



1900 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL-BJ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d101_Jul17**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN:5d101**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 26, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-May-17 (No. EX3-7349_May17)	May-18
DAE4	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by: **Name: Johannes Kurikka, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: [Signature]**

Approved by: **Name: Katja Pokovic, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: [Signature]**

Issued: July 26, 2017

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	40.7 \pm 6 %	1.39 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.93 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	54.1 \pm 6 %	1.50 mho/m \pm 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 W/kg \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω + 5.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω + 6.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.203 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 28, 2008

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.07.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d101

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

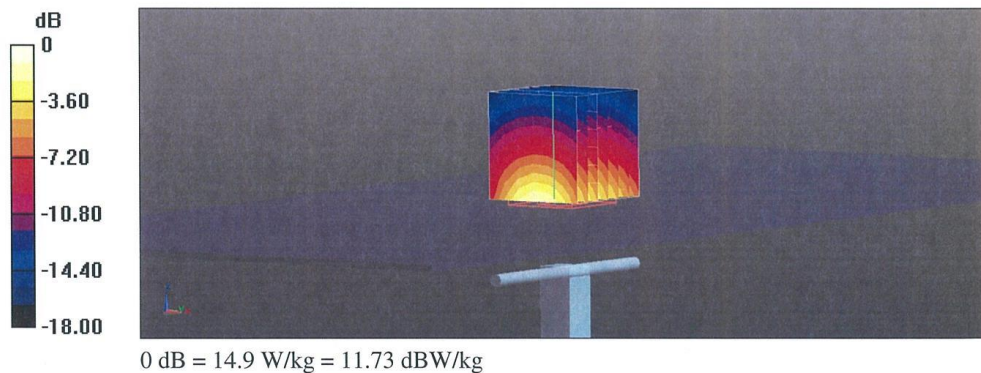
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

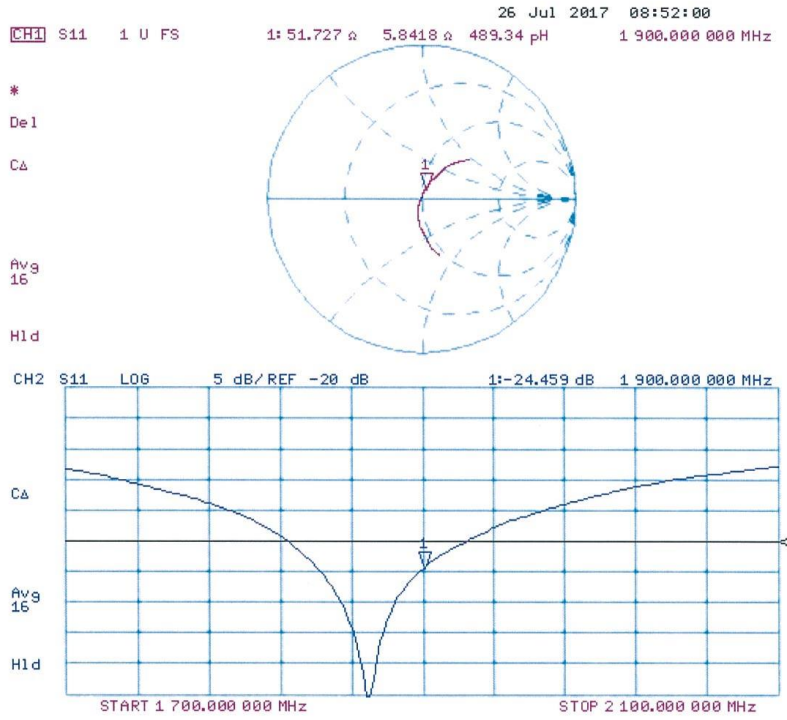
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.07.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d101

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

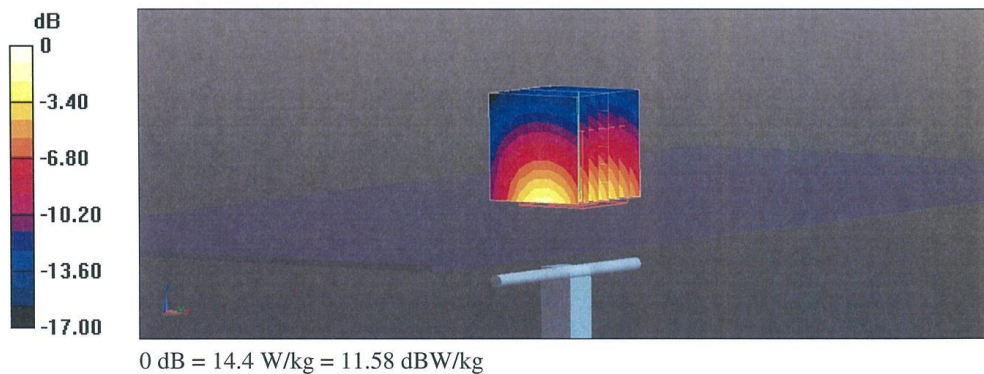
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

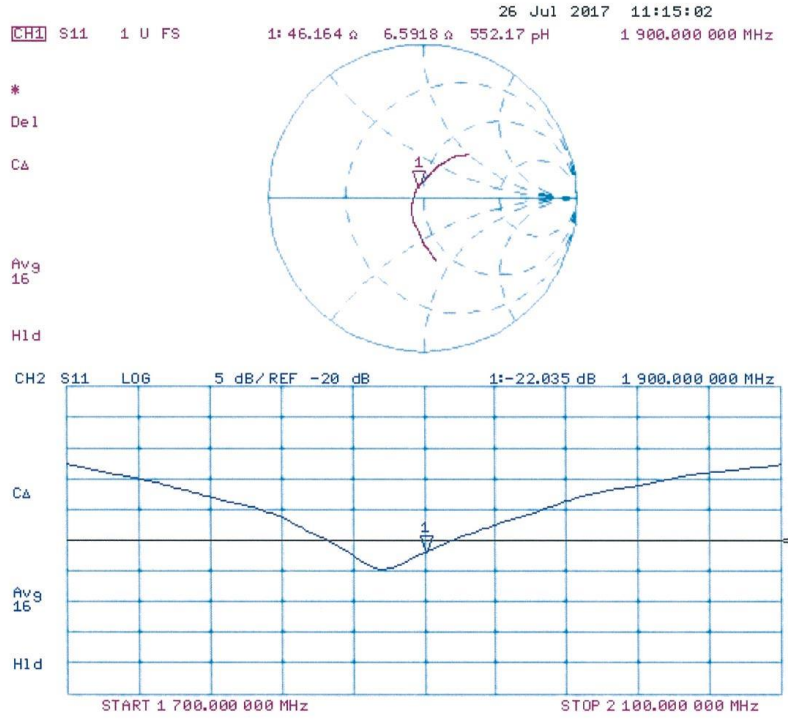
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





ANNEX I DAE Calibration Certificate

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL-BJ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1525_Oct17**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1525**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v29
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**



Calibration date: **October 02, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No:21092)	Aug-18
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-17 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-18
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-17 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-18

Calibrated by:	Name Dominique Steffen	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	

Issued: October 2, 2017

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.912 \pm 0.02% (k=2)	405.954 \pm 0.02% (k=2)	405.400 \pm 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99166 \pm 1.50% (k=2)	4.00980 \pm 1.50% (k=2)	3.99550 \pm 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	53.5 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200030.95	-2.42	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.11	-0.05	-0.00
Channel X - Input	-20003.75	2.02	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200031.20	-2.23	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.46	-2.74	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20005.92	-0.05	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200032.03	-1.05	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.94	-2.11	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20006.15	-0.20	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.66	0.19	0.01
Channel X + Input	200.40	-0.18	-0.09
Channel X - Input	-198.67	0.81	-0.40
Channel Y + Input	2000.90	0.48	0.02
Channel Y + Input	199.98	-0.58	-0.29
Channel Y - Input	-200.18	-0.62	0.31
Channel Z + Input	2000.68	0.32	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.07	-1.45	-0.72
Channel Z - Input	-201.14	-1.52	0.76

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	18.32	16.76
	- 200	-15.73	-17.08
Channel Y	200	-20.47	-20.86
	- 200	20.66	20.31
Channel Z	200	13.43	13.46
	- 200	-15.65	-15.97

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	0.08	-3.66
Channel Y	200	7.12	-	1.80
Channel Z	200	10.44	4.52	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15817	15005
Channel Y	16329	14457
Channel Z	15576	15478

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.63	-0.54	2.27	0.51
Channel Y	-2.07	-3.42	-1.02	0.49
Channel Z	-0.89	-2.38	0.83	0.54

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

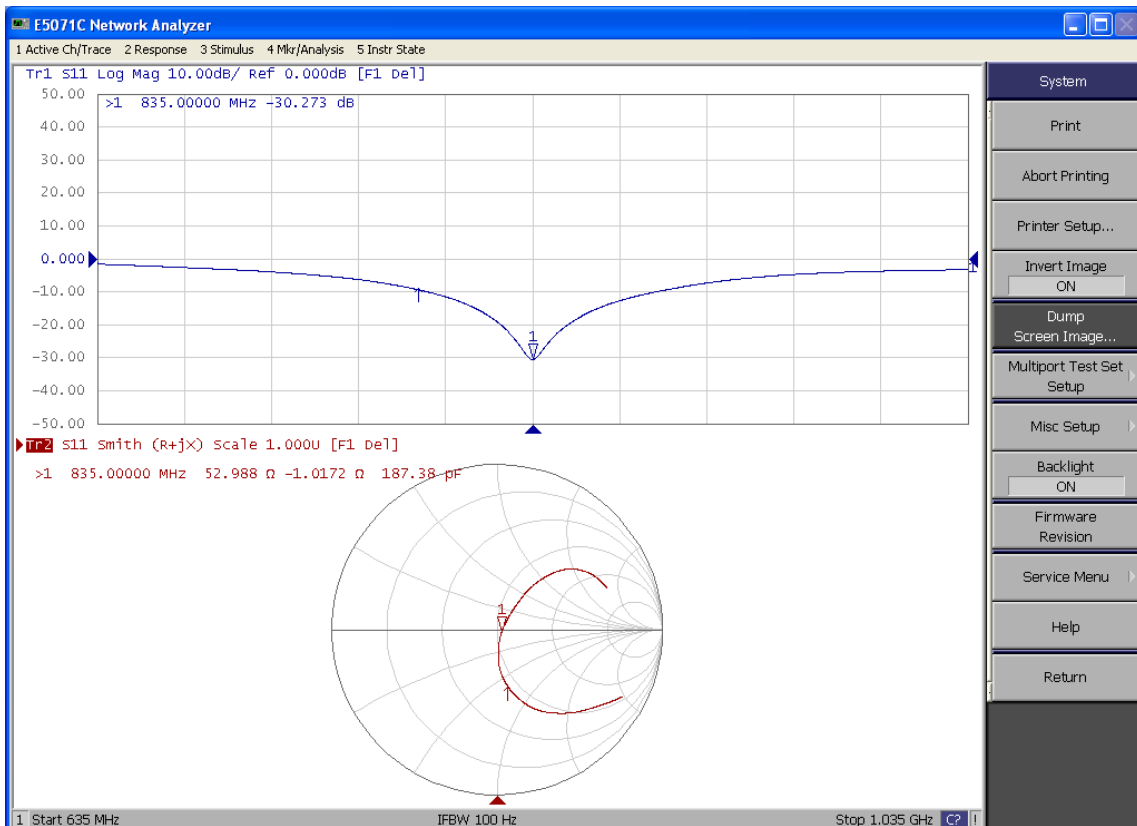
Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

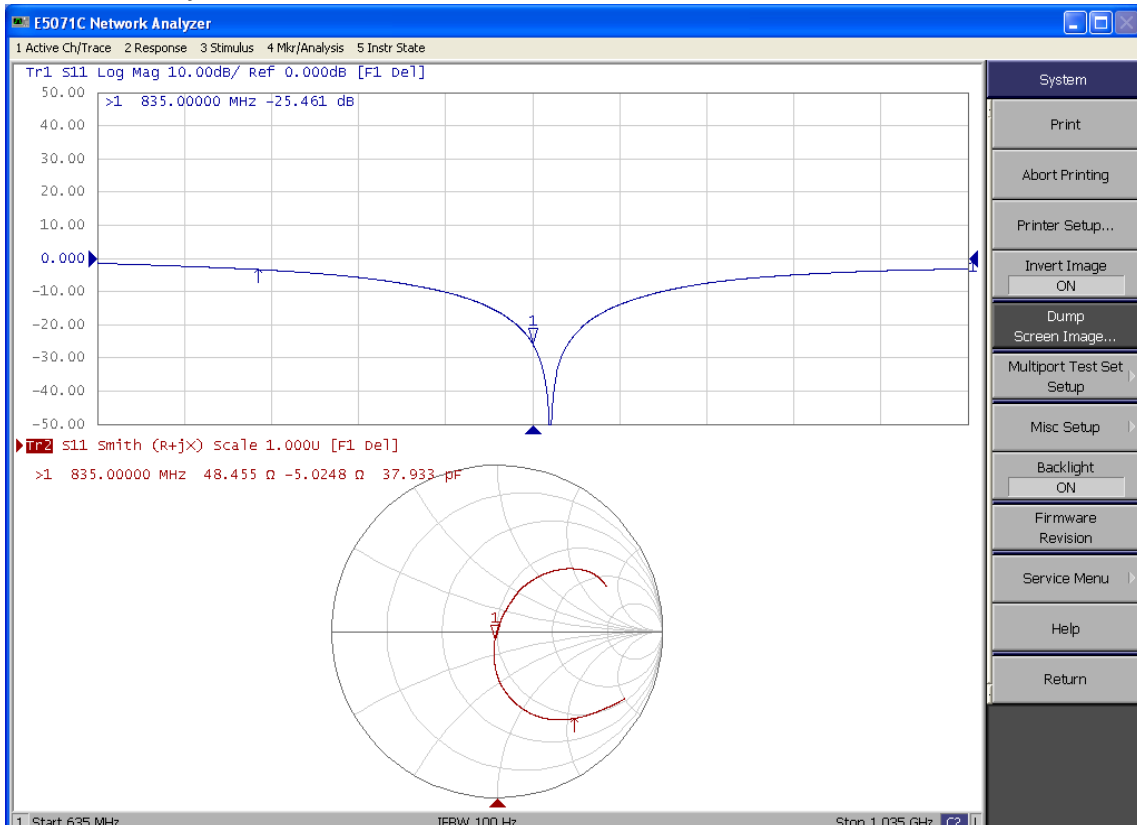
Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

ANNEX J Return Loss of Dipoles

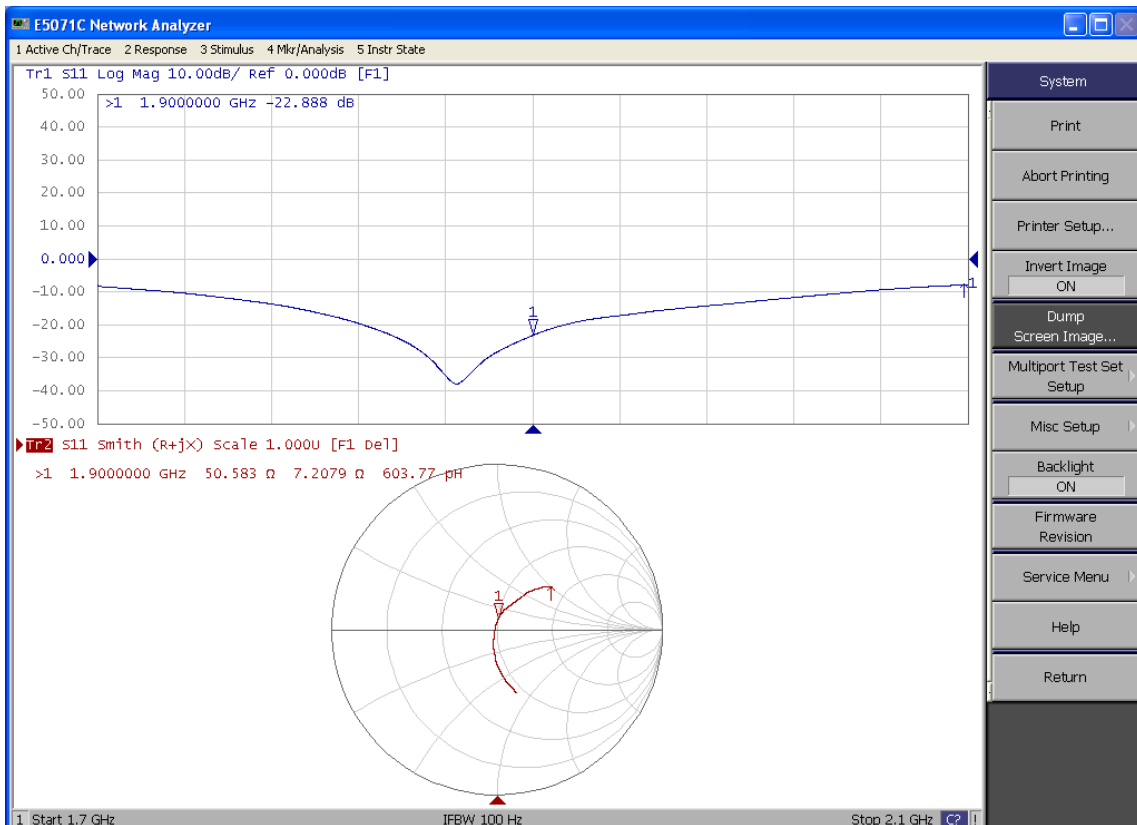
835MHz Head



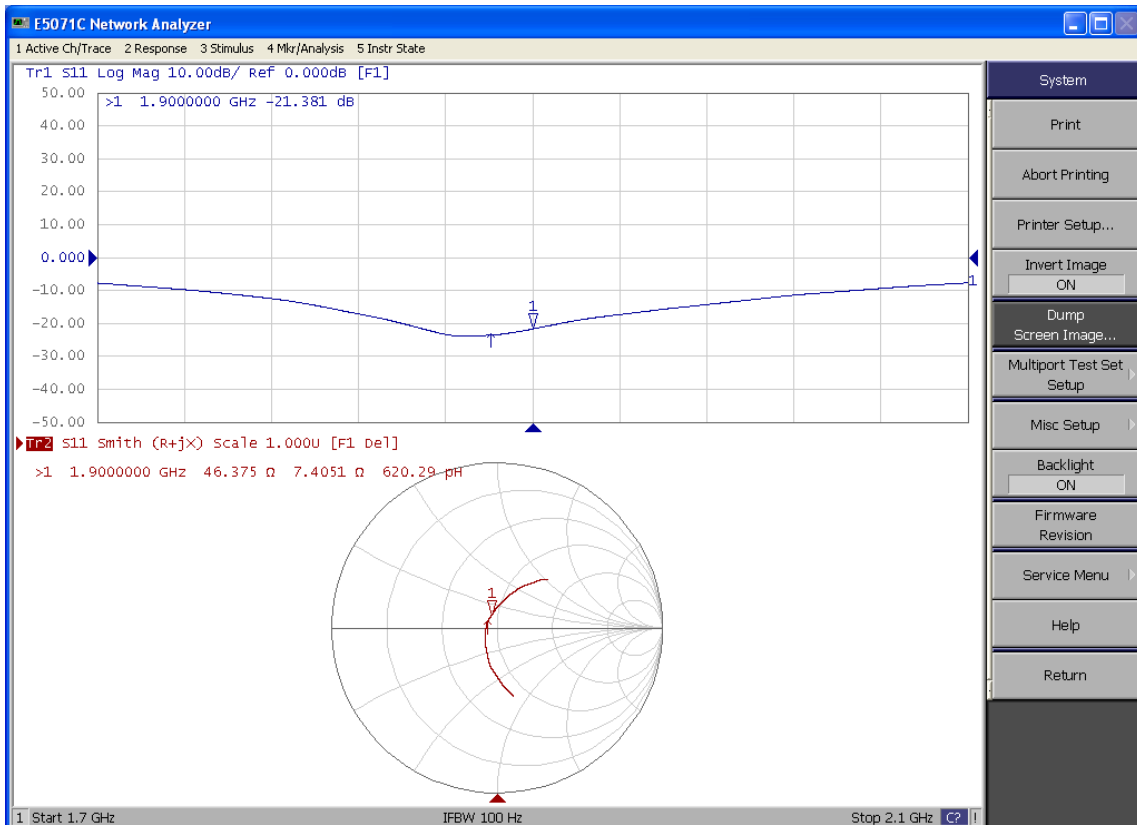
835MHz Body



1900MHz Head



1900MHz Body



ANNEX K Spot Check

K.1 Conducted power of selected case

Table K.1: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850 /1900

GSM850	Conducted Power (dBm)		
	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
Speech	33.09	33.08	33.19
GPRS 3TX	29.89	29.78	29.61
PCS1900	Conducted Power(dBm)		
	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
Speech	29.55	29.78	30.10
GPRS 3TX	26.15	26.63	27.03

K.2 Measurement results

Table K.2: The test results for Head and Body

Test Band	Channel	Frequency	Tune-Up	Measured Power	Test Position	Measured 10g SAR	Measured 1g SAR	Reported 10g SAR	Reported 1g SAR	Power Drift	Figure
GSM850	251	848.8 MHz	33.5	33.09	Left Cheek	0.447	0.767	0.49	0.84	-0.06	Fig K.1
GSM850	251	848.8 MHz	30	29.89	Rear fold	0.703	1	0.72	1.03	0.11	Fig K.2
PCS1900	810	1909.8 MHz	30.5	29.55	Left Cheek	0.159	0.267	0.20	0.33	-0.16	Fig K.3
PCS1900	512	1850.2 MHz	28	27.03	Rear unfold	0.431	0.799	0.54	1.00	-0.04	Fig K.4

K.3 Spot Check for SIM2

Test Band	Channel	Frequency	Tune-Up	Measured Power	Test Position	Measured 10g SAR	Measured 1g SAR	Reported 10g SAR	Reported 1g SAR	Power Drift
GSM850	CH251	848.8 MHz	33.5	33.09	Left Cheek	0.415	0.742	0.46	0.82	-0.02
GSM850	CH251	848.8 MHz	30	29.89	Rear fold	0.681	0.973	0.70	1.00	0.04

K.4 Reported SAR Comparison

Band	Position	Reported SAR 1g(W/kg) Original	Reported SAR 1g(W/kg) Spot check
GSM 850	Head	0.93	0.84
	Body	1.05	1.03
PCS 1900	Head	0.39	0.33
	Body	1.00	1.00

Note: All the spot check results marked blue are larger than the original result. So it replace the original results and others are shared.

GSM850_CH251 Left Cheek

Date: 8/1/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.82$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: GSM850 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.28,10.28,10.28)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.872 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.038 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.767 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 W/kg

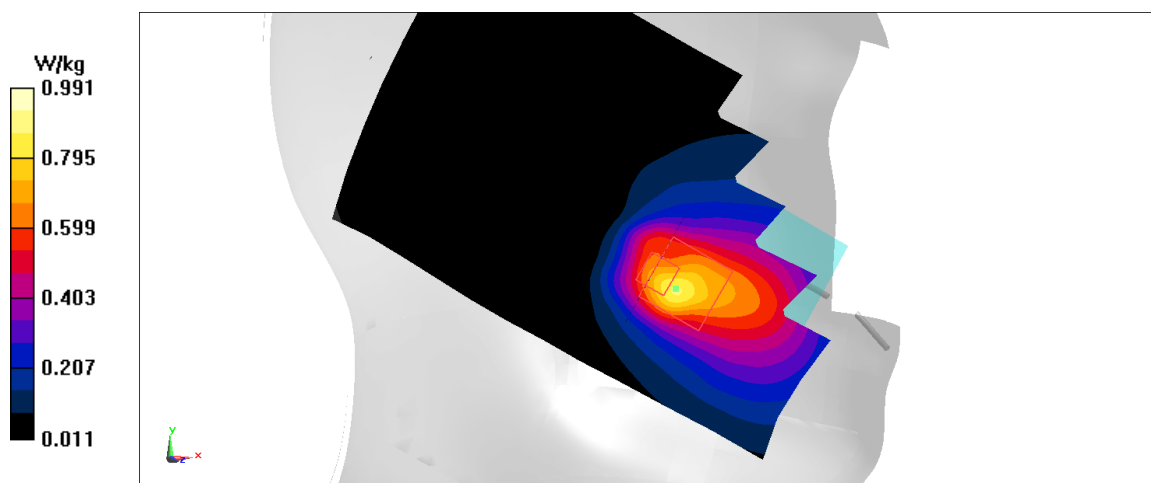


Fig K.1

GSM850_CH251 Rear fold

Date: 8/1/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: GSM850 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(10.21,10.21,10.21)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.703 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

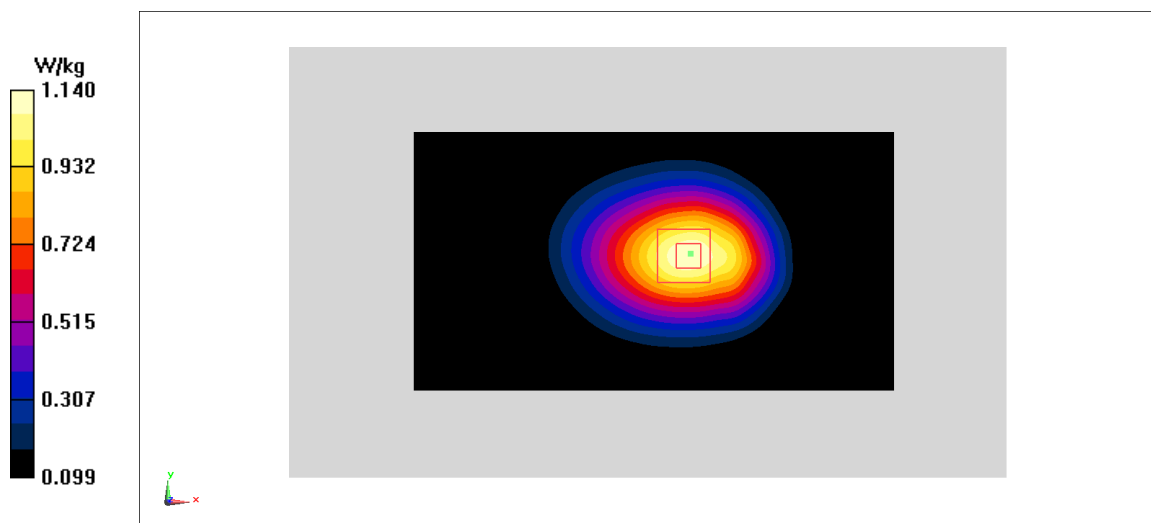


Fig K.2

PCS1900_CH810 Left Cheek

Date: 8/2/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.392$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.32$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: PCS1900 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(8.39,8.39,8.39)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.619 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.267 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 W/kg

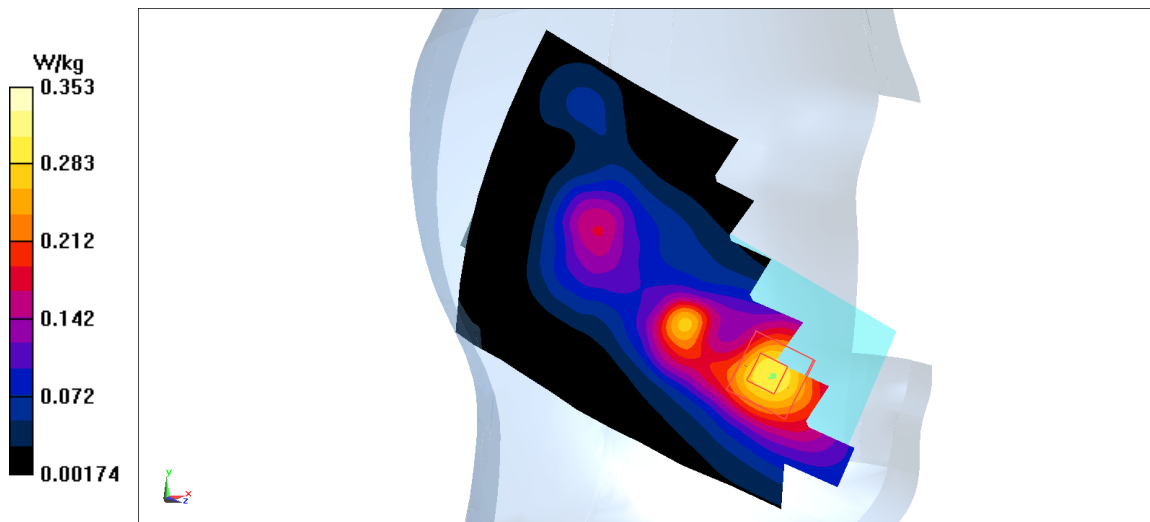


Fig K.3

PCS1900_CH512 Rear unfold

Date: 8/2/2018

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525

Medium: body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.27$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C

Communication System: PCS1900 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7464 ConvF(8.32,8.32,8.32)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.504 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.163 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.799 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.431 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.485 W/kg

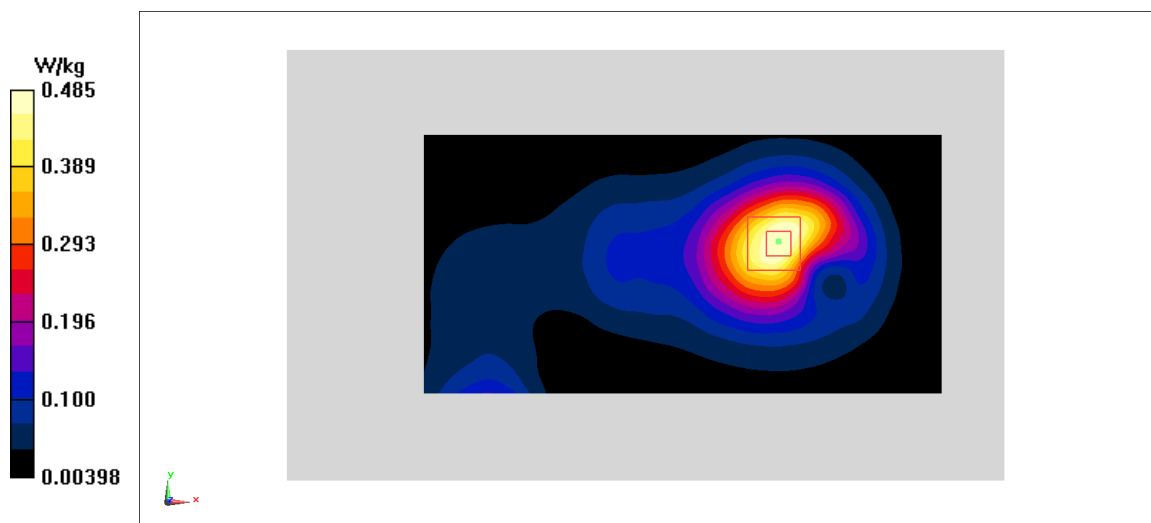


Fig K.4

ANNEX L Accreditation Certificate

<p>United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology</p>  <hr/> <p>Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005</p> <hr/> <p>NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0</p> <p>Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT Beijing China</p> <p><i>is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:</i></p> <p>Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications</p> <p><i>This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated January 2009).</i></p> <hr/> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"><tr><td style="width: 40%; text-align: center;"><p>2017-08-22 through 2018-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p></td><td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"></td><td style="width: 40%; text-align: center;"> <i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i></td></tr></table>		<p>2017-08-22 through 2018-09-30 <i>Effective Dates</i></p>		 <i>For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program</i>
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