

# SAR TEST REPORT

No. I19Z61471-SEM01

For

**TCL Communication Ltd.** 

LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone

Model name: 5033Q

With

**Hardware Version: 05** 

Software Version: v7LTE

FCC ID: 2ACCJH110

Issued Date: 2019-9-20



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# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I19Z61471-SEM01	Rev.0	2019-9-12	Initial creation of test report
			Update the information on page38 of
			test report.
I19Z61471-SEM01	Rev.1	2019-9-19	Update the liquid parameters and
			dipole information for 2300MHz in test
			report.
I19Z61471-SEM01	Rev.2	2019-9-20	Update the information on section 4.3
1192014/1-3EWO1	Kev.Z	2019-9-20	of test report.



# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT	5
1.3 PROJECT DATA	5
1.4 Signature	5
2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
3 CLIENT INFORMATION	7
3.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	7
3.2 Manufacturer Information	7
4 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE	)
4.1 ABOUT EUT	8
4.2Internal Identification of EUT used during the test	8
4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test	8
5 TEST METHODOLOGY	9
5.1 APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS	9
5.2 APPLICABLE MEASUREMENT STANDARDS	9
6 SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	10
6.1 Introduction	10
6.2 SAR DEFINITION	10
7 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	11
7.1 TARGETS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	11
7.2 DIELECTRIC PERFORMANCE	11
8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	17
8.1 System Setup	17
8.2 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	18
9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	19
9.1 Tests to be performed	19
9.2 GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	21
9.3 WCDMA MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.4 SAR MEASUREMENT FOR LTE	
9.5 BLUETOOTH & WI-FI MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
10 AREA SCAN BASED 1-G SAR	
10.1 REQUIREMENT OF KDB	
10.2 FAST SAR ALGORITHMS	
11 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	27



11.1 GSM MEASUREMENT RESULT	27
11.2 WCDMA MEASUREMENT RESULT	28
11.3 LTE MEASUREMENT RESULT	29
11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result	38
12 SIMULTANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS	39
12.1 Introduction	39
12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances	
12.3 SAR MEASUREMENT POSITIONS	
12.4 STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	40
13 EVALUATION OF SIMULTANEOUS	41
14 SAR TEST RESULT	42
14.1 SAR RESULTS FOR FAST SAR	43
14.2 SAR RESULTS FOR STANDARD PROCEDURE	
14.3 WLAN EVALUATION FOR 2.4G	53
15 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	56
16 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	57
16.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR NORMAL SAR TESTS (300MHz~3GHz)	57
16.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR NORMAL SAR TESTS (3~6GHz)	58
16.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR FAST SAR TESTS (300MHz~3GHz)	59
16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)	60
17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS	61
ANNEX A GRAPH RESULTS	62
ANNEX B SYSTEM VERIFICATION RESULTS	86
ANNEX C SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	97
ANNEX D POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE P	HANTOM103
ANNEX E EQUIVALENT MEDIA RECIPES	106
ANNEX F SYSTEM VALIDATION	107
ANNEX G PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	108
ANNEX H DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	127
ANNEX I ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE	159



# 1 Test Laboratory

# 1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

# **1.2 Testing Environment**

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

# 1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	August 19, 2019
Testing End Date:	August 22, 2019

# 1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



# 2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCL Communication Ltd. LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone 5033Q are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

			1
Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM 850	0.53	
	PCS 1900	0.67	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.61	
Head	UMTS FDD 2	0.78	PCE
(Separation Distance	LTE Band 5	0.66	POE
0mm)	LTE Band 7	0.29	
	LTE Band 38	0.17	
	LTE Band 40	0.12	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.80	DTS
	GSM 850	0.42	
	PCS 1900	0.84	
	UMTS FDD 5	0.87	
Hotspot	UMTS FDD 2	1.02	PCE
(Separation Distance	LTE Band 5	0.72	I OL
10mm)	LTE Band 7	1.17	
	LTE Band 38	1.29	
	LTE Band 40	0.59	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.19	DTS

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1992.

For body operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (Table 2.1), and the values are: 1.29 W/kg(1g).

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.56	0.80	1.36	
SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.30	0.00	1.30	
Highest reported	Dottom 10mm	1.20	1	4.20	
SAR value for Body	Bottom 10mm	1.29	/	1.29	

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Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	ВТ	Sum
Maximum reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.78	0.21[1]	0.99
SAR value for Head	Leit hand, Touch cheek	0.76	0.2111	0.99
Maximum reported	Dottom 10mm	1.20	,	4 20
SAR value for Body	Bottom 10mm	1.29	/	1.29

<sup>[2] -</sup> Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.36 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.

## **3 Client Information**

# 3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.	
	7/F, Block F4, TCL Communication Technology Building, TCL	
Address/Post:	International E City, Zhong Shan Yuan Road, Nanshan District,	
	Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China 518052	
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou	
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com	
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722	

#### 3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.	
Address/Doct	7/F, Block F4, TCL Communication Technology Building, TCL	
Address/Post:	International E City, Zhong Shan Yuan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China 518052	
Contact Person:	Gong Zhizhou	
E-mail:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com	
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722	



# 4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

## 4.1 About EUT

Description:	LTE / UMTS / GSM mobile phone
Model name:	5033Q
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, UMTS FDD 1/2/5/8, BT, Wi-Fi
	LTE Band 1/3/5/7/8/28/38/40
	824 – 849 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
	824-849 MHz (WCDMA 850 Band V)
	1850–1910 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
Tested Tx Frequency:	824 – 849 MHz (LTE Band 5)
	2502.5 – 2567.5 MHz (LTE Band 7)
	2572.5 –2617.5 MHz (LTE Band 38)
	2305 – 2395 MHz (LTE Band 40)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	В
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna

## 4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	359598100000041	05	v7LTE
EUT2	359598100000132	05	v7LTE
EUT3	359598100000082	05	v7LTE
EUT4	359598100000033	05	v7LTE

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2 and conducted power with the EUT3&4.

## 4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB1930000C7	/	Ningbo Veken Battery Co.,LTD
AE2	Battery	CAB1930006C7	/	Ningbo Veken Battery Co.,LTD
AE3	Headset	CCB0046A10C4	/	Dongguan MeiHao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
AE4	Headset	CCB0046A10C1	/	HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD
AE5	Headset	CCB0049A10C1	/	HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD
AE6	Headset	CCB0049A10C4	/	Dongguan MeiHao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
AE7	Headset	CCB0049A12C1	/	HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD
AE8	Headset	CCB0049A12C4	/	Dongguan MeiHao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: The difference between AE2, AE7 and AE8 and other accessories is that the packaging is different, so no test is needed.



## **5 TEST METHODOLOGY**

## 5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

**ANSI C95.1–1992:**IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

## 5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

**IEEE 1528–2013:** Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

**KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v06:** Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

**KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01:** SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

**KDB865664 D01SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04:** SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

**KDB865664 D02RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:** RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



# 6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density  $(\rho)$ . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



# 7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

# 7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

				•	
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity(ε)	± 5% Range
750	Head	0.89	0.85~0.93	41.94	39.8~44.0
750	Body	0.96	0.91~1.01	55.5	52.7~58.3
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1750	Head	1.37	1.30~1.44	40.08	38.1~42.1
1750	Body	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.4	50.7~56.1
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2300	Head	1.67	1.59~1.75	39.47	37.5~41.4
2300	Body	1.85	1.76~1.94	52.8	50.2~55.4
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.01	37.1~41.0
2600	Body	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.5	49.9~55.1

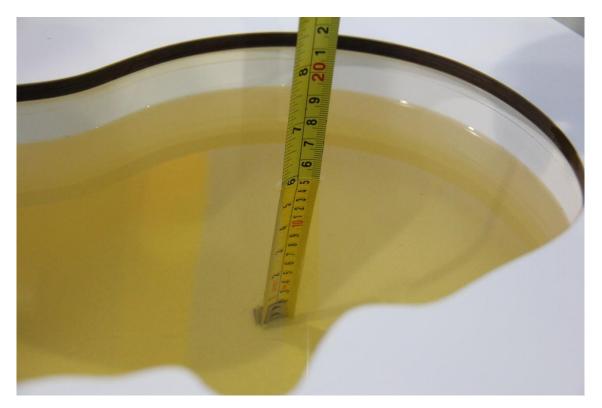
## 7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Туре	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)
2040/0/40	Head	835 MHz	42.26	1.83	0.905	0.56
2019/8/19	Body	835 MHz	54.35	-1.54	0.967	-0.31
2040/9/20	Head	1900 MHz	39.99	-0.02	1.428	2.00
2019/8/20	Body	1900 MHz	53.11	-0.36	1.51	-0.66
2019/8/21	Head	2300 MHz	39.45	-0.13	1.64	-1.80
	Body	2300 MHz	52.47	-0.81	1.817	0.39
2019/8/21	Head	2450 MHz	38.99	-0.54	1.78	-1.11
2019/0/21	Body	2450 MHz	53.49	1.50	1.957	0.36
2019/8/22	Head	2600 MHz	39.06	0.13	1.925	-1.79
2019/0/22	Body	2600 MHz	52.63	0.25	2.179	0.88

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 



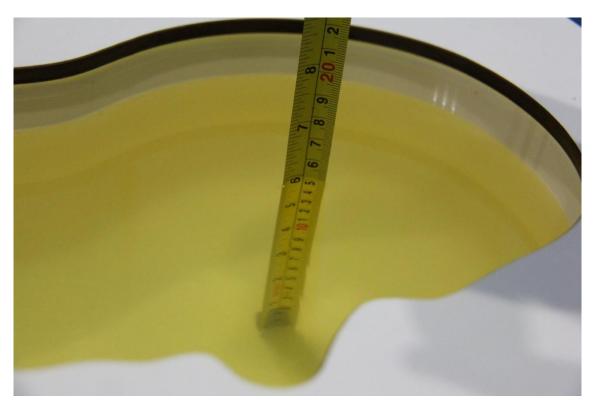


Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)

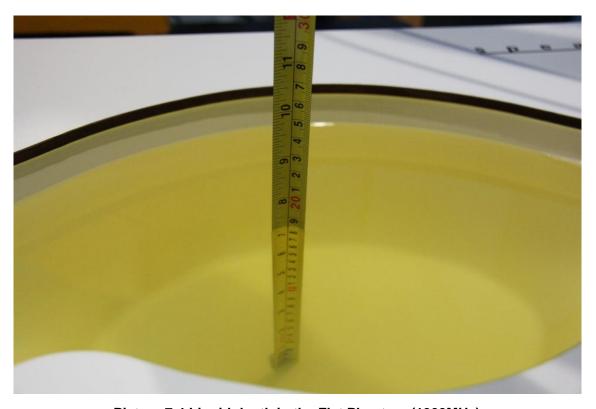


Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



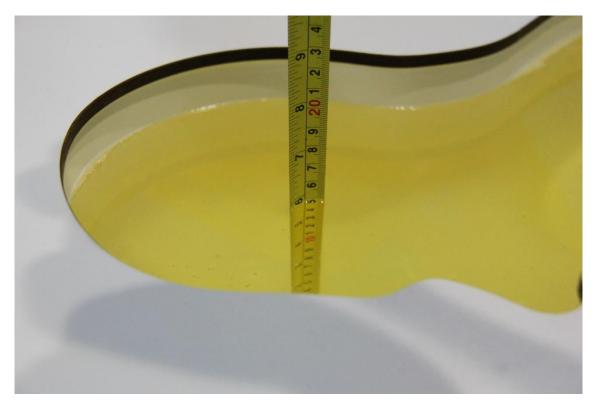


Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)

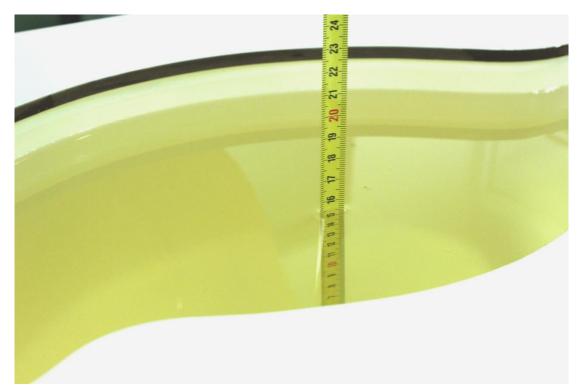


Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)

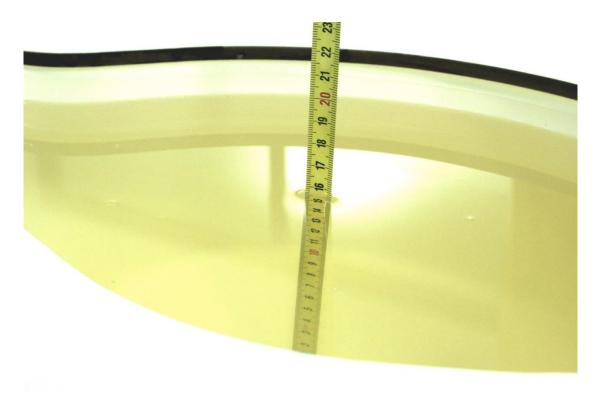


Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)





Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2600 MHz)

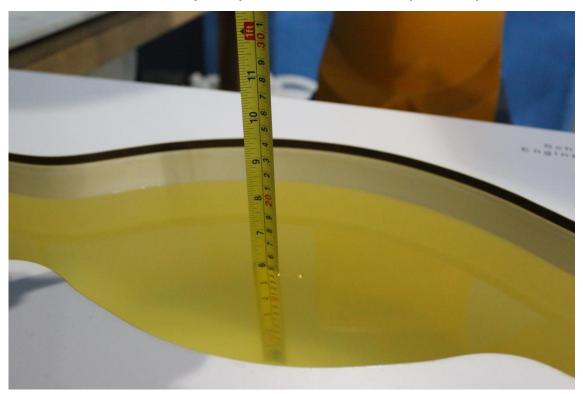


Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2600MHz)





Picture 7-9 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2300 MHz)



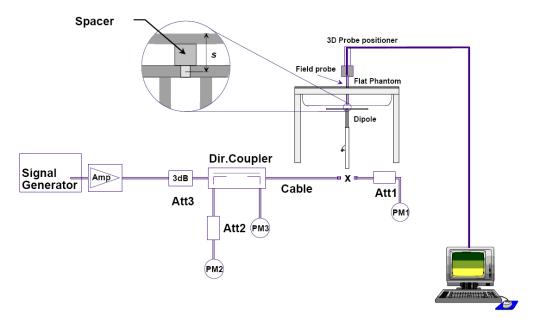
Picture 7-10 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2300MHz)



# 8 System verification

## 8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



**Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup** 



## 8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

**Table 8.1: System Verification of Head** 

Measurement	Measurement		ue (W/kg)	Measured	value(W/kg)	Deviation		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2019/8/19	835 MHz	6.06	9.37	6.08	9.4	0.33%	0.32%	
2019/8/20	1900 MHz	21.0	40.0	21.32	40	1.52%	0.00%	
2019/8/21	2300 MHz	24.1	49.7	23.84	50.08	-1.08%	0.76%	
2019/8/21	2450 MHz	24.7	52.2	25	51.28	1.21%	-1.76%	
2019/8/22	2600 MHz	25.8	57.9	25.68	56.76	-0.47%	-1.97%	

**Table 8.2: System Verification of Body** 

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured	value (W/kg)	Deviation		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2019/8/19	835 MHz	6.12	9.41	6.08	9.56	-0.65%	1.59%	
2019/8/20	1900 MHz	21.5	40.5	21.4	40.8	-0.47%	0.74%	
2019/8/21	2300 MHz	22.9	47.2	22.92	48.12	0.09%	1.95%	
2019/8/21	2450 MHz	23.8	50.4	23.68	49.52	-0.50%	-1.75%	
2019/8/22	2600 MHz	24.8	55.5	24.56	55.36	-0.97%	-0.25%	



## 9 Measurement Procedures

## 9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

**Step 1**: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band ( $f_c$ ) for:

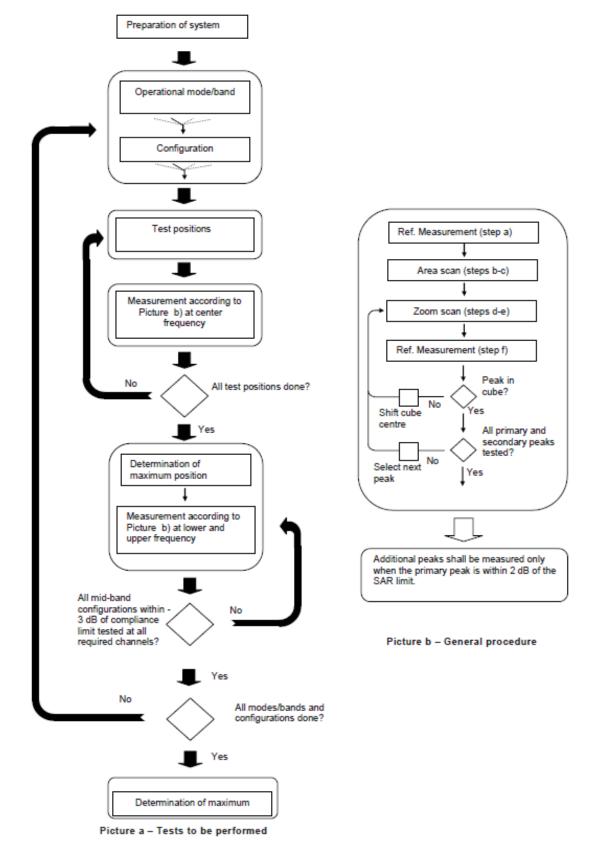
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e.,  $N_c > 3$ ), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

**Step 2**: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1,perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

**Step 3**: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1Block diagram of the tests to be performed



#### 9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro		-	5 ± 1 mm	½-5·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem			30° ± 1° 20° ± 1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spa	tial resolutio	n: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan sp	oatial resolut	ion: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform g	rid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
urface	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan olume x, y, z		≥ 30 <b>mm</b>	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm			

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *I-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### 9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH<sub>n</sub>), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

#### For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

#### For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$eta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$ / $oldsymbol{eta_d}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ec}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	$eta_{ed}$	$eta_{ed}$	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.5	1.5	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$eta_{ed1:^{47/15}} \ eta_{ed2:^{47/15}}$	4	2	1.5	1.5	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	1.5	1.5	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.5	1.5	21	81

#### Rel.8 DC-HSDPA (Cat 24)

SAR test exclusion for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA must satisfy the SAR test exclusion requirements of Rel.5 HSDPA. SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion.



#### 9.4 SAR Measurement for LTE

SAR tests for LTE are performed with a base station simulator, Rohde & Rchwarz CMW500. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. All powers were measured with the CMW 500.

It is performed for conducted power and SAR based on the KDB941225 D05.

SAR is evaluated separately according to the following procedures for the different test positions in each exposure condition – head, body, body-worn accessories and other use conditions. The procedures in the following subsections are applied separately to test each LTE frequency band.

## 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

## 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

#### 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### **TDD test:**

TDD testing is performed using guidance from FCC KDB 941225 D05 and the SAR test guidance provided in April 2013 TCB works hop notes. TDD is tested at the highest duty factor using UL-DL configuration 0 with special subframe configuration 6 and applying the FDD LTE procedures in KDB 941225 D05. SAR testing is performed using the extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211.

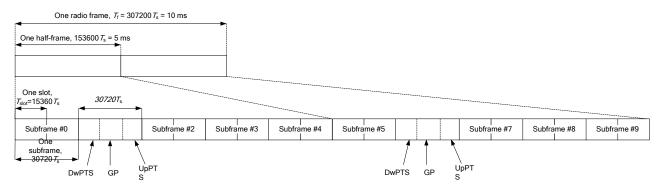


Figure 9.2: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)



	Norma	l cyclic prefix in	downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
Connected assistances	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS			
Special subframe configuration		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		
0	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
1	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	2102 T	2560 T		
2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2560 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$25600 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
4	$26336 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$7680 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
5	$6592 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$20480 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	1291 T	5120 T		
6	$19760 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			$23040 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$12800 \cdot T_{\rm s}$				
8	$24144 \cdot T_{\rm s}$		-	-	-	-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_{\rm s}$			-	-	-		

Table 9.2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink				Sub	frame	e num	ber			
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	J	J	D

Duty factor is calculated by:

Duty factor = uplink frame\*6+UpPTS\*2/one frame length

=  $(30720.T_s * 6+5120. T_s*2)/307200.T_s$ 

= 0.633

According to the KDB 447498 D01, SAR should be evaluated at more than 3 frequencies for devices supporting transmit bands wider than 100MHz. Oct.2014 FCC-TCB conference notes (Dec. 2014 rev.) specifies the 5 test channels to use for 3GPP band 41 SAR evaluation.



#### 9.5 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

#### 9.6 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in section14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



# 10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

## 10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

## 10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz)and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm mare 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



# **11 Conducted Output Power**

#### 11.1 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.1-1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM, GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)	Tune up	calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)	
Speech (GMSK)	251	190	128	-		251	190	128	
1 Txslot	31.75	31.80	31.66	33.30	/	/	/	/	
GSM 850	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)	
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128	
1 Txslot	31.37	31.43	31.38	33.30	-9.03	22.34	22.40	22.35	
2 Txslots	30.12	30.13	29.96	30.50	-6.02	24.10	24.11	23.94	
3Txslots	28.04	28.05	27.77	28.50	-4.26	23.78	23.79	23.51	
4 Txslots	26.80	26.86	26.52	27.50	-3.01	23.79	23.85	23.51	
GSM 850	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)	
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128	
1 Txslot	31.36	31.41	31.38	33.30	-9.03	22.33	22.38	22.35	
2 Txslots	30.10	30.13	29.95	30.50	-6.02	24.08	24.11	23.93	
3Txslots	28.03	28.03	27.77	28.50	-4.26	23.77	23.77	23.51	
4 Txslots	26.80	26.84	26.51	27.50	-3.01	23.79	23.83	23.50	
GSM 850	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averag	Averaged Power (		
EGPRS (8PSK)	251	190	128			251	190	128	
1 Txslot	25.42	25.71	25.78	27.00	-9.03	16.39	16.68	16.75	
2 Txslots	24.45	24.49	24.54	25.50	-6.02	18.43	18.47	18.52	
3Txslots	23.40	23.84	23.55	24.00	-4.26	19.14	19.58	19.29	
4 Txslots	21.47	21.52	21.55	22.50	-3.01	18.46	18.51	18.54	
PCS1900	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)	Tune up	calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)	
Speech (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512	
1 Txslot	29.58	29.55	29.40	30.30	/	/	/	/	
PCS1900	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)	
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512	
1 Txslot	29.58	29.55	29.41	30.30	-9.03	20.55	20.52	20.38	
2 Txslots	27.98	27.91	27.65	28.00	-6.02	21.96	21.89	21.63	
3Txslots	25.71	25.95	25.70	26.00	-4.26	21.45	21.69	21.44	
4 Txslots	24.60	24.81	24.64	25.00	-3.01	21.59 21.80		21.63	
PCS1900	Measur	ed Power	(dBm)		calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)			
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512	
1 Txslot	29.54	29.53	29.41	30.30	-9.03	20.51	20.50	20.38	



2 Txslots	27.96	27.95	27.64	28.00	-6.02	21.94	21.93	21.62
3Txslots	25.69	25.92	25.69	26.00	-4.26	21.43	21.66	21.43
4 Txslots	24.57	24.80	24.63	25.00	-3.01	21.56	21.79	21.62
PCS1900	Measur	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averag	ed Powe	r (dBm)
EGPRS (8PSK)	810	661	512			810	661	512
1 Txslot	25.23	25.34	25.31	26.00	-9.03	16.20	16.31	16.28
2 Txslots	24.21	24.01	23.92	25.50	-6.02	18.19	17.99	17.90
3Txslots	22.25	22.26	22.15	23.00	-4.26	17.99	18.00	17.89
4 Txslots	21.20	21.09	21.00	22.50	-3.01	18.19	18.08	17.99

#### NOTES:

#### 1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GSM850 and GSM1900.

## 11.2 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.2-1: The conducted Power for WCDMA

	band	FDDV result					
Item	ARFCN	4233 (846.6MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)	Tune up		
WCDMA	1	23.44	23.48	23.46	24.00		
	1	20.5	20.56	20.54	21.00		
	2	20.5	20.57	20.54	21.00		
HSUPA	3	21.52	21.57	21.54	22.00		
	4	20.04	20.11	20.10	20.50		
	5	21.48	21.55	21.52	22.00		
HSPA+	1	20.71	20.74	20.72	22.50		
	1	22.54	22.56	22.54	23.00		
DC-HSDPA	2	22.35	22.48	22.48	23.00		
DO-HODEA	3	21.98	20.06	21.99	23.00		
	4	21.97	22.01	21.97	23.00		
Item	band		FDDII resul	t			
Item	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)	Tune up		
WCDMA	1	22.46	22.47	22.49	22.50		
HSUPA	1	19.52	19.51	19.53	21.00		



	2	19.47	19.48	19.52	21.00
	3	20.45	20.41	20.43	22.00
	4	18.98	19.00	19.01	20.50
	5	20.43	20.40	20.46	22.00
HSPA+	1	22.47	22.47	22.36	22.50
	1	21.54	21.48	21.45	23.00
DC-HSDPA	2	21.31	21.44	21.46	23.00
	3	21.05	21.07	21.01	23.00
	4	21.07	21.07	21.06	23.00

## 11.3 LTE Measurement result

Table 13.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for LTE

	1440-10-10-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11						
	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						
Modulation	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	MPR (dB)
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Table 13.3-2: The tune up for LTE - Normal Power

	•
Band	Tune up
LTE Band 5	24
LTE Band 7	22.7
LTE Band 38	24
LTE Band 40	24.5



Table 11.3-4: The conducted Power for LTE

		Ba	nd 5	
Bandwidth	RB allocation	Frequency	QPSK	16QAM
(MHz)	RB offset (Start RB)	(MHz)	Actual output power (dBm)	Actual output power (dBm)
	455	848.3	23.60	22.68
	1RB	836.5	23.57	22.36
	High (5)	824.7	23.61	22.37
	400	848.3	23.48	22.84
	1RB	836.5	23.51	22.51
	Middle (3)	824.7	23.50	22.56
	400	848.3	22.12	22.64
	1RB Low (0)	836.5	22.25	22.35
	LOW (U)	824.7	22.60	22.38
	000	848.3	23.23	22.55
1.4 MHz	3RB	836.5	23.48	22.58
	High (3)	824.7	23.52	22.36
	000	848.3	23.52	22.58
	3RB Middle (1)	836.5	23.57	22.62
		824.7	23.50	22.43
	3RB Low (0)	848.3	23.46	22.55
		836.5	23.53	22.53
		824.7	23.45	22.40
	6RB (0)	848.3	22.55	21.42
		836.5	22.63	21.68
		824.7	22.54	21.65
	1RB High (14)	847.5	23.61	22.23
		836.5	23.48	22.70
		825.5	23.54	22.33
	400	847.5	23.67	22.35
	1RB Middle (7)	836.5	23.56	22.85
	Middle (7)	825.5	23.50	22.47
	455	847.5	23.52	22.27
	1RB	836.5	23.12	22.66
	Low (0)	825.5	23.24	22.35
3 MHz		847.5	22.52	21.57
	8RB	836.5	22.47	21.50
	High (7)	825.5	22.49	21.45
	000	847.5	22.54	21.63
	8RB Middle (4)	836.5	22.53	21.60
	Middle (4)	825.5	22.52	21.52
	000	847.5	22.45	21.57
	8RB Low (0)	836.5	22.47	21.50
	LOW (U)	825.5	22.50	21.48



	15RB (0)	847.5	22.45	21.48
		836.5	22.46	21.48
		825.5	22.42	21.38
		846.5	23.41	22.35
	1RB	836.5	23.43	22.41
	High (24)	826.5	23.41	22.78
		846.5	23.62	22.58
	1RB	836.5	23.72	22.71
	Middle (12)	826.5	23.62	22.97
		846.5	23.38	22.37
	1RB	836.5	23.47	22.38
	Low (0)	826.5	23.36	22.72
		846.5	22.43	21.49
5 MHz	12RB	836.5	22.37	21.47
J WII 12	High (13)	826.5	22.43	21.57
		846.5	22.41	21.51
	12RB	836.5	22.43	21.49
	Middle (6)	826.5	22.45	21.60
		846.5	22.44	21.48
	12RB	836.5	22.39	21.47
	Low (0)		22.36	21.52
	25RB	826.5	22.41	21.37
		846.5	22.42	21.43
	(0)	836.5		
		826.5	22.40	21.46
	1RB	844.0	23.50	22.65
	High (49)	836.5	23.46	22.33
	J ( )	829.0	23.51	22.25
	1RB	844.0	23.62	22.85
	Middle (24)	836.5	23.53	22.43
		829.0	23.63	22.35
	1RB	844.0	23.48	22.64
	Low (0)	836.5	23.44	22.33
	2011 (0)	829.0	23.41	22.19
	OFDD	844.0	22.49	21.49
10 MHz	25RB High (25)	836.5	22.43	21.51
	1 light (23)	829.0	22.46	21.48
	0555	844.0	22.49	21.54
	25RB	836.5	22.45	21.52
	Middle (12)	829.0	22.49	21.46
		844.0	22.51	21.53
	0500			
	25RB	836.5	22.46	21.59
	25RB Low (0)		22.46 22.51	21.59 21.48
	Low (0)	836.5		
		836.5 829.0	22.51	21.48



		Band 7			
Bandwidth	RB allocation	Frequency	Actual output power (dBm)		
(MHz)	RB offset	(MHz)	QPSK	16QAM	
		2567.5	22.23	20.76	
	1RB_High	2535	21.75	20.80	
		2502.5	21.76	21.24	
		2567.5	22.28	21.02	
	1RB_Middle	2535	22.02	21.08	
		2502.5	21.99	21.50	
		2567.5	21.73	20.75	
	1RB_Low	2535	21.72	20.81	
		2502.5	21.69	21.17	
		2567.5	20.70	19.76	
5MHz	12RB_High	2535	20.73	19.78	
		2502.5	20.83	19.96	
		2567.5	20.85	19.87	
	12RB_Middle	2535	20.81	19.87	
		2502.5	20.88	20.01	
	12RB_Low	2567.5	20.77	19.80	
		2535	20.73	19.73	
		2502.5	20.78	19.89	
		2567.5	20.77	19.68	
	25RB	2535	20.72	19.74	
		2502.5	20.79	19.83	
		2565	22.19	20.76	
	1RB_High	2535	21.73	20.62	
	1112_1 light	2505	21.86	21.16	
		2565	22.33	20.87	
	1RB_Middle	2535	21.83	20.75	
		2505	22.01	21.28	
		2565	21.87	20.73	
	1RB_Low	2535	21.73	20.64	
	_	2505	21.76	21.07	
10MHz		2565	20.83	19.83	
	25RB_High	2535	20.75	19.77	
		2505	20.90	19.92	
		2565	20.82	19.88	
	25RB_Middle	2535	20.82	19.79	
		2505	20.89	19.89	
		2565	20.75	19.79	
	25RB_Low	2535	20.71	19.71	
		2505	20.69	19.70	
	50RB	2565	20.78	19.75	



		2535	20.75	19.69
		2505	20.84	19.82
		2562.5	22.24	20.99
	1RB_High	2535	21.90	20.51
		2507.5	21.84	21.05
		2562.5	22.31	21.16
	1RB_Middle	2535	22.00	20.65
		2507.5	21.91	21.16
		2562.5	22.19	21.04
	1RB_Low	2535	21.72	20.55
	_	2507.5	21.78	21.04
		2562.5	21.29	19.75
15MHz	36RB_High	2535	20.81	19.73
		2507.5	20.84	19.90
		2562.5	21.34	19.80
	36RB_Middle	2535	20.97	19.79
	_	2507.5	20.87	19.91
		2562.5	20.97	19.70
	36RB Low	2535	20.87	19.70
	_	2507.5	20.76	19.84
	75RB	2562.5	21.11	19.73
		2535	20.89	19.77
		2507.5	20.86	19.82
		2560	21.99	20.90
	1RB_High	2535	21.99	20.93
		2510	21.87	21.37
	1RB_Middle	2560	22.38	21.30
		2535	22.36	21.28
		2510	22.42	21.43
		2560	21.97	20.92
	1RB_Low	2535	21.75	20.85
		2510	21.53	21.02
		2560	21.23	19.76
20MHz	50RB_High	2535	21.17	19.68
		2510	20.80	19.80
		2560	21.30	19.80
	50RB_Middle	2535	21.29	19.76
		2510	20.89	19.83
		2560	21.22	19.76
	50RB_Low	2535	21.06	19.72
		2510	20.83	19.69
		2560	21.27	19.75
	100RB	2535	21.07	19.83
		2510	20.94	19.82



		Band38			
Bandwidth	RB allocation	Frequency	Actual output power (dBm)		
(MHz)	RB offset	(MHz)	QPSK	16QAM	
		2617.5	22.93	22.27	
	1RB_High	2595	22.86	22.09	
		2572.5	22.87	22.10	
		2617.5	23.27	22.65	
	1RB_Middle	2595	23.23	22.47	
		2572.5	23.22	22.45	
		2617.5	22.91	22.27	
	1RB_Low	2595	22.88	22.11	
		2572.5	22.91	22.13	
		2617.5	22.05	21.15	
5MHz	12RB_High	2595	21.99	21.05	
		2572.5	21.94	20.93	
	12RB_Middle	2617.5	22.09	21.18	
		2595	22.06	21.10	
		2572.5	22.01	20.98	
		2617.5	22.06	21.16	
	12RB_Low	2595	22.01	21.02	
		2572.5	21.94	20.91	
	25RB	2617.5	22.06	21.05	
		2595	22.05	21.00	
		2572.5	21.96	20.94	
		2615	22.98	22.24	
	1RB_High	2595	23.02	22.40	
		2575	22.89	22.34	
		2615	23.05	22.36	
	1RB_Middle	2595	23.13	22.51	
		2575	23.01	22.44	
		2615	22.96	22.24	
	1RB_Low	2595	22.98	22.40	
10ML-		2575	22.95	22.35	
10MHz		2615	22.11	21.14	
	25RB_High	2595	22.05	21.07	
		2575	22.01	21.01	
		2615	22.11	21.12	
	25RB_Middle	2595	22.09	21.07	
		2575	22.05	21.03	
		2615	22.15	21.16	
	25RB_Low	2595	22.06	21.01	
		2575	22.01	20.99	

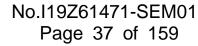
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		2615	22.17	21.13
	50RB	2595	22.06	21.03
		2575	21.97	21.01
		2612.5	22.94	22.21
	1RB_High	2595	22.85	22.11
		2577.5	22.89	22.31
		2612.5	23.01	22.32
	1RB_Middle	2595	23.00	22.27
		2577.5	22.98	22.35
		2612.5	22.93	22.25
	1RB_Low	2595	22.91	22.17
		2577.5	22.97	22.34
		2612.5	22.09	21.12
15MHz	36RB_High	2595	22.05	21.03
		2577.5	22.00	20.98
		2612.5	22.10	21.14
	36RB_Middle	2595	22.07	21.06
		2577.5	21.99	20.97
		2612.5	22.09	21.11
	36RB_Low	2595	22.04	21.01
	JOIND_LOW	2577.5	21.95	20.92
		2612.5	22.12	21.09
	75RB	2595	22.07	21.02
		2577.5	21.98	20.93
		2610	22.80	22.17
	1RB_High	2595	22.77	22.06
	111.5_11.g.1	2580	22.84	21.92
		2610	23.24	22.64
	1RB_Middle	2595	23.25	22.51
		2580	23.24	22.36
		2610	22.78	22.15
	1RB_Low	2595	22.75	22.04
	1110_2011	2580	22.83	21.95
		2610	22.00	21.02
20MHz	50RB_High	2595	22.04	20.98
20111112	0011B_111g11	2580	22.00	20.99
		2610	22.07	21.10
	50RB Middle	2595	22.08	21.04
	JOIND_IVIIGGIO	2580	21.99	20.99
		2610	22.06	21.11
	50RB_Low	2595	21.98	20.96
	OOND_LOW	2580	21.92	20.92
		2610	22.05	21.05
	100RB	2595	22.09	20.98
	TOOKB	2580	22.00	20.98



		Band40			
Bandwidth	RB allocation	Frequency	Actual output power (dBm)		
(MHz)	RB offset	(MHz)	QPSK	16QAM	
		2397.5	23.73	22.97	
	1RB_High	2350	23.69	22.87	
		2302.5	23.73	22.93	
		2397.5	24.07	23.25	
	1RB_Middle	2350	24.02	23.19	
		2302.5	24.07	23.23	
		2397.5	23.72	22.99	
	1RB_Low	2350	23.74	22.91	
		2302.5	23.73	22.92	
		2397.5	22.74	21.79	
5MHz	12RB_High	2350	22.80	21.81	
		2302.5	22.77	21.73	
		2397.5	22.78	21.83	
	12RB_Middle	2350	22.78	21.82	
		2302.5	22.77	21.72	
	12RB_Low	2397.5	22.70	21.76	
		2350	22.73	21.76	
		2302.5	22.70	21.63	
		2397.5	22.73	21.66	
	25RB	2350	22.74	21.73	
		2302.5	22.71	21.68	
		2395	23.82	22.85	
	1RB_High	2350	23.76	23.11	
		2302.5	23.73	23.06	
		2395	23.85	22.96	
	1RB_Middle	2350	23.90	23.25	
		2302.5	23.79	23.11	
		2395	23.74	22.93	
	1RB_Low	2350	23.79	23.17	
		2302.5	23.23	23.04	
10MHz		2395	22.89	21.75	
10111112	25RB_High	2350	22.86	21.79	
		2302.5	22.76	21.75	
		2395	22.82	21.75	
	25RB_Middle	2350	22.83	21.75	
		2302.5	22.77	21.74	
		2395	22.71	21.63	
	25RB_Low	2350	22.77	21.71	
		2302.5	22.69	21.64	
	50RB	2395	22.75	21.70	
	557.12	2350	22.80	21.76	





		2302.5	22.72	21.71
		2392.5	23.70	22.82
	1RB_High	2350	23.62	22.83
	TKD_High	2307.5	23.70	23.06
			23.77	23.04
	1DD Middle	2392.5	23.72	22.97
	1RB_Middle	2350	23.82	23.15
		2307.5		
	400 1	2392.5	23.70	22.99
	1RB_Low	2350	23.74	22.96
		2307.5	23.71	23.02
		2392.5	22.90	21.88
15MHz	36RB_High	2350	22.89	21.81
		2307.5	22.79	21.72
		2392.5	22.87	21.83
	36RB_Middle	2350	22.84	21.81
		2307.5	22.86	21.78
		2392.5	22.81	21.78
	36RB_Low	2350	22.79	21.73
		2307.5	22.79	21.69
		2392.5	22.84	21.76
	75RB	2350	22.84	21.76
		2307.5	22.84	21.73
		2390	23.82	22.48
	1RB_High	2350	23.76	22.71
		2310	23.69	22.63
		2390	24.13	22.87
	1RB_Middle	2350	24.17	23.14
		2310	24.03	22.93
		2390	23.78	22.54
	1RB_Low	2350	23.86	22.85
		2310	23.64	22.56
		2390	23.09	22.07
20MHz	50RB_High	2350	23.05	22.01
	_ 5	2310	22.88	21.82
		2390	23.01	21.97
	50RB Middle	2350	22.99	21.98
		2310	22.93	21.82
		2390	23.00	21.99
	50RB_Low	2350	22.92	21.90
	00115_2011	2310	22.84	21.72
		2390	23.03	22.01
	100RB	2350	22.98	21.91
	TOURD	2310	22.86	21.76
		2010	22.00	21.70



# 11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The maximum output power of BT is 6.53 dBm.

The maximum tune up of BT is 7dBm.

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following: 802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	16.27	16.18	16.33	16.12
6	/	/	16.42	/
11	/	/	16.27	/
Tune up	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.50

# 802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	14.43	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6	14.86	14.24	14.72	14.77	14.22	14.12	14.67	14.64
11	14.62	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50	15.50

# 802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
1	13.57	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
6	13.69	13.38	13.66	13.42	13.59	12.38	12.38	12.35	
11	13.23	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Tune up	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	

# 802.11n (dBm) - HT40 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	11.45	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6	11.93	11.89	11.88	11.82	11.34	10.72	10.56	10.48
9	11.50	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Tune up	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00

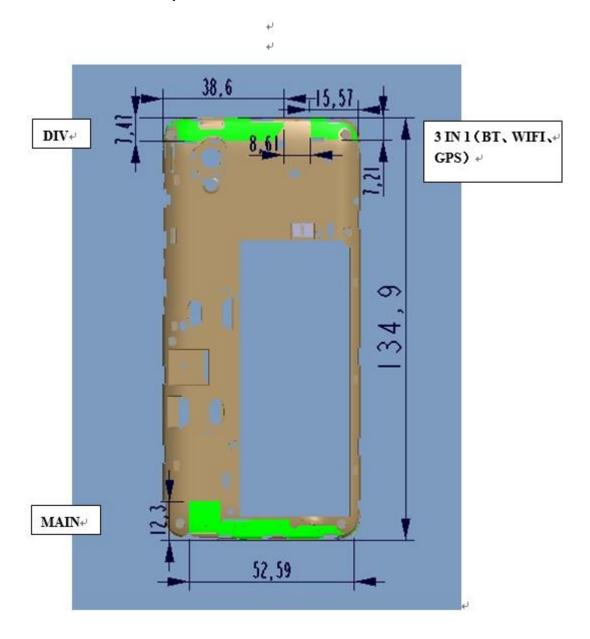


# 12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

#### 12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

# 12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



**Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations** 



#### 12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions										
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge										
Main antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes				
WLAN	WLAN Yes Yes No Yes No									

#### 12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz) Position		SAR test exclusion	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
			threshold(mW)	dBm	mW	
Dluotooth	2.441	Head	9.60	7	5.01	Yes
Bluetooth		Body	19.20	7	5.01	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	2.45	Head	9.58	16.5	44.7	No
2.4GHZ WLAN	2.45	Body	19.17	16.5	44.7	No



# 13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.56	0.80	1.36	
SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.50	0.60	1.30	
Highest reported	Bottom 10mm	1.29	1	1.29	
SAR value for Body	DOMOIN TOITIIN	1.29	/	1.29	

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and BT

	Position	Main antenna	ВТ	Sum	
Maximum reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.78	0.21 <sup>[1]</sup>	0.99	
SAR value for Head	Leit hand, Touch cheek	0.76	0.2111	0.99	
Maximum reported	Pottom 10mm	1 20	,	1 20	
SAR value for Body	Bottom 10mm	1.29	/	1.29	

<sup>[1] -</sup> Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Mada/Band	E (CU=)	Desition	Distance	Upper limi	Estimated <sub>1g</sub>	
Mode/Band	F (GHz)	Position	(mm)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	5	7	5.01	0.21
Bluetooth	2.441	Body	10	7	5.01	0.10

<sup>\* -</sup> Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

#### **Conclusion:**

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.



# 14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10 mm or 15mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-gSAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or more than 1.2W/kg.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR = Measured SAR  $\times 10^{(P_{Target} - P_{Measured})/10}$ 

Where P<sub>Target</sub> is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

 $P_{\text{Measured}}$  is the measured power in chapter 11.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM850/1900	1:4
WCDMA&LTE FDD	1:1
LTE TDD	1:1.58



#### 14.1 SAR results for Fast SAR

#### Note

- H1: The headset of CCB0046A10C4 by Dongguan MeiHao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
- H2: The headset of CCB0046A10C1 by HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD
- H3: The headset of CCB0049A10C1 by HUIZHOU JUWEI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD
- H4: The headset of CCB0049A10C4 by Dongguan MeiHao Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

Table 14.1-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C										
Freq	uency		Tast	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
251	848.8	Left	Touch	/	31.75	33.3	0.238	0.34	0.308	0.44	-0.08
190	836.6	Left	Touch	Fig.1	31.80	33.3	0.241	0.34	0.309	0.44	-0.09
128	824.2	Left	Touch	/	31.66	33.3	0.279	0.41	0.362	0.53	-0.06
190	836.6	Left	Tilt	/	31.80	33.3	0.165	0.23	0.211	0.30	0.05
190	836.6	Right	Touch	/	31.80	33.3	0.189	0.27	0.241	0.34	-0.03
190	836.6	Right	Tilt	/	31.80	33.3	0.175	0.25	0.224	0.32	-0.10

Table 14.1-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

	And in the control of													
			Ambie	ent Temp	erature: 22.	9°C Liq	uid Tempera	ture: 22.5°0	C					
Fred	uency	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
	. ,	(number of			Power		SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift			
Ch.	MHz	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)			
190	836.6	GPRS (2)	Front	/	30.13	30.5	0.201	0.22	0.268	0.29	0.03			
190	836.6	GPRS (2)	Rear	/	30.13	30.5	0.265	0.29	0.348	0.38	0.02			
251	848.8	GPRS (2)	Left	Fig.2	30.12	30.5	0.274	0.30	0.387	0.42	0.06			
190	836.6	GPRS (2)	Left	/	30.13	30.5	0.257	0.28	0.378	0.41	0.11			
128	824.2	GPRS (2)	Left	/	29.96	30.5	0.247	0.28	0.350	0.40	0.00			
190	836.6	GPRS (2)	Right	/	30.13	30.5	0.115	0.13	0.166	0.18	0.00			
190	836.6	GPRS (2)	Bottom	/	30.13	30.5	0.083	0.09	0.141	0.15	0.08			
251	848.8	EGPRS (2)	Left	/	30.10	30.5	0.261	0.29	0.376	0.41	-0.13			

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



# Table 14.1-3: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

			Ambi	ent Temp	erature: 22.9	°C L	iquid Tempe	erature: 22.	<b>5</b> °C		
Fre	quency		Tool	F:	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
810	1909.8	Left	Touch	/	29.58	30.3	0.290	0.34	0.459	0.54	0.10
661	1880	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.55	30.3	0.351	0.42	0.566	0.67	0.08
512	1850.2	Left	Touch	/	29.40	30.3	0.322	0.40	0.534	0.66	-0.04
661	1880	Left	Tilt	/	29.55	30.3	0.133	0.16	0.198	0.24	-0.03
661	1880	Right	Touch	/	29.55	30.3	0.266	0.32	0.415	0.49	0.07
661	1880	Right	Tilt	/	29.55	30.3	0.149	0.18	0.229	0.27	0.07

# Table 14.1-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

			Ambier	nt Tempe	erature: 22.9	°C Liqu	id Tempera	ture: 22.5°0			
Fre	quency	Mode (number of	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift
Ch.	MHz	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Front	/	27.91	28	0.298	0.30	0.444	0.45	0.06
810	1909.8	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.4	27.98	28	0.454	0.46	0.833	0.84	80.0
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Rear	/	27.91	28	0.426	0.43	0.784	0.80	0.10
512	1850.2	GPRS (2)	Rear	/	27.65	28	0.398	0.43	0.707	0.77	0.08
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Left	/	27.91	28	0.117	0.12	0.195	0.20	0.10
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Right	/	27.91	28	0.042	0.04	0.071	0.07	0.08
661	1880	GPRS (2)	Bottom	/	27.91	28	0.331	0.34	0.628	0.64	-0.13
661	1880	EGPRS (2)	Rear	/	27.96	28	0.448	0.45	0.805	0.81	0.11

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

# Table 14.1-5: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

	Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C													
			AIIIDI	ent tempe	Talule. 22.9 1	LI LI	quiu rempe	rature. ZZ.	3.0	1				
Freq	uency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
Ch.	MHz	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)			
4233	846.6	Left	Touch	/	23.44	24	0.388	0.44	0.508	0.58	0.05			
4182	836.4	Left	Touch	Fig.5	23.48	24	0.413	0.47	0.541	0.61	-0.02			
4132	826.4	Left	Touch	/	23.46	24	0.384	0.43	0.502	0.57	-0.09			
4182	836.4	Left	Tilt	/	23.48	24	0.279	0.31	0.358	0.40	-0.09			
4182	836.4	Right	Touch	/	23.48	24	0.307	0.35	0.401	0.45	-0.09			
4182	836.4	Right	Tilt	/	23.48	24	0.218	0.25	0.277	0.31	-0.11			



Table 14.1-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

			Ambient	Temperatui	re: 22.9 °C	Liquid Ter	mperature:	22.5°C		
Freq	uency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	MHz	Position	NO.	(dBm)	Power (dbill)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
4182	836.4	Front	/	23.48	24	0.508	0.57	0.662	0.75	-0.09
4233	846.6	Rear	/	23.44	24	0.553	0.63	0.717	0.82	0.02
4182	836.4	Rear	/	23.48	24	0.591	0.67	0.766	0.86	-0.05
4132	826.4	Rear	Fig.6	23.46	24	0.594	0.67	0.770	0.87	-0.03
4182	836.4	Left	/	23.48	24	0.455	0.51	0.642	0.72	-0.03
4182	836.4	Right	/	23.48	24	0.218	0.25	0.305	0.34	-0.03
4182	836.4	Bottom	/	23.48	24	0.169	0.19	0.280	0.32	0.03

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.1-7: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

	table in it is one talage (it obtains too tall balla it load)														
	Ambient Temperature: 22.9 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C														
Fred	quency	0:1	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power				
Ch.	MHz	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)				
9938	1907.6	Left	Touch	/	22.46	22.5	0.393	0.40	0.636	0.64	0.04				
9800	1880	Left	Touch	1	22.47	22.5	0.457	0.46	0.742	0.75	0.06				
9662	1852.4	Left	Touch	Fig.7	22.49	22.5	0.482	0.48	0.777	0.78	-0.08				
9800	1880	Left	Tilt	/	22.47	22.5	0.166	0.17	0.249	0.25	-0.05				
9800	1880	Right	Touch	/	22.47	22.5	0.347	0.35	0.555	0.56	0.10				
9800	1880	Right	Tilt	/	22.47	22.5	0.171	0.17	0.271	0.27	0.06				

Table 14.1-8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

	A List T. 100 One C. List T. 100 Sec.													
		A	mbient	Temperature	e: 22.9 °C	Liquid Ter	mperature:	22.5°C						
Fred	quency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift				
Ch.	MHz	Position	No.	(dBm) Power (dBm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)				
9800	1880	Front	/	22.47	22.5	0.395	0.40	0.604	0.61	-0.02				
9938	1907.6	Rear	/	22.46	22.5	0.537	0.54	0.995	1.00	0.05				
9800	1880	Rear	/	22.47	22.5	0.545	0.55	1.00	1.01	-0.13				
9662	1852.4	Rear	Fig.8	22.49	22.5	0.567	0.57	1.02	1.02	-0.04				
9800	1880	Left	/	22.47	22.5	0.106	0.11	0.176	0.18	0.09				
9800	1880	Right	/	22.47	22.5	0.108	0.11	0.180	0.18	0.13				
9800	1880	Bottom	/	22.47	22.5	0.398	0.40	0.728	0.73	-0.08				

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



Table 14.1-9: SAR Values (LTE Band5 - Head)

			Amb	ient Temp	perature	: 22.9°C	Liquid	Temperatur	e: 22.5°C			
Frequ	ency			Toot	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.9	23.63	24	0.461	0.50	0.607	0.66	0.04
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	23.63	24	0.319	0.35	0.428	0.47	0.02
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	23.63	24	0.343	0.37	0.444	0.48	-0.11
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	23.63	24	0.291	0.32	0.372	0.41	0.01
20600	844	25RB_Low	Left	Touch	/	22.51	23	0.354	0.40	0.464	0.52	0.10
20600	844	25RB_Low	Left	Tilt	/	22.51	23	0.240	0.27	0.311	0.35	-0.02
20600	844	25RB_Low	Right	Touch	/	22.51	23	0.268	0.30	0.347	0.39	-0.13
20600	844	25RB_Low	Right	Tilt	/	22.51	23	0.238	0.27	0.304	0.34	-0.03

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_10MHz.

Table 14.1-10: SAR Values (LTE Band5 - Body)

			Ambient 7	Tempera	nture: 22.9 °C	Liqui	id Temperat	ture: 22.5°C			
Frequ	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Front	/	23.63	24	0.423	0.46	0.553	0.60	0.02
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.10	23.63	24	0.508	0.55	0.663	0.72	-0.07
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Left	/	23.63	24	0.323	0.35	0.449	0.49	-0.10
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Right	/	23.63	24	0.154	0.17	0.216	0.24	-0.01
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	23.63	24	0.139	0.15	0.236	0.26	0.07
20600	844	25RB_Low	Front	/	22.51	23	0.349	0.39	0.453	0.51	0.07
20600	844	25RB_Low	Rear	/	22.51	23	0.362	0.40	0.474	0.53	-0.02
20600	844	25RB_Low	Left	/	22.51	23	0.202	0.23	0.278	0.31	0.01
20600	844	25RB_Low	Right	/	22.51	23	0.047	0.05	0.073	0.08	-0.08
20600	844	25RB_Low	Bottom	/	22.51	23	0.131	0.15	0.217	0.24	0.04

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{QPSK\_10MHz}}$ .



Table 14.1-11: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Head)

			Amb	ient Tempe	erature: 2	22.9 °C	Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C					
Frequ	iency	Mada	0:4-	Test	Figure	Conduct	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Position	No.	ed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.11	22.42	22.7	0.144	0.15	0.270	0.29	0.06
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	22.42	22.7	0.068	0.07	0.122	0.13	-0.03
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	22.42	22.7	0.128	0.14	0.232	0.25	0.13
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	22.42	22.7	0.079	0.08	0.146	0.16	-0.11
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Left	Touch	/	21.30	21.7	0.091	0.10	0.175	0.19	0.06
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	21.30	21.7	0.035	0.04	0.062	0.07	-0.07
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	21.30	21.7	0.086	0.09	0.158	0.17	0.02
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	21.30	21.7	0.043	0.05	0.077	0.08	-0.03

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

Table 14.1-12: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Body)

		A	mbient Te	mperatu	ıre: 22.9 °C	Liqui	d Temperat	ture: 22.5°C	2		
Frequ	ency MHz	Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Front	/	22.42	22.7	0.236	0.25	0.429	0.46	-0.13
21350	2560	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.38	22.7	0.481	0.52	0.959	1.03	0.11
21100	2535	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.36	22.7	0.491	0.53	0.967	1.05	0.13
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.42	22.7	0.458	0.49	0.919	0.98	-0.07
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Left	/	22.42	22.7	0.092	0.10	0.152	0.16	-0.01
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Right	/	22.42	22.7	0.068	0.07	0.114	0.12	-0.10
21350	2560	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	22.38	22.7	0.528	0.57	1.07	1.15	0.00
21100	2535	1RB_Mid	Bottom	Fig.12	22.36	22.7	0.541	0.59	1.08	1.17	-0.05
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	22.42	22.7	0.488	0.52	0.951	1.02	-0.07
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Front	/	21.30	21.7	0.180	0.20	0.356	0.39	0.03
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Rear	/	21.30	21.7	0.402	0.44	0.838	0.92	-0.10
21100	2535	50RB_Mid	Rear	/	21.29	21.7	0.379	0.42	0.784	0.86	0.04
20850	2510	50RB_Mid	Rear	/	20.89	21.7	0.358	0.43	0.732	0.88	-0.02
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Left	/	21.30	21.7	0.067	0.07	0.116	0.13	-0.03
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Right	/	21.30	21.7	0.045	0.05	0.077	80.0	-0.10
21350	2560	50RB_Mid	Bottom	/	21.30	21.7	0.428	0.47	0.854	0.94	0.01
21100	2535	50RB_Mid	Bottom	/	21.29	21.7	0.428	0.47	0.862	0.95	0.09
20850	2510	50RB_Mid	Bottom	/	20.89	21.7	0.406	0.49	0.803	0.97	-0.03
21350	2560	100RB	Rear	/	21.27	21.7	0.371	0.41	0.784	0.87	-0.18
21350	2560	100RB	Bottom	/	21.27	21.7	0.433	0.48	0.842	0.93	0.09

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.



Table 14.1-13: SAR Values (LTE Band38 - Head)

			Ambier	nt Tempe	erature: 2	2.9 °C	Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C					
Frequ	uency	Mada	Cide	Test	Figure	Conduct ed	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Powe
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Positi on	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	r Drift (dB)
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Left	Touch	/	23.25	24	0.060	0.07	0.119	0.14	0.06
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Left	Tilt	/	23.25	24	0.028	0.03	0.052	0.06	0.07
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.13	23.25	24	0.076	0.09	0.143	0.17	-0.05
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Right	Tilt	/	23.25	24	0.038	0.05	0.073	0.09	0.12
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Left	Touch	/	22.08	23	0.047	0.06	0.093	0.11	-0.01
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	22.08	23	0.024	0.03	0.045	0.06	0.04
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Right	Touch	/	22.08	23	0.052	0.06	0.097	0.12	0.09
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	22.08	23	0.028	0.03	0.073	0.09	-0.06

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

Table 14.1-14: SAR Values (LTE Band38 - Body)

		An	nbient Te	mperatu	ıre: 22.9°C	Liqui	id Temperat	ture: 22.5°C	7		
Frequ	iency MHz	Mode	Test Positio n	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Front	/	23.25	24	0.138	0.16	0.287	0.34	-0.06
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Rear	/	23.25	24	0.318	0.38	0.664	0.79	-0.12
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Left	/	23.25	24	0.079	0.09	0.139	0.17	-0.08
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Right	/	23.25	24	0.055	0.07	0.092	0.11	0.12
38150	2610	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	/	23.24	24	0.492	0.59	1.02	1.22	0.06
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	/	23.25	24	0.514	0.61	1.06	1.26	0.03
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	Fig.14	23.24	24	0.521	0.62	1.08	1.29	0.03
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Front	/	22.08	23	0.102	0.13	0.214	0.26	-0.13
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Rear	/	22.08	23	0.233	0.29	0.480	0.59	-0.01
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Left	/	22.08	23	0.066	0.08	0.119	0.15	0.02
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Right	/	22.08	23	0.042	0.05	0.072	0.09	0.01
38150	2610	50RB_Mid	Bottom	/	22.07	23	0.374	0.46	0.775	0.96	-0.07
38000	2595	50RB_Mid	Bottom	/	22.08	23	0.386	0.48	0.798	0.99	-0.09
37850	2580	50RB_High	Bottom	/	22.00	23	0.385	0.48	0.797	1.00	-0.05
38000	2595	100RB	Bottom	/	22.09	23	0.349	0.43	0.756	0.93	0.09
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	H1	23.24	24	0.504	0.60	0.994	1.18	0.06
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	H2	23.24	24	0.486	0.58	0.976	1.16	0.02
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	НЗ	23.24	24	0.513	0.61	0.993	1.18	0.09
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	H4	23.24	24	0.518	0.62	1.04	1.24	-0.19

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.



Table 14.1-15: SAR Values (LTE Band40 - Head)

			Ambien	t Tempe	rature: 2	22.9°C	Liquid	Temperatu	re: 22.5°C			
Frequ	ency	Mada	C: de	Test	Figure	Conduct ed	tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Powe
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Positi on	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g )(W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	r Drift (dB)
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	/	24.17	24.5	0.061	0.07	0.104	0.11	-0.05
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Left	Tilt	/	24.17	24.5	0.023	0.02	0.039	0.04	0.00
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.15	24.17	24.5	0.063	0.07	0.110	0.12	-0.03
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Right	Tilt	/	24.17	24.5	0.034	0.04	0.062	0.07	0.03
39550	2390	50RB_High	Left	Touch	/	23.09	23.5	0.046	0.05	0.078	0.09	-0.09
39550	2390	50RB_High	Left	Tilt	/	23.09	23.5	0.018	0.02	0.031	0.03	-0.11
39550	2390	50RB_High	Right	Touch	/	23.09	23.5	0.051	0.06	0.090	0.10	-0.04
39550	2390	50RB_High	Right	Tilt	/	23.09	23.5	0.021	0.02	0.037	0.04	0.07

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

Table 14.1-16: SAR Values (LTE Band40 - Body)

		А	mbient Te	mperature	e: 22.9 °C	Liqui	d Temperat	ture: 22.5°0	C		
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conduct	tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
- 1	, I	Mode	Position	•	ed Power	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	MHz		Position	No.	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Front	/	24.17	24.5	0.126	0.14	0.225	0.24	-0.10
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.16	24.17	24.5	0.270	0.29	0.549	0.59	-0.08
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Left	/	24.17	24.5	0.043	0.05	0.072	80.0	-0.06
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Right	/	24.17	24.5	0.034	0.04	0.060	0.06	-0.05
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Bottom	/	24.17	24.5	0.223	0.24	0.429	0.46	-0.02
39550	2390	50RB_High	Front	/	23.09	23.5	0.100	0.11	0.185	0.20	0.05
39550	2390	50RB_High	Rear	/	23.09	23.5	0.211	0.23	0.404	0.44	0.03
39550	2390	50RB_High	Left	/	23.09	23.5	0.037	0.04	0.064	0.07	0.06
39550	2390	50RB_High	Right	/	23.09	23.5	0.030	0.03	0.048	0.05	0.02
39550	2390	50RB_High	Bottom	/	23.09	23.5	0.191	0.21	0.366	0.40	-0.06

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.



# 14.2 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

# Table 14.2-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

						•			•		
			Amb	ient Tempe	erature: 22.9	°C L	iquid Tempe	rature: 22.5	°C		
Frequ	uency		Toot	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
128	824.2	Left	Touch	/	31.66	33.3	0.279	0.41	0.362	0.53	-0.06

# Table 14.2-2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

			Ambie	nt Temp	erature: 22.	9°C Liq	uid Tempera	ture: 22.5°(	2		
Fred	quency	Mode	Toot	Eiguro	Conducted	May tupo up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		(number of	Test Position	Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.		timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
251	848.8	GPRS (2)	Left	Fig.2	30.12	30.5	0.274	0.30	0.387	0.42	0.06

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

#### Table 14.2-3: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

			Ambi	ent Temp	erature: 22.9	°C L	iquid Tempe	erature: 22.	5°C		
Fred	quency		Tool	F:	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
661	1880	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.55	30.3	0.351	0.42	0.566	0.67	0.08

#### Table 14.2-4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

			Ambier	nt Tempe	erature: 22.9	)°C Liqu	id Tempera	ture: 22.5°0	7		
Fre		Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		(number of		_	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	MHz	) Position	FUSILIUII	No. (dBm)		Fower (dbill)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
810	1909.8	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.4	27.98	28	0.454	0.46	0.833	0.84	0.08

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

# Table 14.2-5: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

			Ambi	ent Tempe	rature: 22.9 º	C Li	quid Tempe	erature: 22.	5°C		
Freq	uency		T4	Fi	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
4182	836.4	Left	Touch	Fig.5	23.48	24	0.413	0.47	0.541	0.61	-0.02



#### Table 14.2-6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

			Ambient	Temperatur	e: 22.9 °C	Liquid Ter	mperature:	22.5°C		
Freq	uencv	Test	Figure	Conducted	May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
			Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	MHz	Position No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)	
4132	4132 826.4 Rear Fig.6		23.46	24	0.594	0.67	0.770	0.87	-0.03	

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

# Table 14.2-7: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

			Ambie	nt Temp	erature: 22.9	9°C Liqı	uid Temper	ature: 22.5°	°C		
Fr	Frequency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	MHz		FUSITION	INO.	(dBm)	Fower (dBill)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
9662	1852.4	Left	Touch	Fig.7	22.49	22.5	0.482	0.48	0.777	0.78	-0.08

#### Table 14.2-8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

			Α	mbient <sup>-</sup>	Temperature	e: 22.9 °C	Liquid Ter	mperature:	22.5°C		
	Frequency		Toot	Figure	Conducted	May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Position		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
C	Ch.	MHz	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
96	662	1852.4	Rear	Fig.8	22.49	22.5	0.567	0.57	1.02	1.02	-0.04

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

#### Table 14.2-9: SAR Values (LTE Band5 - Head)

			Amb	ient Temp	perature	: 22.9°C	Liquid	Temperatur	e: 22.5°C			
Frequ	ency			Toot	Figure	Conducted	Max.	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Power (dBm)	tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.9	23.63	24	0.461	0.50	0.607	0.66	0.04

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_10MHz.

# Table 14.2-10: SAR Values (LTE Band5 - Body)

			Ambient 7	Tempera	ture: 22.9°C	Liqui	id Tempera	ture: 22.5°0			
Frequ	MHz	Mode	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
20450	829	1RB_Mid	Rear	Fig.10	23.63	24	0.508	0.55	0.663	0.72	-0.07

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_10MHz.



# Table 14.2-11: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Head)

			Amb	ient Temp	erature: 2	22.9 °C	Liquid	Temperatu	re: 22.5°C			
Frequ	uency MHz	Mode	Side	Test Position	Figure No.	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
20850	2510	1RB_Mid	Left	Touch	Fig.11	22.42	22.7	0.144	0.15	0.270	0.29	0.06

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

# Table 14.2-12: SAR Values (LTE Band7 - Body)

		А	mbient Te	mperatu	re: 22.9°C	Liqui	d Tempera	ture: 22.5°C	7		
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
21100	2535	1RB_Mid	Bottom	Fig.12	22.36	22.7	0.541	0.59	1.08	1.17	-0.05

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

#### Table 14.2-13: SAR Values (LTE Band38 - Head)

			Ambier	nt Tempe	erature: 2	2.9 °C	Liquid	Temperatur	re: 22.5°C			
Frequ	uency	Mada	0:4-	Test	Figure	Conduct ed	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Powe
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Positi on	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	r Drift (dB)
38000	2595	1RB_ Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.13	23.25	24	0.076	0.09	0.143	0.17	-0.05

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

#### Table 14.2-14: SAR Values (LTE Band38 - Body)

		An	nbient Te	mperatu	ıre: 22.9 °C	Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C					
Frequ Ch.	iency MHz	Mode	Test Positio n	Figure No.	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(10g) (W/kg)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)
37850	2580	1RB_ Mid	Bottom	Fig.14	23.24	24	0.521	0.62	1.08	1.29	0.03

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

#### Table 14.2-15: SAR Values (LTE Band40 - Head)

				Table I	4.2-13.	JAIL Value	53 (LIL L	Janu <del>t</del> u - me	auj			
			Ambien	t Tempe	erature: 2	22.9 °C	Liquid	Temperatu	re: 22.5°C			
Frequ	ency	Marala	0:4-	Test	Figure	Conduct ed	tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Powe
Ch.	MHz	Mode	Side	Positi on	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g )(W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	r Drift (dB)
39150	2350	1RB_Mid	Right	Touch	Fig.15	24.17	24.5	0.063	0.07	0.110	0.12	-0.03

Note1: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.



		А	mbient Te	mperatur	e: 22.9 °C	Liqui	id Temperat	ture: 22.5°C	7		
Freque	encv		Toot	Liaura	Conduct	tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
Trequency		Mode	Test	Figure	ed Power	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
Ch.	Ch. MHz		Position	No.	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
39150	39150 2350 1RB_Mid		Rear	Fig.16	24.17	24.5	0.270	0.29	0.549	0.59	-0.08

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The LTE mode is QPSK\_20MHz.

#### 14.3 WLAN Evaluation for 2.4G

According to the KDB248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4GHz 802.11b DSSS using the <u>initial</u> test position procedure.

#### **Head Evaluation**

Table 14.3-1: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b (Fast SAR)

			Amb	ient Ten	nperature: 2	2.9 °C L	iquid Tempe	erature: 22.	5°C		
Frequ	ency	0:4-	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)( W/kg)	Drift (dB)
2437	6	Left	Touch	/	16.42	16.5	0.235	0.24	0.407	0.41	-0.04
2437	6	Left	Tilt	/	16.42	16.5	0.157	0.16	0.304	0.31	-0.07
2437	6	Right	Touch	/	16.42	16.5	0.436	0.44	0.851	0.87	0.13
2437	6	Right	Tilt	/	16.42	16.5	0.277	0.28	0.558	0.57	-0.03

As shown above table, the <u>initial test position</u> for head is "Right Touch". So the head SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.3-2: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b (Full SAR)

			Amb	oient Ten	nperature: 2	2.9 °C L	iquid Tempe	erature: 22.	5°C		
Freque	ency	0:1	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)( W/kg)	Drift (dB)
2462	11	Right	Touch	/	16.33	16.5	0.324	0.34	0.622	0.65	0.06
2437	6	Right	Touch	Fig.17	16.42	16.5	0.414	0.42	0.789	0.80	0.13
2437	6	Right	Tilt	/	16.42	16.5	0.26	0.26	0.501	0.51	-0.03

Note1: When the <u>reported SAR</u> of the <u>initial test position</u> is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> using subsequent highest estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported SAR</u> is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg.

Note2: For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the <u>reported</u> SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is 

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presented as below.

Table 14.3-3: SAR Values (WLAN - Head) – 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)

		Ambier	nt Temperat	ure: 22.9 °C	Liquid Te	emperature: 22.5	°C
Freque	ency	Side	Test	Actual duty	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR
MHz	Ch.		Position	factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)
2437	6	Right	Touch	100%	100%	0.80	0.80

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

#### **Body Evaluation**

Table 14.3-4: SAR Values (WLAN - Body)- 802.11b (Fast SAR)

		А	mbient T	emperature:	22.9 °C	Liquid Tem	perature: 2	22.5°C		
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)( W/kg)	Drift (dB)
2437	6	Front	/	16.42	16.5	0.099	0.10	0.187	0.19	-0.13
2437	6	Rear	/	16.42	16.5	0.082	0.08	0.159	0.16	0.02
2437	6	Left	/	16.42	16.5	0.059	0.06	0.11	0.11	-0.05
2437	6	Тор	/	16.42	16.5	0.031	0.03	0.062	0.06	0.10

As shown above table, the <u>initial test position</u> for body is "Front". So the body SAR of WLAN is presented as below:

Table 14.3-5: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) – 802.11b (Full SAR)

		А	mbient T	emperature:	: 22.9 °C	Liquid Tem	perature: 2	22.5°C		
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	, 		· ·	Power	-	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Front	Fig.18	16.42	16.5	0.103	0.10	0.188	0.19	-0.13

Note1: When the <u>reported</u> SAR of the <u>initial test position</u> is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> using subsequent highest estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported</u> SAR is  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .

Note2: For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel until the <u>reported</u> SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

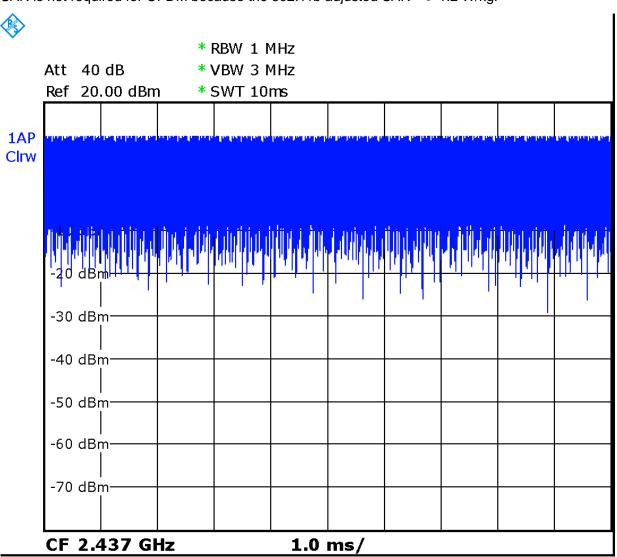
According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. The scaled reported SAR is presented as below.

Table 14.3-6: SAR Values (WLAN - Body) - 802.11b (Scaled Reported SAR)



		Ambient Ter	mperature: 22.9	9°C Liqui	d Temperature: 22	.5°C						
Freque	Frequency Test Actual duty maximum duty Reported SAR Scaled reported SAR											
MHz	Ch.	Position	factor	factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)						
2437	2437 6 Front 100% 100% <b>0.19 0.19</b>											

SAR is not required for OFDM because the 802.11b adjusted SAR  $\, \leq \,$  1.2 W/kg.



Picture 14.1 Duty factor plot



# 15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body GSM1900 (1g)

	Freq	uency	Toot	Chaoina	Original	First	The	Second
	Ch.	MHz	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
8	810	1909.8	Rear	10	0.833	0.807	1.03	1

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA1900 (1g)

Fred	luency	Test	Specing	Original	First	The	Second
Ch.	MHz	Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
9262	1852.4	Rear	10	1.02	0.987	1.03	1

Table 15.3: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B7 (1g)

						` ' '	
Freq	uency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
Ch.	MHz	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
21100	2535	Bottom	10	1.08	0.985	1.09	1

#### Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body LTE B38 (1g)

Freq	luency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
Ch.	MHz	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
37850	2580	Bottom	10	1.08	0.981	1.10	1



# **16 Measurement Uncertainty**

# 16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

<u> </u>	16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)									
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedom
Meas	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	$\infty$
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	&
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	~
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
			Test	sample related	d					
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phan	tom and set-u	p				•	•
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521



(	Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c^{'} =$	$= \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.55	9.43	257
_	anded uncertainty fidence interval of )	i	$u_e = 2u_c$					19.1	18.9	
16.	2 Measurement Ui	ncerta	inty for No	rmal SAR	Tests	(3~6	GHz)			
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedom
Mea	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	<b>∞</b>
13	Post-processing	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
			Test	sample related	d					
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	&
			Phan	tom and set-u	p					
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	$\infty$



	(target)									
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.7	10.6	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		i	$u_e = 2u_c$					21.4	21.1	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedom
Mea	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
			Test	sample related	1					
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phan	tom and set-u	р	_		_		
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞



19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
(	Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.4	10.3	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		1	$u_e = 2u_c$					20.8	20.6	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedom
Mea	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	8
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	8
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
			Test	sample related	i					
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5

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	uncertainty											
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞		
Phantom and set-up												
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞		
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8		
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43		
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞		
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521		
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_{c}^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$						13.5	13.4	257		
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						27.0	26.8			

# **17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS**

**Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments** 

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period	
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	January 24, 2019	One year	
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	October 24, 2019	One year	
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100542	October 24, 2018		
04	Power sensor	NRP6A	101369	April 11, 2019	One Year	
05	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	January 4, 2019	One Year	
06	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested		
07	Directional Coupler	778D	MY48220584	No Calibration Requested		
08	Directional Coupler	772D	MY46151265	No Calibration Requested		
09	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 17, 2019	One year	
10	BTS	CMW500	159890	January 3, 2019	One year	
11	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	3617	January 31, 2019	One year	
12	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	771	January 11,2019	One year	
13	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	July 18, 2019	One year	
14	Dipole Validation Kit SPEAG D1900V2		5d101	July 17, 2019	One year	
15	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 17, 2019	One year	
16	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2600V2	1012	July 17, 2019	One year	

\*\*\*END OF REPORT BODY\*\*\*



# **ANNEX A Graph Results**

#### GSM850 CH128 Left Cheek

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 824.2;  $\sigma = 0.896$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon r = 41.53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: GSM850 824.2 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.75,9.75,9.75)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.005 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 W/kg

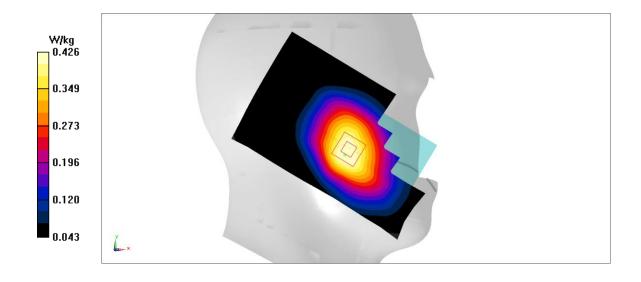


Fig A.1



#### GSM850 CH251 Left

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 848.8;  $\sigma = 0.983$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: GSM850 848.8 Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.61,9.61,9.61)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.492 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.387 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg

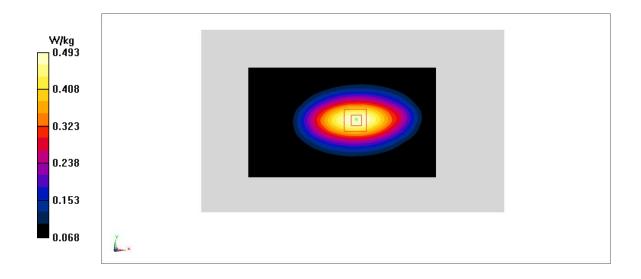


Fig A.2



# PCS1900\_CH661 Left Cheek

Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880;  $\sigma = 1.381$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 39.39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: PCS1900 1880 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(8.14,8.14,8.14)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.753 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.778 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.897 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.566 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.767 W/kg

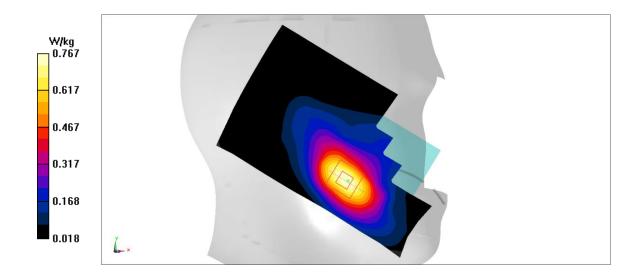


Fig A.3



#### PCS1900 CH810 Rear

Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8;  $\sigma = 1.522$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: PCS1900 1909.8 Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.78,7.78,7.78)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.514 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.833 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg

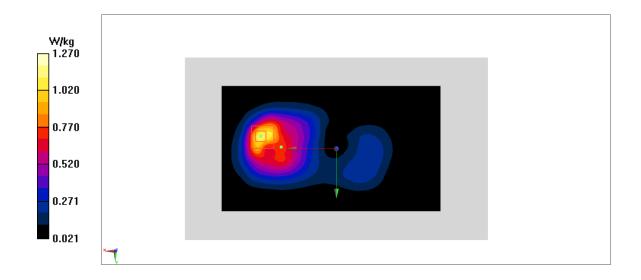


Fig A.4



# WCDMA1900-BII\_CH9262 Left Cheek

Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4;  $\sigma = 1.354$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 39.43$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: WCDMA1900-BII 1852.4 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(8.14,8.14,8.14)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.936 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.777 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg

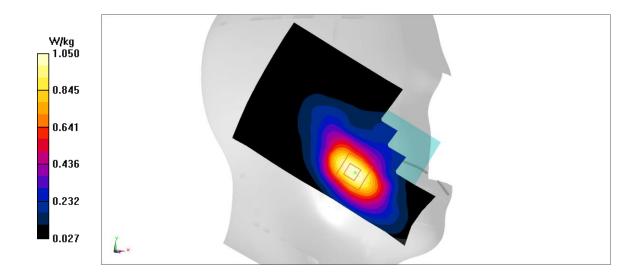


Fig A.5



## WCDMA1900-BII\_CH9262 Rear

Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4;  $\sigma = 1.467$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.97$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: WCDMA1900-BII 1852.4 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.78,7.78,7.78)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.46 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.567 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg

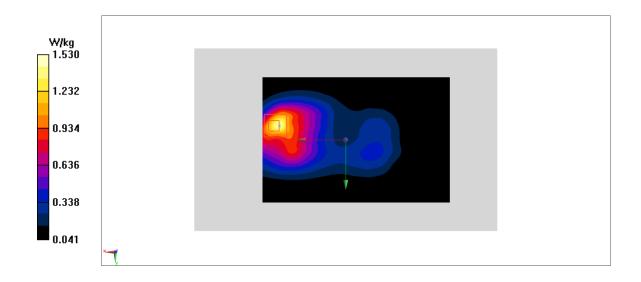


Fig A.6



# WCDMA850-BV\_CH4183 Left Cheek

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6;  $\sigma = 0.908$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: WCDMA850-BV 836.6 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.75,9.75,9.75)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.497 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.698 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.541 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.645 W/kg

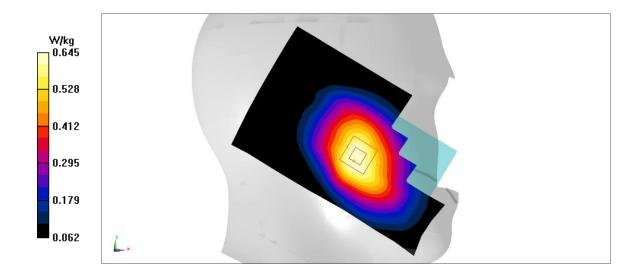


Fig A.7



#### WCDMA850-BV CH4132 Rear

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 826.4;  $\sigma = 0.961$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon r = 55.13$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: WCDMA850-BV 826.4 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.61,9.61,9.61)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.924 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.993 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.916 W/kg

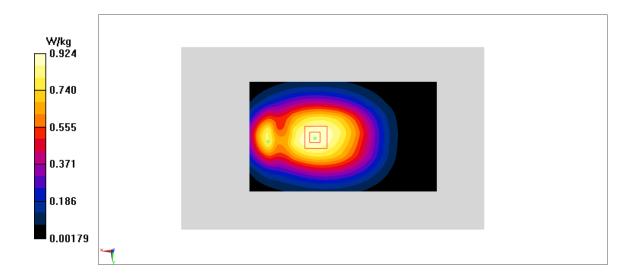


Fig A.8



# LTE850-FDD5\_CH20450 Left Cheek

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon r = 41.53$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: LTE850-FDD5 829 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.75,9.75,9.75)

**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.72 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.582 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.793 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 W/kg

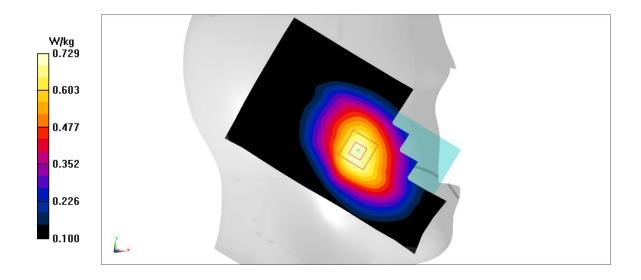


Fig A.9



# LTE850-FDD5\_CH20450 Rear

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.964$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 55.13$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: LTE850-FDD5 829 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.61,9.61,9.61)

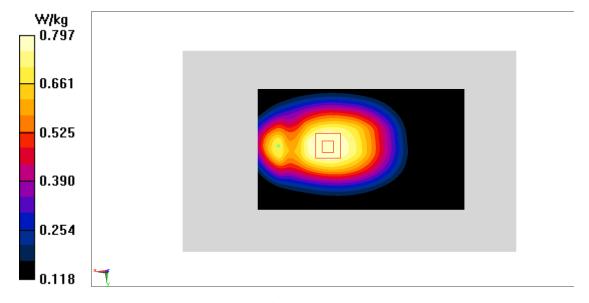
Area Scan (121x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.831 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.663 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.508 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.797 W/kg



**Fig A.10** 



# LTE2500-FDD7\_CH20850 Left Cheek

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.856$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 38.74$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2500-FDD7 2510 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.19,7.19,7.19)

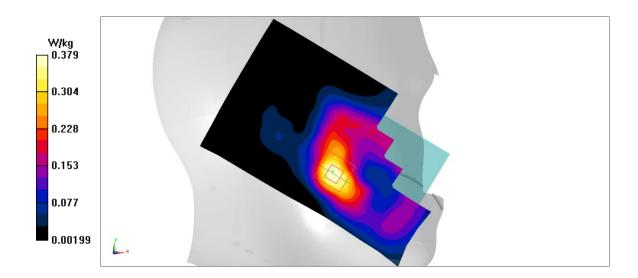
**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.398 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.019 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 W/kg



**Fig A.11** 



### LTE2500-FDD7 CH21100 Bottom

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.113$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 51.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2500-FDD7 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.49,7.49,7.49)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.78 W/kg

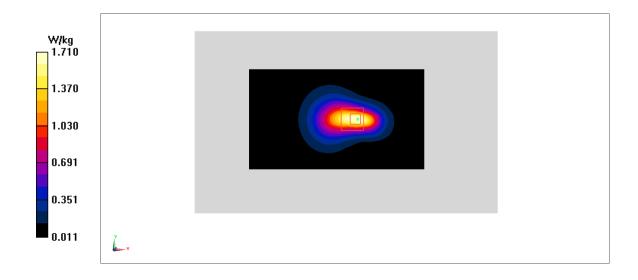
**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.541 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg



**Fig A.12** 



# LTE2600-TDD38\_CH38000 Right Cheek

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.937$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 38.64$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2600-TDD38 2595 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.19,7.19,7.19)

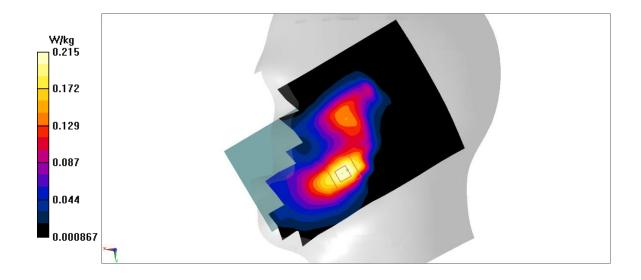
Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.216 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.415 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 W/kg



**Fig A.13** 



# LTE2600-TDD38\_CH37850 Bottom

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2580 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.156$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 51.66$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2600-TDD38 2580 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.49,7.49,7.49)

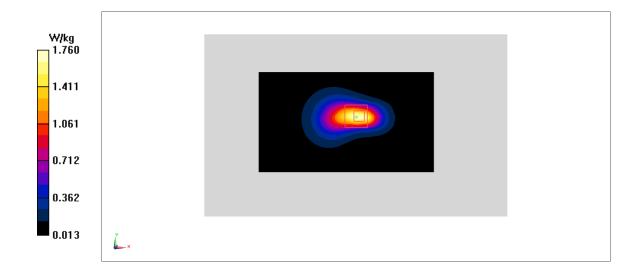
**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.521 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 W/kg



**Fig A.14** 



# LTE2300-TDD40\_CH39150 Right Cheek

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2350 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.64$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 39.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2300-TDD40 2350 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.74,7.74,7.74)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 W/kg

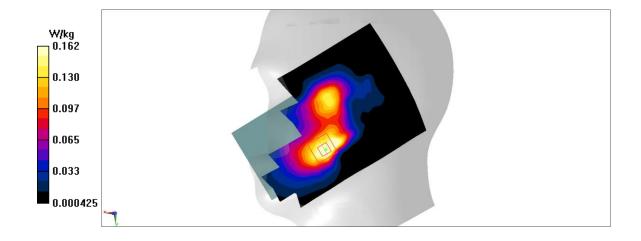
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.192 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 W/kg



**Fig A.15** 



# LTE2300-TDD40\_CH39150 Rear

Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2350 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.817$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 52.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: LTE2300-TDD40 2350 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.84,7.84,7.84)

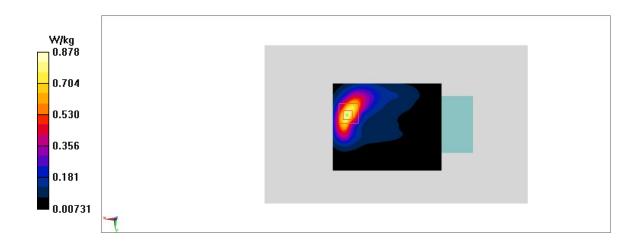
**Area Scan (71x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.834 W/kg

**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.583 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.27 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 W/kg



**Fig A.16** 



# WLAN2450\_CH6 Right Cheek

Date: 8/21/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2437;  $\sigma = 1.785$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 38.67$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2437 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.62,7.62,7.62)

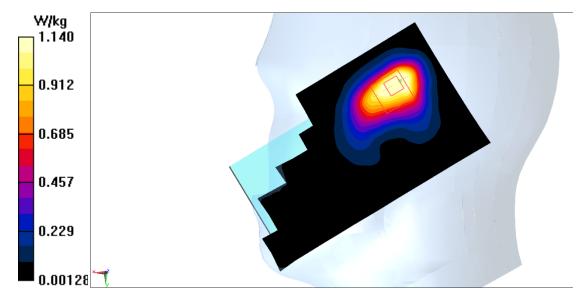
Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Zoom Scan (8x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.789 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



**Fig A.17** 



### WLAN2450 CH1 Front

Date: 8/21/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2412;  $\sigma = 1.903$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 53.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C Communication System: WLAN2450 2412 Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.79,7.79,7.79)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.239 W/kg

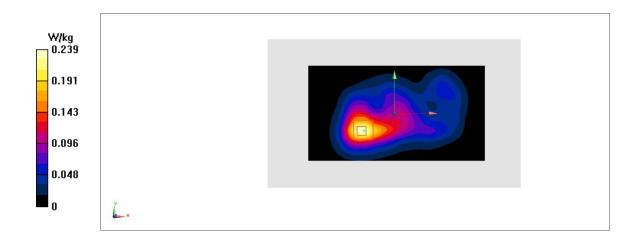
**Zoom Scan** (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.847 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.337 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 W/kg



**Fig A.18** 



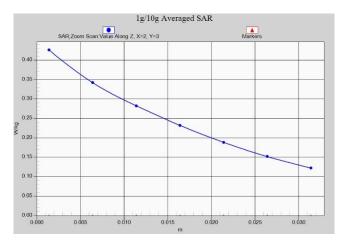


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

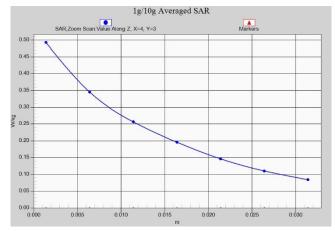


Fig. 1-2 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)

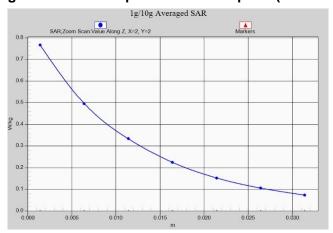


Fig. 1-3 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)



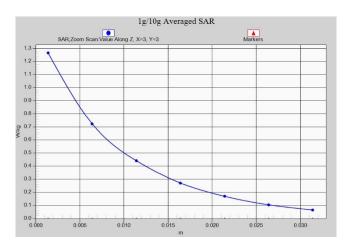


Fig. 1-4 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)

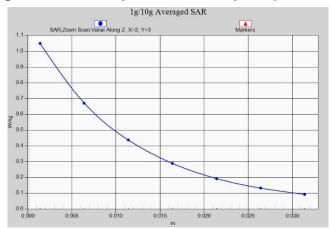


Fig. 1-5 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)

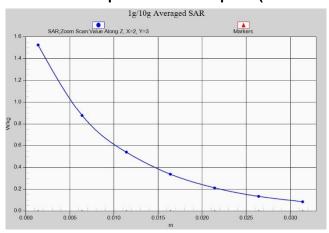


Fig. 1-6 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)



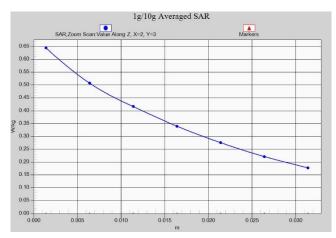


Fig. 1-7 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)



Fig. 1-8 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)

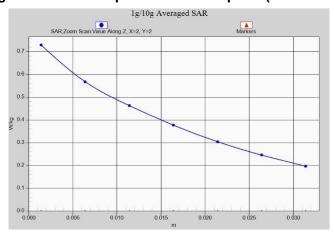


Fig. 1-9 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B5 MHz)



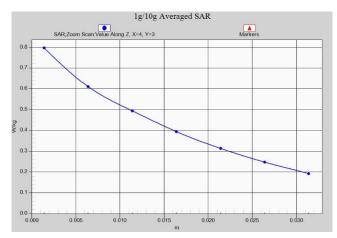


Fig. 1-10 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B5 MHz)

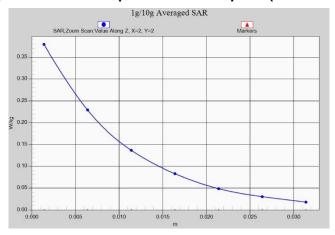


Fig. 1-11 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B7 MHz)

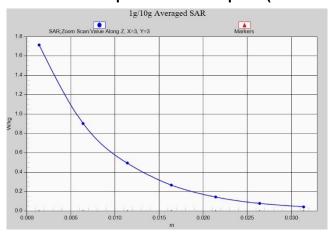


Fig. 1-12 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B7 MHz)



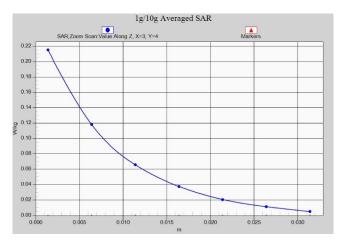


Fig. 1-13 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B38 MHz)

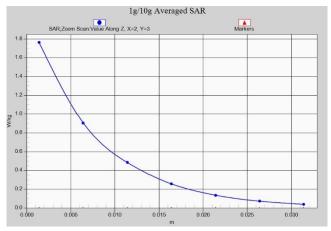


Fig. 1-14 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B38 MHz)

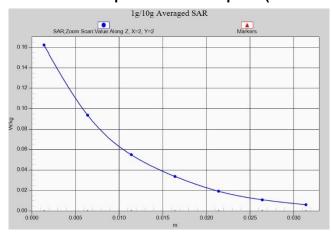


Fig. 1-15 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B40 MHz)



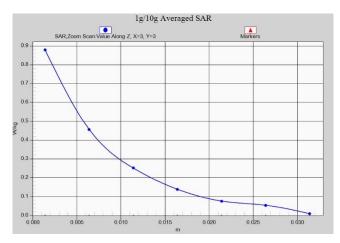


Fig. 1-16 Z-Scan at power reference point (LTE B40 MHz)

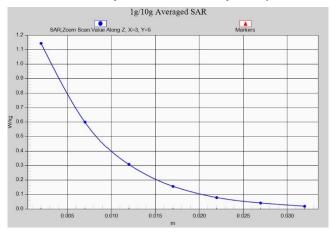


Fig. 1-17 Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI 2.4G)

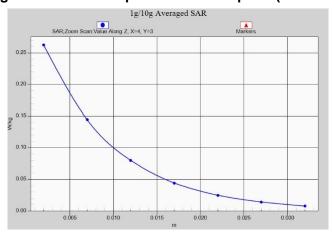


Fig. 1-18 Z-Scan at power reference point (WIFI 2.4G)



# **ANNEX B** System Verification Results

### 835 MHz

Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.906$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.75,9.75,9.75)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 63.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.15 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

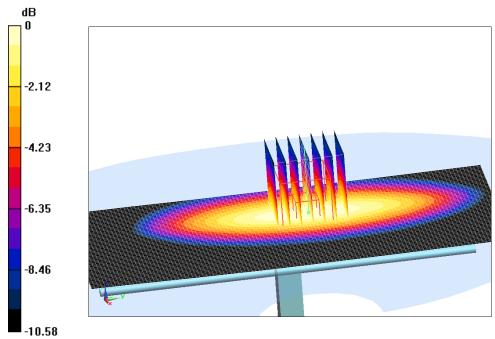
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =63.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.23 W/kg



0 dB = 3.23 W/kg = 5.09 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/19/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 835 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(9.61,9.61,9.61)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy = 1.000 mm

Reference Value = 57.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.43 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

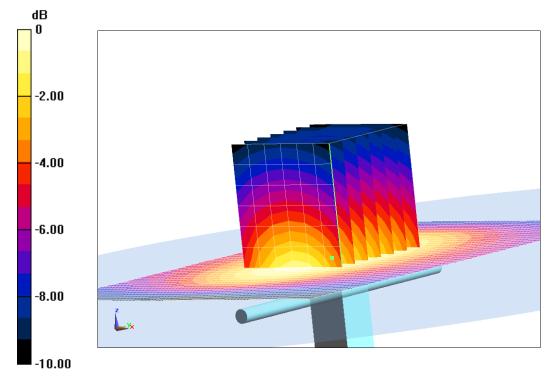
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =57.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.23 W/kg



0 dB = 3.23 W/kg = 5.09 dB W/kg

Fig.B.2 validation 835 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.37$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(8.14,8.14,8.14)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy = 1.000 mm

Reference Value = 108.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

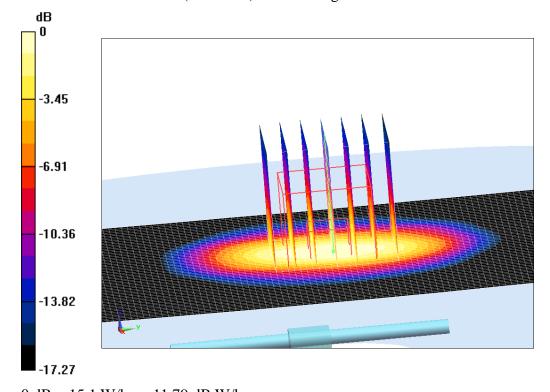
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =108.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg



0 dB = 15.1 W/kg = 11.79 dB W/kg

Fig.B.3 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/20/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.513$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.91$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.78,7.78,7.78)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 105.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.92 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

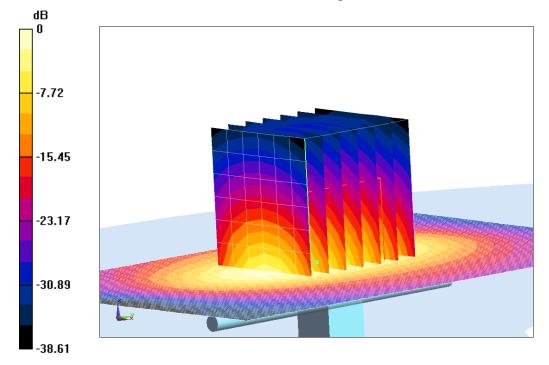
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =105.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.45 W/kg



0 dB = 14.45 W/kg = 11.6 dB W/kg

Fig.B.4 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/21/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.797$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.65$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.62,7.62,7.62)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 117.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.23 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

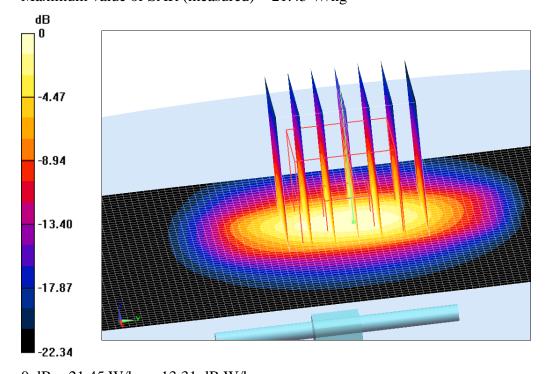
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =117.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.45 W/kg



0 dB = 21.45 W/kg = 13.31 dB W/kg

Fig.B.5 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/21/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.939$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.13$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.79,7.79,7.79)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 110.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.31 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

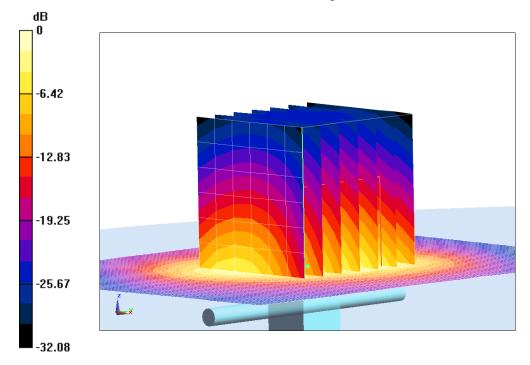
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =110.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.6 W/kg



0 dB = 21.6 W/kg = 13.34 dB W/kg

Fig.B.6 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.19,7.19,7.19)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 116.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.84 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

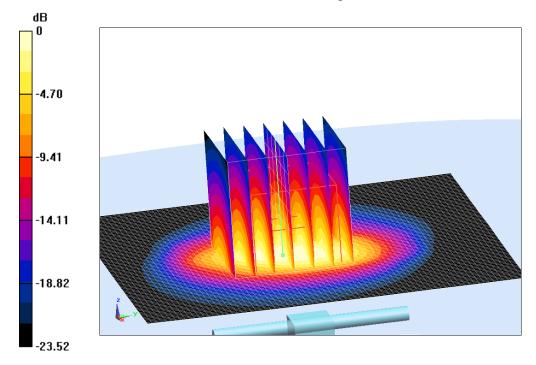
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =116.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.41 W/kg



0 dB = 24.41 W/kg = 13.88 dB W/kg

Fig.B.7 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/22/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.175$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.64$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.49,7.49,7.49)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 109.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.01 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

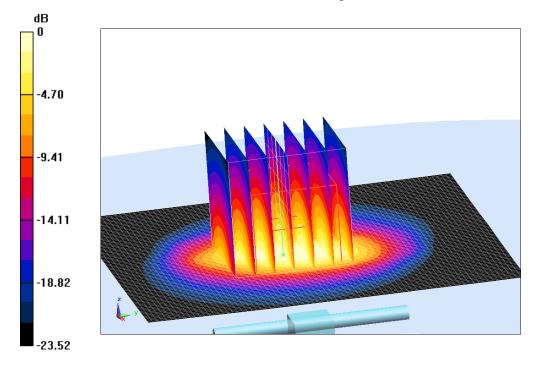
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =109.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.14 W/kg



0 dB = 23.14 W/kg = 13.64 dB W/kg

Fig.B.8 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 21/8/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.64 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.45$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617 ConvF(7.74,7.74,7.74)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy = 1.000 mm

Reference Value = 116.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.15 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

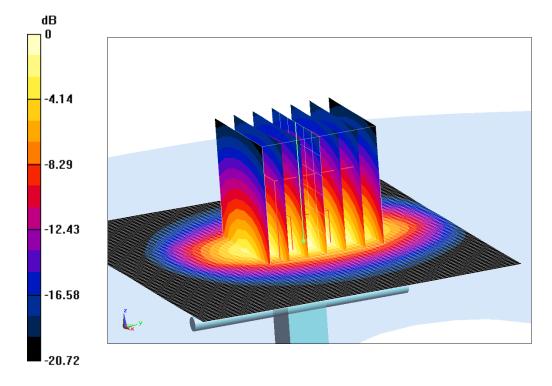
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 116.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.59 W/kg



0 dB = 19.59 W/kg = 12.92 dB W/kg

Fig.B.1 validation 2300 MHz 250mW



Date: 21/8/2019

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 2300 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.817$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2300 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3617ConvF(7.84,7.84,7.84)

# System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

Reference Value = 108.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.73 W/kg

# System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

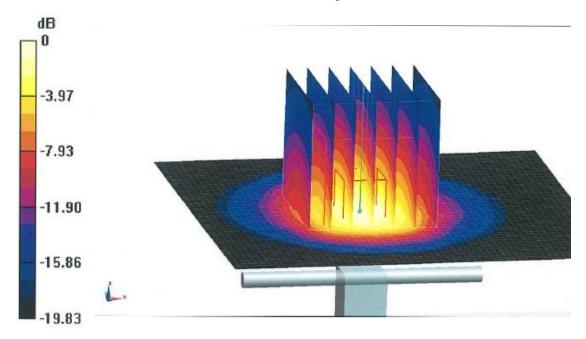
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =108.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.73 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.28 W/kg



0 dB = 19.28 W/kg = 12.85 dBW/kg

Fig.B.10 validation 2300MHz 250mW



The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification

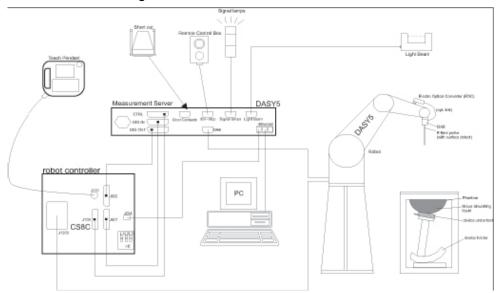
Date	Band Position		Area scan (1g)	Zoom scan (1g)	Drift (%)
2019-8-19	835	Head	2.38	2.39	-0.42
2019-0-19	835	Body	2.41	2.42	-0.41
2040 0 20	1900	Head	9.76	9.73	0.31
2019-8-20	1900	Body	9.77	9.94	-1.71
2019-8-21	2450	Head	12.9	12.95	-0.39
2019-0-21	2450	Body	12.92	12.9	0.16
2010 0 22	2600	Head	13.81	13.79	0.15
2019-8-22	2600	Body	13.66	13.95	-2.08
0040 0 04	2300	Head	12.47	12.52	-0.40
2019-8-21	2300	Body	12.03	12.03	0.00



# **ANNEX C** SAR Measurement Setup

# C.1 Measurement Set-up

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (StäubliTX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.
   The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals
  for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of
  the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



### C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2<sup>nd</sup> ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

### **Probe Specifications:**

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}(30 \text{ MHz to 6 GHz})$  for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3 DynamicRange: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

**Probe Tip** 

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields

Picture C.3E-field Probe

### C.3 E-field Probe Calibration

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



Picture C.2Near-field Probe





in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)},$ 

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

# **C.4 Other Test Equipment**

# C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE



### C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- > Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)





Picture C.5DASY 4

Picture C.6DASY 5

#### C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.







Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5

#### C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

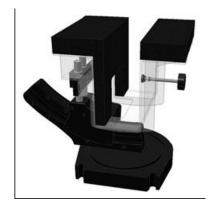
The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\ell=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

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### C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat



phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2±0.2 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special



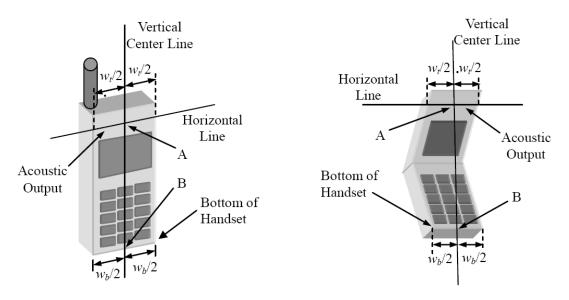
**Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom** 



# ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

### **D.1 General considerations**

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



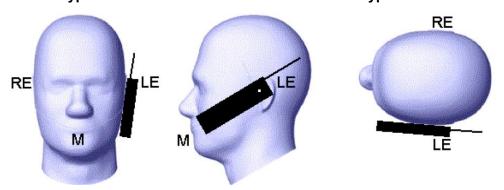
 $W_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 $W_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

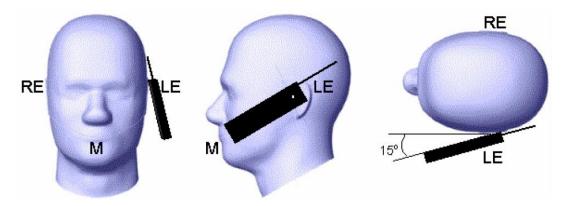
B Midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset

Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset 
Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

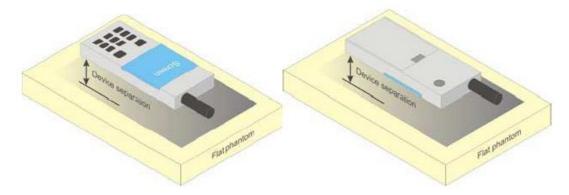




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

### D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



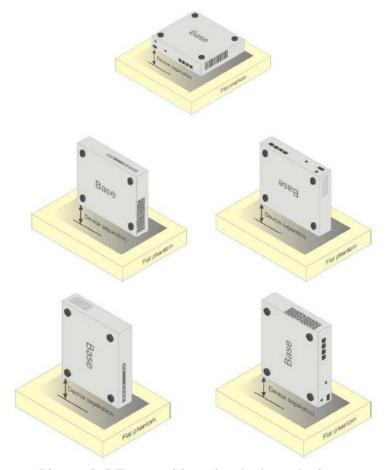
Picture D.4Test positions for body-worn devices

### D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.





Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

# **D.4 DUT Setup Photos**



Picture D.6



# **ANNEX E Equivalent Media Recipes**

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**TableE.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

Frequency	025Uaad	025Dady	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800		
(MHz)	835Head	835Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Ingredients (% by	Ingredients (% by weight)									
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53		
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\		
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\		
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\		
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\		
Glycol	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	\	\		
Monobutyl	\	\	44.452	29.90	41.13	21.22	\	\		
Diethylenglycol	\	\	\	\	\	١	17.24	17.24		
monohexylether	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24		
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24		
Dielectric	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	c=50.7	c=25.2	ε=48.2		
Parameters						ε=52.7	ε=35.3			
Target Value	σ=0.90	σ=0.97	σ=1.40	σ=1.52	σ=1.80	σ=1.95	σ=5.27	σ=6.00		

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.



# **ANNEX F** System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

**Table F.1: System Validation for 3617** 

Probe SN.         Liquid name         Validation date         Frequency point         Status (OK or Not)           3617         Head 750MHz         Feb.14,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 850MHz         Feb.14,2019         935 MHz         OK           3617         Head 900MHz         Feb.14,2019         900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1810MHz         Feb.14,2019         1750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1810 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2500MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz	Table F.1. System validation for 3017									
3617         Head 850MHz         Feb.14,2019         835 MHz         OK           3617         Head 900MHz         Feb.14,2019         900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1750MHz         Feb.14,2019         1750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1810MHz         Feb.14,2019         1810 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2100 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2600MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         5500 MHz         OK	Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)					
3617         Head 900MHz         Feb.14,2019         900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1750MHz         Feb.14,2019         1750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1810MHz         Feb.14,2019         1810 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2100 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.16,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         5600 MHz         OK	3617	Head 750MHz	Feb.14,2019	750 MHz	OK					
3617         Head 1750MHz         Feb.14,2019         1750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1810MHz         Feb.14,2019         1810 MHz         OK           3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2500MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Body 750MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK	3617	Head 850MHz	Feb.14,2019	835 MHz	OK					
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3617         Head 1900MHz         Feb.15,2019         1900 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2100 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2600MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         385 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         390 MHz         OK	3617	Head 1750MHz	Feb.14,2019	1750 MHz	OK					
3617         Head 2000MHz         Feb.15,2019         2000 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2100 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2600MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Body 750MHz         Feb.16,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 900MHz         Feb.13,2019         900 MHz         OK <t< td=""><td>3617</td><td>Head 1810MHz</td><td>Feb.14,2019</td><td>1810 MHz</td><td>OK</td></t<>	3617	Head 1810MHz	Feb.14,2019	1810 MHz	OK					
3617         Head 2100MHz         Feb.15,2019         2100 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2600MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Body 750MHz         Feb.16,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         3835 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         900 MHz         OK           3617         Body 1900MHz         Feb.13,2019         1750 MHz         OK      <	3617	Head 1900MHz	Feb.15,2019	1900 MHz	OK					
3617         Head 2300MHz         Feb.15,2019         2300 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2450MHz         Feb.15,2019         2450 MHz         OK           3617         Head 2600MHz         Feb.16,2019         2600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3500MHz         Feb.16,2019         3500 MHz         OK           3617         Head 3700MHz         Feb.16,2019         3700 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5200MHz         Feb.16,2019         5250 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5600 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5500MHz         Feb.16,2019         5800 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Head 5800MHz         Feb.16,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 750MHz         Feb.13,2019         750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 850MHz         Feb.13,2019         835 MHz         OK           3617         Body 1750MHz         Feb.13,2019         1750 MHz         OK           3617         Body 1810MHz         Feb.13,2019         1810 MHz         OK <t< td=""><td>3617</td><td>Head 2000MHz</td><td>Feb.15,2019</td><td>2000 MHz</td><td>OK</td></t<>	3617	Head 2000MHz	Feb.15,2019	2000 MHz	OK					
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# ANNEX G Probe Calibration Certificate

#### **Probe 3617 Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3617\_Jan19

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3617

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

January 31, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	ASC AS
			Issued: February 2, 2019
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in ful	Il without written approval of the laborator	250 10

Certificate No: EX3-3617\_Jan19



# No.I19Z61471-SEM01 Page 109 of 159

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\phi$   $\phi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3617\_Jan19 Page 2 of 19



EX3DV4 - SN:3617 January 31, 2019

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3617

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.35	0.21	0.32	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.9	95.7	101.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	151.4	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		154.7		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		150.4	1	
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	5.31	73.42	14.63	10.00	60.0	± 2.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.86	65.84	11.90		60.0		
		Z	15.00	87.67	20.10		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	10.57	81.97	16.23	6.99	80.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	2.03	65.40	10.27		80.0		the extension con-
		Z	15.00	89.79	19.80		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	86.62	16.29	3.98	95.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.82	61.50	6.58		95.0		
		Z	15.00	97.47	22.01		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	15.00	89.99	16.64	2.22	120.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.40	60.00	3.98		120.0		
		Z	15.00	114.21	28.32	]	120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.65	62.36	8.93	0.00	150.0	± 3.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	~	Y	0.45	60.00	5.43		150.0		
		Z	0.90	65.62	10.92		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.42	70.53	17.16	0.00	150.0	± 1.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.99	67.57	15.24		150.0		500 500000 0000
		Z	2.71	72.39	18.22		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.78	75.33	20.79	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.23	71.01	18.81		150.0		
		Z	3.71	74.94	20.97		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.58	68.11	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 4.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.32	66.75	15.59		150.0		
		Z	3.71	68.68	16.83		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.84	66.21	15.87	0.00	150.0	± 6.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.48	64.72	15.19		150.0		
		Z	4.93	66.43	16.14		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3617\_Jan19

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4- SN:3617

January 31, 2019

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3617

### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
X	38.8	281.02	33.92	10.58	0.71	4.99	1.88	0.20	1.01
Υ	39.2	310.65	39.54	8.92	1.27	5.05	0.00	0.75	1.01
Z	40.7	300.62	35.22	10.39	0.59	5.05	1.28	0.33	1.01

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	14.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3617\_Jan19