



MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15.247 Bluetooth

FCC ID:	2ABZGB8402
APPLICANT:	GINWAVE MOBILE(HK) LIMITED

Application Type: Certification
Product: Mobile Phone
Model No.: B8402
Brand Name: Bitel
FCC Classification: FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS)
FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15.247
Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.10-2009, DA 00-705
Test Date: March 10 ~ 15, 2014

Reviewed By : Sunny Sun
(Engineer: Sunny Sun)
Approved By : Robin Wu
(Manager: Robin Wu)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10-2009 and DA 00-705. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
1403RSU00701	Rev. 01	Initial report	03-16-2014
1403RSU00701	Rev. 02	Revised output power limit	03-25-2014

§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	GINWAVE MOBILE(HK) LIMITED
Applicant Address:	ROOM 1701, 17/F, HENAN BUILDING, 90 JAFFE ROAD, WANCHAI, HONGKONG
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Ginwave Mobile Technology Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	No.C. 4/F, R2-A, Gaoxin S 7th Ave 020, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China
MRT Registration No.:	809388
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.247
Model No.	B8402
FCC ID:	2ABZGB8402
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering
FCC Classification:	FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)
Method/System:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)
Date(s) of Test:	March 10 ~ 15, 2014
Test Report S/N:	1403RSU00701

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2009 on September 30, 2013.



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name	Mobile Phone
Model No.	B8402
Brand Name	Bitel
Antenna Type	Internal
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version	V3.0
Type of modulation	FHSS
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)
Antenna Gain	0.25dBi

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is the **Mobile Phone FCC ID: 2ABZGB8402**. The test data contained in this report pertains only to the emissions due to the EUT's Bluetooth transmitter.

- 15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.
- 15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.
- 15.247(h): The EUT employs Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) which identifies sources of interference namely devices operating in 802.11 WLAN and excludes them from the list of available channels. The process of re-mapping reduces the number of test channels from 79 channels to a minimum number of 20 channels.

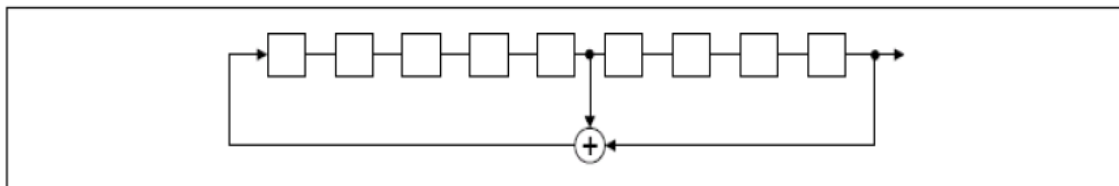
2.2. Frequency / Channel Opreation

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
00	2402 MHz	01	2403 MHz	02	2404 MHz
03	2405 MHz	04	2406 MHz	05	2407 MHz
06	2408 MHz	07	2409 MHz	08	2410 MHz
09	2411 MHz	10	2412 MHz	11	2413 MHz
12	2414 MHz	13	2415 MHz	14	2416 MHz
15	2417 MHz	16	2418 MHz	17	2419 MHz
18	2420 MHz	19	2421 MHz	20	2422 MHz
21	2423 MHz	22	2424 MHz	23	2425 MHz
24	2426 MHz	25	2427 MHz	26	2428 MHz
27	2429 MHz	28	2430 MHz	29	2431 MHz
30	2432 MHz	31	2433 MHz	32	2434 MHz
33	2435 MHz	34	2436 MHz	35	2437 MHz
36	2438 MHz	37	2439 MHz	38	2440 MHz
39	2441 MHz	40	2442 MHz	41	2443 MHz
42	2444 MHz	43	2445 MHz	44	2446 MHz
45	2447 MHz	46	2448 MHz	47	2449 MHz
48	2450 MHz	49	2451 MHz	50	2452 MHz
51	2453 MHz	52	2454 MHz	53	2455 MHz
54	2456 MHz	55	2457 MHz	56	2458 MHz
57	2459 MHz	58	2460 MHz	59	2461 MHz
60	2462 MHz	61	2463 MHz	62	2464 MHz
63	2465 MHz	64	2466 MHz	65	2467 MHz
66	2468 MHz	67	2469 MHz	68	2470 MHz
69	2471 MHz	70	2472 MHz	71	2473 MHz
72	2474 MHz	73	2475 MHz	74	2476 MHz
75	2477 MHz	76	2478 MHz	77	2479 MHz
78	2480 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2.3. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

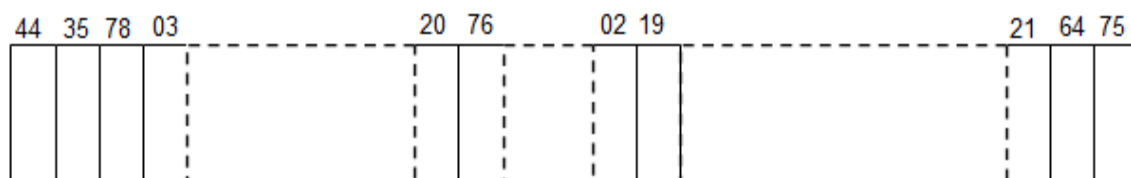
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their Corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

2.4. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

850/1900 GSM/GPRS, 850/1900 WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+, 802.11b/g/n WLAN (DTS), Bluetooth (1x, EDR)

2.5. Test Configuration

The Mobile Phone FCC ID: 2ABZGB8402 was tested per the guidance of ANSI C63.10-2009 and DA 00-705. ANSI C63.10-2009 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.6. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was engineering order by mobile phone.

2.7. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.8. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase.

However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the trade name and FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5).

Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2009), and the “Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems” (DA 00-705) were used in the measurement of the **Mobile Phone FCC ID: 2ABZGB8402**.

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-Std-285. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. If the EUT is a DC-powered device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply line(s) will be connected to the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The spectrum was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz with a spectrum analyzer. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 10kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or resolution, clock or data exchange speed, scrolling H pattern to the EUT and/or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions is used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.11.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. An MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beamwidth of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- The antenna of the Mobile Phone is **permanently attached**.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The **Mobile Phone FCC ID: 2ABZGB8402** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101209	1 year	2014/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101683	1 year	2014/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101684	1 year	2014/11/08
Temperature/ Meter Humidity	Anymetre	TH101B	SR2-01	1 year	2014/11/15

Radiated Emission

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4447A	MY45300136	1 year	2014/11/08
Preamplifier	MRT	AP01G18	1310002	1 year	2014/10/07
Preamplifier	MRT	AP18G40	1310003	1 year	2014/10/07
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-041	1 year	2014/11/24
TRILOG Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	9162-047	1 year	2014/11/24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1167	1 year	2014/11/24
Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-549	1 year	2014/12/11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	AC1-01	1 year	2014/11/15

Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY5144016A	1 year	2014/12/14
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY52450003	1 year	2014/12/14
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	TR3-01	1 year	2014/11/15

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 150kHz~30MHz: $\pm 3.46\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: $\pm 4.2\text{dB}$ 1GHz ~ 40GHz: $\pm 4.8\text{dB}$

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Company Name: GINWAVE MOBILE(HK) LIMITED
FCC ID: 2ABZGB8402
Method/System: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)
Number of Channels: 79

FCC Part Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	20dB Bandwidth	< 1 MHz only if using less than 15 non- overlapping channels	Conducted	PASS	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(1)	Peak Transmitter Output Power	<1 Watt if > 75 non-overlapping channels used		PASS	Section 7.3
15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	> 2/3 of 20 dB BW for systems with Output Power < 125mW		PASS	Section 7.4
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Channels	> 15 Channels		PASS	Section 7.5
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy	< 0.4 sec in 31.6 sec period		PASS	Section 7.6
15.247(d)	Band Edge / out- of-Band Emissions	Conducted $\geq$ 20dBc		PASS	Section 7.7, Section 7.8
15.205 15.209	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	RADIATED	PASS	Section 7.9, Section 7.10
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz – 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.11

Notes:

- 1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables and attenuators.

7.2. 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible 20dB bandwidth is 1 MHz, unless more than 15 non-overlapping channels are employed.

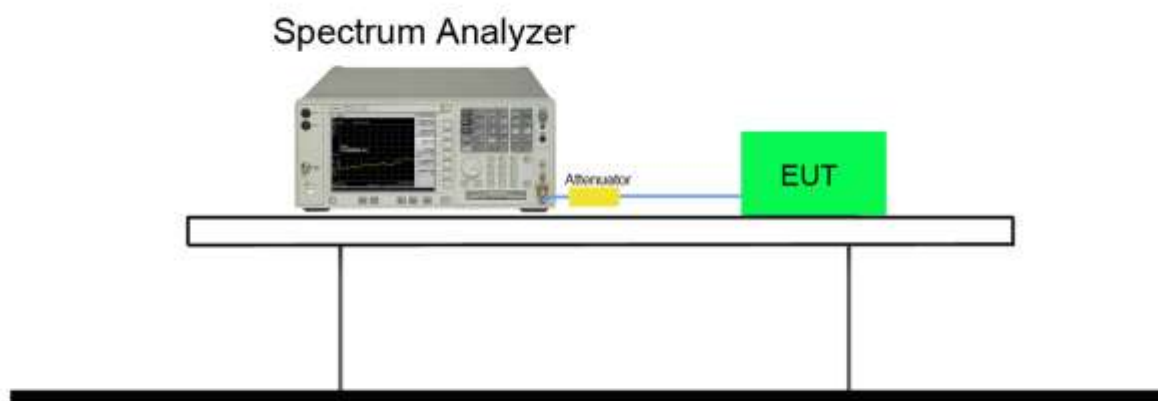
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 6.9.1

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. Set RBW $\geq 1\%$ of the 20dB bandwidth
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. Allow the trace to stabilize
8. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 20 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

7.2.4. Test Setup



7.2.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Result
DH5	1	00	2402	887.9	Pass
DH5	1	39	2441	882.9	Pass
DH5	1	78	2480	882.6	Pass
2DH5	2	00	2402	1176.3	Pass
2DH5	2	39	2441	1178.5	Pass
2DH5	2	78	2480	1182.1	Pass
3DH5	3	00	2402	1189.9	Pass
3DH5	3	39	2441	1194.2	Pass
3DH5	3	78	2480	1198.1	Pass

DH5 20dB Bandwidth

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)

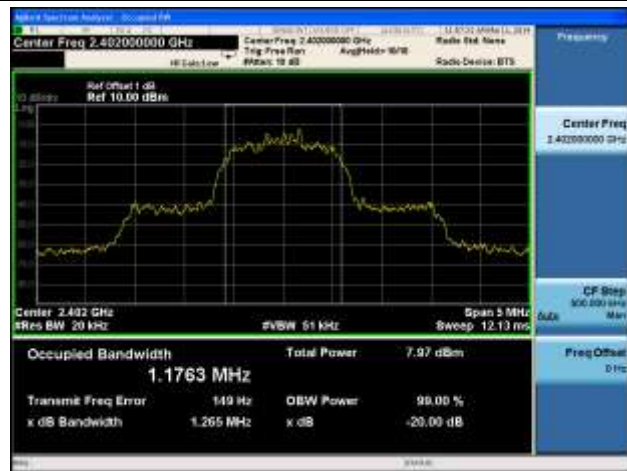


Channel 78 (2480MHz)



2DH5 20dB Bandwidth

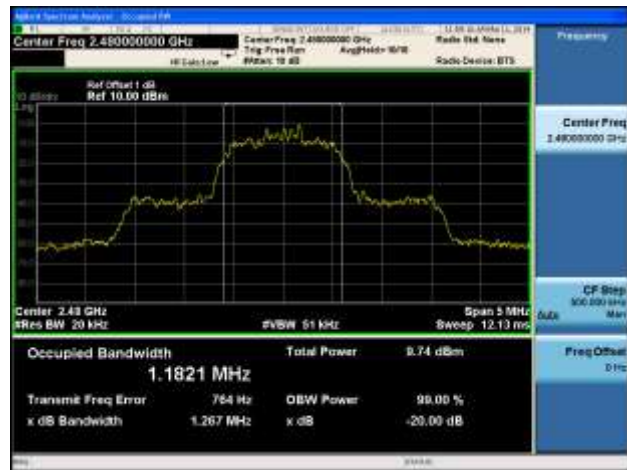
Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)

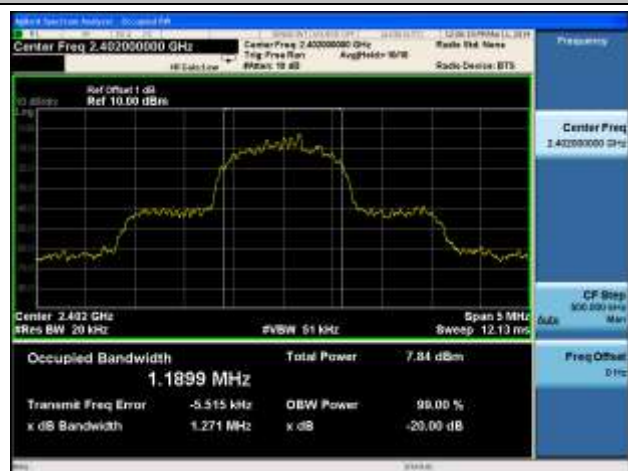


Channel 78 (2480MHz)

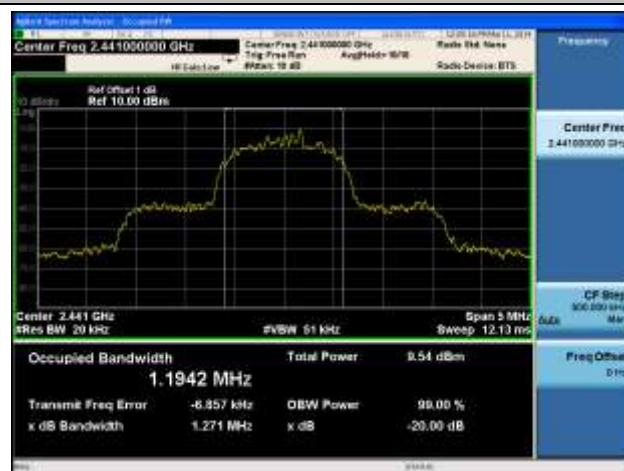


3DH5 20dB Bandwidth

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The maximum out power permissible output power is 1 Watt for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels.

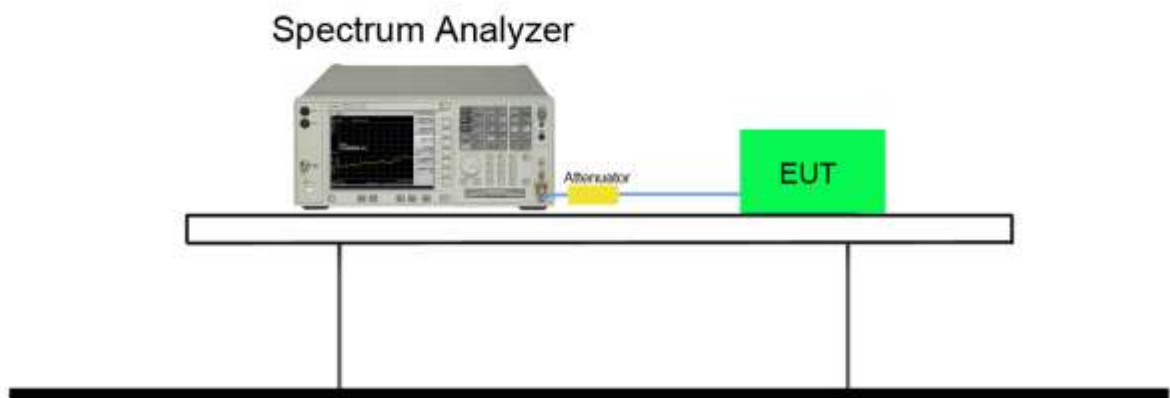
7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 6.10.1

7.3.3. Test Setting

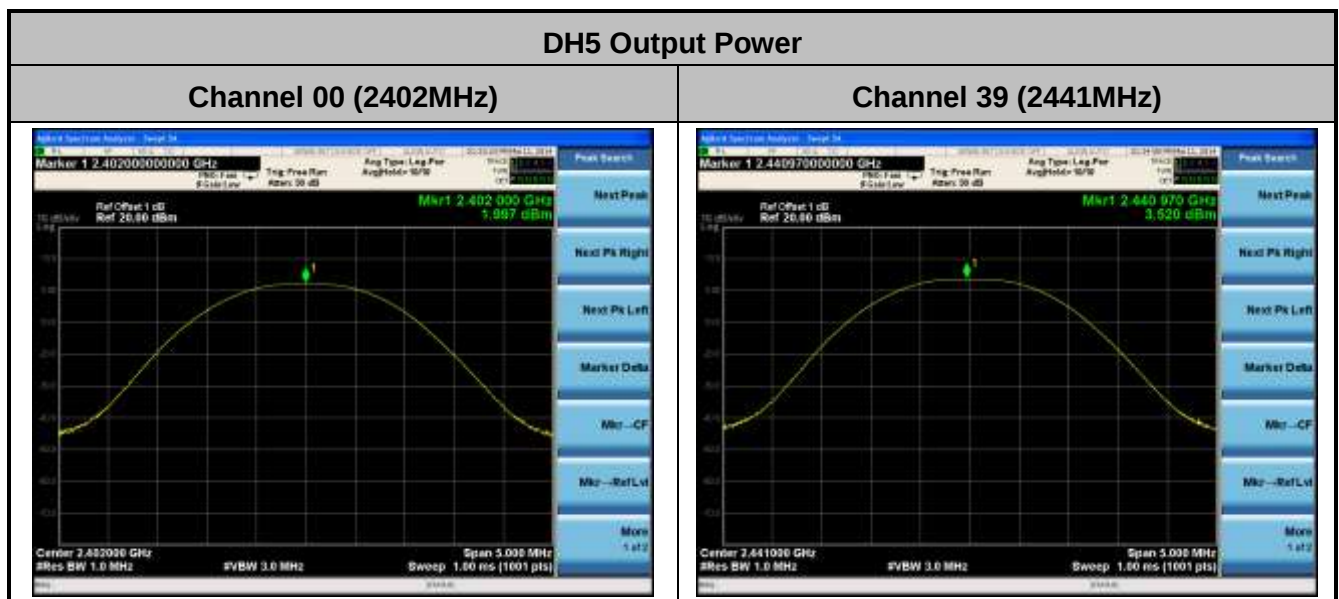
1. Set RBW $\geq$ the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power (don't forget added the external attenuation and cable loss)

7.3.4. Test Setup



7.3.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Peak Power	
				(dBm)	(mw)
DH5	2402	1.0	00	1.997	1.584
DH5	2441	1.0	39	3.520	2.249
DH5	2480	1.0	78	3.420	2.198
2DH5	2402	2.0	00	1.925	1.558
2DH5	2441	2.0	39	3.435	2.205
2DH5	2480	2.0	78	3.342	2.159
3DH5	2402	3.0	00	1.931	1.560
3DH5	2441	3.0	39	3.466	2.221
3DH5	2480	3.0	78	3.407	2.191



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



2DH5 Output Power

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



3DH5 Output Power

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



7.4. Carrier Frequency Separation Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

The minimum permissible channel separation for this system is 2/3 the value of the 20dB BW.

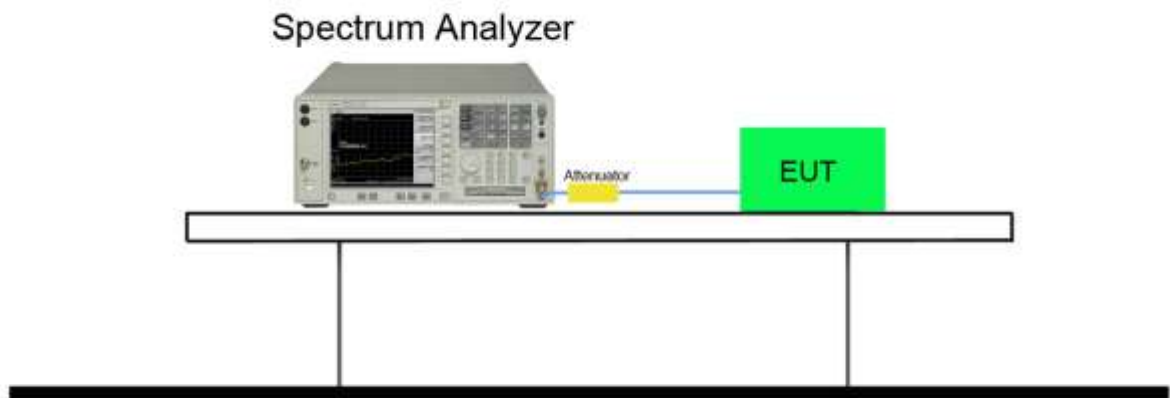
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.7.2

7.4.3. Test Setting

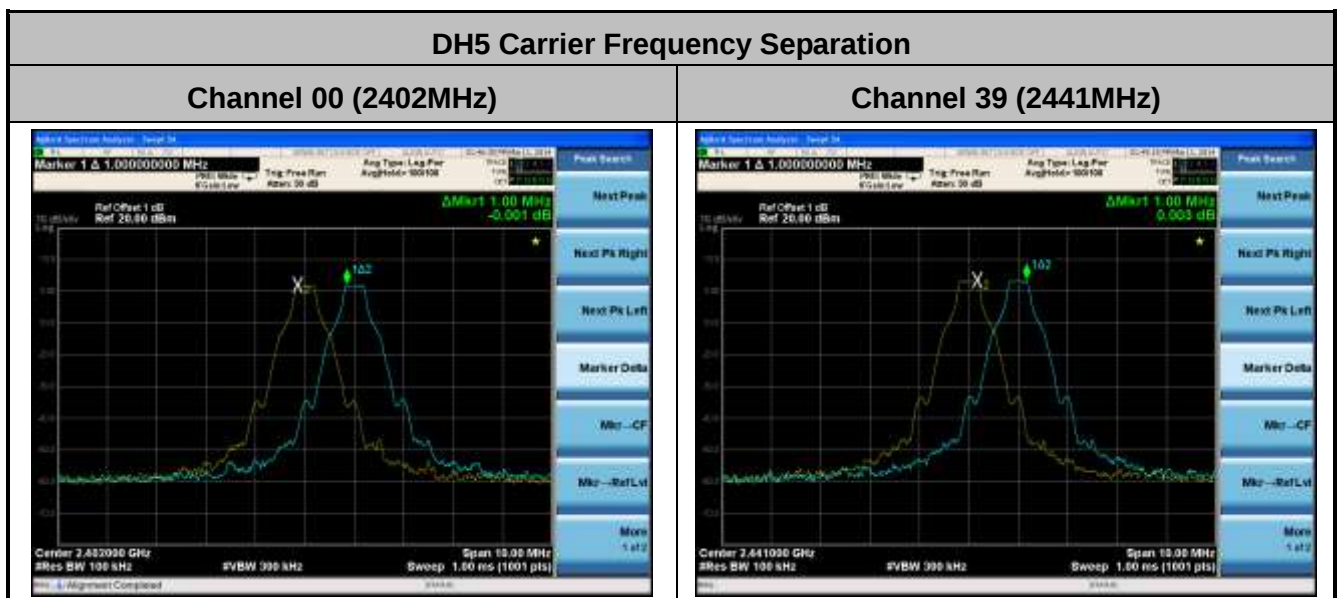
1. Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
2. RBW ≥ 1 % of the span
3. VBW $\geq$ RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

7.4.4. Test Setup



7.4.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Limit (KHz)	Result
DH5	2402	1.0	00	≥ 591.9	Pass
DH5	2441	1.0	39	≥ 588.6	Pass
DH5	2480	1.0	78	≥ 588.4	Pass
2DH5	2402	2.0	00	≥ 784.2	Pass
2DH5	2441	2.0	39	≥ 785.7	Pass
2DH5	2480	2.0	78	≥ 788.1	Pass
3DH5	2402	3.0	00	≥ 793.3	Pass
3DH5	2441	3.0	39	≥ 796.1	Pass
3DH5	2480	3.0	78	≥ 798.7	Pass



Channel 78 (2480MHz)

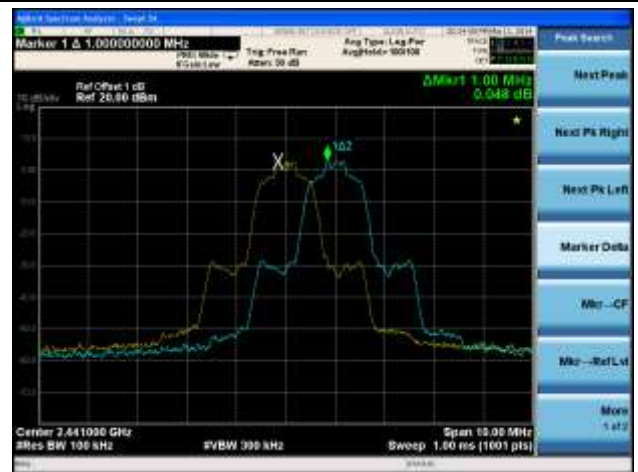


2DH5 Carrier Frequency Separation

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)

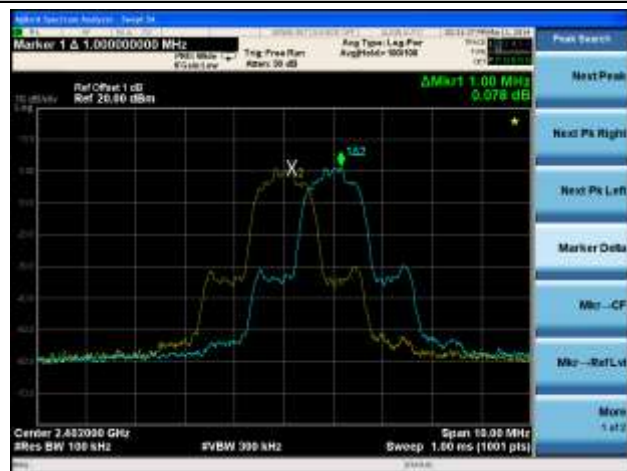


Channel 78 (2480MHz)

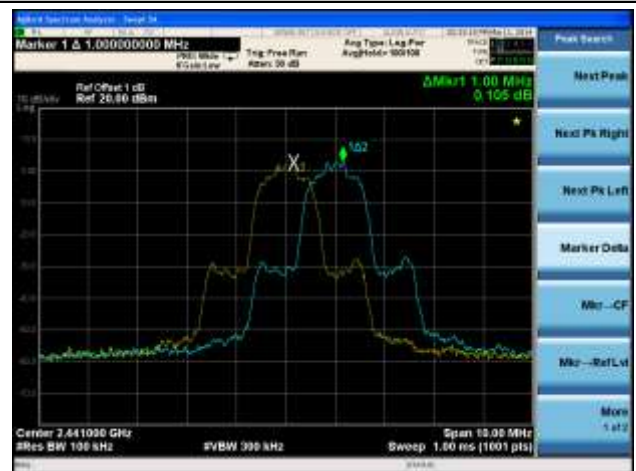


3DH5 Carrier Frequency Separation

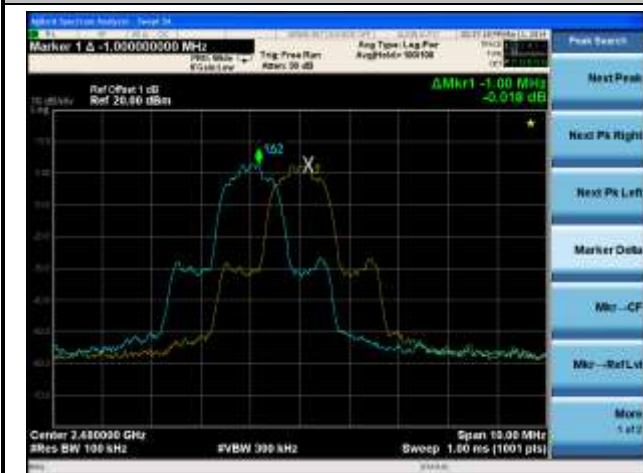
Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



7.5. Number of Hopping Channels Measurement

7.5.1. Test Limit

This frequency hopping system must employ a minimum of 15 hopping channels.

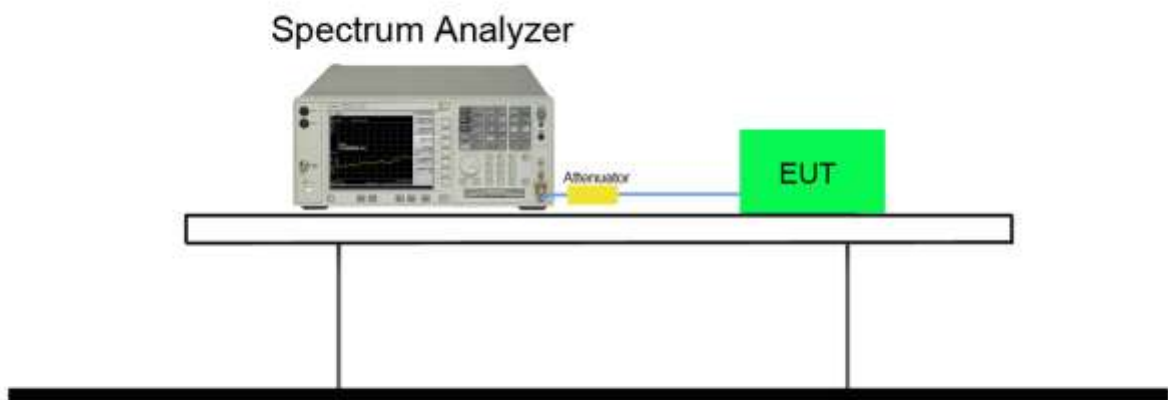
7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.7.3

7.5.3. Test Settling

1. Span = the frequency band of operation.
2. RBW $\geq$ 1 % of the span
3. VBW $\geq$ RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize

7.5.4. Test Setup

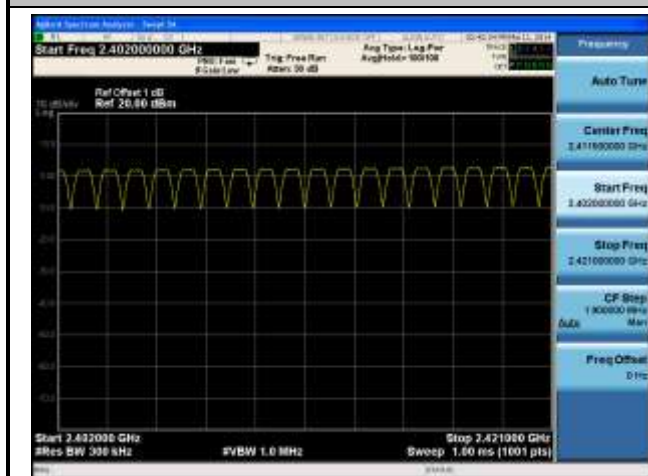


7.5.5. Test Result

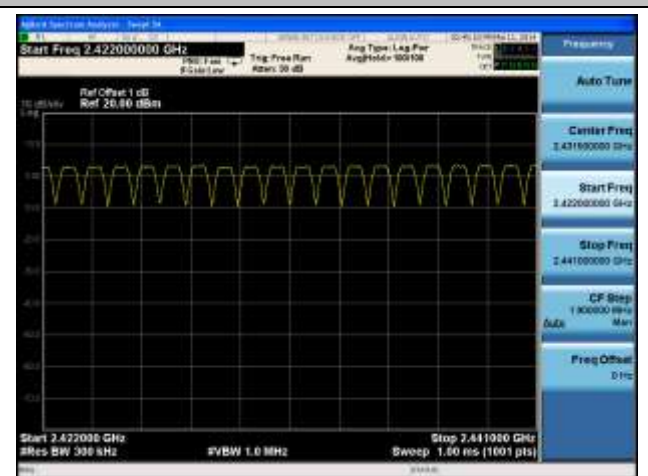
Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Limit (Hopping Channels)	Result
DH5	2402~2480	1.0	79	≥ 15	Pass
2DH5	2402~2480	2.0	79	≥ 15	Pass
3DH5	2402~2480	3.0	79	≥ 15	Pass

DH5 Number of Hopping Channels

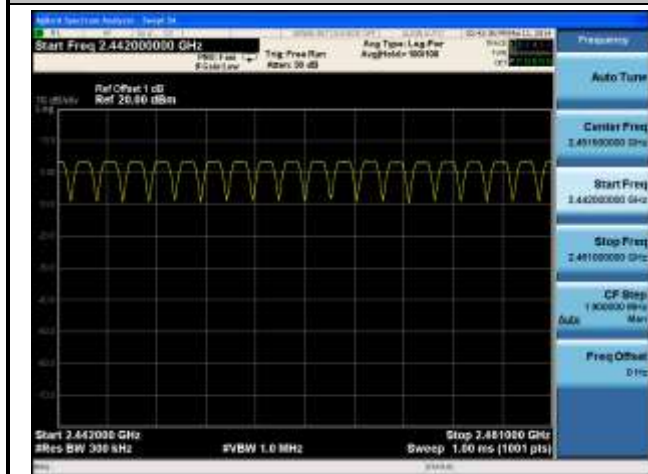
2402 ~ 2421MHz



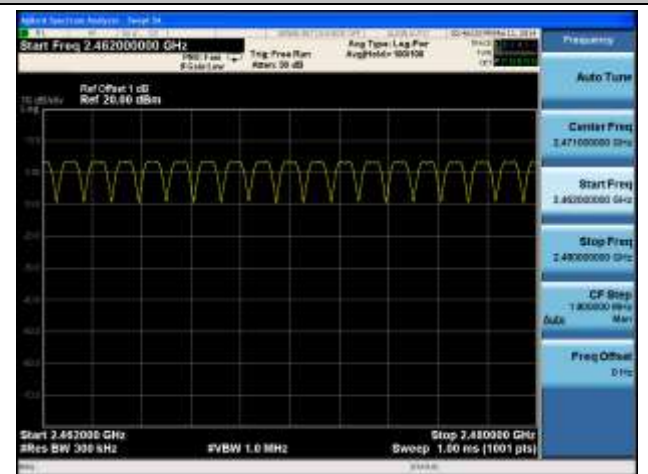
2422 ~ 2441MHz



2442 ~ 2461MHz

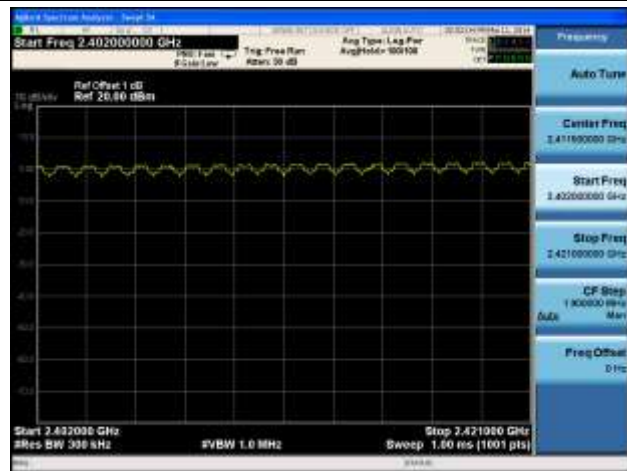


2462 ~ 2480MHz

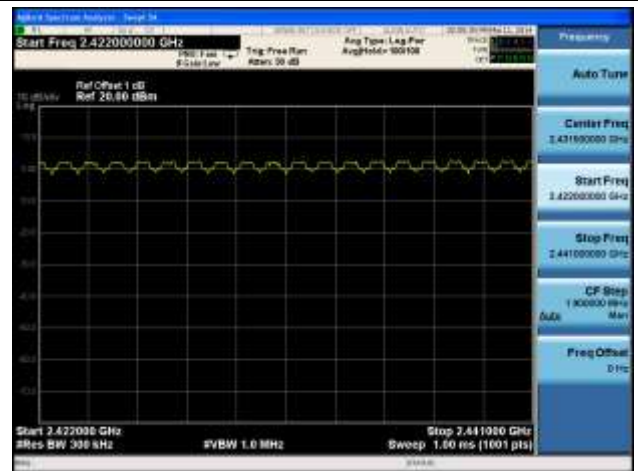


2DH5 Number of Hopping Channels

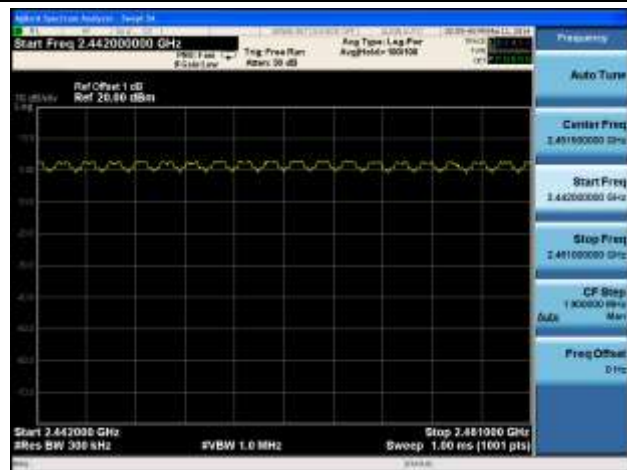
2402 ~ 2421MHz



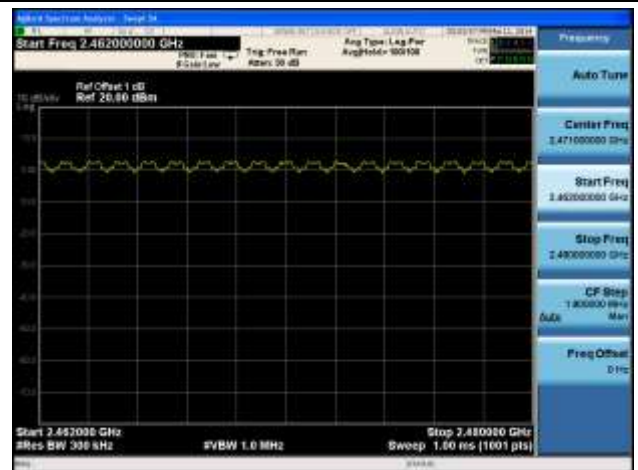
2422 ~ 2441MHz



2442 ~ 2461MHz

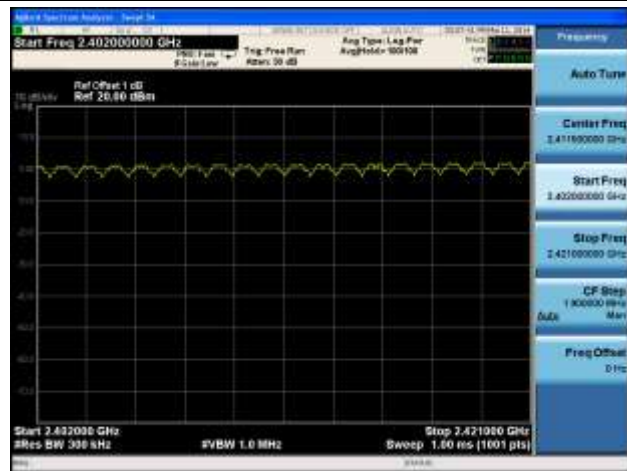


2462 ~ 2480MHz

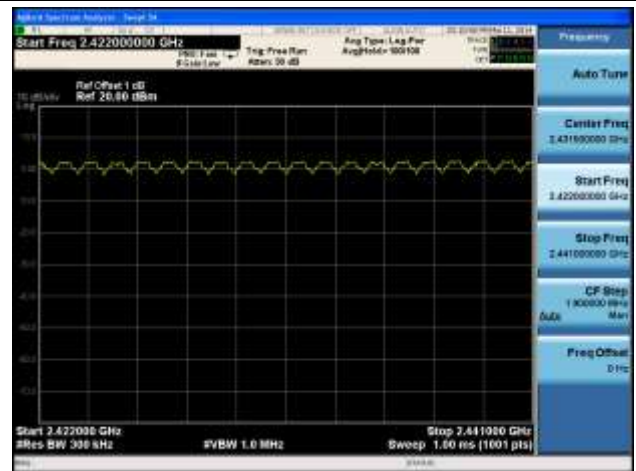


3DH5 Number of Hopping Channels

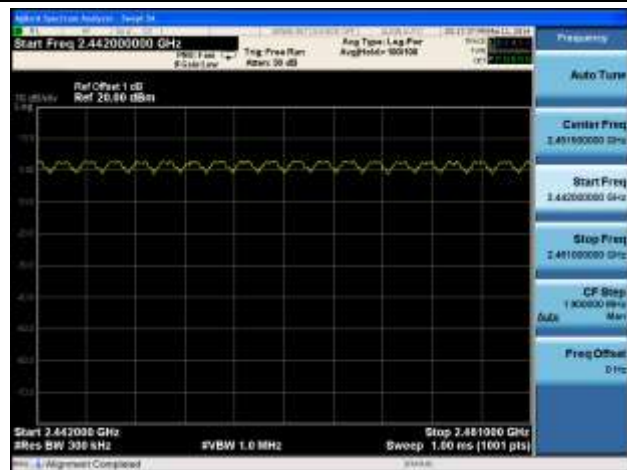
2402 ~ 2421MHz



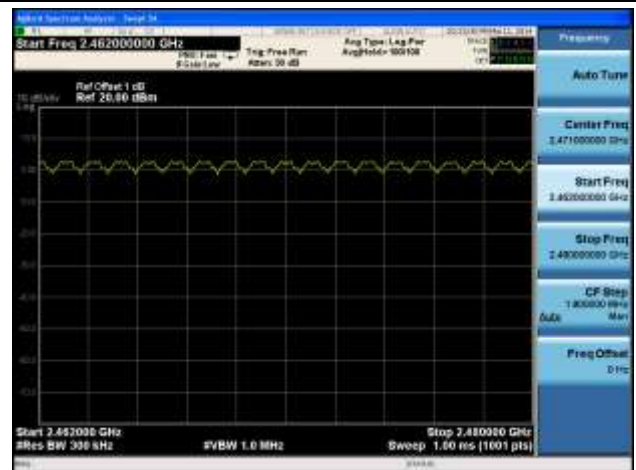
2422 ~ 2441MHz



2442 ~ 2461MHz



2462 ~ 2480MHz



7.6. Time of Occupancy Measurement

7.6.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400ms within a period of 400ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

7.6.2. Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.7.4

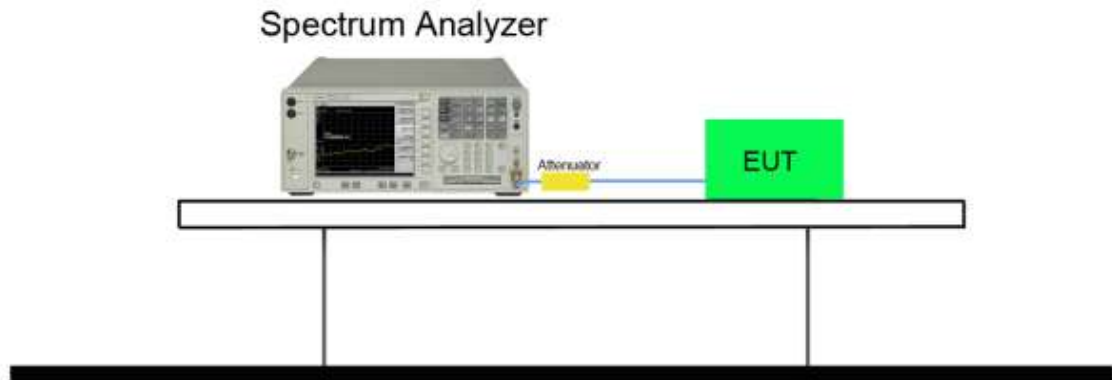
7.6.3. Test Settling

1. Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
2. RBW = 1MHz
3. VBW $\geq$ RBW
4. Sweep time = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
5. Detector = Peak
6. Trace mode = max hold

If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer. The EUT shall show compliance with the appropriate regulatory limit for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

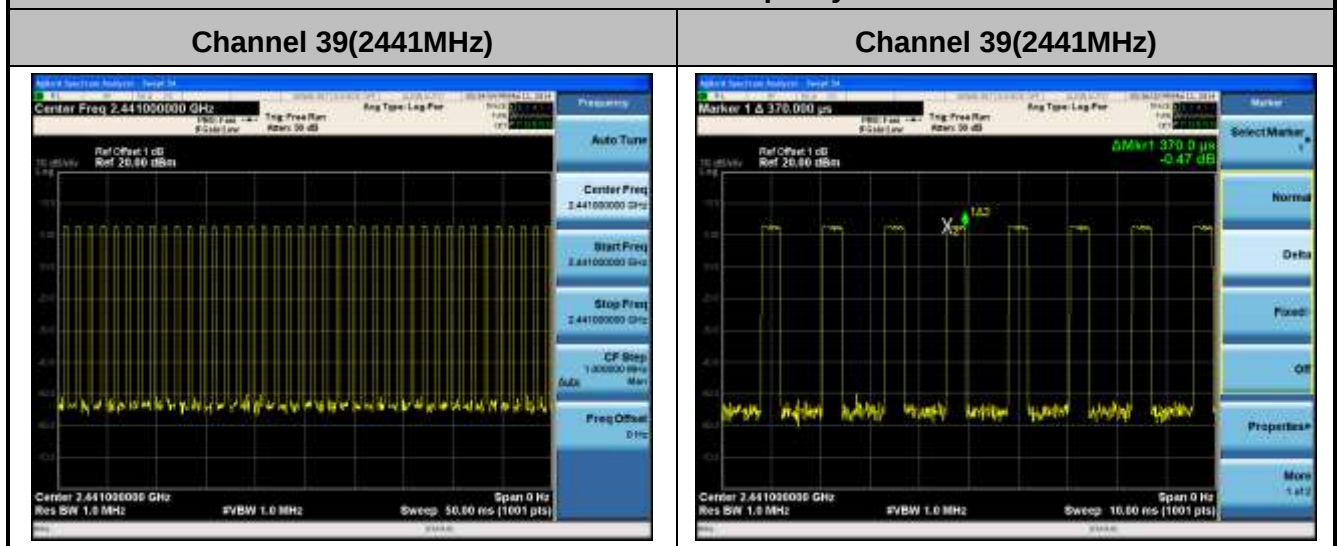
7.6.4. Test Setup



7.6.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Time of Occupancy (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
3DH1	2441	1.0	39	118.40	< 400	Pass
3DH3	2441	2.0	39	257.60	< 400	Pass
3DH5	2441	3.0	39	322.56	< 400	Pass

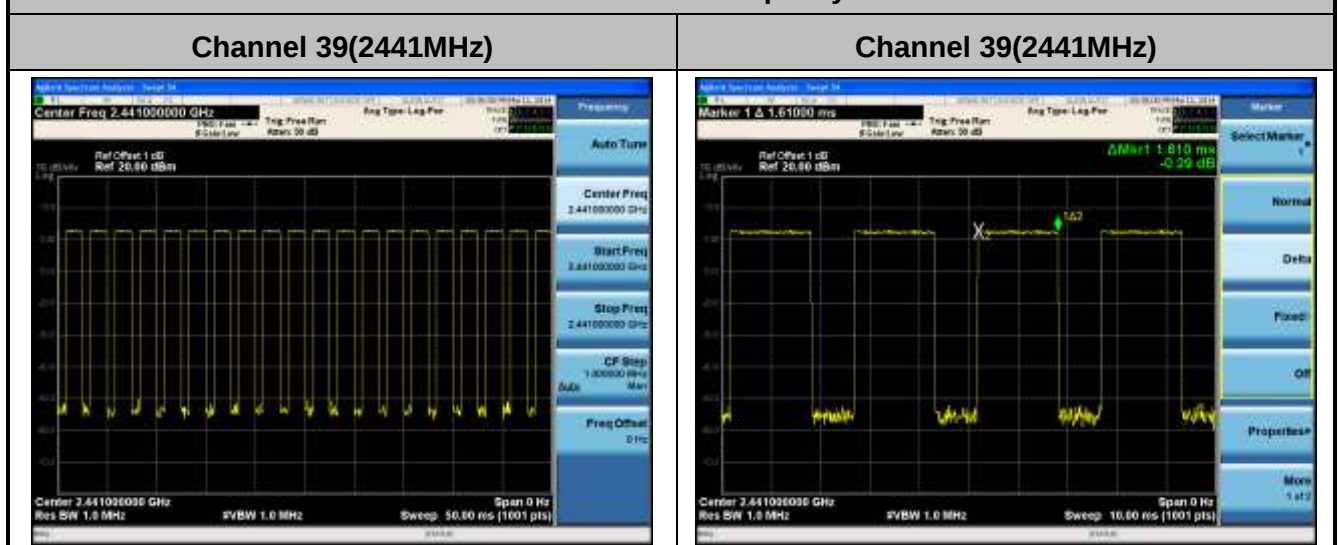
3DH1 Time of Occupancy



Note: Test Time Period: $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ sec, Hopping Times Within 1sec: $40/50$ msec = 800 hops/sec.

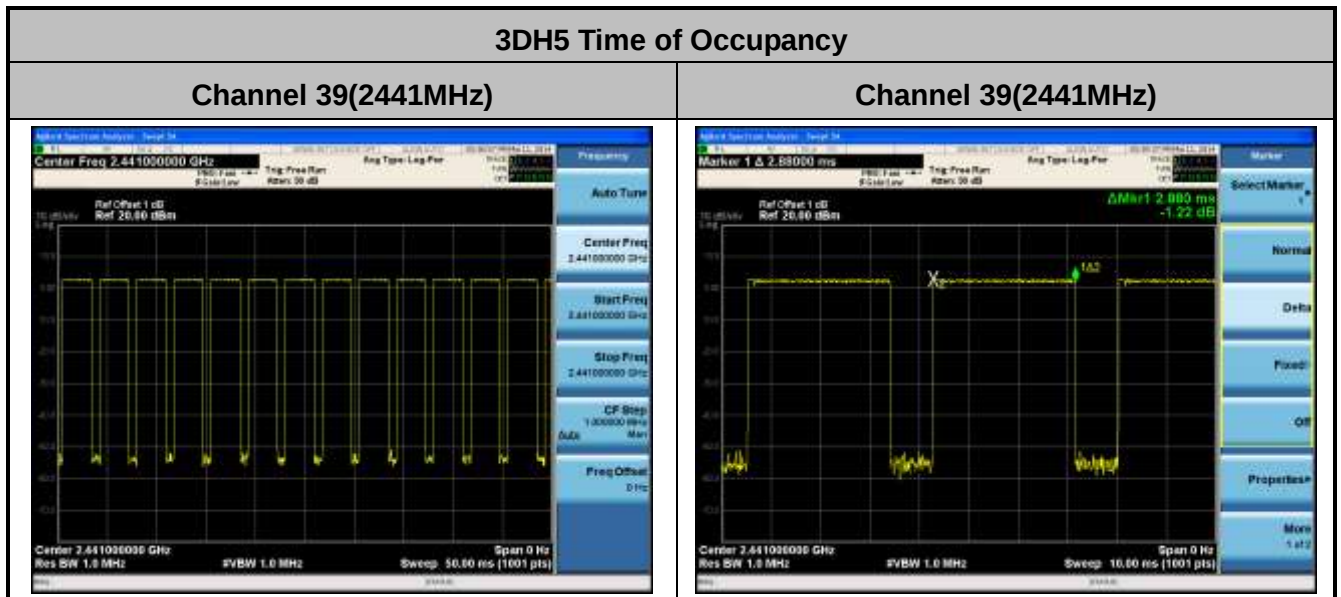
The Maximum Occupancy Time within 31.6sec: $[(0.370 \text{ ms} \times 800)/79] \times 31.6 = 118.40$ msec.

3DH3 Time of Occupancy



Note: Test Time Period: $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ sec, Hopping Times Within 1sec: $20/50$ msec = 400 hops/sec.

The Maximum Occupancy Time within 31.6sec: $[(1.61 \text{ ms} \times 400)/79] \times 31.6 = 257.60$ msec.



Note: Test Time Period: $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6 \text{ sec}$, Hopping Times Within 1sec: $14/50 \text{ msec} = 280 \text{ hops/sec}$.

The Maximum Occupancy Time within 31.6sec: $[(2.880 \text{ ms} \times 280)/79] \times 31.6 = 322.56 \text{ msec}$.

7.7. Band-edge Compliance Measurement

7.7.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible emission level is 20 dBc. Any emission lying outside of the emission bandwidth and in a restricted band is subject to a field strength limit specified in Section 15.209 of the Title 47 CFR.

7.7.2. Test Procedure Used

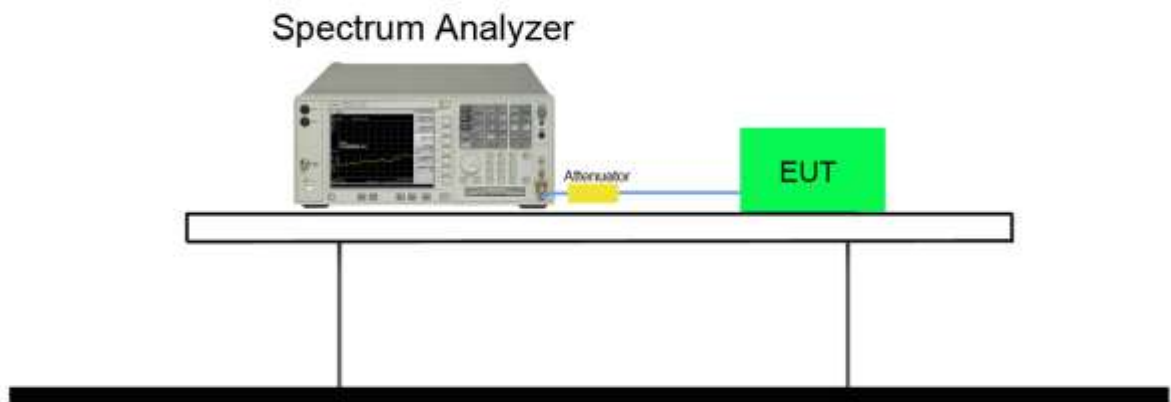
ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.7.9

7.7.3. Test Setting

1. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
2. RBW $\geq$ 1% of spectrum analyzer display span
3. VBW $\geq$ RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

7.7.4. Test Setup



7.7.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Limit	Result
DH5	1	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
DH5	1	78	2480	20dBc	Pass
2DH5	2	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
2DH5	2	78	2480	20dBc	Pass
3DH5	3	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
3DH5	3	78	2480	20dBc	Pass

DH5 Band-edge Compliance

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



2DH5 Band-edge Compliance

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



3DH5 Band-edge Compliance

Channel 00 (2402MHz)

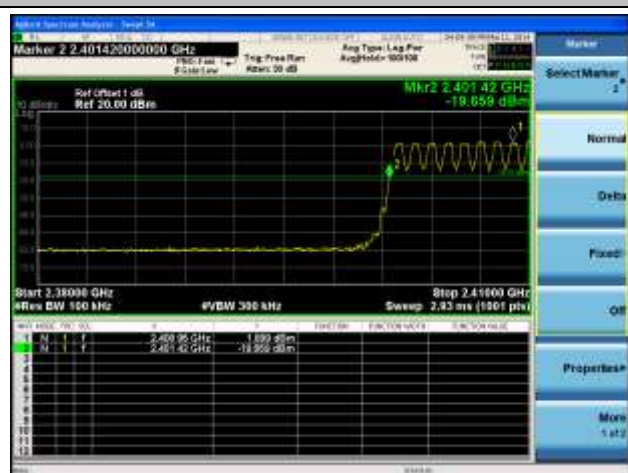


Channel 78 (2480MHz)

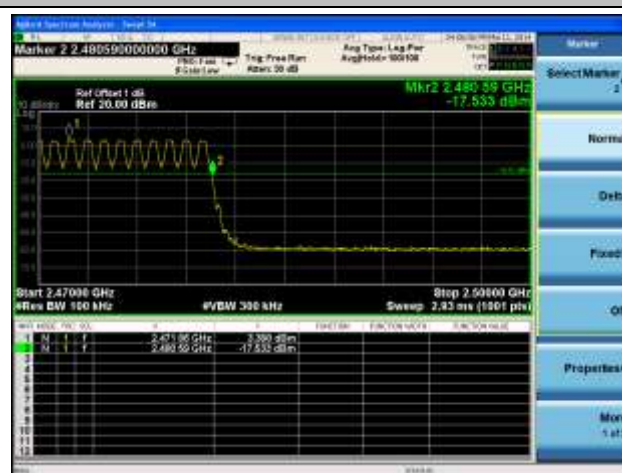


DH5 Band-edge Compliance within Hopping Mode

Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



7.8. Conducted Spurious Emissions Measurement

7.8.1. Test Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

7.8.2. Test Procedure Used

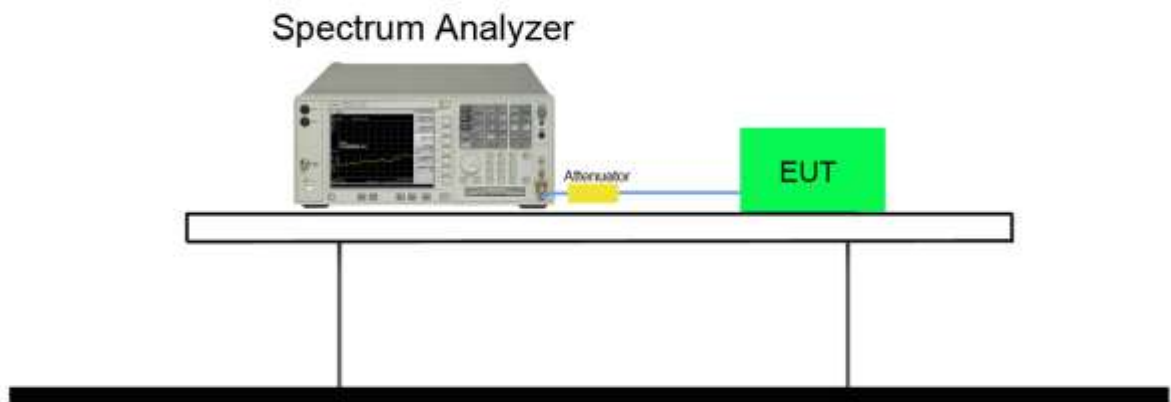
ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.7.10

7.8.3. Test Setting

1. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
2. RBW = 100 KHz
3. VBW $\geq$ RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this section.

7.8.4. Test Setup

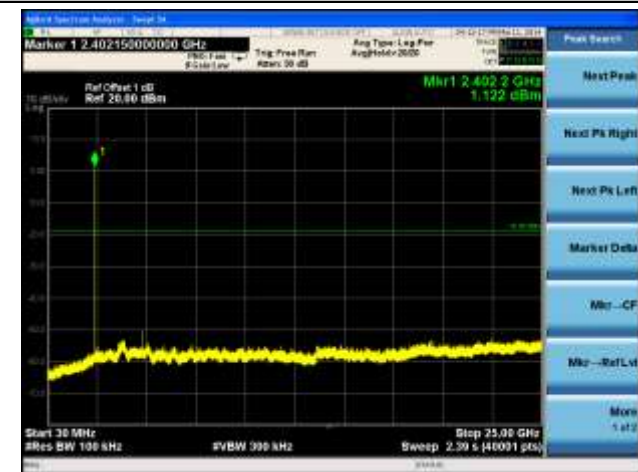


7.8.5. Test Result

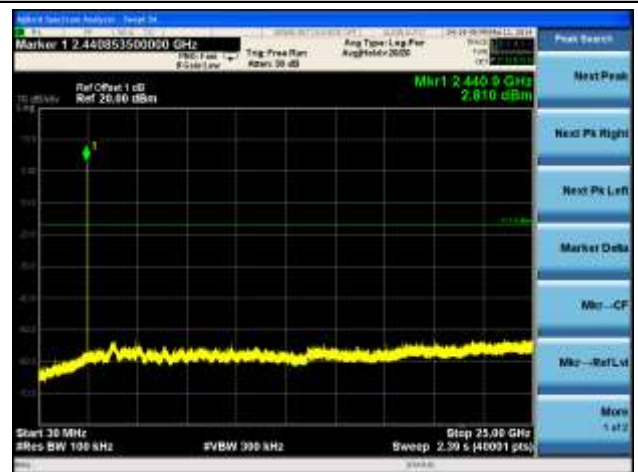
Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
DH5	1	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
DH5	1	39	2441	20dBc	Pass
DH5	1	78	2480	20dBc	Pass
2DH5	2	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
2DH5	2	39	2441	20dBc	Pass
2DH5	2	78	2480	20dBc	Pass
3DH5	3	00	2402	20dBc	Pass
3DH5	3	39	2441	20dBc	Pass
3DH5	3	78	2480	20dBc	Pass

DH5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

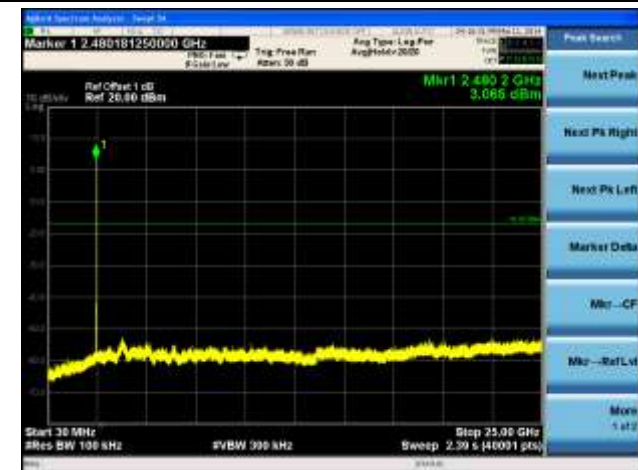
Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)

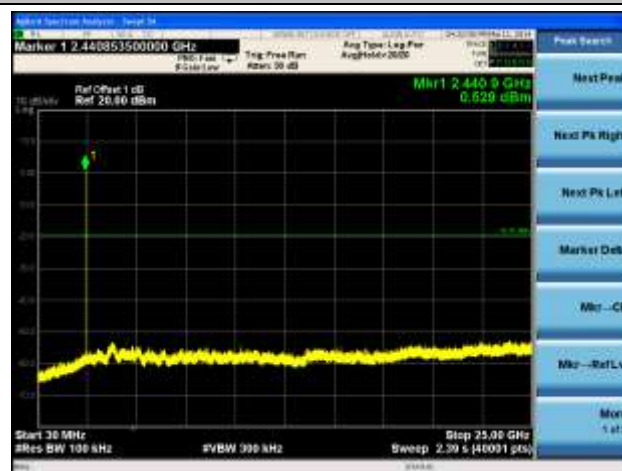


2DH5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

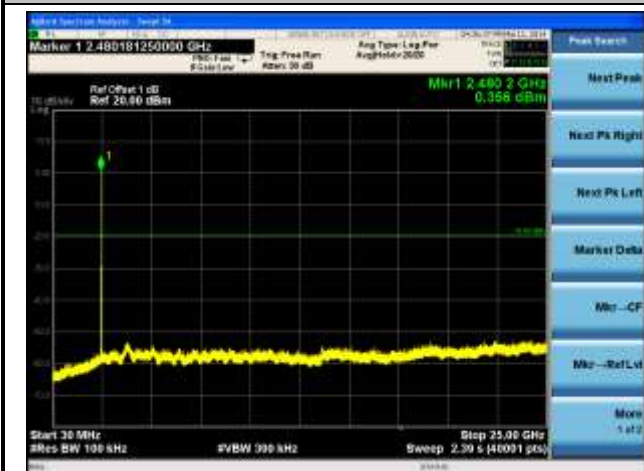
Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)

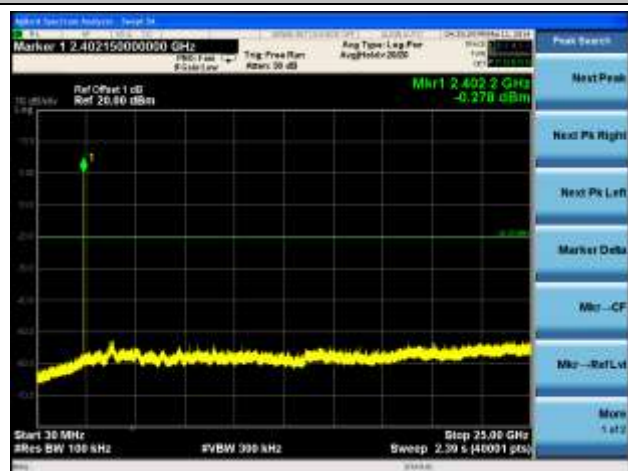


Channel 78 (2480MHz)

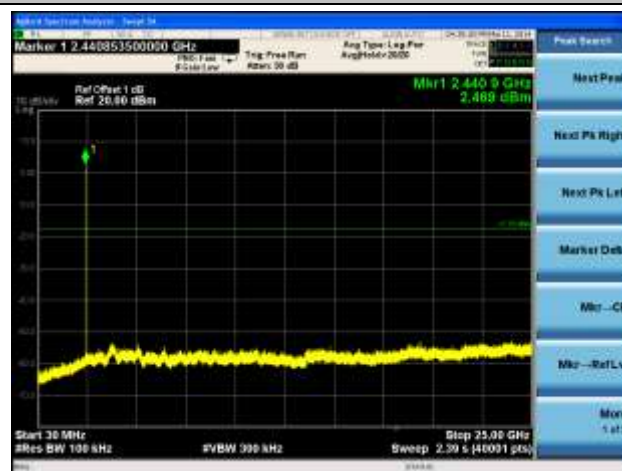


3DH5 Conducted Spurious Emissions

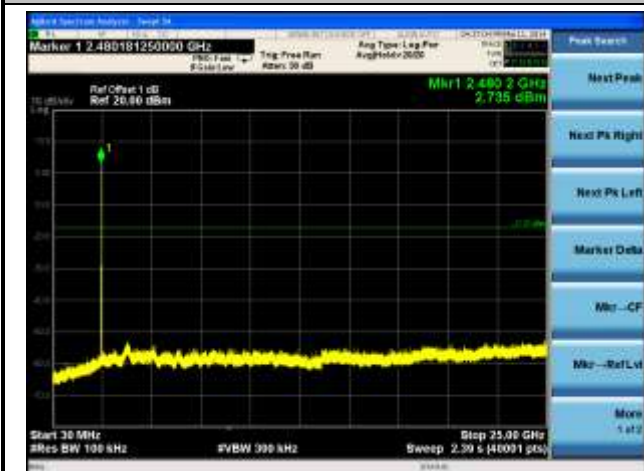
Channel 00 (2402MHz)



Channel 39 (2441MHz)



Channel 78 (2480MHz)



7.9. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

7.9.1. Test Limit

All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Table per Section 15.209.

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.209		
Frequency [MHz]	Field Strength [V/m]	Measured Distance [Meters]
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

7.9.2. Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.10-2009 – Section 7.10.1 & Section 7.10.2

7.9.3. Test Setting

Peak Field Strength Measurements

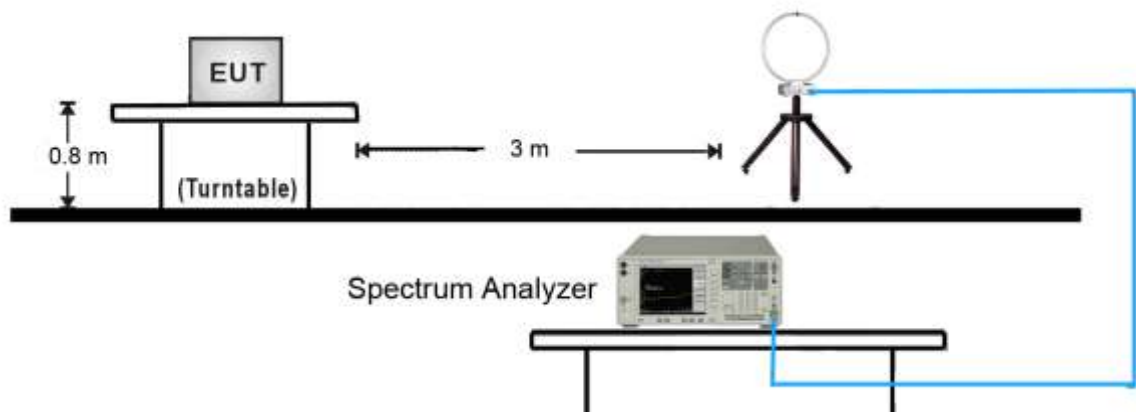
1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = 1MHz
3. VBW = 3MHz
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Average Field Strength Measurements

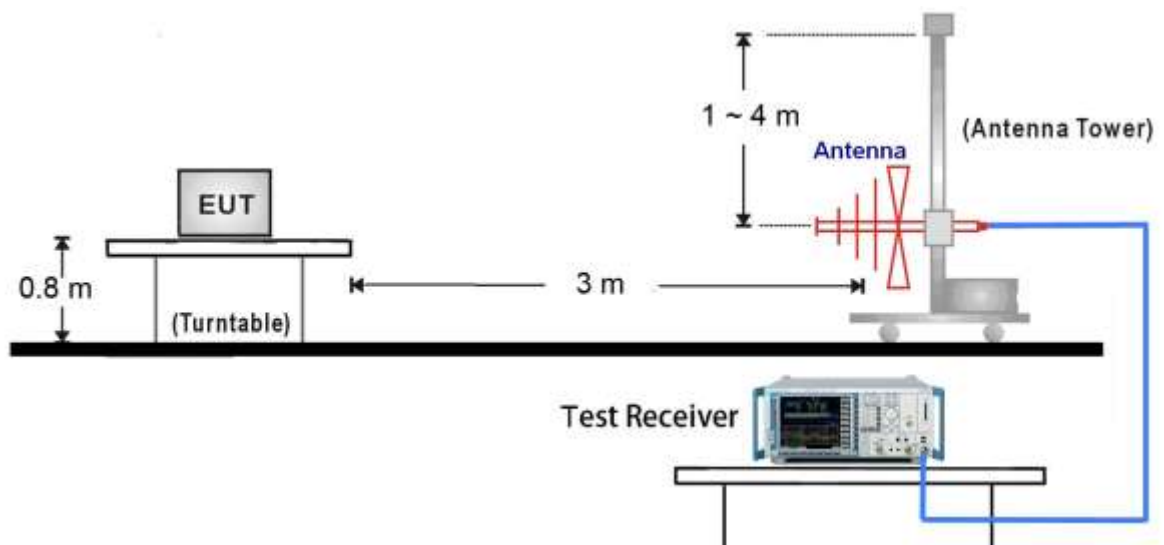
1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = 1MHz
3. VBW = 3MHz
4. Detector = power average (RMS)
5. Number of measurement points = 1001 (Number of points must be $> 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$)
6. Sweep time = auto
7. Trace (RMS) averaging was performed over at least 100 traces

7.9.4. Test Setup

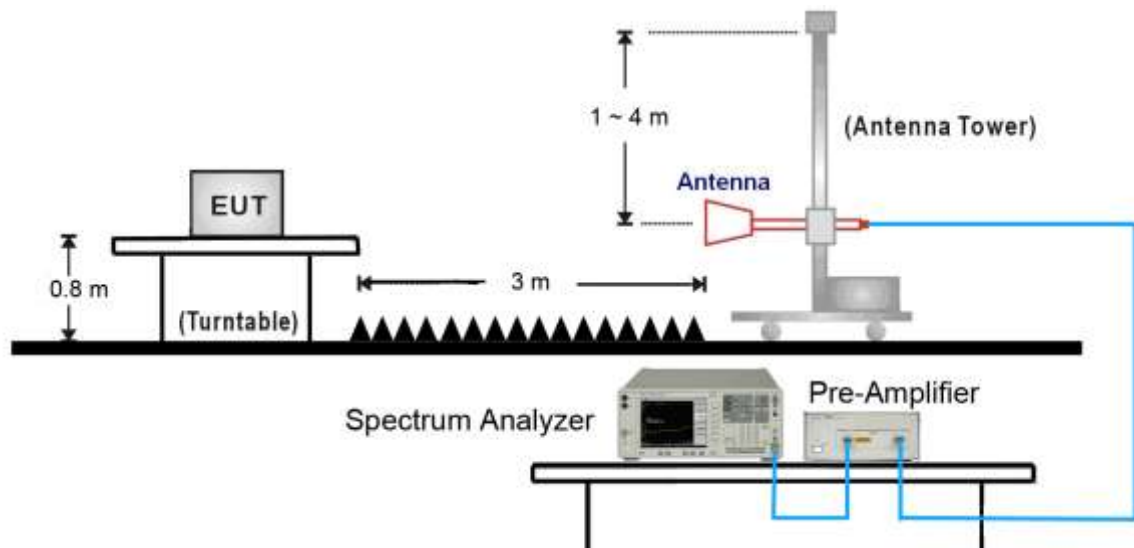
9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:



30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:



Above 1GHz Test Setup:



7.9.5. Test Result

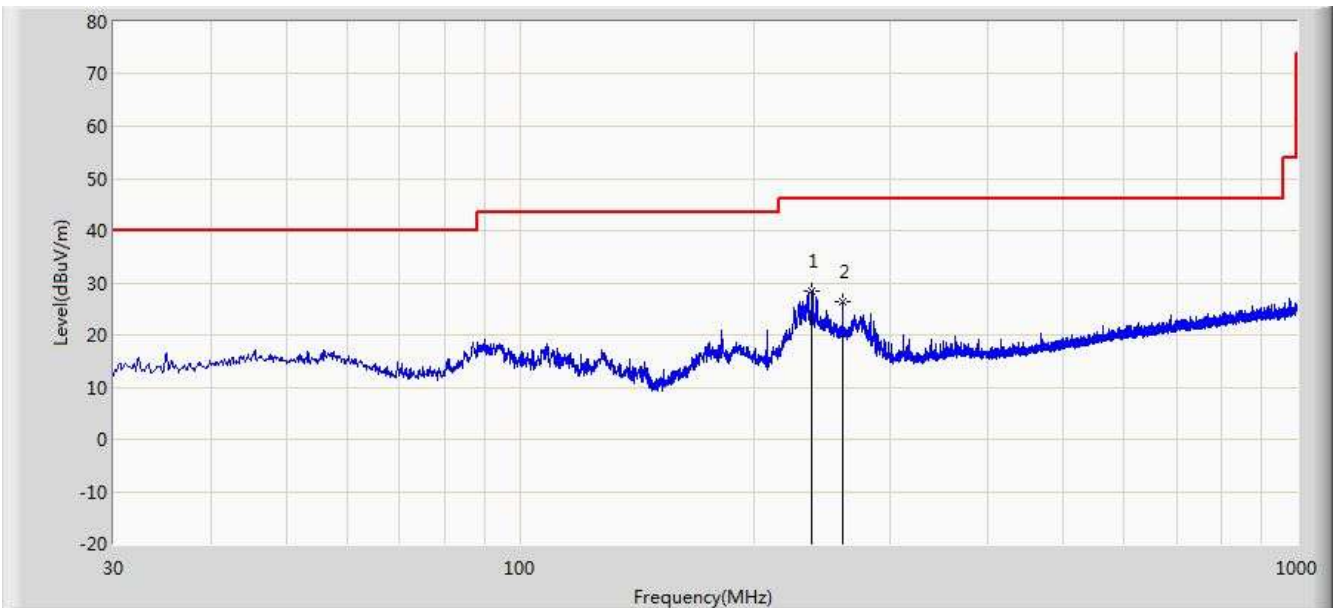
Test Mode:	DH5	Test Site:	AC1
Test Channel:	78	Test Engineer:	Roy Cheng
Remark:	1. Average measurement was not performed if peak level lower than average limit. 2. The worst case of Radiated Spurious Emission		

Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV/m)	Factor (dB)	Measure Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
*	3133.5	37.0	2.5	39.5	80.1	-40.6	Peak	Horizontal
*	3592.5	37.9	2.8	40.7	80.1	-39.4	Peak	Horizontal
	4960.0	35.7	5.4	41.1	74.0	-32.9	Peak	Horizontal
	7440.0	35.3	12.5	47.8	74.0	-26.2	Peak	Horizontal
*	3091.0	36.9	2.4	39.3	80.1	-40.8	Peak	Vertical
*	3550.0	36.9	2.9	39.8	80.1	-40.3	Peak	Vertical
	4960.0	35.2	5.4	40.6	74.0	-33.4	Peak	Vertical
	7440.0	34.1	12.5	46.6	74.0	-27.4	Peak	Vertical

Note: "*" is not in restricted band, its limit is 20dBc of the fundamental emission level (100.1dBμV/m).

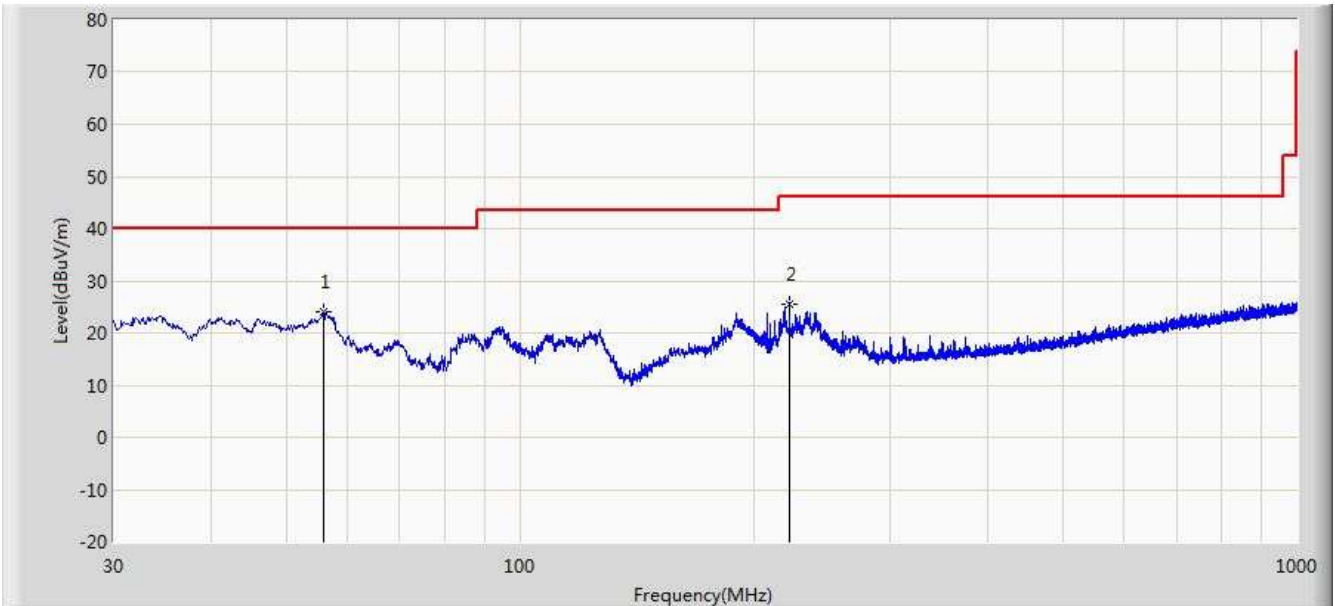
The worst case of Radiated Emission 9KHz ~ 1GHz and 18GHz ~ 25GHz:

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 11:10
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Margin: 0
Probe: VULB9162_0.03-8GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



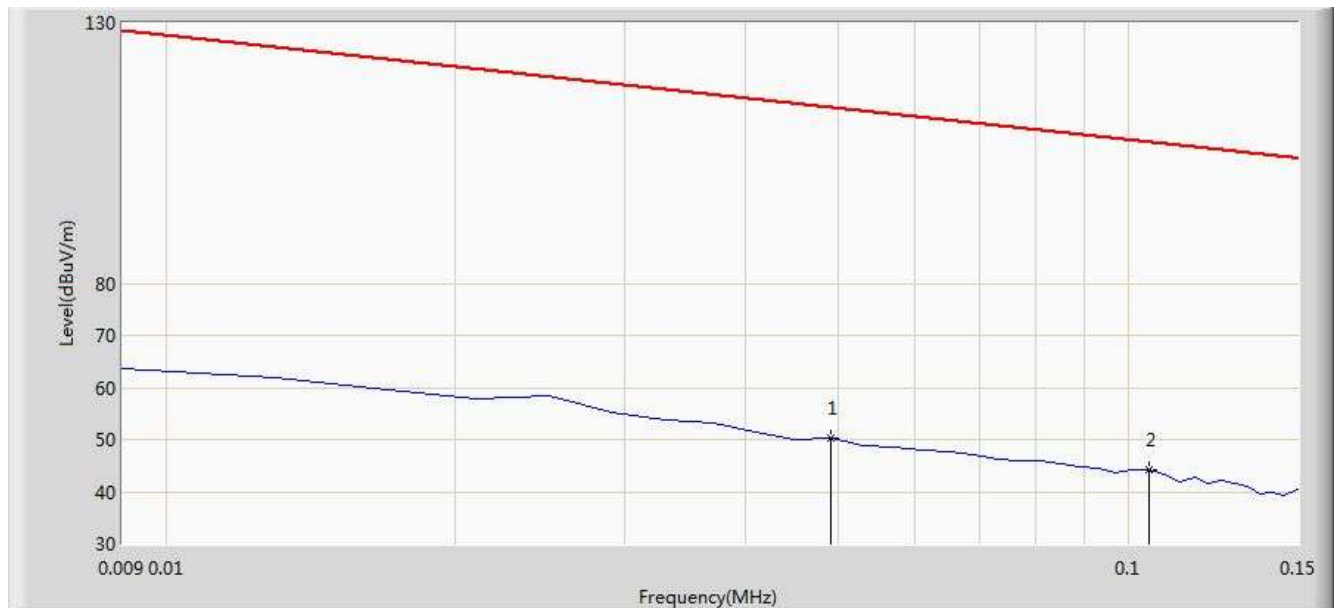
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	237.459	28.412	15.457	-17.588	46.000	12.954	PK
2			260.011	26.408	12.921	-19.592	46.000	13.487	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 11:13
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)_ClassB	Margin: 0
Probe: VULB9162_0.03-8GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



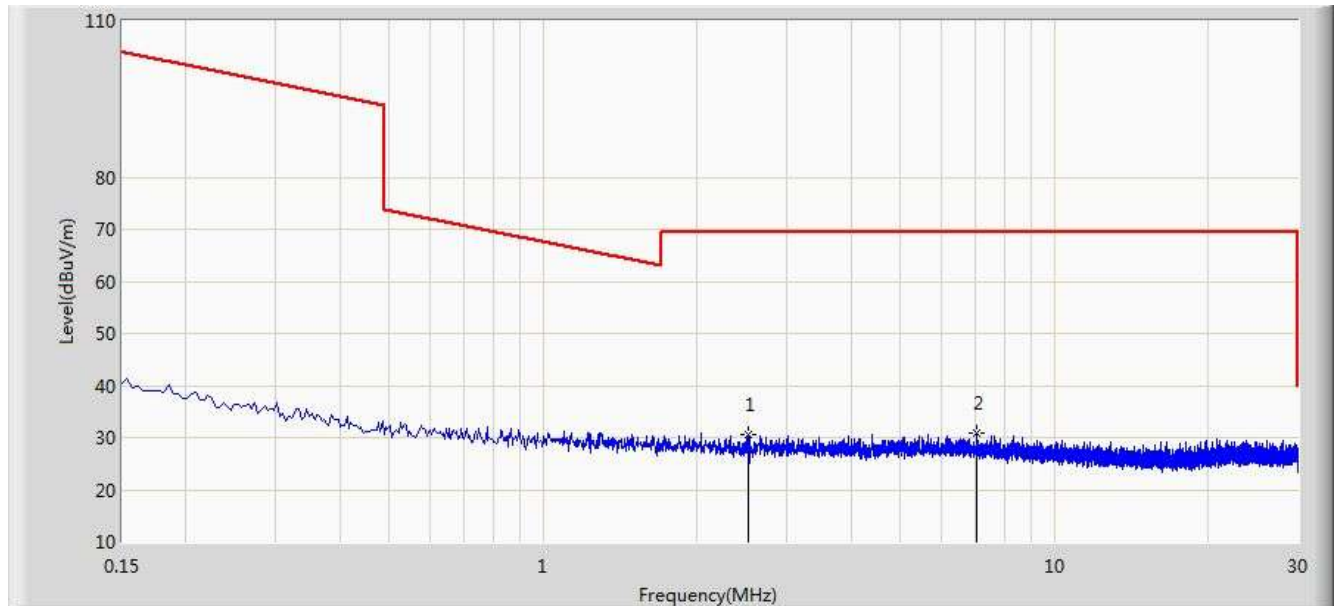
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	55.826	23.988	9.620	-16.012	40.000	14.368	PK
2			222.303	25.598	13.232	-20.402	46.000	12.366	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 16:39
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: FMZB1519_0.009-30MHz	Polarity: Face On
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Note: There is the ambient noise within frequency range 9kHz~30MHz.	



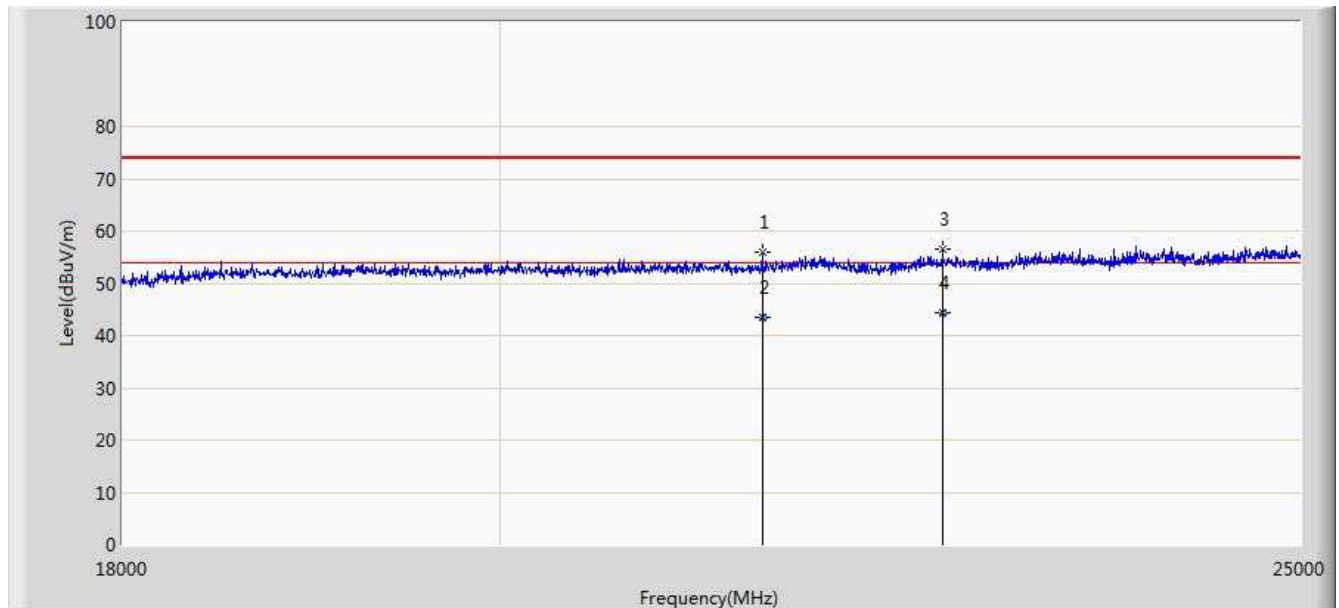
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			0.049	50.367	29.861	-63.422	113.789	20.505	PK
2		*	0.105	44.143	23.996	-63.029	107.173	20.147	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 16:41
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: FMZB1519_0.009-30MHz	Polarity: Face On
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Note: There is the ambient noise within frequency range 9kHz~30MHz.	



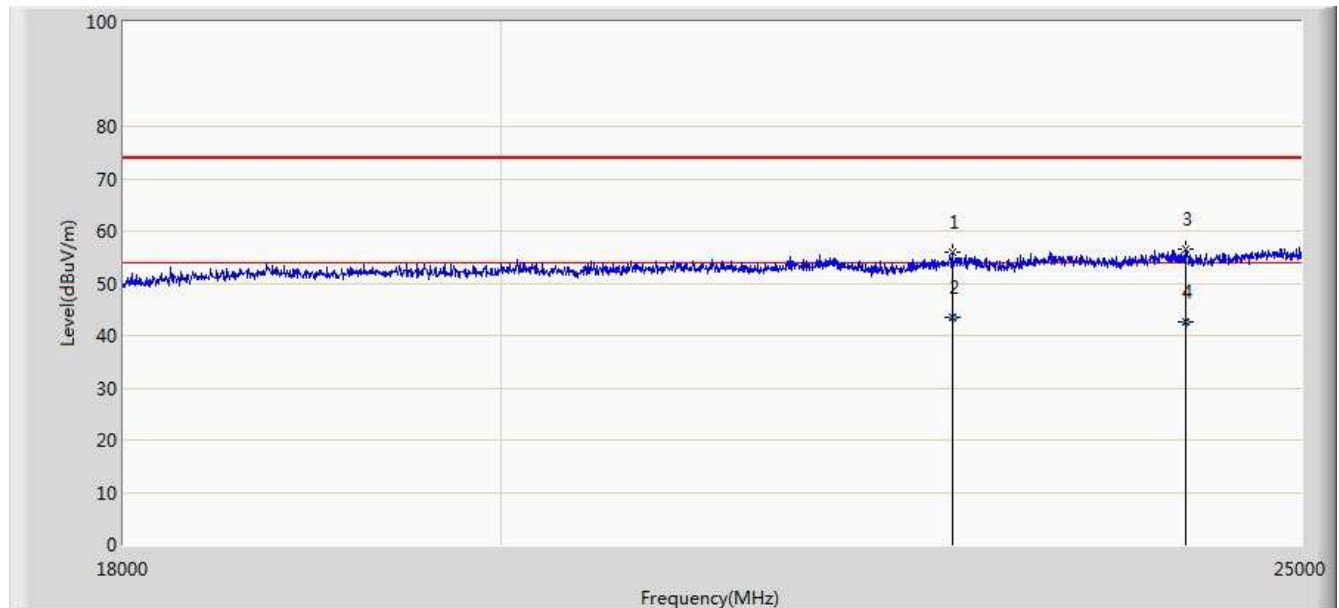
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			2.513	30.495	10.336	-39.005	69.500	20.159	PK
2		*	7.041	30.974	10.579	-38.526	69.500	20.395	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 15:33
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9170_18-40GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Note: There is the ambient noise within frequency range 18GHz~25GHz.	



No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			21517.500	55.869	17.883	-18.131	74.000	37.986	PK
2			21517.650	43.351	5.365	-10.649	54.000	37.986	AV
3			22630.500	56.509	18.223	-17.491	74.000	38.286	PK
4		*	22630.540	44.310	6.024	-9.690	54.000	38.286	AV

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/13 - 16:44
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9170_18-40GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Note: There is the ambient noise within frequency range 18GHz~25GHz.	

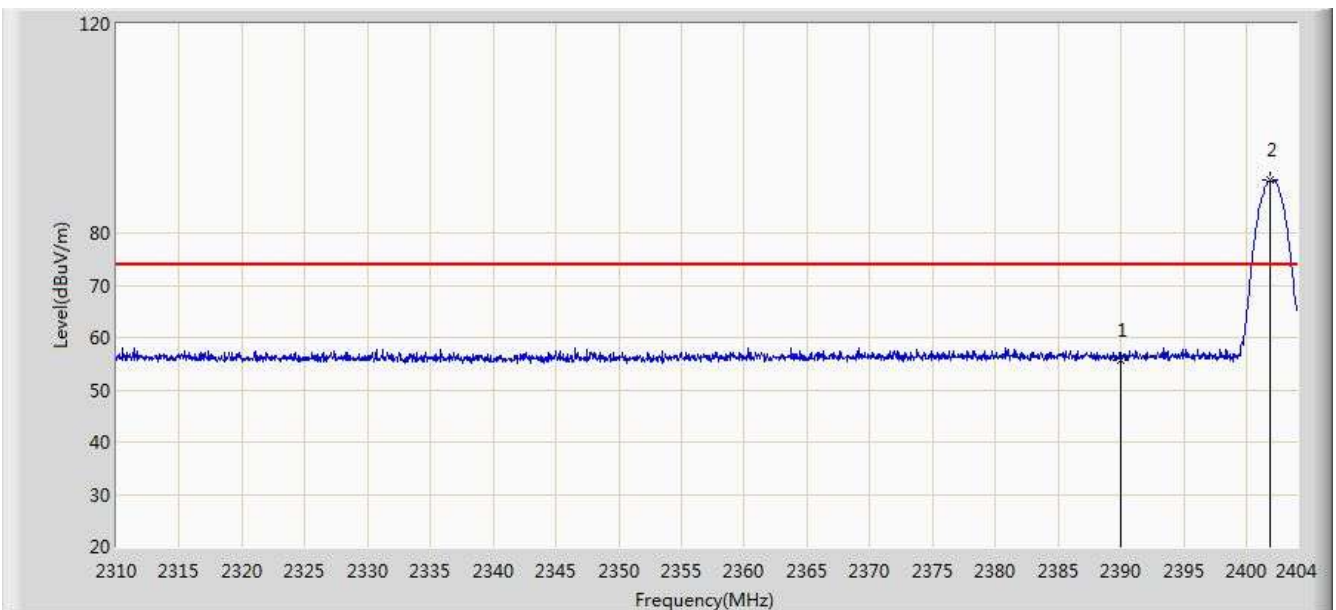


No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			22686.500	55.811	17.457	-18.189	74.000	38.354	PK
2			22686.540	43.598	5.244	-10.402	54.000	38.354	AV
3			24205.500	56.430	17.607	-17.570	74.000	38.823	PK
4		*	24205.658	42.518	3.695	-11.482	54.000	38.823	AV

7.10. Radiated Restricted Band Edge Measurement

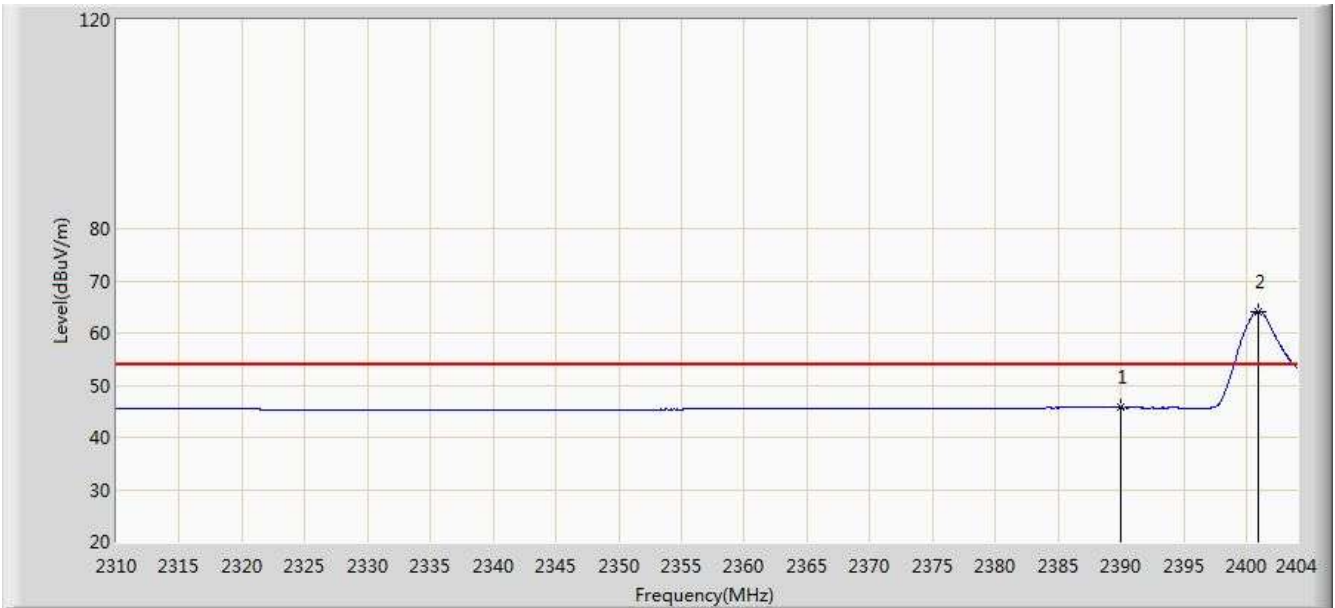
7.10.1. Test Result

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:51
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2402MHz	



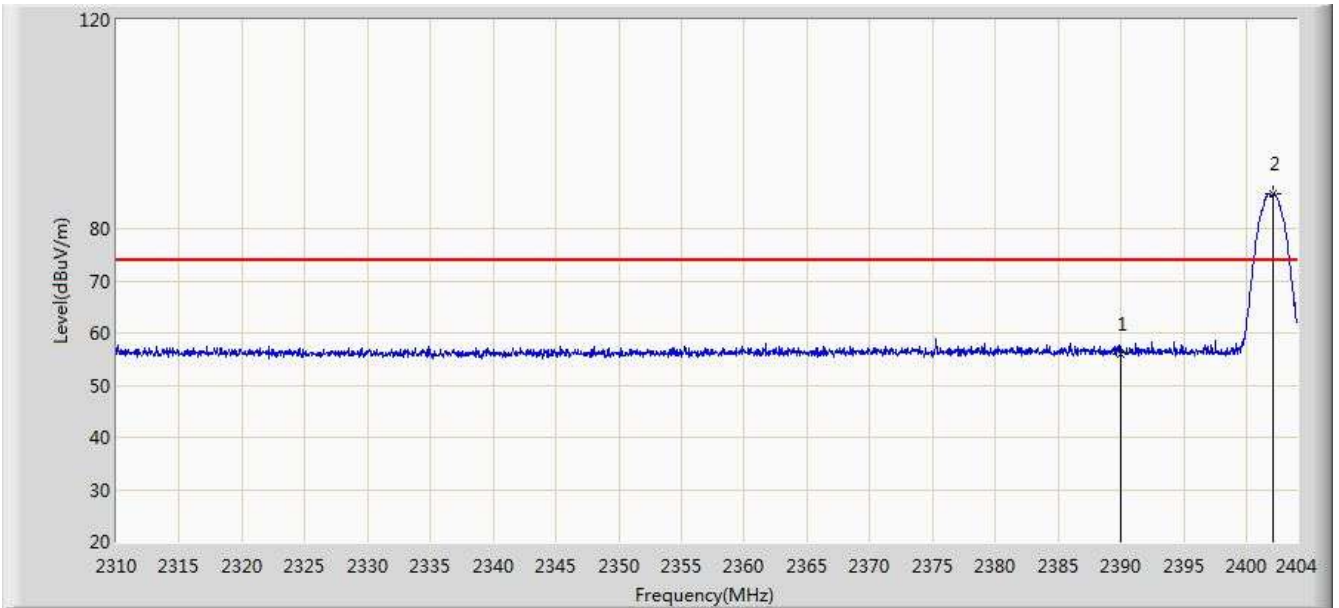
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			2390.000	55.793	25.109	-18.207	74.000	30.684	PK
2		*	2401.885	90.033	59.372	N/A	N/A	30.661	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:52
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2402MHz	



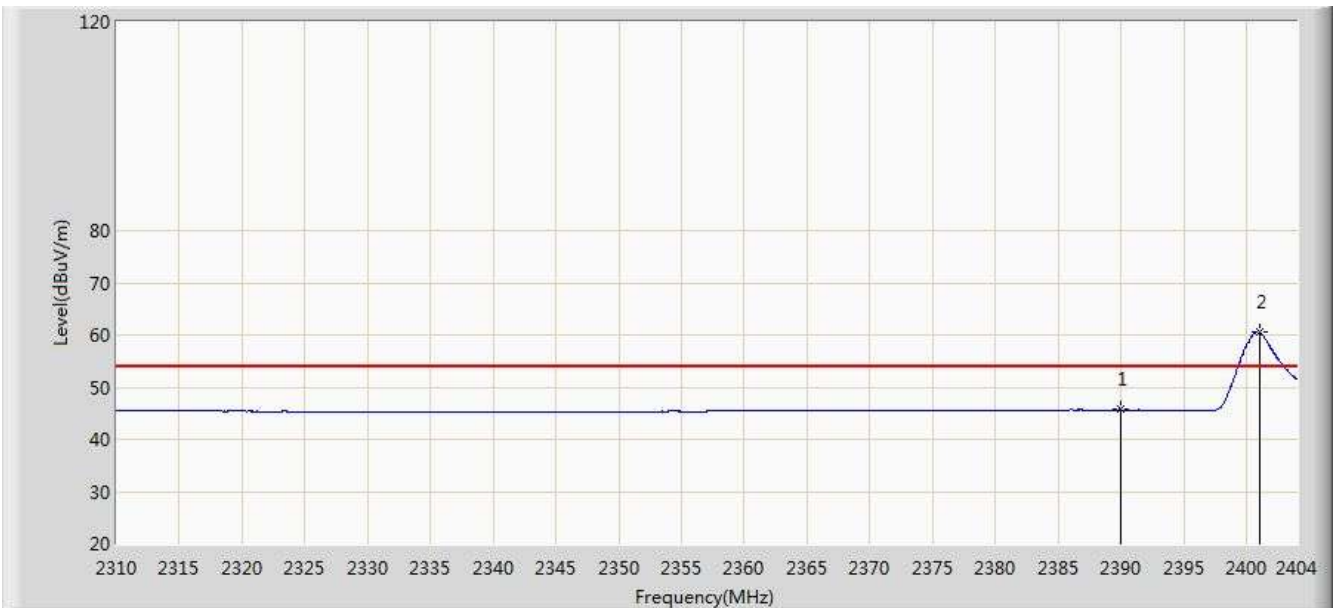
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			2390.000	45.663	14.979	-8.337	54.000	30.684	AV
2		*	2400.898	64.034	33.371	N/A	N/A	30.663	AV

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:53
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2402MHz	



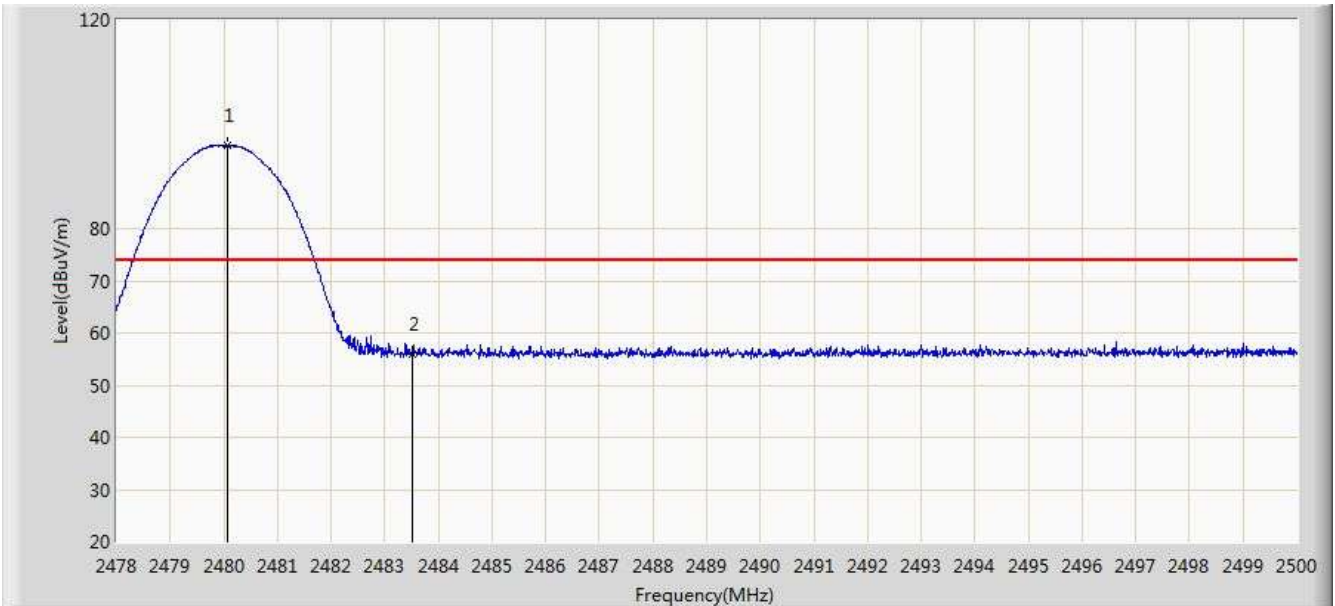
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			2390.000	56.072	25.388	-17.928	74.000	30.684	PK
2		*	2402.167	86.662	56.001	N/A	N/A	30.661	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:55
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2402MHz	



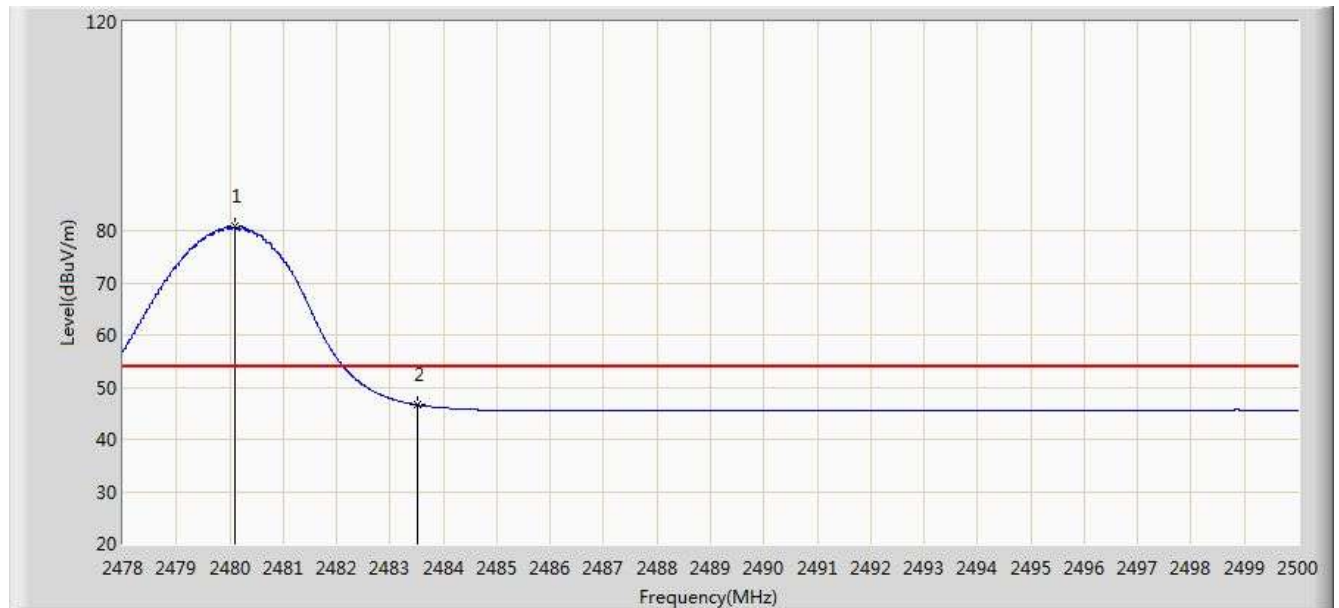
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1			2390.000	45.654	14.970	-8.346	54.000	30.684	AV
2		*	2401.039	60.435	29.772	N/A	N/A	30.663	AV

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:56
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



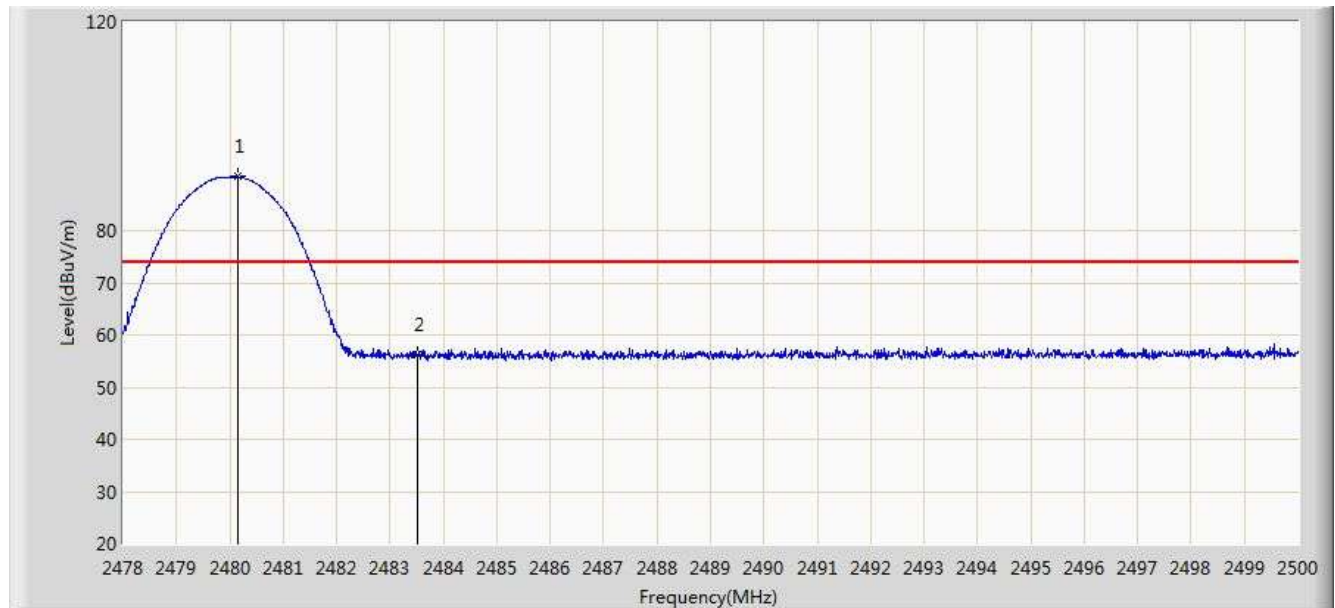
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	2480.057	95.944	65.281	N/A	N/A	30.662	PK
2			2483.500	56.002	25.329	-17.998	74.000	30.673	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:57
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Horizontal
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



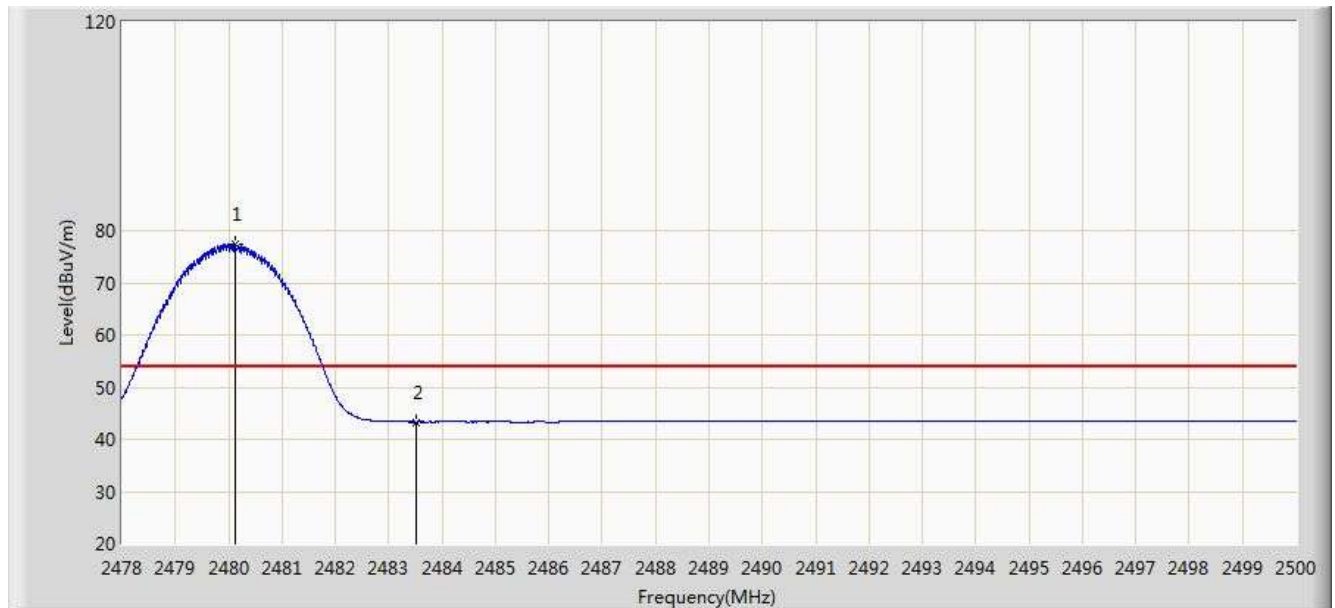
No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	2480.090	80.725	50.062	N/A	N/A	30.662	AV
2			2483.500	46.631	15.958	-7.369	54.000	30.673	AV

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:58
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	2480.145	90.393	59.730	N/A	N/A	30.663	PK
2			2483.500	56.192	25.519	-17.808	74.000	30.673	PK

Engineer: Roy Cheng	
Site: AC1	Time: 2014/03/12 - 18:59
Limit: FCC_Part15.209_RE(3m)	Margin: 0
Probe: BBHA9120D_1-18GHz	Polarity: Vertical
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: By Battery
Worst Case Mode: 2DH5 Channel 2480MHz	



No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV/m)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Factor	Type
1		*	2480.134	77.311	46.648	N/A	N/A	30.663	AV
2			2483.500	43.324	12.651	-10.676	54.000	30.673	AV

7.11. AC Conducted Emissions Measurement

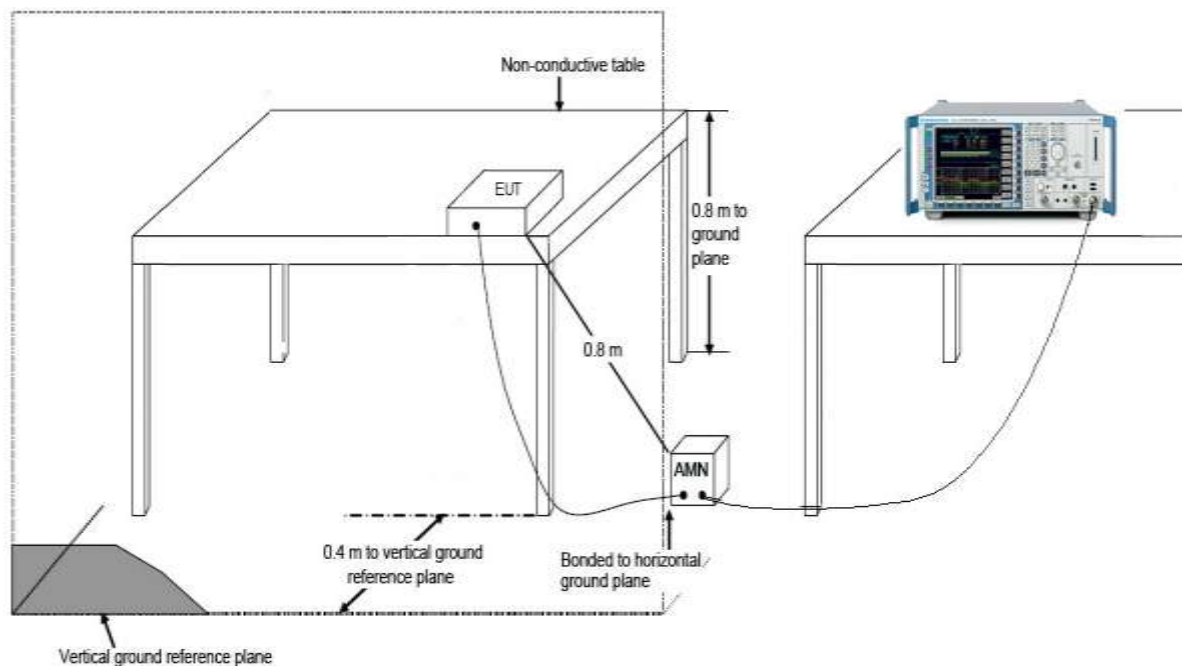
7.11.1. Test Limit

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.207 Limits		
Frequency (MHz)	QP (dB μ V)	Average (dB μ V)
0.15 - 0.50	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30	60	50

Note 1: The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

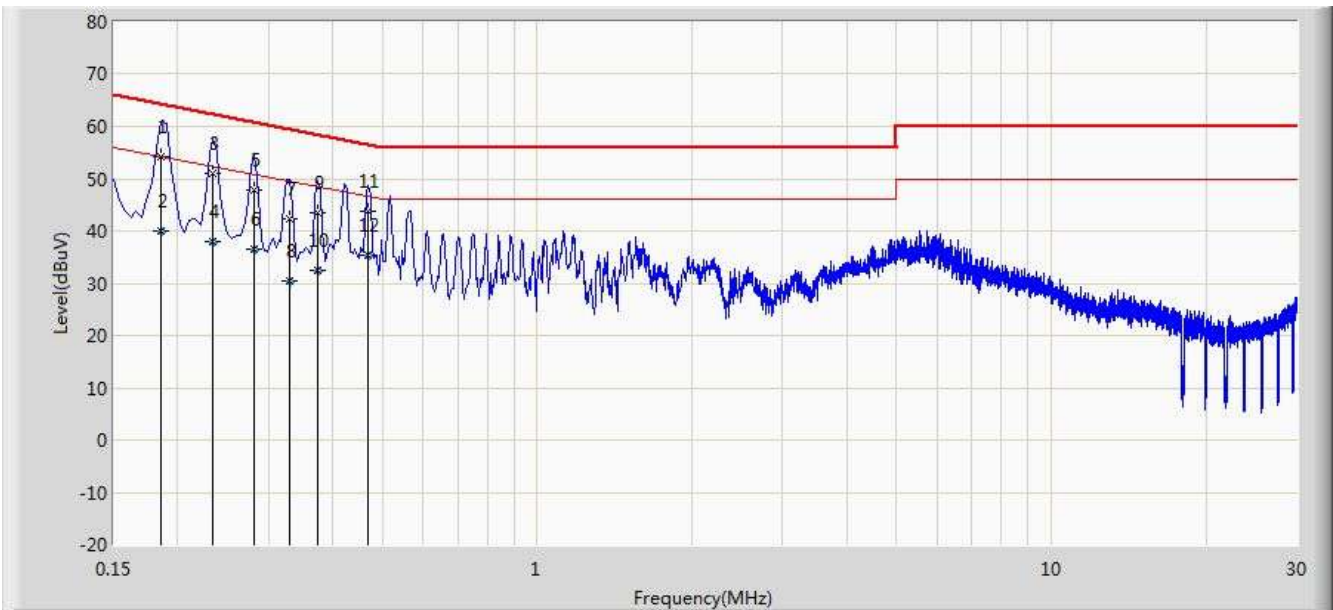
Note 2: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15MHz to 0.5MHz.

7.11.2. Test Setup



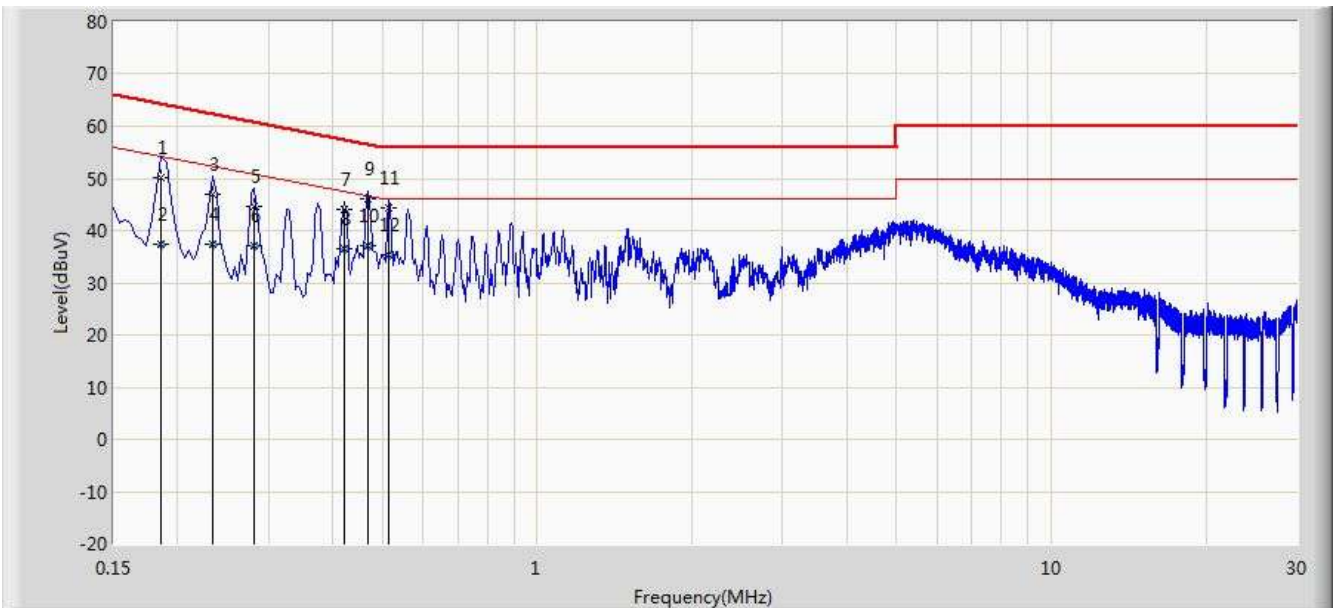
7.11.3. Test Result

Engineer: Milo Li	
Site: SR2	Time: 2014/03/13 - 13:53
Limit: FCC_Part15.207_CE_AC Power	Margin: 0
Probe: ENV216_101683_Filter On	Polarity: Line
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: AC 120V/60Hz
Note: Normal Operation	



No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Factor	Type
1		*	0.186	54.248	44.209	-9.966	64.213	10.039	QP
2			0.186	40.026	29.987	-14.187	54.213	10.039	AV
3			0.234	51.022	41.071	-11.285	62.307	9.951	QP
4			0.234	38.045	28.094	-14.262	52.307	9.951	AV
5			0.282	47.810	37.820	-12.947	60.757	9.990	QP
6			0.282	36.641	26.651	-14.116	50.757	9.990	AV
7			0.330	42.380	32.352	-17.071	59.451	10.028	QP
8			0.330	30.308	20.280	-19.143	49.451	10.028	AV
9			0.374	43.534	33.470	-14.878	58.412	10.064	QP
10			0.374	32.504	22.440	-15.907	48.412	10.064	AV
11			0.470	43.794	33.652	-12.720	56.514	10.142	QP
12			0.470	35.348	25.206	-11.166	46.514	10.142	AV

Engineer: Milo Li	
Site: SR2	Time: 2014/03/13 - 14:01
Limit: FCC_Part15.207_CE_AC Power	Margin: 0
Probe: ENV216_101683_Filter On	Polarity: Neutral
EUT: Mobile Phone	Power: AC 120V/60Hz
Note: Normal Operation	



No	Flag	Mark	Frequency (MHz)	Measure Level (dBuV)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Factor	Type
1			0.186	50.115	40.080	-14.098	64.213	10.035	QP
2			0.186	37.357	27.322	-16.856	54.213	10.035	AV
3			0.234	46.847	36.858	-15.460	62.307	9.989	QP
4			0.234	37.385	27.397	-14.921	52.307	9.989	AV
5			0.282	44.626	34.602	-16.131	60.757	10.025	QP
6			0.282	37.153	27.128	-13.604	50.757	10.025	AV
7			0.422	44.097	33.968	-13.312	57.409	10.129	QP
8			0.422	36.449	26.320	-10.960	47.409	10.129	AV
9			0.470	46.199	36.035	-10.315	56.514	10.164	QP
10		*	0.470	37.141	26.977	-9.372	46.514	10.164	AV
11			0.514	44.204	34.029	-11.796	56.000	10.176	QP
12			0.514	35.345	25.169	-10.655	46.000	10.176	AV

8. CONCLUSION

The data collected relate only the item(s) tested and show that the **Mobile Phone FCC ID:**

2ABZGB8402 is in compliance with Part 15C of the FCC Rules.