

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**  
**Shenzhen City**

Certificate No. **D6.5GHzV2-1026\_Jan24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D6.5GHzV2 - SN:1026**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v7  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-10 GHz**

Calibration date: **January 25, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor R&S NRP33T	SN: 100967	03-Apr-23 (No. 217-03806)	Apr-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
Mismatch combination	SN: 84224 / 360D	03-Apr-23 (No. 217-03812)	Apr-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7405	12-Jun-23 (No. EX3-7405_Jun23)	Jun-24
DAE4	SN: 908	03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23)	Jul-24

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator Anapico APSIN20G	SN: 827	18-Dec-18 (in house check Jan-24)	In house check: Jan-25
Power sensor NRP-Z23	SN: 100169	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-24)	In house check: Jan-25
Power sensor NRP-18T	SN: 100950	28-Sep-22 (in house check Jan-24)	In house check: Jan-25
Network Analyzer Keysight E5063A	SN:MY54504221	31-Oct-19 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-25

	<b>Name</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Signature</b>
Calibrated by:	Aidonia Georgiadou	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 25, 2024

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range Of 4 MHz To 10 GHz)", October 2020.

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.
- The absorbed power density (APD):* The absorbed power density is evaluated according to Samaras T, Christ A, Kuster N, "Compliance assessment of the epithelial or absorbed power density above 6 GHz using SAR measurement systems", Bioelectromagnetics, 2021 (submitted). The additional evaluation uncertainty of 0.55 dB (rectangular distribution) is considered.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY6	V16.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	5 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy = 3.4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	6500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	34.5	6.07 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	34.0 $\pm$ 6 %	6.06 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	29.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>295 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 24.7 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 8 cm<sup>3</sup> (8 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.64 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>66.2 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 24.4 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	5.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>54.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 24.4 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 $\Omega$ - 5.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.6 dB

### APD (Absorbed Power Density)

APD averaged over 1 cm <sup>2</sup>	Condition	
APD measured	100 mW input power	295 W/m <sup>2</sup>
APD measured	normalized to 1W	<b>2950 W/m<sup>2</sup> <math>\pm</math> 29.2 % (k=2)</b>

APD averaged over 4 cm <sup>2</sup>	condition	
APD measured	100 mW input power	133 W/m <sup>2</sup>
APD measured	normalized to 1W	<b>1330 W/m<sup>2</sup> <math>\pm</math> 28.9 % (k=2)</b>

\*The reported APD values have been derived using the psSAR1g and psSAR8g.

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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## DASY6 Validation Report for Head TSL

Measurement Report for D6.5GHz-1026, UID 0 -, Channel 6500 (6500.0MHz)

### Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D6.5GHz	10.0 x 10.0 x 10.0	SN: 1026	-

### Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz]	Conversion Factor	TSL Cond. [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, HSL	5.00	Band	CW,	6500	5.50	6.06	34.0

### Hardware Setup

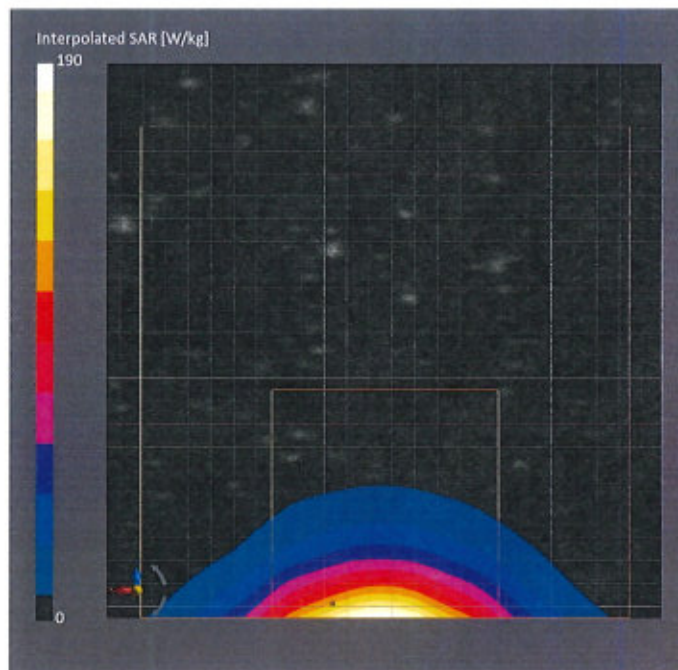
Phantom	TSL	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
MFP V8.0 Center - 1182	HBBL600-10000V6	EX3DV4 - SN7405, 2023-06-12	DAE4 Sn908, 2023-07-03

### Scan Setup

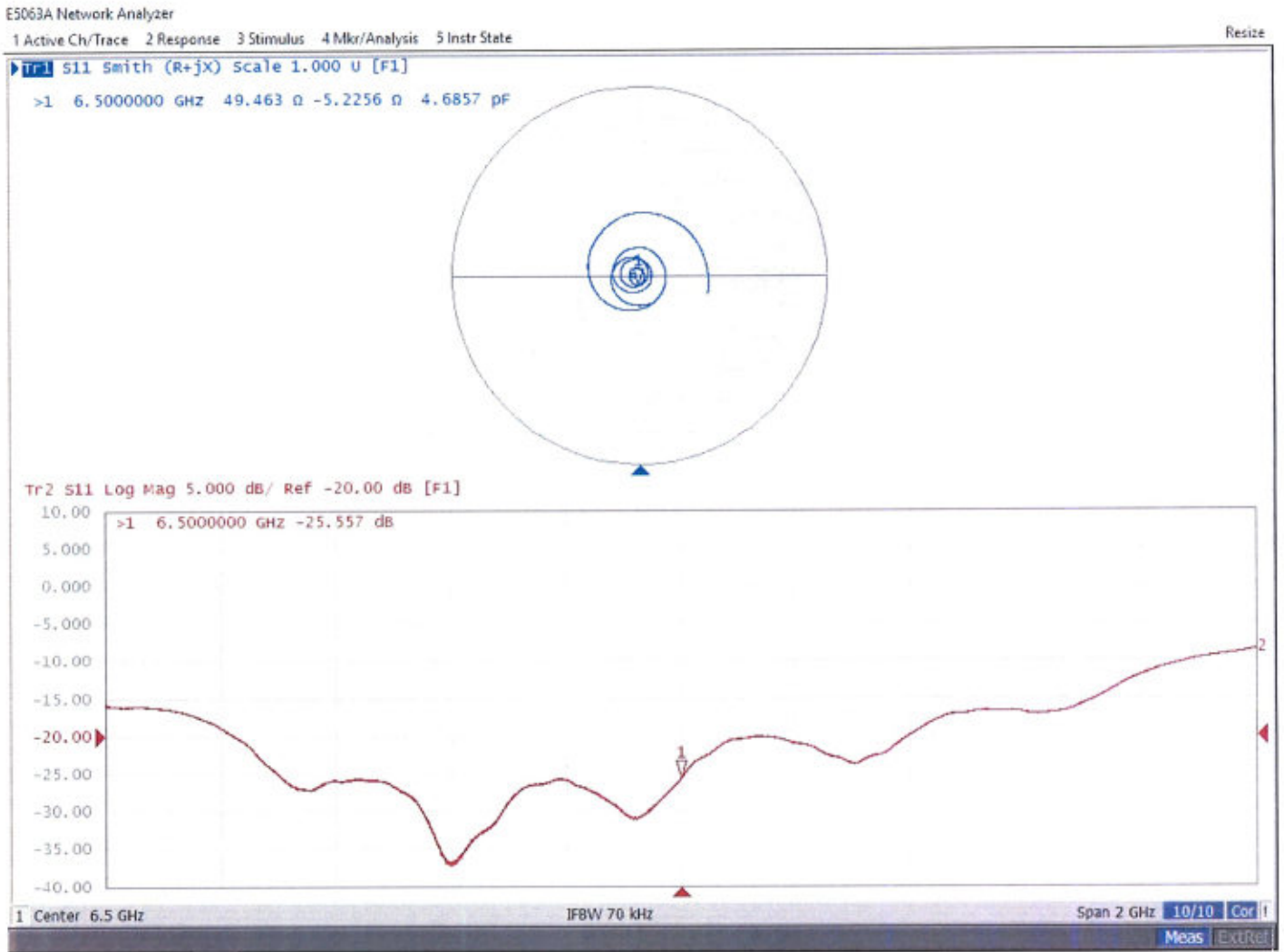
	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.4
MAIA	N/A
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured

### Measurement Results

	Zoom Scan
Date	2024-01-25, 16:04
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	29.6
psSAR8g [W/Kg]	6.64
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	5.45
Power Drift [dB]	0.02
Power Scaling	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]	
TSL Correction	No correction
M2/M1 [%]	50.6
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	4.6



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**  
 Shenzhen City

Certificate No. **5G-Veri10-2002\_Feb24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **5G Verification Source 10 GHz - SN: 2002**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-45.v5**  
 Calibration procedure for sources in air above 6 GHz

Calibration date: **February 12, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Reference Probe EUmWV3	SN: 9374	04-Dec-23 (No. EUmWV3-Dec23)	Dec-24
DAE4ip	SN: 1602	08-Nov-23 (No. DAE4ip-1602_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMF100A	SN: 100184	29-Nov-23 (in house check Nov-23)	In house check: Nov-24
Power sensor R&S NRP18S-10	SN: 101258	29-Nov-23 (in house check Nov-23)	In house check: Nov-24
Network Analyzer Keysight E5063A	SN: MY54504221	31-Oct-19 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-25

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 16, 2024

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

## Glossary

CW                      Continuous wave

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards

- Internal procedure QA CAL-45, Calibration procedure for sources in air above 6 GHz.
- IEC/IEEE 63195-1, "Assessment of power density of human exposure to radio frequency fields from wireless devices in close proximity to the head and body (frequency range of 6 GHz to 300 GHz)", May 2022

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* z-axis in the waveguide horn boresight, x-axis is in the direction of the E-field, y-axis normal to the others in the field scanning plane parallel to the horn flare and horn flange.
- *Measurement Conditions:* (1) 10 GHz: The radiated power is the forward power to the horn antenna minus ohmic and mismatch loss. The forward power is measured prior and after the measurement with a power sensor. During the measurements, the horn is directly connected to the cable and the antenna ohmic and mismatch losses are determined by far-field measurements. (2) 30, 45, 60 and 90 GHz: The verification sources are switched on for at least 30 minutes. Absorbers are used around the probe cub and at the ceiling to minimize reflections.
- *Horn Positioning:* The waveguide horn is mounted vertically on the flange of the waveguide source to allow vertical positioning of the EUmmW probe during the scan. The plane is parallel to the phantom surface. Probe distance is verified using mechanical gauges positioned on the flare of the horn.
- *E- field distribution:* E field is measured in two x-y-plane (10mm, 10mm +  $\lambda/4$ ) with a vectorial E-field probe. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the E-field-maxima and the averaged (1cm<sup>2</sup> and 4cm<sup>2</sup>) power density values at 10mm in front of the horn.
- *Field polarization:* Above the open horn, linear polarization of the field is expected. This is verified graphically in the field representation.

## Calibrated Quantity

- Local peak E-field (V/m) and average of peak spatial components of the poynting vector (W/m<sup>2</sup>) averaged over the surface area of 1 cm<sup>2</sup> and 4cm<sup>2</sup> at the nominal operational frequency of the verification source. Both square and circular averaging results are listed.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY8 Module mmWave	V3.2
Phantom	5G Phantom	
Distance Horn Aperture - plane	10 mm	
Number of measured planes	2 (10mm, 10mm + $\lambda/4$ )	
Frequency	10 GHz $\pm$ 10 MHz	

## Calibration Parameters, 10 GHz

### Circular Averaging

Distance Horn Aperture to Measured Plane	<i>Prad</i> <sup>1</sup> (mW)	Max E-field (V/m)	Uncertainty (k = 2)	Avg Power Density Avg (psPDn+, psPDtot+, psPDmod+) (W/m <sup>2</sup> )		Uncertainty (k = 2)
				1 cm <sup>2</sup>	4 cm <sup>2</sup>	
10 mm	138	291	1.27 dB	227	179	1.28 dB

Distance Horn Aperture to Measured Plane	<i>Prad</i> <sup>1</sup> (mW)	Max E-field (V/m)	Uncertainty (k = 2)	Power Density psPDn+, psPDtot+, psPDmod+ (W/m <sup>2</sup> )		Uncertainty (k = 2)
				1 cm <sup>2</sup>	4 cm <sup>2</sup>	
10 mm	138	291	1.27 dB	226, 227, 229	177, 178, 183	1.28 dB

### Square Averaging

Distance Horn Aperture to Measured Plane	<i>Prad</i> <sup>1</sup> (mW)	Max E-field (V/m)	Uncertainty (k = 2)	Avg Power Density Avg (psPDn+, psPDtot+, psPDmod+) (W/m <sup>2</sup> )		Uncertainty (k = 2)
				1 cm <sup>2</sup>	4 cm <sup>2</sup>	
10 mm	138	291	1.27 dB	227	179	1.28 dB

Distance Horn Aperture to Measured Plane	<i>Prad</i> <sup>1</sup> (mW)	Max E-field (V/m)	Uncertainty (k = 2)	Power Density psPDn+, psPDtot+, psPDmod+ (W/m <sup>2</sup> )		Uncertainty (k = 2)
				1 cm <sup>2</sup>	4 cm <sup>2</sup>	
10 mm	138	291	1.27 dB	226, 227, 229	177, 177, 183	1.28 dB

### Max Power Density

Distance Horn Aperture to Measured Plane	<i>Prad</i> <sup>1</sup> (mW)	Max E-field (V/m)	Uncertainty (k = 2)	Max Power Density Sn, Stot,  Stot  (W/m <sup>2</sup> )		Uncertainty (k = 2)
				247, 247, 247		
10 mm	138	291	1.27 dB	247, 247, 247		1.28 dB

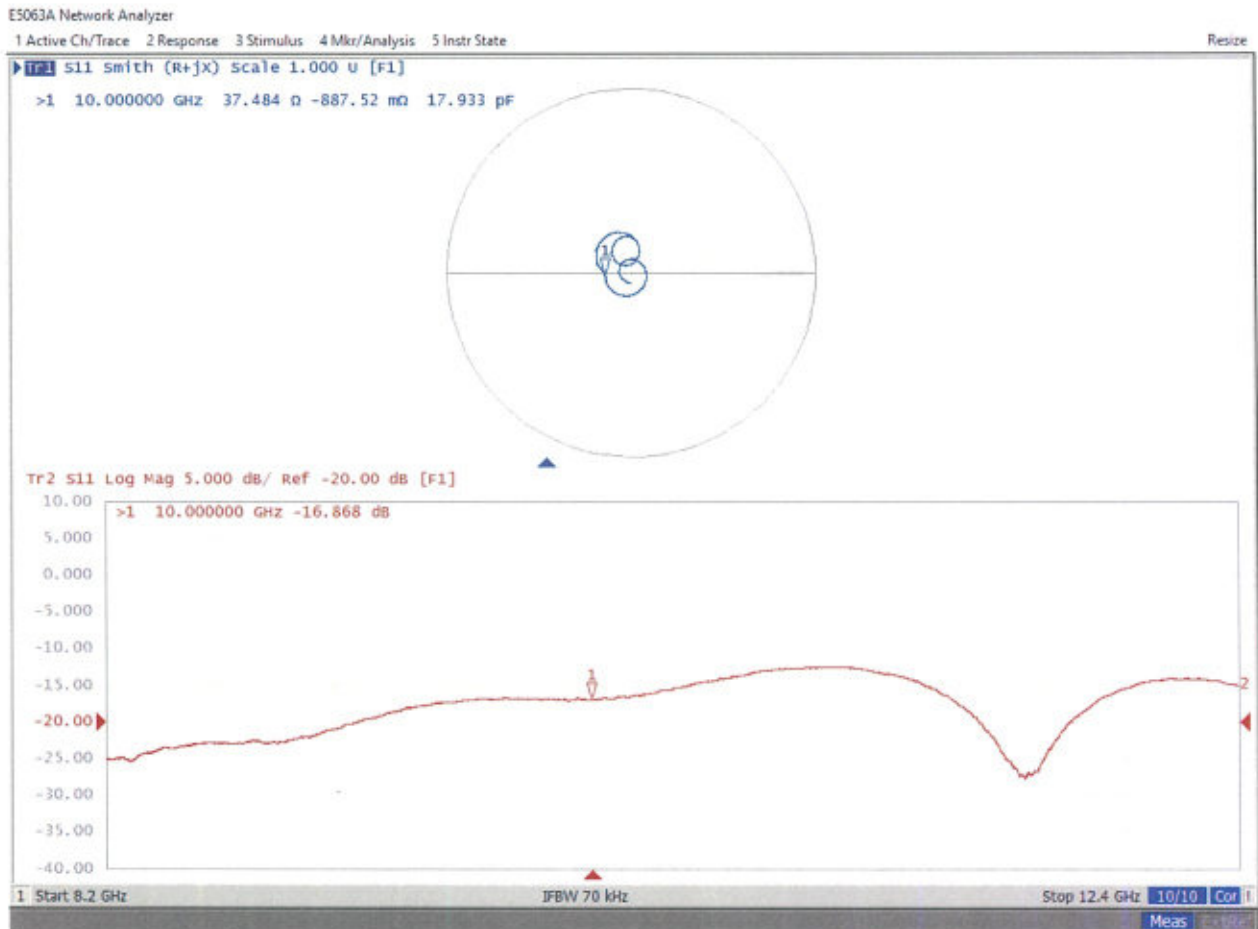
<sup>1</sup> Assessed ohmic and mismatch loss plus numerical offset: 0.60 dB

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)**

**Antenna Parameters**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	37.5 Ω - 0.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 16.9 dB

**Impedance Measurement Plot**



# DASY Report

## Measurement Report for 5G Verification Source 10 GHz, UID 0 -, Channel 10000 (10000.0MHz)

### Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
5G Verification Source 10 GHz	100.0 x 100.0 x 100.0	SN: 2002	-

### Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group,	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G -	10.0 mm	Validation band	CW	10000.0, 10000	1.0

### Hardware Setup

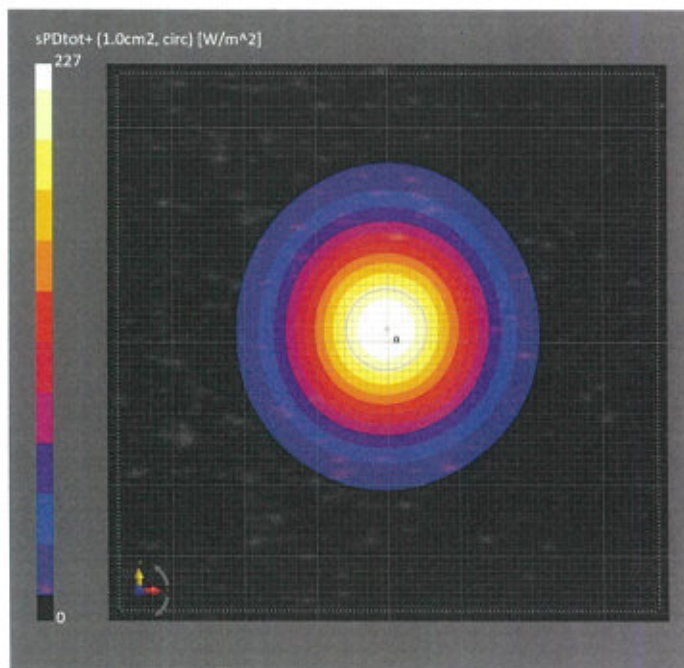
Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave Phantom - 1002	Air	EUmmWV3 - SN9374_F1-55GHz, 2023-12-04	DAE4ip Sn1602, 2023-11-08

### Scan Setup

Sensor Surface [mm]	5G Scan
MAIA	10.0 MAIA not used

### Measurement Results

Date	5G Scan
2024-02-12, 16:16	2024-02-12, 16:16
Avg. Area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	1.00
Avg. Type	Circular Averaging
psPDn+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	226
psPDtot+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	227
psPDmod+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	229
Max{Sn} [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
Max{Stot} [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
Max{ Stot } [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
E <sub>max</sub> [V/m]	291
Power Drift [dB]	0.00



# DASY Report

## Measurement Report for 5G Verification Source 10 GHz, UID 0 -, Channel 10000 (10000.0MHz)

### Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
5G Verification Source 10 GHz	100.0 x 100.0 x 100.0	SN: 2002	-

### Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group,	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G -	10.0 mm	Validation band	CW	10000.0, 10000	1.0

### Hardware Setup

Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave Phantom - 1002	Air	EUmmWV3 - SN9374_F1-55GHz, 2023-12-04	DAE4ip Sn1602, 2023-11-08

### Scan Setup

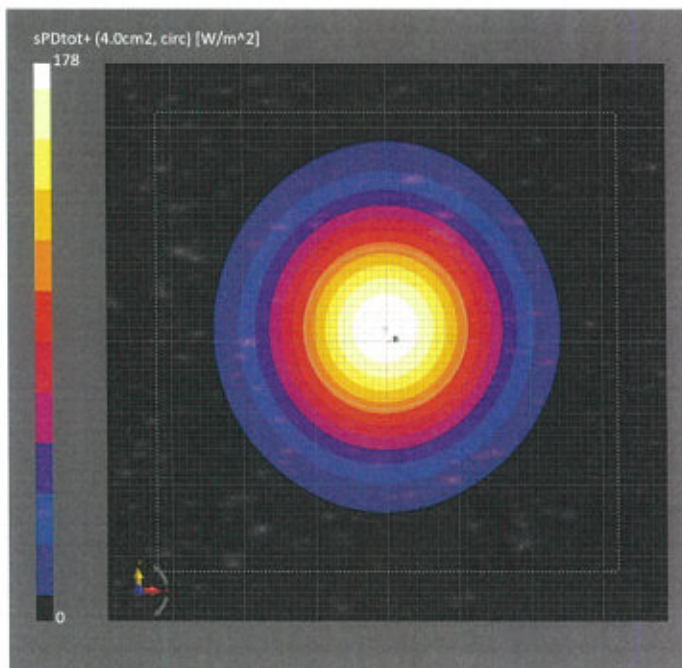
Sensor Surface [mm]  
MAIA

5G Scan  
10.0  
MAIA not used

### Measurement Results

Date  
Avg. Area [cm<sup>2</sup>]  
Avg. Type  
psPDn+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
psPDtot+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
psPDmod+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(Sn) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(Stot) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(|Stot|) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
E<sub>max</sub> [V/m]  
Power Drift [dB]

5G Scan  
2024-02-12, 16:16  
4.00  
Circular Averaging  
177  
178  
183  
247  
247  
247  
291  
0.00



# DASY Report

## Measurement Report for 5G Verification Source 10 GHz, UID 0 -, Channel 10000 (10000.0MHz)

### Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
5G Verification Source 10 GHz	100.0 x 100.0 x 100.0	SN: 2002	-

### Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group,	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G -	10.0 mm	Validation band	CW	10000.0, 10000	1.0

### Hardware Setup

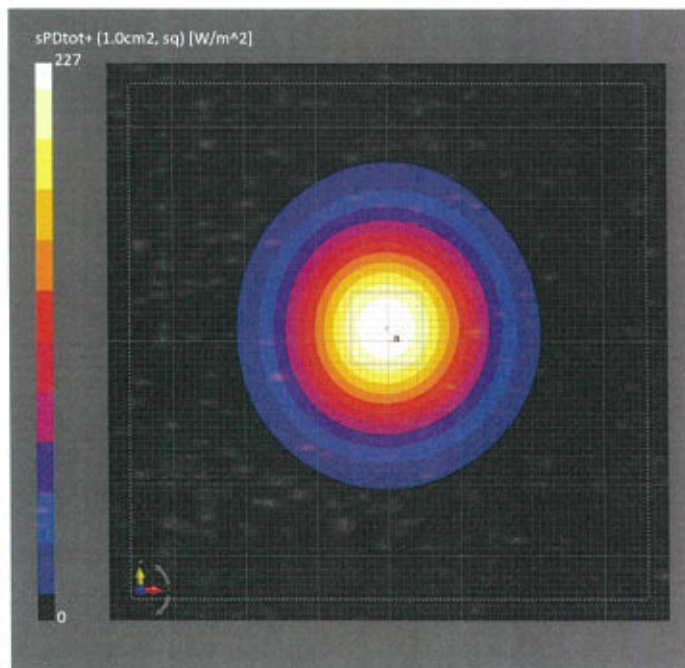
Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave Phantom - 1002	Air	EUmmWV3 - SN9374_F1-55GHz, 2023-12-04	DAE4ip Sn1602, 2023-11-08

### Scan Setup

Sensor Surface [mm]	5G Scan
MAIA	10.0 MAIA not used

### Measurement Results

Date	5G Scan
2024-02-12, 16:16	2024-02-12, 16:16
Avg. Area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	1.00
Avg. Type	Square Averaging
psPDn+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	226
psPDtot+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	227
psPDmod+ [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	229
Max(Sn) [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
Max(Stot) [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
Max( Stot ) [W/m <sup>2</sup> ]	247
E <sub>max</sub> [V/m]	291
Power Drift [dB]	0.00



# DASY Report

## Measurement Report for 5G Verification Source 10 GHz, UID 0 -, Channel 10000 (10000.0MHz)

### Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
5G Verification Source 10 GHz	100.0 x 100.0 x 100.0	SN: 2002	-

### Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group,	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G -	10.0 mm	Validation band	CW	10000.0, 10000	1.0

### Hardware Setup

Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave Phantom - 1002	Air	EUmmWV3 - SN9374_F1-55GHz, 2023-12-04	DAE4ip Sn1602, 2023-11-08

### Scan Setup

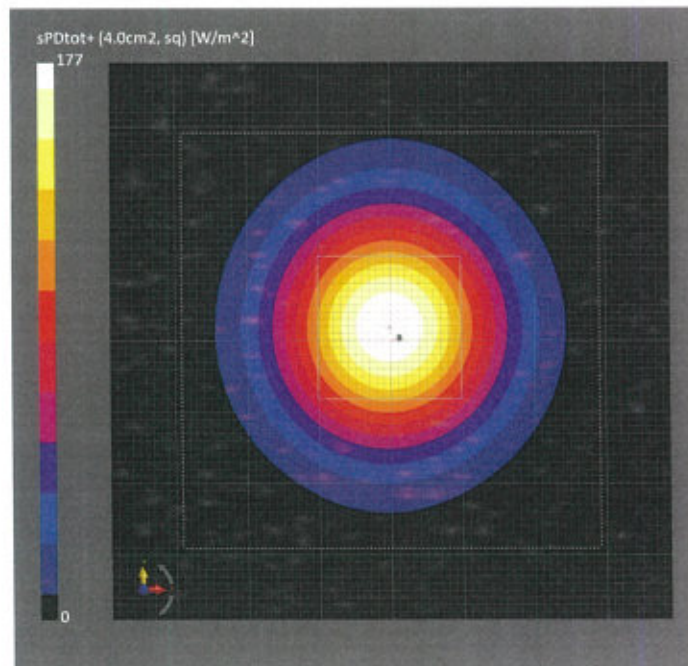
Sensor Surface [mm]  
MAIA

5G Scan  
10.0  
MAIA not used

### Measurement Results

Date  
Avg. Area [cm<sup>2</sup>]  
Avg. Type  
psPDn+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
psPDtot+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
psPDmod+ [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(Sn) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(Stot) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
Max(|Stot|) [W/m<sup>2</sup>]  
E<sub>max</sub> [V/m]  
Power Drift [dB]

5G Scan  
2024-02-12, 16:16  
4.00  
Square Averaging  
177  
177  
183  
247  
247  
247  
291  
0.00



## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
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Client **Sporton**  
Shenzhen City

Certificate No: **DAE4-1437\_Mar24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1437**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v30  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **March 14, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-23 (No:37421)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25
	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25

Calibrated by: **Adrian Gehring**      Name: **Adrian Gehring**      Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Sven Kühn**      Name: **Sven Kühn**      Function: **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: March 14, 2024

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## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.113 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	403.647 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	404.060 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.91646 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.93818 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	3.90686 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)

**Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	65.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199995.50	1.69	0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.09	3.55	0.02
Channel X - Input	-20002.92	-0.23	0.00
Channel Y + Input	199992.70	-0.63	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.93	0.54	0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20007.45	-4.52	0.02
Channel Z + Input	199994.83	1.35	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20004.25	2.77	0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20006.48	-3.66	0.02

Low Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.84	0.41	0.02
Channel X + Input	200.77	0.09	0.04
Channel X - Input	-198.57	0.51	-0.25
Channel Y + Input	2000.00	-0.11	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199.78	-0.51	-0.25
Channel Y - Input	-200.18	-0.77	0.39
Channel Z + Input	2000.06	-0.17	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	199.64	-0.74	-0.37
Channel Z - Input	-200.63	-1.33	0.67

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-3.34	-3.90
	- 200	5.71	4.54
Channel Y	200	23.31	23.02
	- 200	-26.03	-25.27
Channel Z	200	-8.51	-8.16
	- 200	5.05	6.15

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	-0.24	-1.22
Channel Y	200	5.14	-	-0.57
Channel Z	200	5.66	1.95	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16303	16637
Channel Y	16386	16927
Channel Z	16348	16122

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.39	-0.71	1.36	0.37
Channel Y	0.03	-4.86	2.48	0.76
Channel Z	0.15	-1.11	1.42	0.46

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**  
Shenzhen City

Certificate No: **DAE4-1664\_Jul24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BO - SN: 1664**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v30**  
**Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **July 10, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	29-Aug-23 (No:37421)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	23-Jan-24 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-25

Calibrated by: **Adrian Gehring**      Name: **Adrian Gehring**      Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Sven Kühn**      Name: **Sven Kühn**      Function: **Technical Manager**

Signature  
*[Handwritten signatures]*

Issued: July 10, 2024

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## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.911 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	404.813 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)	405.080 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.01111 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	4.00153 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)	4.00269 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2)

**Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	103.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199995.32	-1.49	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20003.76	0.68	0.00
Channel X - Input	-20000.01	1.54	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199998.56	1.62	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20001.77	-1.12	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20003.23	-1.57	0.01
Channel Z + Input	199996.69	-0.02	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20003.74	0.87	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20002.79	-0.99	0.00

Low Range	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.84	0.12	0.01
Channel X + Input	202.11	0.21	0.10
Channel X - Input	-197.55	0.25	-0.13
Channel Y + Input	2001.46	-0.02	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	201.22	-0.50	-0.25
Channel Y - Input	-198.79	-0.79	0.40
Channel Z + Input	2001.75	0.13	0.01
Channel Z + Input	201.03	-0.84	-0.41
Channel Z - Input	-199.06	-1.19	0.60

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-4.29	-5.95
	- 200	7.82	5.92
Channel Y	200	6.96	6.81
	- 200	-8.64	-9.20
Channel Z	200	9.87	9.77
	- 200	-12.13	-12.56

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	2.44	-2.29
Channel Y	200	7.14	-	3.57
Channel Z	200	8.78	4.60	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15991	15322
Channel Y	16010	15900
Channel Z	16020	13124

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.32	-0.59	1.05	0.31
Channel Y	-1.03	-1.78	-0.32	0.30
Channel Z	-0.07	-1.10	1.09	0.35

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**  
 Shenzhen City

Certificate No. **EX-7641\_Jun24**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:7641**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8**  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date **June 03, 2024**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660_Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 03, 2024

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## Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7641

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc ( $k = 2$ )
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.67	0.74	0.71	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	108.4	108.6	109.6	$\pm 4.7\%$

### Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> $k = 2$
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	119.0	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		133.4		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		148.9		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.65	61.25	6.76	10.00	60.0	$\pm 3.4\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.51	60.62	6.56		60.0		
		Z	1.52	60.71	6.68		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.86	60.00	5.16	6.99	80.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.86	60.00	5.27		80.0		
		Z	0.84	60.00	5.29		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	10.00	70.00	7.00	3.98	95.0	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.50	60.00	4.25		95.0		
		Z	10.00	70.00	7.00		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	12.36	149.52	9.23	2.22	120.0	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	14.62	140.56	2.25		120.0		
		Z	13.33	145.64	6.15		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.44	60.50	10.14	1.00	150.0	$\pm 4.1\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.63	61.50	10.61		150.0		
		Z	0.54	61.30	10.47		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.13	63.30	12.28	0.00	150.0	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.32	63.48	12.62		150.0		
		Z	1.23	63.49	12.51		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.62	63.62	15.18	3.01	150.0	$\pm 0.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.69	63.83	15.24		150.0		
		Z	1.69	63.94	15.29		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.63	65.10	14.24	0.00	150.0	$\pm 2.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.79	65.14	14.24		150.0		
		Z	2.72	65.15	14.27		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	3.78	65.82	14.96	0.00	150.0	$\pm 4.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.88	65.00	14.63		150.0		
		Z	3.76	65.06	14.64		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

**Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7641**

**Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$\alpha$ V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 msV <sup>-2</sup>	T2 msV <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	T6
x	9.7	68.37	31.86	5.47	0.00	4.92	0.49	0.00	1.00
y	13.3	93.60	31.57	5.46	0.00	4.90	0.51	0.00	1.00
z	11.4	80.42	32.08	4.68	0.00	4.92	0.55	0.00	1.00

**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	70.2°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

**Note:** Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

**Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7641****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
13	55.0	0.75	17.87	19.97	18.31	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	10.48	10.36	10.24	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
835	41.5	0.90	10.19	10.07	9.95	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1640	40.2	1.31	8.70	8.60	8.49	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.74	8.64	8.54	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.33	8.23	8.13	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.25	8.15	8.06	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.00	7.90	7.81	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.81	7.71	7.62	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.70	7.61	7.52	0.34	1.27	±11.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.28	7.19	7.11	0.34	1.27	±13.1%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.99	6.90	6.82	0.34	1.27	±13.1%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.83	6.75	6.67	0.34	1.27	±13.1%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.96	6.88	6.79	0.34	1.27	±13.1%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.74	6.66	6.58	0.34	1.27	±13.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	6.15	6.08	6.01	0.30	1.27	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.50	5.44	5.37	0.27	1.27	±13.1%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.47	5.41	5.34	0.26	1.27	±13.1%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

<sup>H</sup> The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. Therefore, The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

**Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7641**

**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.45	5.38	5.32	0.20	1.27	±18.6%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for  $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$  by less than ±10% from the target values (typically better than ±6%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10%.

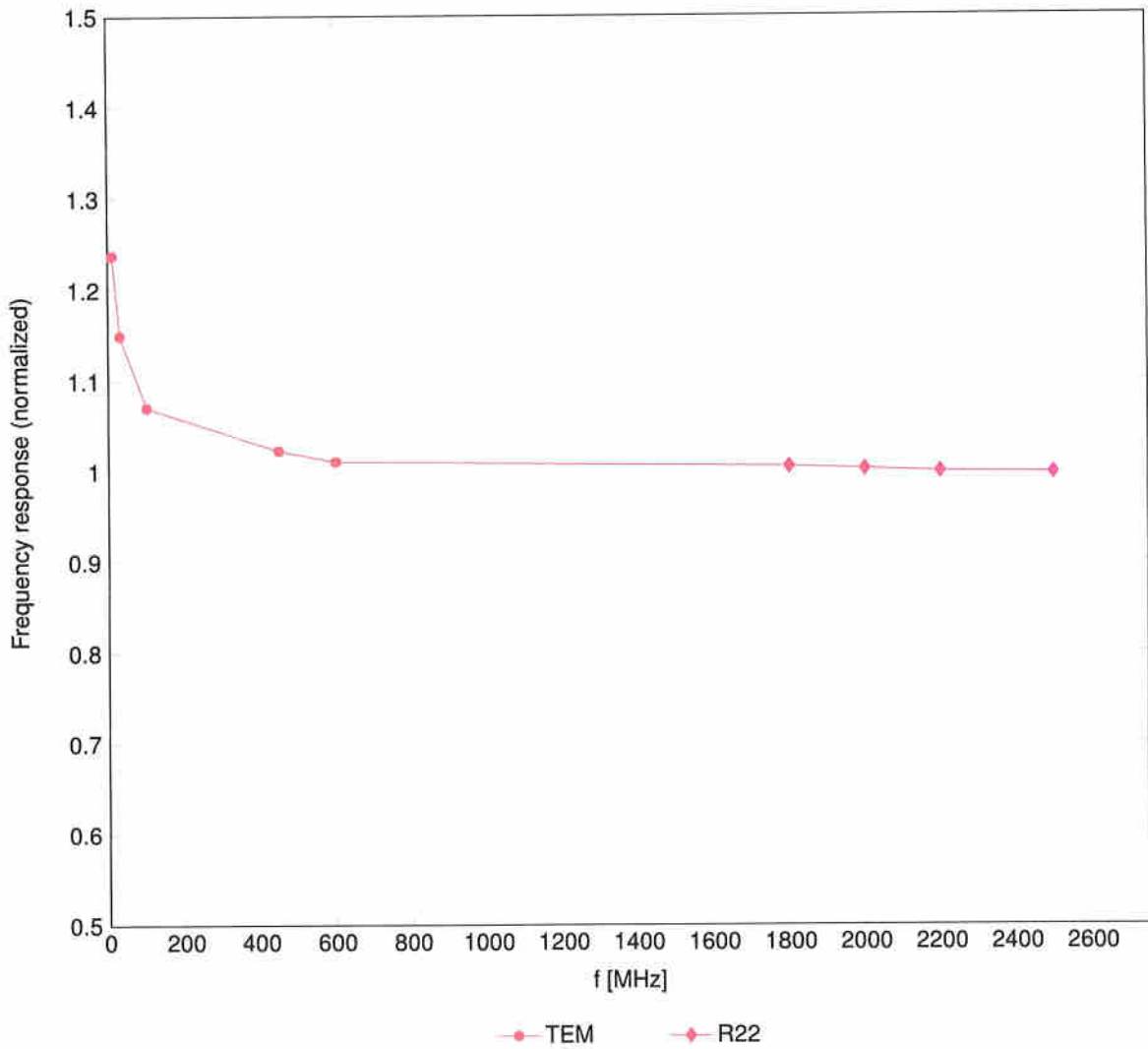
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

<sup>H</sup> The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm.ConvF. Therefore, The uncertainty stated is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.



### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)