

Products		
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6. Safety Huma	an exposure	
6.1 Radio Frequ	ency Exposure Compliance	9
6.1.1 Electromagn	etic Fields	
RESULT:		Passed
Test standard	: FCC CFR 47 Part 2 Subpart J Section KDB 447498 D01 v06 RSS-102 Issue 5, Table 4	on 2.1093
The test product is a watch a	and belongs to the wearing device. Use distand	ce less than 5mm.
FCC SAR Exposure:		
Limit :		
thresholds are determined by [(max. power of channel, ind	test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and y the following: cluding tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test sep and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where	-
f(GHz) is the RF channel trans	mit frequency in GHz	
Power and distance are rounded	d to the nearest mW and mm before calculation31	

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Result:

WiFi 2.4G , F(GHz) is 2.462 Maximum Average Power is 6.84mW for Wifi 2.4GHz (6.84 / 5) * $\sqrt{2.462} = 2.128$ BLE , F(GHz) is 2.480 Maximum Average Power is 0.43mW for BLE (0.43 / 5) * $\sqrt{2.480} = 0.135$ Co-location SAR exposure is 2.128 + 0.135 = 2.263

2.258 < 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR. Therefore, the test of SAR can be excluded.



Produkte Products

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IC SAR Exposure:

Limit Canada:

Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation - SAR Evaluation

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance^{4,5}

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)					
	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm	
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW	
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW	
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW	
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW	
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW	
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW	
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW	

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For Limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

Result:

For Limb-worn devices, the exemption SAR limit is 4mW * 2.5 = 10mWThe product WiFi 2.4GHz maximum average conducted output power is 6.84mW. The product BLE maximum average conducted output power is 0.43mW. Co-loaction SAR exposure is 6.84mW + 0.43mW = 7.27mW Therefore, the test of SAR can be excluded.