



	SAR TEST REPORT			
Report Reference No	LCSA01294073EB	ab		
Date Of Issue	February 29, 2024			
Testing Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.			
Address:	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China			
Testing Location/ Procedure:	Full application of Harmonised standa	rds 🔳		
	Partial application of Harmonised stan			
	Other standard testing method \Box			
Applicant's Name:		立讯 Desting Lab		
Address	6555 BANDINI BOULEVARD COMMER	RCE CA 90040-3119 USA		
Test Specification:				
Standard	FCC 47CFR §2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95	5.1-2019, IEEE 1528-2013		
Test Report Form No	LCSEMC-1.0			
TRF Originator	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing La	aboratory Ltd.		
Master TRF				
Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing I damages resulting from the reader's in	Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner- aboratory Ltd. takes noresponsibility for a interpretation of the reproduced material due 10.1 inch Tablet with Windows OS	and will not assume liability for		
Trade Mark				
Model/Type Reference				
Ratings	Input: 12.0V ⁻² .0A For AC Adapter Input: 100-240V~, 50/60 Adapter Output: 12.0V ⁻² .0A DC 7.4V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery			
Result:	Positive	trint 检测 股 Da		
Compiled by:	Supervised by: Approved by:			
Jayzhan	Compture Gains Piang			
Jay Zhan/ File administrators	Cary Luo / Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager		





SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	LCSA01294073EB	February 29, 2024 Date of issue
EUT	: 10.1 inch Tablet with Window	vs OS
Type/Model	: SC-5032WKB	
Applicant	: SUPERSONIC INC	
Address		O COMMERCE CA 90040-3119
Telephone	: / LOS Testin	
Fax	:/	
Manufacturer	: SUPERSONIC INC	
Address	: 6555 BANDINI BOULEVARE USA	O COMMERCE CA 90040-3119
Telephone	: /	
Fax	: /	
		-243
Factory	• /	
Factory		

Test Result

Positive

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

訊检測股份 It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory. 立計和 Manasang Lab





Revison History

	Revison		
Revision	Issue Date	Revision Content	Revised By
000	February 29, 2024	Initial Issue	





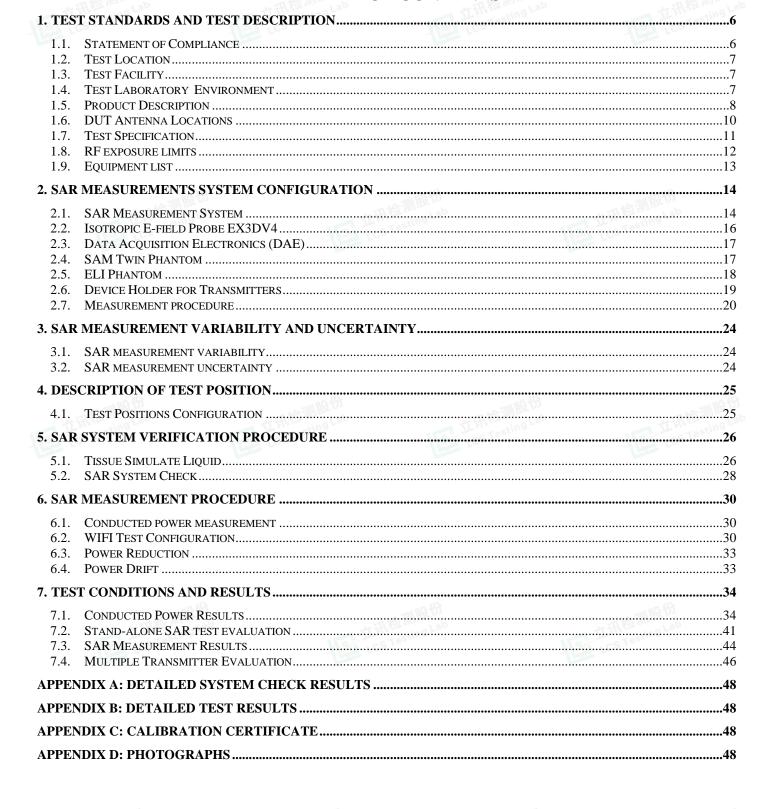


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Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China Tel: +(86) 0755-82591330 | E-mail: webmaster@lcs-cert.com | Web: www.lcs-cert.com

1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Statement of Compliance



The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for SC-5032WKB are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Body (Report SAR1-g (W/kg) (Separation Distance 0mm)		
01000	bana	ANT1	ANT2	
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.156	0.172	
NI	WIFI5.2G	0.126	0.137	
INI	WIFI5.8G	0.151	0.163	

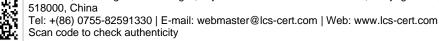
Note

1) This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in RSS-102 and IEEE Std C95.1, 2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

X	Exposure Position	Classment Class	Body (Report SAR1-g (W/kg)	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR1-g (W/kg)
	Dody	DTS	0.156	0.339
	Body	DTS	0.172	0.328







1.2. Test Location

Company:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address:	101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Telephone:	(86)755-82591330
Fax:	(86)755-82591330
Web:	www.LCS-cert.com
E-mail:	webmaster@LCS-cert.com

1.3. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations: Site Description SAR Lab.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024. CAB identifier is CN0071. CNAS Registration Number is L4595. Test Firm Registration Number: 254912.

1.4. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in	







1.5. Product Description

The **SUPERSONIC INC** 's Model: SC-5032WKB or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	10.1 inch Tablet with Windows OS
Test Model:	SC-5032WKB
Power supply:	Input: 12.0V 2.0A For AC Adapter Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, 0.6A Adapter Output: 12.0V 2.0A DC 7.4V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 3000mAh
Hardware Version:	EM_G8811_200B_DC35_V4.0
Software Version:	Windows 11 home

Bluetooth				
Frequency Range:	2402MHz~2480MHz			
Bluetooth Channel Number:	79 channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V4.2 (DTS)			
Bluetooth Channel Spacing:	1MHz for Bluetooth V4.2 (DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V4.2 (DTS)			
Bluetooth Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2 (DTS)			
Bluetooth Version:	V4.2			
Antenna Description:	Antenna1: FPC Antenna, -0.17dBi(Max.)			
2.4G WLAN				
Frequency Range:	2412MHz~2462MHz			
Channel Spacing:	5MHz			
Channel Number:	11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz)			
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)			
Antenna Description:	Antenna1: FPC Antenna, -0.17dBi(Max.) Antenna2: FPC Antenna, -0.03dBi(Max.)			
5.2G WLAN				
Frequency Range:	5180MHz~5240MHz			
Channel Number	4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz~5240MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz)			
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)			
Antenna Description	Antenna1: FPC Antenna, -0.66dBi(Max.) Antenna2: FPC Antenna, 1.49dBi(Max.)			
5.8G WLAN				
Frequency Range:	5745MHz~5825MHz			



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Channel Number	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745MHz~5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755MHz~5795MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz)
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	Antenna1: FPC Antenna, -2.56dBi(Max.) Antenna2: FPC Antenna, -0.02dBi(Max.)
Exposure category:	Uncontrolled Environment General Population















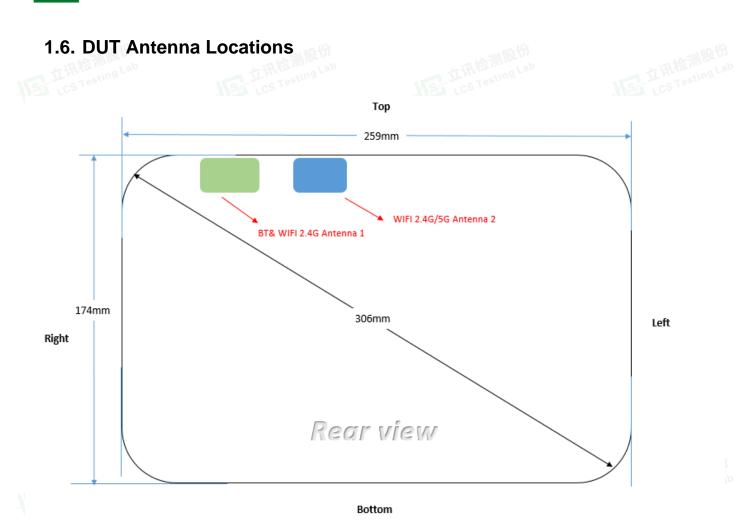








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Note:

 Per KDB 616217, the diagonal length is > 200mm, the device is considered a "tablet" device and needed to test 0mm 1-g body SAR.

rom the anter	nna to the El	JT edge(n	nm)		
Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
5	5	193	40	5	157
5	5	145	90	5	157
	Front 5	Front Back 5 5	FrontBackLeft55193	5 5 193 40	FrontBackLeftRightTop55193405



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1.7. Test Specification

ST LCS Testing	LCS Testing	LCS Testing	
Identity	Document Title		
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices		
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Hum Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.	an Exposure to Radio Frequency	
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spa Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Commu Techniques		
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	女讯检测 he lab	
KDB 616217 D04	SAR for Tablet and Laptop	LCS TOTAL	
KDB 447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06		
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04		
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02		











1.8. RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g
es:	to Hand Lab	+ H M Lab

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)





1.9. Equipment list

	- +4 310 124		10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		- +A JU 12	le.	1.44
			PEAG DASY5 Professional			ar .	Time
	cription		est System (Free		Ed Los 10		
Soft	ware Reference	DASY	52; SEMCAD X				
			Harc	lware Referenc	e		
	Equipment		Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
\boxtimes	PC		Lenovo	NA	NA	NA	NA
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	I	SPEAG	SAM V5.0	1850	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	ELI Phantom		SPEAG	ELI V6.0	2010	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	DAE	2	SPEAG	DAE3	373	2024/1/3	2025/1/2
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	ab	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3805	2023/11/23	2024/11/22
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	5	SPEAG	D2450V2	808	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
\boxtimes	Validation Kits		SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1046	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
\boxtimes	Agilent Network Analyzer		Agilent	8753E	SU38432944	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
\boxtimes	Dielectric Probe Kit		SPEAG	DAK3.5	1425	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Universal Radio Communication Tester		R&S	CMW500	42115	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
\boxtimes	Directional Coup	ler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
\boxtimes	Power meter		Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
\boxtimes	Power meter		Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
\square	Power sensor		Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
\square	Power sensor		Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
\boxtimes	Signal Generate	or	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
\boxtimes	Broadband Preamplifier		/	BP-01M18G	P190501	2023/6/15	2024/6/14
\boxtimes	DC POWER SUP	PLY	I-SHENG	SP-504	NA	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Speed reading thermometer)	HTC-1	NA	LCS-E-138	2023/6/13	2024/6/12

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.





SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

2.1. SAR Measurement System

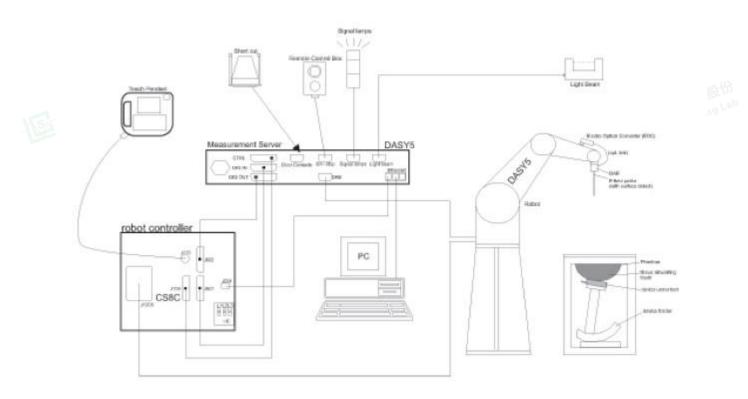
This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \sigma$ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items: A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration





- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
 - A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.



2.2. Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI





2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

a.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)							
Model	DAE						
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	- AR					
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)						
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)						
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A						
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	-					

2.4. SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



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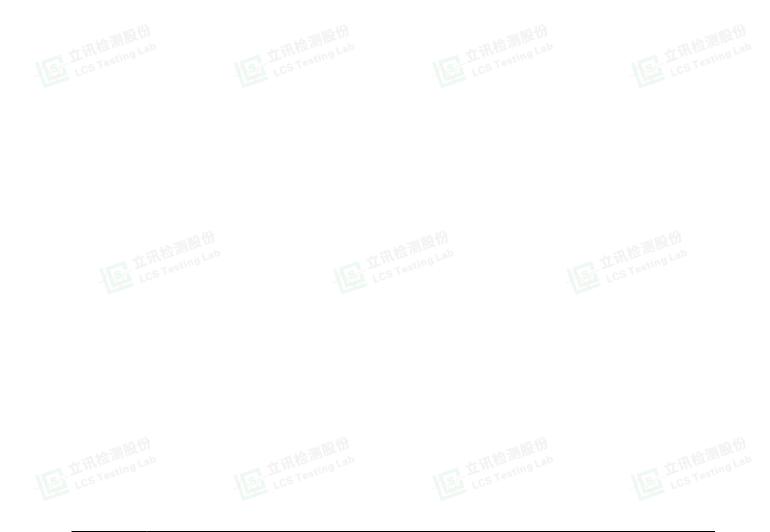
Scan code to check authenticity

2.5. ELI Phantom

Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Compatible with all SPEAG tissue	
simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Major axis: 600 mm	
Minor axis: 400 mm	
approx. 30 liters	
SPEAG standard phantom table	
	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm approx. 30 liters

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.





2.6. Device Holder for Transmitters





F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.







2.7. Measurement procedure

2.7.1. Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of $32mm^*32mm^*30mm$ (f $\leq 2GHz$), $30mm^*30mm^*30mm$ (f for 2-3GHz) and $24mm^*24mm^*22mm$ (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (f $\leq 2GHz$), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification).The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	立讯检测股份
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30°±1°	20° ± 1°	LCS Testing Lab
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}$: $\leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm} \\ 4-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 10 \text{ mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum area scan sp	oatial resolu	ation: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*]	股份
	uniform	grid: ∆z _{Z∞m} (n)	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	ngLa
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Z_{000m}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤1.5·∆z	zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	•	\ge 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	上式用检测股份 LCS Testing Lab

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %

2.7.2. Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.





2.7.3. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - S	Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
- Diode compression po	pint Dcpi	
Device parameters: - F	Frequency	f
 Crest factor 	cf	
Media parameters: - C	Conductivity	3
- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

 $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$



H-field probes: $H_{i} = (V_{i})^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^{2})/f$ With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I (i = x, y, z) [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes f = carrier frequency [GHz] Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

 $P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 2 / 3770_{or} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2 Etot = total electric field strength in V/m Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m





3. SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

3.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \ge 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \ge 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

3.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.





4. Description of Test Position

4.1. Test Positions Configuration

Per FCC KDB616217 D04, The required minimum test separation distance for incorporating transmitters and antennas into laptop, notebook and netbook computer displays is determined with the display screen opened at an angle of 90° to the keyboard compartment. If a computer has other operating configurations that require a different or more conservative display to keyboard angle for normal use, a KDB inquiry should be submitted to determine the test requirements. When antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard.

Provided tablet use conditions are not supported by the laptop computer, SAR tests for bystander exposure from the edges of the keyboard and display screen of laptop computers are generally not required. However, when edge testing is necessary, the similar concerns for simultaneous transmission on adjacent or multiple edges described for tablets also apply.

For this device, the transmit antenna are located at the screen section.

Body operating configurations are tested with the device bottom side positioned against a flat phantom with test separation distance of 0mm in a normal use configuration.





5. SAR System Verification Procedure

5.1. Tissue Simulate Liquid

5.1.1. Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	450	700-900	1750-2000	2300-2500	2500-2700				
Water	38.56	40.30	55.24	55.00	54.92				
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.38	0.31	0.2	0.23				
Sucrose	56.32	57.90	0	0	0				
HEC	0.98	0.24	0	0	0				
Bactericide	0.19	0.18	0	0	0				
Tween	0	0	44.45	44.80	44.85				
	odium Chloride d, 16 MΩ⁺ resistivi thylene (20) sorbit		Sucrose: 98+% Pure HEC: Hydroxyethyl (L讯检测股份				
HSL5GHz is com	posed of the follow	ving ingredients:							
Water: 50-65%									
Mineral oil: 10-30%									
Emulsifiers: 8-25%									
Sodium salt: 0-1	.5%								

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid





5.1.2. Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the DAKS. The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (p) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

	Measured	Target Tissue (±5%)		Measured Tissue		Liquid	Measured	
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)	Temp. (℃)	Date	
2450 Head	2450	39.2 (37.24~41.16)	1.8 (1.71~1.89)	39.365	1.785	23.2	February 23, 2024	
5250Head	5250	36.0 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	36.180	4.656	22.9	February 26, 2024	
5750 Head	5750	35.3 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	35.502	5.184	23.1	February 27, 2024	
Table 2: Mea	surement resul	t of Tissue electric	parameters	ing Lav		Re I	LCS Testing Lab	

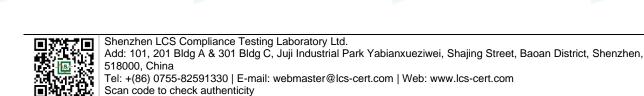








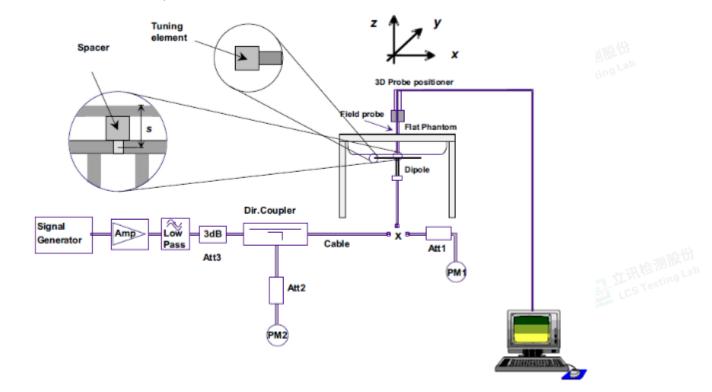






5.2. SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/-10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22\pm2^{\circ}$ C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check

5.2.1. Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;

Scan code to check authenticity

d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



5.2.2. Summary System Check Result(s)

	, in the second s	-,							
		Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized	Target SAR (normalized	Liquid	
Valida	tion Kit	250mW	250mW	(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)	to 1W) (±10%)	to 1W (±10%)	Temp. (℃)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D2450V2	Head	12.50	5.75	50.00	23.00	53.5 (48.15~58.85)	24.8 (22.32~27.28)	23.2	February 23, 2024
		Measured Measure		Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR	Target SAR		
Valida	tion Kit	SAR 100mW	SAR 100mW	(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W) (±10%)	(normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
	Head (5.25GHz)	7.65	2.24	76.50	22.40	78.1 (70.29~85.91)	22.2 (19.98~24.42)	22.9	February 26, 2024
D5GHzV2	Head (5.75GHz)	8.04	2.22	80.40	22.20	77.4 (69.66~85.14)	21.6 (19.44~23.76)	23.1	February 27, 2024

Table 3: Please see the Appendx A

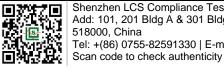












6. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

6.1. Conducted power measurement

a. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
b. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

6.2. WIFI Test Configuration

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Per KDB 248227D01, a minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The repotted SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

6.2.1. Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or IJMPC mini-tablet , procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the repotted SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.2.2. Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and CIMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the <u>initial test configuration</u>. When the reported SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the <u>initial test configuration</u> until the repotted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.2.3. Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802 11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units.

When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test</u> <u>configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



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6.2.4. WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

a) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KD8 248227D01) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

b) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KD8 248227D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

c) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-I and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the <u>initial test configuration</u> and <u>subsequent test configuration</u> requirements. In applying the <u>initial test configuration</u> and <u>subsequent test configuration</u> procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



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6.2.5. U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFOM SAR requirements. If the highest repotted SAR for a test configuration is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

3) The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power cetified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

6.2.6. U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47-5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TOWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60-5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification to avoid SAR requirements. 10 TOWR restriction does not apply under the new rules; all channels that operate at 5.60-5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures.

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap channels is limited to the bower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47-5.85 GHz), which requires a mihimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support and gap channels. 11 When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.



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6.2.7. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Channel Selection Requirements

For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations (for example 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g and 802.11n, with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc), the lower order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac, or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement.

When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channel, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirement, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregted band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.3. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

6.4. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.





7. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

7.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

7.1.1. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 2.4G)

	and by		alla.	and the		
Condition Mode		Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up	
NVNT	Co b	2412	Ant1	15.70	16.00	
NVNT	b	2437	Ant1	15.51	16.00	
NVNT	b	2462	Ant1	15.57	16.00	
NVNT	g	2412	Ant1	14.34	15.00	
NVNT	g	2437	Ant1	14.46	15.00	
NVNT	g	2462	Ant1	14.64	15.00	
NVNT	n20	2412	Ant1	13.28	14.00	
NVNT	n20	2437	Ant1	13.39	14.00	
NVNT	n20	2462	Ant1	13.46	14.00	
NVNT	_{ab} n40	2422	Ant1	12.66	13.00	
NVNT	n40	2437	Ant1	12.72	13.00	
NVNT	n40	2452	Ant1	12.73	13.00	

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up 16.50	
NVNT	b	2412	Ant2	15.90		
NVNT	b	2437	Ant2	15.50	16.00	
NVNT	b	2462	Ant2	15.60	16.00	
NVNT	g	2412	Ant2	14.48	15.00	
NVNT	g	2437	Ant2	14.44	15.00	
NVNT	g	2462	Ant2	14.68	15.00	
NVNT	n20	2412	Ant2	13.24	13.50	
NVNT	n20	2437	Ant2	13.38	14.00	
NVNT	n20	2462	Ant2	13.57	14.00	
NVNT	n40	2422	Ant2	12.67	13.00	
NVNT	n40	2437	Ant2	12.76	13.50	
NVNT	n40	2452	Ant2	12.84	13.50	



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MIMO

Condition	Mode			Total Power (dBm)			
Condition		Frequency (MHz)	ANT1	ANT2	ANT1+ANT2	Tune up	
NVNT	n20	2412	13.28	13.24	16.27	17.00	
NVNT	n20	2437	13.39	13.38	16.40	17.00	
NVNT	n20	2462	13.46	13.57	16.53	17.00	
NVNT	n40	2422	12.66	12.67	15.68	16.00	
NVNT	n40	2437	12.72	12.76	15.75	16.00	
NVNT	n40	2452	12.73	12.84	15.80	16.50	

Note:

a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 2.4G (802.11b):

R	q 2.412000000 GHz Ref Offset 2.13 dB Ref 20.00 dBm	DNO: East	Trig: Free Run #Atten: 30 dB			Mkr1	1.958 ms 8.89 dBm	
				3Δ1				
er 2.412 BW 8 M	2000000 GHz 1Hz	#VBW :	8.0 MHz		Sweep	20.00 ms	Span 0 Hz (10001 pts)	
40DE TRC 5 Ν Δ1 Δ1	t 1.958	ims (∆) -2.37 d	iB	N FUNCTION WIDTH		UNCTION VALUE	-	
<u>1</u>	t (Δ) 8.422	:ms (Δ) -0.07 d	IB					
				STATUS			>	





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7.1.2. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.2G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune up
NVNT	а	5180	Ant1	12.57	0.14	12.71	13.00
NVNT	а	5200	Ant1	12.55	0.13	12.68	13.00
NVNT	а	5240	Ant1	12.47	0.13	12.60	13.00
NVNT	n20	5180	Ant1	12.11	0.15	12.26	13.00
NVNT	n20	5200	Ant1	12.02	0.15	12.17	12.50
NVNT	n20	5240	Ant1	11.99	0.15	12.14	12.50
NVNT	n40	5190	Ant1	11.08	0.28	11.36	12.00
NVNT	n40	5230	Ant1	11.55	0.29	11.84	12.50
NVNT	ac20	5180	Ant1	12.07	0.14	12.21	12.50
NVNT	ac20	5200	Ant1	12.19	0.14	12.33	13.00
NVNT	ac20	5240	Ant1	12.18	0.14	12.32	13.00
NVNT	ac40	5190	Ant1	11.07	0.28 0.28	11.35	12.00 12.50
NVNT	ac40	5230	Ant1	11.53		11.81	
NVNT	ac80	5210	Ant1	9.99	0.54	10.53	11.00

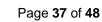
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune up
NVNT	а	5180	Ant2	12.35	0.13	12.48	13.00
NVNT	а	5200	Ant2	12.44	0.13	12.57	13.00
NVNT	a	5240	Ant2	12.35	0.13	12.48	13.00
NVNT	n20	5180	Ant2	12.27	0.15	12.42	13.00
NVNT	n20	5200	Ant2	12.23	0.15	12.38	13.00
NVNT	n20	5240	Ant2	12.08	0.14	12.22	12.50
NVNT	n40	5190	Ant2	11.01	0.29	11.30	12.00
NVNT	n40	5230	Ant2	11.52	0.28	11.80	12.50
NVNT	ac20	5180	Ant2	12.32	0.14	12.46	13.00
NVNT	ac20	5200	Ant2	12.15	0.14	12.29	13.00
NVNT	ac20	5240	Ant2	12.15	0.14	12.29	13.00
NVNT	ac40	5190	Ant2	11.14	0.28	11.42	12.00
NVNT	ac40	5230	Ant2	11.55	0.28	11.83	12.50
NVNT	ac80	5210	Ant2	10.06	0.55	10.61	11.00

MIMO

Total Power (dBm) Frequency (MHz) Condition Mode Tune up Ant1 Ant2 Ant1+Ant2 NVNT n20 5180 12.26 12.42 15.35 16.00 NVNT n20 5200 12.17 12.38 15.29 16.00 NVNT n20 5240 12.14 12.22 15.19 15.50 NVNT n40 5190 11.36 11.30 14.34 15.00 NVNT n40 5230 11.80 14.83 15.50 11.84 NVNT ac20 5180 12.21 12.46 15.35 16.00 NVNT ac20 5200 12.33 12.29 15.32 16.00 NVNT ac20 5240 12.32 12.29 15.32 16.00



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NVNT	ac40	5190	11.35	11.42	14.40	15.00
NVNT	ac40	5230	11.81	11.83	14.83	15.50
NVNT	ac80	5210	10.53	10.61	13.58	14.00

Note:

a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.2G (802.11a):

R	RF 50 Freq 5.1800	R AC	PNO: Fa	st 🔸	EPULSE Trig: Free Ru #Atten: 30 dB		IGNAUTO #Avg Type	: RMS	08:32:24 AM Feb 01 TRACE 1 2 3 TYPE WWW DET P N P
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 3 Ref 20.00		IFGain:L	ow	#Atten: 30 dB				Mkr1 694.0 14.47 d
og	the 1 the state					ini. Alimita di Salatata da	n knein samelie is Autolis af historie	ditate tellester d	
10.0 PP	-	attrait de la			- no for the		- Profession		11 and to the
10.0									
20.0									
30.0				ļ					
40.0									
50.0		1		1					
60.0									
70.0									
Center 5 Res BW	.180000000 8 MHz	GHz		#VBW	8.0 MHz			Sweep	Span 10.00 ms (10001
MKR MODE		×		Y	FUNCTION	ON FUNCT	ION WIDTH	F	UNCTION VALUE
1 N 2 Δ1	t t (Δ)	1.39	0 μs 2 ms (Δ)	14.47 d -2.04	dB				
3 <u>Δ1</u>	t (∆)	1.43	′ms (∆)	0.30	dB				
5									
7									
8						_			
9									









7.1.3. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.8G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune up	
NVNT	а	5745	Ant1	12.42	0.13	12.55	13.00	
NVNT	а	5785	Ant1	12.43	0.13	12.56	13.00	
NVNT	а	5825	Ant1	12.42	0.13	12.55	13.00	
NVNT	n20	5745	Ant1	12.10	0.15	12.25	13.00	
NVNT	n20	5785	Ant1	12.25	0.15	12.40	13.00	
NVNT	n20	5825	Ant1	12.30	0.15	12.45	13.00	
NVNT	n40	5755	Ant1	11.36	0.29	11.65	12.00	
NVNT	n40	5795	Ant1	11.26	0.28	11.54	12.00	
NVNT	ac20	5745	Ant1	12.26	0.14	12.40	13.00	
NVNT	ac20	5785	Ant1	12.22	0.15	12.37	13.00	
NVNT	ac20	5825	Ant1	12.26	0.14	12.40	13.00	
NVNT	ac40	5755	Ant1	11.25	0.28	11.53	12.00	
NVNT	ac40	5795	Ant1	11.27	0.28	11.55	12.00	
NVNT	ac80	5775	Ant1	10.15	0.55	10.70	11.00	

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune up
NVNT	а	5745	Ant2	12.38	0.13	12.51	13.00
NVNT	а	5785	Ant2	12.34	0.13	12.47	13.00
NVNT	а	5825	Ant2	12.36	0.13	12.49	13.00
NVNT	n20	5745	Ant2	12.30	0.15	12.45	13.00
NVNT	n20	5785	Ant2	12.22	0.15	12.37	13.00
NVNT	n20	5825	Ant2	12.28	0.15	12.43	13.00
NVNT	n40	5755	Ant2	11.22	0.29	11.51	12.00
NVNT	n40	5795	Ant2	11.23	0.29	11.52	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5745	Ant2	12.28	0.14	12.42	13.00
NVNT	ac20	5785	Ant2	12.26	0.14	12.40	13.00
NVNT	ac20	5825	Ant2	12.17	0.14	12.31	13.00
NVNT	ac40	5755	Ant2	11.33	0.28	11.61	12.00
NVNT	ac40	5795	Ant2	11.15	0.28	11.43	12.00
NVNT	ac80	5775	Ant2	10.03	0.55	10.58	11.00

MIMO

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)		Total Power (dBm)		Tune up
			Ant1	Ant2	Ant1+Ant2	
NVNT	n20	5745	12.25	12.45	15.36	16.00
NVNT	n20	5785	12.40	12.37	15.40	16.00
NVNT	n20	5825	12.45	12.43	15.45	16.00
NVNT	n40	5755	11.65	11.51	14.59	15.00
NVNT	n40	5795	11.54	11.52	14.54	15.00
NVNT	ac20	5745	12.40	12.42	15.42	16.00
NVNT	ac20	5785	12.37	12.40	15.40	16.00



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NVNT	ac20	5825	12.40	12.31	15.37	16.00
NVNT	ac40	5755	11.53	11.61	14.58	15.00
NVNT	ac40	5795	11.55	11.43	14.50	15.00
NVNT	ac80	5775	10.70	10.58	13.65	14.00

Note:

a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.8G (802.11a):

Duty	cycl	e =9	6.9	4%

Ref Offset 3.11 dB Odd/div Ref 25.00 dBm 09 00	Mkr1 497.0 µ -16.42 dB
50	
	l I
50	
50	
enter 5.785000000 GHz es BW 8 MHz #VBW 8.0 MHz Sweep 1	Span 0 0.00 ms (10001 p
	TION VALUE
1 N t 497.0 μs -16.42 dBm 2 Δ1 t (Δ) 1.393 ms (Δ) 14.53 dB	
3 Δ1 t (Δ) 1.437 ms (Δ) 30.67 dB	





7.1.4. Conducted Power Measurement Results(Bluetooth)

+ HE Lah)	+ HALLAD	Thirt	+ HILL		
Condition	dition Mode Fre		Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up	
NVNT	1-DH5	2402	Ant1	0.28	1.00	
NVNT	1-DH5	2441	Ant1	0.69	1.00	
NVNT	1-DH5	2480	Ant1	0.88	1.50	
NVNT	2-DH5	2402	Ant1	-0.87	-0.50	
NVNT	2-DH5	2441	Ant1	-0.45	0.00	
NVNT	2-DH5	2480	Ant1	-0.21	0.50	
NVNT	3-DH5	2402	Ant1	-1.04	-0.50	
NVNT	3-DH5	2441	Ant1	-0.53	0.00	
NVNT	3-DH5	2480	Ant1	-0.31	0.00	

BLE

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up
		2402	Ant1	0.67	1.00
BLE 1M	Ant1	2440	Ant1	0.68	1.00
-miles (f)		2480	Ant1	-0.31	0.00











7.2. Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and Product specific 10g SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

Γ	MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm	
	150	39	77	116	155	194		13
	300	27	55	82	110	137	1	Lab
	450	22	45	67	89	112	1	
	835	16	33	49	66	82	1	
	900	16	32	47	63	79		
	1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion	
Γ	1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)	
	2450	10	19	29	38	48	1	
	3600	8	16	24	32	40		
	5200	7	13	20	26	33		
Γ	5400	6	13	19	26	32]	
	5800	6	12	19	25	31		
								可检测服
	MHz	30	35	40	45	50	mm	LCS Testing
	150	232	271	310	349	387		rea.
	300	164	192	219	246	274		
	450	134	157	179	201	224		
Γ	835	98	115	131	148	164		
	900	95	111	126	142	158		
Γ	1500	73	86	98	110	122	SAR Test	
	1900	65	76	87	98	109	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	
	2450	57	67	77	86	96	1	
	3600	47	55	63	71	79		
	5200	39	46	53	59	66		13
Г	5400	39	45	52	58	65		Lab



When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



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The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz.

	07		, St E	Non	10101		Cono	nus i	01 10	0 1011	L . C. V	GHZ	ana	200			
MHz	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	mm	
100	474	481	487	494	501	507	514	<u></u> б21	527	534	541	547	554	561	567		
150	387	397	407	417	427	437	447	457	467	477	487	497	507	517	527		
300	274	294	314	334	354	374	394	414	434	454	474	494	514	534	554		
450	224	254	284	314	344	374	404	434	464	494	524	554	584	614	644		
835	164	220	275	331	387	442	498	554	609	665	721	776	832	888	943		
900	158	218	278	338	398	458	518	578	638	698	758	818	878	938	998		
1500	122	222	322	422	522	622	722	822	922	1022	1122	1222	1322	1422	1522	mW	
1900	109	209	309	409	509	609	709	809	909	1009	1109	1209	1309	1409	1509		
2450	96	196	296	396	496	596	696	796	896	996	1096	1196	1296	1396	1496		
3600	79	179	279	379	479	579	679	779	879	979	1079	1179	1279	1379	1479		
5200	66	166	266	366	466	566	666	766	866	966	1066	1166	1266	1366	1466		
5400	65	165	265	365	465	565	665	765	865	965	1065	1165	1265	1365	1465		
5800	62	162	262	362	462	562	662	762	862	962	1062	1162	1262	1362	1462		

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and > 50 mm

Freq. Band	Frequency (MHz)	Position	Test Separation (mm)	Max Power (dBm)	Max Power (mW)	Exclusion Threshold (mW)	Exclusion (Yes/No)
	2480	Rear side	5	1.5	1.41	10	Yes
	2480	Left side	193	1.5	1.41	1496	Yes
BT	2480	Right side	40	1.5	1.41	77	Yes
	2480	Top side	5	1.5	1.41	10	Yes
	2480	Bottom side	157	1.5	1.41	1166	Yes
	2462	Rear side	5	16.0	39.81	10	No
Wi-Fi	2462	Left side	193	16.0	39.81	1496	Yes
2.4G	2462	Right side	40	16.0	39.81	77 cs Test	Yes
ANT 1	2462	Top side	5	16.0	39.81	10	No
	2462	Bottom side	157	16.0	39.81	1166	Yes
	2462	Rear side	5	16.5	44.67	10	No
Wi-Fi	2462	Left side	145	16.5	44.67	1046	Yes
2.4G	2462	Right side	90	16.5	44.67	496	Yes
ANT 2	2462	Top side	5	16.5	44.67	10	No
	2462	Bottom side	157	16.5	44.67	1166	Yes
	5240	Rear side	5	13.0	19.95	7	No
Wi-Ei	5240	Left side	193	13.0	19.95	1466	Yes
5.2G	5240	Right side	40	13.0	19.95	53	Yes
ANT 1	5240	Top side	5	13.0	19.95	7	No No
	5240	Bottom side	157	13.0	19.95	1136	Yes



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	5240	Rear side	5	13.0	19.95	7	No
Wi-Fi	5240	Left side	145	13.0	19.95	1016	Yes
5.2G	5240	Right side	90	13.0	19.95	466	Yes
ANT 2	5240	Top side	5	13.0	19.95	7	No
	5240	Bottom side	157	13.0	19.95	1136	Yes
	5825	Rear side	5	13.0	19.95	6	No
Wi-Fi	5825	Left side	193	13.0	19.95	1462	Yes
5.8G	5825	Right side	40	13.0	19.95	50	Yes
ANT 1	5825	Top side	5	13.0	19.95	6	No
	5825	Bottom side	157	13.0	19.95	1132	Yes
	5825	Rear side	5	13.0	19.95	6	No
Wi-Fi	5825	Left side	145	13.0	19.95	1012	Yes
5.8G	5825	Right side	90	13.0	19.95	462	🙌 Yes
ANT 2	5825	^V ℃Top side	5 5	13.0	19.95	6	No No
	5825	Bottom side	157 💋 🗸	⁵ 13.0	19.95	1132	Yes

From what is shown in the table above, we can draw the conclusion that:

	EUT Sides for	or SAR Te	sting				
Mode	Exposure Condition	Front	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
BT	Body	N/A	No	No	No	No	No
WIFI 2.4G Ant1	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WIFI 2.4G Ant2	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WIFI 5.2G Ant1	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WIFI 5.2G Ant2	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WIFI 5.8G Ant1	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
WIFI 5.8G Ant2	Body	N/A	Yes	No	No	Yes	No

EUT Sides for SAR Testing.

Note:

According to KDB616217, exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.



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7.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10} Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

Ptarget is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift) Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

7.3.1. SAR Results [WIFI 2.4G]

	SAR Values [WIFI 2.4G]-ANT1											
Ch/	Channel	Test	Duty	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)				
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Cycle Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported			
		measured	I / reported S	AR numbers -	Body (distand	ce 0mm)						
1/2412	802.11b	Rear side	1.004	15.70	16.00	-0.06	1.072	0.145	0.156			
1/2412	802.11b	Top side	1.004	15.70	16.00	-0.15	1.072	0.088	0.095			

			SAR V	alues [WIFI 2.4	IG]-ANT2				
Ch/	Channel	Test	Duty Cycle	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} res	ults(W/kg)
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported
		meas	sured / reported	I SAR numbers	- Body (distan	ce 0mm)			
1/2412	802.11b	Rear side	1.004	15.90	16.50	0.05	1.148	0.149	0.172
1/2412	802.11b	Top side	1.004	15.90	16.50	0.14	1.148	0.094	0.108

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.

2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.



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7.3.2. SAR Results [WIFI 5.2G]

	SAR Values [WIFI 5.2G]-ANT1											
Ch/	Channel	Test	Duty Cycle	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} res	ults(W/kg)			
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported			
		meas	sured / reported	SAR numbers	- Body (distan	ce 0mm)						
36/5180	802.11a	Rear side	1.032	12.71	13.00	0.19	1.069	0.114	0.126			
36/5180	802.11a	Top side	1.032	12.71	13.00	0.00	1.069	0.048	0.053			

			SA	R Values [WIF	5.2G]-ANT2				
Ch/	Ch/ Channel Test		Duty Cycle	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported
			measured / repo	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (dis	tance 0mm)			
40/5200	802.11a	Rear side	1.032	12.57	13.00	0.15	1.104	0.120	0.137
40/5200	802.11a	Top side	1.032	12.57	13.00	0.20	1.104	0.055	0.063

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.

2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required

7.3.3. SAR Results [WIFI 5.8G]

7.3.3. SAR	Results [W	IFI 5.8G]	一位测股份	3		一场测服份			小利服务
			SAR	Values [WIFI 5	5.8G]-ANT1				
Ch/	Channel	Test	Duty Cycle	Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} resu	lts(W/kg)
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported
		mea	sured / reporte	d SAR numbei	rs - Body (dist	ance 0mm)			
157/5785	802.11a	Rear side	1.032	12.56	13.00	0.14	1.107	0.132	0.151
157/5785	802.11a	Top side	1.032	12.56	13.00	-0.19	1.107	0.062	0.071

			SA	R Values [WIF	5.8G]-ANT2				
Ch/	Ch/ Channel Test			Conducted	Maximum Allowed	PowerDrift	Scaling	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
Freq. (MHz)	Туре	Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	(%)	Factor	Measured	Reported
			measured / repo	orted SAR numb	ers - Body (dis	tance 0mm)			
149/5745	802.11a	Rear side	1.032	12.51	13.00	0.07	1.119	0.141	0.163
149/5745	802.11a	Top side	1.032	12.51	13.00	0.15	1.119	0.065	0.075

Note:

The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.

1) 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required



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7.4. Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

7.4.1. Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

NO.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Body
1	WiFi 2.4G Ant1+WiFi 2.4G Ant2	Yes
2	WiFi 5G Ant1+WiFi 5G Ant2	
3	WiFi 2.4G Ant2+Bluetooth	Yes
4	WiFi 5G Ant2+Bluetooth	Yes
5	WiFi 2.4G Ant1+WiFi 5G Ant2	Yes
6	WiFi 5G Ant2+WiFi 2.4G Ant1	Yes
ote:	Little Anglab	Little CS Testing Lab

- 1) Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G ANT1 and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.
- 2) The device does not support DTM function.







7.4.2. Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\frac{f(GHz)/x]} W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. **Estimated SAR Result**

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	max. power (dBm)	max. power (mw)	Test Separation (mm)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	2.48	1.5	1.41	5	0.059
7.4.3. Simul	taneous Transmis	sion SAR Su	Immation Sce	enario	

7.4.3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario

				Anten	na SARmax (W/kg)			
Test positio	ion	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		WLAN 2.4G	WLAN 2.4G	WLAN 5.2G	WLAN 5.2G	WLAN 5.8G	WLAN 5.8G	BT
		Ant1	Ant2	Ant1	Ant2	Ant1	Ant2	Ant1
	ar side	0.156	0.172	0.126	0.137	0.151	0.163	0.059
Body Top	p side	0.095	0.108	0.053	0.063	0.071	0.075	0.059

		rop oldo	0.000	0.10	•	0.000	•		0.011		0.010	0.000	
	TH	检测股份		古田检测股的 1001-00			古田检测股份				· 女刑检测股的		
X	Test position			Summed 1g SARmax (W/kg)									
			1+2	3+4	5+6	2+7	4+7	6+7	1+4	1+6	2+3	2+5	
Ī	Body	Back side	e 0.328	0.263	0.314	0.231	0.196	0.222	0.293	0.319	0.298	0.323	
	Body	Top side	0.203	0.116	0.146	0.167	0.122	0.134	0.158	0.170	0.161	0.179	











APPENDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS



APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS

APPENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS



