HAC T-Coil TEST REPORT

No. 23T04Z80846-17

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

GSM/UMTS/LTE/NR Mobile phone

Model Name: T613P

with

Hardware Version: 05

Software Version: 6FSE

FCC ID: 2ACCJH182

HAC-2019 Compliance: PASS

Issued Date: 2024-3-8

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
23T04Z80846-17	Rev.0	2024-3-8	Initial creation of test report

TABLE OF CONTENT

1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Introduction & Accreditation

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with lab code 7049.01, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN1349), and ISED accredited test laboratory (CAB identifier:CN0066). The detail accreditation scope can be found on A2LA website.

1.2 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL
Address:	No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191.

1.3 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

1.4 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Wang Tian
Testing Start Date:	January 15, 2024
Testing End Date:	March 6, 2024

1.5 Signature

Wang Tian

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)

2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

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2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
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Contact Person:	Annie Jiang
Contact Email:	nianxiang.jiang@tcl.com
Telephone:	+86 755 3661 1621
Fax	+86 755 3661 2000-81722

3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	GSM/UMTS/LTE/NR Mobile phone
Model name:	T613P
Operating mode(s):	GSM850/900/18001900, WCDMA B1/2/4/5/8 LTE Band 1/2/3/4/5/7/8/12/13/17/20/25/26/28/38/40/41/42/48/66 5G NR N1/2/3/5/7/20/26/28/38/40/41/48/66/71/77/78 BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G,NFC

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	356497200001491	05	6FSE
EUT2	356497200000253	05	6FSE
EUT3	359201860001127	05	6FSE
EUT4	359201860001137	05	6FSE

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	TLp049C9	/	Guangdong Fenghua New Energy Co.,Ltd

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Type	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service
GSM	850	VO	Yes	BT, WLAN	CMRS Voice
	1900				
GPRS/EDGE	850	DT	Yes		MEET
	1900				
WCDMA (UMTS)	850	VO	Yes	BT, WLAN	CMRS Voice
	1700				
	1900				
	HSPA	DT	Yes		MEET
LTE TDD	Band38/41/48	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, MEET
LTE FDD	Band2/4/5/7/12/13/17/25/26/66	V/D	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, MEET
NR	N2/5/7/26/n38/n41/n48/n66/n71/n77/n78	DT	Yes	BT, WLAN	VoNR, MEET
BT	2450	DT	NA	WWAN	NA
WLAN	2450	V/D	Yes	WWAN	VoWiFi, MEET
WLAN	5G	V/D	Yes	WWAN	VoWiFi, MEET

NA: Not Applicable VO: Voice Only V/D: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport DT: Digital Transport
Note1= The device have similar frequency in some bands：2/25,4/66,5/26,12/17,38/41 since the supported frequency spans for the smaller bands are completely cover by the larger bands, therefore, only larger bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

4 Reference Documents

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19	American National Standard Methods of Measurement of Compatibility Between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids	2019 Edition
KDB285076 D01v06r04	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	2023 Edition
KDB285076 D02v04	Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services	2022 Edition
KDB285076 D03v01r06	Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions	2022 Edition

5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY6/8 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows 10 system and HAC Measurement Software DASY6/8, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

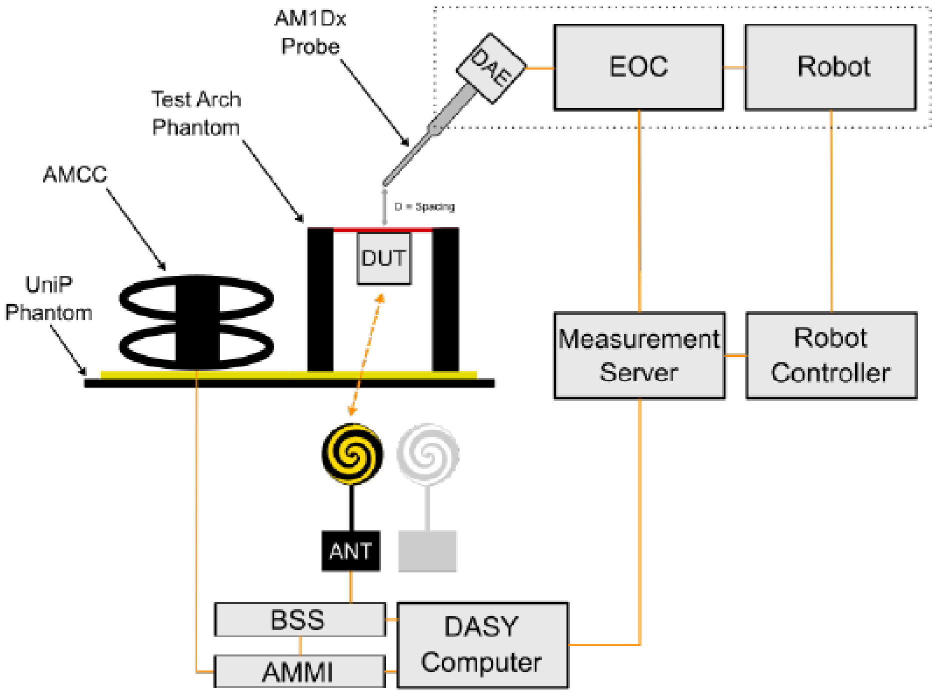


Figure 5.1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

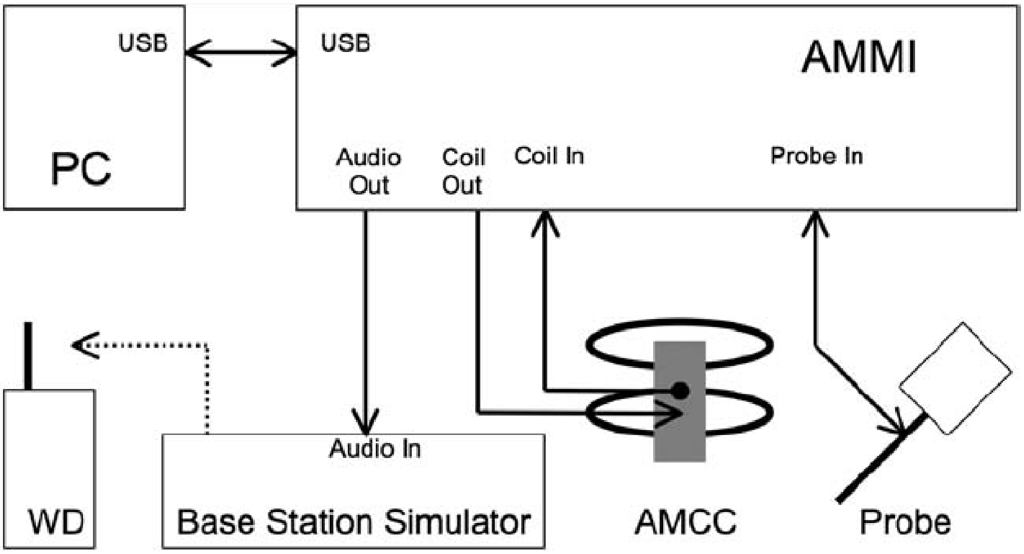


Figure 5.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

5.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V "phantom" voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards).

Specification:

Frequency range	0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)
Sensitivity	< -50dB A/m @ 1kHz
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19

5.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 50Ohm, and a shunt resistor of 10Ohm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	**Connector**	**Resistance**
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10Ohm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

Specification:

Dimensions	370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI-C63.19

5.4 AMMI

Figure 5.3 AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.

Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

5.5 Test Arch Phantom &Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field <±0.5 dB.

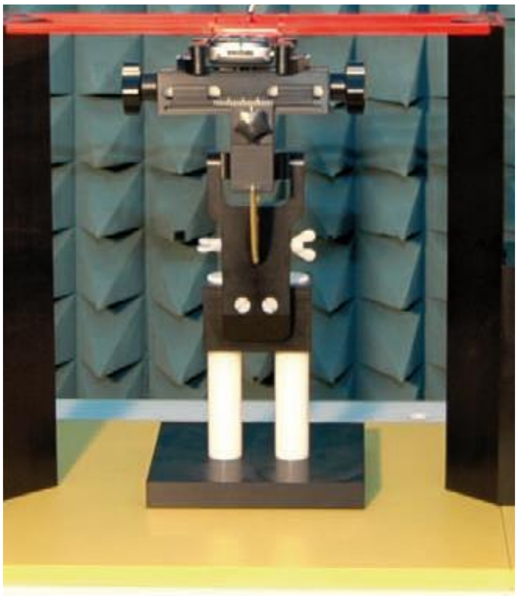


Figure 5.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

5.6 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2

Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows 10

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY6/8 cD6 HAC

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock

5.7 T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

The T-Coil measurement plane, reference plane and other measurement parameters shall be:

a) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.

b) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane

c) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.

d) The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.

e) Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ±0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated.

f) Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum desired ABM signal strength location.

g) The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

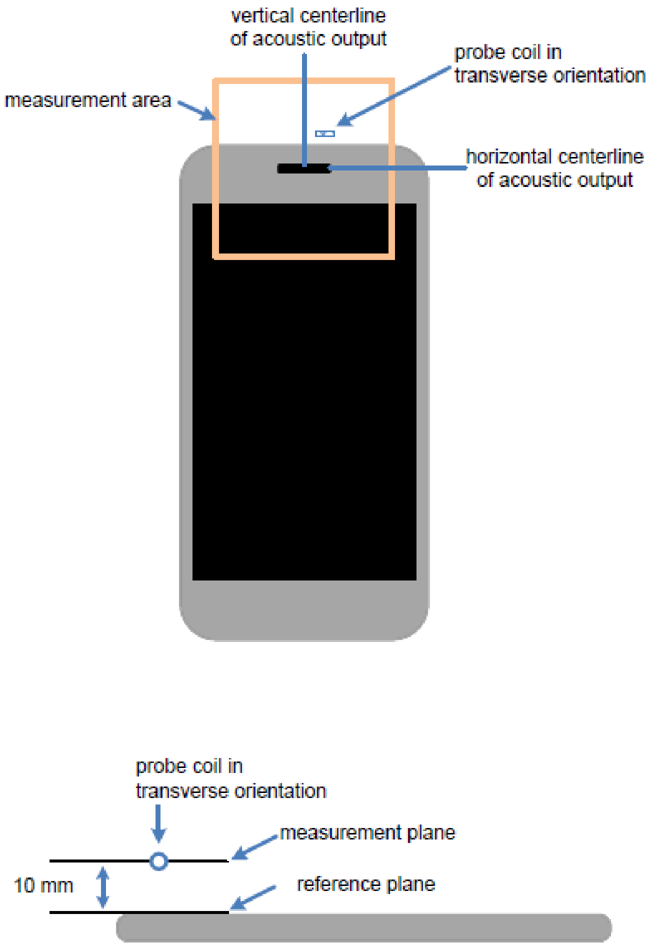


Figure 5.5 Measurement and reference planes probe orientation for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

6 T-Coil TEST PROCEDUERES

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field：

a) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.

b) Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in C63.19-2019 section 6.3.2.

c) Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator.

d) The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in Table 6-1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used.35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.

e) At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).

f) At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band.36 Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input–output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB(A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of section 7.

g) At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.

h) Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified. Compare this to the requirements section 7 and record the result.

i) Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in section 7.

Table 6-1:T-Coil signal quality categories

Standard	Protocol	Input (dBm0)
TIA-2000	CDMA	−18
TIA/EIA-136	TDMA (50 Hz)	−18
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	−16
T1/T1P1/3GPP (See Note 1)	UMTS (WCDMA)	−16
iDEN®	TDMA (22 Hz and 11 Hz)	−18
VoIP a (See Note 2)	Voice over Internet Protocol	−16
NOTE 1—For UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System), refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132 (http://www.3gpp.org). NOTE 2—VoIP is used in this table as a general term specifying a group of voice services that use −16 dBm0 as their normal acoustic level. The group includes a variety of voice services, including Voice-over-LTE (VoLTE), Voice-over-IP-multimedia-subsystem (VoIMS), Voice-over-Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) and similar services. For 3G, LTE, and WLAN terminals used for Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) based telephony, refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.		

7 T-Coil PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

In order to comply with the requirements for T-Coil use, a WD's tested operating modes shall simultaneously meet the requirements for minimum desired ABM signal level and maximum undesired ABM field contained in this part at the minimum specified number of scanned locations

7.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths

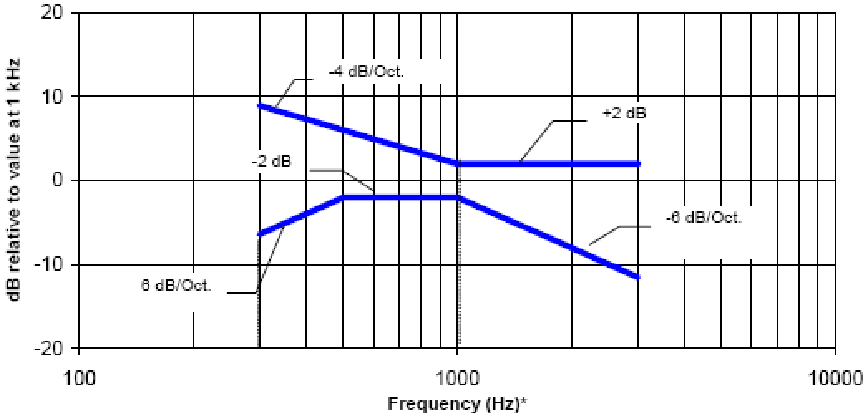
When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal, ≥−18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. Simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤−38 dB(A/m).

Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤−38 dB(A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

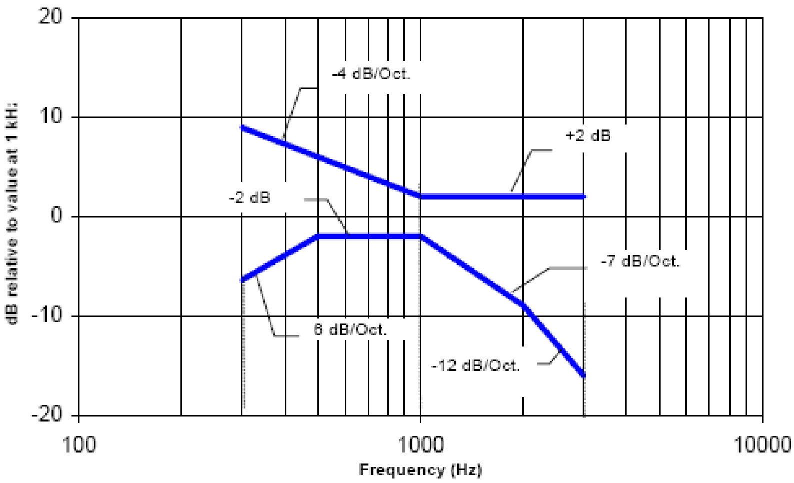
7.2 Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a fieldthat exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

7.3 Desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field qualification requirements

For a WD that is expected to operate primarily in radio access technologies that include 2G GSM for legacy support, the WD shall be qualified for telecoil compatibility one of two ways:

a) The WD shall be rated for telecoil use for all other voice operating modes, exclusive of 2G GSM, according to the section 7.3.1.

b) If the WD is to be rated for telecoil use in its 2G GSM operating modes, these modes shall be qualified according to the section 7.3.2.

7.3.1 Non-2G GSM operating modes

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of 7.1; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points.

The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiguous measurement points.

Additionally, to avoid an oddly shaped area of low noise, the secondary group shall include at least one longitudinal column of at least 10 contiguous qualifying points and at least one transverse row containing at least 15 contiguous qualifying points.

7.3.2 2G GSM operating modes

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of 6.6.2; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points.

The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiguous measurement points.

8 2/3G Voice DUT CONFIGURATION

8.1 GSM Codec Investigation

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the DUT.

GSM CMRS Codec Investigation

Codec Setting	NB FR	NB HR	EFR	Orientation	Band	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	341	356	367	Y(Transverse)	GSM1900	661
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	76	85	89			

8.2 UMTS Codec Investigation

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the DUT.

WCDMA/UMTS CMRS Codec Investigation

Codec Setting	AMR 12.2kbps	AMR 7.95kbps	AMR 4.75kbps	WB 6.6 kbps	Orientation	Band	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	664	676	676	676	Y(Transverse)	WCDMA 1900	9400
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	277	285	292	283			

9 VoLTE TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

9.1 Test System Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoLTE over I Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.
MS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoLTE over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

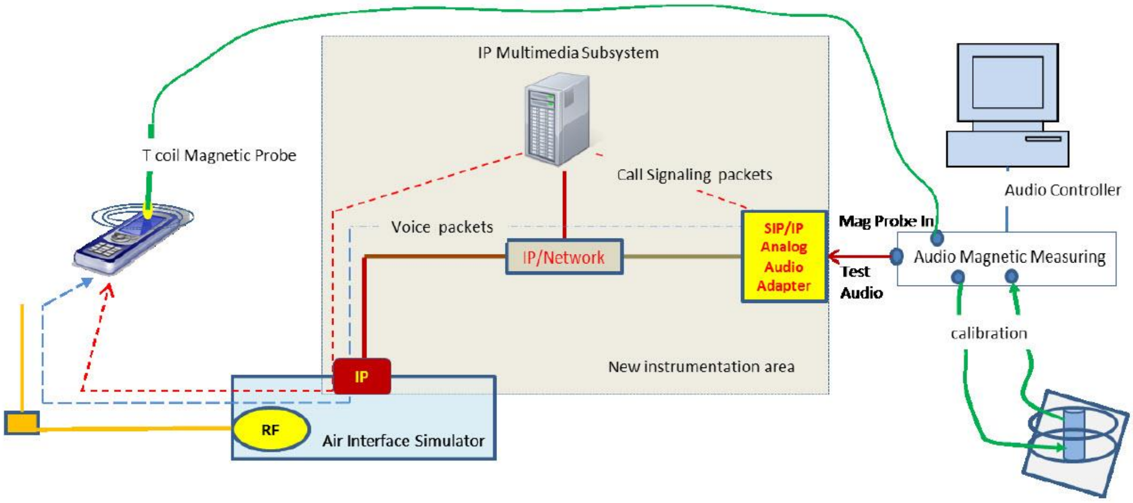


Figure 9.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoLTE server for testing:

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
for LTE	KS500	LTE FDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KS550	LTE TDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6
for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC

9.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoLTE over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

AMR Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

Codec Setting	WB AMR 23.85kbps	WB AMR 6.60kbps	NB AMR 12.2kbps	NB AMR 4.75kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	524	529	517	534	Y(Transverse)	B25/20M	26365
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	142	138	166	178			

EVS Codec Investigation – VoLTE over IMS

Codec Setting	EVS Primary WB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps	EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary NB 5.9kbps	Orientation	Band /BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	535	533	525	531	Y(Transverse)	B25/20M	26365
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	161	94	172	153			

9.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. 20MHz BW, QPSK, 1RB, 50RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

VoLTE over IMS SNR by Radio Configuration

Band	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset(%)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
LTE B25	26365	20	QPSK	1	0	549	126
LTE B25	26365	20	QPSK	1	50	533	94

LTE B25	26365	20	QPSK	1	99	546	137
LTE B25	26365	20	QPSK	50	25	537	108
LTE B25	26365	20	QPSK	100	0	562	147
LTE B25	26365	20	16QAM	1	50	547	126
LTE B25	26365	20	64QAM	1	50	563	138
LTE B25	26365	20	256QAM	1	50	537	129
LTE B25	26365	10	QPSK	1	50	522	102
LTE B25	26365	5	QPSK	1	50	546	120
LTE B25	26365	1.4	QPSK	1	50	524	138

9.4 LTE TDD Uplink-Downlink Configuration Investigation

An investigation was performed to determine the worst-case Uplink-Downlink configuration for LTE TDD T-coil testing.

Per 3GPP TS 36.211, the total frame length for each TDD radio frame of length T_f=307200.T_s=10 ms, where T_s is a number of time units equal to 1/(150002048) seconds. Additionally, each radio frame consists of 10 subframes, each of length 30720*T_s= 1ms, and subframes can be designated as uplink (U), downlink (D), or special subframe (S), depending on the Uplink-Downlink configuration as indicated in Table 4.2-2 of 3GPP TS 36.211. In the transmission duty factor calculation, the special subframe configuration with the shortest UpPTS duration within the special subframe is used and will be applied for measurement. From 3GPP TS 36.211 Table 4.2-1, the shortest UpPTS is 2192*T_s which occurs in the normal cyclic prefix and special subframe configuration 4.

See table below outlining the calculated transmission duty cycles for each Uplink-Downlink configuration:

Uplink-Downlink Configurations for Type 2 Frame Structures

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number										Calculated Transmission Duty Cycle (%)
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	61.4%
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	41.4%
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	21.4%
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	30.7%
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	20.7%
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	10.7%
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	51.4%

a. Power Class 3 Uplink-Downlink Configuration Investigation

Power Class 3 was evaluated with the following radio configurations: channel 40620, 20MHz BW, QPSK, 1RB, 50RB Offset. For Power Class 3, all configurations (0-6) are supported. The configuration which resulted in the worst SNNR was used for full testing. Uplink-Downlink configuration 1 was used as the worst-case configuration for LTE TDD T-coil testing. See table below for the SNR comparison between each Uplink-Downlink configuration:

LTE TDD Power Class 3 SNR by UL-DL Configuration

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset(%)	UL-Configuration	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	50	1	129	396
2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	50	3	178	445
2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	50	6	155	440

b. Conclusion

Per the investigations above, UL-DL Configuration 1 was used to evaluate LTE TDD Power Class 3.

10 VoNR TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

10.1 Test System Setup for VoNR over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoNR over I Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.
MS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoNR over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMX500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMX500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. An external USB audio interface is used to perform the A/D conversion and ensure proper speech input level to the DUT.

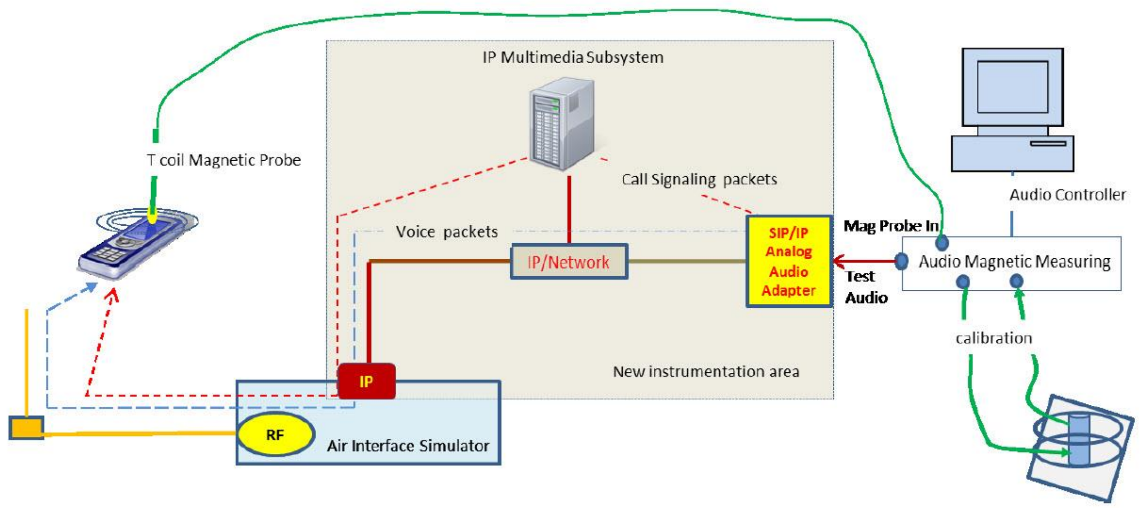


Figure 10.1 Test Setup for VoNR over IMS T-coil Measurements

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoNR server for testing:

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
for VoNR	KS600B	VONR processing option

10.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMX500 for VoNR over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

AMR Codec Investigation – VoNR over IMS

Codec Setting	WB AMR 23.85kbps	WB AMR 6.60kbps	NB AMR 12.2kbps	NB AMR 4.75kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	411	408	411	414	Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	127	122	172	171			

EVS Codec Investigation – VoNR over IMS

Codec Setting	EVS Primary WB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps	EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary NB 5.9kbps	Orientation	Band /BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	414	414	412	415	Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	143	86	190	142			

10.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. 20MHz BW, QPSK, 1RB, 104RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

VoNR over IMS SNR by Radio Configuration

Band	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	50	25	126	426

			QPSK				
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	1	104	86	414
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	1	1	108	432
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	2	0	134	417
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	2	104	156	425
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM QPSK	100	0	147	429
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM 16QAM	50	25	126	433
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM 64QAM	50	25	118	429
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM 256QAM	50	25	126	452
N66	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM PI/2 BPSK	50	25	131	436
N66	349000	20	CP-OFDM QPSK	53	26	137	418

11 VoWIFI TEST SYSTEM SETUP AND DUT CONFIGURATION

11.1 Test System Setup for VoWiFI over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS, or CMRS WiFi Calling, is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoWiFi over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.

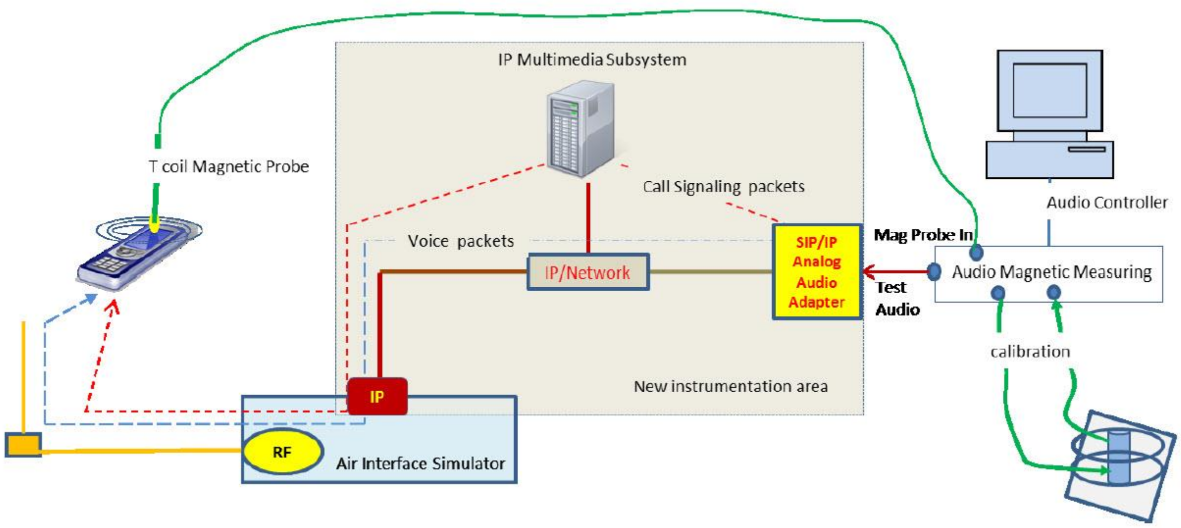


Figure 11.1 Test Setup for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil Measurements

The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoWiFi server for testing:

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
for WLAN	KS650	WLAN A/B/G SIG BASIC
	KS651	WLAN N SIG BASIC
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6
for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC

11.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

AMR Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS

Codec Setting	WB AMR 23.85kbps	WB AMR 6.60kbps	NB AMR 12.2kbps	NB AMR 4.75kbps	Orientation	Mode	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	411	416	409	405	Y(Transverse)	2.4GHz 802.11b	6
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	131	128	176	168			

EVS Codec Investigation – VoWiFi over IMS

Codec Setting	EVS Primary WB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary WB 5.9kbps	EVS Primary NB 13.2kbps	EVS Primary NB 5.9kbps	Orientation	Mode	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	411	415	416	421	Y(Transverse)	2.4GHz 802.11b	6
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	144	93	181	153			

11.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed on applicable data rates and modulations to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations in each 802.11 standard:

Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Channel	Modulation	Data Rate [Mbps]	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count
802.11b	20	6	DSSS	1	93	415
802.11b	20	6	CCK	11	101	426
802.11g	20	6	BPSK	6	112	438
802.11g	20	6	64-QAM	54	126	432
802.11n	20	44	BPSK	6.5	156	449
802.11n	20	44	256-QAM	78	142	428
802.11n	40	46	BPSK	13.5	156	422
802.11n	40	46	256-QAM	180	138	426
802.11ac	80	42	BPSK	29.3	126	437
802.11ac	80	42	256-QAM	390	132	418

12 OTT VoIP TEST SYSTEM AND DUT CONFIGURATION

12.1 Test System Setup for OTT VoIP T-coil Testing

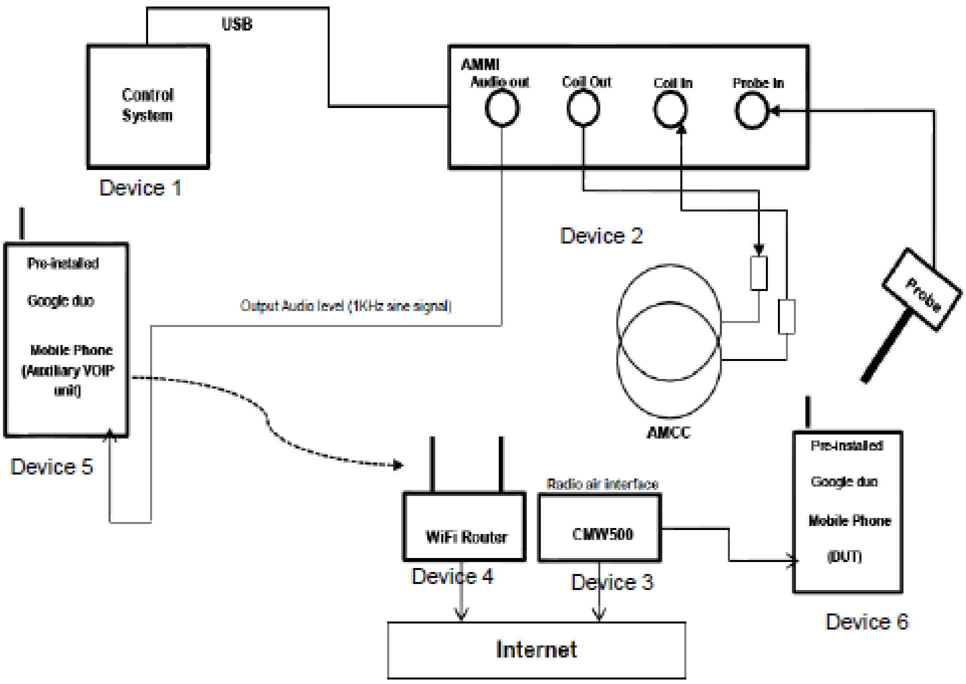
OTT VoIP Application

Google Duo is a pre-installed application on the DUT which allows for VoIP calls in a head-to-ear scenario. Duo uses the OPUS audio codec and supports a bitrate range of 6kbps to 75kbps. All air interfaces capable of a data connection were evaluated with Google Duo. When HAC testing we are using the Google Duo version is 26.0.179825522.alpha.DEV and the bitrate configuration can find at settings → Voice call parameters settings → Audio codec bitrate(6-75kbps).

Test Procedure and Equipment Setup

The test procedure for OTT testing is identical to the section above, except for how the signal is sent to the DUT, as outlined in the diagram below.

The AMMI is connected to the support device's Mic via Audio Data Line. The support device is connected to the Internet via Wi-Fi and the DUT is connected to the mobile base station via the technology under test. Using the DUT's OTT application, a VoIP call is established with the support device. The test signal is sent from the DASY PC to the AMMI, from the AMMI to the support device, and finally to the DUT. To exercise the license antenna, the DUT was simultaneously connected to an external AP and to a mobile base station.



Codec Bit-rate Investigation

For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of bit-rate configurations and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

Air Interface Investigation

Using the worst-case bit-rate and Radio Configuration, a limited set of bands/channel/ bandwidths were then tested to confirm that there is no effect to the test compliance when changing the band/channel/bandwidth, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface. The summary of evaluation results is described in section 13.5

12.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed for each applicable data mode to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. The 6kbps codec setting was used for the audio codec on the auxiliary VoIP unit for OTT VoIP T-coil testing. See below tables for comparisons between codec data rates on all applicable data modes:

Codec Investigation – OTT over EDGE

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	456	421	Y(Transverse)	661
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	145	131		

Codec Investigation – OTT over HSPA

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	435	419	Y(Transverse)	9800
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	138	129		

Codec Investigation – OTT over LTE

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	426	411	Y(Transverse)	B25/20M	26365
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	134	117			

Codec Investigation – OTT over NR

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	456	442	Y(Transverse)	N66/20M	349000
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	282	270			

Codec Investigation – OTT over WiFi

Codec Setting	64kbps	6kbps	Orientation	Band/BW	Channel
Secondary Group Point Count	385	361	Y(Transverse)	2.4GHz 802.11b	6
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass			
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	139	113			

13 HAC T-Coil TEST DATA SUMMARY

13.1 Test Results for 2/3G

Band	Ch.	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
GSM 850	190	43	280	16	26	PASS
PCS 1900	661	76	341	15	26	PASS
W850	4407	271	656	26	26	PASS
W1900	9800	277	664	26	26	PASS
W1700	1762	271	655	26	26	PASS

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.
3. For GSM air interfaces,C63.19-2019 sections 6.6.4.3 2G GSM operating modes was used

13.2 Test Results for VoLTE

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
LTE B7	21100	20M	295	544	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B12	23095	10M	249	517	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B13	23230	10M	308	555	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B25	26365	20M	94	533	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B26	26865	10M	260	504	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B66	132322	20M	87	503	26	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B41	40620	20M	129	396	20	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B48	55990	20M	101	325	16	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

13.3 Test Results for VoNR

Test results for 5G NR with SA mode

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
N2	376000	20M	109	470	23	**26**	**PASS**
N5	167300	10M	118	466	23	**26**	**PASS**
N7	507000	20M	87	408	21	**26**	**PASS**
N26	166300	20M	123	463	23	**26**	**PASS**
N66	349000	10M	86	414	22	**26**	**PASS**
N71	136100	20M	107	457	22	**26**	**PASS**
N41	518598	20M	98	445	21	**26**	**PASS**
N48	641666	20M	79	327	18	**26**	**PASS**
N77	633334	20M	187	332	18	**26**	**PASS**
N78	636666	20M	117	331	17	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Test results for 5G NR with NSA mode

Band	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
B4-N78	94	304	13	**26**	**PASS**
B5-N41/78	133	352	18	**26**	**PASS**
B7-N5/78	96	302	13	**26**	**PASS**
B41-N41/78	96	308	13	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

13.4 Test Results for VoWiFi

Mode	Ch.	Band width	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
802.11b	6	20M	93	415	20	26	**PASS**
802.11g	6	20M	96	431	20	26	**PASS**
802.11n	6	20M	99	428	20	26	**PASS**
802.11n	6	40M	117	452	20	26	**PASS**
802.11a	44	20M	121	495	21	26	**PASS**
802.11n	46	40M	141	497	22	26	**PASS**
802.11ac	42	80M	132	499	22	26	**PASS**
802.11a	60	20M	142	504	22	26	**PASS**
802.11a	124	20M	136	509	22	26	**PASS**
802.11a	157	20M	149	508	21	26	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

13.5 Test Results for OTT VoIP

Test results for 2/3G

Band	Ch.	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
EDGE850	190	108	395	18	**26**	**PASS**
EDGE1900	661	131	421	22	**26**	**PASS**
W850	4407	132	426	23	**26**	**PASS**
W1900	9800	129	419	22	**26**	**PASS**
W1700	1637	131	423	22	**26**	**PASS**

Note: 1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.

2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

3. For GSM air interfaces,C63.19-2019 sections 6.6.4.3 2G GSM operating modes was used

Test results for LTE

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response

LTE B7	21100	20M	130	424	19	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B12	23095	10M	124	422	19	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B13	23230	10M	128	422	21	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B25	26365	20M	117	411	20	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B26	26865	10M	123	416	18	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B66	132322	20M	111	405	18	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B41	40620	20M	87	348	16	**26**	**PASS**
LTE B48	55990	20M	166	320	16	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Test results for 5G NR with SA mode

Band	Ch.	Bandwidth	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
N2	376000	20M	268	431	20	**26**	**PASS**
N5	167300	10M	265	439	20	**26**	**PASS**
N7	507000	20M	257	426	20	**26**	**PASS**
N26	166300	20M	260	430	20	**26**	**PASS**
N66	349000	10M	270	442	21	**26**	**PASS**
N71	136100	20M	266	428	19	**26**	**PASS**
N41	518598	20M	223	376	18	**26**	**PASS**
N48	641666	20M	166	305	15	**26**	**PASS**
N77	633334	20M	168	308	16	**26**	**PASS**
N78	636666	20M	164	306	15	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Test results for 5G NR with NSA mode

Band	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
B4-N78	**162**	**320**	**13**	**26**	**PASS**
B5-N41/78	**165**	**321**	**13**	**26**	**PASS**
B7-N5/78	**166**	**323**	**13**	**26**	**PASS**

B41-N41/78	157	313	13	**26**	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth and WiFi function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

Test results for WiFi

Mode	Ch.	Band width	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
802.11b	6	20M	113	361	21	26	**PASS**
802.11g	6	20M	197	471	21	26	**PASS**
802.11n	6	20M	191	468	21	26	**PASS**
802.11n	6	40M	198	471	22	26	**PASS**
802.11a	44	20M	191	466	21	26	**PASS**
802.11n	46	40M	193	469	22	26	**PASS**
802.11ac	42	80M	197	471	21	26	**PASS**
802.11a	60	20M	200	473	21	26	**PASS**
802.11a	124	20M	195	468	21	26	**PASS**
802.11a	157	20M	182	458	21	26	**PASS**

Note:

1. Bluetooth function is turn off and microphone is muted.
2. The volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil testing.

13.6 Total Measurement Conclusion

Probe Position	Frequency Band(MHz)	Compliance
Transverse	GSM 850	PASS
	GSM 1900	PASS
	WCDMA 850	PASS
	WCDMA 1700	PASS
	WCDMA 1900	PASS
	LTE Band7	PASS
	LTE Band12	PASS
	LTE Band13	PASS
	LTE Band25	PASS
	LTE Band26	PASS
	LTE Band41	PASS
	LTE Band48	PASS
	LTE Band66	PASS
	NR n2	PASS
	NR n5	PASS
	NR n7	PASS
	NR n26	PASS
	NR n66	PASS
	NR n71	PASS
	NR n41	PASS
	NR n48	PASS
	NR n77	PASS
	NR n78	PASS
	WLAN 2.4GHz	PASS
	WLAN 5GHz	PASS

14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	**Unc. Value**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**(ci) ABMd**	**(ci) ABMu**	**Std. Unc. ABMd**	**Std. Unc. ABMu**
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	±3.0 %	*N*	*1*	*1*	*1*	*±3.0 %*	*±3.0 %*
AMCC Geometry	±0.4 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.2 %*	*±0.2 %*
AMCC Current	±1.0 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.6 %*	*±0.6 %*
Probe Positioning during Calibr.	±0.1 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.1, %*	*±0.1 %*
Noise Contribution	±0.7 %	*R*	√3	*0.0143*	*1*	*±0.0 %*	*±0.4 %*
Frequency Slope	±5.9 %	*R*	√3	*0.1*	*1.0*	*±0.3 %*	*±3.5 %*
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	±1.0 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.6 %*	*±0.6 %*
Linearity / Dynamic Range	±0.6 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.4 %*	*±0.4 %*
Acoustic Noise	±1.0 %	*R*	√3	*0.1*	*1*	*±0.1 %*	*±0.6 %*
Probe Angle	±1 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.6 %*	*±0.6 %*
Spectral Processing	±0.9 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.5 %*	*±0.5 %*
Integration Time	±0.6 %	*N*	*1*	*1*	*5*	*±0.6 %*	*±3.0 %*
Field Disturbation	±0.2 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.1 %*	*±0.1 %*
Test Signal							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	±0.6 %	*R*	√3	*0*	*1*	*±0.0 %*	*±0.4 %*
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	±1.9 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±1.1 %*	*±1.1 %*
Phantom Thickness	±0.9 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±0.5 %*	*±0.5 %*
DUT Positioning	±1.9 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±1.1 %*	*±1.1 %*
External Contributions							
RF Interference	±0.0 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*0.3*	*±0.0 %*	*±0.0 %*
Test Signal Variation	±2.0 %	*R*	√3	*1*	*1*	*±1.2 %*	*±1.2 %*
Combined Uncertainty							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)						*±3.9 %*	*±6.0 %*
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						*±7.8 %*	*±11.9 %*

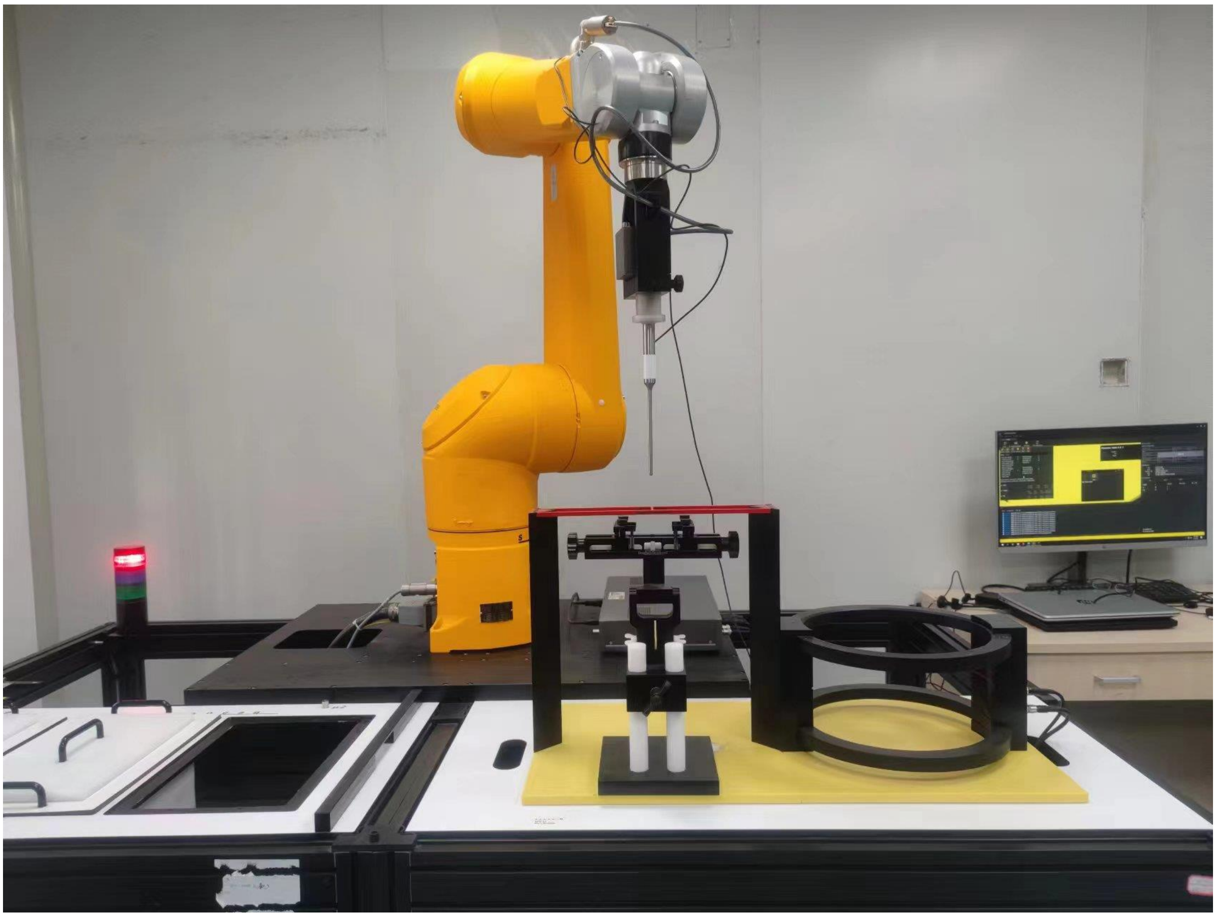
15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV2	1064	July 14, 2023	One year
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1064	NCR	NCR
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1044	NCR	NCR
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1014	NCR	NCR
05	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1524	October 20, 2023	One year
06	Software	DASY5 V5.0 Build 119.9	N/A	NCR	NCR
07	Software	SEMCAD V13.2 Build 87	N/A	NCR	NCR
08	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW 500	166370	July 4, 2023	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1: HAC T-Coil System Layout

ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

T-Coil GSM850 Transverse

T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

Results

Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse
43	280	16	26

Fig B.1 T-Coil GSM850

T-Coil VoNR N48 Transverse

T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

Results

Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse
79	327	18	26

Fig B.2 T-Coil VoNR N48

T-Coil GSM850 Transverse - OTT VoIP

T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

Results

Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse
108	395	18	26

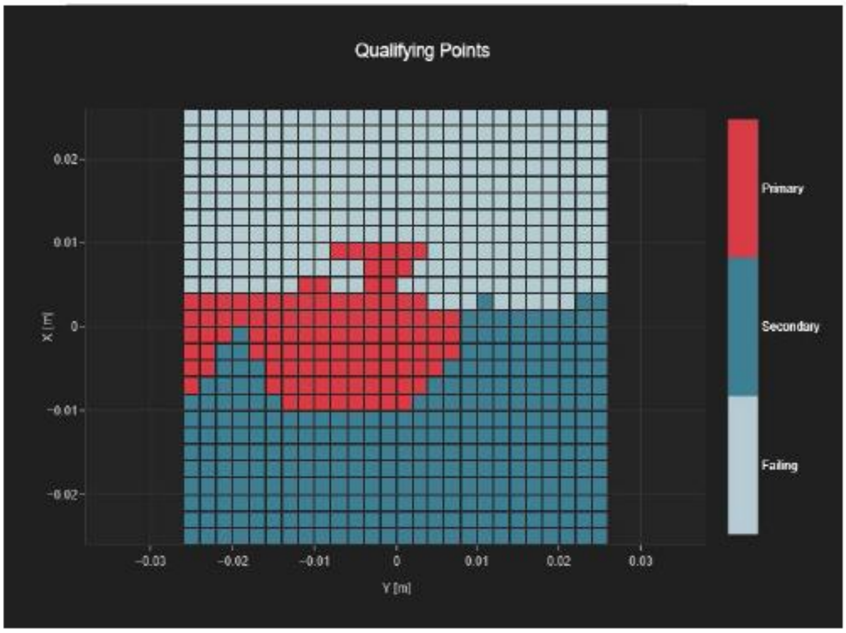


Fig B.3 T-Coil GSM850-OTT

T-Coil LTE Band41 Transverse - OTT VoIP

T-Coil Coupling Mode Test Report

Results

Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse
87	348	16	26

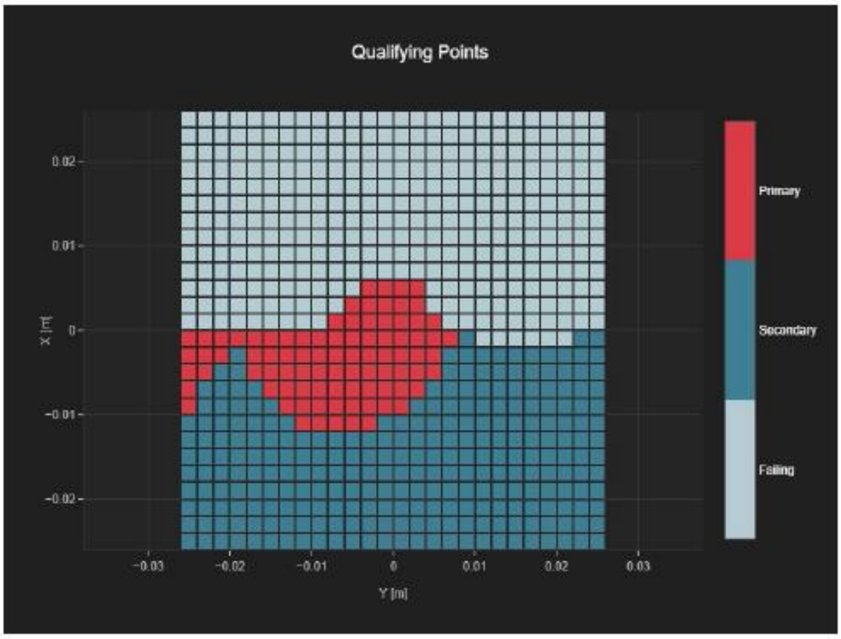


Fig B.4 T-Coil LTE Band41-OTT

ANNEX C FREQUENCY REPONSE CURVES

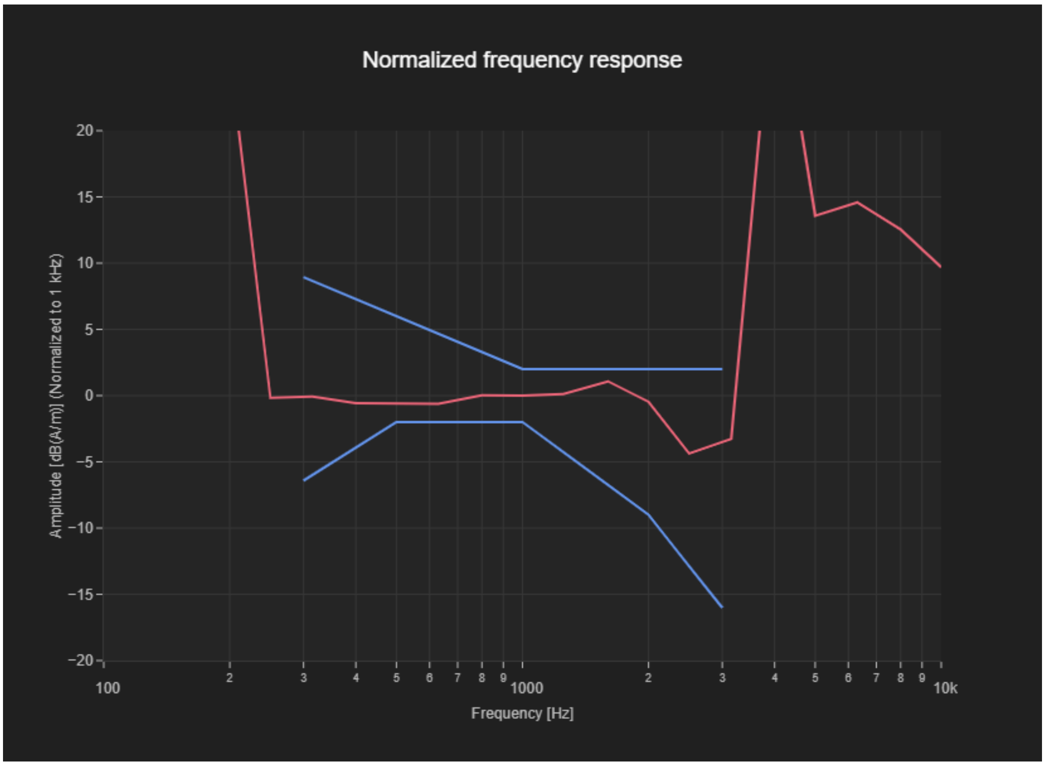


Figure C.1 Frequency Response of GSM850

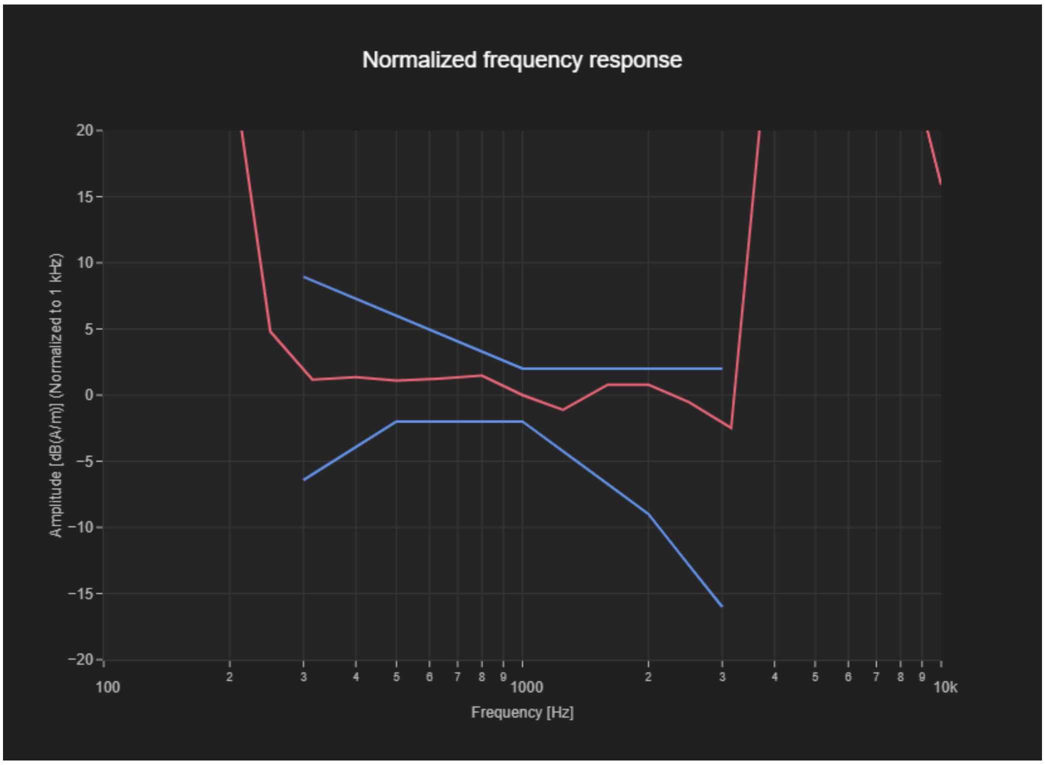


Figure C.2 Frequency Response of VoNR N48

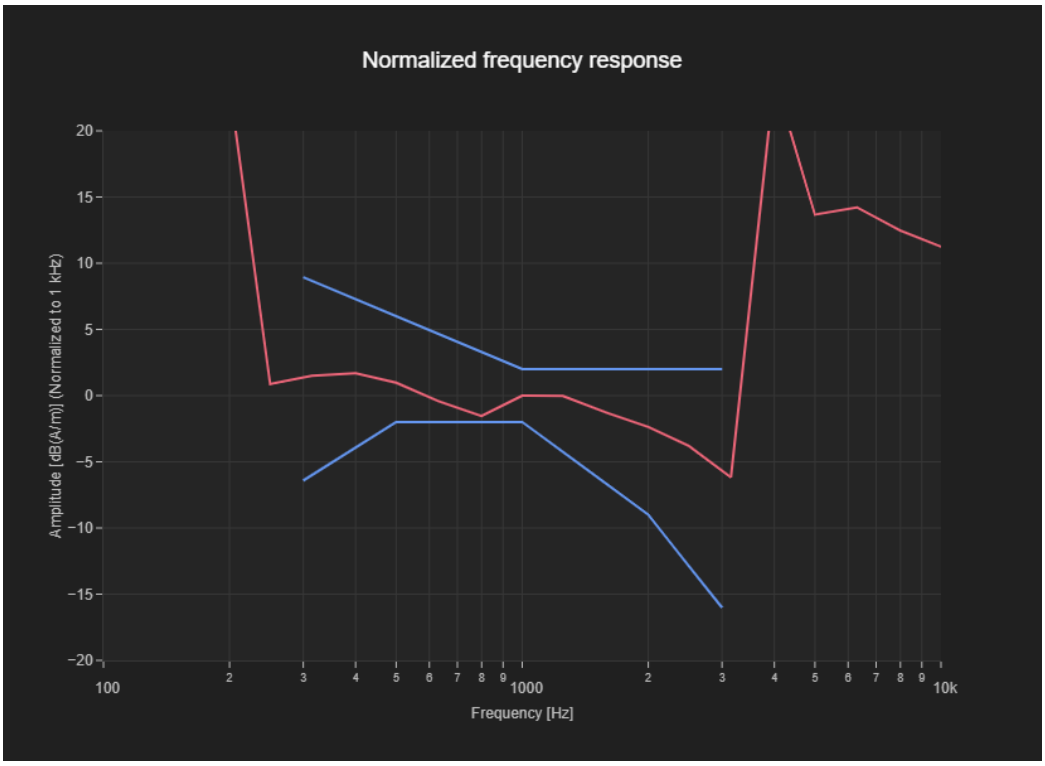


Figure C.3 Frequency Response of GSM850-0TT

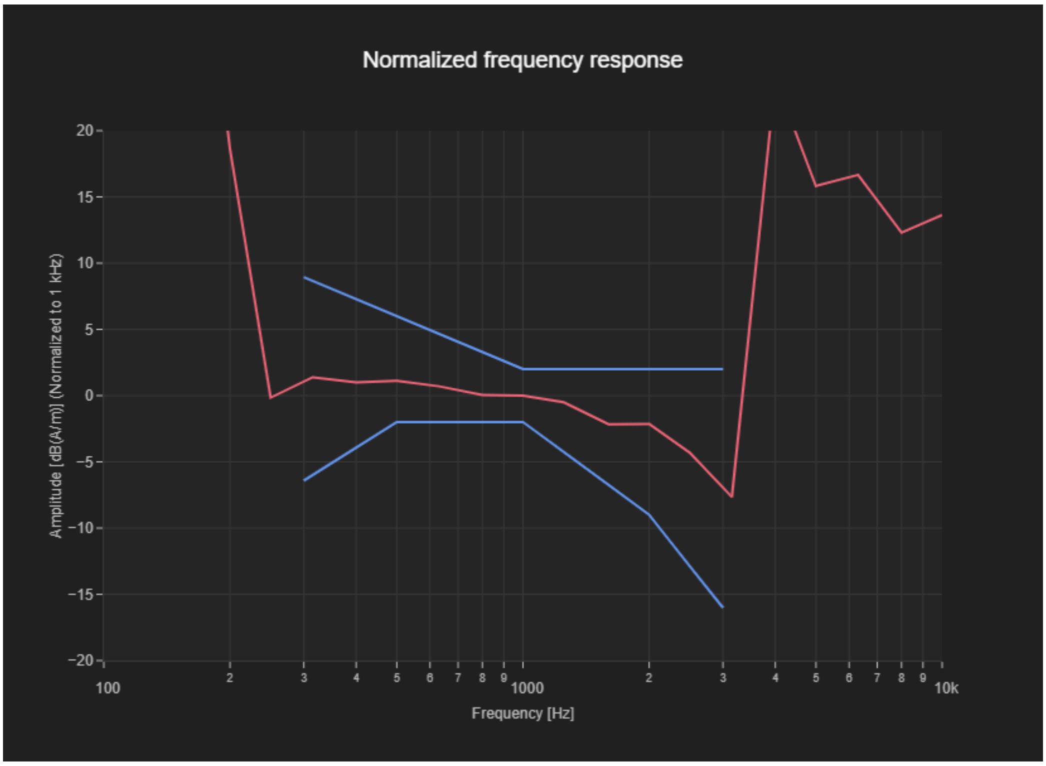


Figure C.4 Frequency Response of LTE Band41-0TT

ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S **Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst**
C **Service suisse d'étalonnage**
S **Servizio svizzero di taratura**
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **CTTL** **Beijing**

Certificate No. **AM1DV2-1064_Jul23**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	AM1DV2 - SN: 1064
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v4 Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range
Calibration date:	July 14, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-22 (No. 34389)	Aug-23
Reference Probe AM1DV2	SN: 1008	20-Dec-22 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Dec22)	Dec-23
DAE4	SN: 781	03-Jan-23 (No. DAE4-781_Jan23)	Jan-24

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
AMCC	SN: 1050	01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-20)	Oct-23
AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	SN: 1062	26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-20)	Oct-23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 17, 2023

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011)
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[3] DASY System Handbook

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.
The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.
The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.
- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of Noise level
RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected.
Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.
- *Sensitivity:* With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	**AM1DV2** Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe
Type No	SP AM1 001 AF
Serial No	**1064**

Overall length	296 mm
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)
Internal Amplifier	40 dB

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	**102.9 °**	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	**0.45 °**	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	**0.0657 V/(A/m)**	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

ANNEX E DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

In Collaboration with
speag
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

中国认可 国际互认 校准 CALIBRATION CNAS L0570

Client : CTTL

Certificate No: 23J02Z80107

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SN: 1524

Calibration Procedure(s): FF-Z11-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: October 20, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	12-Jun-23 (CTTL, No.J23X05436)	Jun-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: October 26, 2023

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: 23J02Z80107 Page 1 of 3

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E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100…+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1…….+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	406.142 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.376 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.679 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99029 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.01744 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99298 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	83.5° ± 1 °

The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No. 23T04Z80846-16/17

The photos of HAC test