

### SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013

For True Wireless Headphones

### FCC ID: 2ACCJB136

Model Name: TW20 HVIN:TW20L

### Report Number: 4789584799-SAR-2

Issue Date: August 27, 2020

Prepared for

TCL Communication Ltd. 5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong

Prepared by

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#### **Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	Aug 27, 2020	Initial Issue	/

Note:

1. The Measurement result for the sample received is<Pass> according to < IEEE Std. 1528-2013> when <Accuracy Method> decision rule is applied.

2. This test report is only published to and used by the applicant, and it is not for evidence purpose in China.

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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	TCL Communication Ltd.					
Address	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong					
EUT Name	True Wireless Headphones	True Wireless Headphones				
Model Name	TW20L					
Sample Status	Normal					
Brand	TCL					
Sample Received Date	Aug 21, 2020					
Date of Tested	Aug 24, 2020~Aug 25, 2020					
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013 KDB publication					
SAR Limits (W/Kg)						
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)	Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)				
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6 4					
The Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)						
DE Exposuro Conditiono	Equip	ment Class				
RF Exposure Conditions		DSS				
SAR (1-g)	Head	Body				
SAR (I-g)	0.515 w/kg	/				
Simultaneous Transmission (1-g)	/					
Test Results	Pass					
Tested By:	Reviewed By:	Approved By:				
Jacky Jiang	Sherry been	Acchendus				
Jacky Jiang	Shawn Wen	Stephen Guo				
Engineer Project Associate	Laboratory Leader	Laboratory Manager				

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# 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Std. 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
- 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- $_{\odot}$   $\,$  865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz  $\,$
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- o TCB workshop October 2016; RF Exposure Procedures (Bluetooth Duty Factor)
- o TCB workshop October 2016; RF Exposure Procedures (DUT Holder Perturbations)

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# 3. Facilities and Accreditation

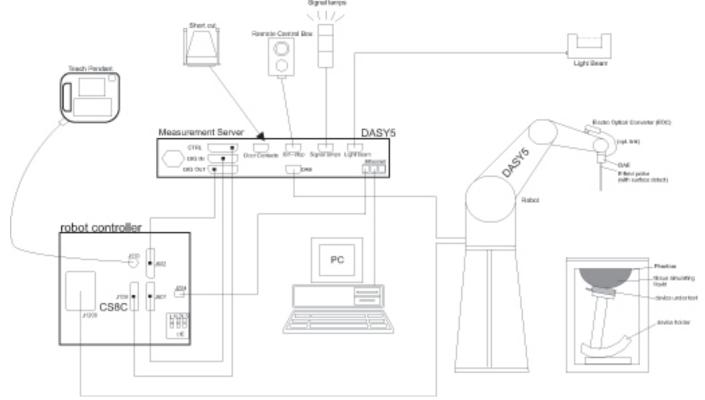
Test Location	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch.
Address	Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China
	A2LA (Certificate No.: 4102.01)
	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with A2LA.
	FCC (FCC Recognized No.: CN1187)
	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commission's Declaration of Conformity (DoC) and Certification rules
Accreditation	IC(Company No.: 21320)
Certificate	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been registered and fully described in a report filed with Industry Canada. The Company Number is 21320.
	VCCI (Registration No.: G-20019, R-20004, C-20012 and T-20011)
	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with VCCI, the Membership No. is 3793.
	Facility Name: Chamber D, the VCCI registration No. is G-20019 and R-20004 Shielding Room B , the VCCI registration No. is C-20012 and T-20011
Description	All measurement facilities use to collect the measurement data are located at Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China

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# 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

### 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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### 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

#### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

	$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^\circ\pm1^\circ$
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm	$3-4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Maximum area scan spatial resolution:  $\Delta x_{Area}$ ,  $\Delta y_{Area}$ When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be  $\leq$  the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.

2-3 GHz:  $\leq 12$  mm

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 $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 10 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
--

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq$ 5 mm	$3-4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4-5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5-6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq$ 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq$ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	
spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface Minimum zoom scan	x, y, z	$1^{st}$ two points closest to phantom surface $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	≤1.5·∆z	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$ $T_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$ $3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

#### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

#### Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be greater than the step size in Z-direction.

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### 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
ENA Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5080A	MY55100583	2020.12.05
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 SA	1155	NCR
DC power supply	Keysight	E36103A	MY55350020	2020.12.04
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	837633\001	2020.12.04
BI-Directional Coupler	WERLATONE	C8060-102	3423	2020.12.04
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9323A	MY55440013	2020.12.05
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9323A	MY55420006	2020.12.05
Dual Channel PK Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55416024	2020.12.05
Amplifier	CORAD TECHNOLOGY LTD	AMF-4D-00400600- 50-30P	1983561	NCR
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7383	2021.01.02
Data Acquisition Electronic	SPEAG	DAE3	427	2020.12.16
Dipole Kit 2450 MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	977	2021.12.04
Software	SPEAG	DASY52	N/A	NCR
Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V5.0	1805	NCR
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V5.0	1235	NCR
Thermometer	Ī	GX-138	150709653	2020.12.09
Hygrometer	VICTOR	ITHX-SD-5	18470005	2020.12.10

Note:

- 1) As per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
  - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
  - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
  - c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
  - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Dielectric assessment kit is calibrated against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.
- 3) NCR is short for "No Calibration Requirement".

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# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

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# 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

### 6.1. DUT Description

The DUT is a wireless module with BT radio.

DUT Dimension Overall (Length x Width x Height): 40 mm x 14 mm x 18 mm

# 6.2. Wireless Technology

Wireless technology	Frequency band
BT	2.4 GHz

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# 7. SAR Test Configuration

The EUT is an in-ear headset (L ear), and it may extreme close to the human's head and body when used, so 1-g head and body SAR(0mm) evaluation are considered.

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# 8. Conducted Output Power Measurement and tune-up tolerance

General note:

- 1) As per KDB 447498 sec.4.1.d) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.
- 2) The highest output power mode (DH5 GFSK) was selected to be primary mode to perform SAR measurement, It is not required for the QPSK, 8PSK, and BLE. When the secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

### 8.1. Power measurement result of BT

Band	Mode	Antenna	Average	Conducted Pow	ver (dBm)		Duty Cycle (%)
Danu	Mode	location	0CH	39CH	78CH	Tune-up	Duty Cycle (%)
	DH5		11.71	11.3	10.7	12.0	77.6%
2.4G	2DH5	L ear	NMR	NMR	NMR	9.0	NMR
	3DH5		NMR	NMR	NMR	9.0	NMR

Band	Mode	Antenna	Average	Conducted Pow	ver (dBm)	Tune-up Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle
	wode	location	0CH	19CH	39CH	Tune-up	e-up (%)
2.4G	BLE	L ear	NMR	NMR	NMR	5.0	NMR

Note:

- 1) From October 2016 TCB workshop, power and SAR measurements were performed with test software.
- 2) NMR is short for "No measurement requirement".

### 8.2. Duty Factor Measured Results

Mode	On Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (db)	1/T Minimum VBW (kHz)	Final setting For VBW (kHz)
DH5 GFSK	2.91	3.75	0.776	77.6	1.10	0.34	1

RL	RF	50 Ω DC			SENSE:INT				ALIGN AUTO	09:59:38	AM Aug 24, 2020	-	
enter	Frea 2.	44100000	0 GHz				A	/g Typ	e: Log-Pwr	TRA	CE 1 2 3 4 5 6	Frequ	ency
		NFE	PNO: Wide IFGain:Low		Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB					T) C	PE WWWWWW		
									Δ		.750 ms	Au	to Tur
0 dB/div	Ref	20.00 dBm									-0.02 dB		
10.0			\ <sup>1∆</sup>	2								Cen	ter Fr
0.00		W//		<b>∆</b> 3∆	.4	$\rightarrow$						2.441000	0000 G
0.0		X2		Ť		-	-						
0.0						-						St	art Fr
0.0						-						2.441000	0000 G
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0.0	hrh	V	W.	М		6	Maria			ly May			op Fr
0.0												2.441000	0000 G
	2.44100 1.0 MH	0000 GHz z	VB	N 1.0	MHz			:	Sweep 1		Span 0 Hz (1001 pts)		CF St 0000 M
KR MODE	TRC SCL	х			Y	FUN	TION	FU	NCTION WIDTH	FUNCT	ION VALUE	<u>Auto</u>	N
1Δ2 2 F	1 t (	Δ)	2.910 ms (. 2.055 ms	Δ)	13.92 dB -7.06 dBm							-	
3 ∆4 4 F	1 t (	Δ)	3.750 ms (. 2.055 ms	Δ)	-0.02 dB						_	Fre	q Offs 0
5			2.000 110								8		
6 7 8												Sca	ale Ty
9													
											-	Log	
1													

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# 9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

### 9.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 - 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

#### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	F	lead	Bo	dy
raiger requency (Mirz)	۶ <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	۶ <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013 Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

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**Dielectric Property Measurements Results:** 

	Freq.	Liquid Parameters				Deviation(%)			Temp.		
Liquid		Measured		Target		Deviation(%)		Limit (%)		Test Date	
		€r	σ	€r	σ	€r	σ	(70)	(°C)		
	2360	38.44	1.78	39.36	1.72	-2.34	3.31	±5	24.2		
2450 MHz	2450	38.16	1.88	39.20	1.80	-2.65	4.33			2020.08.24	
	2540	37.81	1.98	39.09	1.90	-3.27	4.11				

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### 9.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm (above 1GHZ) and 15mm (below 1GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- For area scan, standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y-dimension(2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz).
- For zoom scan,  $\Delta x_{zoom}$ ,  $\Delta y_{zoom} \le 2$ GHz  $\le 8$ mm, 2-4GHz  $\le 5$  mm and 4-6 GHz- $\le 4$ mm;  $\Delta z_{zoom} \le 3$ GHz  $\le 5$  mm, 3-4 GHz-  $\le 4$ mm and 4-6GHz- $\le 2$ mm.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm except for 5 GHz band. For 5GHz band, Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was set to 100 mW or 250 mW depend on the certificate of the dipoles.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

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### System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

			ed Results	Target	Delta	Limit	Temp.		
T.S. Liquid		Zoom Scan (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1W (W/Kg)	(Ref. value)	(%)	(%)	(°C)	Test Date	
2450 MH-	1-g	13.700	54.80	53.70	2.05	140	24.2	2020 8 24	
2450 MHz	10-g	g 6.270 25.08		25.00	0.32 ±10		Z4.Z	2020.8.24	

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# 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

As per KDB 447498 sec.4.1.e), When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported.

### Scaled SAR calculation formula:

Scaled SAR = Tune-up in mW / Conducted power in mW \* Duty factor (if available) \* Measured SAR value

#### SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

#### KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

A) Per KDB447498 D01 v06, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.

B) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
- $\leq$  0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq$  200 MHz.

#### Per KDB865664 D01 v01r04:

For each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq$ 0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is  $\leq$  20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

#### Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02:

For Wi-Fi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for Wi-Fi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 are applied. (Refer to KDB 248227D01 v02r02 for more details)

#### **Initial Test Position Procedure**

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is  $\leq 0.4$ W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$ W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions /configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

### Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01

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v02r02). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the <u>initial test configuration</u>. When the reported SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

### Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

Note:

1) The same procedure is applied to extremity SAR evaluation, and the corresponding limitation is 2.5 times of 1-g SAR.

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### 10.1. SAR Test Results of 2.4GHz-DSS

EUT	Test Position	Test Mode	Channel/ Frequency	Pow (dB		Measured SAR Value	Power Drift	Duty Cycle	Scaled (W/Kg)
		woue	Frequency	Tune-up	Meas.	1-g (W/Kg)	Dint	(%)	(wing)
	Top surface	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.043	-0.13	77.60	0.059
L ear	Left side	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.374	0.09	77.60	0.515
	Right side	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.173	0.20	77.60	0.238
	Back side	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.121	0.11	77.60	0.167
	Bottom side	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.064	-0.11	77.60	0.088
	Cochlea side	BT/DH5	0/2402	12.0	11.71	0.068	-0.17	77.60	0.094

## 11. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

According to FCC OET KDB447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

Depend on the description of product specification, the EUT only have one antenna, so no simultaneous transmission needs to analysis.

### **Appendixes**

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

4789584799-SAR-2\_App A Photo

4789584799-SAR-2\_App B System Check Plots

4789584799-SAR-2\_App C Highest Test Plots

4789584799-SAR-2\_App D Cal. Certificates

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