

Fig.72 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6175MHz)









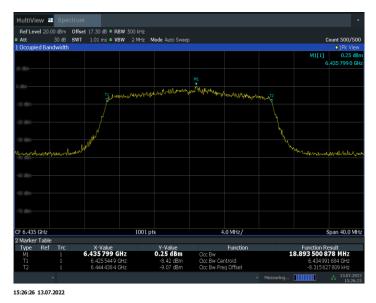


Fig.74 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6435MHz)









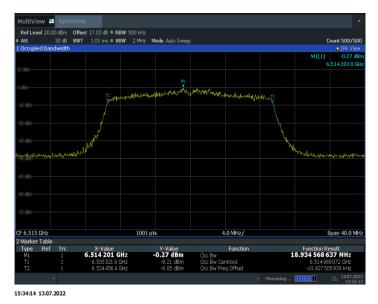


Fig.76 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6515MHz)











Fig.78 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6695MHz)









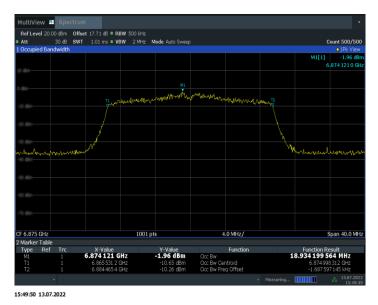


Fig.80 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6875MHz)











Fig.82 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE20, 6995MHz)









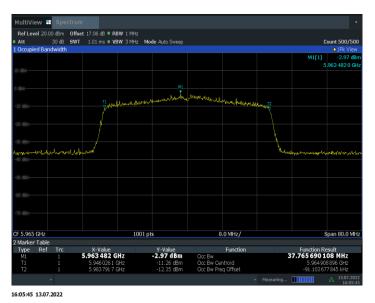


Fig.84 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 5965MHz)









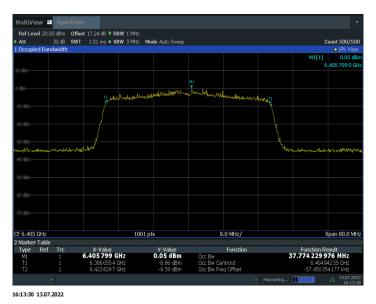


Fig.86 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 6405MHz)











Fig.88 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 6485MHz)









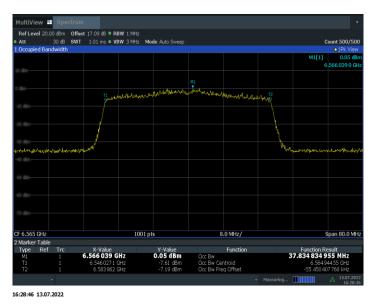


Fig.90 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 6565MHz)











Fig.92 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 6845MHz)











Fig.94 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 6925MHz)









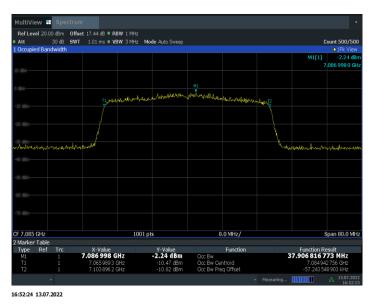


Fig.96 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802.11ax-HE40, 7085MHz)











Fig.98 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6145MHz)



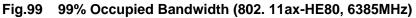








Fig.100 Occupied 26dB Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6465MHz)











Fig.102 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6625MHz)



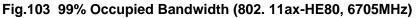








Fig.104 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6785MHz)



Fig.105 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6865MHz)







Fig.106 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE80, 6945MHz)











Fig.108 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6025MHz)



Fig.109 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6185MHz)







Fig.110 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6345MHz)



Fig.111 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6505MHz)







Fig.112 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6665MHz)



Fig.113 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160, 6825MHz)







Fig.114 99% Occupied Bandwidth (802. 11ax-HE160 6985MHz)

A.6. Contention Based Protocol

Measurement Limit and Method:

Indoor access points, subordinate devices and client devices operating in the 5.925-7.125 GHz band must employ a contention-based protocol.

Unlicensed low-power indoor devices must detect co-channel radio frequency power that is at least -62dBm or lower. Upon detection of energy in the band, unlicensed low power indoor devices must vacate the channel (in which incumbent signal is transmitted) and stay off the incumbent channel as long as detected radio frequency power is equal to or greater than the threshold (-62 dBm)1. The -62 dBm (or lower) threshold is referenced to a 0 dBi antenna gain.

To ensure incumbent operations are reliably detected in the band, low power indoor devices must detect RF energy throughout their intended operating channel. For example, an 802.11 device that plans to transmit a 40 MHz- wide signal (on a primary 20 MHz channel and a secondary 20 MHz channel) must detect energy throughout the entire 40 MHz channel. Additionally, low-power indoor devices must detect co-channel energy with 90% or greater certainty.

The measurement is made according to KDB 987594.

Band	BW (MHz)	Fre. (MHz)	Incumbent Freq (MHz)	Antenna Gain	Incumbent Signal Level(Refe r to 0dBi Antenna) (dBm)	AWGN Signal Level(at Antenna Port) (dBm)	Detection Number	Detection Rate(%)	Limit (%)
	20	6135	6135	1.8	-71.95	-70.15	10	90%	90
UNII			5950	1.8	-73.00	-71.20	10	90%	90
Band 5	160	6025	6025	1.8	-68.37	-66.57	10	100%	90
			6100	1.8	-74.49	-72.69	10	90%	90

Measurement Results:

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	20	6455	6455	1.8	-71.59	-69.79	10	90%	90
UNII			6430	1.8	-71.00	-69.20	10	90%	90
Band 6	160	6505	6505	1.8	-68.13	-66.33	10	90%	90
			6580	1.8	-73.86	-72.06	10	90%	90
	20	6695	6695	1.8	-71.85	-70.05	10	90%	90
UNII			6590	1.8	-73.00	-71.20	10	100%	90
Band 7	160	6665	6665	1.8	-68.83	-67.03	10	100%	90
			6740	1.8	-74.21	-72.41	10	90%	90
	20	7015	7015	1.8	-71.35	-69.55	10	90%	90
UNII			6910	1.8	-73.00	-71.20	10	90%	90
Band 8	160	6985	6985	1.8	-68.31	-66.51	10	90%	90
			7060	1.8	-74.02	-72.22	10	90%	90

Note: Incumbent signal level (dBm) = AWGN Signal power Level (dBm)-Antenna Gain (dBi),

The EUT encounters the incumbent signal that its power level is less than or equal to the detection threshold (-62dBm) with reference to 0dBi antenna gain.

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:

Mode	AWGN Signal Level	ceased transmission		
802.11ax20	Fig.115	Fig.116		
802.11ax160	Fig.117	Fig.118		

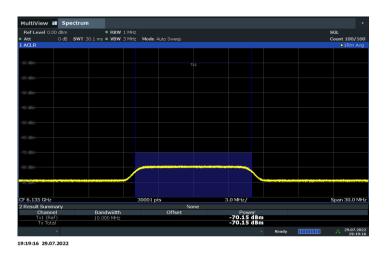
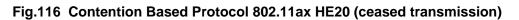


Fig.115 Contention Based Protocol 802.11ax HE20





AultiView 🖬 Spectro								
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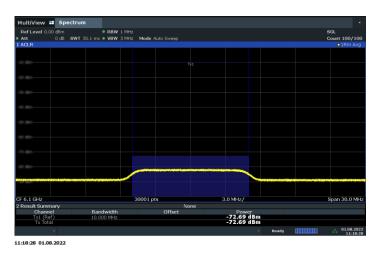


Fig.117 Contention Based Protocol 802.11ax HE160 (Upper edge)

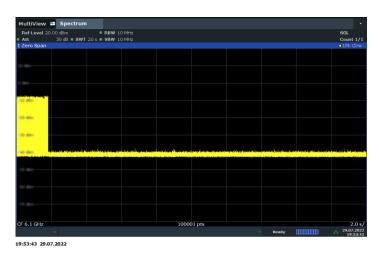


Fig.118 Contention Based Protocol 802.11ax HE160 (Upper edge ceased transmission)





A.7. In-Band Emissions

Measurement Limit and Method:

1. Take nominal bandwidth as reference channel bandwidth provided that 26 dB emission bandwidth is always larger than nominal bandwidth

2. Measure the power spectral density (which will be used for emissions mask reference) using the following procedure:

- a) Set the span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW of the signal.
- b) Set RBW = same RBW used for 26 dB EBW measurement.
- c) Set VBW \geq 3 X RBW
- d) Number of points in sweep \geq [2 X span / RBW].
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging)
- g) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

h) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.

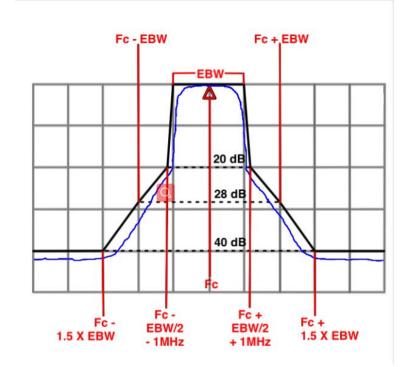
3. Using the measuring equipment limit line function, develop the emissions mask based on the following requirements. The emissions power spectral density must be reduced below the peak power spectral density (in dB) as follows:

a. Suppressed by 20 dB at 1 MHz outside of the channel edge. (The channel edge is defined as the 26-dB point on either side of the carrier center frequency.)

- b. Suppressed by 28 dB at one channel bandwidth from the channel center.
- c. Suppressed by 40 dB at one- and one-half times the channel bandwidth from the channel center.
- 4. Adjust the span to encompass the entire mask as necessary.
- 5. Clear trace.
- 6. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- 7. Adjust the reference level as necessary so that the crest of the channel touches the top of the emission mask.







Generic Emission Mask

The measurement is made according to KDB 987594.

Measurement Results:

Mada	Free anno 14 anno	In-Band Emissions			
Mode	Frequency	Ant10	Conclusion		
	5955MHz (Ch1)	Fig.119	Р		
	6175MHz (Ch45)	Fig.120	Р		
	6415MHz (Ch93)	Fig.121	Р		
	6435MHz (Ch97)	Fig.122	Р		
	6475MHz (Ch105)	Fig.123	Р		
	6515MHz (Ch113)	Fig.124	Р		
802.11a	6535MHz (Ch117)	Fig.125	Р		
	6695MHz (Ch149)	Fig.126	Р		
	6855MHz (Ch181)	Fig.127	Р		
	6875MHz (Ch185)	Fig.128	Р		
	6895MHz (ch189)	Fig.129	Р		
	6995MHz (Ch209)	Fig.130	Р		
	7115MHz (Ch233)	Fig.131	Р		
	5955MHz (Ch1)	Fig.132	Р		
	6175MHz (Ch45)	Fig.133	Р		
802.11ax	6415MHz (Ch93)	Fig.134	Р		
HE20	6435MHz (Ch97)	Fig.135	Р		
	6475MHz (Ch105)	Fig.136	Р		
	6515MHz (Ch113)	Fig.137	Р		

Page 90 of 144





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	6535MHz (Ch117)	Fig.138	Р
	6695MHz (Ch149)	Fig.139	Р
	6855MHz (Ch181)	Fig.140	Р
	6875MHz (Ch185)	Fig.141	Р
	6895MHz (ch189)	Fig.142	Р
	6995MHz (Ch209)	Fig.143	Р
	7115MHz (Ch233)	Fig.144	Р
	5965MHz (Ch3)	Fig.145	Р
	6165MHz (Ch43)	Fig.146	Р
	6405MHz (Ch91)	Fig.147	Р
	6445MHz (Ch99)	Fig.148	Р
	6485MHz (Ch107)	Fig.149	Р
802.11ax	6525MHz (Ch115)	Fig.150	Р
HE40	6565MHz (Ch123)	Fig.151	Р
	6685MHz (Ch147)	Fig.152	Р
	6845MHz (Ch179)	Fig.153	Р
	6885MHz (Ch187)	Fig.154	Р
	6925MHz (ch195)	Fig.155	Р
	6965MHz (Ch203)	Fig.156	Р
	7085MHz (Ch227)	Fig.157	Р
	5985MHz (Ch7)	Fig.158	Р
	6145MHz (Ch39)	Fig.159	Р
	6385MHz (Ch87)	Fig.160	Р
	6465MHz (Ch103)	Fig.161	Р
900 11 ov	6545MHz (Ch119)	Fig.162	Р
802.11ax	6625MHz (Ch135)	Fig.163	Р
HE80	6705MHz (Ch151)	Fig.164	Р
	6785MHz (Ch167)	Fig.165	Р
	6865MHz (Ch183)	Fig.166	Р
	6945MHz (Ch199)	Fig.167	Р
	7025MHz (Ch215)	Fig.168	Р
	6025MHz (Ch15)	Fig.169	Р
	6185MHz (Ch47)	Fig.170	Р
000.44	6345MHz (Ch79)	Fig.171	Р
802.11ax	6505MHz (Ch111)	Fig.172	Р
HE160 -	6665MHz (Ch143)	Fig.173	Р
	6825MHz (Ch175)	Fig.174	Р

Note: All Antenna are tested, only the worst-case result have been reported.

Conclusion: PASS Test graphs as below:

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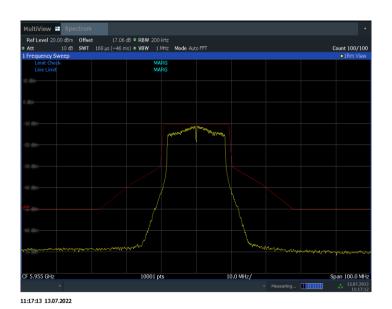
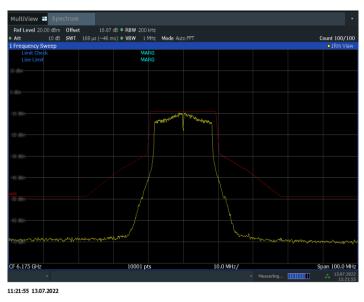


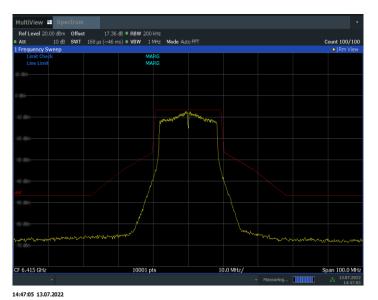
Fig.119 In-Band Emissions (802.11a, 5955MHz)



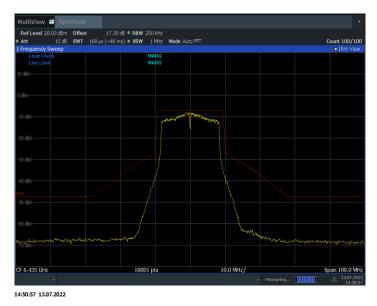








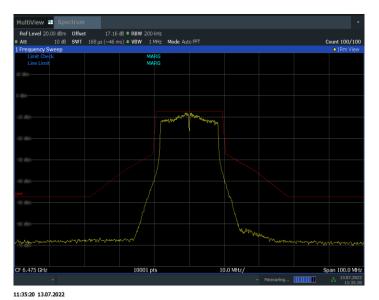




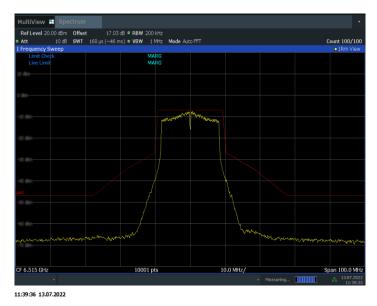








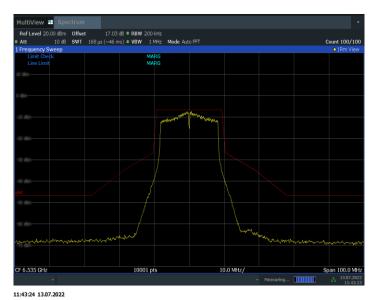




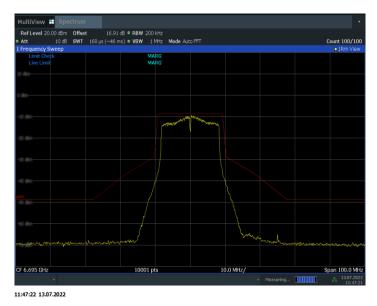








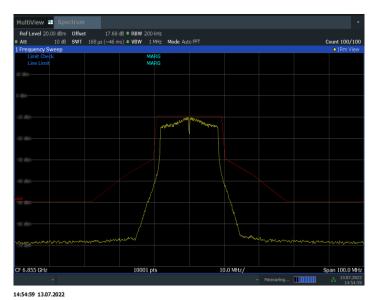




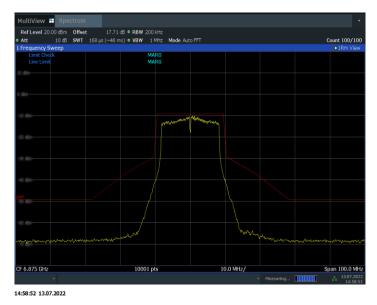








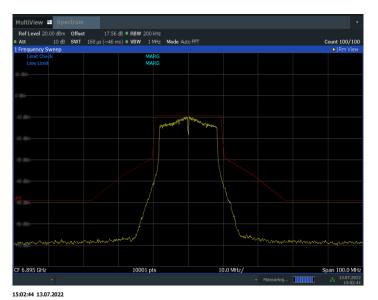




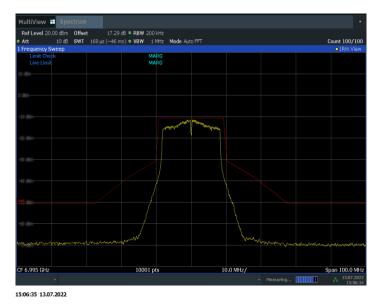


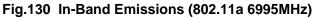






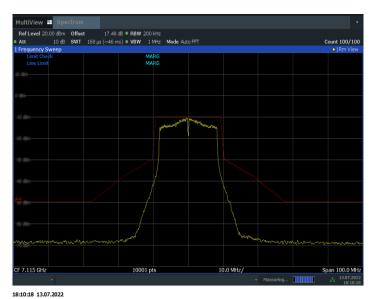




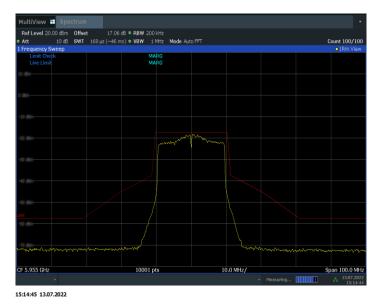


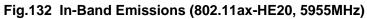
















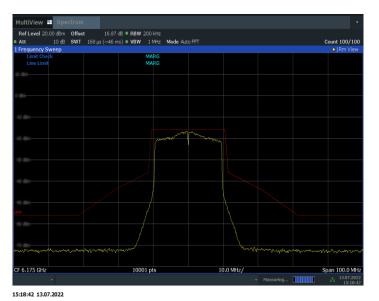
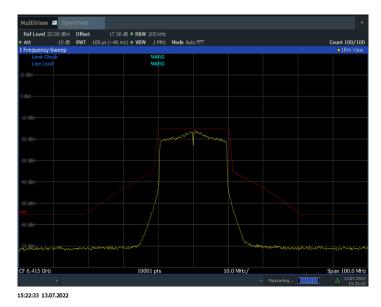
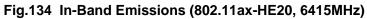


Fig.133 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6175MHz)









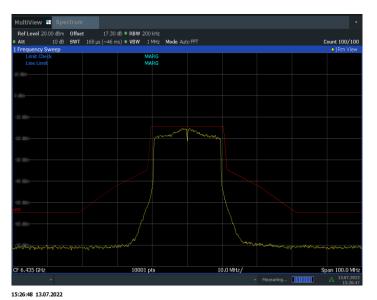
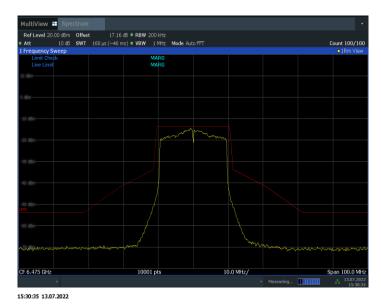
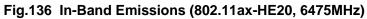


Fig.135 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6435MHz)









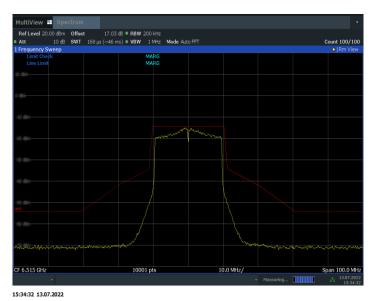
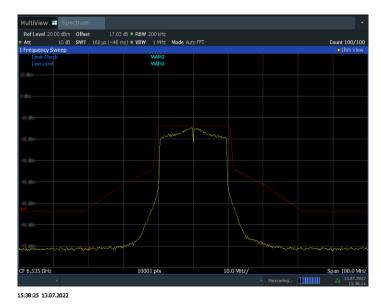
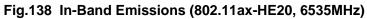


Fig.137 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6515MHz)









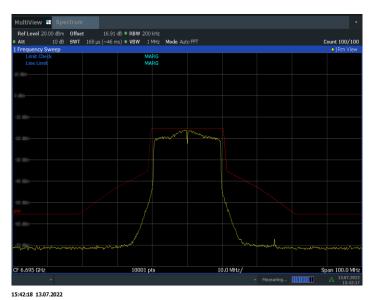
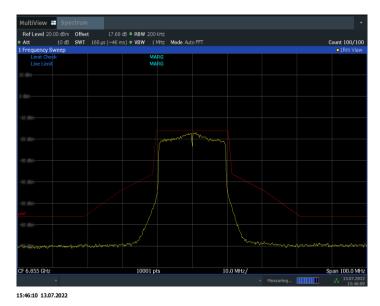
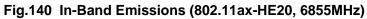


Fig.139 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6695MHz)









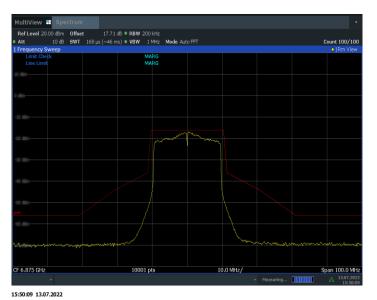
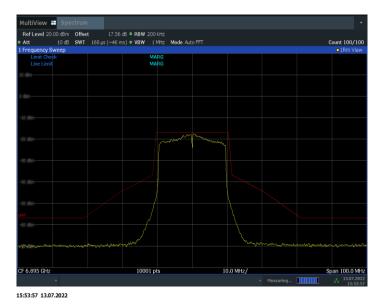
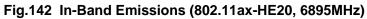


Fig.141 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6875MHz)









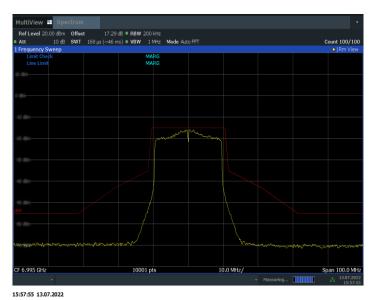
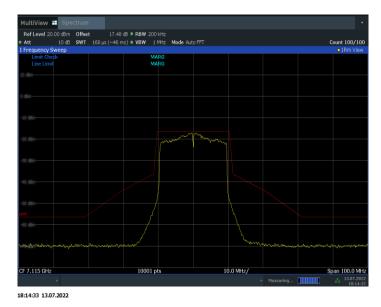
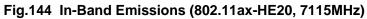


Fig.143 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE20, 6995MHz)









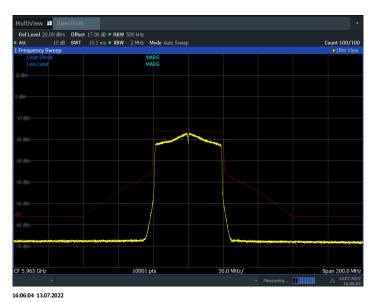
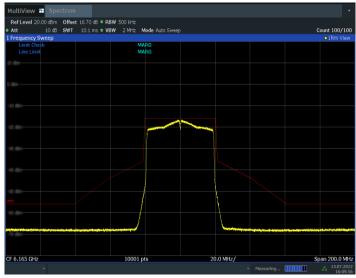


Fig.145 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE40, 5965MHz)



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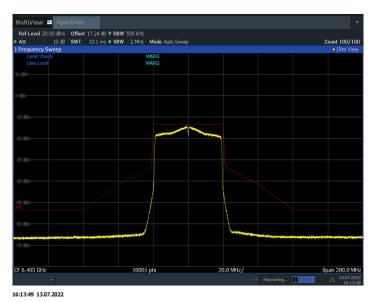
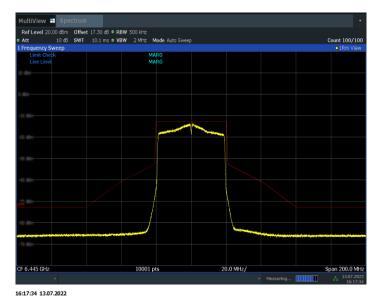
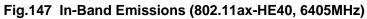


Fig.146 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE40, 6165MHz)









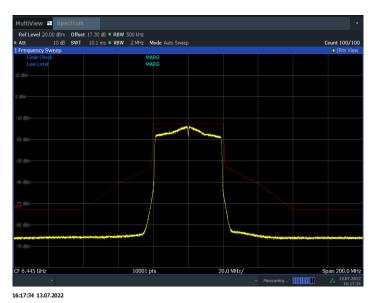


Fig.148 In-Band Emissions (802.11ax-HE40, 6445MHz)

