

Report No.: HA8D2526-02B



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2ABZ2-GM1915

Equipment: Smart Phone

Brand Name: ONEPLUS

Model Name: GM1917

T-Rating : T3

Applicant : OnePlus Technology (shenzhen) Co., Ltd

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra

Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Manufacturer: OnePlus Technology (shenzhen) Co., Ltd

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra

Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Mar. 08, 2019 and testing was started from Mar. 19, 2019 and completed on Mar. 22, 2019. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grange

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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History of this test report

Report No.: HA8D2526-02B

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA8D2526-02B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 02, 2019

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface		Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity		
CMRS Voice GSM		GSM850	T3	Pass	Pass		
	GSM	GSM850	Т3	Pass	Pass		
	UMTS	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass		
отт	CDMA	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass		
011	FDD LTE	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass		
	TDD LTE	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass		
	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	T4	Pass	Pass		
Date	e Tested	2019/3/19 ~ 2019/3/22					

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory				
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978			
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY			

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01

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4. General Information

Product Feature & Specification					
Applicant Name	OnePlus Technology (shenzhen) Co., Ltd				
Equipment Name	Smart Phone				
Brand Name	ONEPLUS				
Model Name	GM1917				
FCC ID	2ABZ2-GM1915				
EUT Stage	Production Unit				
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2848.3 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz LTE Band 67: 65.5 MHz ~ 3697.5 MHz LTE Band 68: 3552.5 MHz ~ 2695.5 MHz LTE Band 68: 3552.5 MHz ~ 2569.5 MHz LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 2595.5 MHz LTE Band 72: 686.5 MHz ~ 2520 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 24480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz				
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) CDMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE				
Remark:	NFC:ASK				

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Based on original report to adding dual SIM device version and 3rd part SIP calling VoIP application to include verification worst case found in the original report, FCC ID: 2ABZ2-GM1915 (Sporton Report No. HA8D2526-01B) performed testing.

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interfees Band MHz		Туре	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Tested Transmitter		Transmitter	Service	Reduction	
	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
CCM	GSM1900	VO	res	WLAN, BT	CIVIRS VOICE	No
GSM	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	EDGE1900	۷۵	162	WLAN, BI	SIF Calling*	INO
	WCDMA II			WLAN, BT		No
UMTS	WCDMA IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
UIVITS	WCDMA V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
CDMA	1900	V	162	WLAN, BT		No
	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4		WLAN, BT		No	
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 13	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	163	WLAN, BT	SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 38			WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
(TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	/ (1.2)	No
()	Band 48			WLAN, BT	SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	2450					No
	5200				VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	No
Wi-Fi	5300 VD Yes		Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	/ (1.2)	No
	5500				SIP Calling ^(1,2)	No
	5800					No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	NA	No

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Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

1. For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.

2. The SIP calling is android internal auxiliary functions under the dialing program.

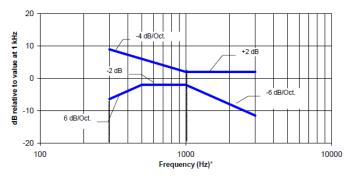
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6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

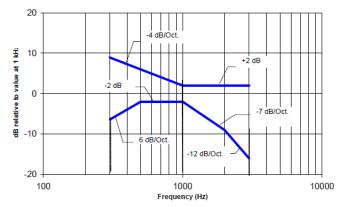
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

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NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4,

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

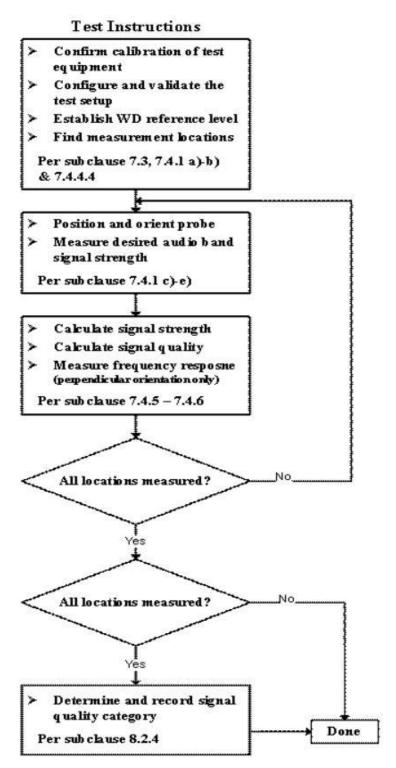
Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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7.1 Test Flow Chart

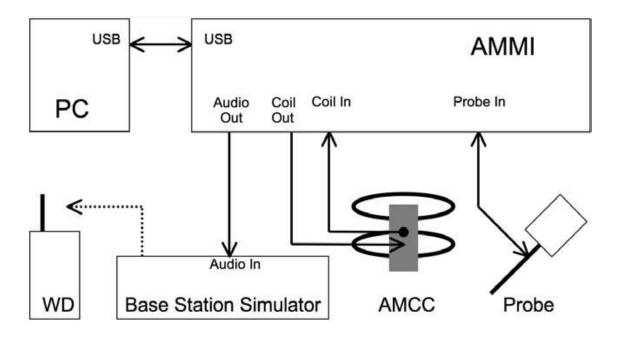


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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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7.2 Test Setup Diagram



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0
- 2. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined, the procedure also can be determined -16dBm0 for GSM
- 3. The test setup used for SIP calling VoIP call is via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, also connection to the other auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec and bit rate and also monitor the audio input level of -20dBm0.

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 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k csek 8k 441 white 10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Calculation formula:

- Audio Level at -16dBm0 = ((-16dBm0) (3.14dBm0)) + X dBv
- Calculated Gain at -16dBm0 = 10((audio level at -16dBm0 Y dBm0) / 20) * 10

- Gatting setting at -16dBm0 = required gain factor * calculated gain

<u> </u>						
Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level			
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0			
		-2.47	3.14			
10	20	-19.85	-14.24			
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16			

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

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7.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

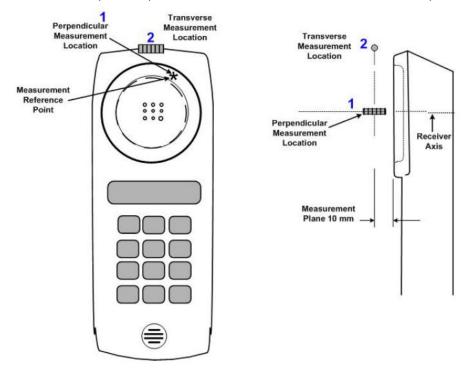


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Tyroc/Model	Serial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 20, 2018	Nov. 19, 2019	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2019	
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2018	Nov. 11, 2019	
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	May. 24, 2018	May. 23, 2019	

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Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Notes:

 Based on original report to adding dual SIM device version(FCC ID: 2ABZ2-GM1915, report No.: HA8D2526-01B) to include verification worst case to show compliance, and the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface is GMS850 CMRS voice with FR_V1 codec.

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response	
1	CCMOEO	CSM Voice	189	Axial (Z)	3.23	-24.71	27.94	Т3	-50.35	1.07	Pass	
1	GSIVIOSU	GSIVI VOICE	GSM850 GSM Voice	109	Transversal (Y)	-6.98	-41.94	34.96	T4	-50.24	1.07	F d 5 5

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10. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

General Notes:

1. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

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- 2. The SIP calling VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.
- 3. The SIP calling support audio codecs as table below.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. For this report is just added SIP calling VoIP application, according to original report, FCC ID: 2ABZ2-GM1915, report No.: HA8D2526-01B which the worst case air interface for each wireless mode to spot check for SIP calling VoIP application is compliant. the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for SIP calling OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -GSM worst configuration and band: GSM850 / EDGE 2Tx slots
 - -UMTS worst configuration and band: UMTS B2 / HSPA
 - -CDMA worst configuration and band: CDMA BC0 / RTAP153.6Kbps
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 25/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1+2 worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-0.2	-1.51	-1.05	0.16	-0.48			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-25.45	-30.03	-26.36	-28.04	-28.06	Andal	0014050 / 400	
Signal Quality (dB)	25.25	28.52	25.31	28.2	27.58	Axial	GSM850 / 189	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass			

HSPA

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-3.32	-1.45	-1.33	-1.45	-1.34		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.97	-38.6	-38.58	-38.52	-38.42	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400
Signal Quality (dB)	36.65	37.15	37.25	37.07	37.08	Axiai	OW13 B2 / 9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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1XEVDO Rev A

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-5.62	-5.36	-5.38	-5.25	-5.34		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.7	-41.8	-41.75	-41.8	-41.79	Axial	BC0 / 384
Signal Quality (dB)	36.08	36.44	36.37	36.55	36.45	Axiai	BCU / 304
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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LTE FDD

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-6.07	-4.43	-4.43	-4.42	-4.32		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.51	-40.57	-40.5	-40.6	-40.63	Axial	B25 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	35.44	36.14	36.07	36.18	36.31	Axiai	26340
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE TDD

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-1.14	-0.76	-0.81	-0.79	-0.7			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-36.33	-36.83	-36.83	-36.73	-36.69	Axial	B41 / 20M /	
Signal Quality (dB)	35.19	36.07	36.02	35.94	35.99	Axiai	40620	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass			

WLAN

Codec	AMR NB 12.2 Kbit/s	GSM 13Kbit/s	GSM_EFR 12.2 Kbit/s	PCMA 64 Kbit/s	PCMU 64 Kbit/s	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-4.8	-4.29	-4.32	-4.34	-4.29		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-40.2	-40.09	-40.02	-40.09	-40	Andal	M/I ANO 40 / 0
Signal Quality (dB)	35.4	35.8	35.7	35.75	35.71	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Variation	Frequency Response	
1	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	Axial (Z)	-0.20	-25.45	25.25	Т3	-50.33	0.79		
'	GSIVIOSU	EDGE 2 TX SIOIS	109	Transversal (Y)	-9.58	-41.29	31.71	T4	-50.22		Pass	
2	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	-3.32	-39.97	36.65	T4	-50.35	0.53	Pass	
	WCDIVIA II	ПЭГА	9400	Transversal (Y)	-8.41	-43.26	34.85	T4	-50.25			
3	CDMA BC0	RTAP	384	Axial (Z)	-5.62	-41.70	36.08	T4	-50.37	0.92	Pass	
3	CDIVIA BCU	153.6Kbps	304	Transversal (Y)	-8.38	-44.15	35.77	T4	-50.24			
4	LTE Bond 2F	20M QPSK 1 0	26340	Axial (Z)	-6.07	-41.51	35.44	T4	-50.38	0.56	Door	
4	LIE Dallu 25	20101_QP3K_1_0	20340	Transversal (Y)	-9.25	-43.08	33.83	T4	-50.26	0.56	Pass	
5	LTE Bond 41	20M ODSK 1 0	40620	Axial (Z)	-1.14	-36.33	35.19	T4	-50.33	0.0	Pass	
5	5 LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	Transversal (Y)	-8.25	-43.61	35.36	T4	-50.24	0.8	rass	
6	M/I AND 4CH-	902 11h 1Mhna	6	Axial (Z)	-4.80	-40.20	35.40	T4	-50.36	0.00	Door	
0	6 WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Transversal (Y)	-8.69	-43.34	34.65	T4	-50.21	0.86	Pass

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Remark:

1.

Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A. 2.

Test Engineer : Nick Yu 3.

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11. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)	
Probe Sensitivity								
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %	
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %	
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %	
		Probe Sy	stem					
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %	
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %	
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %	
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %	
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
		Test Siç	gnal					
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %	
		Position	ning					
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %	
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %	
	External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %	
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	
	Combined Standard Uncertainty							
		K	= 2					
Expanded Uncertainty ± 8.1 %								

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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12. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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