## §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

## **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.319(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

| Frequency<br>Range (MHz)                            | Electric Field<br>Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field<br>Strength (A/m) | Power Density<br>(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Averaging Time<br>(minute) |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure |                                  |                                  |  |                            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3-1.34  | 614                              | 1.63                             | *(100)                                 | 30                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.34-30   | 842/f                            | 2.19/f                           | *(180/f\2\)                            | 30                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30-300  | 27.5                             | 0.073                            | 0.2                                    | 30                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300-1500  | /                                | /                                | f/1500                                 | 30                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1500-100,000  | /                                | /                                | 1.0                                    | 30                         |  |  |  |  |  |

| Timite C. M. in    | D                    | (MDE) (01.121)   | 0.001001)   |
|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Limits for Maximum | Permissible Exposure | e (MPE) (§1.131) | J, §2.1091) |

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

## **MPE** Calculation

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW); G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For worst case:

| Frequency<br>(MHz)        | Antenna Gain |           | Turn up power<br>including<br>tolerance |       | Evaluation<br>Distance | Power<br>Density     | MPE Limit<br>(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|---|-------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
|                           | (dBi)        | (numeric) | (dBm)                                   | (mW)  | (cm)                   | $(\mathrm{mW/cm}^2)$ |                                    |
| 1921.536<br>-<br>1928.448 | 0            | 1.0       | 18.0                                    | 63.10 | 20                     | 0.01                 | 1.0                                |

**Result:** The device meets MPE limit at 20 cm distance.