





# HAC RF TEST REPORT

# No. I22Z60016-SEM02

For

TCL Communication Ltd.

# **GSM/UMTS/LTE** Mobile phone

Model name: 4188S

With

Hardware Version: 04

**Software Version: RDS5** 

## FCC ID: 2ACCJH162

# **Results Summary: M Category = M3**

## Issued Date: 2022-03-02

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

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# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I22Z60016-SEM02	Rev.0	2022-03-02	Initial creation of test report





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# **1 Test Laboratory**

### **1.1 Testing Location**

CompanyName:	CTTL(Shouxiang)	
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian Dist	
	Beijing, P. R. China100191	

### **1.2 Testing Environment**

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,			
Relative humidity: 30%~ 70%				
Ground system resistance: $< 0.5 \Omega$				
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.				
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards,				

### 1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	January 29 2022
Testing End Date:	February 27 2022

### 1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun (Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan (Reviewed this test report)

5 201 3

Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)





# **2** Client Information

### **2.1 Applicant Information**

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### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

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Address/Post.	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong		
Contact Person:	Peter yang		
Contact Email:	peter.yang@tcl.com		
Telephone:	+86 755 3664 5759		
Fax	+86 755 3661 2000-81722		





# 3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

### 3.1 About EUT

Description:	GSM/UMTS/LTE Mobile phone
Model name:	4188S
Operating mode(s):	GSM850/GSM900/GSM1800/GSM1900,WCDMA850/900/1700/1900/210
	0,LTE Band 2/3/4/5/7/12/13/66, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G

#### 3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	356806500015813	04	RDS5
EUT2	356806500015839	04	RDS5

\*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the EUT1-2

#### 3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB2880029C7	\	VEKEN

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.





Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service
GSM	850	VO	Yes	BT, WLAN	CMRS Voice
GSIM	1900	VO			
GPRS/EDGE	850	DT	Ma a		Google duo
GFR3/EDGE	1900		Yes		
	850				
WCDMA	1700		NO <sup>(1)</sup>	BT, WLAN	CMRS Voice
(UMTS)	1900				
	HSPA	DT	NO <sup>(1)</sup>		Google duo
LTE FDD	Band		NO <sup>(1)</sup>	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, Google
	2/5/7/12/13/66	5/7/12/13/66 V/D		DI, WLAIN	duo
ВТ	2450	DT	NA	GSM,WCDM	NA
ы	2450	450 DT	INA	A ,LTE	NA
WLAN	2450	V/D	Yes	GSM,WCDM	VoWiFi, Google
VVLAN	2400 V/D		163	A ,LTE	duo

### 3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

NA: Not Applicable VO: Voice Only V/D: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport DT: Digital Transport

\* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

Note1 = The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq$  17 dBm, and is rated as M4.

Note2= The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: 4/66, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.





# 4 Maximum Output Power

GSM		Conducted Power (dBm)				
850MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)			
Voice	32.8	32.8	32.8			
EDGE	26	26	26			
GSM		Conducted Power(dBm)	·			
1900MHz	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz			
Voice	30.6	30.6	30.6			
EDGE	26.3	26.3	26.3			
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)				
850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz			
RMC	24	24	24			
HSPA	23	23	23			
		Conducted Power (dBm)				
WCDMA	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312			
1700MHz	(1752.6MHz)	(1732.4MHz)	(1712.4MHz)			
RMC	24.5	24.5	24.5			
HSPA	23.5	23.5	23.5			
	Conducted Power (dBm)					
	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel			
1900MHz	(1907.6MHz)	(1880MHz)	9262(1852.4MHz)			
RMC	25	25	25			
HSPA	23.5	23.5	23.5			
LTE Band?	Conducted Power (dBm)					
LTE Band2	Channel 19100(1900MHz)	Channel 18900(1880MHz)	Channel18700(1860MHz			
QPSK	25.5	25.5	25.5			
		Conducted Power (dBm)				
LTE Band5	Channel 20450(829MHz)	Channel 20525(836.5MHz)	Channel20600(844MHz)			
QPSK	25.5	25.5	25.5			
		Conducted Power (dBm)				
LTE Band7	Channel 20850(2510MHz)	Channel 21100(2535MHz)	Channel21350(2560MHz			
QPSK	25	25	25			
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)				
Band12	Channel 23130(711MHz)	Channel 23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)			
QPSK	25.5	25.5	25.5			
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)				
Band13		Channel 23230(782MHz)				
QPSK		25.5				
	25.5 Conducted Power (dBm)					
LTE	Channel	Channel	Channel			
LTE Band66	Channel 132572(1770MHz)	. ,	Channel 133072(1720MHz)			

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2.4011-	Conducted Power (dBm)				
2.4GHz	Channel 11 (2462MHz)	Channel 6 (2437MHz)	Channel 1 (2412MHz)		
802.11g	18	18	18		





# **5** Reference Documents

### 5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of	2011
	Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and	Edition
	Hearing Aids	
FCC 47 CFR §20.19	Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets	2015
		Edition
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05r01

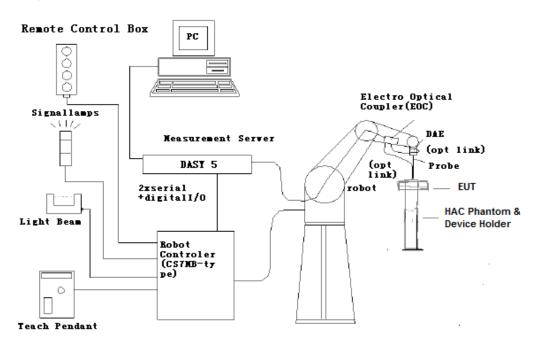




# **6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST**

### 6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick),and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.





The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.





## 6.2 Probe Specification

### E-Field Probe Description

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)	IF
Frequency	40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz) Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)	[ER3DV6]
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	
Application	General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz Field component measurements Fast automatic scanning in phantoms	





### 6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions:  $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$ ).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field < $\pm$ 0.5 dB.

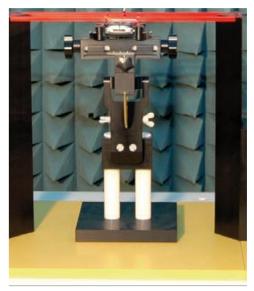


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

### 6.4Robotic System Specifications

#### **Specifications**

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L Repeatability: ±0.02 mm No. of Axis: 6 Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System Cell Controller Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz Operating System: Windows XP Data Converter Features:Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic Software: DASY5 software Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock





# 7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

### 7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).

The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

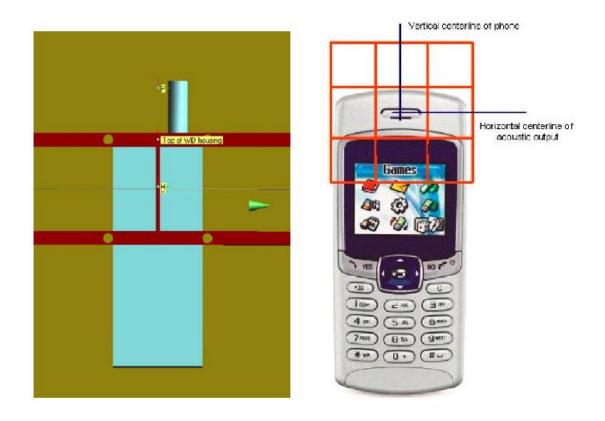


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements





# **8 SYSTEM VALIDATION**

### 8.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

•The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna

•The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions

• The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

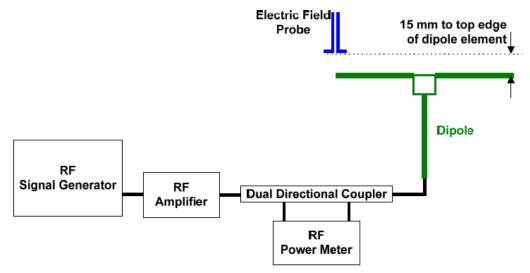


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

#### 8.2 Validation Result

	E-Field Scan									
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Measured <sup>1</sup> Value(dBV/m)	Target <sup>2</sup> Value(dBV/m)	Deviation <sup>3</sup> (%)	Limit⁴ (%)				
CW	835	100	40.76	41.00	-2.73	±25				
CW	1880	100	38.68	38.80	-1.37	±25				
CW	2450	100	38.31	38.64	-3.73	±25				

Notes:

1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.

2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.

3. Deviation (%) = 100 \* (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.

4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within  $\pm$  25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.





# 9 Evaluation of MIF

#### 9.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements

of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.



Fig. 5 AIA Front View





#### 9.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

#### 9.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

No.	Name Type		Serial Number	Manufacturer
01	Signal Generator	E4483C	MY49071430	Anritsu
02	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	SPEAG
03	BTS CMW500		166370	R&S

### 9.4 Test signal validation

The signal generator (E4438C) is used to generate a 1GHz signal with different modulation in the below table based on the ANSI C63.19-2011. The measured MIF with AIA are compared with the target values given in ANSI C63.19-2011 table D.3, D.4 and D5.

Pulse modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
0.5ms pulse, 1000Hz repetition rate	-0.9 dB	-0.9 dB	0 dB
1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+3.9 dB	+3.7 dB	0.2 dB
0.1ms pulse, 100Hz repetition rate	+10.1 dB	+10.0 dB	0.1 dB
10ms pulse, 10Hz repetition rate	+1.6 dB	+1.7 dB	0.1 dB
Sine-wave modulation	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
1 kHz, 80% AM	-1.2 dB	-1.3 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 10% AM	-9.1 dB	-9.0 dB	0.1 dB
1 kHz, 1% AM	-19.1 dB	-18.9 dB	0.2 dB
100 Hz, 10% AM	-16.1 dB	-16.0 dB	0.1 dB
10 kHz, 10% AM	-21.5 dB	-21.6 dB	0.1 dB
Transmission protocol	Target MIF	Measured MIF	Deviation
GSM; full-rate version 2; speech codec/handset low	+3.5 dB	+3.47 dB	0.03 dB
WCDMA; speech; speech codec low; AMR 12.2 kb/s	-20.0 dB	-19.8 dB	0.2 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC3; full frame rate; 8kEVRC	-19.0 dB	-19.1 dB	0.1 dB
CDMA; speech; SO3; RC1; 1/8 <sup>th</sup> frame rate; 8kEVRC	+3.3 dB	+3.44 dB	0.14 dB





### 9.5 DUT MIF results

Based on the KDB285076D01v05, the handset can also use the MIF values predetermined by the test equipment manufacturer. MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011					
Transmission protocol	Modulation interference				
	factor				
GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	+3.63 dB				
EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	-1.82dB				
UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43dB				
UMTS-FDD (HSPA)	-20.75dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-15.63 dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76 dB				
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM)	-9.93 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	-5.90 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	-5.17 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	-3.37 dB				
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02 dB				
IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	-0.36dB				
IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	-15.80 dB				





# 10 Evaluation for low-power exemption

### **10.1 Product testing threshold**

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq$  17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals  $\leq$  50  $\mu$  s20, is  $\leq$  23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4.

The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	C63.19 Tested
GSM 850 - Voice	32.8	3.63	36.43	Yes
GSM 850 - EDGE	26	-1.82	24.18	Yes*
GSM 1900 - Voice	30.6	3.63	34.23	Yes
GSM 1900 - EDGE	26.3	-1.82	24.48	Yes*
WCDMA 850 - RMC	24	-25.43	-1.43	No
WCDMA 850 - HSPA	23	-20.75	2.25	No
WCDMA 1700 - RMC	24.5	-25.43	-0.93	No
WCDMA 1700 - HSPA	23.5	-20.75	2.75	No
WCDMA 1900 - RMC	25	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA 1900 - HSPA	23.5	-20.75	2.75	No
LTE Band 2 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 5 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 7 QPSK	25	-15.63	9.37	No
LTE Band 12 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 13 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 66 QPSK	25.5	-15.63	9.87	No
LTE Band 2 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 5 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 7 16QAM	24	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 12 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 13 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 66 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 71 16QAM	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
WiFi-2.4G	18	-0.36	17.64	Yes

#### **10.2 Conducted power**

\*Note: For GSM bands, EDGE modes were not evaluated as Voice modes were found to the worstcase modes for the GSM air interface.





### **10.3 Conclusion**

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA and LTE FDD are less than 17dBm. So it is measured for GSM WiFi2.4G bands. The WCDMA and LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4.





# 11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES

#### The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- 10) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.





Frec	luency	Measured	Dower Drift (dD)	Cotogony				
MHz	Channel	Value(dBV/m) Power Drift (dB)		Category				
	GSM 850							
848.8	251	34.01	-0.01	<b>M4</b> (see Fig B.1)				
836.6	190	33.35	-0.03	M4				
824.2	128	31.95	0.00	M4				
		<b>GSM</b> 19	00					
1909.8	810	31.25	-0.01	M3(see Fig B.2)				
1880	661	30.06	0.05	M3				
1850.2	512	30.16	-0.03	М3				
		WiFi2.4G	11g					
2462	11	19.96	-0.06	M4				
2437	6	20.65	0.11	<b>M4</b> (see Fig B.5)				
2412	1	19.93	0.01	M4				

# 12 Measurement Results (E-Field)

# 13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS

#### WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960 MHz E	-field emissions
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)
Emission categories	> 960 MHz E	-field emissions
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)





# **14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncertainty Value(%)	Prob. Dist.	k	ciE	Standard Uncertainty (%) $\mu_i^{(*)}$ (%)E	Degree of freedom V <sub>eff</sub> or <i>v</i> i
Meas	surement System		1		I			I
1	Probe Calibration	В	5.	Ν	1	1	5.1	×
2	Axial Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	×
3	Sensor Displacement	В	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	×
4	Boundary Effects	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	ø
5	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	œ
6	Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	×
7	System Detection Limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
8	Readout Electronics	В	0.3	Ν	1	1	0.3	ø
9	Response Time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞
10	Integration Time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	ø
11	RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	œ
12	RF Reflections	В	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	ø
13	Probe Positioner	В	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	œ
14	Probe Positioning	А	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	ø
15	Extra. And Interpolation	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	œ
Test	Sample Related		I	1				
16	Device Positioning Vertical	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	ø
17	Device Positioning Lateral	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	ø
18	Device Holder and Phantom	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	œ
19	Power Drift	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	×





20	AIA measurement	В	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	×
Pha	Phantom and Setup related							
21	Phantom Thickness	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	×
Combined standard uncertainty(%)					16.2			
	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		k=:	2	32.4	

# **15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS**

#### Table 1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Signal	E4438C	MY49070393	May 14, 2021	One Year
01	Generator	E4430C		Way 14, 2021	
02	Power meter	NRP2	106276	May 11, 2021	
03	Power sensor	NRP6A	101369	Way 11, 2021	One year
04	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
05	E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4060	May 21, 2021	One year
06	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1524	October 08, 2021	One year
07	HAC Dipole	CD835V3	1023	August 24, 2021	One year
08	HAC Dipole	CD1880V3	1018	August 24, 2021	One year
09	HAC Dipole	CD2450V3	1021	August 24, 2021	One year
10	BTS	CMW500	166370	June 25,2021	One year
11	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	No Calibration Re	equested

# **16 CONCLUSION**

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSIC63.19-2011. The total M-rating is **M3**.

\*\*\*END OF REPORT BODY\*\*\*





# ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1:HAC RF System Layout





# ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

# HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2022-01-30 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device

3/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid:

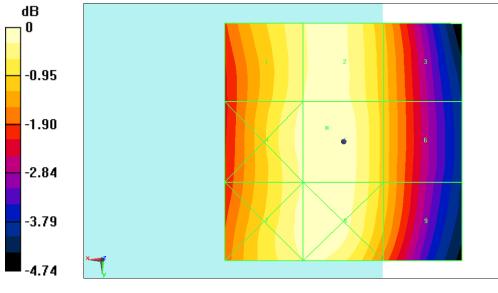
dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 41.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 3.50 dB RF audio interference level = 34.01 dBV/m

### Emission category: M4

MIF scale	ed E-lle	10			
Grid 1 <b>M</b> 4	<b>4</b> Gri	id 2	M4	Grid 3	M4
33.71 dI	3V/m 33.	. 92	dBV/m	32. 92	dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M</b> 4	<b>4</b> Gri	id 5	M4	Grid 6	M4
33.83 dI	3V/m <mark>34</mark> .	. 01	dBV/m	32. 95	dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M</b> 4	<b>4</b> Gri	id 8	M4	Grid 9	M4
33.81 dł	3V/m 33	. 96	dBV/m	32. 93	dBV/m







0 dB = 50.16 V/m = 34.01 dBV/m

Fig B.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High





## HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2022-01-29 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2

2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid:

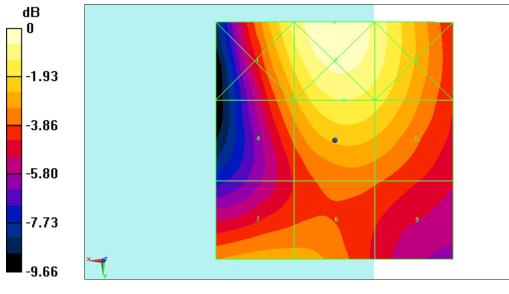
dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 26.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 3.34 dB RF audio interference level = 31.25 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

	11010	
Grid 1 <b>M3</b>	Grid 2 <b>M3</b>	Grid 3 <b>M3</b>
31.51 dBV/m	32.51 dBV/m	31.7 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M3</b>	Grid 6 <b>M3</b>
29.83 dBV/m	31.25 dBV/m	30.86 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
29.68 dBV/m	29.65 dBV/m	28.76 dBV/m







0 dB = 42.21 V/m = 32.51 dBV/m

Fig B.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High





## HAC RF E-Field WiFI2.4G 11g

Date: 2022-02-27 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Communication System: WiFi2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the

Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 26.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Applied MIF = -7.05 dB RF audio interference level = 20.65 dBV/m

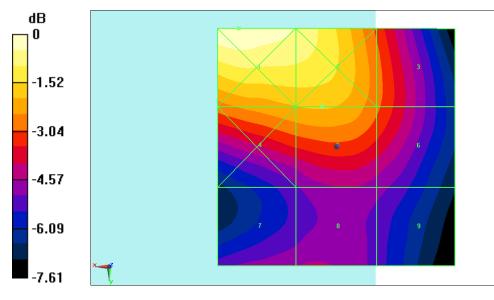
Emission category: M4

Gr	id 1	M4	Grid 2	M4	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
22	. 61	dBV/m	22. 06	dBV/m	19.83 dBV/m
Gr	id 4	M4	Grid 5	M4	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
20	. 58	dBV/m	20. 65	dBV/m	19.71 dBV/m
Gr	id 7	M4	Grid 8	M4	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
18	. 04	dBV/m	18. 15	dBV/m	17.8 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field







0 dB = 13.51 V/m = 22.61 dBV/m

### Fig B.3 HAC RF E-Field WiFi2.4G 11g





# ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT

# E SCAN of Dipole 835 MHz

Date: 2021-01-30 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m3 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

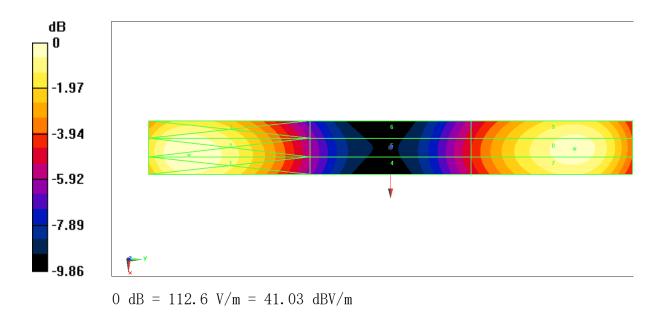
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 130.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dBRF audio interference level = 40.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 <b>M3</b>	Grid 3 <b>M3</b>
41.02 dBV/m	41.03 dBV/m	40.58 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
36.43 dBV/m	36.46 dBV/m	36.23 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
40.67 dBV/m	40.76 dBV/m	40.54 dBV/m







### E SCAN of Dipole 1880MHz Date: 2022-01-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1) **E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 15mm 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

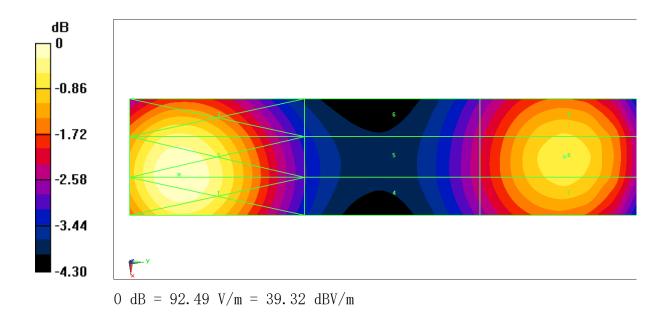
Reference Value = 121.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.68 dBV/m

#### Emission category: M2

		Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
39.32 dBV/m	39.32 dBV/m	38.84 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 <b>M2</b>	Grid 6 <b>M2</b>
37 dBV/m	37.03 dBV/m	36.92 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.57 dBV/m	38.68 dBV/m	38.51 dBV/m



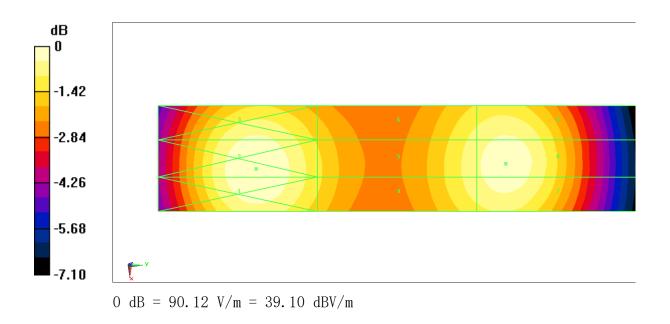




# E SCAN of Dipole 2450 MHz

Date: 2022-02-27 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1) E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2450 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 68.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.92 dBV/m Emission category: M2

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
39.08 dBV/m	39.1 dBV/m	38.74 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 <b>M2</b>	Grid 6 <b>M2</b>
38.51 dBV/m	38.54 dBV/m	38.36 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.85 dBV/m	38.92 dBV/m	38.71 dBV/m







# ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

ient CTTL-BJ (Aud	STATES AND ADDRESS OF A DECK OF A DE	tificates	FO 4000 Mar.04
ALIBRATION		Certificate No: E	EF3-4060_May21
bject	EF3DV3- SN:4060		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-02.v9, QA Calibration procedu evaluations in air	CAL-25.v7 ure for E-field probes optimized fo	or close near field
Calibration date:	May 21, 2021		
Calibration Equipment used (Ma		output (Outline Max	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator		09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22 Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22 Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 789	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4	SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 789 SN: 2328	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20) 05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID           SN: GB41293874           SN: MY41498087           SN: 000110210	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID           SN: GB41293874           SN: MY41498087           SN: 000110210           SN: US3642U01700	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID           SN: GB41293874           SN: WY41498087           SN: 000110210           SN: US3642U01700           SN: US41080477	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)           31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Oct-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID           SN: GB41293874           SN: MY41498087           SN: 000110210           SN: US3642U01700	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: 103245           SN: CC2552 (20x)           SN: 789           SN: 2328           ID           SN: GB41293874           SN: 000110210           SN: US3642U01700           SN: US41080477	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)           23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)           05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)           Check Date (in house)           06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)           04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)           31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Oct-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator DAE4 Reference Probe ER3DV6 Secondary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer E8358A Calibrated by:	SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 789 SN: 2328 ID SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210 SN: US3642U01700 SN: US3642U01700 SN: US41080477 Name Jeffrey Katzman	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20) 05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20) Check Date (in house) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function Laboratory Technician	Apr-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Oct-21 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-22 In house check: Oct-21





#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

Giossury.	
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
	incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
En	
Ep	incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis
Polarization $\phi$	φ rotation around probe axis
	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
Polarization 9	
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot operations system.

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta$  = 0 for XY sensors and  $\vartheta$  = 90 for Z sensor (f  $\leq$  900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). .
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW • signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EF3-4060\_May21

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