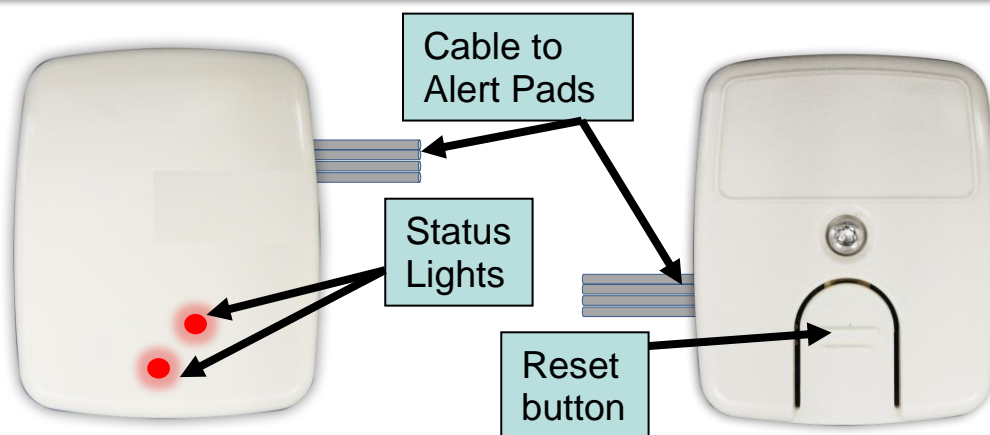


Transceiver User Guide



Call for help

Transceivers are connected to bed, chair and floor alert pads. When there is a change in pressure status, the transceiver sends an alert to the system. A red LED blinks to indicate that a call was successfully sent.

The system locates a fall pad alert

The nearest locator description will be displayed for the mobile chair pad both on the CMU and a pager. It may take up to 12 seconds for the system to calculate the closest locator. The bed and floor pad report their assigned room designated during pairing.

Reset the alert

Push and hold the “Reset” button for 6 seconds. This will reset the alert if there is an active alert and both red LED lights will blink 3 times.

Transfer a patient

Push and hold the “Reset” button for 6 seconds. If there is not an active alert, this will start a 60 second device time-out to transfer a patient without initiating a call.

Where can I use the Transceiver?

The alert pads will work in the Alert Coverage Area set up during the system installation. The alert pads will NOT work if you leave the campus. For safe operation, this device shall be installed so that it maintains a minimum of 20cm between it and any users

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What do the status lights mean?

Light Pattern	Meaning
Left Red LED blinks twice	You have successfully added the device to the system.
Right Red LED blinks 3 times then blinks slowly	An active alert has been successfully sent. The LED will blink for 3 minutes and then will stop to preserve battery.
Both Red LEDs blink 3 times after an alert has been sent	You have successfully closed an active alert.

FCC Statement

FCC Part 15 ID: 2ACB6-TT3003

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.*
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.*
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.*
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help*

This equipment complies with the FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.