





## **TEST REPORT**

### No.I20N02443-HAC RF

For

**TCL Communication Ltd.** 

LTE/UMTS/GSM Smartphone

Model Name: 5030A

With

Hardware Version: FS180-MB-V2.1

Software Version: 5030A\_TGMX\_1SIM\_V1.6\_20200908

FCC ID: 2ACCJB135

**Results Summary: M Category = M3** 

Issued Date: 2020-09-28

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

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### **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number Revision		Description	Issue Date	
I20N02443-HAC RF	Rev.0	1st edition	2020-09-28	





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### 1. Summary of Test Report

#### 1.1. Test Items

Description:

LTE/UMTS/GSM Smartphone

Model Name:

5030A

Applicant's name:

TCL Communication Ltd.

Manufacturer's Name:

TCL Communication Ltd.

#### 1.2. Test Standards

ANSI C63.19-2011

#### 1.3. Test Result

Pass.

#### 1.4. Testing Location

Address: Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518026

#### 1.5. Project Data

Testing Start Date: 2020-09-15

Testing End Date: 2020-09-15

#### 1.6. Signature

Li Yongfu

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(Approved this test report)





### 2. Client Information

### 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
Address.	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
City:	1
Country:	/
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722

### 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
Address.	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
City:	1
Country:	1
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722





### 3. Equipment under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

#### 3.1. About EUT

Description:	LTE/UMTS/GSM Smartphone	
Model Name:	5030A	
Marketing Name:	1	
Condition of EUT as received:	No obvious damage in appearance	
Operating mode(s):	GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band2/4/5,	
Operating mode(s):	LTE Band2/7/12/13/26/66, Bluetooth, WLAN2.4G	

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
UT01aa	350770410000537	FS180-MB-V2.1	5030A_TGMX_1SIM_V1.6_20200908
UT02aa	350770410000545	FS180-MB-V2.1	5030A_TGMX_1SIM_V1.6_20200908

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the UT01aa & UT02aa.

#### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Type	Manufacturer	
AE1	Battery	LI-Polymer Battery	VENKE	
AE2	Battery	LI-Polymer Battery	TIANMAO	

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.





### 3.4. Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Rand(MHz)	Time	C63.19 /	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power	
Air-interrace	Band(MHz)	Туре	tested	Transmissions	Service	Reduction	
GSM	850	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No	
EDGE	850	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	INO	
GSM	1900	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	Yes	
EDGE	1900	DT	No	BT,WLAN	NA	res	
WCDMA	B2 / B4	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	Yes	
VVCDIVIA	HDSPA	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo	res	
MCDMA	B5	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice	No	
WCDMA	HDSPA	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo	No	
LTE (EDD)	2/66	VD	Voc	DTM/LAN	VoLTE	Yes	
LTE (FDD)	2/00	۷۵	Yes BT,WLAN		Google Duo	res	
LTE (EDD)	7/40/40/06	VD	Voc	DTM/LAN	VoLTE	No	
LTE (FDD)	7/12/13/26	טע	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo	No	
WLAN	2.4G	VD	Yes	WWAN	Google Duo	No	
ВТ	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	NA	No	

VO: Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only

VD: Voice CMRS/PSTN and Data Service

DT: Digital Transport

<sup>\*</sup> HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes; Non-current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating





### 4. Reference Documents

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids	2011
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05





### 5. Operational Conditions During Test

#### 5.1. HAC Measurement Set-up

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

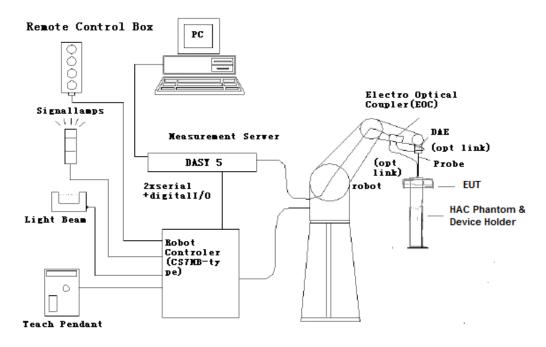


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.





#### 5.2. Probe Specification

#### E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.2$  dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]





#### 5.3. Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions:  $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$ ).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field  $<\pm0.5$  dB.



Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

#### 5.4. Robotic System Specifications

#### **Specifications**

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160XL

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

#### **Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System**

**Cell Controller** 

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz

**Operating System:** Windows XP

**Data Converter** 

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

**Connecting Lines:** Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock





### 6. EUT Arrangement

#### 6.1. WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

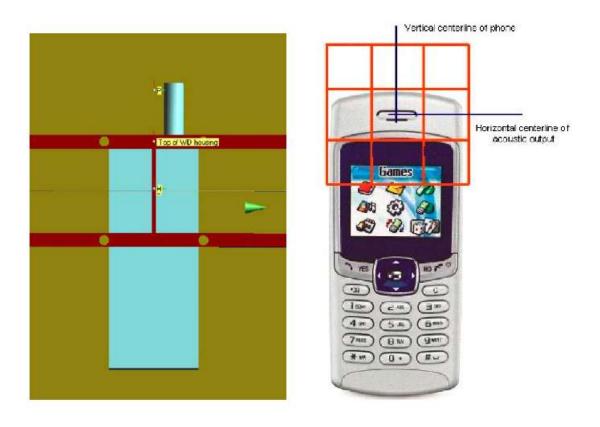


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements





### 7. System Validation

#### 7.1. Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

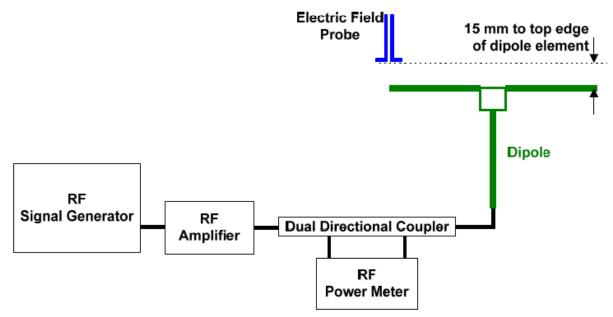


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

#### 7.2. Validation Result

	E-Field Scan						
Frequency Input Power Measured Target Deviation Deviation					Limit⁴		
Mode	(MHz)	(mW)	Value(dBV/m)	Value(dBV/m)	(%)	(%)	
CW	835	100	42.05	40.72	3.3	±25	
CW	1880	100	39.42	39.06	0.9	±25	

#### Notes:

- 1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
- 2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3. Deviation (%) = 100 \* (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
- 4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within  $\pm$  25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.





### 8. Modulation Interference Factor (MIF)

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) which replaces the need for the Articulation Weighting Factor (AWF) during the evaluation and is applicable to any modulation scheme.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63-2007.

#### **Definitions**

ER3D, E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the "indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by probe modulation response (PMR) calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The evaluation method or the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is called to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constraint and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and is automatically applied.

MIF values were not tested by a probe or as specified in the standards but are based on analysis provided by SPEAG for all the air interfaces (GSM, WCDMA, CDMA, LTE). The data included in this report are for the worst case operating modes. The UIDs used are listed below:

UID	Communication System Name	MIF (dB)
10021	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	-27.23
10097	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	-20.75
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10176	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA, 1RB, 10MHz, 16-QAM)	-9.76
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02





A PMR calibrated probe is linearized for the selected waveform over the full dynamic range within the uncertainty specified in its calibration certificate. ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the \indirect" measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

0.2 dB for MIF -7 to +5 dB, 0.5 dB for MIF -13 to +11 dB 1 dB for MIF > -20 dB





### 9. Evaluation for low-power exemption

#### 9.1. Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq$ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals  $\leq$ 50  $\mu$ s20, is  $\leq$ 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4.

The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

#### 9.2. Conducted power

Band	power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	HAC Test
GSM 850	34.0	3.63	37.63	Yes
GSM 1900	28.5	3.63	32.13	Yes
WCDMA B2	18.5	-27.23	-8.73	No
WCDMA B2 -HSDPA	18.5	-20.75	-2.25	No
WCDMA B4	18.5	-27.23	-8.73	No
WCDMA B4 -HSDPA	17.5	-20.75	-3.25	No
WCDMA B5	24.5	-27.23	-2.73	No
WCDMA B5 -HSDPA	23.0	-20.75	2.25	No
LTE Band 2	19.5	-9.76	9.74	No
LTE Band 7	23.5	-9.76	13.74	No
LTE Band 12	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 13	24.0	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE Band 26	24.5	-9.76	14.74	No
LTE Band 66	19.0	-9.76	9.24	No
WLAN 2.4G	14.5	-2.02	12.48	No

#### Note:

1. Power = Max tune-up limit.





#### 10. RF Test Procedures

#### The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.





### 11. Measurement Results (E-Field)

Free	quency	Measured Value	Power Drift	Cotomony			
MHz	Channel	(dBV/m)	(dB)	Category			
	GSM 850						
848.8	251	36.68	-0.05	<b>M4</b> (see Fig A.1)			
836.6	190	36.88	0.04	<b>M4</b> (see Fig A.2)			
824.2	128	36.28	0.10	<b>M4</b> (see Fig A.3)			
	GSM 1900						
1909.8	810	33.41	0.06	<b>M3</b> (see Fig A.4)			
1880.0	661	33.79	0.12	<b>M3</b> (see Fig A.5)			
1850.2	512	34.27	0.08	M3 (see Fig A.6)			

### 12. ANSI C 63.19-2011 Limits

#### WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960 MHz		
/	E-field emissions		
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)	
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)	
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)	
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)	
Emission categories	> 960 MHz		
/	E-field e	missions	
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)	
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)	
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)	
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)	





### 13. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncert ainty Value (%)	Prob. Dist.	k	C <sub>i</sub> E	Standard Uncertainty (%) $u_i^{\cdot}$ (%)	Degree of freedom V <sub>eff</sub> or v <sub>i</sub>	source
1	System repeatability	Α	0.24	N	1	1	0.24	9	Measurement
Meas	surement System								
2	Probe Calibration	В	10.1	N	1	1	10.1	∞	Manufacturer
3	Axial Isotropy	В	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	8	Cal report
4	Sensor Displacement	В	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	8	Manufacturer
5	Boundary Effects	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	8	Manufacturer
6	Linearity	В	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.35	8	Cal report
7	Scaling to Peak Envolope Power	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	8	Standard
8	System Detection Limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	Manufacturer
9	Readout Electronics	В	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	∞	Manufacturer
10	Response Time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞	Manufacturer
11	Integration Time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	∞	Manufacturer
12	RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞	Measurement
13	RF Reflections	В	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞	Measurement
14	Probe Positioner	Α	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	8	Manufacturer
15	Probe Positioning	Α	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	8	Manufacturer
16	Extra. And Interpolation	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	8	Manufacturer
Test	Sample Related								
17	Device Positioning Vertical	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	8	Manufacturer
18	Device Positioning Lateral	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞	Manufacturer
19	Device Holder and Phantom	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞	Manufacturer
20	Power Drift	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞	Measurement
Phar	ntom and Setup related								
21	Phantom Thickness	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞	Manufacturer
PMF	related								
22	Monitor amplitude	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.02	∞	Manufacturer
23	Setup repeatability	Α	2.3	N	1	1	2.3	9	Manufacturer
24	Sensor amplitude	В	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.93	∞	Manufacturer
	Combined standard uncertaint	y(%)		Γ	ı		18.3		
	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e$	$=2u_c$	N	k=	=2	36.6		





### 14. Main Test Instruments

**Table 14-1: List of Main Instruments** 

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Signal Generator	E8257D	MY47461211	2020-01-15	One year
02	Power meter	E4418B	MY50000366	2019-12-14	One year
03	Power sensor	E9304A	MY50000188	2019-12-14	One year
04	Amplifier	VTL5400	0404	/	
05	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1150	/	
06	DAE	DAE4	786	2020-03-03	One year
07	E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2424	2018-02-23	Three year
08	HAC Dipole	CD835V3	1165	2018-07-19	Three year
09	HAC Dipole	CD1880V3	1149	2018-07-19	Three year
10	BTS	CMU200	114544	2019-09-02	One year
11	Software	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	/	/





#### **ANNEX A: RF Emission Test Plot**

#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 High

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

**Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 50.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 36.68 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
36.68 dBV/m	36.5 dBV/m	35.13 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
36.26 dBV/m	36.25 dBV/m	35.24 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
37.17 dBV/m	36.9 dBV/m	35.29 dBV/m

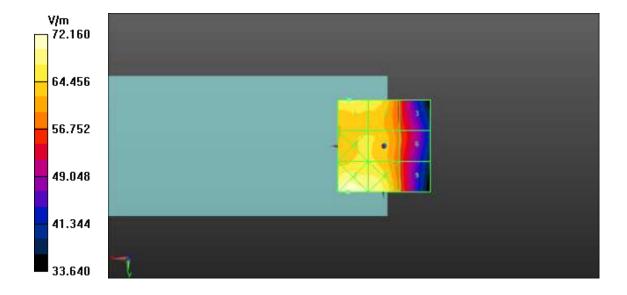


Fig A.1 HAC RF E-Field GSM850





#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Middle

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

**Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 50.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 36.88 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
36.88 dBV/m	36.63 dBV/m	35.17 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
36.48 dBV/m	36.41 dBV/m	35.31 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
37.47 dBV/m	37.18 dBV/m	35.37 dBV/m

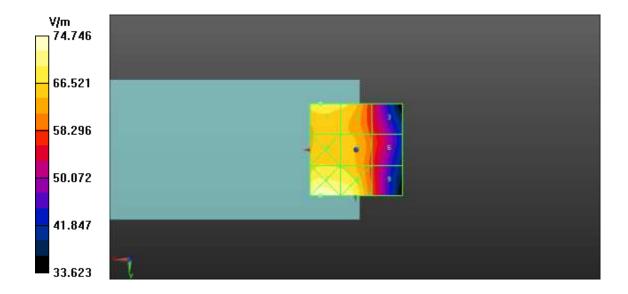


Fig A.2 HAC RF E-Field GSM850





#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 850 Low

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

**Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 46.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 36.28 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
36.28 dBV/m	36.02 dBV/m	34.65 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
35.89 dBV/m	35.84 dBV/m	34.85 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
36.93 dBV/m	36.65 dBV/m	34.77 dBV/m

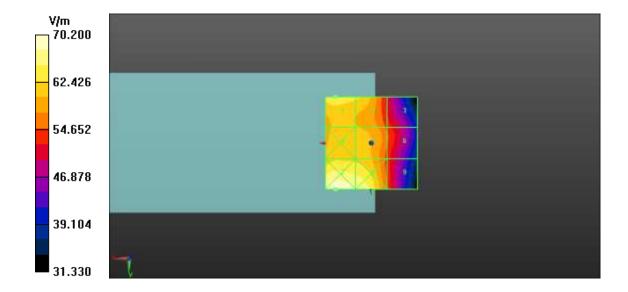


Fig A.3 HAC RF E-Field GSM850





#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 High

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1910 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 27.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 33.41 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
36.42 dBV/m	37.07 dBV/m	36.12 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M3</b>	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
32.33 dBV/m	33.41 dBV/m	33.08 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
31.76 dBV/m	31.76 dBV/m	30.48 dBV/m

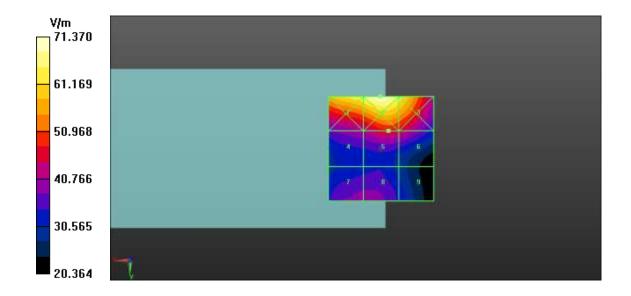


Fig A.4 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900





#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Middle

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

**Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 29.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 33.79 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
36.51 dBV/m	37.26 dBV/m	36.34 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M3</b>	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
32.8 dBV/m	33.79 dBV/m	33.35 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
32.18 dBV/m	32.31 dBV/m	31.35 dBV/m

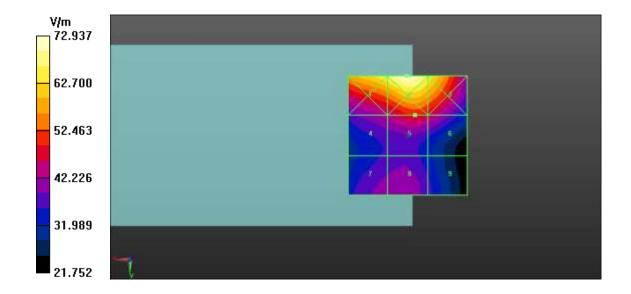


Fig A.5 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900





#### HAC RF E-Field GSM 1900 Low

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424 ConvF (1, 1, 1);

#### E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device /Hearing Aid Compatibility

**Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 32.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 34.27 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
37.02 dBV/m	37.72 dBV/m	36.68 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M3</b>	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
33.31 dBV/m	34.27 dBV/m	33.75 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
32.19 dBV/m	32.39 dBV/m	31.55 dBV/m

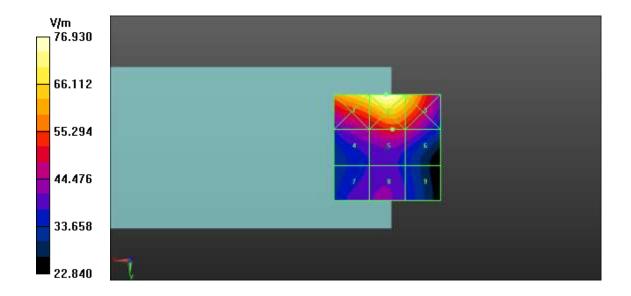


Fig A.6 HAC RF E-Field GSM1900





### **ANNEX B: System Validation Result**

#### 835 MHz

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 mho/m,  $\epsilon$ r = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 15mm /Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 106.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

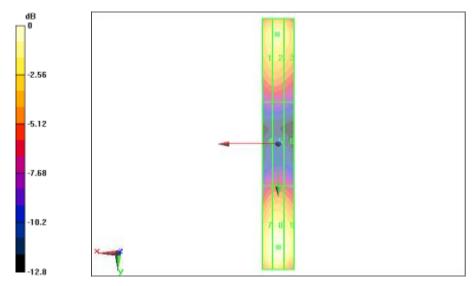
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.05 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b>	Grid 2 <b>M3</b>	Grid 3 <b>M3</b>
41.42 dBV/m	41.96 dBV/m	41.87 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
36.94 dBV/m	37.28 dBV/m	37.20 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
41.58 dBV/m	42.05 dBV/m	41.92 dBV/m



0 dB = 42.05 dBV/m



#### 1880 MHz

Date: 2020-9-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn786

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 mho/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2424; ConvF (1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 15mm /Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

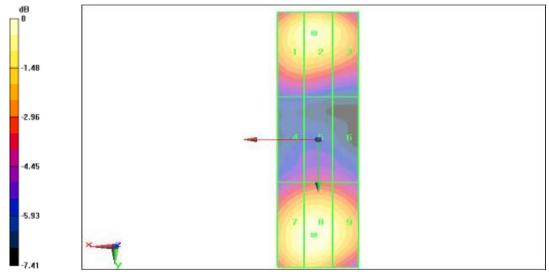
Reference Value = 103.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.42 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.84 dBV/m	39.42 dBV/m	39.33 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 <b>M2</b>	Grid 6 <b>M2</b>
37.19 dBV/m	37.52 dBV/m	37.44 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.92 dBV/m	39.30 dB V/m	39.25 dBV/m



0 dB = 39.42 dBV/m





#### **ANNEX C: Probe Calibration Certificate**

#### E\_Probe ER3DV6

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 41, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTTL-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** Object ER3DV6 - SN:2424 QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air Calibration date: February 23, 2018 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which resize the physical units of measurements (Bi). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 x 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ED.	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Califration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18	
Power sensor NRP-291	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr.18	
Power pensor NRP-Z91	SN 103245	94-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18	
Reference Probe ER3DVB	SN: 2328	10-Oct-17 (No. ER3-2328, Oct17)	Oct-18	
DAE4	SN: 789	2-Aug-17 (No. DAE4-789_Aug17)	Aug-18	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Chack	
Power meter E44198	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check, Jun-18	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498067	06-Apri-16 (in house check Juri-16)	In house check: Jun-18	
Power sensor E4412A	5N 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18	
Notwork Analyzer HP 6753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In hoose check: Oct-18	

Calibrated by Laboratory Technician Approved by: Technical Manager fesued February 23, 2018 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No. ER3-2424\_Feb18

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG ughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swine Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx.y.z sensitivity in free space DOP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty, cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization e φ rotation around probe axis Polarization 8

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., S=0 is normal to probe axis information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, \* IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz\*, December 2005

b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field potarization  $\theta$  = 0 for XY sensors and  $\theta$  = 90 for Z sensor (f  $\leq$  900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Charl).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal
- Ax.y.z. Bx.y.z. Cx.y.z. Dx.y.z. VRx.y.z. A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR ≈ the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

C	ertif	cate	No:	ER3-	2424	Feb	1



ER30V6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2424

Manufactured: Calibrated:

November 12, 2007 February 23, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

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ER3DV6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2424

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	1.46	1.51	1.82	±10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>6</sup>	100.0	98.3	100.6	2.100.7.76

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>1</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	189.6	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		200.6	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	21.68	99.9	28.7	9.39	106.2	±2,2 %
		Y	19.41	99.7	28.8		111.3	
	100	.Z	24.71	99.5	28.2		119.2	
10061- IEEE 802.11b W/Fi 2.4 GHz (DSSS. 11 CAB Mbps)	IEEE 802.11b W/Fi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	Х	8.35	84.6	25.4	3.60	146.9	±1.9 %
		Y	4.81	74.8	21.7		112.9	
4.00		2	6.43	78.8	22.9		111.9	
10077- CAB	(DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	13.28	77.7	29.3	11.00	139.0	±3.8 %
		Y	11.65	73.4	26.9		100.8	
2000		Z	11.41	72.1	25.6		99.2	
10172- LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, CAD QPSK)	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 R8, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	9.48	80.8	29.7	9.21	125.2	±3.8 %
		Y	9.49	81.9	30.6		134.1	
		Z	10.82	83.6	30.5		136.8	
10173- CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	9.87	81.2	29.9	9.48	125.1	12.5 %
		Y	10.11	83.1	31.3		134.2	
		Z	11.30	84.2	30.8		136.9	
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	х	16.69	99.5	40.3	12.49	96.6	12.5 %
		Y	15.42	99.3	41.1		100.6	
		Z	17.91	99.9	39.8		104.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

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<sup>\*</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

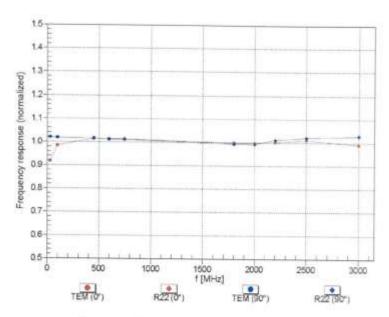
\*\* Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear sequence applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ER30V6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2016

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

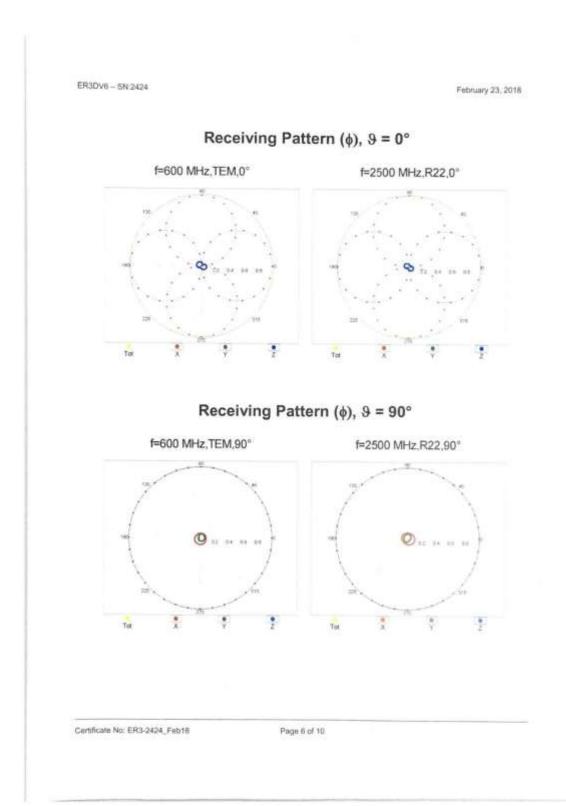


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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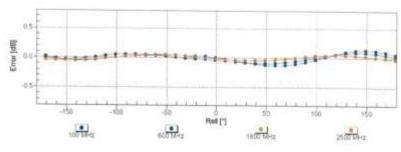




ER30V6 - SN;2424

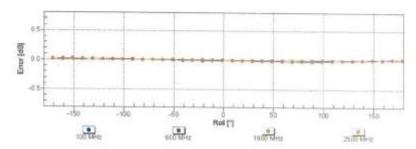
February 23, 2018

### Receiving Pattern (4), 9 = 0°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), \$\theta = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

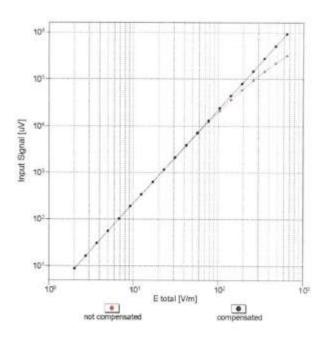
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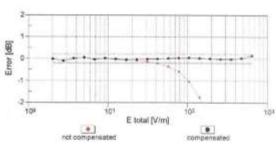


ER3DV6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

## Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

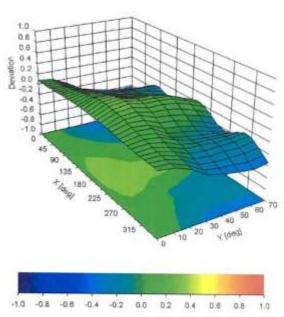
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ER3DV6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

## Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (o, 9), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

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ER3DV6 - SN:2424

February 23, 2018

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2424

## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (*)	-11.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Certificate No: ER3-2424\_Feb18

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# **ANNEX D: Dipole Calibration Certificate**

## Dipole 835 MHz

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1165\_Jul18

Bject	CD835V3 - SN: 1	165	
calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proces	dure for dipoles in air	
Calibration date:	July 19, 2018		
his calibration certificate documen the measurements and the uncert	its the traceability to natio	onal standards, which realize the physical unit robability are given on the following pages and	s of measurements (SI). if are part of the certificate.
		y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE			
	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power meter NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013, Mar18)	Mar-10
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065, Dec-17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (In house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check: Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check, Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent EB35BA	SN; US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
		Laboratory Technician	e:196
Galibrated by:	Leff Klysner		and line
	Leif Klysner  Katia Pokowic	Technical Manager	and train

Certificate No: CD835V3-1165\_Jul18

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
 Devices and Hearing Aids.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms, x-axis is normal to the other axes,
  in coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1165\_Jul18 Page 2 of 5



### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

ni pago 1-	
DASY5	V52.10.1
HAC Test Arch	
15 mm	
dx, dy = 5 mm	
835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
< 0.05 dB	
	HAC Test Arch  15 mm  dx, dy = 5 mm  835 MHz ± 1 MHz

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	108.7 V/m = 40.72 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	108.6 V/m = 40.72 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	108.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
BOO MHz	16.4 dB	40.0 Ω - 9.2 jΩ
835 MHz	25.5 dB	$53.7 \Omega + 4.0 j\Omega$
880 MHz	17.8 dB	60.3 Ω - 9.8 jΩ
900 MHz	16.5 dB	51.6 Ω - 15.3 jΩ
945 MHz	21.7 dB	43.9 Ω + 4.8 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

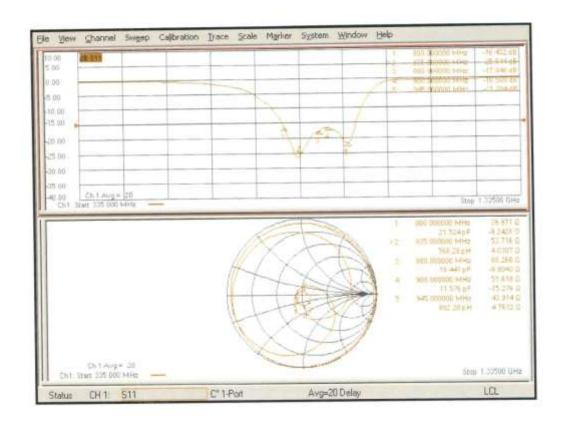
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1165\_Jul18



## Impedance Measurement Plot







#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

# DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1165

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε<sub>c</sub> = 1; ρ = 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63,19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

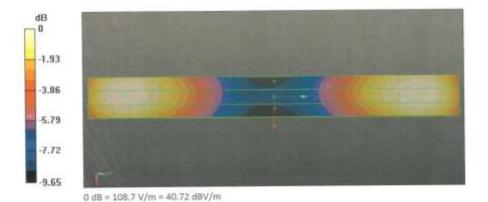
- Probe: EF3DV3 5N4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASYS2 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 130.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.73 dBV/m Emission category: M3

### MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M3 40.72 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.67 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.61 dBV/m	35.96 dBV/m	35.94 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.41 dBV/m	40.73 dBV/m	40.67 dBV/m



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CTT

CTTL (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149\_Jul18

Object	CD1880V3 - SN:	1149	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proce	dure for dipoles in air	
Calibration date:	July 19, 2018		
This calibration certificate docume	nts the traceability to nation	onal standards, which realize the physical unit	ts of measurements (SI).
		obability are given on the following pages an	
All calibrations have been conduct	ed in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
	e contrat has some contrat.		
Calibration Equipment used (M&T)	THE STREET WAS ASSESSED.	SALEST NEW COLORS OF THE SALEST OF THE SALES	27.77.48.40.00
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
			Apr-19
	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	- V. C.
	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244 SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19 Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-291 Power sensor NRP-291 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Atternuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor NRP-291 Power sensor NRP-291 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4D13_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 06-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF30V3 Probe H30V6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF penerator R8S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. E73-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 06-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 Probe H3DV6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013, Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065, Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781, Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 06-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF30V3 Probe H30V6 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF penerator R8S SMT-06	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US387295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE-4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 06-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Mar-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-18 Signature
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF30V3 Probe H30V6 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF penerator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8368A	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 08327 SN: 4013 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477 Name	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18) 30-Dec-17 (No. H3-6065_Dec17) 17-Jan-18 (No. DAE-4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 06-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) Function	Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Apr-19 Dec-18 Jan-19 Schedufed Check In house check: Oct-20

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149\_Jul18

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurlch, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA 
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### References

ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
 Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms, z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms, x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASYS Surface. Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	89.8 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	89,3 V/m = 39.02 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	23,9 dB	53.9 Ω + 5.4 μΩ
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	20 + 6.3 إذ
1900 MHz	23.4 dB	55.6 Ω + 4.5 μΩ
1950 MHz	30.3 dB	52.9 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	21.3 dB	$44.2 \Omega + 5.7 \Omega$

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

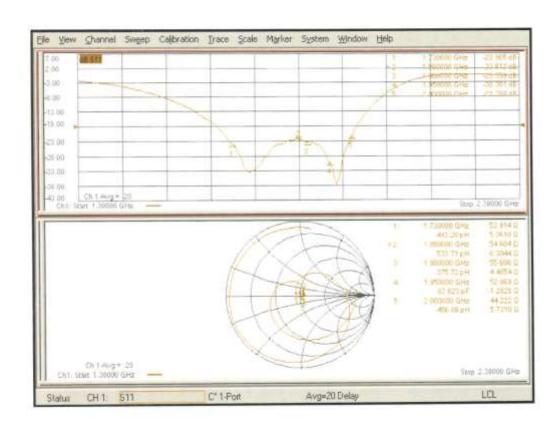
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149 Jul18 Page 3 of 5



### Impedance Measurement Plot





#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 19.07.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1149

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm. dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 160.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

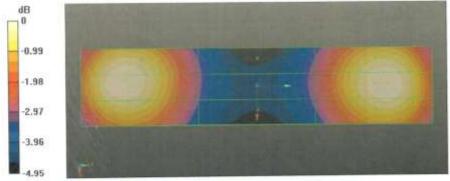
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.67 dBV/m	39.06 dBV/m	39.01 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
36 dBV/m	36.15 d8V/m	36.1 dBV/m
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Grid 8 M2 39.02 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.91 dBV/m



0 dB = 89.78 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1149\_Jul18





## **ANNEX E: UID Specification**

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

UID Specification Sheet

UID 10021-DAC page 1/2

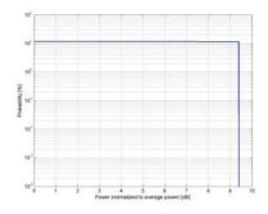
16.11.2016

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971188, Section 5.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

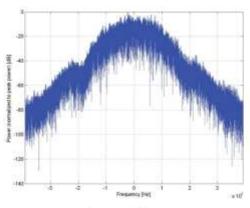
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



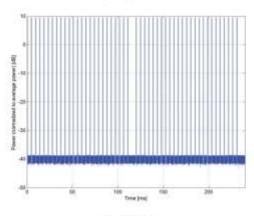
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



### Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10021-DAC page 2/2

16.11.2016



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Name: UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)

Group: WCDMA UID: 10011-CAB

PAR: 1 2.91 dB MIF: 2 -27.23 dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP TS 25.141 Annex A

FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02

Category: Random amplitude modulation

Modulation: QPSK

Frequency Band: Band 1, UTRA/FDD (1920.0-1980.0 MHz, 20000)

Band 2, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1910.0 MHz, 20001)
Band 3, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1785.0 MHz, 20002)
Band 4, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1755.0 MHz, 20003)
Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0-849.0 MHz, 20004)
Band 6, UTRA/FDD (830.0-840.0 MHz, 20005)
Band 7, UTRA/FDD (2500.0-2570.0 MHz, 20006)
Band 8, UTRA/FDD (880.0-915.0 MHz, 20007)
Band 9, UTRA/FDD (1749.9-1784.9 MHz, 20008)
Band 10, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1770.0 MHz, 20009)
Band 11, UTRA/FDD (1427.9-1452.9 MHz, 20010)
Band 12, UTRA/FDD (698.0-716.0 MHz, 20011)
Band 13, UTRA/FDD (777.0-787.0 MHz, 20012)

Band 19, UTRA/FDD (830.0-845.0 MHz, 20130) Band 20, UTRA/FDD (832.0-862.0 MHz, 20131) Band 21, UTRA/FDD (1447.9-1462.9 MHz, 20132) Band 22, UTRA/FDD (3410.0-3490.0 MHz, 20217) Band 25, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1915.0 MHz, 20218) Band 26, UTRA/FDD (814.0-849.0 MHz, 20219)

Band 14, UTRA/FDD (788.0-798.0 MHz, 20013)

Detailed Specification: Dedicated Channel Type: RMC

Bitrate: 12.2 kbps DPDCH: 60 kbps DPCCH: 15 kbps

DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio: -5.46 dB

Bandwidth: 5.0 MHz Integration Time: 100.0 ms

**UID Specification Sheet** 

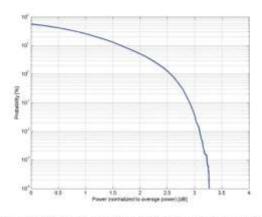
UID 10011-CAB page 1/2

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

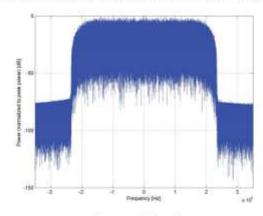
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



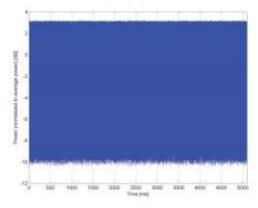
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10011-CAB page 2/2



Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Name: UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)

Group: WCDMA UID: 10097-CAB

PAR: 1 3.98 dB MIF: 2 -20.75 dB

Standard Reference: ETSI-3GPP TS 134.121 Rel. 5

FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02

Category: Random amplitude modulation

Modulation: QPSK

Frequency Band: Band 1, UTRA/FDD (1920.0-1980.0 MHz, 20000)

Band 2, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1910.0 MHz, 20001)
Band 3, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1785.0 MHz, 20002)
Band 4, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1755.0 MHz, 20003)
Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0-849.0 MHz, 20004)
Band 6, UTRA/FDD (830.0-840.0 MHz, 20005)
Band 7, UTRA/FDD (2500.0-2570.0 MHz, 20006)
Band 8, UTRA/FDD (880.0-915.0 MHz, 20007)
Band 9, UTRA/FDD (1749.9-1784.9 MHz, 20008)
Band 10, UTRA/FDD (1710.0-1770.0 MHz, 20009)
Band 11, UTRA/FDD (1427.9-1452.9 MHz, 20010)
Band 12, UTRA/FDD (698.0-716.0 MHz, 20011)
Band 13, UTRA/FDD (777.0-787.0 MHz, 20012)
Band 14, UTRA/FDD (788.0-798.0 MHz, 20013)
Band 19, UTRA/FDD (830.0-845.0 MHz, 20130)
Band 20, UTRA/FDD (832.0-862.0 MHz, 20131)

Band 21, UTRA/FDD (1447.9-1462.9 MHz, 20132) Band 22, UTRA/FDD (3410.0-3490.0 MHz, 20217) Band 25, UTRA/FDD (1850.0-1915.0 MHz, 20218) Band 26, UTRA/FDD (814.0-849.0 MHz, 20219)

Detailed Specification: CQI value: 2

Sub-test 2 Conditions:

DPCCH gain factor (Beta\_c) = 12/15 DPDCH gain factor (Beta\_d): 15/15

Bandwidth: 5.0 MHz Integration Time: 100.0 ms

**UID Specification Sheet** 

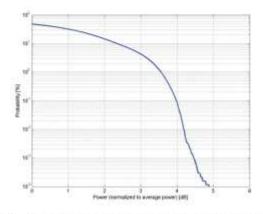
UID 10097-CAB page 1/2

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

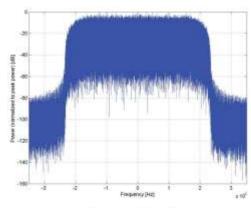
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



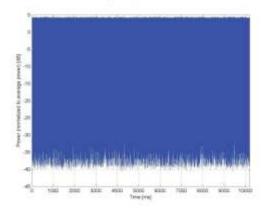
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10097-CAB page 2/2





Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Name:

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 R8, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)

LTE-FDO Group: UID 10176-CAE

PAR: 1 6.52dB -9.76 dB

Standard Reference: 3GPP / ETSI TS 136,101 V6.4.0 3GPP / ETSI TS 136,213 VB.4,0

FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation

Category: 16-QAM

Frequency Band:

16-QAM
Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz)
Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1890.0 - 1910.0 MHz)
Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 5, E-UTRA/FDD (824.0 - 849.0 MHz)
Band 5, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 840.0 MHz) Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (2500.0 - 2570.0 MHz) Band 8, E-UTRA/FDD (880.0 - 915.0 MHz) Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz) Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz) Band 11, E-UTRA/FDD (1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz) Band 12, E-UTRA/FDD (699.0 - 710.0 MHz) Band 13, E-UTRA/FDD (777.0 - 787.0 MHz) Band 14, E-UTRA/FDD (788.0 - 798.0 MHz) Band 17, E-UTRA/FDD (704.0 - 716.0 MHz) Band 18, E-UTRA/FDD (815.0 - 830.0 MHz)

Band 19, E-UTRA/FDD (830.0 - 845.0 MHz) Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (832.0 - 862.0 MHz) Band 21, E-UTRA/FDD (1447.9 - 1462.9 MHz) Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz) Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2000.0 - 2020.0 MHz) Band 24, E-UTRA/FDD (1626.5 - 1660.5 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz) Band 26 E-UTRA/FDD (814.0 - 849.0 MHz) Band 27 E-UTRA/FDD (807.0 - 824.0 MHz) Band 28 E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 748.0 MHz) Band 30, E-UTRA/FDD (2305.0 - 2315.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 2010.0 MHz) Band 66, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz) Band 68, E-UTRA/FDD (698.0 - 728.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz)

Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (663.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz)

Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: QPSK Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 258 TBS Index: 14

MCS Index: 15 Data Type: PN9 10.0 MHz

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

**UID Specification Sheet** 

Detailed Specification:

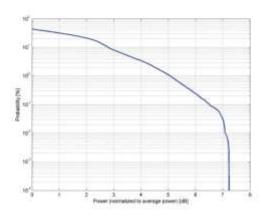
Bandwidth: Integration Time:

UID 10176-CAE page 1/2

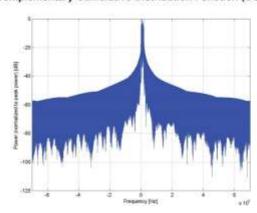
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



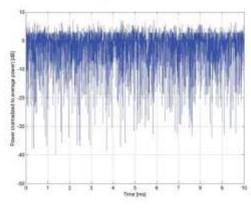
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10176-CAE page 2/2





Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Name:

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 R8, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)

Group LTE-FDO UID 10170-CAD

PAR: 1 6.52 dB -9.76 dB

3GPP / ETSI TS 136,101 V6.4.0 Standard Reference:

SGPP / ETSI TS 136.213 V8.4.0 FCC OET KDB 941225 DoS SAR for LTE Devices v01 Random amplitude modulation

Category; Modulation:

16-QAM

Frequency Band:

16-QAM
Band 1, E-UTRA/FDD (1920.0 - 1980.0 MHz)
Band 2, E-UTRA/FDD (1980.0 - 1910.0 MHz)
Band 3, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1785.0 MHz)
Band 4, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1795.0 MHz)
Band 7, E-UTRA/FDD (2500.0 - 2570.0 MHz)
Band 9, E-UTRA/FDD (1749.9 - 1794.9 MHz)
Band 10, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1770.0 MHz)
Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (332.0 - 862.0 MHz)
Band 20, E-UTRA/FDD (332.0 - 862.0 MHz) Band 22, E-UTRA/FDD (3410.0 - 3490.0 MHz) Band 23, E-UTRA/FDD (2900.0 - 2920.0 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (1850.0 - 1915.0 MHz) Band 25, E-UTRA/FDD (703.0 - 746.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1820.0 - 2010.0 MHz) Band 65, E-UTRA/FDD (1710.0 - 1780.0 MHz) Band 70, E-UTRA/FDD (1695.0 - 1710.0 MHz) Band 71, E-UTRA/FDD (963.0 - 698.0 MHz) Validation band (0.0 - 6000.0 MHz)

Detailed Specification: Modulation Scheme: SC-FDMA

Number of PUSCHs: 1 Settings for Subframe #0 to #9: Modulation Scheme: 16QAM Data Type: UL-SCH Number RB: 1 Transport Block Size: 256 TBS Index: 14 MCS Index: 15

Bandwidth: Integration Time: 10.0 ma

**UID Specification Sheet** 

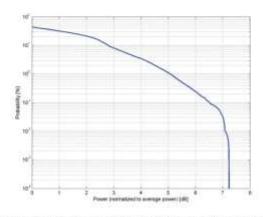
UID 10170-CAD page 1/2

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

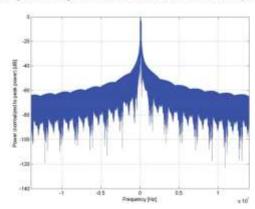
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



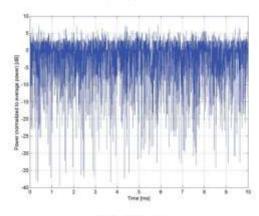
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10170-CAD page 2/2





Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Name: IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)

Group: WLAN UID: 10061-CAB

PAR; 1 3.60 dB MIF: 2 -2.02 dB

Standard Reference: IEEE 802.11b-1999, Part 11, FCC SAR meas for 802 11 a b g

v01r02 (248227 D01)

Category: Random amplitude modulation

Modulation: DQPSK

Frequency Band: WLAN 2.4GHz (2412.0-2484.0 MHz, 20230)

Detailed Specification: Data Rate: 11 Mbps

Spreading, Coding: CCK

PPDU format: Long Preamble & Heading

PSDU Length: 1024 PSDU Data: PN9 20.0 MHz

Bandwidth: 20.0 MH Integration Time: 1.5 ms

**UID Specification Sheet** 

UID 10061-CAB page 1/2

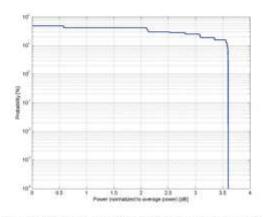
26.11.2014

PAR (0.1%) in accordance with FCC KDB 971168, Section 6.0 "Measurement of the Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)"

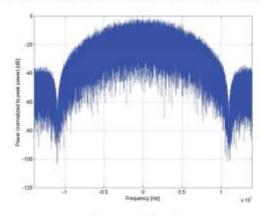
Modulation Interference Factor (MIF) value valid only in conjunction with advanced probe response linearization calibration for the same communication system (same UID and version).



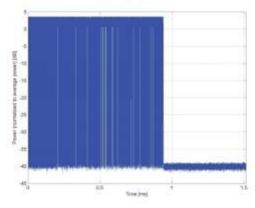
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF)



Frequency Domain



Time Domain

**UID Specification Sheet** 

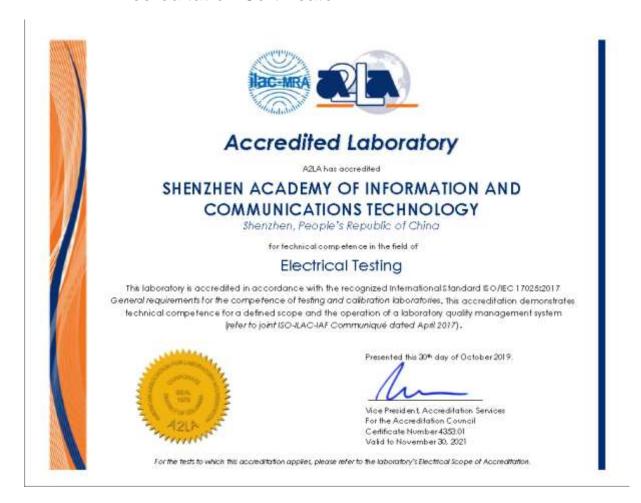
UID 10061-CAB page 2/2

26.11.2014





## **ANNEX F: Accreditation Certificate**



\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*