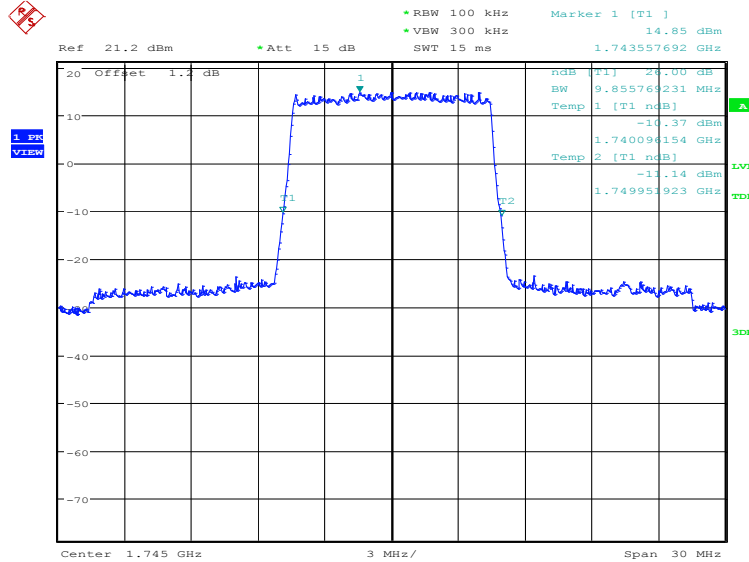


LTE band 66, 10MHz (-26dBc)

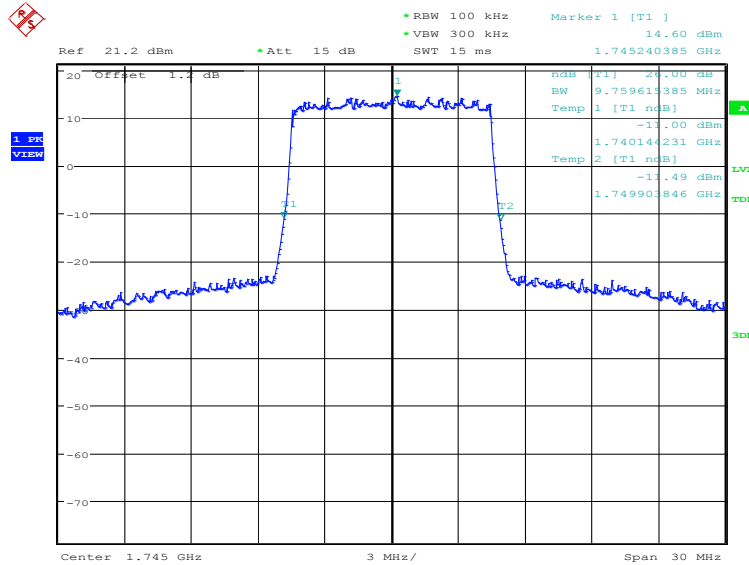
Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc) (kHz)	
	1745.0	QPSK
9855.77		9759.62

LTE band 66, 10MHz Bandwidth, QPSK (-26dBc BW)



Date: 2.APR.2020 19:26:05

LTE band 66, 10MHz Bandwidth, 16QAM (-26dBc BW)

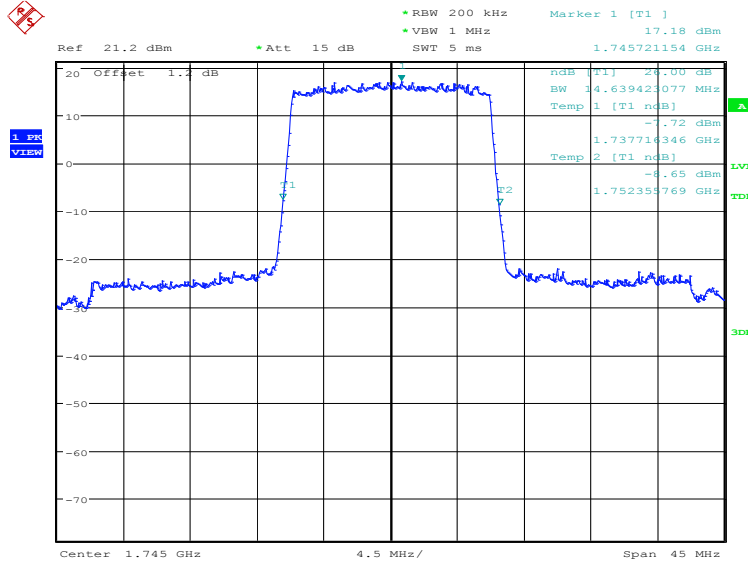


Date: 2.APR.2020 19:27:29

LTE band 66, 15MHz (-26dBc)

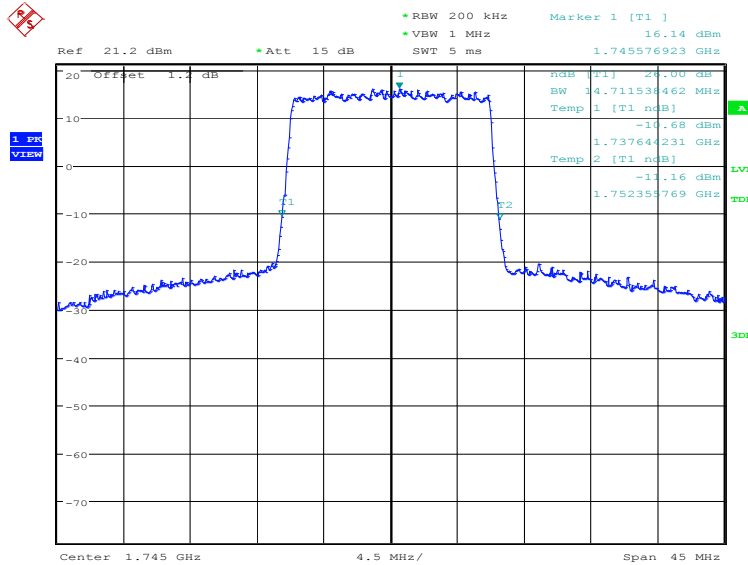
Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc) (kHz)	
	1745.0	QPSK
14639.42		14711.54

LTE band 66, 15MHz Bandwidth, QPSK (-26dBc BW)



Date: 2.APR.2020 19:28:56

LTE band 66, 15MHz Bandwidth, 16QAM (-26dBc BW)

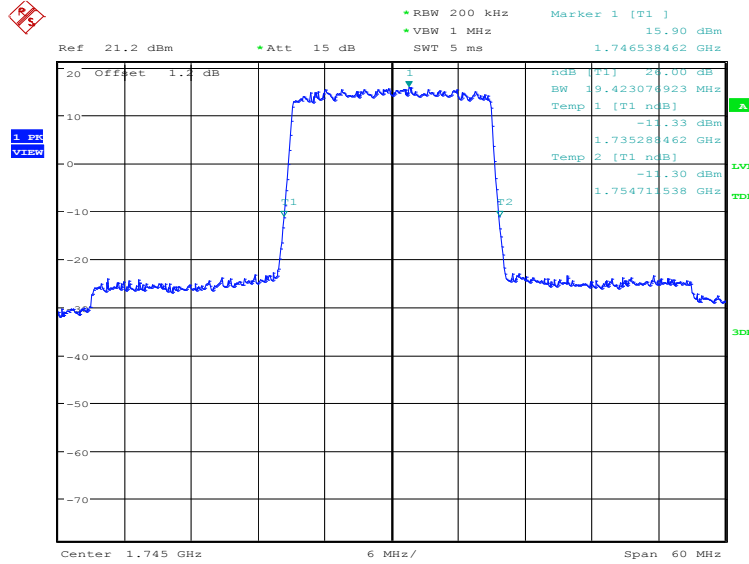


Date: 2.APR.2020 19:30:20

LTE band 66, 20MHz (-26dBc)

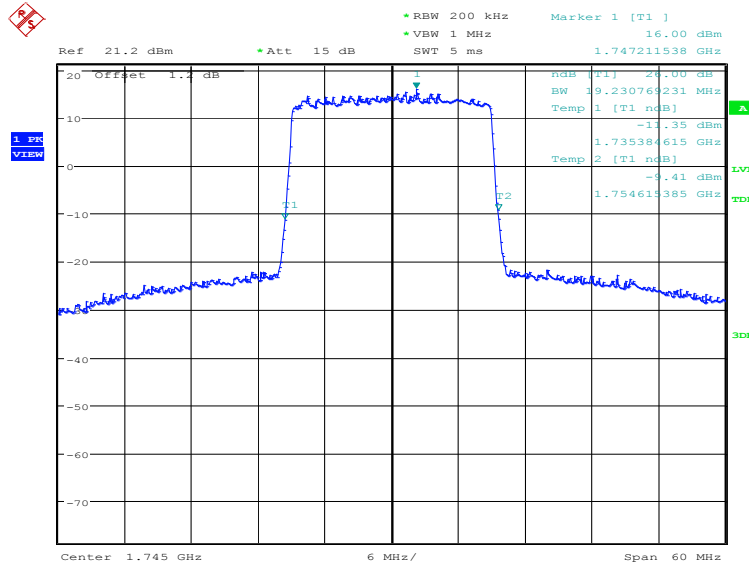
Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (-26dBc) (kHz)	
	1745.0	QPSK
19423.08		19230.77

LTE band 66, 20MHz Bandwidth, QPSK (-26dBc BW)



Date: 2.APR.2020 19:31:46

LTE band 66, 20MHz Bandwidth, 16QAM (-26dBc BW)



Date: 2.APR.2020 19:33:11

A.6 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE

A.6.1 Measurement limit

Part 22.917, Part 24.238 and Part 27.53(h) specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

According to KDB 971168, a relaxation of the reference bandwidth is often provided for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band. This is often implemented by permitting the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Part 27.53(m)(4) specifies for mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

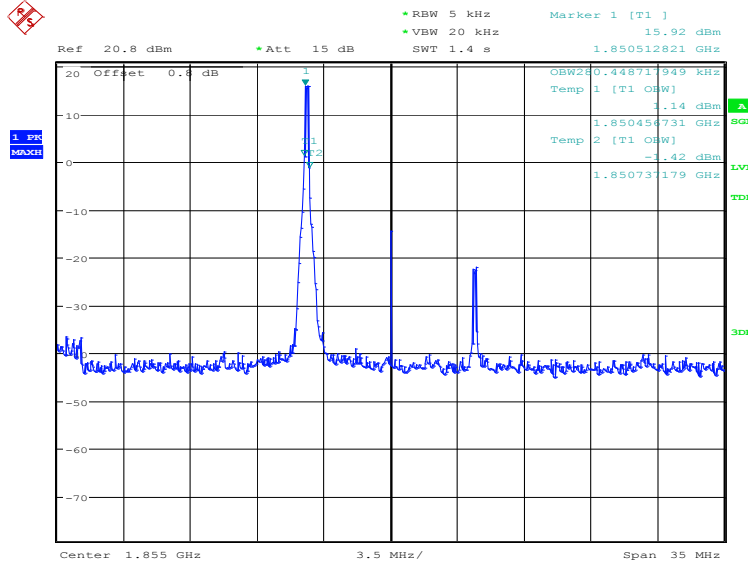
Part 27.53(c) states for operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.

Part 27.53(g) states for operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands



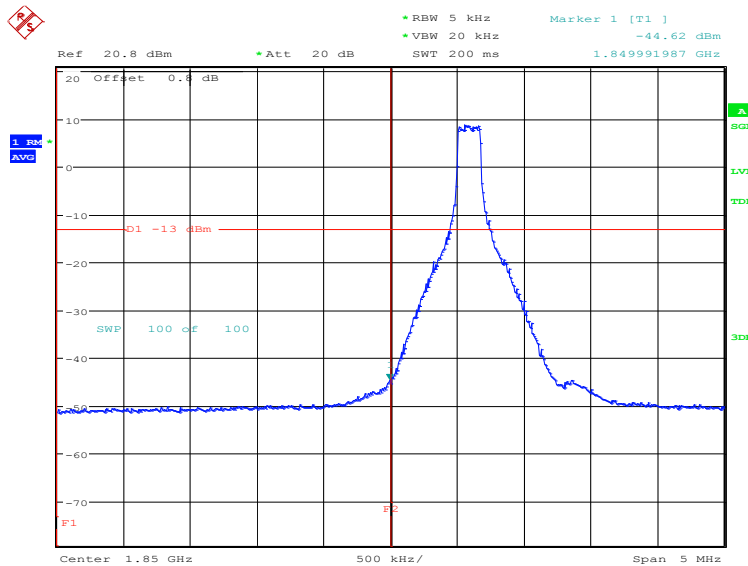
immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

A.6.2 Measurement result
Only the worst case result is given below
LTE band 2
OBW: 1RB-low_offset



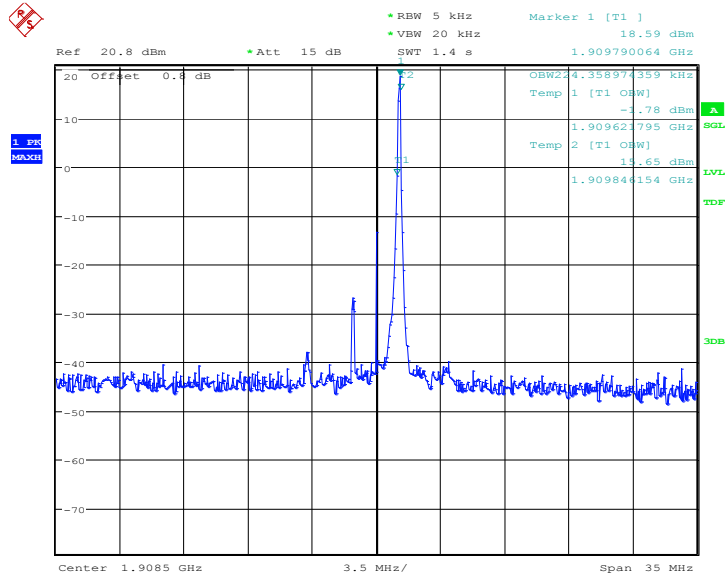
Date: 23.APR.2020 05:50:20

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset



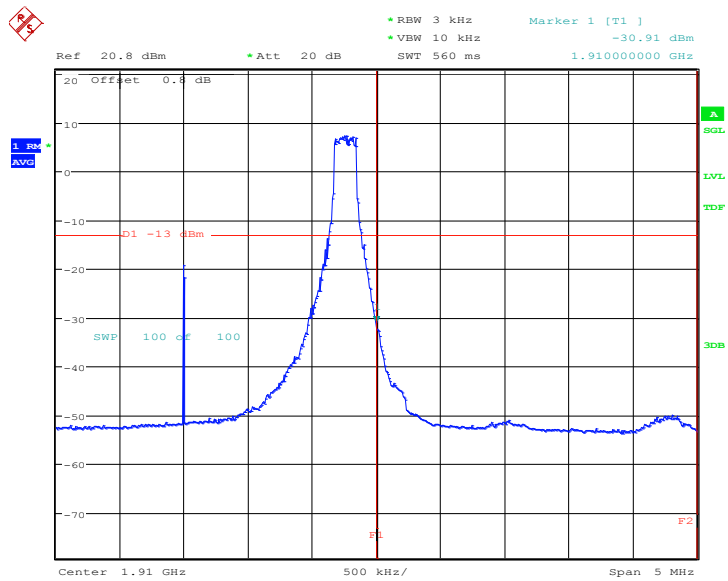
Date: 23.APR.2020 05:51:58

OBW: 1RB-high_offset



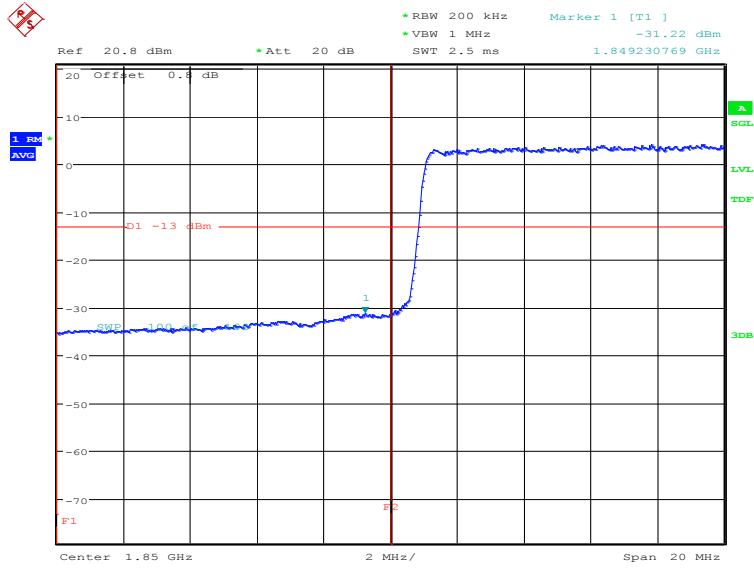
Date: 26.APR.2020 16:21:07

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset



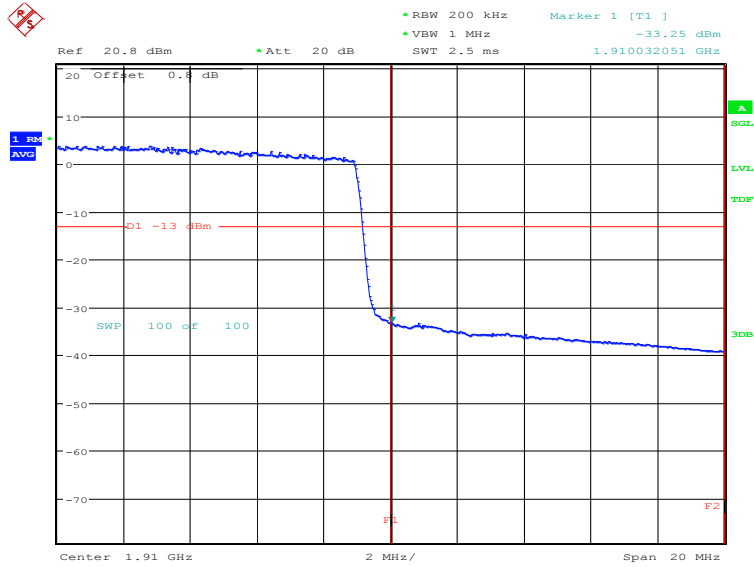
Date: 26.APR.2020 16:22:45

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB



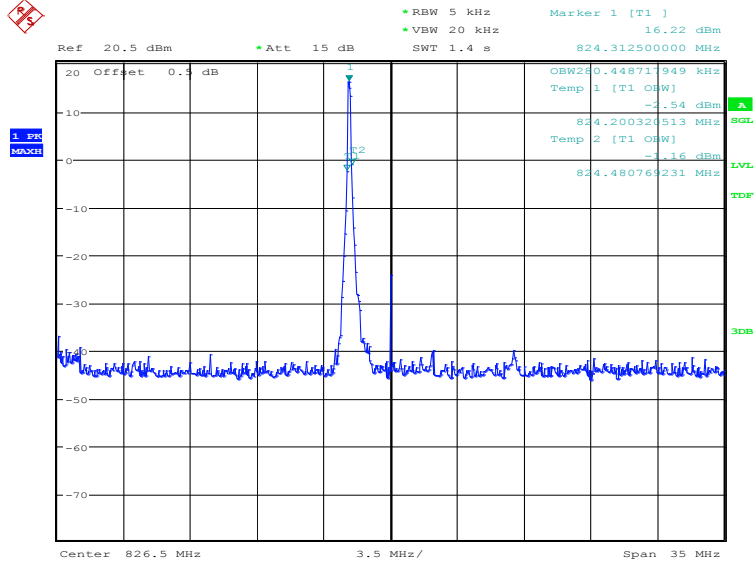
Date: 23.APR.2020 05:53:51

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB



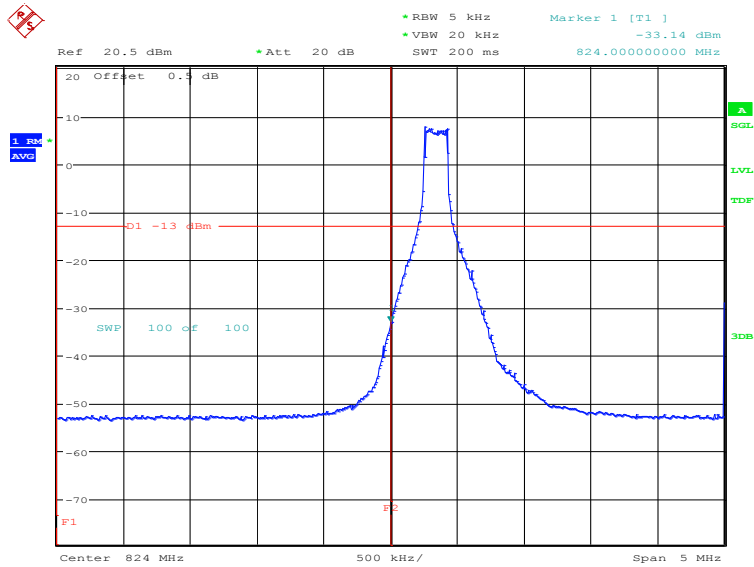
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:00:24

LTE band 5
OBW: 1RB-low_offset



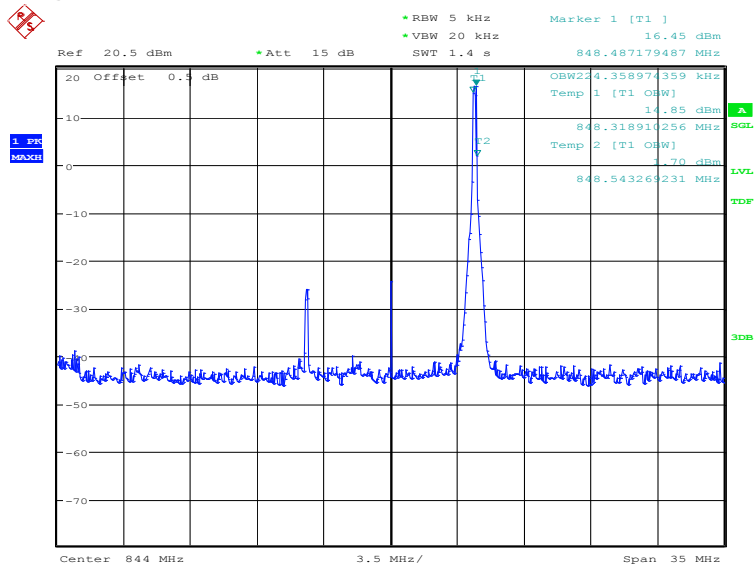
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:01:50

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset



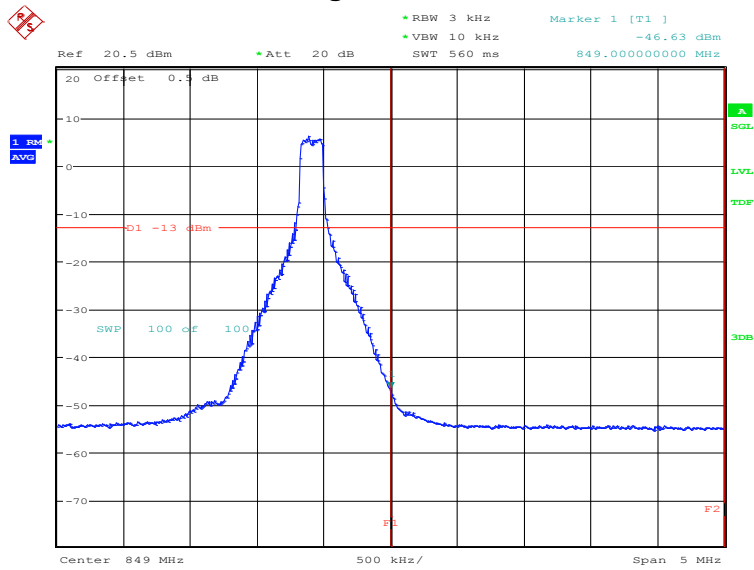
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:03:28

OBW: 1RB-high_offset



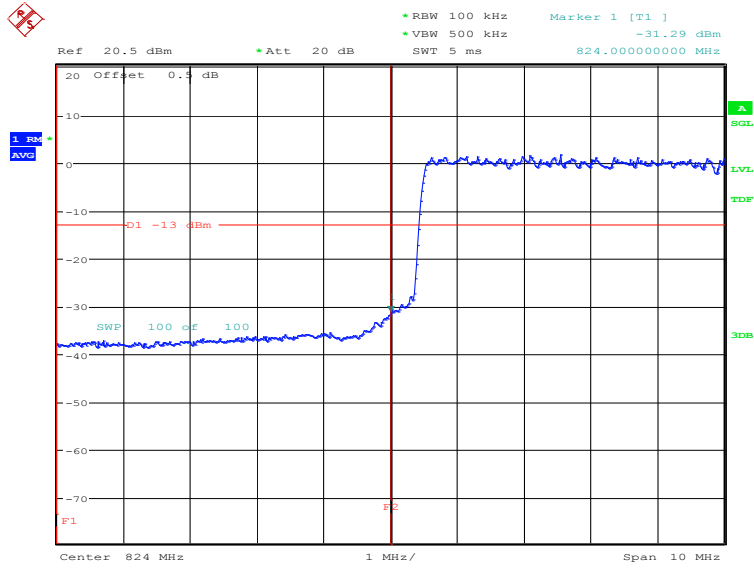
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:05:55

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset



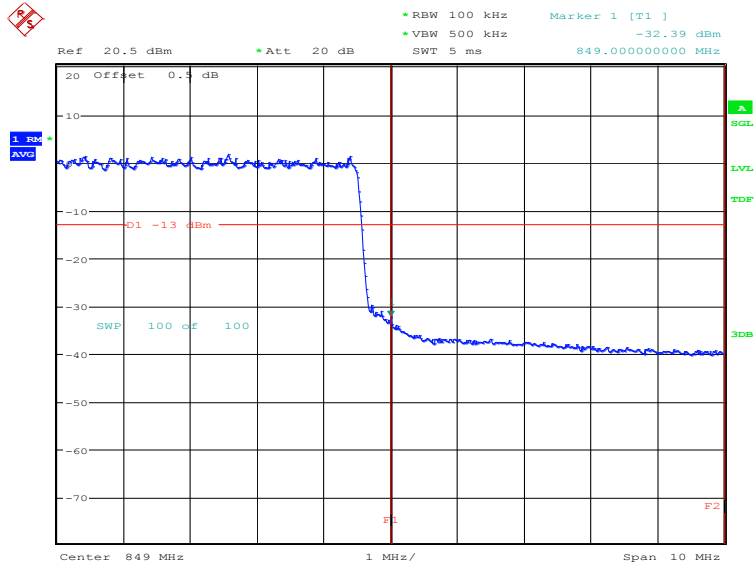
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:07:33

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB



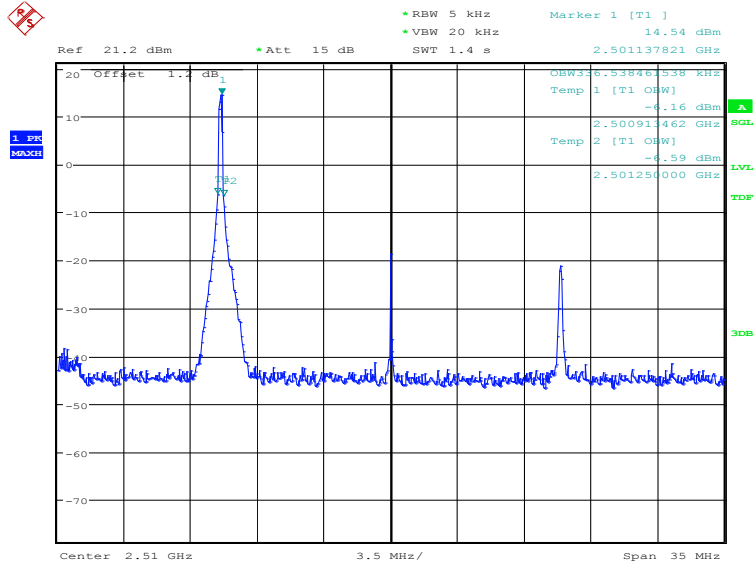
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:05:22

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB



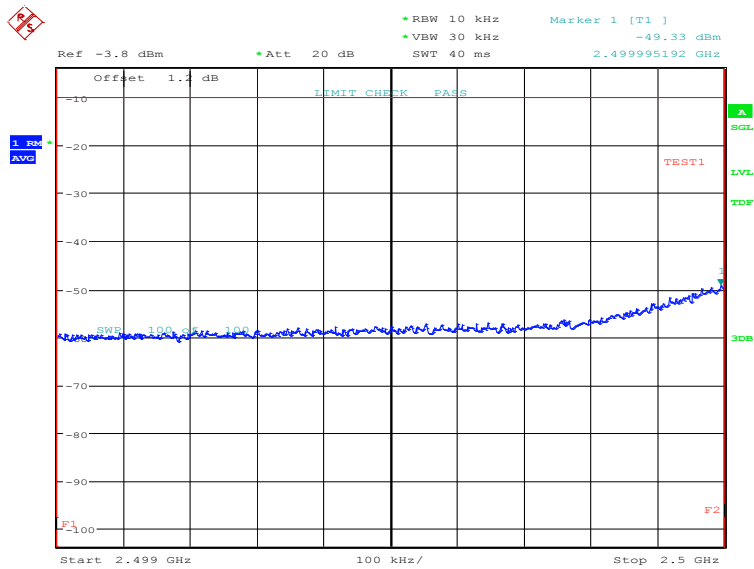
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:09:25

LTE band 7
OBW: 1RB-low_offset

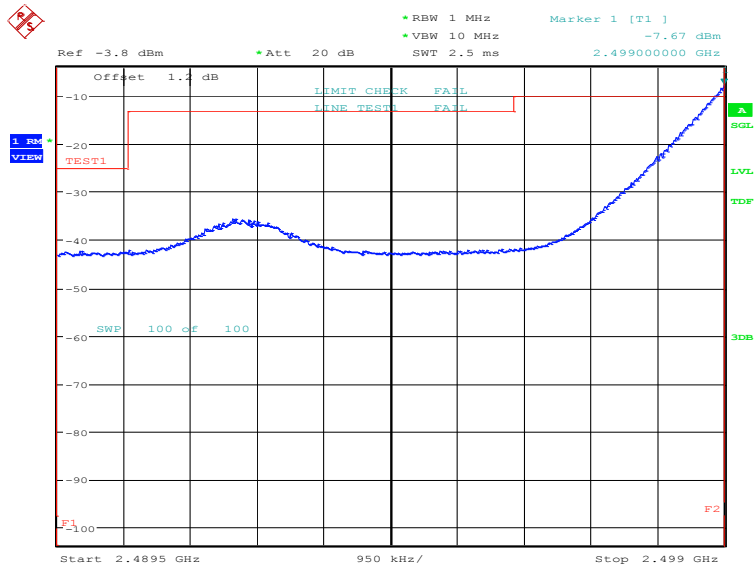


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:10:02

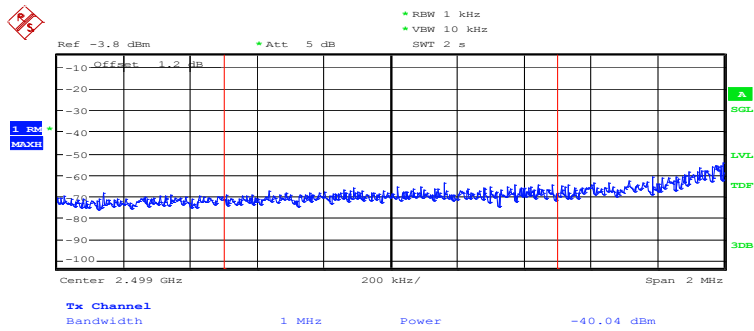
LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset



Date: 23.APR.2020 06:11:47

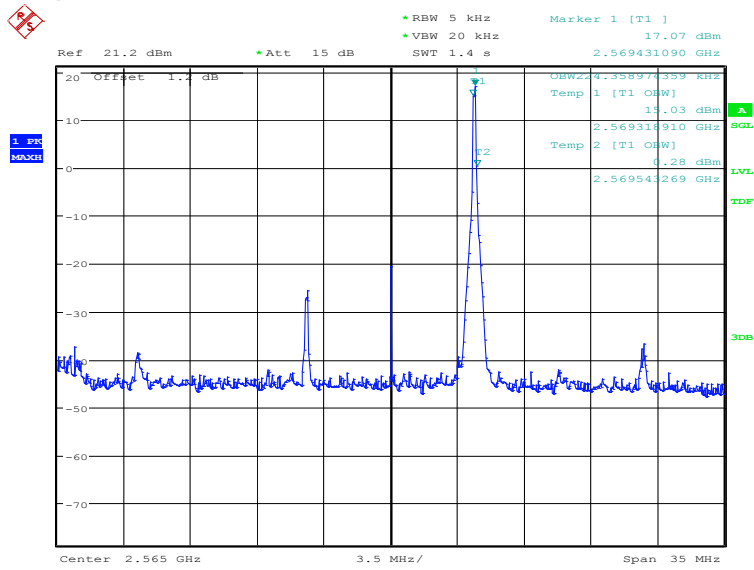


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:13:28



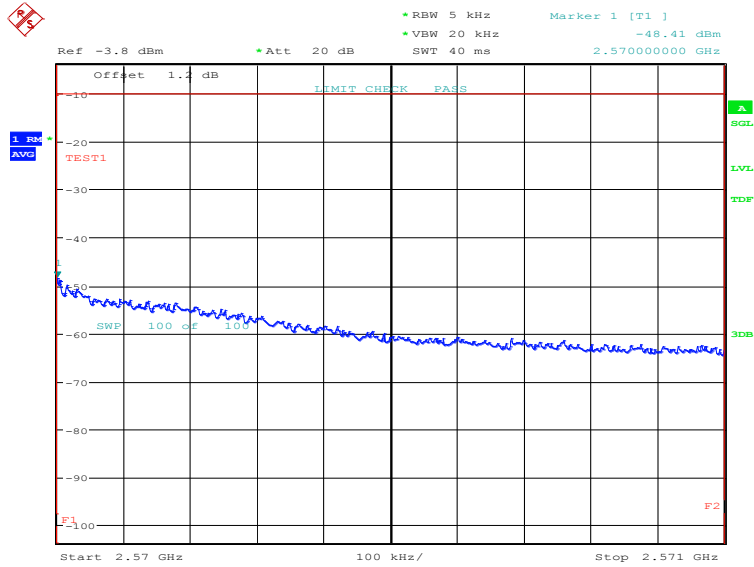
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:13:39

OBW: 1RB-high_offset

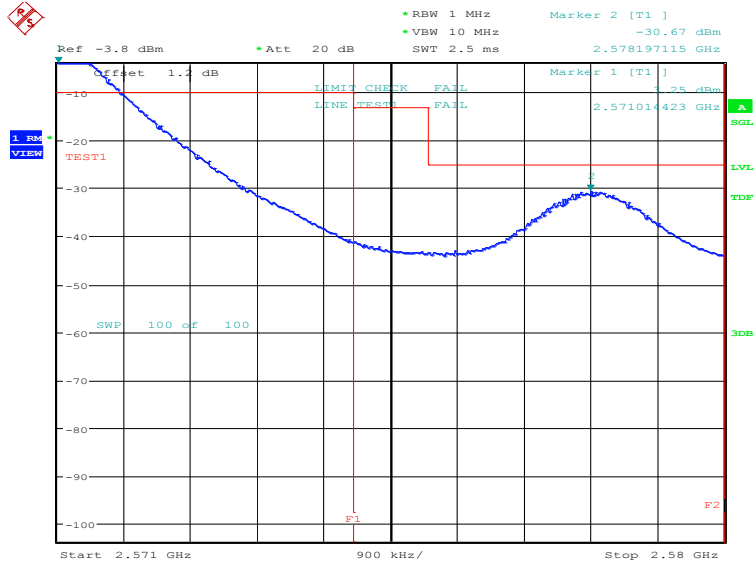


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:21:44

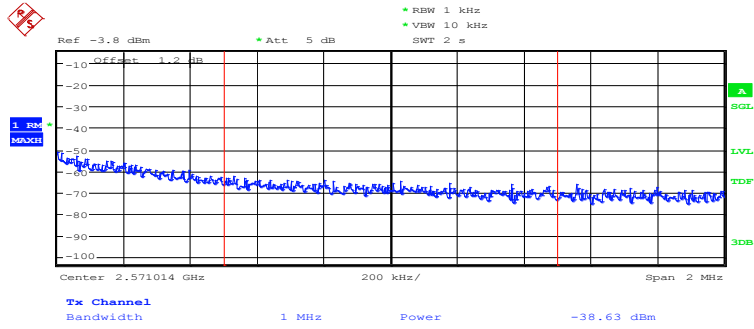
HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset



Date: 23.APR.2020 06:23:29

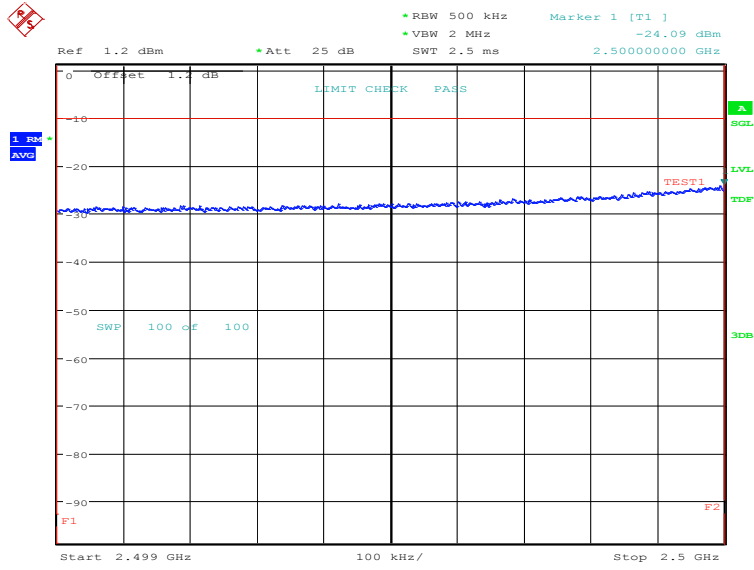


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:25:13

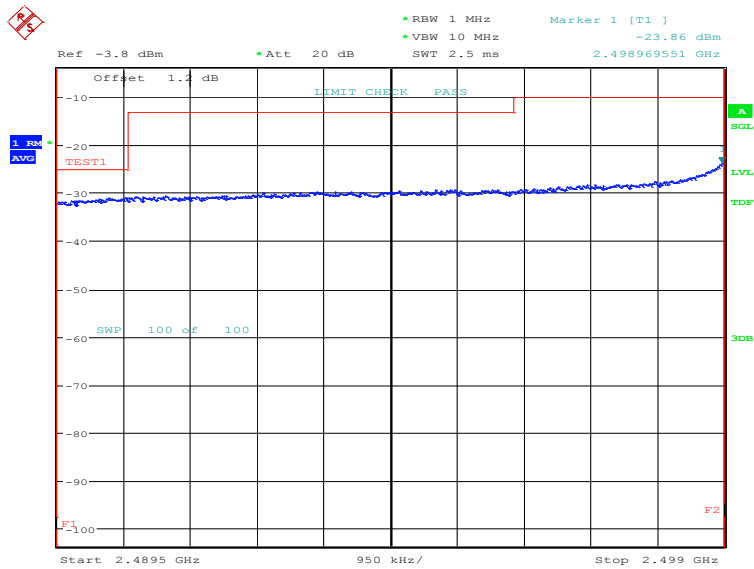


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:25:24

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB

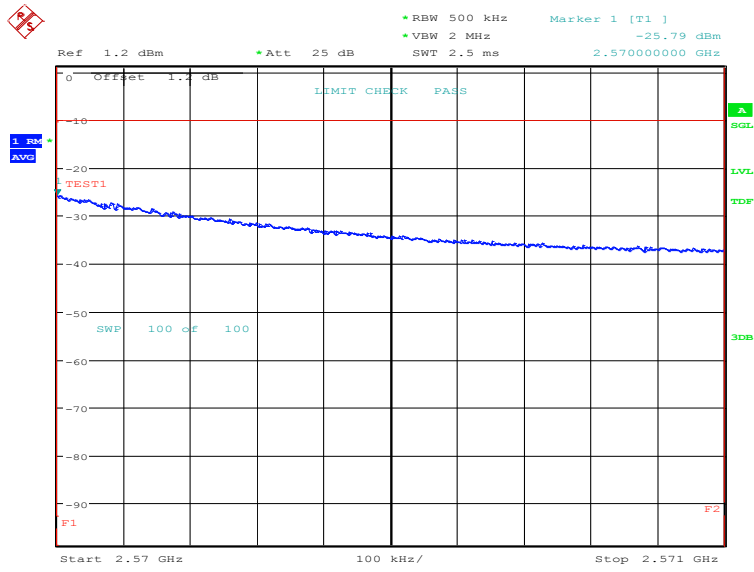


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:17:11

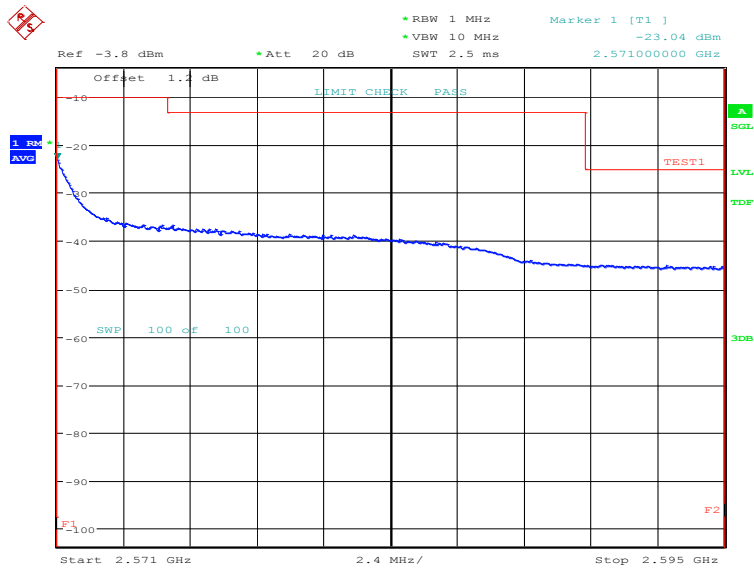


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:18:50

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB

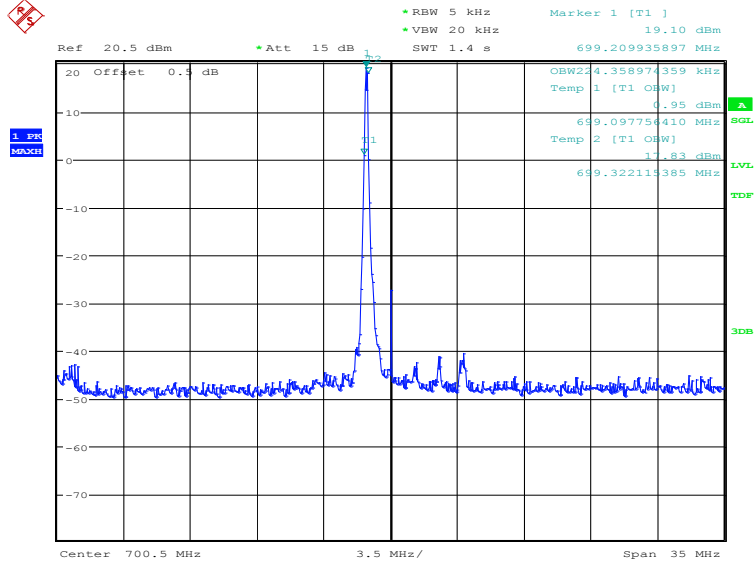


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:32:03



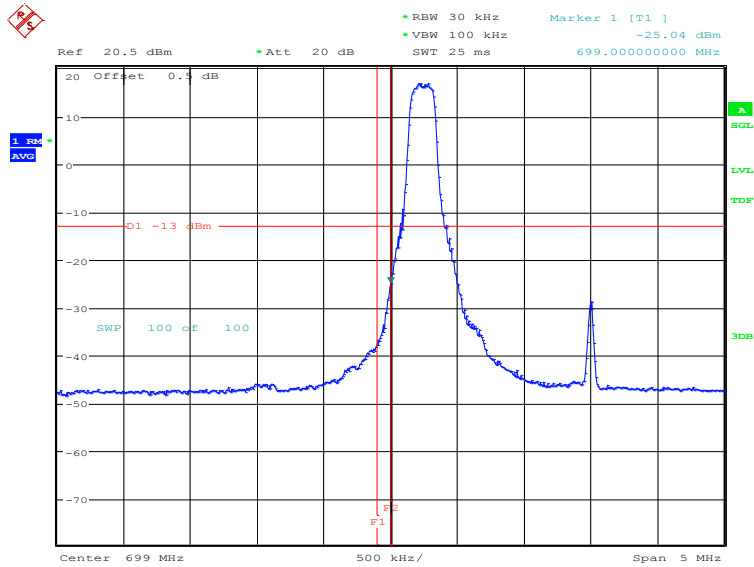
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:33:41

LTE band 12
OBW: 1RB-low_offset



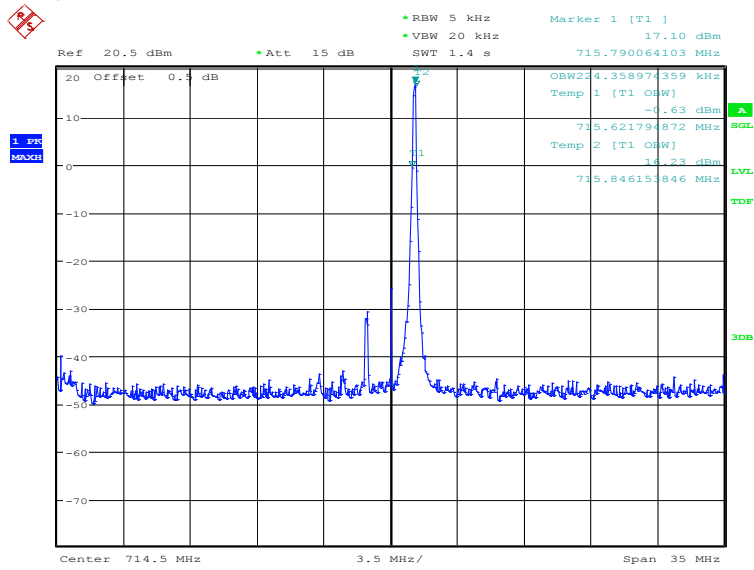
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:36:50

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset



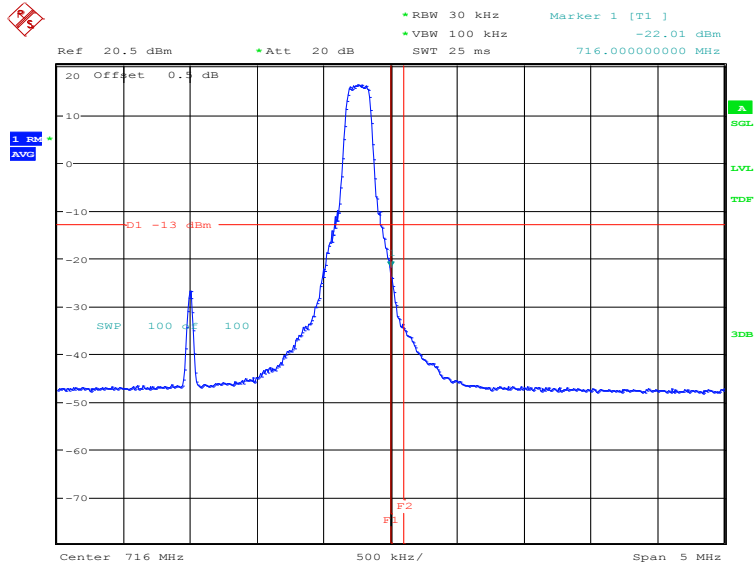
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:38:28

OBW: 1RB-high_offset



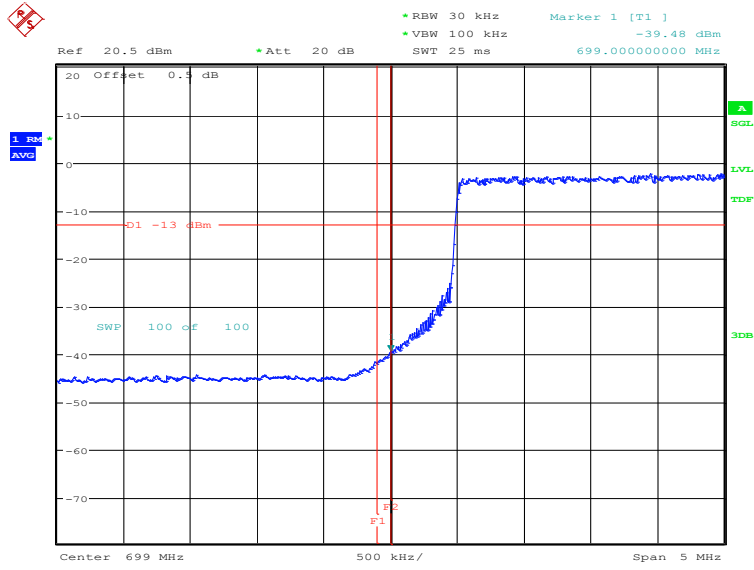
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:41:42

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset



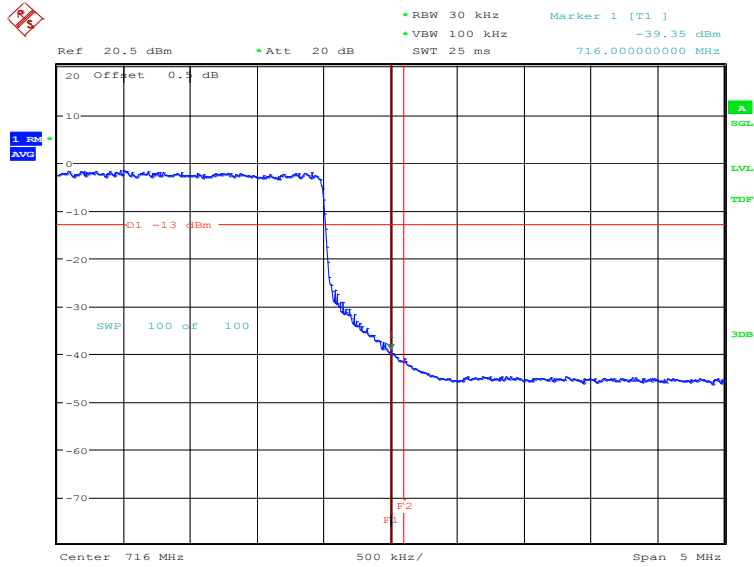
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:43:20

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB



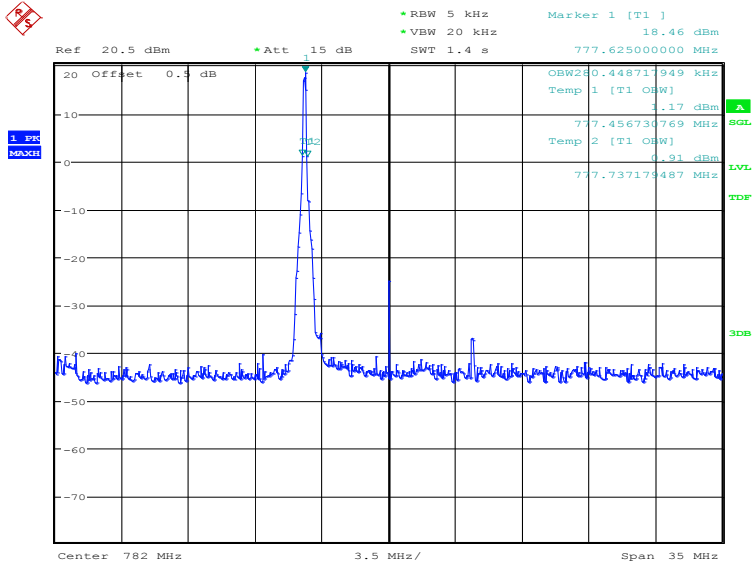
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:40:22

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB



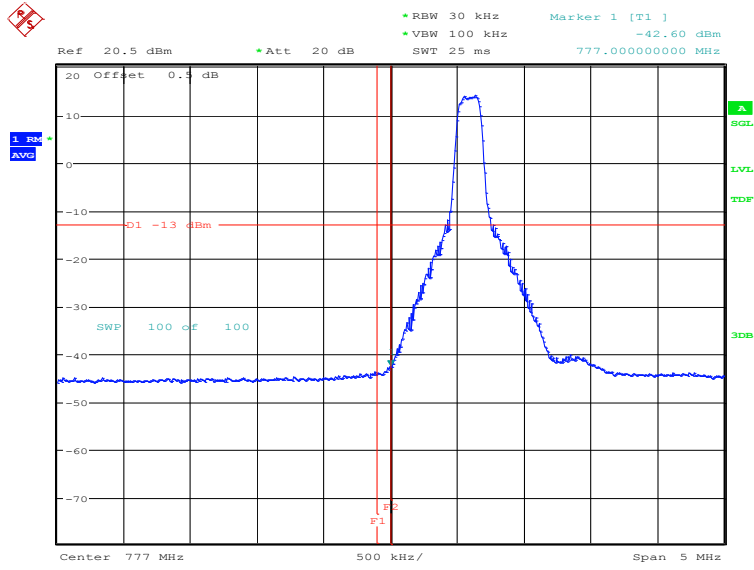
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:45:14

LTE band 13
OBW: 1RB-low_offset

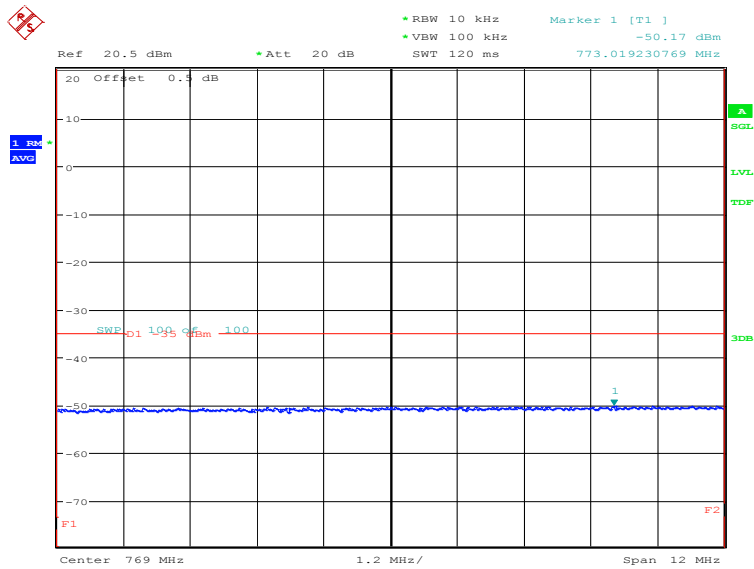


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:45:48

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset

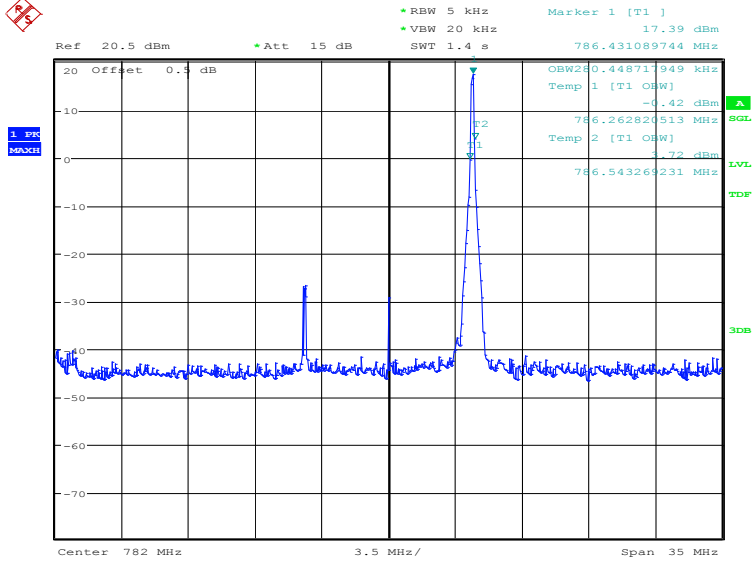


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:47:26



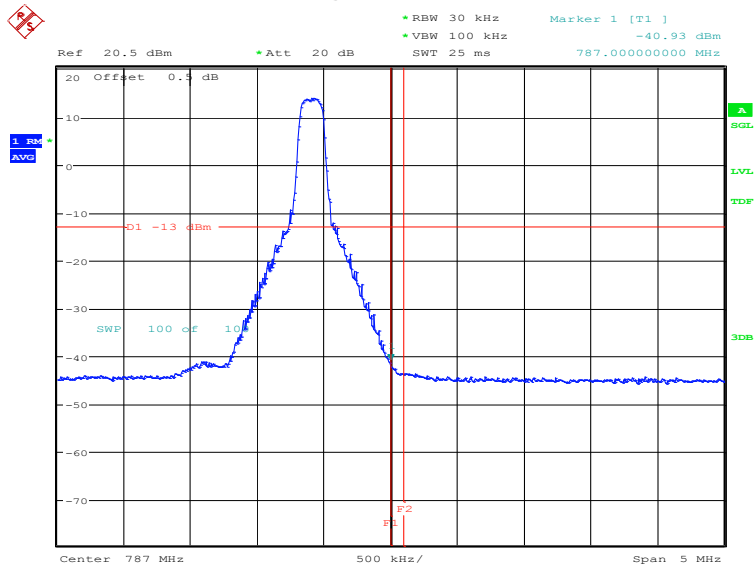
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:49:04

OBW: 1RB-high_offset

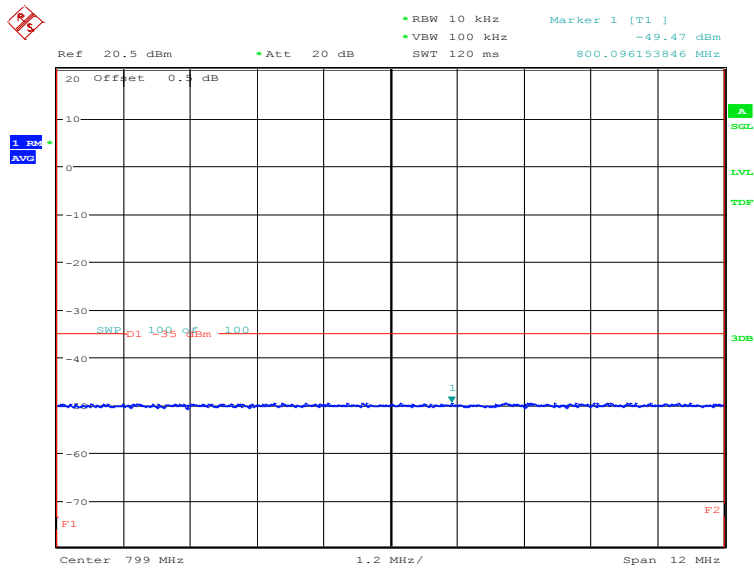


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:53:06

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset

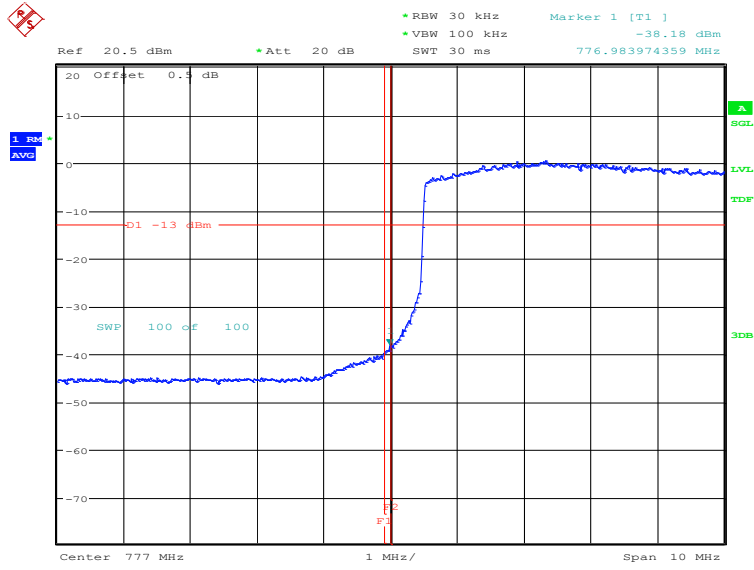


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:54:44

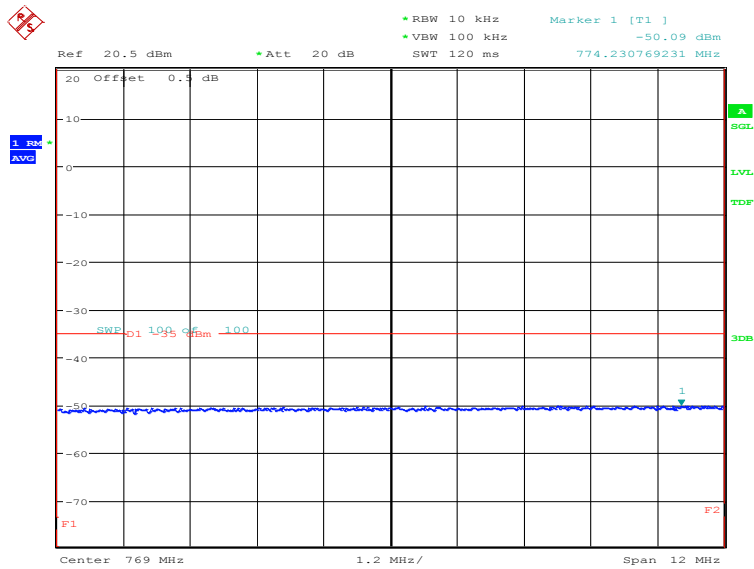


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:56:22

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB

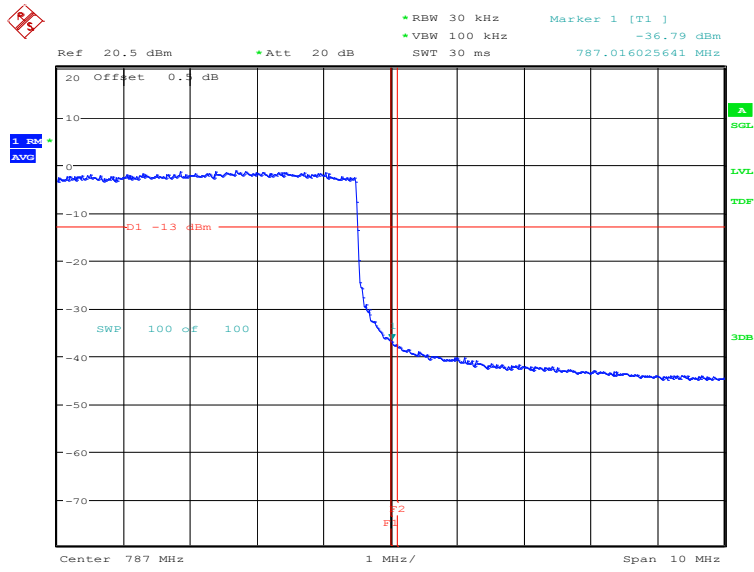


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:50:55

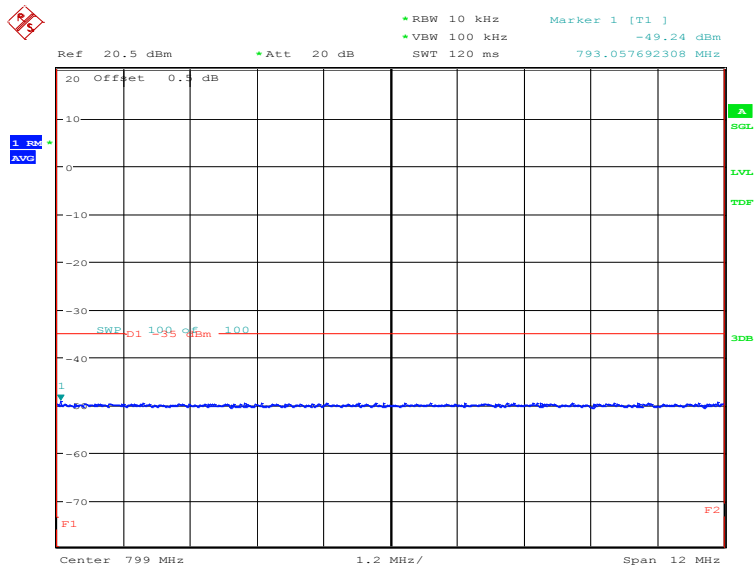


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:52:33

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-10MHz-100%RB

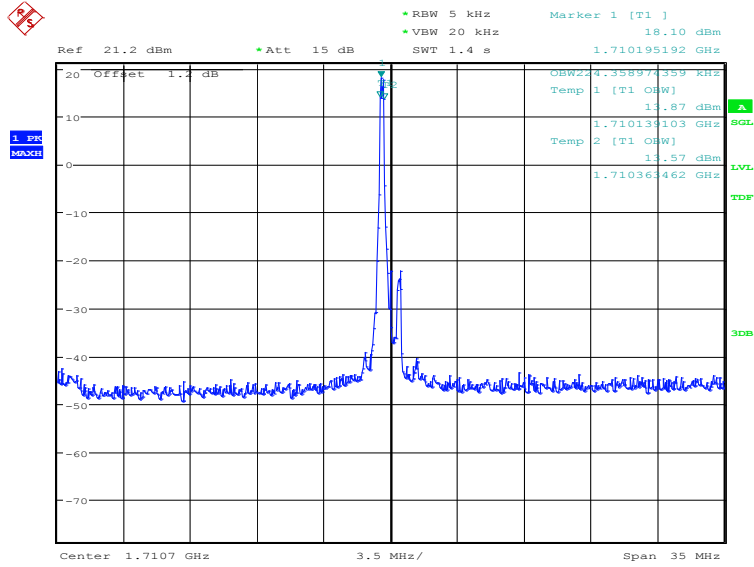


Date: 23.APR.2020 06:58:13



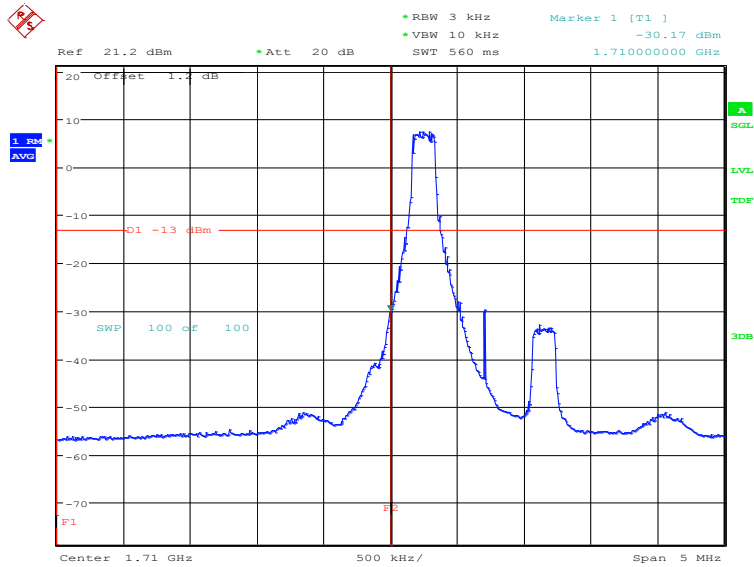
Date: 23.APR.2020 06:59:51

LTE band 66
OBW: 1RB-low_offset



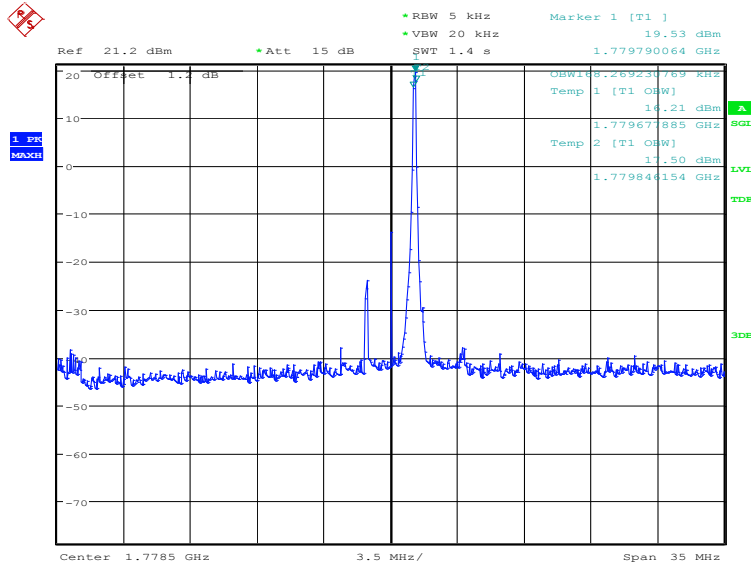
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:01:05

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-low_offset



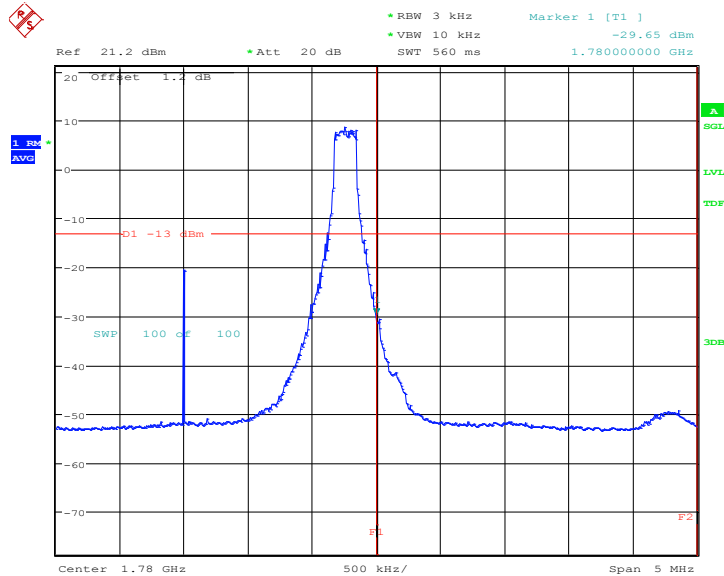
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:02:43

OBW: 1RB-high_offset



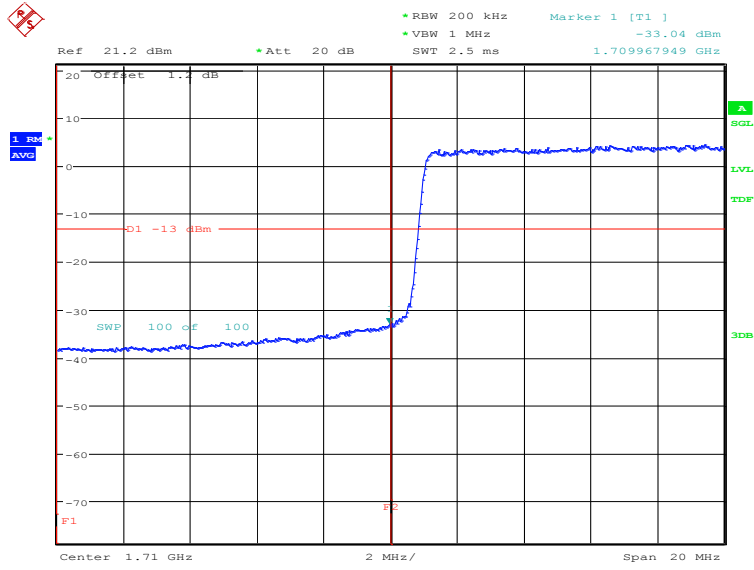
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:06:02

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-1RB-high_offset



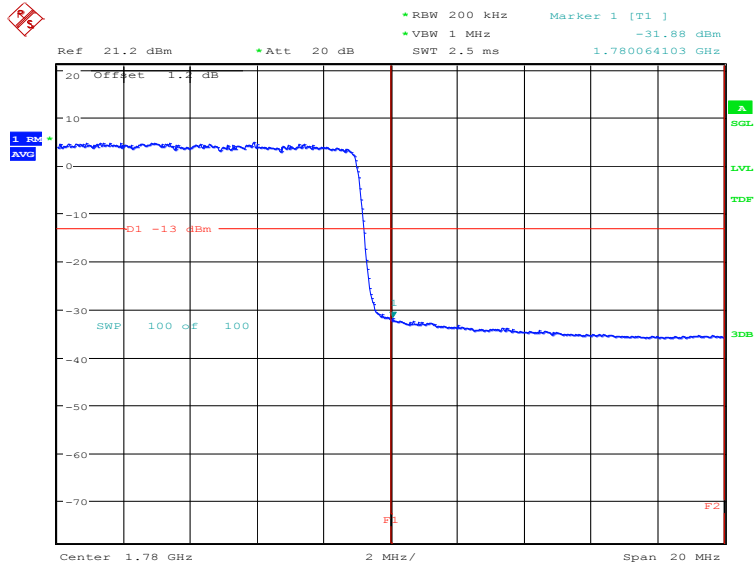
Date: 26.APR.2020 16:25:07

LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB



Date: 23.APR.2020 07:05:25

HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK-20MHz-100%RB



Date: 23.APR.2020 07:09:34

A.7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

A.7.1 Measurement Method

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

1. In measuring unwanted emissions, the spectrum shall be investigated from 30 MHz or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, whichever is lower, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency given below:
 - (a) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
 - (b) If the equipment operates at or above 10 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.
2. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.
3. The number of sweep points of spectrum analyzer is set to 30001 which is greater than span/RBW.

A. 7.2 Measurement Limit

Part 22.917, Part 24.238 and Part 27.53(h) specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

Part 27.53(m)(4) specifies for mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

Part 27.53(c) states for operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 +$



10 log (P) dB;(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.

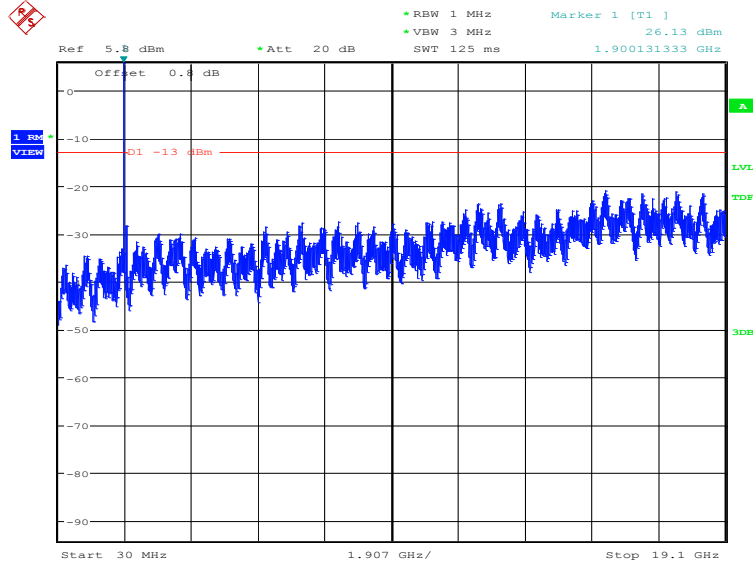
Part 27.53(f) states for operations in the 746–758 MHz, 775–788 MHz, and 805–806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559–1610 MHz shall be limited to -70dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals.

Part 27.53(g) states for operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698–746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

A. 7.2 Measurement result

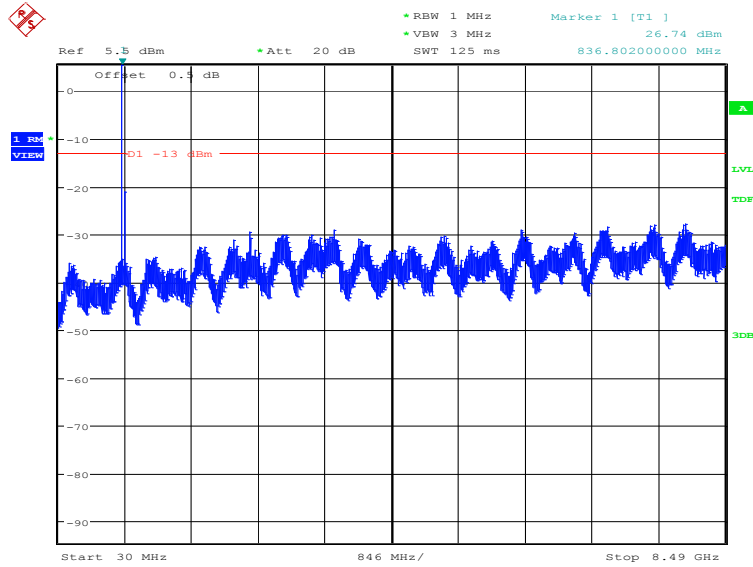
Only the worst case result is given below

LTE band 2: 30MHz – 19.1GHz



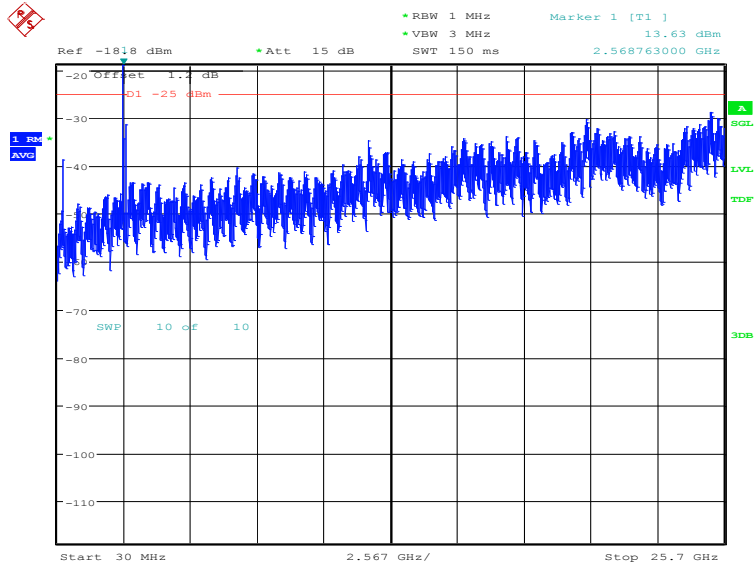
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:10:47

LTE band 5: 30MHz – 8.49GHz



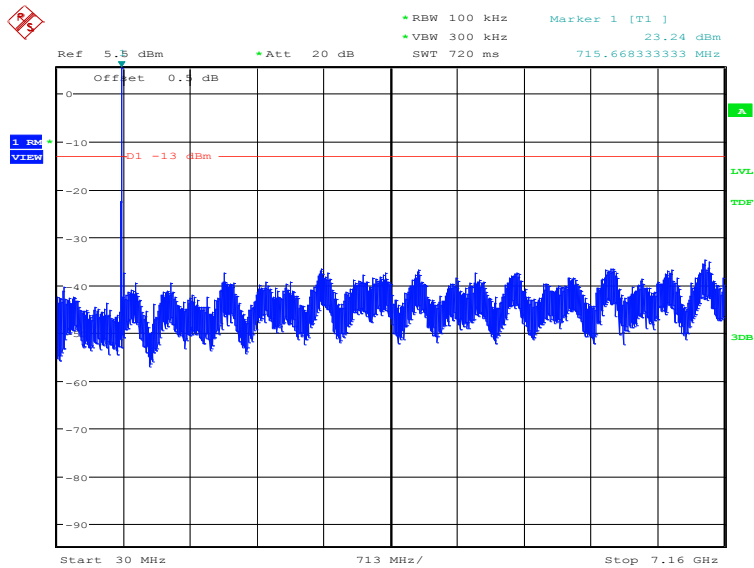
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:11:29

LTE band 7: 30MHz – 25.7GHz



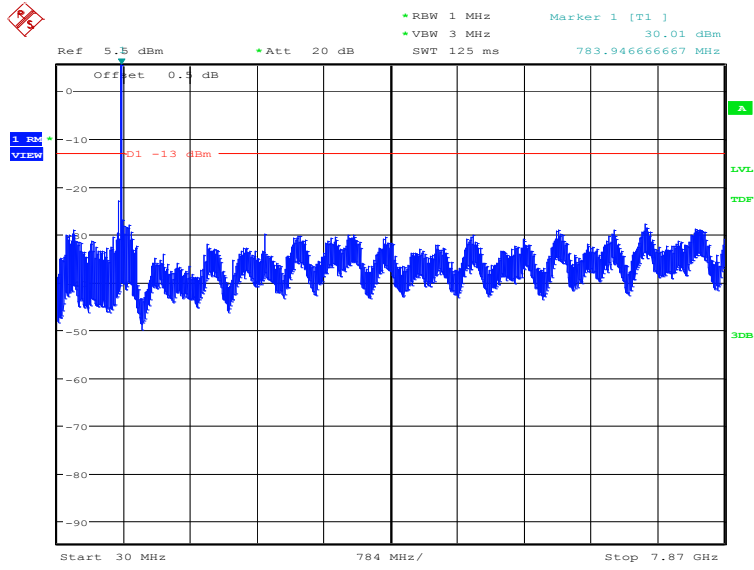
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:12:46

LTE band 12: 30MHz – 7.16GHz



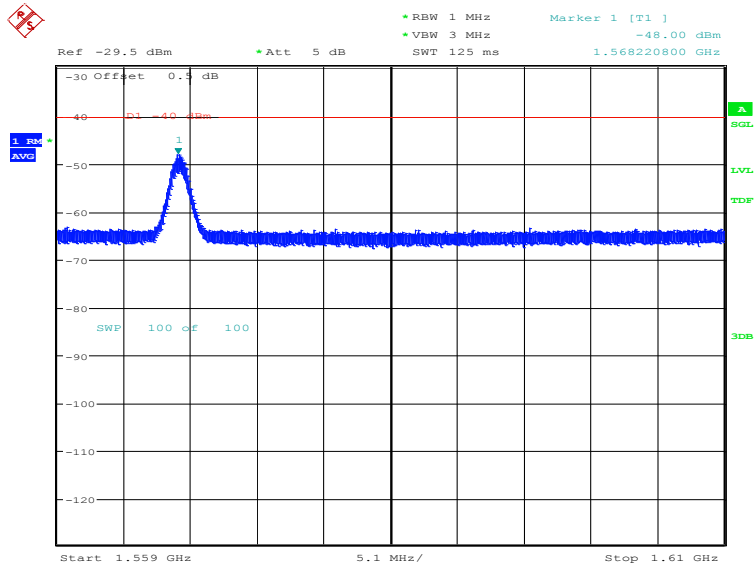
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:14:15

LTE band 13: 30MHz – 7.87GHz



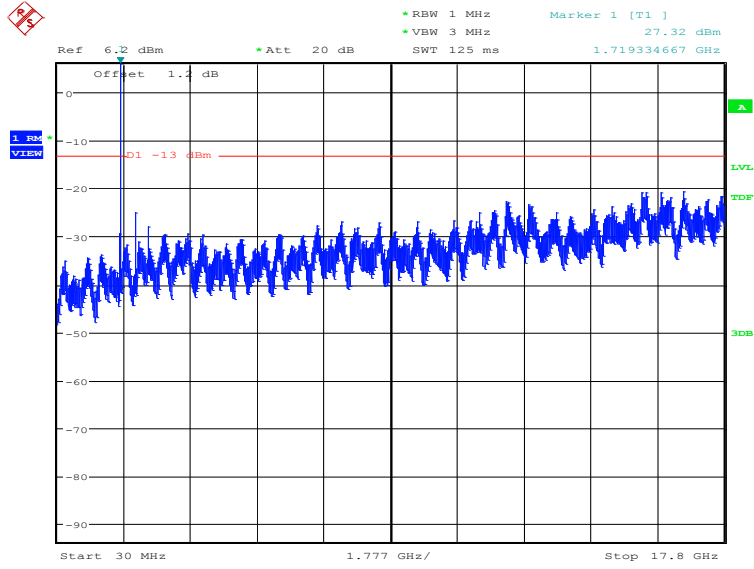
Date: 23.APR.2020 07:15:50

LTE band 13: 1559MHz – 1610MHz



Date: 23.APR.2020 07:16:18

LTE band 66: 30MHz – 17.8GHz



Date: 23.APR.2020 07:17:00

A.8 PEAK-TO-AVERAGE POWER RATIO

The peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter output power must not exceed 13 dB. The PAPR measurements should be made using either an instrument with complementary cumulative distribution function (CCDF) capabilities to determine that PAPR will not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1 percent of the time or other Commission approved procedure. The measurement must be performed using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR expected during periods of continuous transmission.

- a) Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
- b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth \geq signal's occupied bandwidth;
- c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
- d) Set the measurement interval to 1 ms
- e) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%

A.8.1 Measurement limit

not exceed 13 dB

A.8.2 Measurement results

LTE band 2, 20MHz

Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)	
1880.0	QPSK	16QAM
	6.73	7.44

LTE band 7, 20MHz

Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)	
2535.0	QPSK	16QAM
	6.92	7.56

LTE band 12, 10MHz

Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)	
707.5	QPSK	16QAM
	5.35	6.22



LTE band 13, 10MHz

Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)	
782.0	QPSK	16QAM
	5.61	6.57

LTE band 66, 20MHz

Frequency(MHz)	PAPR(dB)	
1745.0	QPSK	16QAM
	6.60	7.24

ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate

<p>United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology</p> 	
<hr/> <p>Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005</p> <hr/>	
<p>NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0</p>	
<p>Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT Beijing China</p>	
<p><i>is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:</i></p>	
<p>Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications</p>	
<p><i>This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).</i></p>	
<hr/> <p>2019-09-26 through 2020-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p>	 <hr/> <p><i>[Signature]</i> For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</p>

END OF REPORT