

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 - Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD835V3-1182_Apr22

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	CD835V3 - SN:	1182	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in a	ir
Calibration date:	April 20, 2022		
the measurements and the uncen	tainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages ar ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TI	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 4013	28-Dec-21 (No. EF3-4013_Dec21)	Dec-22
	SN: 781	22-Dec-21 (No. DAE4-781_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	ID # SN: GB42420191	Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	-	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 837633/005 SN: US41080477 Name	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 837633/005 SN: US41080477	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-22
Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 837633/005 SN: US41080477 Name	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20) 10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-22 Signature

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- S Service suisse d'étalonnage С
 - Servizio svizzero di taratura
 - Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All . figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole . positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any nonparallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	111.6 V/m = 40.95 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	108.1 V/m = 40.68 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	109.9 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.7 dB	40.4 Ω - 9.2 jΩ
835 MHz	25.0 dB	54.1 Ω + 4.2 jΩ
880 MHz	16.5 dB	61.9 Ω - 11.9 jΩ
900 MHz	16.0 dB	52.4 Ω - 16.3 jΩ
945 MHz	23.0 dB	44.3 Ω + 3.4 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

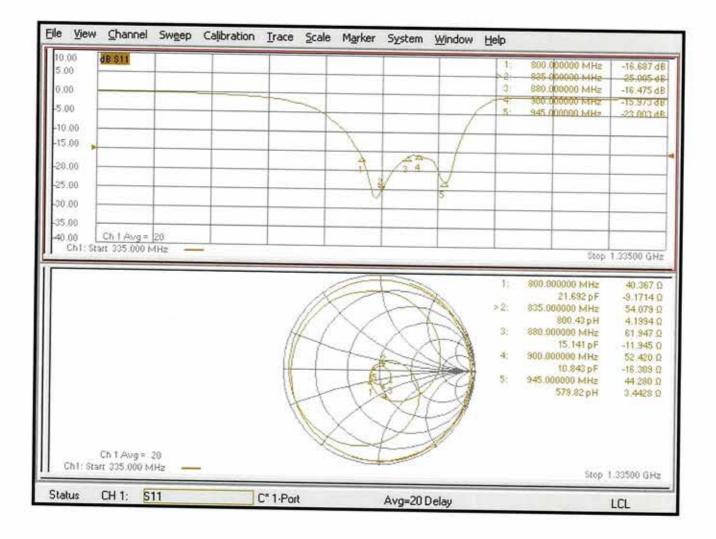
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 20.04.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1182

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

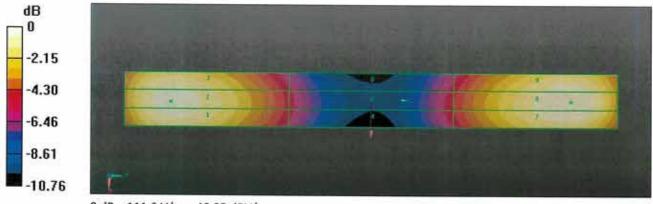
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 22.12.2021
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 136.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.95 dBV/m Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.58 dBV/m	40.67 dBV/m	40.4 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.92 dBV/m	35.93 dBV/m	35.65 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.87 dBV/m	40.95 dBV/m	40.7 dBV/m



0 dB = 111.6 V/m = 40.95 dBV/m



CD835V3, serial no. 1182 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

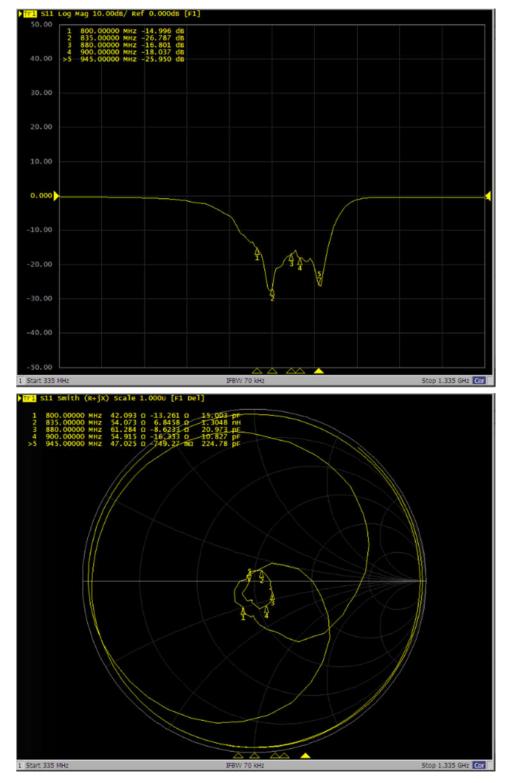
<Justification of the extended calibration>

CD835V3 – serial no. 1182						
		835MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
04.20.2022	-25.005		54.079		4.1994	
(Cal. Report)	-20.000		34.075		4.1004	
04.19.2023	-26.787	7.12	54.073	-0.006	6.8458	2.6464
(extended)	-20.787	7.12	54.075	-0.006	0.0430	2.0404

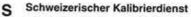
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - CD835 V3, serial no. 1182 (Data of Measurement : 4.19.2023) 835MHz - Head







- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- С Servizio svizzero di taratura s
 - Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1168_Apr22

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD1880V3 - SN	: 1168	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in a	lir
Calibration date:	April 20, 2022		
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE		y addity. environment temperature (22 ± 3)	C and numidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23 Apr-23
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	
eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23 Apr-23
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
robe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	28-Dec-21 (No. EF3-4013_Dec21)	Dec-22
AE4	SN: 781	22-Dec-21 (No. DAE4-781_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	School and Oberly
ower meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23 In house check: Oct-23
ower sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
F generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
letwork Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	754
approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	Sel Alger Sur
			Sur

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



- Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
 - Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

S

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

 ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any nonparallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52,10,4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.9 V/m = 38.78 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.3 V/m = 38.72 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	86.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	27.4 dB	51.4 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	18.5 dB	55.6 Ω + 11.3 jΩ
1900 MHz	19.2 dB	58.4 Ω + 8.5 jΩ
1950 MHz	23.9 dB	56.8 Ω - 0.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	26.1 dB	48.4 Ω + 4.6 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

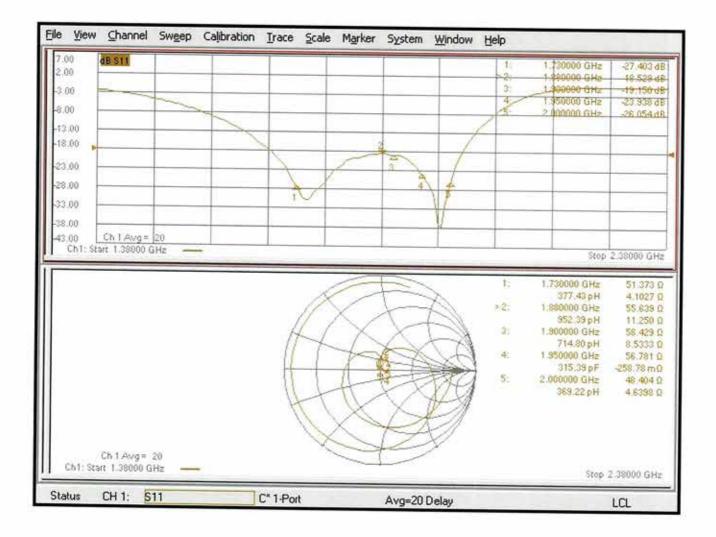
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 20.04.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1168

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³ Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

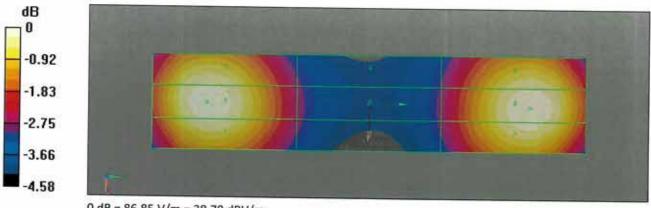
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 22.12.2021
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 156.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.78 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 38.72 dBV/m	the second second
	Grid 5 M2 36.04 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 35.91 dBV/m
and the contract of the track of the second	Grid 8 M2 38.78 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.5 dBV/m



0 dB = 86.85 V/m = 38.78 dBV/m



CD1880V3, serial no. 1168 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

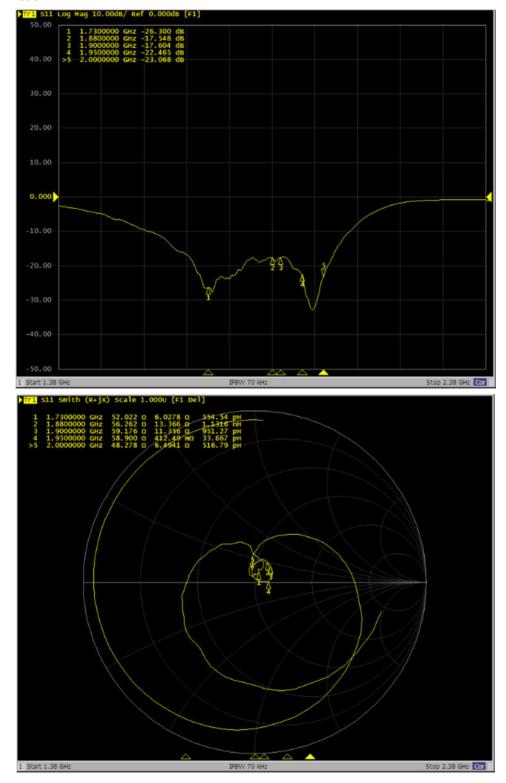
<Justification of the extended calibration>

CD1880V3 – serial no. 1168						
		1880MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
04.20.2022	-18.528		55.639		11.250	
(Cal. Report)	-10.020		00.000		11.200	
04.19.2023	-17.548	-5.28	56.262	0.623	13.366	2.116
(extended)	-17.040	-5.20	50.202	0.023	13.300	2.110

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - CD1880V3, serial no. 1168(Data of Measurement : 4.19.2023) 1880MHz - Head



Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

s p e a g

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton

Shenzhen City

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

S Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura S

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1664 Jun23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BO - SN: 1664 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) June 06, 2023 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 29-Aug-22 (No:34389) Aug-23 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit SE UWS 053 AA 1001 27-Jan-23 (in house check) In house check: Jan-24 Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 27-Jan-23 (in house check) In house check: Jan-24 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician Approved by: Sven Kühn

Issued: June 6, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Technical Manager

Calibration date:





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically . by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a . result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset . current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery . alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: Low Range:	1LSB = 1LSB =	6.1μV, 61nV,	-	-100+300 mV
DASY measurement p			sec; Measuring	-1+3mV time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	404.897 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.795 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.064 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.01050 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00216 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00196 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	103.5 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.49	1.23	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.73	1.27	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20000.04	1.60	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199995.81	0.34	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.06	-0.36	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.46	-0.66	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199995.02	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.24	-1.05	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.15	-0.27	0.00

1. DC Voltage Linearity

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.54	0.04	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	201.62	-0.05	-0.02
Channel X	- Input	-198.09	0.08	-0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.73	0.37	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200.69	-0.93	-0.46
Channel Y	- Input	-199.64	-1.44	0.73
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.50	0.19	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	201.01	-0.48	-0.24
Channel Z	- Input	-198.99	-0.67	0.34

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-3.60	-5.77
	- 200	7.18	5.56
Channel Y	200	6.87	6.45
	- 200	-8.88	-9.42
Channel Z	200	10.81	10.07
	- 200	-12.23	-12.25

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.19	-2.29
Channel Y	200	7.21	_	4.40
Channel Z	200	8.40	3.86	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15994	15578
Channel Y	16016	16505
Channel Z	16025	13608

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MΩ

- <u></u>	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.83	-1.42	2.59	0.60
Channel Y	-0.68	-2.31	0.41	0.40
Channel Z	-0.14	-0.90	0.93	0.36

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton Shenzhen City Certificate No.

EF-4053_Sep23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EF3DV3 - SN:4053
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v8 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air
Calibration date	September 15, 2023
This calibration certificate docu The measurements and the un	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). certainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been cond	sucted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 + 3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805)	Mar-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 789	03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-789_Jan23)	Jan-24
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	06-Oct-22 (No. ER3-2328 Oct22)	Oct-23

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	H.Meles
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	5.20
			Issued: September 15, 2023
This calibration certificate	shall not be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the lab	ooratory.



S C S C S C S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
En	incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
Ep	incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis
Polarization φ	arphi rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is
	normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz in R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- · Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (<i>k</i> = 2)
Norm (μ V/(V/m) ²)	0.73	0.75	1.59	±10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	101.2	97.6	100.3	±4.7%

Calibration Results for Frequency Response (30 MHz - 5.8 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-field (En) V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-field (En)	Target E-field (Ep) V/m	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-field (Ep)	Unc (<i>k</i> = 2)
30	77.1	76.9	-0.3%	77.1	77.0	-0.1%	±5.1%
100	76.9	77.8	1.2%	77.0	77.9	1.1%	±5.1%
450	77.1	78.3	1.4%	77.2	78.2	1.3%	±5.1%
600	77.1	77.8	0.9%	77.2	77.8	0.7%	±5.1%
750	77.2	77.7	0.6%	77.2	77.5	0.4%	±5.1%
1800	143.2	139.9	-2.3%	143.3	140.2	-2.2%	±5.1%
2000	135.2	129.6	-4.2%	135.1	129.5	-4.1%	±5.1%
2200	127.7	124.5	-2.5%	127.8	125.8	-1.6%	±5.1%
2500	125.4	120.1	-4.3%	125.5	121.2	-3.5%	±5.1%
3000	79.4	76.0	-4.3%	79.5	77.2	-2.9%	±5.1%
3500	255.8	254.6	-0.5%	256.1	252.2	-1.5%	±5.1%
3700	250.0	244.6	-2.2%	249.9	242.9	-2.8%	±5.1%
5200	50.2	50.1	-0.1%	50.1	50.4	0.5%	±5.1%
5500	49.6	48.7	-1.7%	49.6	49.0	-1.2%	±5.1%
5800	48.9	48.0	-1.8%	48.9	47.5	-2.8%	±5.1%

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A	В	С	D	VR	Max	Max
			dB	$dB\sqrt{\mu V}$		dB	mV	dev.	Unc ^E
									<i>k</i> = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	169.9	±3.5%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		167.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		152.8	ny vooraa	
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	3.00	66.27	10.22	10.00	60.0	±3.1%	±9.6%
		Y	6.96	76.89	16.18		60.0		
		Z	2.43	64.60	8.62		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Х	1.55	63.75	8.04	6.99	80.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Y	16.67	87.48	18.27		80.0		
		Z	1.16	62.16	6.42		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.70	61.97	6.24	3.98	95.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	89.71	17.43		95.0		
		Z	4.00	72.00	9.00		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Х	0.38	61.52	5.42	2.22	120.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	90.66	16.62		120.0	1	
		Z	0.46	61.36	3.90		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.85	70.74	16.71	1.00	150.0	±2.4%	±9.6%
		Y	1.91	68.37	16.43		150.0		
		Z	1.08	78.46	20.59		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.30	69.97	16.91	0.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	2.64	70.92	17.26		150.0		
		Z	1.84	72.62	17.10		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Х	2.53	70.65	18.94	3.01	150.0	±0.6%	±9.6%
		Y	3.68	74.92	20.88		150.0		
		Z	1.90	67.40	17.74		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Х	3.44	67.49	16.11	0.00	150.0	±1.6%	±9.6%
		Υ	3.66	67.92	16.34		150.0		
		Z	2.95	67.98	16.27		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.67	65.95	15.78	0.00	150.0	±2.7%	±9.6%
		Y	4.99	66.02	15.88		150.0		
		Z	3.82	67.23	16.04		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4053

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters

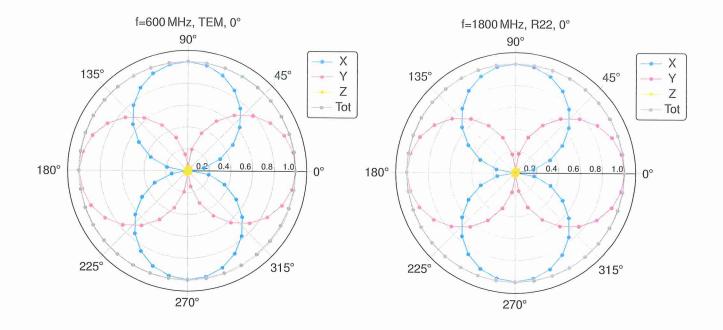
	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	0.04	-0.07	6.55
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 msV ^{−2}	T2 ms V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T 6
Х	33.7	216.67	35.11	5.62	0.28	4.94	1.33	0.00	1.00
У	57.1	374.83	36.47	12.87	0.70	5.02	1.28	0.27	1.01
Z	8.5	55.04	35.18	4.33	0.00	4.95	0.46	0.00	1.00

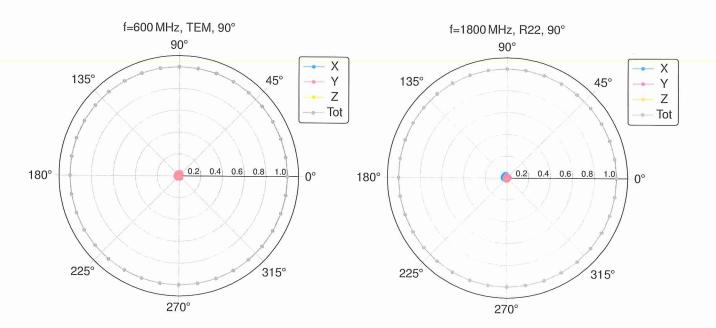
Other Probe Parameters

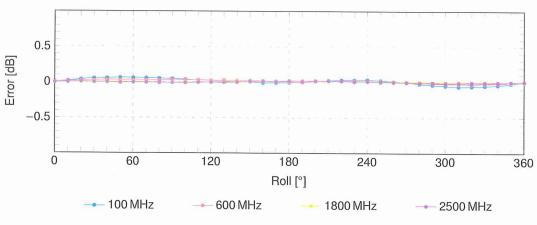
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle	168.4°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	25 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.5 mm



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



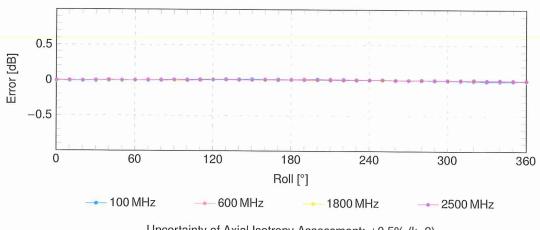




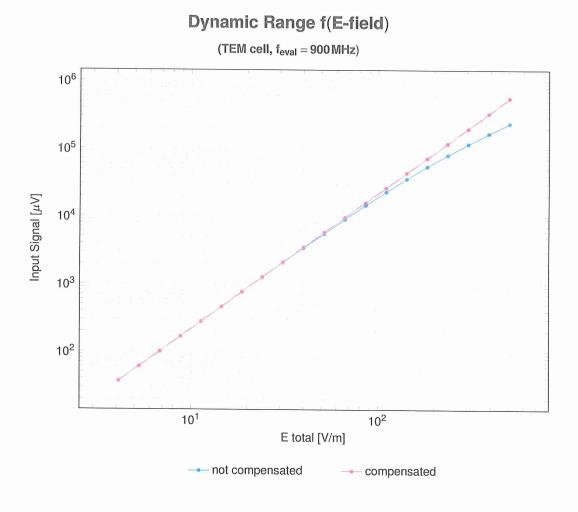
Receiving Pattern (ϕ **),** $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

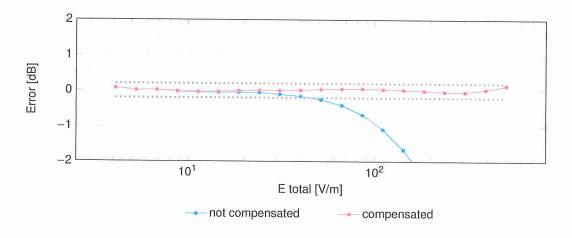
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ **),** $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.5% (k=2)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)