

Date: 8/2/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.548 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.17$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1900 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(8.32,8.32,8.32)

### System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000

mm

Reference Value = 101.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.75 W/kg

### System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

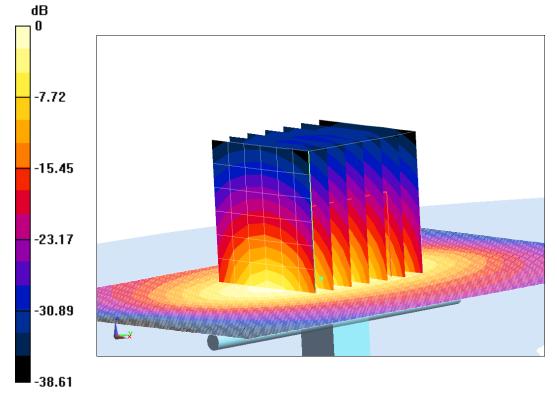
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dB W/kg

Fig.B.12 validation 1900 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/3/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.813 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.79$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(7.89,7.89,7.89)

### System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000

mm

Reference Value = 111 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.66 W/kg

## System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

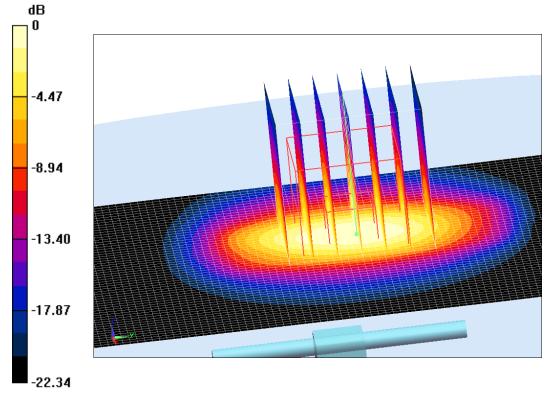
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =111 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dB W/kg

Fig.B.13 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/3/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.982 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2450 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(8.09,8.09,8.09)

### System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000

mm

Reference Value = 105.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 12.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.34 W/kg

## System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

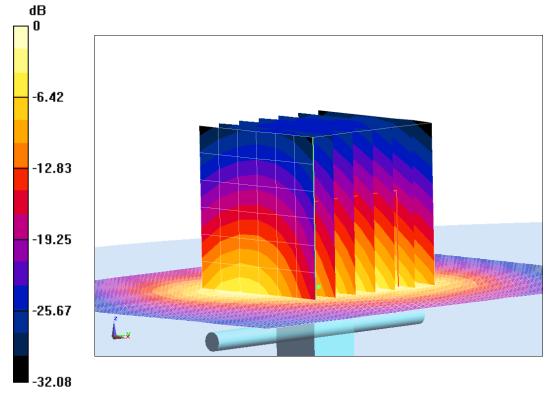
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =105.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.75 W/kg



0 dB = 19.75 W/kg = 12.96 dB W/kg

Fig.B.14 validation 2450 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/3/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: Head 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.946 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.57$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(7.76,7.76,7.76)

### System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000

mm

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.04 W/kg

## System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

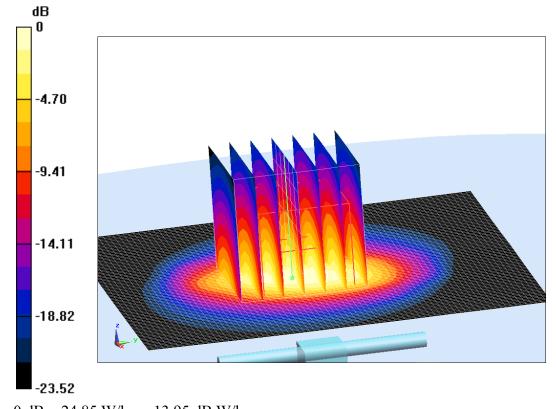
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.85 W/kg



0 dB = 24.85 W/kg = 13.95 dB W/kg

Fig.B.15 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



Date: 8/3/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525 Medium: Body 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.183 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.39$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

Communication System: CW Frequency: 2600 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(7.84,7.84,7.84)

### System Validation /Area Scan (81x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000

mm

Reference Value = 108.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 14.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 30.33 W/kg

# **System Validation /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

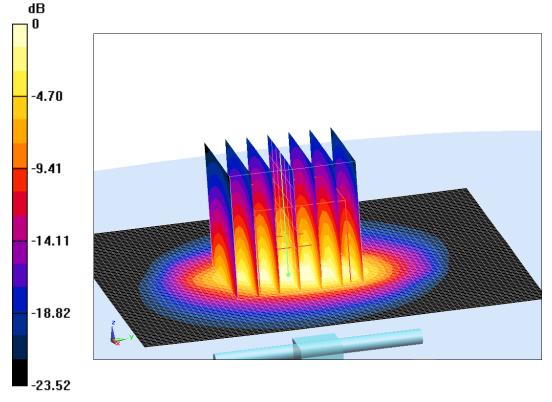
D C 3/1 100 21 3// D

Reference Value =108.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.93 W/kg



0 dB = 22.93 W/kg = 13.6 dB W/kg

Fig.B.16 validation 2600 MHz 250mW



The SAR system verification must be required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR.

Table B.1 Comparison between area scan and zoom scan for system verification

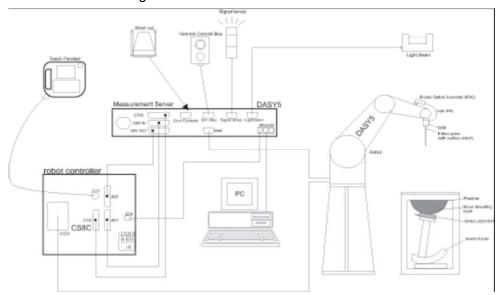
Date	Band	Position	Area scan (1g)	Zoom scan (1g)	Drift (%)
	835	Head	2.3	2.31	-0.43
2018-6-17	835	Body	2.34	2.35	-0.43
0040 0 40	1900	Head	9.83	9.8	0.31
2018-6-18	1900	Body	9.97	10.14	-1.68
2018-6-19	2450	Head	13.05	13.1	-0.38
2010-0-19	2450	Body	12.45	12.43	0.16
2018-6-19	2600	Head	14.33	14.3	0.21
2010-0-19	2600	Body	13.79	14.08	-2.06
2018/8/1	835	Head	2.3	2.34	-1.71
2010/0/1	835	Body	2.35	2.4	-2.08
2018/8/2	1900	Head	10	10.11	-1.09
2010/0/2	1900	Body	9.99	9.94	0.50
2018/8/3	2450	Head	12.88	12.84	0.31
2010/0/3	2450	Body	12.43	12.49	-0.48
2018/8/3	2600	Head	14.52	14.69	-1.16
2010/0/3	2600	Body	14.11	13.74	2.69



### **ANNEX C** SAR Measurement Setup

### **C.1 Measurement Set-up**

The Dasy4 or DASY5 system for performing compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:



Picture C.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals
  for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of
  the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY4 or DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as
- warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



### C.2 Dasy4 or DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 or DASY5 software reads the reflection durning a software approach and looks for the maximum using 2<sup>nd</sup> ord curve fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

### **Probe Specifications:**

Model: ES3DV3, EX3DV4

Frequency 10MHz — 6.0GHz(EX3DV4) Range: 10MHz — 4GHz(ES3DV3)

Calibration: In head and body simulating tissue at

Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4

± 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3

Dynamic Range: 10 mW/kg — 100W/kg

Probe Length: 330 mm

**Probe Tip** 

Length: 20 mm Body Diameter: 12 mm

Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm (3.9 mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center: 1 mm (2.0mm for ES3DV3)
Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



**Picture C.2 Near-field Probe** 



Picture C.3 E-field Probe

### **C.3 E-field Probe Calibration**

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and inn a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.



in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/ cm<sup>2</sup>.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

 $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

### C.4 Other Test Equipment

### C.4.1 Data Acquisition Electronics(DAE)

The data acquisition electronics consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



PictureC.4: DAE



### C.4.2 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90XL; DASY5: RX160L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- > Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)





Picture C.5 DASY 4

Picture C.6 DASY 5

#### C.4.3 Measurement Server

The Measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU broad with CPU (dasy4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O broad, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU broad.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.





Picture C.7 Server for DASY 4

Picture C.8 Server for DASY 5



### C.4.4 Device Holder for Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss

POM material having the following dielectric

parameters: relative permittivity  $\mathcal{E}$ =3 and loss

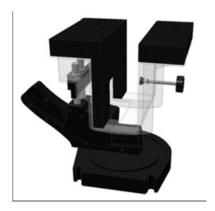
tangent  $\delta$  =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

<Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin-SAM and ELI phantoms.



Picture C.9-1: Device Holder



Picture C.9-2: Laptop Extension Kit

#### C.4.5 Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to

Represent the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile of the population. The phantom enables the dissymmetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

Shell Thickness: 2 ± 0. 2 mm
Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: 810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Available: Special





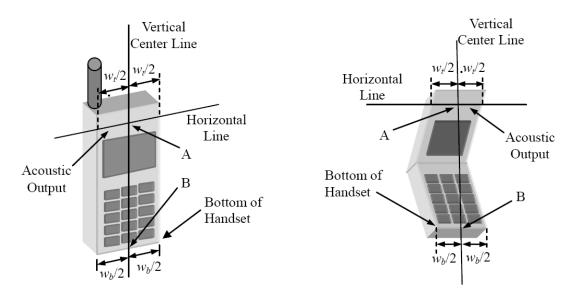
**Picture C.10: SAM Twin Phantom** 



### ANNEX D Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

### **D.1 General considerations**

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.



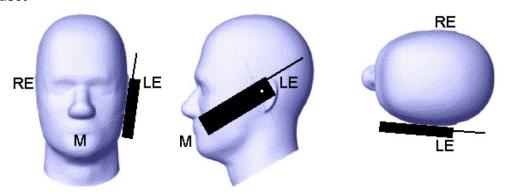
 $W_t$  Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

 $W_b$  Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

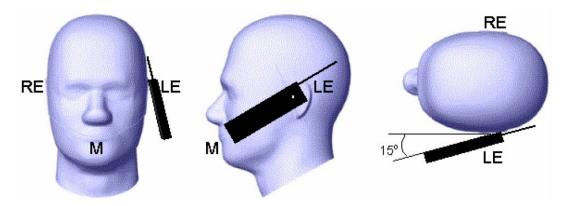
B Midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset

# Picture D.1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture D.1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture D.2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

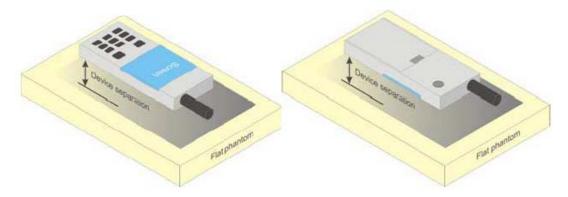




Picture D.3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

### D.2 Body-worn device

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



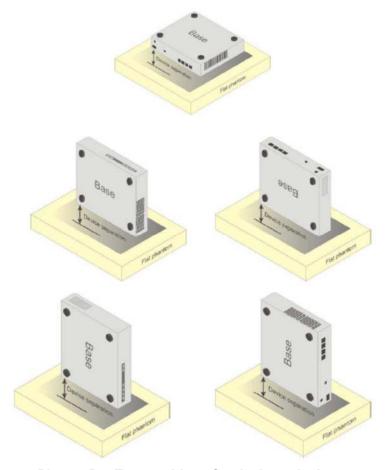
Picture D.4 Test positions for body-worn devices

### D.3 Desktop device

A typical example of a desktop device is a wireless enabled desktop computer placed on a table or desk when used.

The DUT shall be positioned at the distance and in the orientation to the phantom that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. For devices that employ an external antenna with variable positions, tests shall be performed for all antenna positions specified. Picture 8.5 show positions for desktop device SAR tests. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.





Picture D.5 Test positions for desktop devices

### **D.4 DUT Setup Photos**



Picture D.6



### **ANNEX E** Equivalent Media Recipes

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table E.1 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209.

**Table E.1: Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

					•			
Frequency	835	835	1900	1900	2450	2450	5800	5800
(MHz)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by	/ weight)							
Water	41.45	52.5	55.242	69.91	58.79	72.60	65.53	65.53
Sugar	56.0	45.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Salt	1.45	1.4	0.306	0.13	0.06	0.18	\	\
Preventol	0.1	0.1	\	\	\	\	\	\
Cellulose	1.0	1.0	\	\	\	\	\	\
Glycol	\	\	44.452	29.96	41.15	27.22	,	,
Monobutyl	\	١	44.452	29.90	41.13	21.22	\	\
Diethylenglycol	\	,	,	,	\	\	17.24	17.24
monohexylether	\	\	\	\	1	1	17.24	17.24
Triton X-100	\	\	\	\	\	\	17.24	17.24
Dielectric	ε=41.5	ε=55.2	ε=40.0	ε=53.3	ε=39.2	ε=52.7	ε=35.3	ε=48.2
Parameters	$\sigma = 0.90$	$\sigma = 0.97$	$\sigma = 1.40$	σ=1.52	σ=1.80	ε=52.7 σ=1.95	σ=5.27	σ=6.00
Target Value	0-0.90	0-0.97	0-1.40	0-1.52	0-1.00	0-1.95	0-3.27	0-0.00

Note: There are a little adjustment respectively for 750, 1750, 2600, 5200, 5300 and 5600 based on the recipe of closest frequency in table E.1.



### **ANNEX F** System Validation

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probes, system components or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such components.

Table F.1: System Validation for 7464

Probe SN.	Liquid name	Validation date	Frequency point	Status (OK or Not)
7464	Head 750MHz	Sep.26,2017	750 MHz	OK
7464	Head 850MHz	Sep.26,2017	850 MHz	OK
7464	Head 900MHz	Sep.26,2017	900 MHz	OK
7464	Head 1750MHz	Sep.26,2017	1750 MHz	OK
7464	Head 1810MHz	Sep.26,2017	1810 MHz	OK
7464	Head 1900MHz	Sep.27,2017	1900 MHz	OK
7464	Head 1950MHz	Sep.27,2017	1950 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2000MHz	Sep.27,2017	2000 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2100MHz	Sep.27,2017	2100 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2300MHz	Sep.27,2017	2300 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2450MHz	Sep.27,2017	2450 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2550MHz	Sep.28,2017	2550 MHz	OK
7464	Head 2600MHz	Sep.28,2017	2600 MHz	OK
7464	Head 3500MHz	Sep.28,2017	3500 MHz	OK
7464	Head 3700MHz	Sep.28,2017	3700 MHz	OK
7464	Head 5200MHz	Sep.28,2017	5200 MHz	OK
7464	Head 5500MHz	Sep.28,2017	5500 MHz	OK
7464	Head 5800MHz	Sep.28,2017	5800 MHz	OK
7464	Body 750MHz	Sep.28,2017	750 MHz	OK
7464	Body 850MHz	Sep.25,2017	850 MHz	OK
7464	Body 900MHz	Sep.25,2017	900 MHz	OK
7464	Body 1750MHz	Sep.25,2017	1750 MHz	OK
7464	Body 1810MHz	Sep.25,2017	1810 MHz	OK
7464	Body 1900MHz	Sep.25,2017	1900 MHz	OK
7464	Body 1950MHz	Sep.25,2017	1950 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2000MHz	Sep.29,2017	2000 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2100MHz	Sep.29,2017	2100 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2300MHz	Sep.29,2017	2300 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2450MHz	Sep.29,2017	2450 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2550MHz	Sep.29,2017	2550 MHz	OK
7464	Body 2600MHz	Sep.29,2017	2600 MHz	OK
7464	Body 3500MHz	Sep.24,2017	3500 MHz	OK
7464	Body 3700MHz	Sep.24,2017	3700 MHz	OK
7464	Body 5200MHz	Sep.24,2017	5200 MHz	OK
7464	Body 5500MHz	Sep.24,2017	5500 MHz	OK
7464	Body 5800MHz	Sep.24,2017	5800 MHz	OK



### **ANNEX G** Probe Calibration Certificate

#### **Probe 7464 Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-7464\_Sep17

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7464

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 12, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-16 (No. ES3-3013_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 660	7-Dec-16 (No. DAE4-660_Dec16)	Dec-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

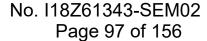
Calibrated by:

Name
Function
Signature
Laboratory Technician
Approved by:

Katja Pokovic
Technical Manager
Issued: September 12, 2017
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point DCP

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010 KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:7464

September 12, 2017

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:7464

Manufactured: Calibrated:

September 6, 2016 September 12, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7464

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.45	0.43	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	101.6	99.3	99.7	

**Modulation Calibration Parameters** 

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>b</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	150.5	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		144.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

#### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
Χ	57.86	441.1	37.02	12.02	0.826	5.039	0.00	0.727	1.006
Υ	59.82	453.4	36.65	14.84	0.468	5.100	0.25	0.626	1.007
Z	65.01	497.8	37.35	15.97	1.043	5.073	0.00	0.801	1.008

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the



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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7464

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y			Depth <sup>G</sup>	Unc
150	52.3	0.76	12.20	12.20	12.20	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	(mm) 1.00	(k=2)
300	45.3	0.87	11.77	11.77	11.77	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 % ± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	11.17	11.17	11.17	0.15	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.57	10.57	10.57	0.53	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.28	10.28	10.28	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.03	10.03	10.03	0.28	1.09	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.05	9.05	9.05	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.2	1.31	8.82	8.82	8.82	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.70	8.70	8.70	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.32	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.32	0.89	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	8.54	8.54	8.54	0.27	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.34	0.95	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.34	0.93	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.76	7.76	7.76	0.37	0.92	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.41	0.94	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.50	0.84	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.82	5.82	5.82	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.68	5.68	5.68	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.53	5.53	5.53	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
<u>575</u> 0	35.4	5.22	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	5.11	5.11	5.11	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies ablow 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4-SN:7464 September 12, 2017

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7464

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	12.19	12.19	12.19	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	58.2	0.92	11.32	11.32	11.32	0.06	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	11.05	11.05	11.05	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	10.63	10.63	10.63	0.49	0.88	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.21	10.21	10.21	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.17	10.17	10.17	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	53.7	1.42	9.12	9.12	9.12	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.42	0.93	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	8.09	8.09	8.09	0.34	0.95	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.30	0.97	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.68	0.70	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.85	0.60	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	5.39	5.39	5.39	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (a and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

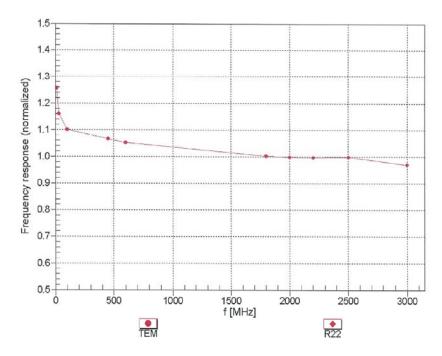
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



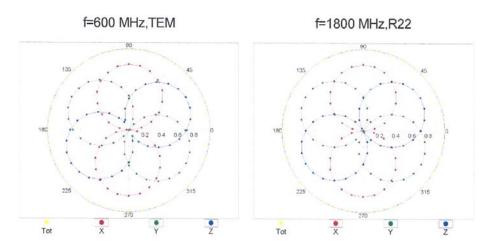
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

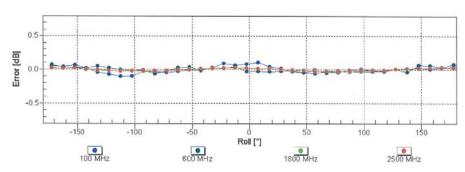


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### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

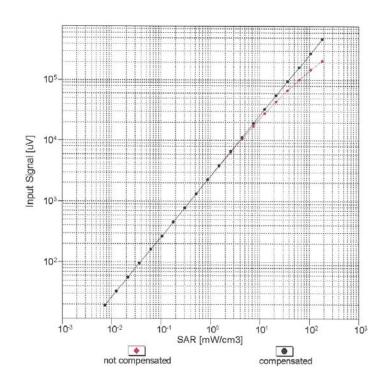
Certificate No: EX3-7464\_Sep17

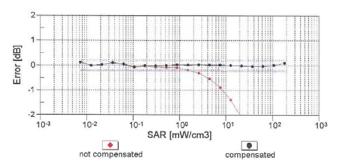


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### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





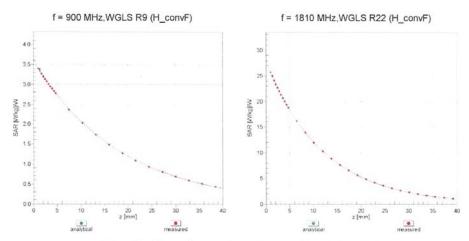
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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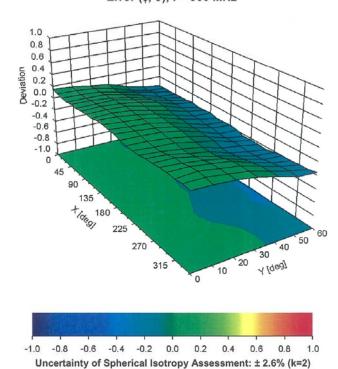


EX3DV4- SN:7464 September 12, 2017

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\( \phi, \( \Pri \)), f = 900 MHz



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September 12, 2017

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7464

### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	27.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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### **ANNEX H** Dipole Calibration Certificate

### 835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

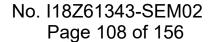
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069\_Jul17

Object	D835V2 - SN:4d	069	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9		
	Calibration proce	edure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 19, 2017		
This calibration certificate docum	ents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical un	nite of maneuromente (SI)
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence of	probability are given on the following pages ar	nd are part of the certificate
		3. The second pages at	are part of the continuate.
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°	C and humidity < 70%.
			,
Calibration Equipment used (M&)	TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	ID # SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91			
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 31-May-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585  Name	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18  Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18  Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585  Name	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)  Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18  Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069\_Jul17



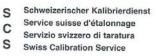


### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069\_Jul17

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### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.8 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.37 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.06 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.8 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.41 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.12 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d069\_Jul17



### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 1.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 32.4 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 3.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB	

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction) 1.392 ns	Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG	_
Manufactured on	November 09, 2007	



### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 19.07.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.91 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

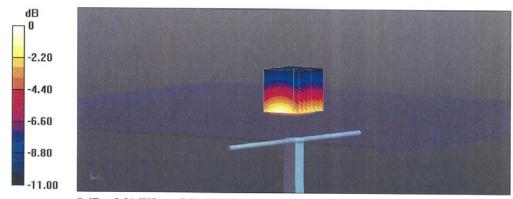
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

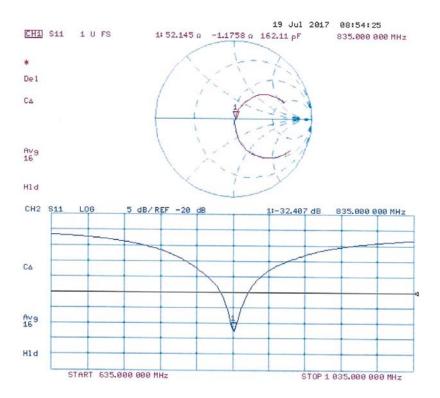
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg



0 dB = 3.21 W/kg = 5.07 dBW/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 19.07.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d069

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(10.2, 10.2, 10.2); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD 00R P49 AA; Serial: 1005
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

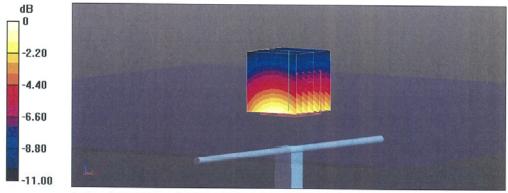
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

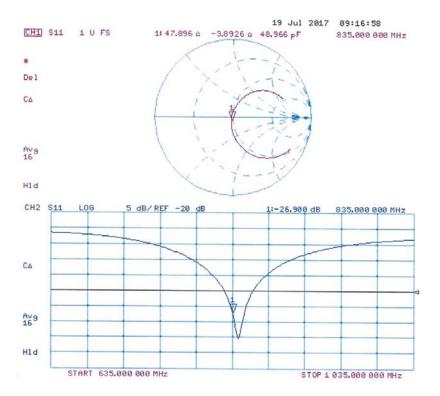
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.22 W/kg



0 dB = 3.22 W/kg = 5.08 dBW/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





### 1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

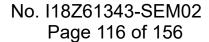
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d101 .lul17

Object	D1900V2 - SN:50	1101	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 26, 2017		
	eted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages an $\gamma$ facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	
	¥		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)  Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17) Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601  ID # SN: GB37480704 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US37390585	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) 31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17) 28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)  Check Date (in house) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 Apr-18 May-18 Mar-18 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18 In house check: Oct-18
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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	M.
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.7 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	1000 Date 1000 Decided
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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