

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Elkay Manufacturing Co.

FCC ID: 2AC8R-LZWSTLNA

IC: 12430A-LZWSTLNA

Purpose

The purpose of this test is to ensure that the RF energy intentionally transmitted, in terms of power density emitted from the EUT at a stated operating distance does not exceed the limits listed below as defined in the applicable test standard, as calculated based upon readings obtained during testing. This helps protect human exposure to excessive RF fields.

Limit(s) and Method

The limits, as defined in FCC 1.1310 Table 1 (B) limits for general public exposure was applied. The limit for the frequency range of 1.34 MHz to 30 MHz is $180/f^2$ mW/cm², and the limit for the frequency range of 300 MHz to 1.5 GHz is $f/1500$ mW/cm².

Therefore, the limits for this device are as follows:

MPE Limits	
Frequency	Limit
13.56 MHz	0.97 mW/cm ²
902 – 927.3 MHz	0.601 mW/cm ² (worst case in frequency range)

The distance used for calculations was 20cm, as this is the minimum distance a user will be from the EUT during normal operation.

Prediction methods from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01 are applied.

SAR test exclusion for simultaneous transmissions from FCC KDB447498 is applied.

Results

The EUT passed the requirements. The worst case calculated power densities of all transmitters are under limits, and the sum of the MPE ratios meet the MPE test exclusion requirement for simultaneous transmissions.

Calculations for 15.247 device

$$P_d = (P * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2)$$

Where:

P = Power input into the antenna = 17.4 mW

G = Power gain of antenna = -0.1 dBi = 0.98 (numeric) as per antenna data.

R = 20cm

$$P_d = (17.4 \text{ mW} * 0.98) / (4 * \pi * 20^2 \text{ cm}^2)$$

$$P_d = 0.00339 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Calculations for 15.209 device

$$P_d = (EIRP / (4 * \pi * R^2))$$

Where:

EIRP = Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power = E(dBuV) – 95.2

E(dBuV) = 60.0 dBuV

EIRP = 60.0 dBuV – 95.2 = -35.2 dBm = 0.000302 mW

R = 20cm

$$P_d = (0.000302 \text{ mW}) / (4 * \pi * 20^2 \text{ cm}^2)$$

$$P_d = 0.00000006 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Calculations for simultaneous transmission device

As per FCC KDB447498 7.2:

Simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 .

MPE ratio = Ratio of power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency = $P_d / (\text{MPE limit})$

MPE ratio for 15.247 device = $0.00339 \text{ mW/cm}^2 / 0.601 \text{ mW/cm}^2 = 0.00564$

MPE ratio for 15.209 device = $0.00000006 \text{ mW/cm}^2 / 0.97 \text{ mW/cm}^2 = 0.000000061$

$$0.00564 + 0.000000061 = 0.005640061 < 1.0$$

MPE test exclusion applies for simultaneous transmission.