



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:853

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.85 S/m; ϵ_r = 37.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 116.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.47 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-853_Jul22





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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2600 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D3300V2-1011_Jul22

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D3300V2-1011_Jul22

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3300 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	38.2	2.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.5 ± 6 %	2.77 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	65.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9 Ω - 7.6 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 21.7 dB		

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.124 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 01.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 3300 MHz; Type: D3300V2; Serial: D3300V2 - SN:1011

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3300 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3300 MHz; $\sigma = 2.77$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97) @ 3300 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3300MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.60 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 76.3% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



dB = 12.5 W/kg = 10.91 dB W/kg

Certificate No: D3300V2-1011_Jul22





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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5 GHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client CTTL (Auden)		Certificate	• No: D5GHzV2-1060_Jul22
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	060	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v6 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Source	ces between 3-10 GHz
Calibration date:	July 05, 2022		
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	ts the traceability to nation inities with confidence pr d in the closed laborator critical for calibration)	onal standards, which realize the physica obability are given on the following page y facility: environment temperature (22 ±	l units of measurements (SI). s and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503 Mar22)	Mar-23
DAE4	SN: 601	02-May-22 (No. DAE4-601_May22)	May-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Aldonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	AZ
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the labora	Issued: July 8, 2022 tory.

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.84 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)	





Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W//kg

normalized to 1W

22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAB averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSI	oopdition	

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SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	4.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.60 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	85.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.3 ± 6 %	4.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg

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Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.1 ± 6 %	5.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.12 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)	

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.0 ± 6 %	5.10 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 \mbox{cm}^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)





Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.4 Ω - 6.5 jΩ	_
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.7 Ω - 5.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω - 3.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 3.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.6 Ω + 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.2 dB





Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω - 3.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.07.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1060

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.50$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.60$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.80$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.90$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.05$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; $\sigma = 5.05$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.10$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.0$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Mez; $\sigma = 5.10$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.0$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.05.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 74.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.1% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 75.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.8 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg
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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 77.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.9%Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.60 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 76.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.3% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 73.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 74.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

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0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.96 dBW/kg

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Eile View Channel Sweep Calibration Irace Scale Marker System Window Help 49.380 Ω -6.4829 Ω 47.740 Ω -5.5037 Ω 46.215 Ω -3.2069 Ω 49.978 Ω -3.1327 Ω 53.576 Ω 472.39 m0 5.200000 GHz 4.7212 pF 5.250000 GHz 5.5082 pF > 1 2: 5.300000 GHz 9.3639 pF 5.500000 GHz 3: 4: 9.2370 pF 5.600000 GHz 13.425 pH 5: 472.39 mΩ Ch 1 Avg = 20 Ch1: Start 5.00000 GHz Stop 6.00000 GHz 10.00 5.200000 GHz 5.250000 GHz -23.690 dB 24.326 dB 5.00 -25.759 dB -30.084 dB 3 5.300000 GHz 5.300000 GHz 0.00 -5.00 5 800000 GHz 5 29 163 dB -10.00 -15.00 -20.00 -25.00 2 30.00 2 -35.00 40.00 Ch 1 Avg = 20 Ch1: Start 5.00000 GHz Stop 6.00000 GHz Status CH 1: 511 C* 1-Port Avg=20 Delay LCL

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5200, 5250, 5300, 5500, 5600 MHz)





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL (5300, 5500, 5600, 5750, 5800 MHz)

Eile	⊻iew	⊆hannel	Sweep	Calibration	Trace	Scale	Marker	System	Window	Help	Contraction in	
						1			1	3:	5.300000 GHz	46.215 Ω 2.2069 0
						1		1-	A	4:	5.500000 GHz	49.978 Ω
					1	1	\sim	T		5:	9.2370 pF 5.600000 GHz	-3.1327 Ω 53 576 0
					5	4		\sim	XX		13.425 pH	472.39 mΩ
					1	1	7-	F=F	SXC	6:	5.750000 GHz 16.469 pF	51.897 Ω -1.6807 Ω
							1	一七	XQ	>7:	5.800000 GHz	51.225 Ω
					L	+	7	\sim	\rightarrow		8.6324pF	-3.1788 Ω
					1	()	\checkmark	1	1			
						V		1-	V.			
		Ch 1 Avg =	20				-					
1	Ch1: Sta	art 5.00000 I	GHz —	_							Stop	6.00000 GHz
10.	00	IB S11								3:	5.\$00000 GHz	-25.759 dB
5.0	0				-					4:	5.500000 GHz	30.084.dB
0.0	00									6:	5.750000 GHz	-32.088 dB
-5.0	00									> 7.	5.800000 GHz	-29.463.dB
-10	.00								+			
-15	.00											
-20	.00		-	_								
-25	.00			1 2	*	-	-		-			
-30	.00			-	3			0-	-			
-35	.00				-				-			
-40	.00 L Ch1: Sta	Ch 1 Avg = int 5.00000 (GHz —	_							Stop	6.00000 GHz
-		out F										
Sta	atus	CH 1: 8	511		C^ 1-Por	t		Avg=20	Delay			LCL





ANT	P-Sensor Detect	Triggering distances
	Rear	15 mm
ANT0	Right	10 mm
	Тор	15 mm
	Rear	15 mm
ANT2	Left	13 mm
	Тор	13 mm

ANNEX I Sensor Triggering Data Summary

According to the above description, this device was tested to check the SAR sensor triggering distances for the rear, right edge and top edge of the device. The measured power state within \pm 5mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and each applicable edge.

To ensure all production units are compliant it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1mm less than the smallest distance from the device and SAR phantom with the device at maximum output power without power reduction.

We monitor power changes with software built in the EUT and got the different proximity sensor triggering distances for rear, right edge and top edge. base on the most conservative triggering distances as above, additional SAR measurements were required at 14mm (rear) ,9mm (right)and 14mm (top edge) for ANT0, 14mm (rear) ,12mm (Left)and 12mm (Top edge) for ANT2





Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

					The pow	er state							
Distance [mm]	21	20	19	9	18	17	16	15	14	13	3 12	11	
Main antenna	Normal	Norma	l Nori	mal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Lo	w Low	Low	
Moving de	vice away	from th	e phan	tom:									
					The pow	ver state							
Distance [mm]	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	1	9	20	21	
Main antenna	n antenna Low Low Low Low Low Low Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Norm										Normal		
Right	Right												
Moving device toward the phantom:													
The power state													
Distance [mm]	15	14	1:	3	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	
Main antenna	Normal	Norma	l Nori	mal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Lo	Low		
Moving device away from the phantom:													
The power state													
Distance [mm]	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	3	14	15	
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Lov	w Low	Low	Normal	Norma	l Nor	mal	Normal	Normal	
Тор													
Moving de	vice towa	rd the pł	nantom	:									
					The pow	er state							
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	B	17	16	15	14	13	12	2 11	10	
Main antenna	Normal	Norma	l Nori	mal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Lo	w Low	Low	
Moving de	vice away	from th	e phan	tom:									
					The pow	er state							
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	1	8	19	20	
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Lov	w Low	Low	Normal	Norma	I Nor	mal	Normal	Normal	

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ or more from the vertical position at 0°.







The Top edge evaluation





ANT2

Rear

Moving device toward the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			
		6 (1												

Moving device away from the phantom:

The power state												
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	

Left

Moving device toward the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			
Moving device away from the phantom:														

The power state												
Distance [mm] 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20												
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	

Тор

Moving device toward the phantom:

	The power state													
Distance [mm]	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10			
Main antenna	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low			
Maying davias away from the abantany														

Moving device away from the phantom:

	The power state												
Distance [mm]	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
Main antenna	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal		

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering is determined by positioning each edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at the smallest sensor triggering test distance by rotating the device around the edge next to the phantom in $\leq 10^{\circ}$ increments until the tablet is $\pm 45^{\circ}$ or more from the vertical position at 0°.







The Rear evaluation



The Right edge evaluation





ANNEX J Accreditation Certificate

