HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2ABZ2-OP23895

Equipment: Mobile Phone

Brand Name : ONEPLUS , 1

Model Name : CPH2655

Results : PASS

OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Applicant 18C02, 18C03, 18C04, and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, P.R. China.

OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer : 18C02, 18C03, 18C04, and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, P.R. China.

Standard FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2019

The product was received on Jun. 24, 2024 and testing was started from Jul. 04, 2024 and completed on Aug. 01, 2024. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2019 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager





Report No.: HA462010A

Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA462010A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 24, 2024

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1. General Information

Product Feature & Specification						
Applicant Name	OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.					
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone					
Brand Name	ONEPLUS ,					
Model Name	CPH2655					
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 866493070023791 IMEI 2: 866493070031893					
FCC ID	2ABZ2-OP23895					
HW	11					
SW	OxygenOS V15.0					
EUT Stage	Production Unit					
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz - 849 MHz GSM190: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz - 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz - 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz - 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz - 2716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz - 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz - 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 1850 MHz - 2819 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz - 2515 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz - 2510 MHz LTE Band 31: 2570 MHz - 2620 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz - 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz - 1800 MHz LTE Band 61: 1710 MHz - 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz - 1910 MHz SG NR 10: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz SG NR 11: 1850 MHz - 1910 MHz SG NR 12: 1850 MHz - 2315 MHz SG NR 12: 1890 MHz - 716 MHz SG NR 12: 699 MHz - 716 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 2315 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 2315 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 2316 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 2500 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 2316 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 300 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 310 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 300 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 3550 MHz SG NR 13: 2570 MHz - 3550 MHz SG NR 13: 3550 MHz - 3550 MHz SG NR 17: 663 MHz - 3550 MHz SG NR 17: 663 MHz - 3550 MHz SG NR 17: 664 Band: 5150 MHz - 5250 MHz WLAN 2-4 GHz Band: 5150 MHz - 5250 MHz WLAN 2-4 GHz Band: 5725 MHz - 5850 MHz WLAN 5-3 GHz Band: 5725 MHz - 5850 MHz WLAN 1-MII: 6625 MHz - 6625 MHz WLAN 1-MII: 6625 MHz - 6625 MHz WLAN 1-MII: 6620 MHz - 2480 MH					
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/DTM RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM					

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WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax/be HE20/HE40/EHT20/EHT40

WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40

WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160, WLAN 5GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160, WLAN 5GHz 802.11be EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160 WLAN 6GHz 802.11a/ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160

WLAN 6GHz 802.11be EHT20/EHT40/EHT80/EHT160/EHT320

Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE

NFC: ASK WPT: ASK

Remark:

1. In this report only evaluation OTT calling, the CMRS voice evaluation include in the report no.: HA461101B

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Paula Chen</u>

2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan TEL:+886-3-327-0838 FAX: +886-3-327-0855				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR15-HY				

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2019
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

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4. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power State Compliance
	GSM850			WLAN, BT		
GSM	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	
	EDGE850			,		Pmax
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		
LIMITO	Band 4	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	
UMTS	Band 5			WLAN, BT		Pmax
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
LTE	Band 13	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	165	5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Pmax
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT	- Google Weet	
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
LTC	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT		
(.55)	Band 48			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n7			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n12			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n25			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n30			LTE, WLAN, BT		
5G NR	n38	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	Pmax
	n41			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n48			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n78			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	2450			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 5G/6GHz WLAN		
)A/: =:	5200	\/5	V	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT		D
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT		Pmax
	5500			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT	VoWiFi	
	5800		Yes ⁽³⁾	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT	Google Meet ⁽¹⁾	
	U-NII 5		res	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT	- Cooglo Meet	
Wi-Fi	U-NII 6	VD	No ⁽²⁾	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT		Pmax
	U-NII 7 U-NII 8		INO.	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT		
ВТ	U-NII 8 2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 2.4GHz, BT GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, 5G/6GHz WLAN	NA	NA
Type Transpo		וט	INU	GOIVI, VVODIVIA, LTL, JG NK, JG/JGGHZ VVLAN	INA	INA

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Type Transport: VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 6.1 of ANSI C63.19:2019, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.
- The WLAN6GHz U-NII 6/7/8 were above 6GHz and were not evaluated due to outside of the current scope of ANSI C63.19 and FCC HAC 2.
- The WLAN6GHz UNII-5 was evaluated for operations which are entirely below 6 GHz, above 6 GHz were not evaluated due outside of the current scope of ANSI C63.19 and FCC HAC regulations.

 Because features of Google Meet allow the option of voice-only communications, Meet has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the 3.
- best user experience.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B2/B25, B4/B66, B5/B26, B12/B17, B38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the 5. smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid
- The product only 2G/3G/4G/5G/Wi-Fi support time-average SAR feature, therefore GSM/UMTS/LTE/5G FR1/Wi-Fi HAC were tested at Pmax 6. level(the maximum power).
- Pmax is the maximum output power for the handset for the indicated air interface.
- Head refers to the handset's maximum RF power possible for all user conditions during held-to-ear scenarios.

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5. T-Coil coupling mode requirements

5.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths

When measured as specified in this standard, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal, ≥ -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB(A/m).

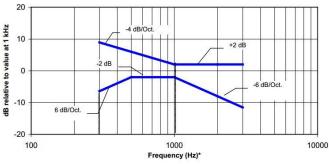
Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤-38 dB(A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

These levels are designed to be compatible with hearing aids that produce the same acoustic output level for either an acoustic input level of 65 dB SPL or a magnetic input level of -25 dB(A/m) (56.2 mA/m) 39 at either 1.0 kHz or 1.6 kHz. The hearing aid operational measurements are performed per ANSI S3.22-2014

5.2 Frequency Response

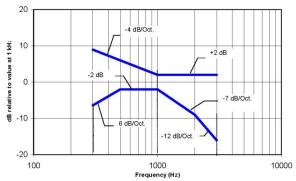
The frequency response of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this subclause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4 and Figure 6.5 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field ≤-15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz



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NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 6.5—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

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5.3 Desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field qualification requirements

<Non-2G GSM operating modes>

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and

secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiquous measurement points

Additionally, to avoid an oddly shaped area of low noise, the secondary group shall include at least one longitudinal column of at least 10 contiguous qualifying points and at least one transverse row containing at least 15 contiguous qualifying points.

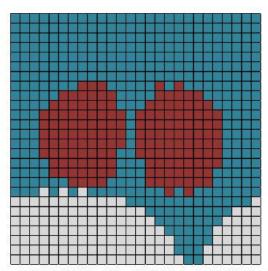
Figure 6.6 is an example of a qualifying scan. The total number of primary group qualifying measurement points is 161, which is ≥75. The total number of secondary group qualifying points is 536, which is ≥300

The secondary group has a longitudinal column of 26, which is ≥10, and a transverse row also of 26 contiguous points, which is ≥15

<2G GSM operating modes>

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiquous measurement points



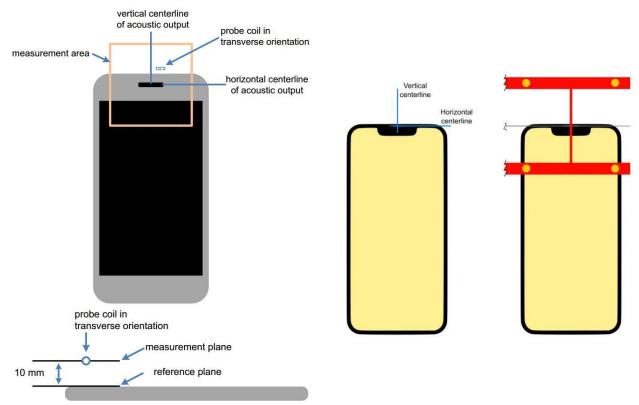
Red (primary group): AB desired ABM signal M1 \ge 18 dB(A/m) and undesired ABM field \le 38 dB(A/m) Blue and red (secondary group): undesired ABM field \le 38 dB(A/m)

Figure 6.6—An example of a qualifying desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field scan:

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5.4 T-Coil measurement and reference plane



Measurement and reference planes probe orientation for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

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The T-Coil measurement plane, reference plane and other measurement parameters shall be:

- a. The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- b. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 1 0 mm in front of, the reference plane.
- c. The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- d. The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- e. Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated, per ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4
- f. Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum
- g. desired ABM signal strength location.
- h. The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

6. Test procedure for T-Coil signal

This subclause describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. Measurements shall be performed over a measurement area 50 mm square, in the measurement plane, as specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3. The measurement area shall be scanned with a uniform measurement point spacing of 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm in each X-Y axis of the plane, yielding 676 measurement points with approximately even spacing throughout the area

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Optionally, measurement point spacing may be increased to 4 mm, with interpolation employed to yield the required 676 equivalent measurement points distributed uniformly over the 50 mm square measurement area. Interpolated points shall be derived from the average of the linear representations of the field strengths of the nearest two or four equidistant measured points. The area of measurement is increased to a 52 mm square so that edge rows and columns of the required 50 mm square can be either measured or interpolated, with none extrapolated.

In addition to measuring the desired ABM signal levels, the weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. Weighting of the unintended and undesired ABM field shall be by the spectral and temporal weighting described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.4 through D.6

In order to assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal shall be made at the same locations. Measurements shall not include undesired influence from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even then with a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load there could still be RF leakage from the WD, which could interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be done with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well. If tested with the display in the off state this shall be documented in the test report

Measurements shall be performed with the probe coil oriented in the transverse direction, as illustrated in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3, that is, aligned in the plane of the measurement area and perpendicular to the long dimension of the WD. A multi-stage sequence consists of first measuring the field strength of the desired T-Coil signal (desired ABM signal) that is useful to a hearing aid T-Coil at each specified measurement point. The undesired magnetic component (undesired ABM field) is then measured in the same transverse orientation at each of the same measurement points. At a single location only, taken at or near the highest desired ABM signal reading, the desired ABM signal frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage. The flowchart in ANSI 63.19-2019 Figure 6.3 illustrates this three-stage process.

To minimize the need to test every WD operating mode to the telecoil requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 Clause 6, it is permissible to exclude some subset of supported configurations. For a given WD, every mode that supports voice communication shall be considered for telecoil testing. However, if it can be demonstrated that a certain configuration will not be the worst-case telecoil configuration, such configurations may be excluded from the full telecoil scans of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4. 34 For example, operating modes may be pre-screened by scanning for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field at a lower measurement point density than the final scans, thus saving considerable testing time by eliminating configurations that are excellent performers from more detailed testing for worst-case. In any case, the specific methods and criteria used to determine

which configurations are excluded for a WD shall be explicitly stated and justified in the test report. To be considered for exclusion from telecoil testing, operating modes shall also be shown to pass the frequency response requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.

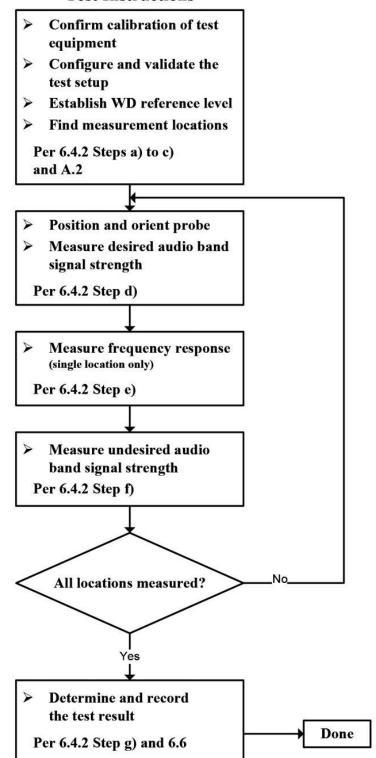
Many factors could affect telecoil test results. RF power level and amplitude modulation characteristics as well as the specific current paths within the WD associated with the RF output stage(s), the display, and processing circuitry could affect the undesired ABM field. Audio codec implementation and acoustic receiver characteristics could also affect the desired ABM signal). Therefore, any justifications for exclusions should be thorough documented. If an operating mode is under user control and instructions on how to place the WD in a less interfering condition is in the user instructions, those instructions may be followed in configuring the device for testing

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Test flow for T-Coil signal test

Test Instructions



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The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of desired ABM signal level. An alternative procedure, yielding equivalent results, using a broadband excitation is described in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.5.

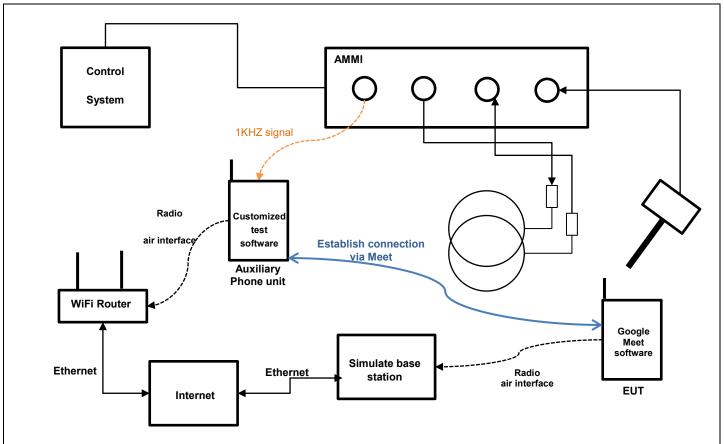
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- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.
- b. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.3.2.
- c. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load (if necessary to control RF interference in the measurement equipment) as shown in section 6.1 or section 6.2.
- d. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as specified in 6.4.3, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. 35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- e. At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).
- f. At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4.5.2 in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input—output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB(A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.
- g. At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.
- h. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2. Compare this to the requirements in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4 and record the result.
- i. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4.

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Test Setup Diagram for OTT Voice Calling



General Note:

- Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to KDB 285076 D02:
 - OTT Voice calling input Level: -20dBm0
- OTT voice, such as that enabled when a user opts to communicate in a voice-only mode using the Google Meet application, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over the internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN).
- Google Meet application support code and bitrate are listed in section 9, and the customized Google Meet software is installed on a mobile phone that is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables the audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing, which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- This device comes with the preinstalled OTT application that supports the voice-only communication option on the Google Meet application and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via Google Meet server.
- The test setup used for Google Meet OTT voice-only communication is via the data application unit on the simulate base station, connected to the internet via the Google Meet server to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section 9. An assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA, NR).
- The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS, which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice-only communication between auxiliary device and device under test, the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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<Define the input level for OTT Voice Calling>

The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Stop	Signal type	Audi	o out	Target Level		
Step	Signal type	Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23		
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	

(*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.

(**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.

The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type /Medal	Serial Number	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3104	Mar. 12, 2024	Mar. 11, 2025
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1647	Dec. 27, 2023	Dec. 26, 2024
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 02, 2023	Nov. 01, 2024
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	115793	Nov. 20, 2023	Nov. 19, 2024
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMX500	101931	Sep. 12, 2023	Sep. 11, 2024
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

Note:

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^{1.} NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

8. T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3, using a frequency near the center of the frequency band perform T-coil evaluation.
- Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Meet, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.
- Google Meet only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- The test setup used for OTT Voice call is the DUT connect to the CMW500/CMX500 and via the data application unit on CMW500/CMX500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500/CMX500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary OTT unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02 requirement.
- Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- Air Interface Investigation:
 - Through Internal radio configuration investigation (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacing, and resource blocks) that the worst radio configuration was document as below table.
 - Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths.
 - OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services the identical RF air interface is used for LTE and WIFI. Therefore, according to HA461101B VoLTE, and VoWiFi test results from the air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of the air interface is used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 48/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN DTS worst configuration: 802.11b
 - -WLAN NII worst configuration: WLAN 6GHz/11ax/VHT40

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	109	117	88		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	449	455	415		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	GSM850 / 189
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<u>HSPA</u>

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	300	303	303		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	676	676	674		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	B5 / 4182
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	262	260	241		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	633	628	604		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	B25 / 20M / 26340
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	160	159	158		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	505	504	499		B41 / 20M / 40620
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	25	Transversal (Y)	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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5G NR FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel		
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	262	256	254				
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	626	609	608				
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26	Transversal (Y)	n25 / 40M / 376500		
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26				
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass				

5G NR TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 6kbps Opus 40kbps Opus 75kbps Orientation		Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	135	135	134		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	383	382	381		n77 / 100M / 656000
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	21	21	21	Transversal (Y)	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

WLAN

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	162	79	93			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	411	349	356		2.4GHz WLAN / 6	
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	18	17	17	Transversal (Y)		
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	codec	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Group Max	Frequency Response	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)
1	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	Opus 75kbps	189	ANT 1	Transversal (Y)	88	415	26	26	Pass	-51.03
2	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	Opus 75kbps	661	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	140	489	26	26	Pass	-51.01
3	WCDMA II	HSPA	Opus 6kbps	9400	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	292	661	26	26	Pass	-48.68
4	WCDMA IV	HSPA	Opus 6kbps	1413	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	303	671	26	26	Pass	-48.68
5	WCDMA V	HSPA	Opus 6kbps	4182	ANT 1	Transversal (Y)	300	676	26	26	Pass	-51.3
6	LTE Band 66	20M_QPSK_1_0	Opus 75kbps	132322	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	273	637	26	26	Pass	-51.43
7	LTE Band 48	20M_QPSK_1_0	Opus 75kbps	55830	ANT10	Transversal (Y)	108	416	22	26	Pass	-51.37
8	FR1 n5	20M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	167300	ANT 1	Transversal (Y)	279	640	26	26	Pass	-51.56
9	FR1 n7	50M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	507000	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	261	620	26	26	Pass	-51.43
10	FR1 n12	15M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	141500	ANT 1	Transversal (Y)	277	637	26	26	Pass	-51.15
11	FR1 n25	40M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	376500	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	254	608	26	26	Pass	-51.36
12	FR1 n30	10M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	462000	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	260	625	26	26	Pass	-51.48
13	FR1 n66	40M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	349000	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	262	624	26	26	Pass	-51.21
14	FR1 n41	100M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	518598	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	135	486	26	26	Pass	-51.23
15	FR1 n41	100M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	518598	ANT 5+7	Transversal (Y)	267	541	26	26	Pass	-50.68
16	FR1 n48	40M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	641666	ANT 10	Transversal (Y)	86	385	21	26	Pass	-51.27
17	FR1 n77	100M_BPSK_1_1	Opus 75kbps	656000	ANT 10	Transversal (Y)	134	381	21	26	Pass	-51.33
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Opus 40kbps	6	ANT 13	Transversal (Y)	79	349	17	26	Pass	-50.33
19	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-VHT40 MCS0	Opus 40kbps	3	ANT 14+15	Transversal (Y)	196	440	23	26	Pass	-49.37

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9. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

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The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABMd)	Ci (ABMu)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMd)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMu)
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
		Probe Sy	stem				
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
		Test Sig	ınal				
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
		Position	ing				
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
		External Conf	tributions				
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
	Combined Star	ndard Uncertainty				± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
	K	= 2					
Expanded Uncertainty							± 12.3 %

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement



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10. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2019, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", Aug. 2019.
- FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r04, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v04, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Feb 2022
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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