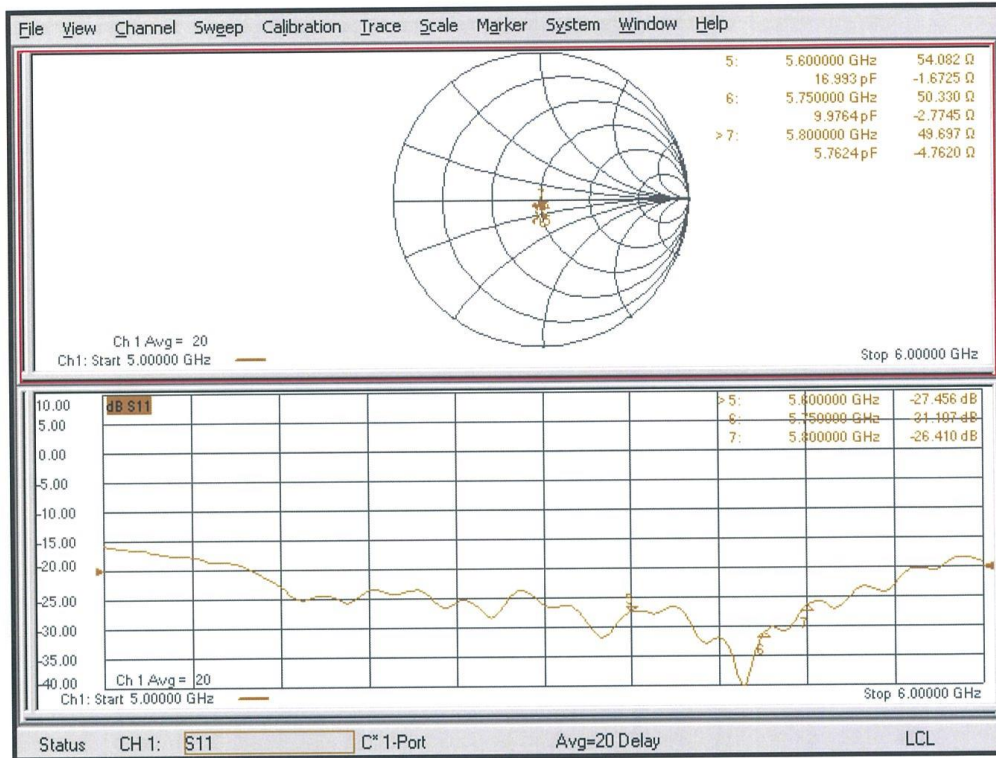


Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5600/5750/5800MHz)



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.4$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.47$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.53$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.14$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 46$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>,  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.21$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 45.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

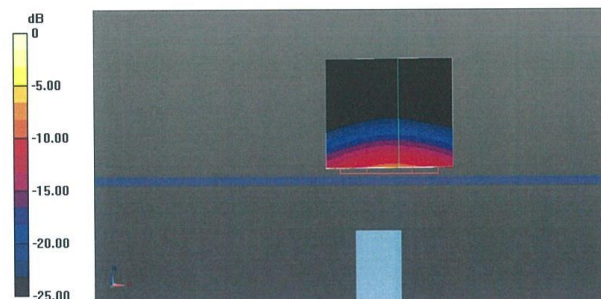
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

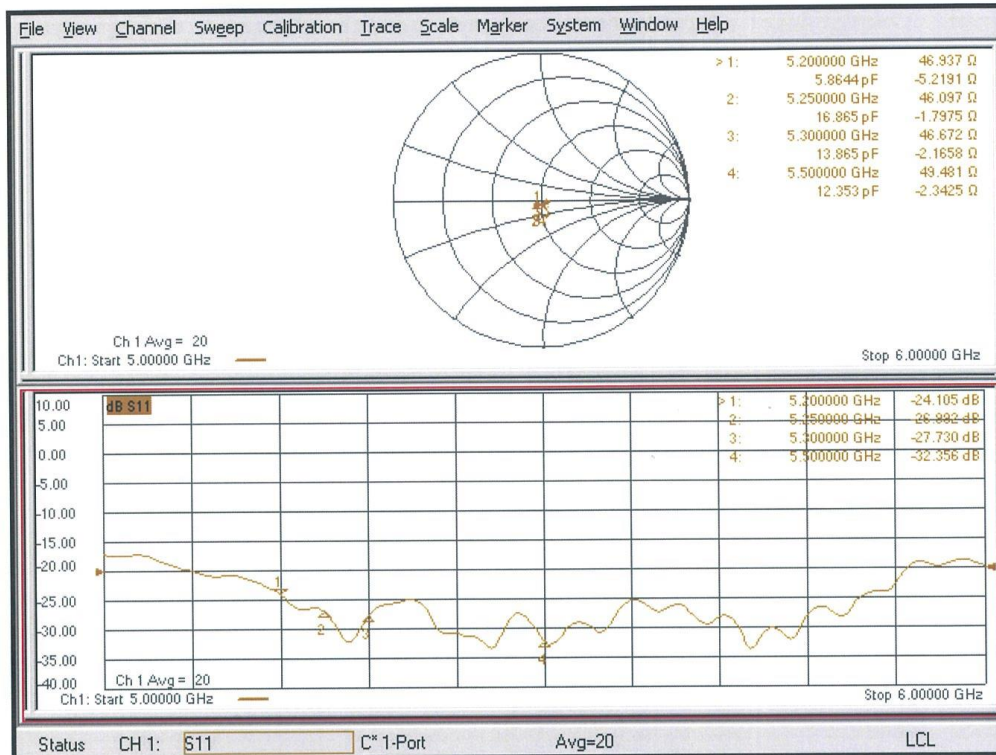
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 67.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 65.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



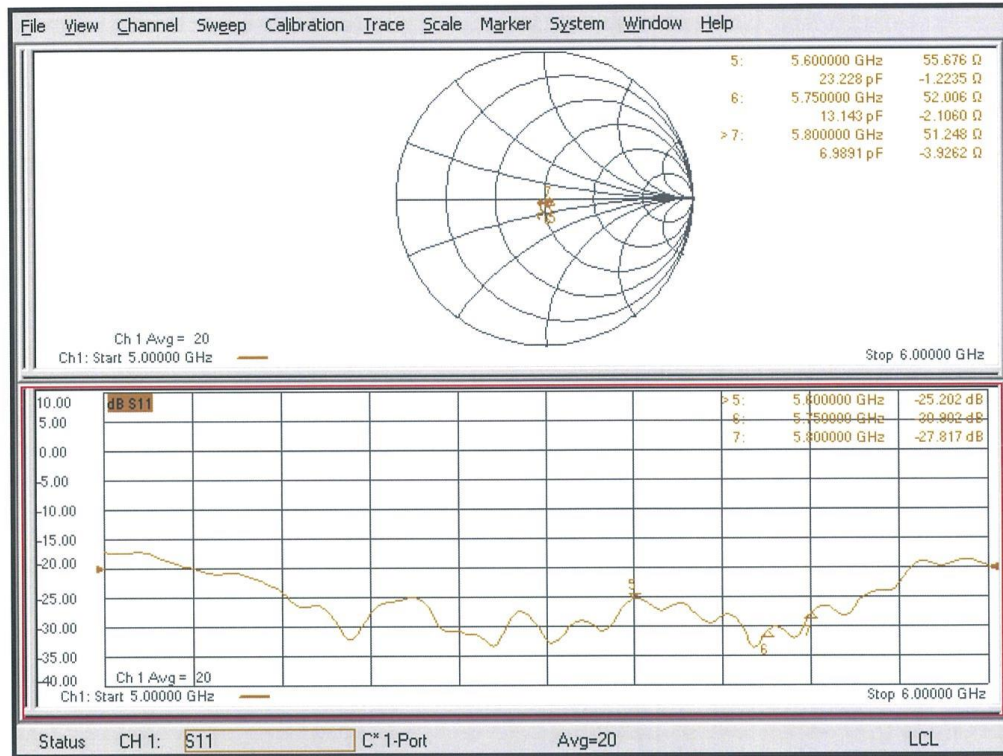
0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5200/5250/5300/5500MHz)





Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL (5600/5750/5800MHz)



## ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by the manufacturer to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for the rear, left edge, right edge and bottom edge of the device. The measured output power within  $\pm 5$ mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom with the device at maximum output power without power reduction.

We tested the power or state and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear, left, right and top edge. The manufacturer has declared 15mm is the most conservative triggering distance for main antenna with rear. The 13mm distance for right edge and top edge. So base on the most conservative triggering distance of 15 or 13mm, additional SAR measurements were required at 14mm from the highest SAR position for rear of main antenna, and at 12mm for top edge.

Sincerely, the most conservative triggering distance for WIFI antenna is 10mm with rear and 8mm with top edge and left edge. So we also test SAR measurements with 9mm at rear, and 7mm at top/left edge.

### Main antenna

#### Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal

#### Right Edge

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

**Top Edge**

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state											
Distance [mm]	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal

**WIFI antenna**

**Rear**

Moving device toward the phantom:

The power return value (KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
Main antenna	19.98	20.01	19.97	20.02	20.03	10.60	10.59	10.61	10.60	10.58	10.57

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power return value (KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Main antenna	10.59	10.61	10.60	10.58	10.58	10.59	19.97	20.02	20.03	20.07	19.98

**Top Edge**

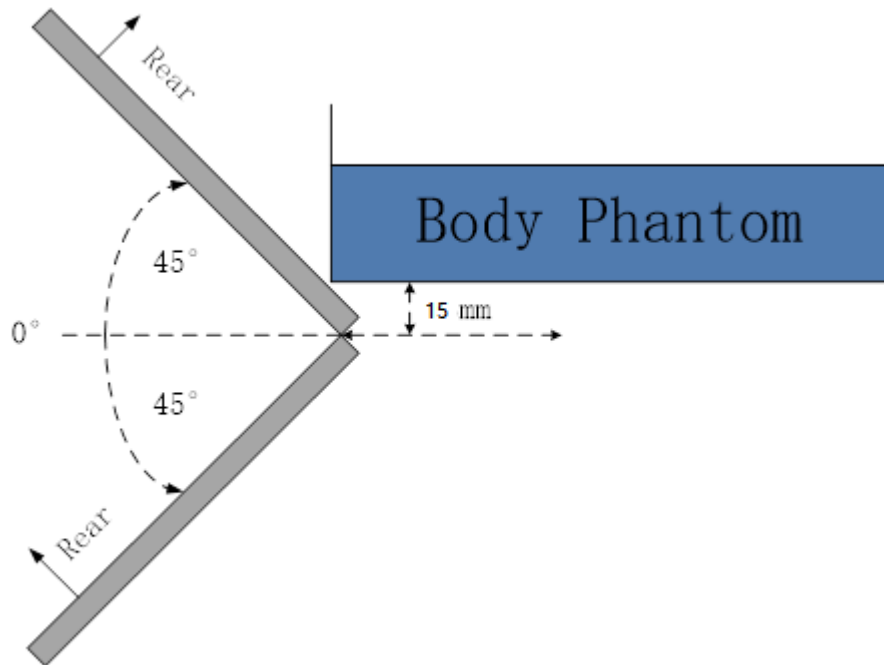
Moving device toward the phantom:

The power return value (KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3
Main antenna	20.01	19.97	20.02	20.03	20.07	10.55	10.61	10.61	10.63	10.55	10.52

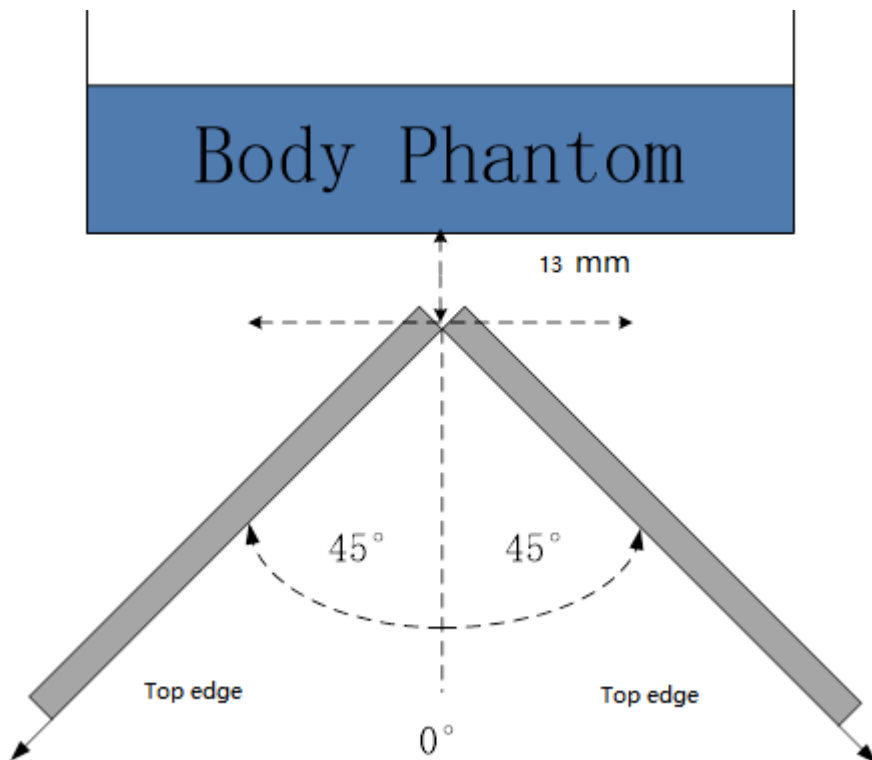
Moving device away from the phantom:

The power return value (KDB 616217 6.2.6)											
Distance [mm]	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Main antenna	10.63	10.61	10.67	10.51	10.64	10.60	20.01	19.99	20.03	20.01	20.08

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, the influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^\circ$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^\circ$  or more from the vertical position at  $0^\circ$ .

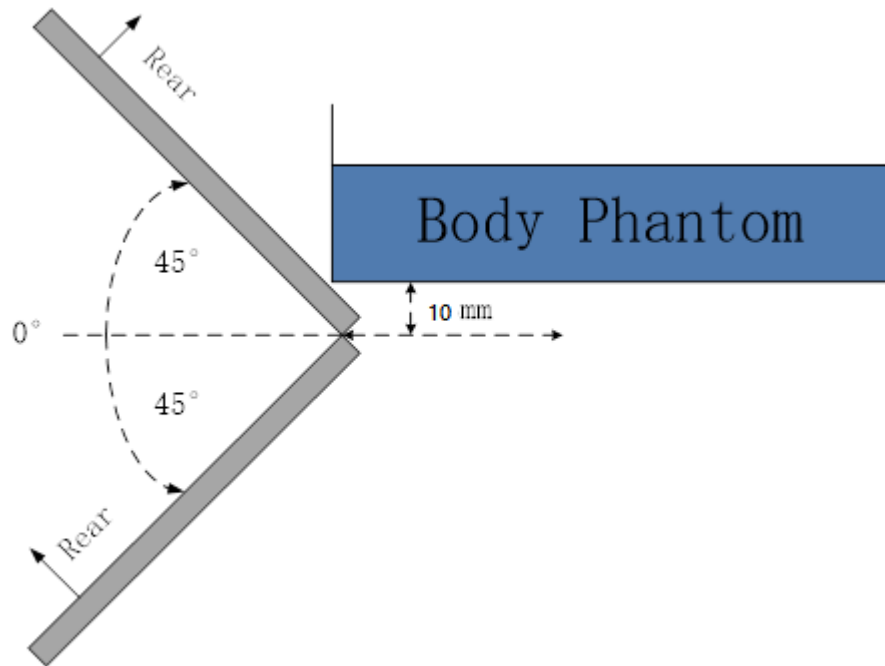


**The rear evaluation for main antenna**

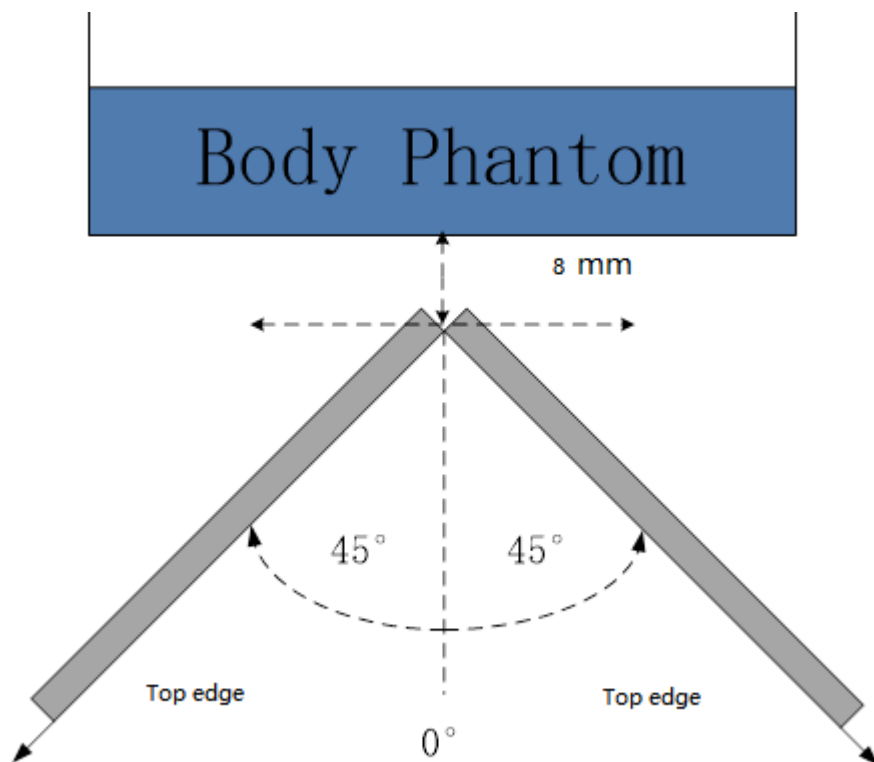


**The top edge evaluation for main antenna**





**The rear evaluation for WIFI antenna**



**The top evaluation for WIFI antenna**

Based on the above evaluation, we come to the conclusion that the sensor triggering is not released and normal maximum output power is not restored within the  $\pm 45^\circ$  range at the smallest sensor triggering test distance declared by manufacturer.

## ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate

<p>United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology</p>  <hr/> <p><b>Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005</b></p> <hr/> <p>NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0</p> <p><b>Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT</b> Beijing China</p> <p><i>is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:</i></p> <p><b>Electromagnetic Compatibility &amp; Telecommunications</b></p> <p><i>This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).</i></p> <hr/> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"><tr><td style="width: 30%; text-align: center;"><p>2018-09-28 through 2019-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p></td><td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"></td><td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;"> <hr/><p><i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i></p></td></tr></table>		<p>2018-09-28 through 2019-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p>		 <hr/> <p><i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i></p>
<p>2018-09-28 through 2019-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p>		 <hr/> <p><i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i></p>		