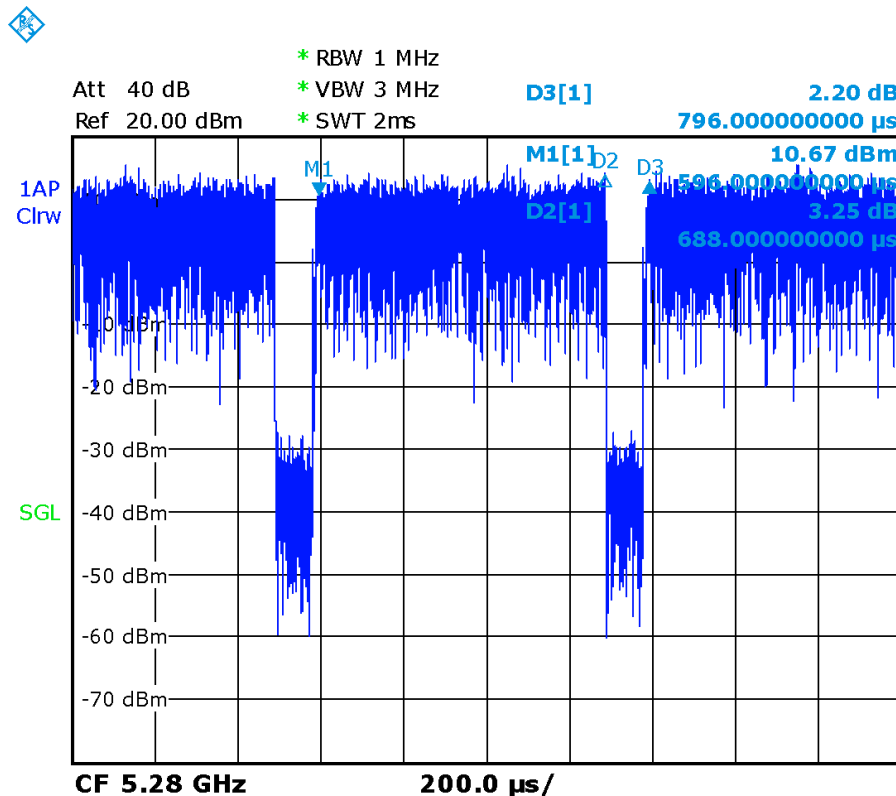
Picture 14.3 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-2A (Head)



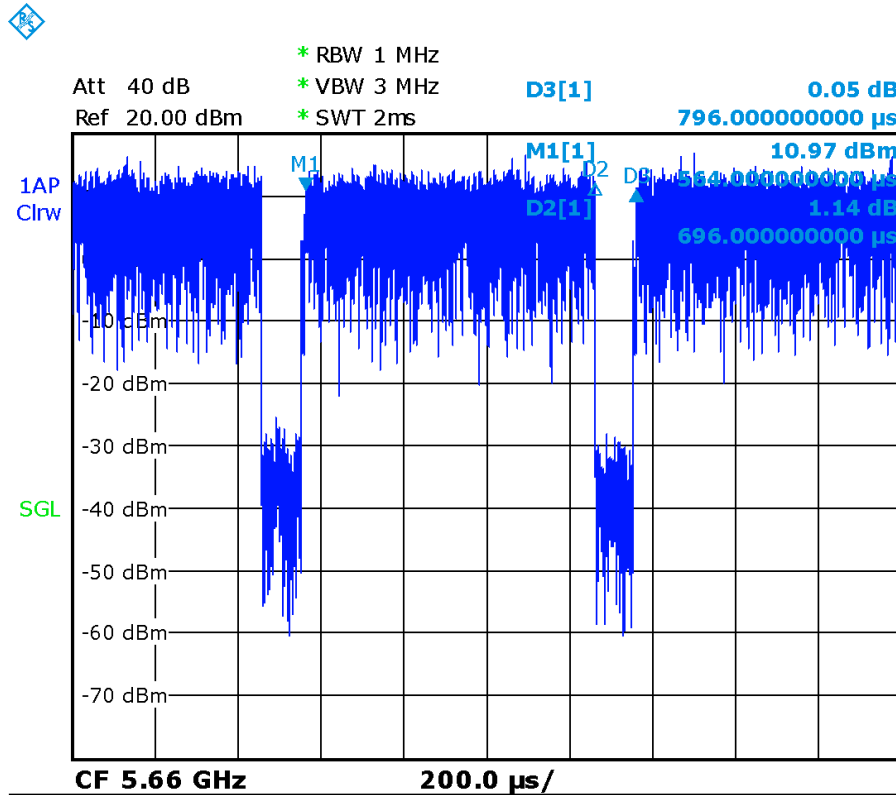
Picture 14.4 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-2C (Head)



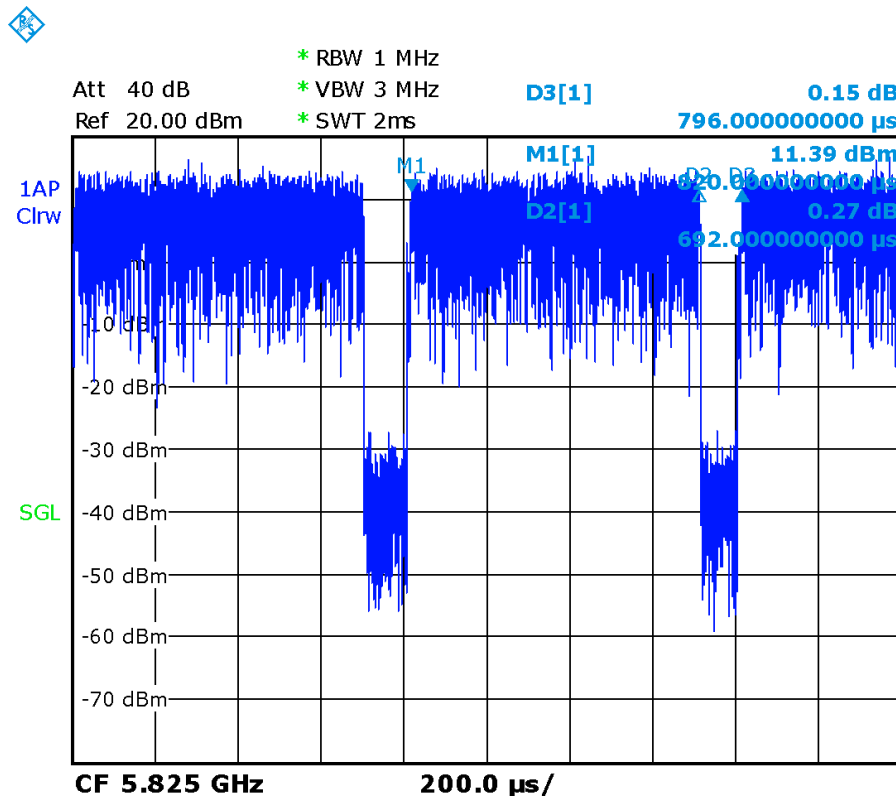
Picture 14.5 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-3 (Head)



Picture 14.6 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-2A (Body)



Picture 14.7 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-2C (Body)



Picture 14.8 The plot of duty factor for U-NII-3 (Body)

15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body W1700 (1g)

Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
1537	1712.4	Rear	10	1.07	1.06	1.01	/

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body W1900 (1g)

Frequency		Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz						
9938	1907.6	Rear	10	1.08	1.06	1.02	/

Table 15.3: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B2 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
19100	1900	1RB_Mid	Rear	10	1.03	1.02	1.01	/

Table 15.4: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B7 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
21100	2535	1RB_High	Rear	10	0.808	0.801	1.01	/

Table 15.5: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B66 (1g)

Frequency		Mode	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
Ch.	MHz							
132072	1720	1RB_Mid	Rear	10	0.926	0.918	1.01	/

16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521

Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.55	9.43	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$					19.1	18.9	

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞

	(target)									
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.7	10.6	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						21.4	21.1	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞

19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.4	10.3	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						20.8	20.6	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	B	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
Test sample related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5

	uncertainty									
17	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						13.5	13.4	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						27.0	26.8	

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 24, 2018	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	November 01, 2017	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100542		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	January 2, 2018	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 23, 2018	One year
07	BTS	CMW500	149646	October 31, 2017	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	7464	September 12, 2017	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1525	October 2, 2017	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D750V3	1017	July 19, 2017	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	July 19, 2017	One year
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1750V2	1003	July 21, 2017	One year
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 26, 2017	One year
14	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 21, 2017	One year
15	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2600V2	1012	July 21, 2017	One year
16	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D5GHZV2	1060	July 25, 2017	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A Graph Results

850 Right Cheek High

Date: 2018-5-27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.93$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.28, 10.28, 10.28)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.373 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.901 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 W/kg

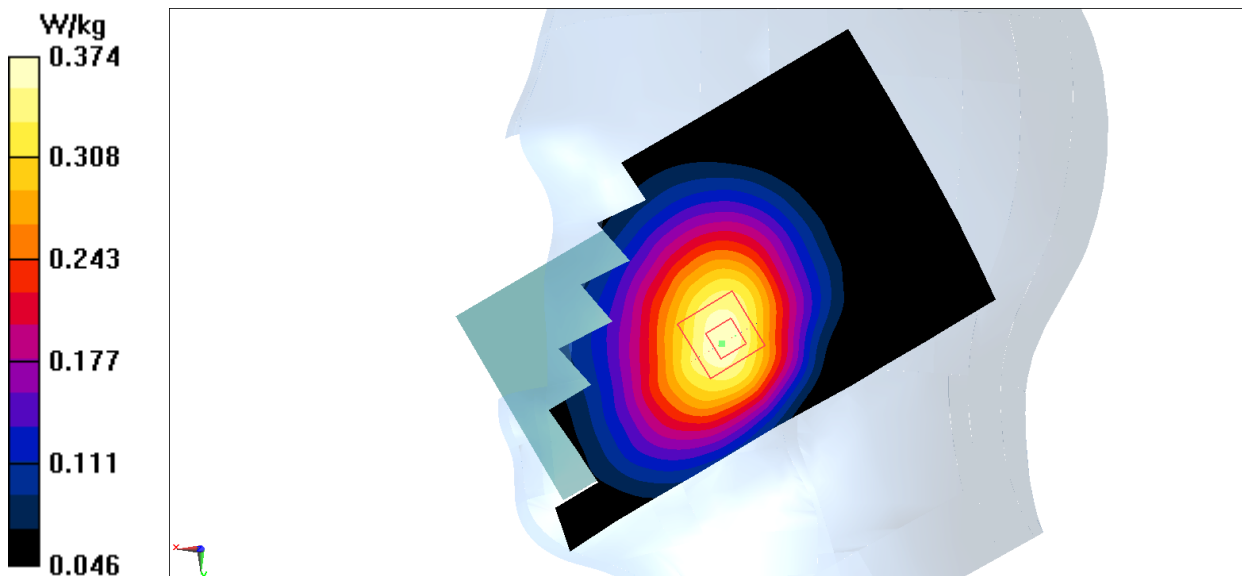


Fig.1 850MHz

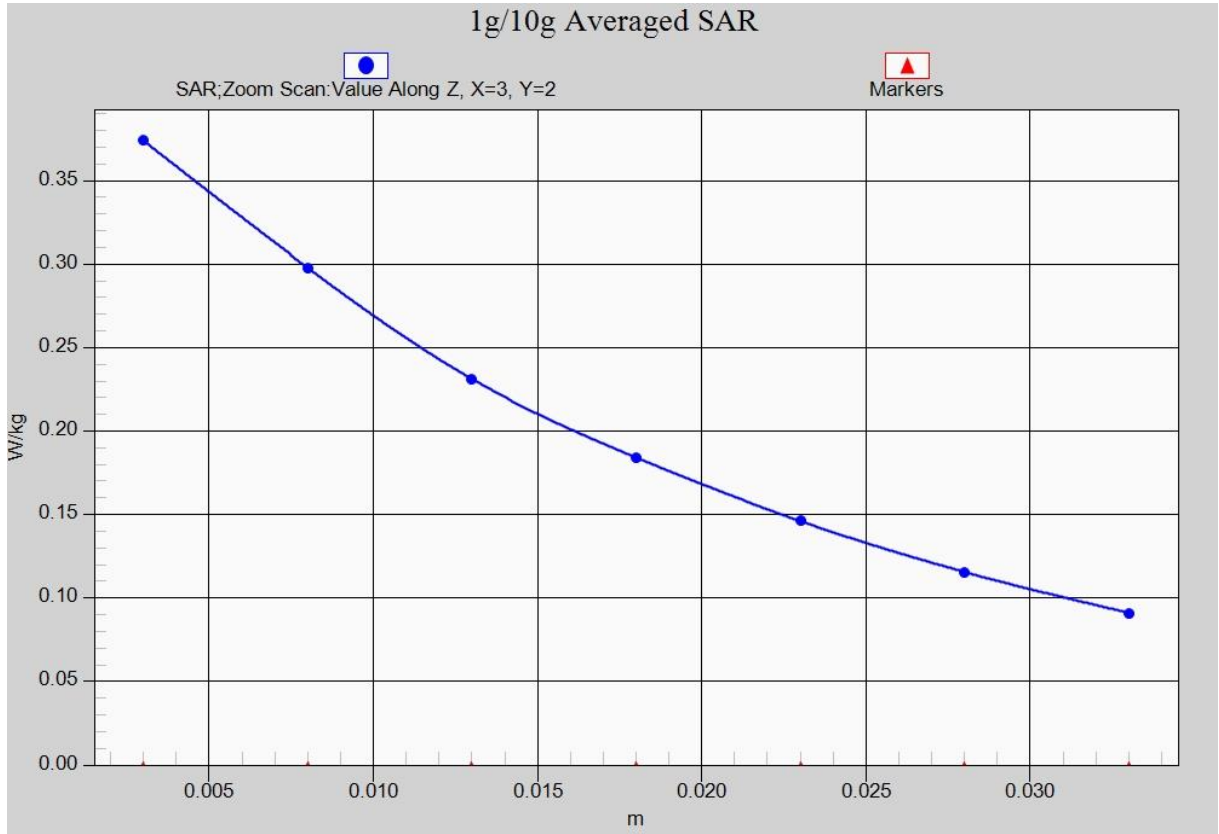


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

850 Body Rear High

Date: 2018-5-27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.993$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.76$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.655 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.544 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 W/kg

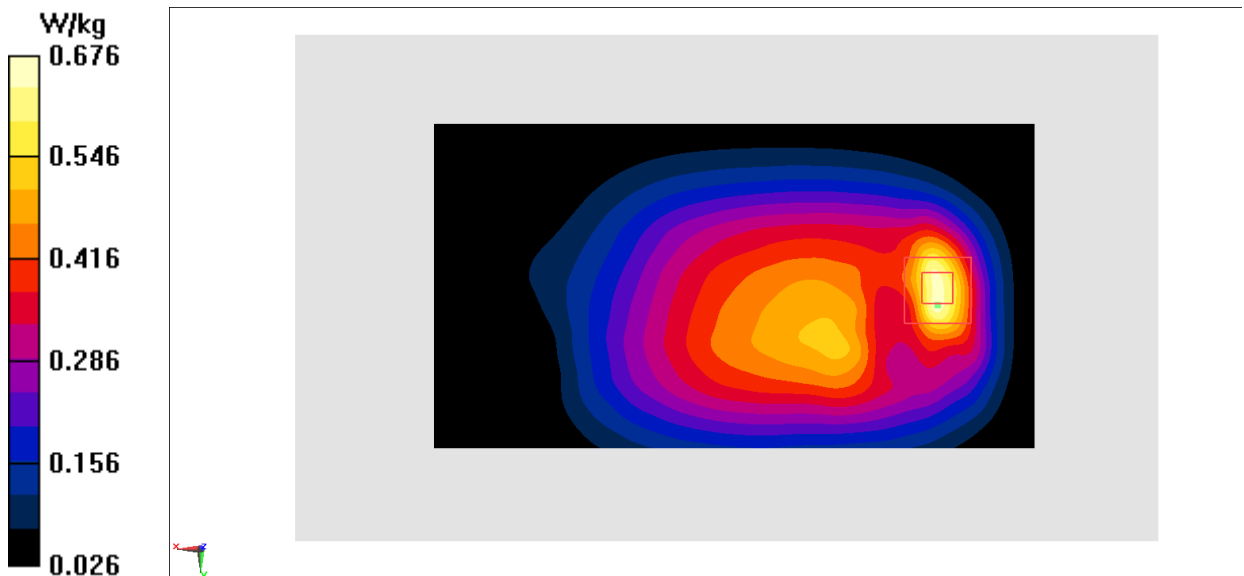


Fig.2 850 MHz

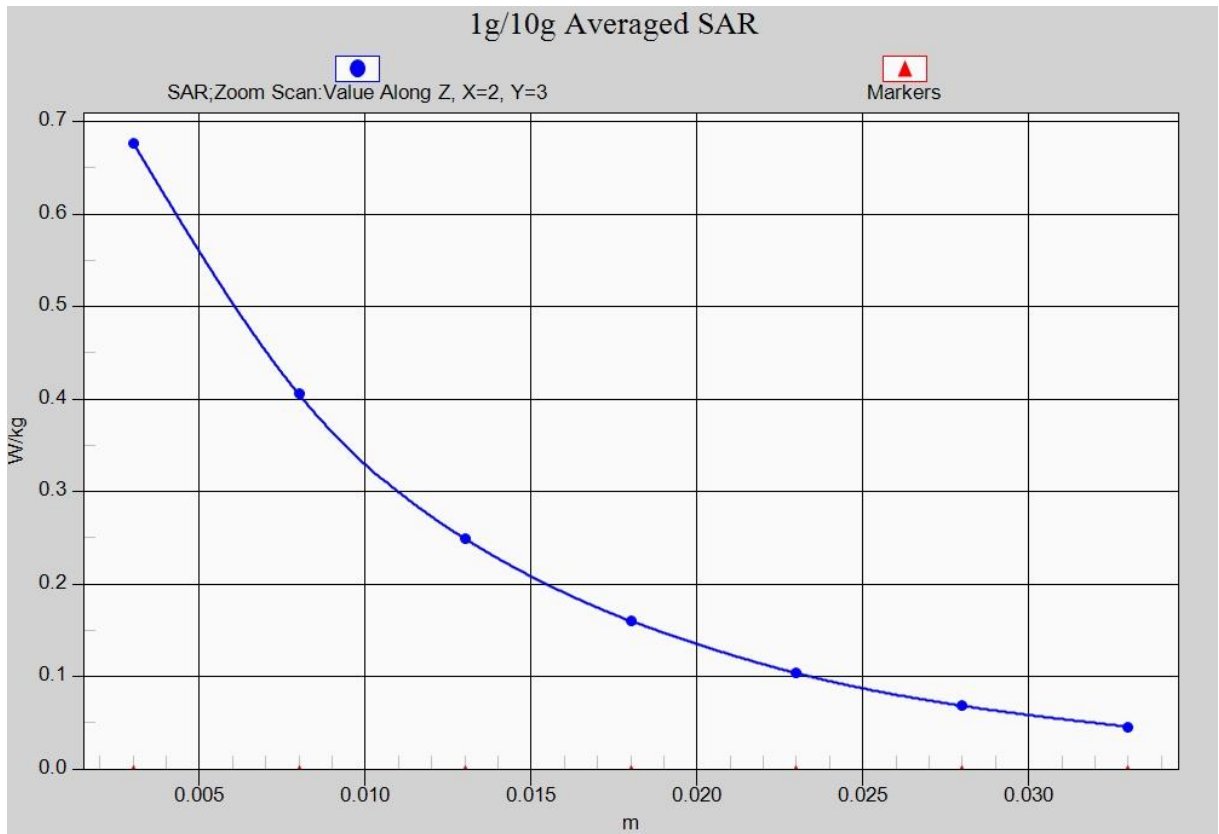


Fig. 2-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2018-5-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.446$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.71$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7464 ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.724 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg

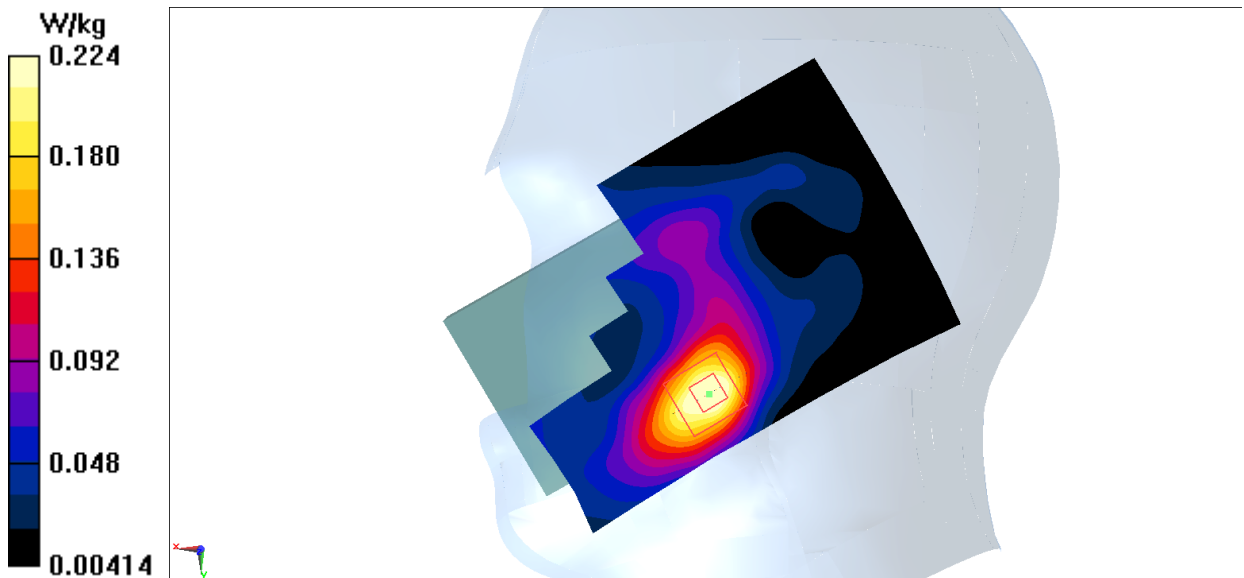


Fig.3 1900 MHz

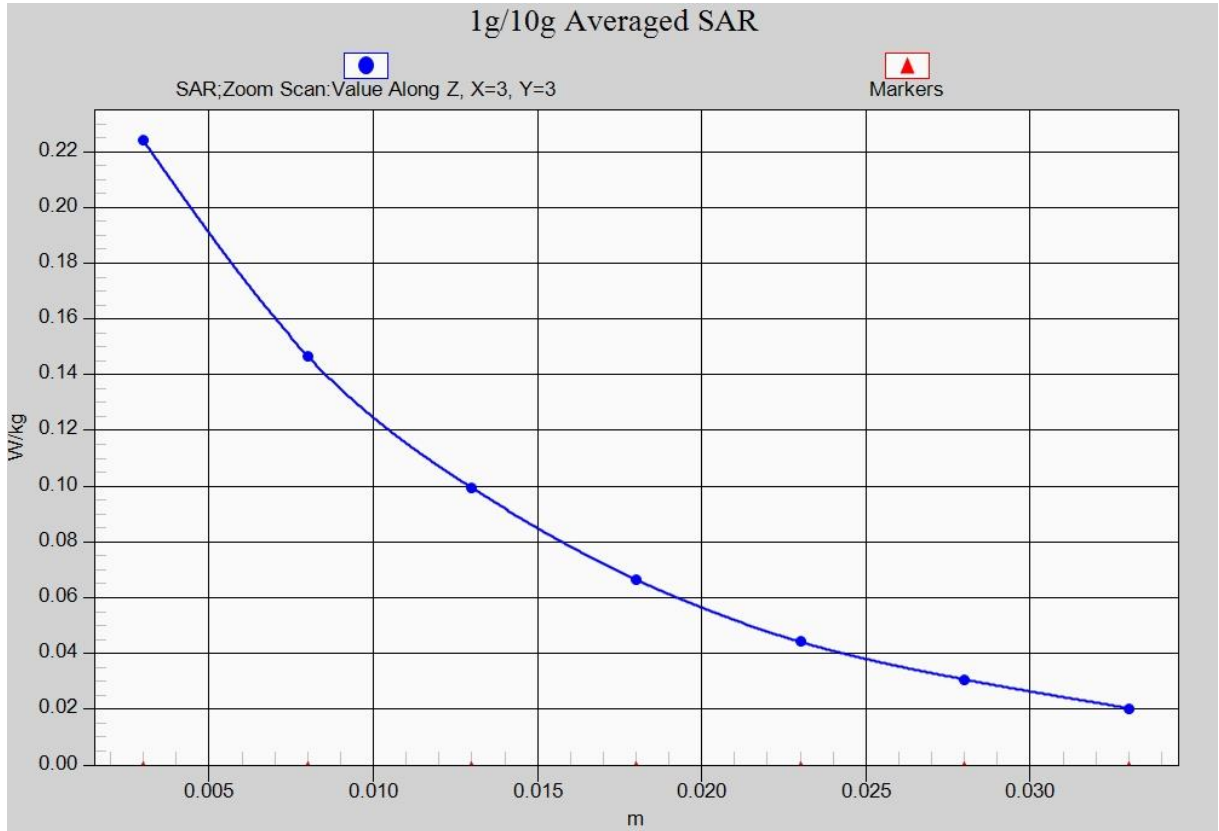


Fig. 3-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

1900 Body Rear High

Date: 2018-5-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.594$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.88$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: EX3DV4- SN7464 ConvF(8.32, 8.32, 8.32)

Area Scan (121x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.831 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.397 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 W/kg

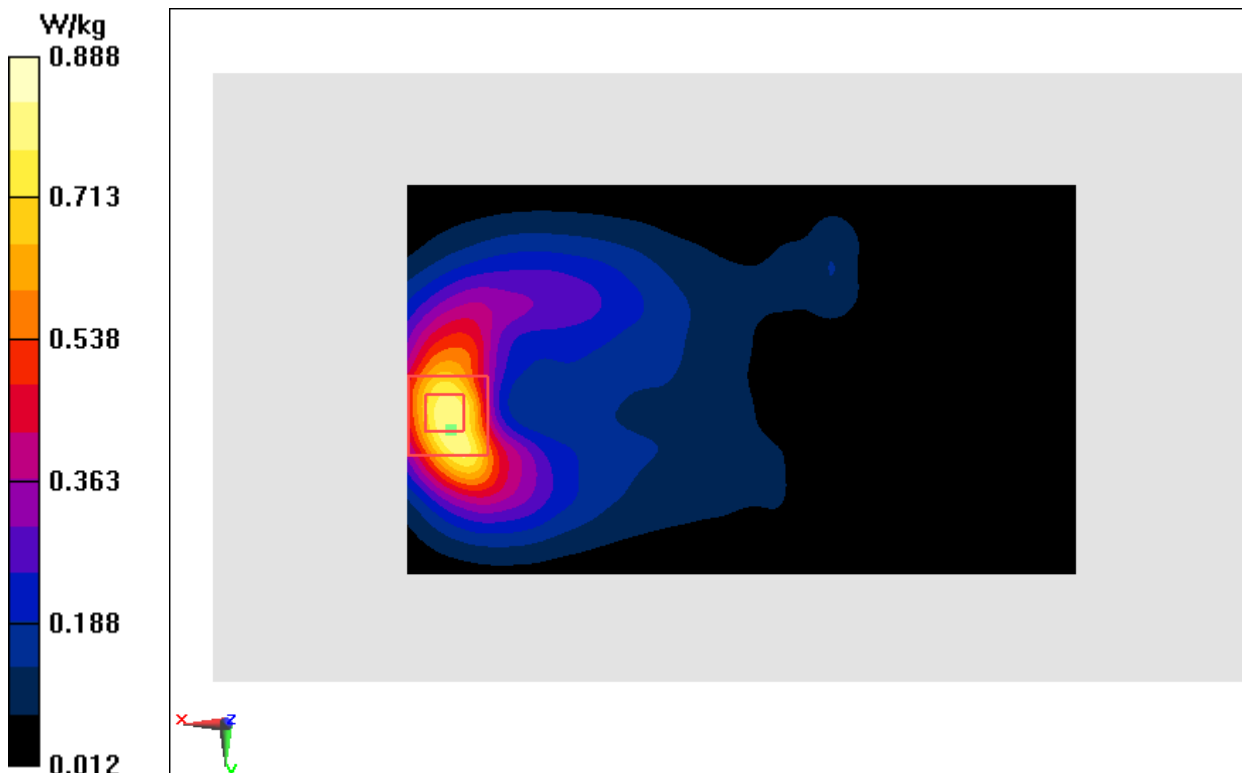


Fig.4 1900 MHz

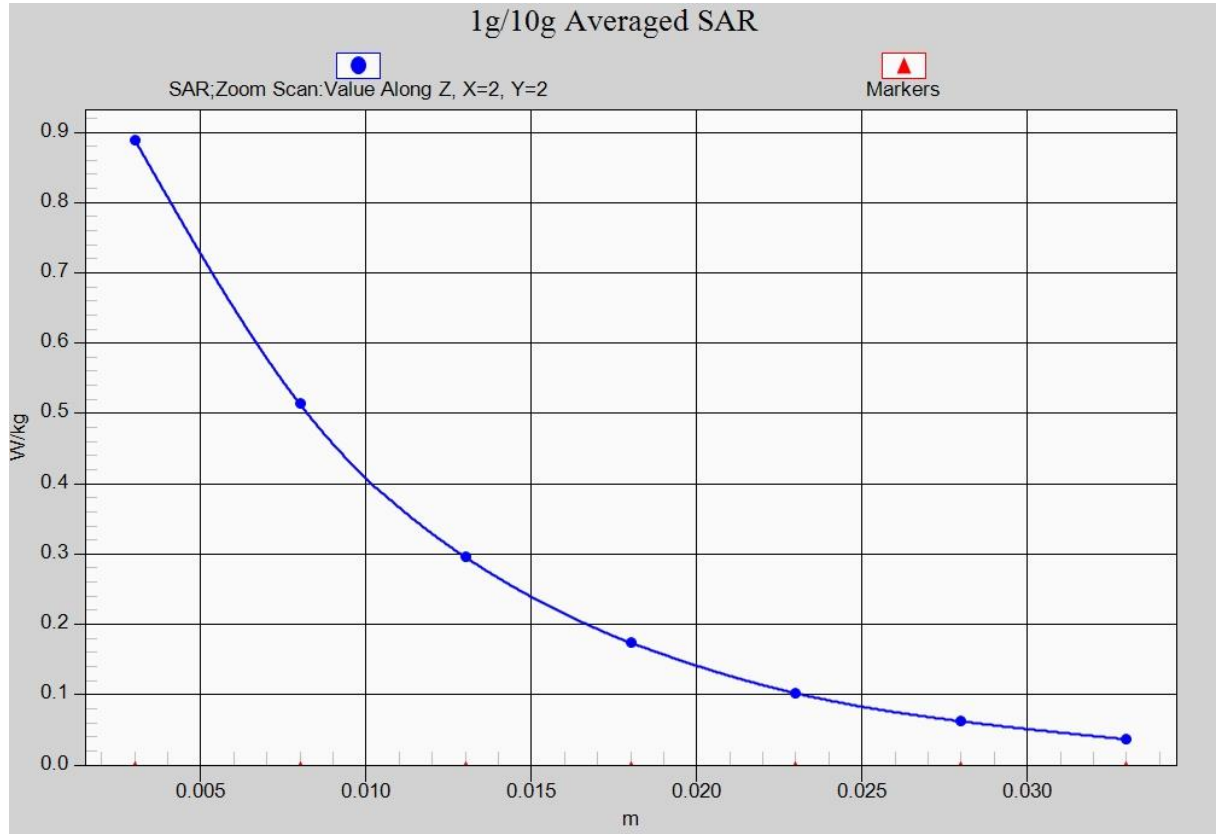


Fig. 4-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2018-5-27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.889$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.065$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.28, 10.28, 10.28)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.221 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.916 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.201 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg

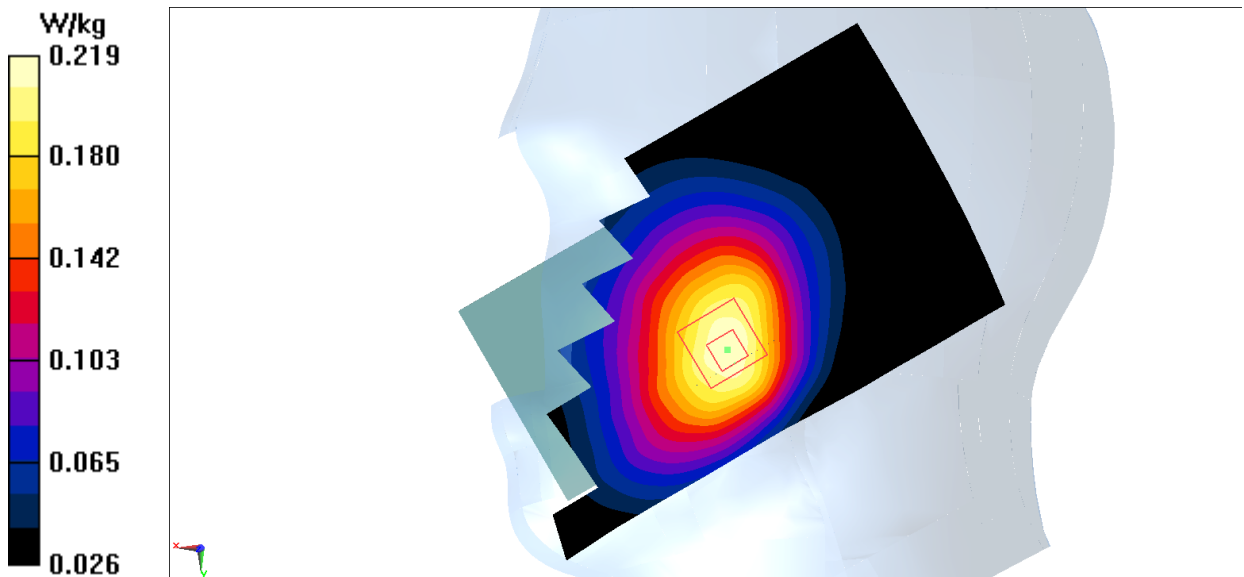


Fig.5 WCDMA 850

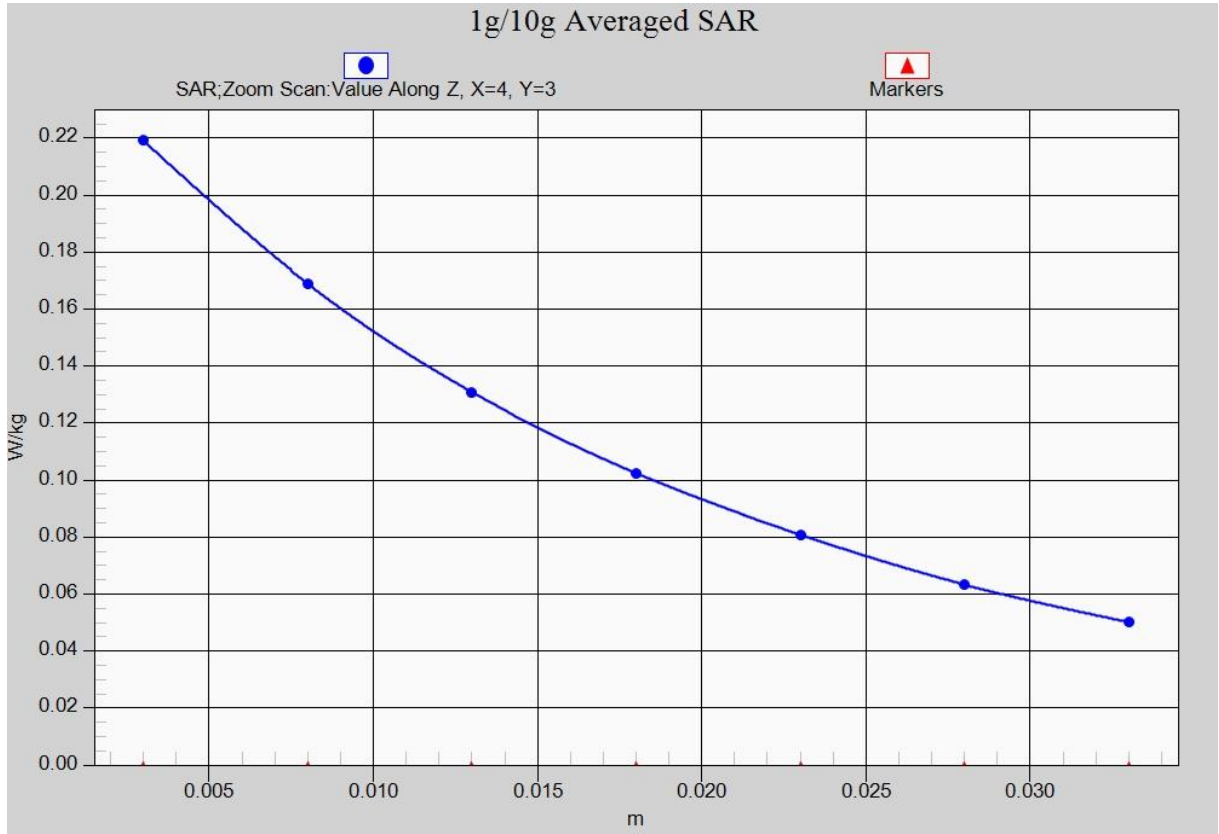


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

WCDMA 850 Body Rear Low

Date: 2018-5-27

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.956$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.394 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.562 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 W/kg

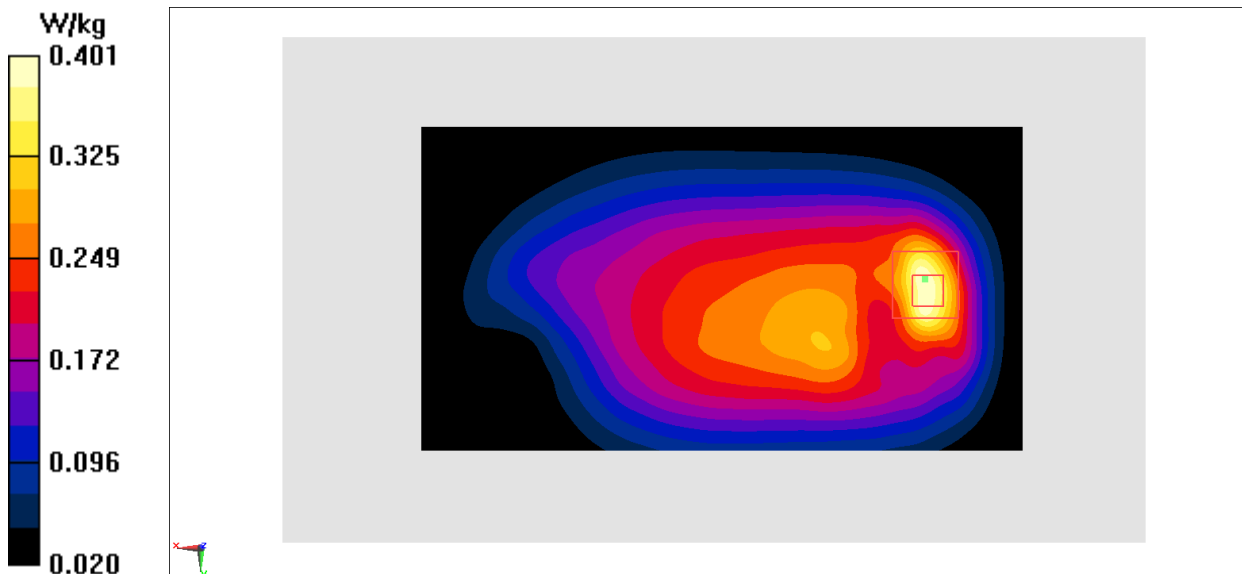


Fig.6 WCDMA 850

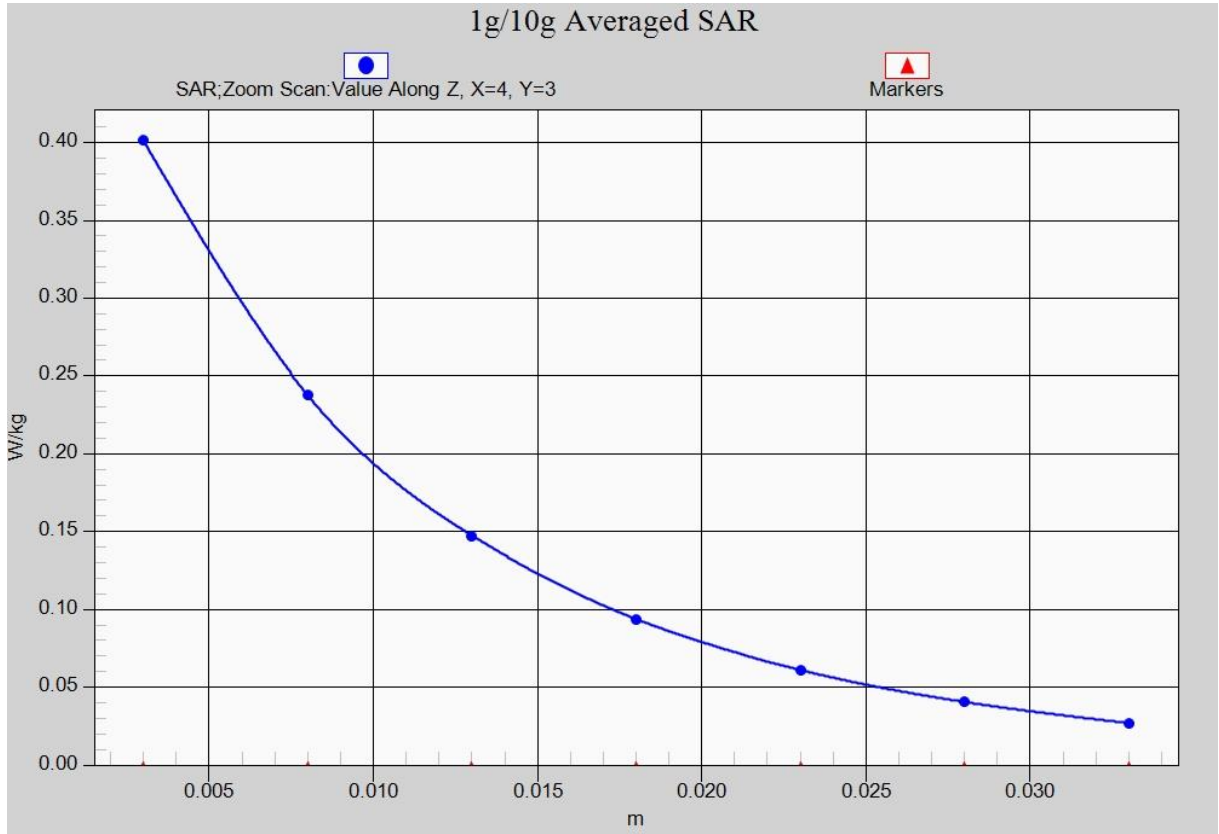


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)

WCDMA 1700 Left Cheek Low

Date: 2018-5-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.307$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.677$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1750 Frequency: 1712.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7464 ConvF(8.70, 8.70, 8.70)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.211 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg

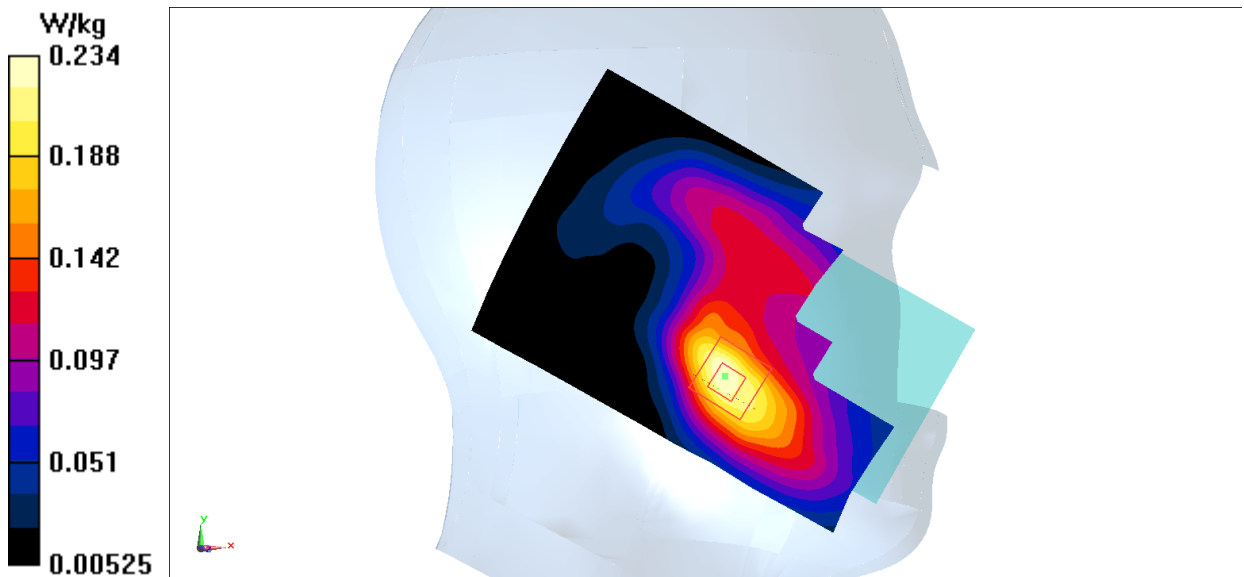


Fig.7 WCDMA1700

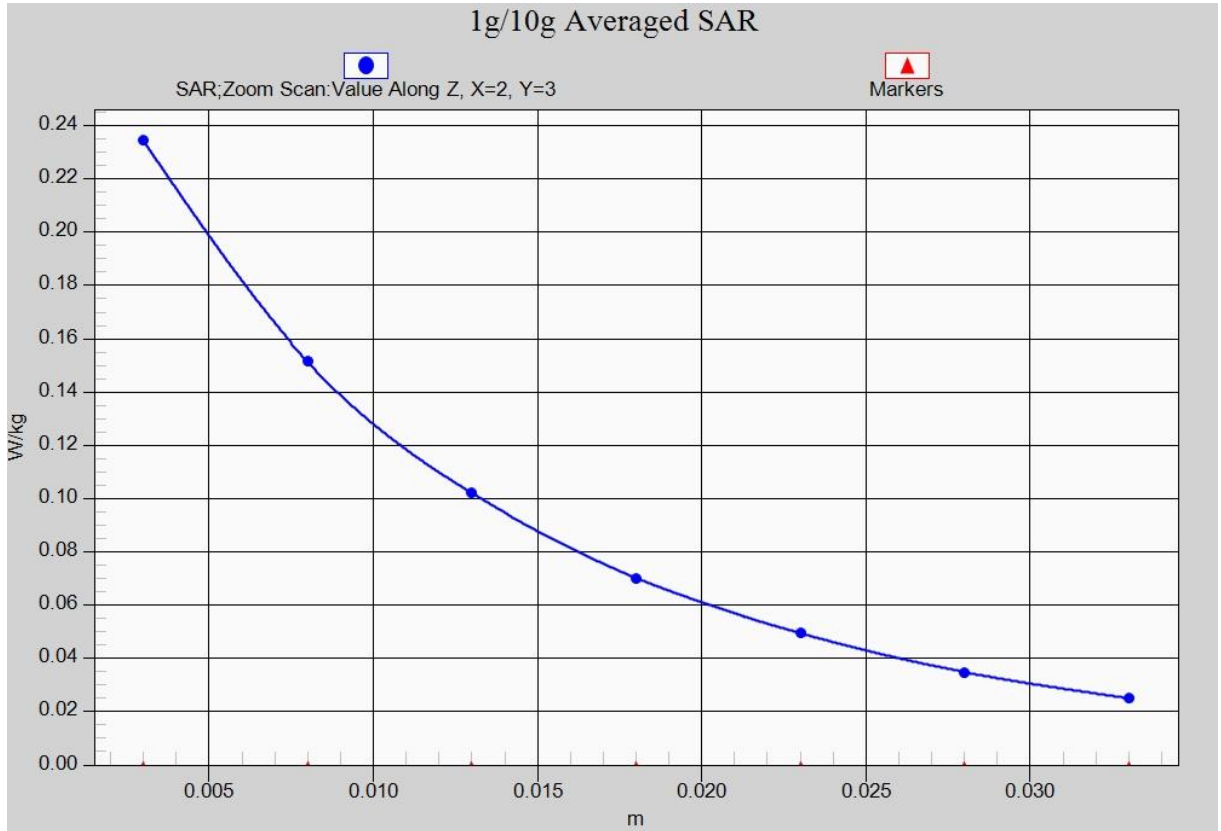


Fig. 7-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)

WCDMA 1700 Body Rear Low

Date: 2018-5-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.503$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.618$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1712.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7464 ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.582 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg

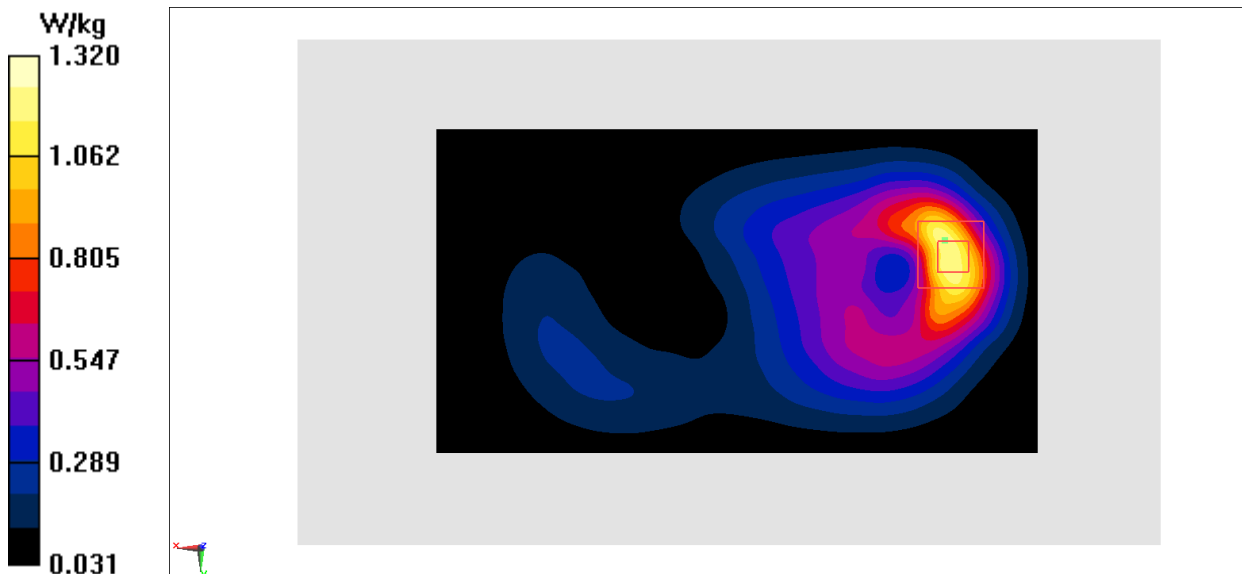


Fig.8 WCDMA1700

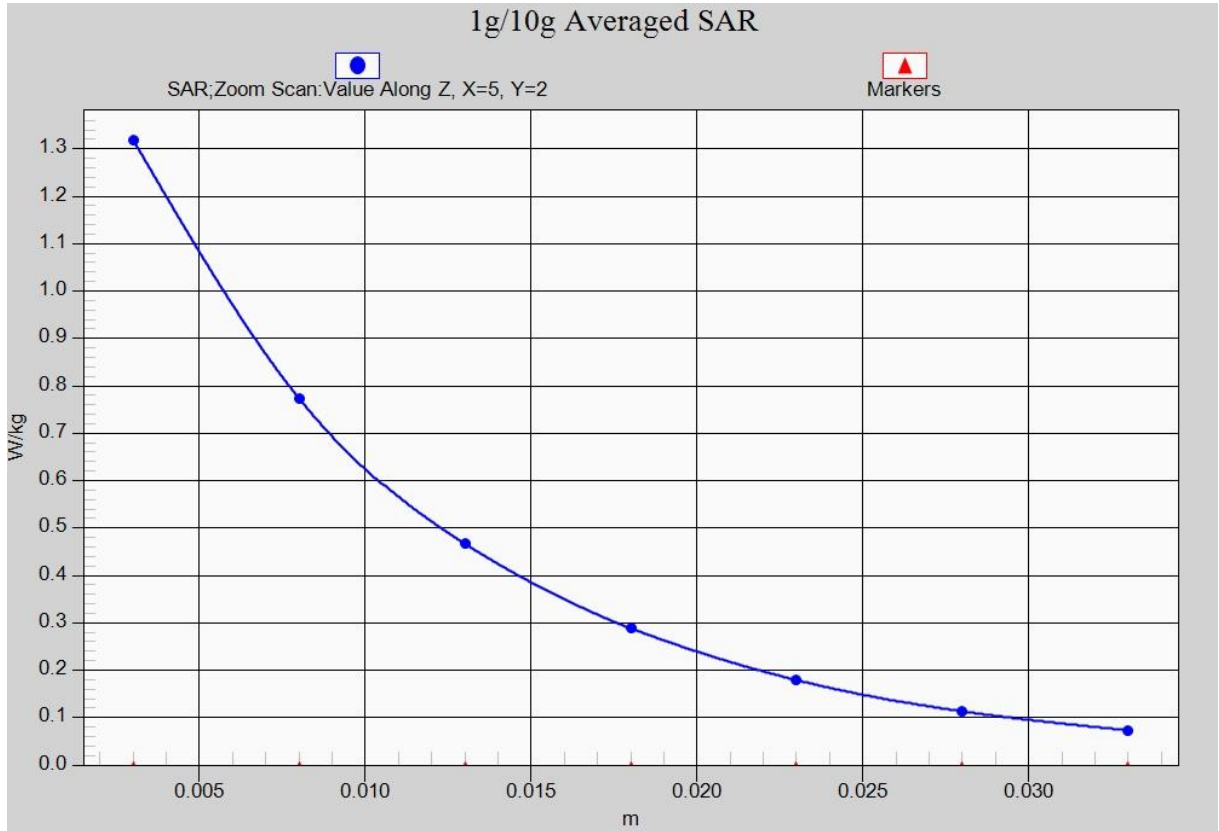


Fig. 8-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)

WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2018-5-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.446$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.71$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.9°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4– SN7464 ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.273 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.546 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 W/kg

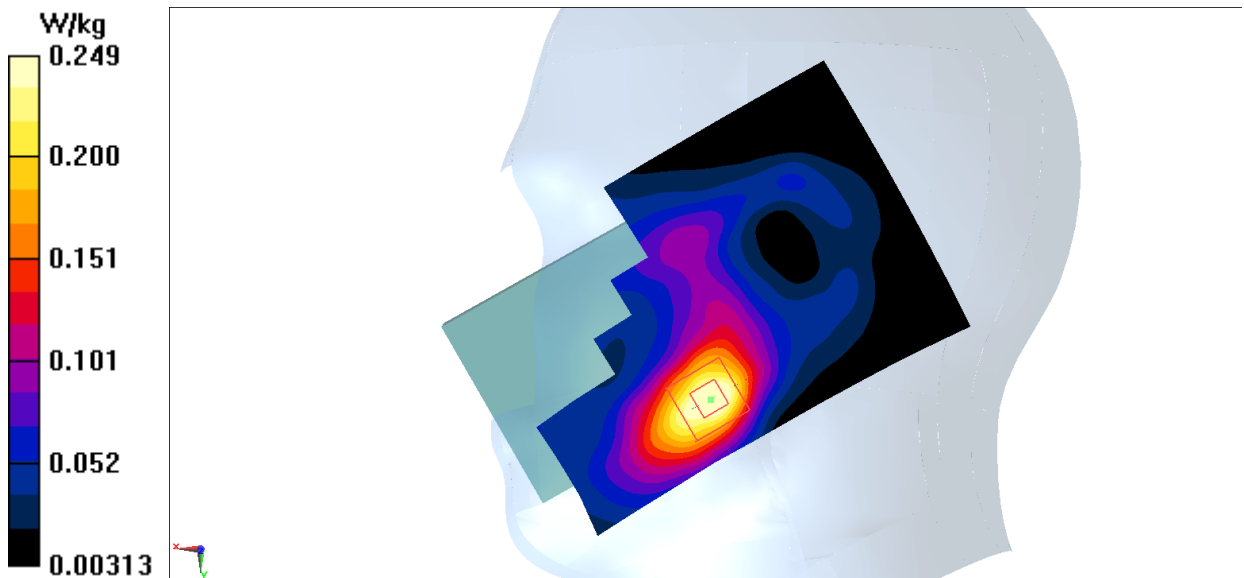


Fig.9 WCDMA1900

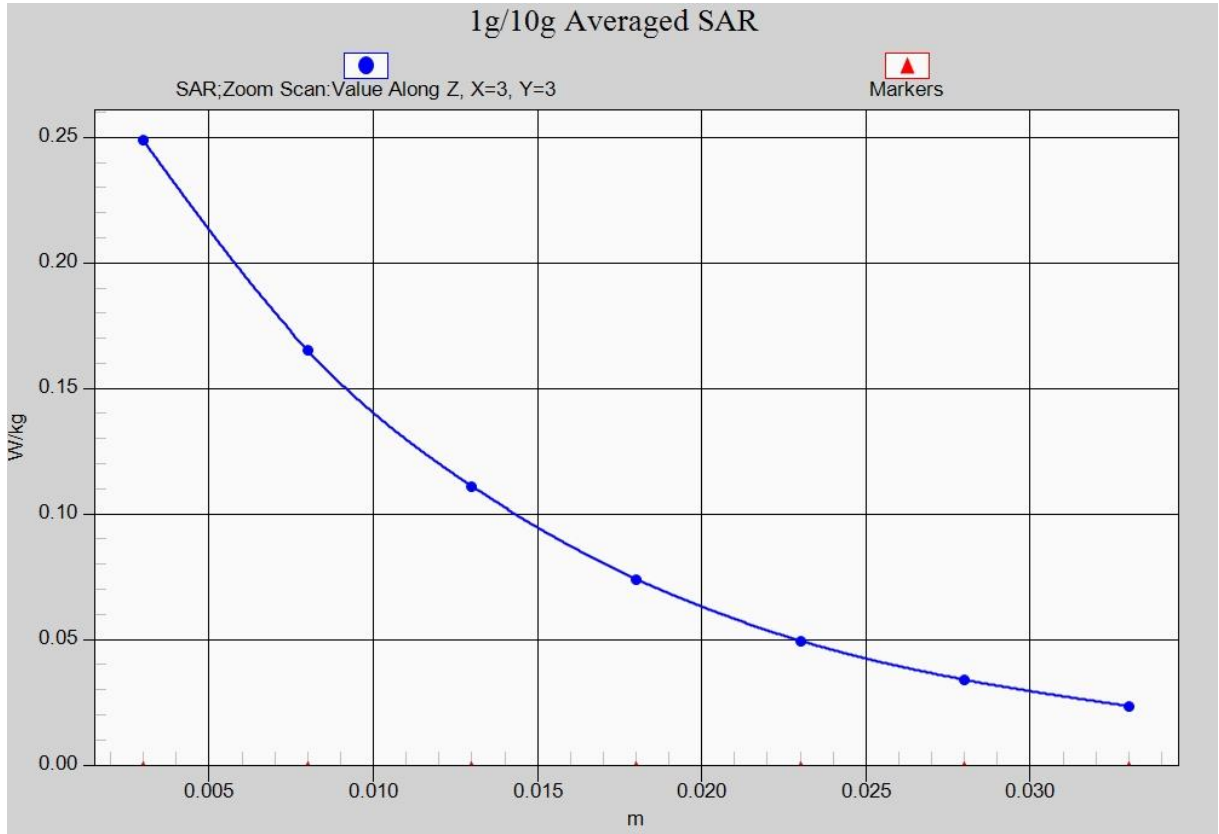


Fig. 9-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)