

## **FCC ID : 2AC47-Z2101**

### **RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION**

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range(MHz)	Electric Field Strength(V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength(A/m)	Power Density(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time
<b>(A) Limits for Occupational/Control Exposures</b>				
<b>300-1500</b>	--	--	<b>F/300</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>1500-100000</b>	--	--	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrol Exposures</b>				
<b>300-1500</b>	--	--	<b>F/1500</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>1500-100000</b>	--	--	<b>1</b>	<b>30</b>

**11.1 Friis transmission formula:  $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * R^2)$**

Where

$P_d$ = Power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$P_{out}$ =output power to antenna in mW

$G$ = Numeric gain of the antenna relative to isotropic antenna

$\pi$ =3.1416

R= distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd the limit of MPE,  $1\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ , If we know the maximum gain of the nd total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

## 11.2 Measurement Result

WIFI2.4G

Antenna gain: 7.0 dBi

Measured power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain Numeric	Evaluation result (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power density Limits (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
20.74	19 to 21	21	5.01	0.126	1

WIFI5.1G

Antenna gain: 7.0 dBi

Measured power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain Numeric	Evaluation result (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power density Limits (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
12.25	11 to 13	13	5.01	0.0199	1

WIFI5.8G

Antenna gain: 7.0 dBi

Measured power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain Numeric	Evaluation result (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power density Limits (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
12.59	11 to 13	13	5.01	0.0199	1

CONCLUSION of simultaneous transmitter

Both of the module 1 and module 2 can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

$CPD1/LPD1 + CPD2/LPD2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore the worst-case situation is  $0.126 / 1.00 + 0.0199 / 1.00 = 0.1459$ , which is less than "1",  
This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.