

IC/FCC

RF

TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR
Mobile Phone

ISSUED TO
OnePlus Technology(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

18/F, Tower C, Tai Ran Building, No.8 Tai Ran Road, Shenzhen, China



Tested by:

Cao Shaodong
Cao Shaodong
(Engineer)

Date *Sep. 29, 2015*

Approved by:

Wei Yanguan
BALUN CONSULTING
Wei Yanguan
(Chief Engineer)

Date *Sep. 29, 2015*

Report No.: BL-SZ1580044-603

EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Model Name: ONE E1005

Brand Name: ONEPLUS

Test Standard: IC RSS-Gen (Issue 4, November 2014)
IC RSS-247 (Issue 1, May 2015)
47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

IC Number: 12739A-E1005

FCC ID: 2ABZ2-E1005

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Sep. 5, 2015 ~ Sep. 15, 2015

Date of Issue: Sep. 29, 2015

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
Rev. 01	Sep. 25, 2015	Initial Issue
Rev. 02	Sep. 29, 2015	The Second Issue

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	<p>The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.</p> <p>The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625.</p> <p>The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation certificate number is TL-588.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.</p>
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v1.0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.

- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant

Applicant	OnePlus Technology(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Address	18/F, Tower C, Tai Ran Building, No.8 Tai Ran Road, Shenzhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer

Manufacturer	OnePlus Technology(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address	18/F, Tower C, Tai Ran Building, No.8 Tai Ran Road, Shenzhen, China

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Mobile Phone
Model Name	ONE E1005
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	ONE E1005_11_150707
Network and Wireless connectivity	GSM Network: GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz WCDMA Band I/II/IV/V/VIII FDD-LTE Band 1/2/4/5/7/8 Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40) GPS, GLONASS
About the Product	The equipment is mobile phone, it contains Bluetooth and WIFI modules operating at 2.4 GHz ISM band. Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40) was tested in this report.

2.4 Technical Information

TX/ RX Operating Range	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11. 802.11n(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	0 dBi

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)	The Frequency Equal to the Transmission Rate of Modulation Signal
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1	1 MHz
	DQPSK	2	
	CCK	5.5/ 11	1.375 MHz
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6 / 9	1 MHz
	QPSK	12 / 18	
	16QAM	24 / 36	
	64QAM	48 / 54	
OFDM (802.11n-20MHz)	BPSK	6.5	1 MHz
	QPSK	13/19.5	
	16QAM	26/39	
	64QAM	52/58.5/65	
OFDM (802.11n-40MHz)	BPSK	13.5	1 MHz
	QPSK	27/40.5	
	16QAM	54/81/108	
	64QAM	121.5/135	

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.3 and 2.4 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	ONEPLUS
	Model No.	BLP607
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacitance	2450 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.35 V
Ancillary Equipment 2	Charger 1	
	Brand Name	ONEPLUS
	Model No.	AY0520)
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.3 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V=, 2 A
Ancillary Equipment 3	Charger 2	
	Brand Name	ONEPLUS
	Model No.	ONE0520
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.4 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V=, 2 A
Ancillary Equipment 4	USB Data Cable	
	Brand Name	ONEPLUS
	Model No.	N/A
	Length (Approx)	1.1 m

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	IC RSS-Gen (Issue 4, Nov. 2014)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
2	IC RSS-247 (Issue 1, May 2015)	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
3	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C (10-1-14 Edition)	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
4	KDB Publication 558074 D01v03r03	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
5	ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard for Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
6	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	RSS-247, 5.4 (6); 15.203; 15.247(b)	Note1	Pass
2	Output Power	RSS-247, 5.4 (4); 15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	RSS-GEN, 6.6; RSS-247, 5.2 (1); 15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	RSS-247, 5.5; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Conducted Emission	RSS-GEN, 8.8; 15.207	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Radiated Spurious Emission	RSS-247, 5.5; 15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Band Edge	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5; 5.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Power spectral density (PSD)	RSS-247, 5.2 (2); 15.247(e)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-Gen, 7.1.2	ANNEX A.8	Pass
Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1				

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2015.07.16	2016.07.15
Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	177746	2015.07.16	2016.07.15
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	260592	2015.07.01	2016.06.30
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2015.07.16	2016.07.15
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2014.10.18	2015.10.17
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2015.07.14	2016.07.13
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2015.07.14	2016.07.13
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2015.07.16	2016.07.15
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2015.07.01	2016.06.30
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2015.07.21	2016.07.20
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091	--	--
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189	--	--
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2015.07.17	2016.07.16
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2015.08.07	2016.08.06
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna-Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2015.02.28	2016.02.27
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703	--	--

4.3 Test Configurations

Test Configurations (TC) NO.	Description	
	Signal Description	Operating Frequency
Transmitter		
TC01	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 1/ 2412 MHz
TC02	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC03	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC04	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 1/ 2412 MHz
TC05	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC06	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC07	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 1/ 2412 MHz
TC08	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC09	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC10	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 3/ 2422 MHz
TC11	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC12	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 9/ 2452 MHz
TC13	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC14	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC15	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC16	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz

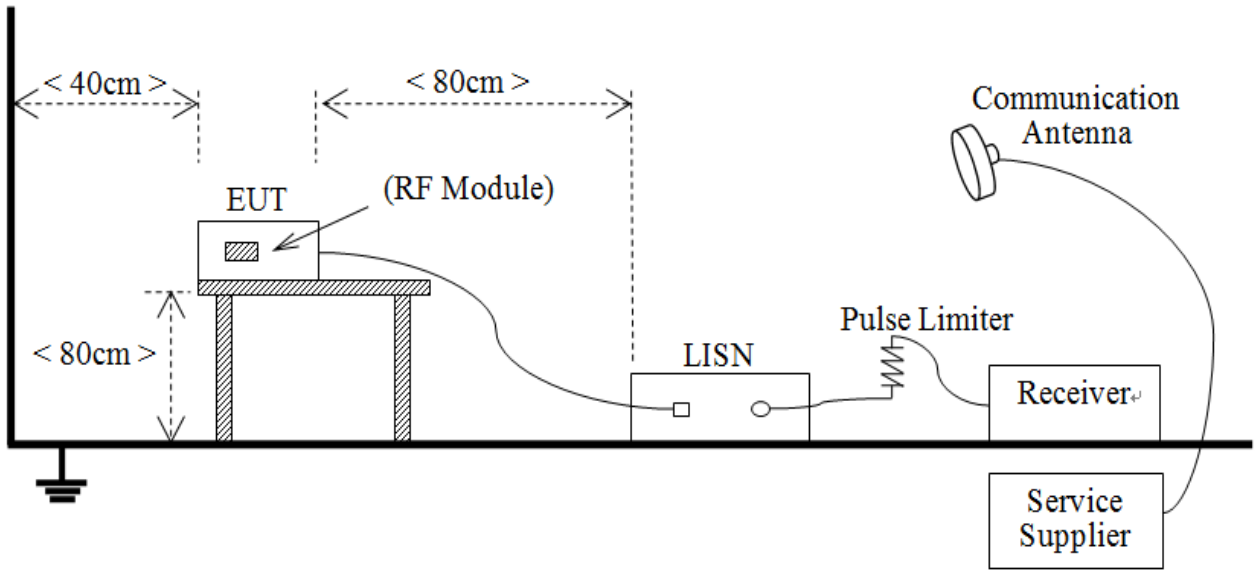
4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



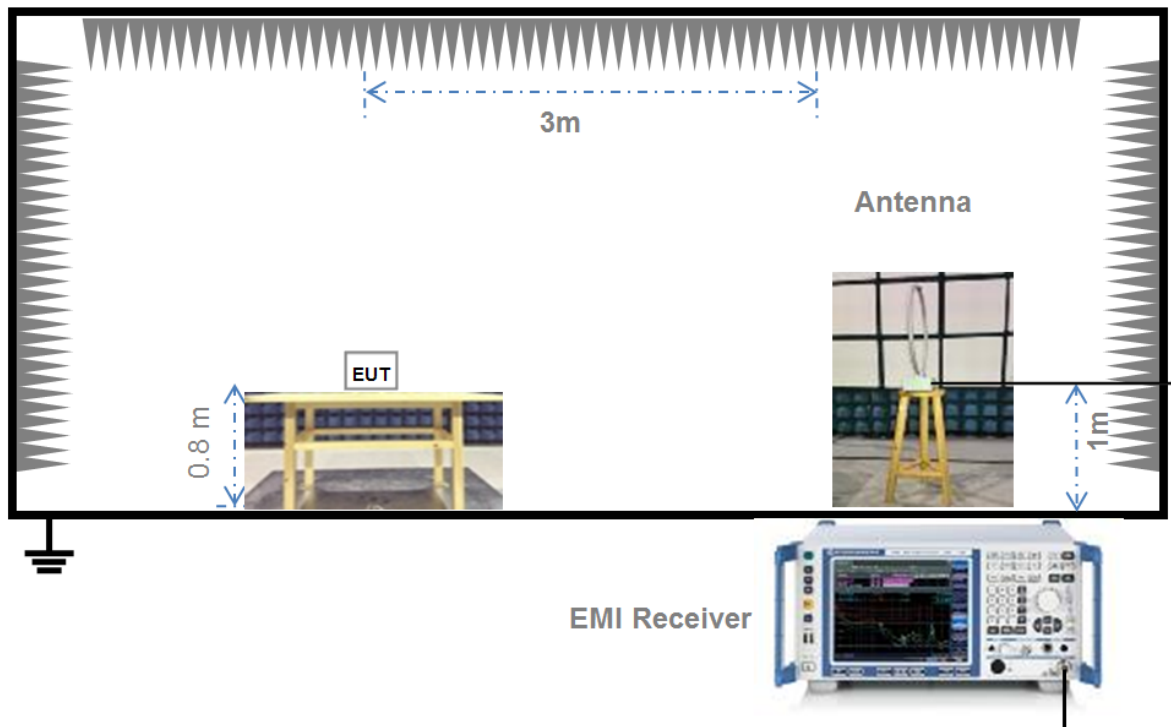
(Diagram 1)

4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



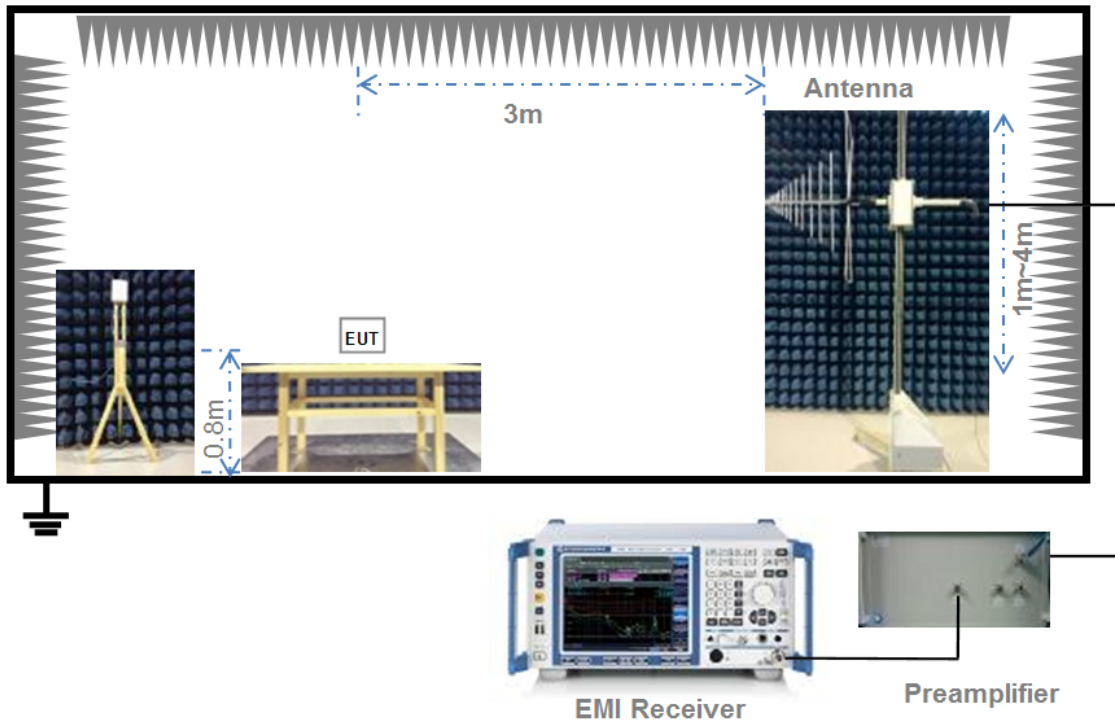
(Diagram 2)

4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



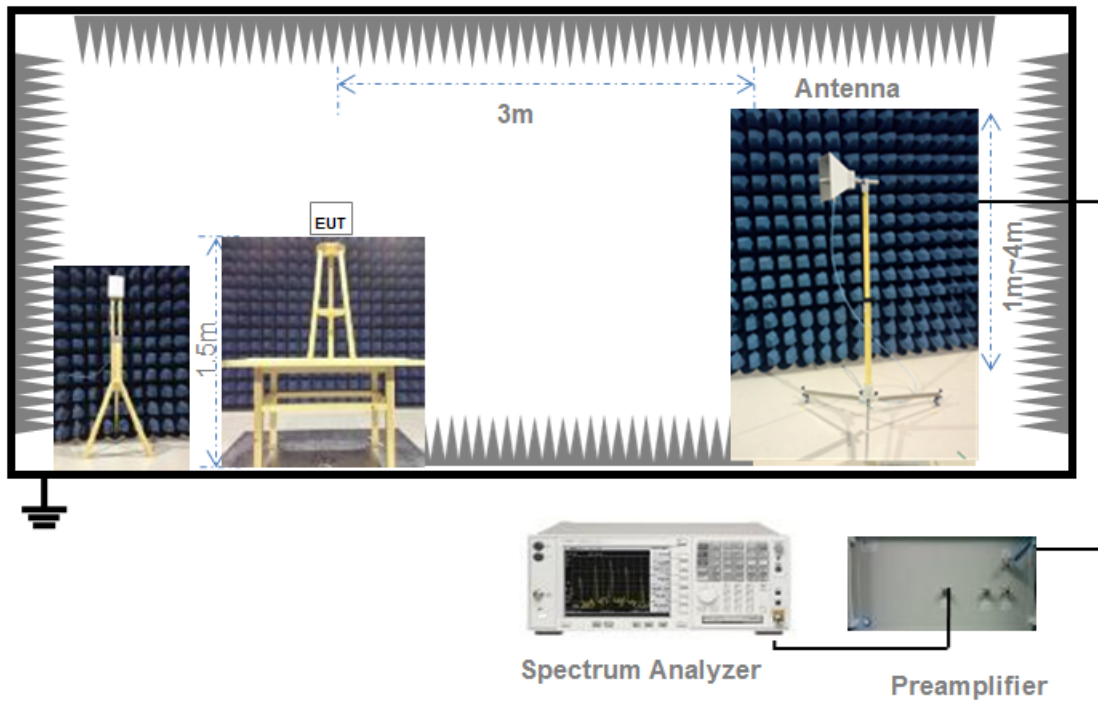
(Diagram 3)

4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.5 Test Conditions

Test Case	Test Conditions		
	Test Env.	Test Setup ^{Note 1}	Test Configuration ^{Note 2}
Peak Output Power	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12
Occupied Bandwidth	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12
Conducted Spurious Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12
Conducted Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 2	TC01~TC12
Radiated Spurious Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 3 Test Setup 4 Test Setup 5	TC01~TC12
Band Edge	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01, TC03, TC04, TC06, TC07, TC09, TC10, TC12
Power spectral density (PSD)	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12
Receiver Spurious Emissions	NTNV	Test Setup 3 Test Setup 4 Test Setup 5	TC01~TC12
Note: 1. Please refer to section 4.4 for test setup details. 2. Please refer to section 4.3 for test configuration details.			

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Standard Applicable

RSS-247, 5.4 (6); FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

RSS-247, 5.4 (4); FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the *DTS bandwidth* and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.

c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.3 6dB Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

RSS-GEN, 6.6; FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

RSS-247, 5.5; FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Conducted Emission

5.5.1 Limit

RSS-GEN, 8.8; FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.6.1 Limit

RSS-247, 5.5; FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.2-4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform

a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the

maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Band Edge

5.7.1 Limit

RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5; FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (f_{emission}) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by f_{emission} ± 0.5 MHz.

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.8.1 Limit

RSS-247, 5.2 (2); FCC §15.247(e)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.1.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Receiver Spurious Emissions

5.9.1 Limit

IC RSS-Gen, 7.1.2

Radiated spurious emission measurements shall be performed with the receiver antenna connected to the receiver antenna terminals. Spurious emissions from receivers shall not exceed the radiated limits shown in the table below:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3-5((Diagram 3-5)for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360° , and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

Test Plots for the Whole Measurement Frequency Range:

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T (ms)	1/T(kHz)
802.11b	0.974	8.433	0.119
802.11g	0.876	1.56	0.641
802.11n-20 MHz	0.864	1.473	0.679
802.11n-40 MHz	0.752	0.833	1.201

Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	14.50	28.18	30	1000	Pass
Middle	15.28	33.73			Pass
High	15.49	35.40			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	13.32	21.48	30	1000	Pass
Middle	14.22	26.42			Pass
High	14.31	26.98			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	13.35	21.63	30	1000	Pass
Middle	14.21	26.36			Pass
High	14.28	26.79			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	13.41	21.93	30	1000	Pass
Middle	13.57	22.75			Pass
High	13.27	21.23			Pass

A.2 Bandwidth

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	8.611	13.1647	≥500
Middle	8.580	13.1856	≥500
High	8.557	13.1584	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	16.399	16.4646	≥500
Middle	16.428	16.4835	≥500
High	16.334	16.4590	≥500

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

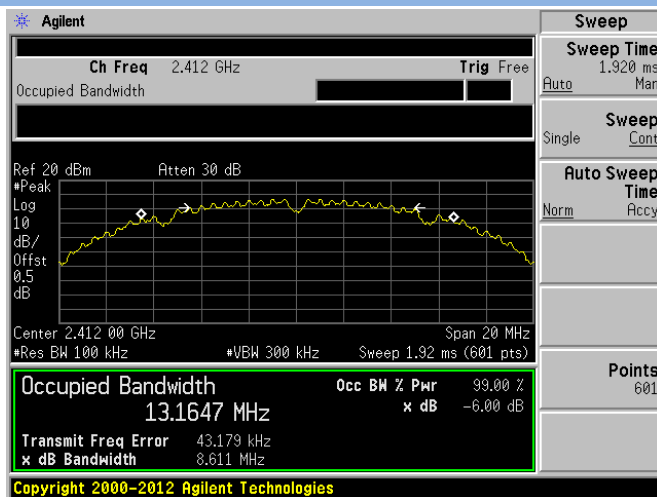
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	17.615	17.6275	≥500
Middle	17.586	17.6185	≥500
High	17.198	17.5967	≥500

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

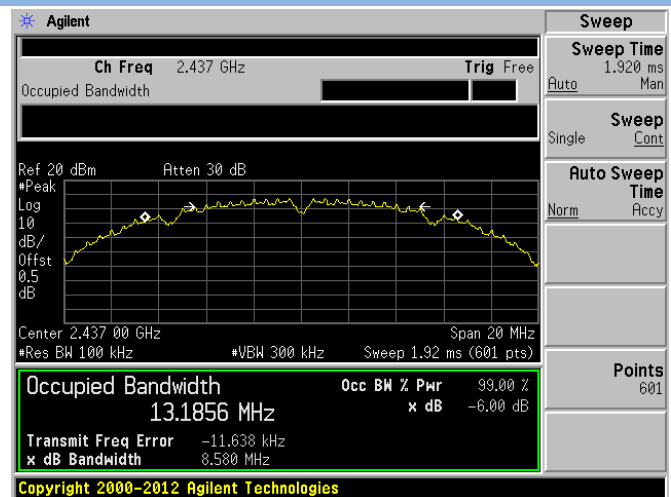
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	35.201	33.7766	≥500
Middle	35.217	35.8024	≥500
High	35.199	35.7088	≥500

Test plots

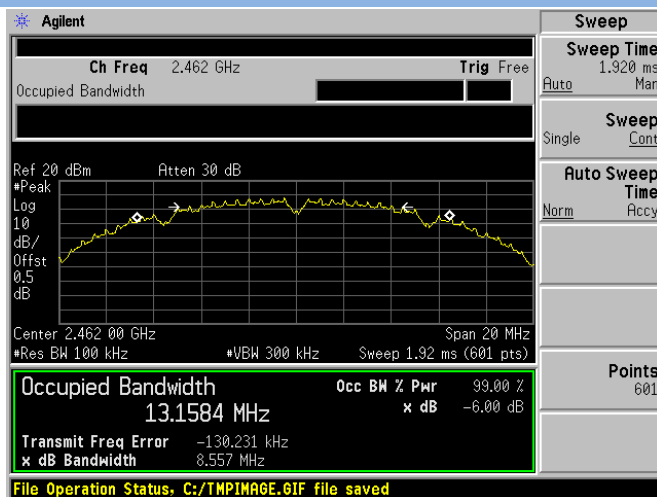
802.11b LOW CHANNEL



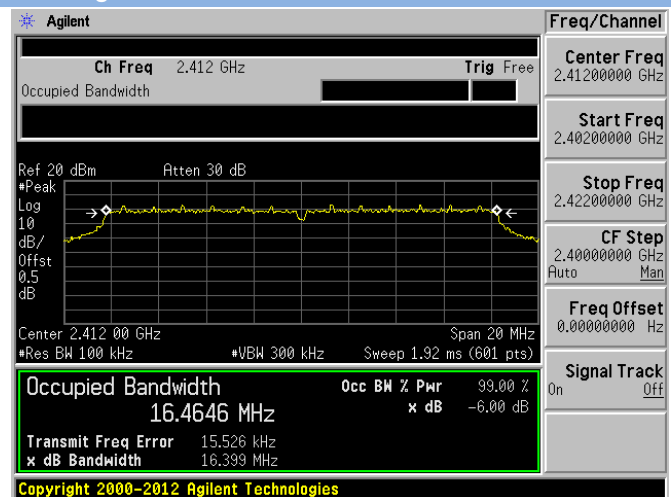
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



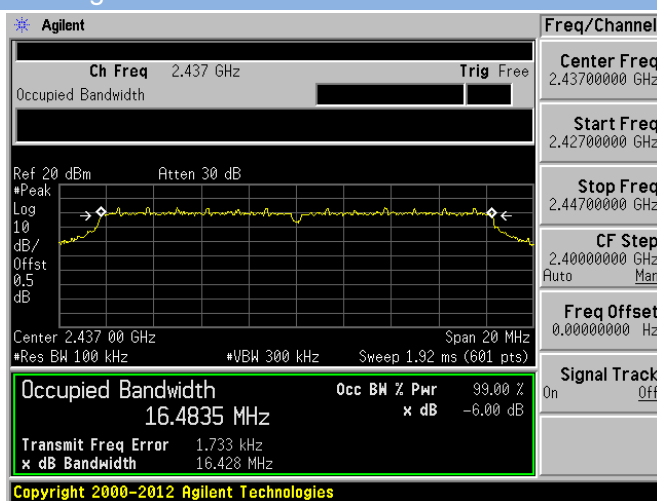
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



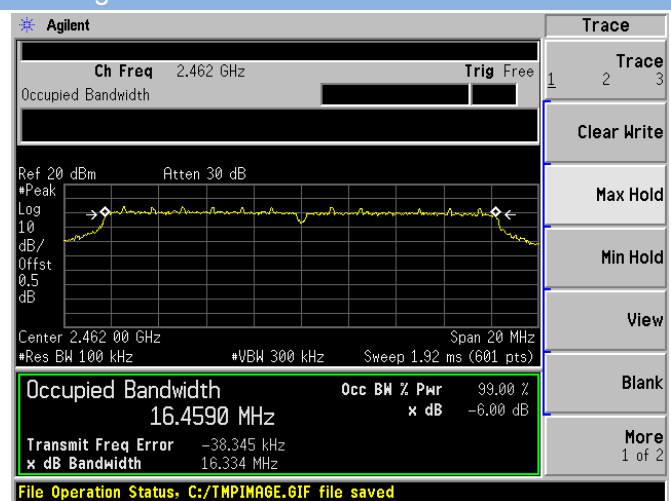
802.11g LOW CHANNEL



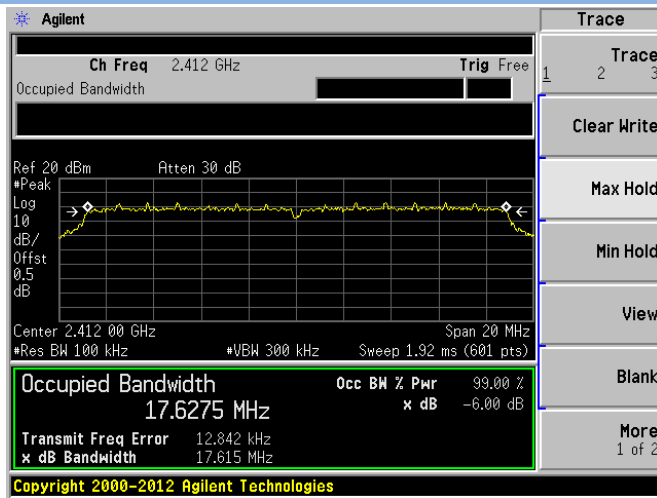
802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



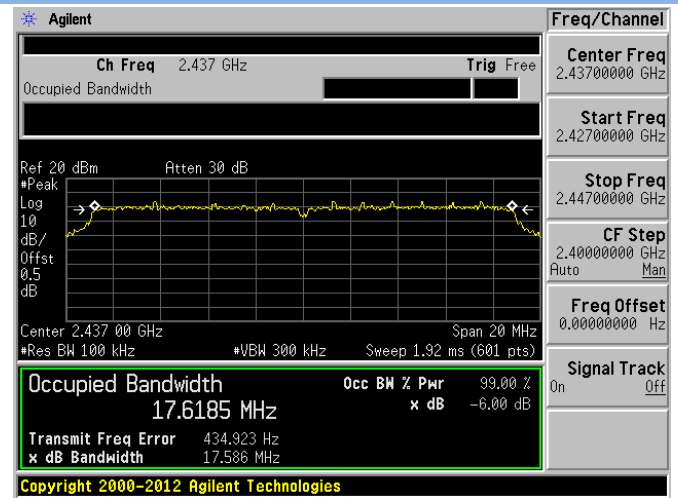
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



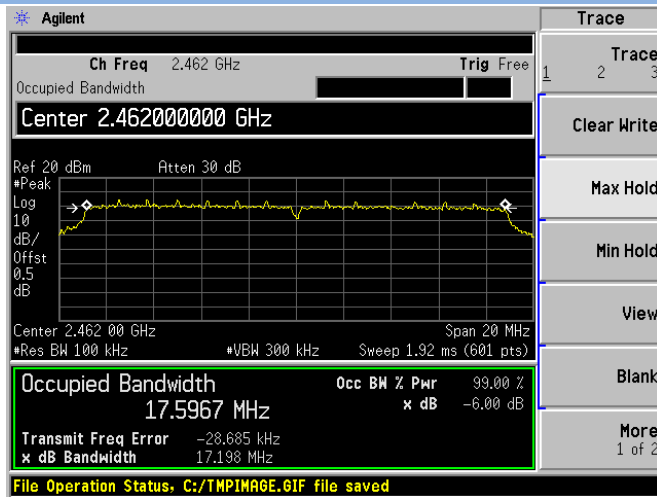
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



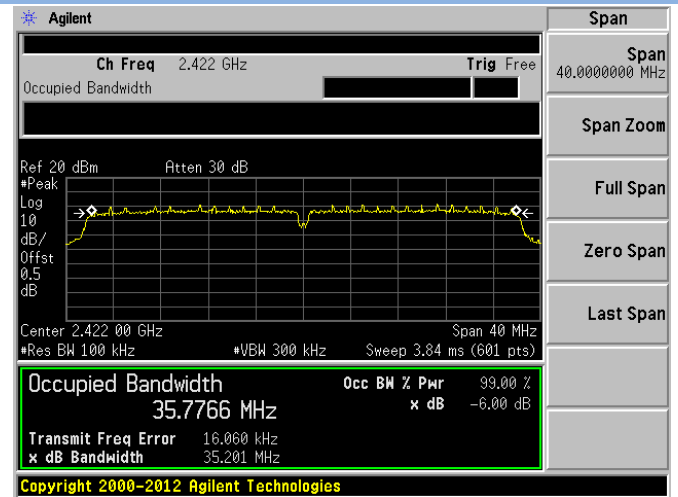
802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



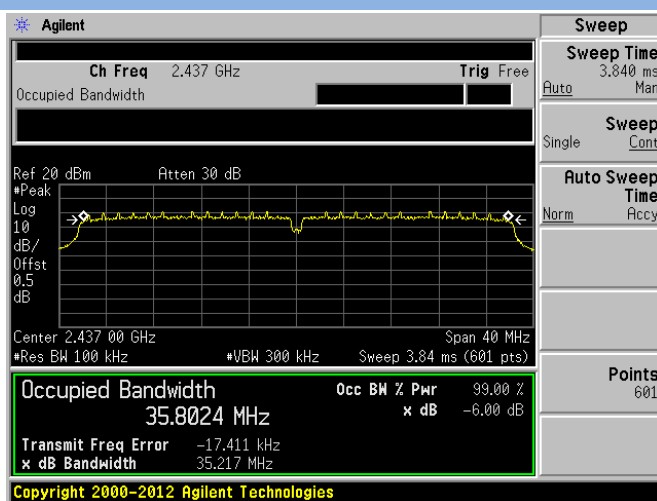
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



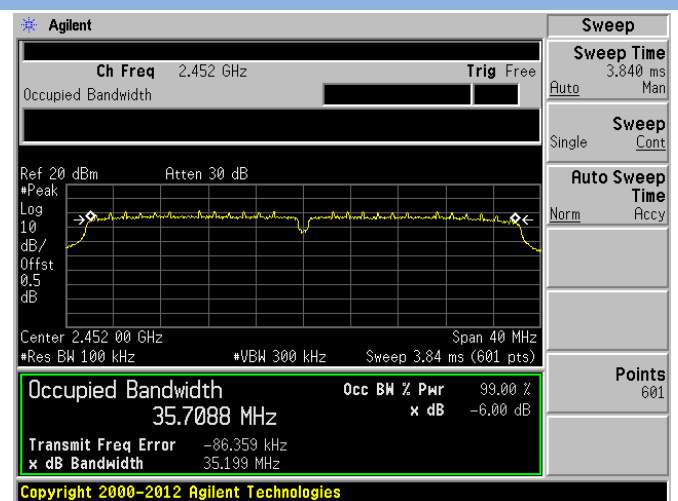
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-45.02	6.65	-13.4	Pass
Middle	-45.33	6.75	-13.2	Pass
High	-43.08	7.82	-12.2	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-49.42	3.05	-17.0	Pass
Middle	-54.52	3.14	-16.9	Pass
High	-54.14	4.44	-15.6	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

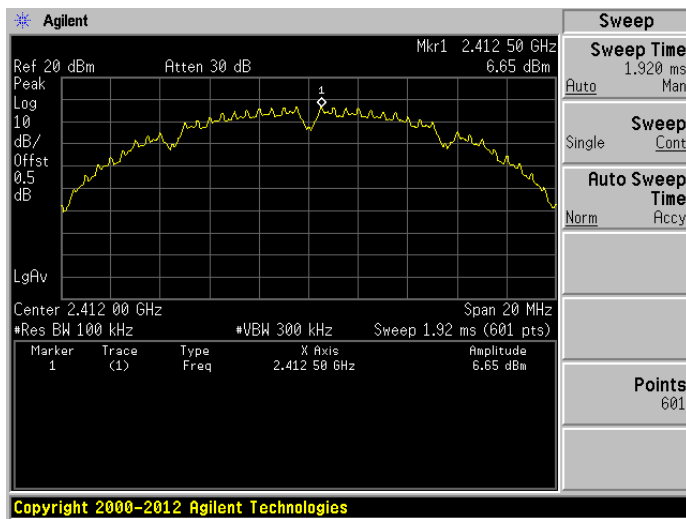
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-53.76	3.08	-16.9	Pass
Middle	-54.54	3.76	-16.2	Pass
High	-54.29	3.76	-16.2	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

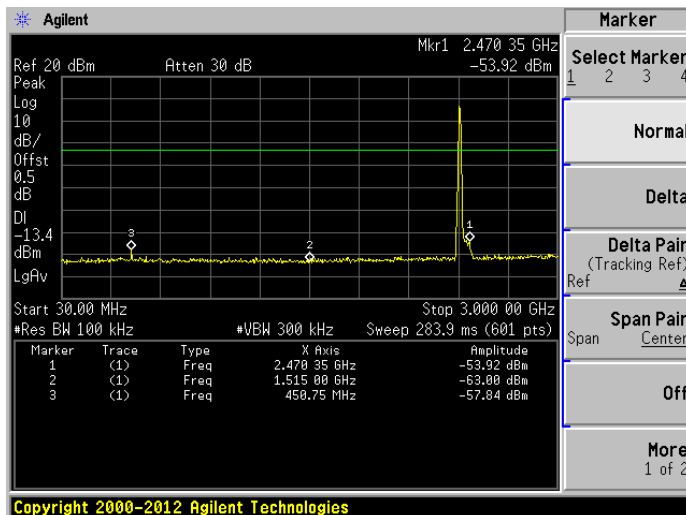
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-51.58	1.10	-18.9	Pass
Middle	-56.44	1.04	-19.0	Pass
High	-54.10	1.17	-18.8	Pass

Test Plots

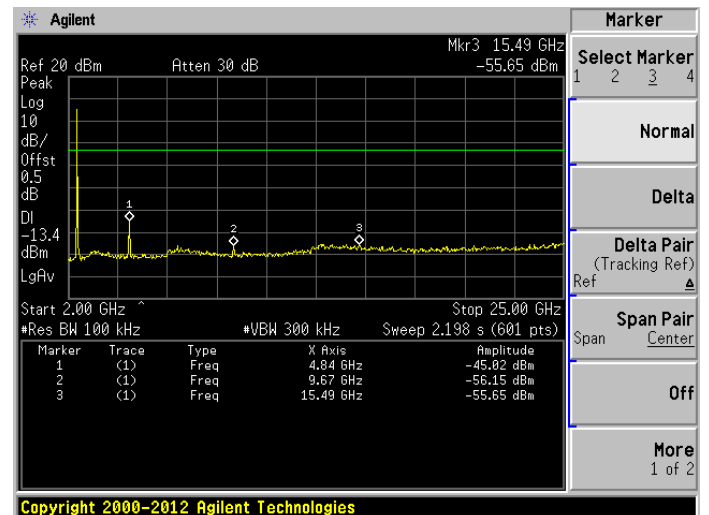
802.11b LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



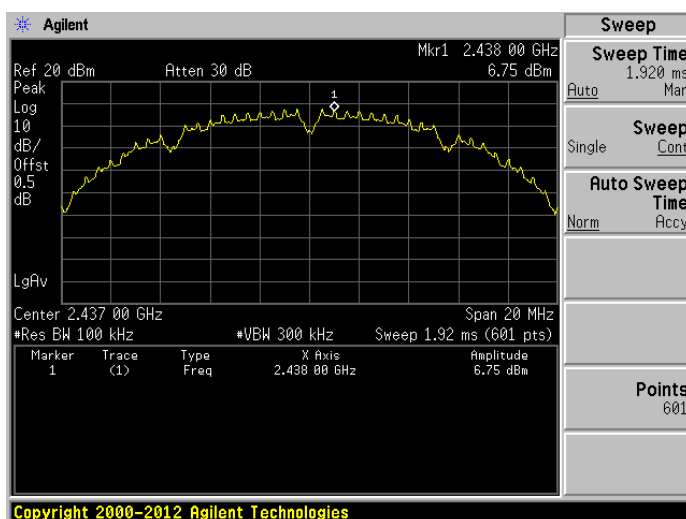
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

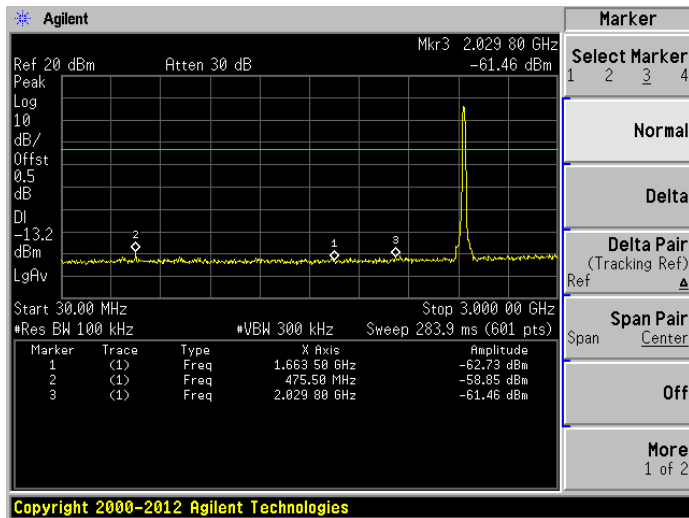
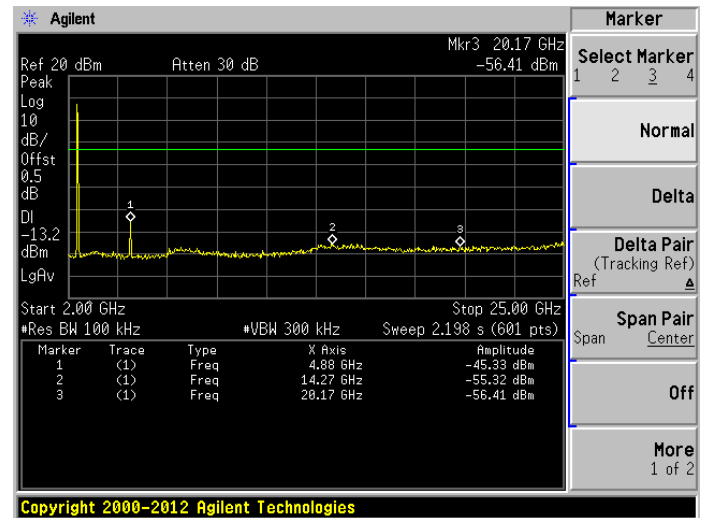


802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

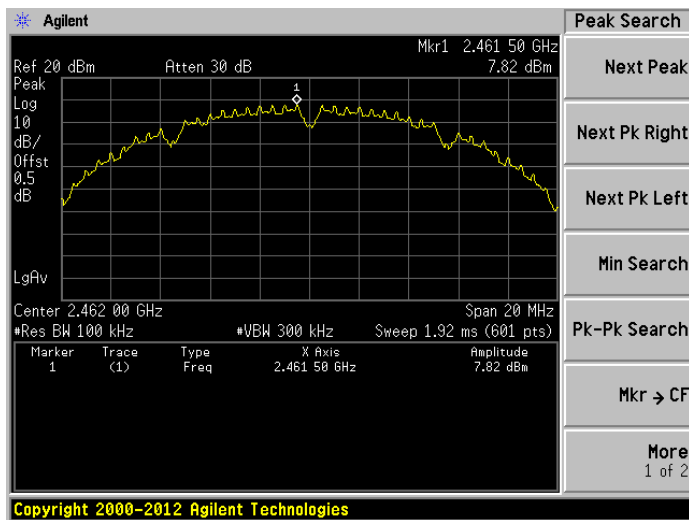
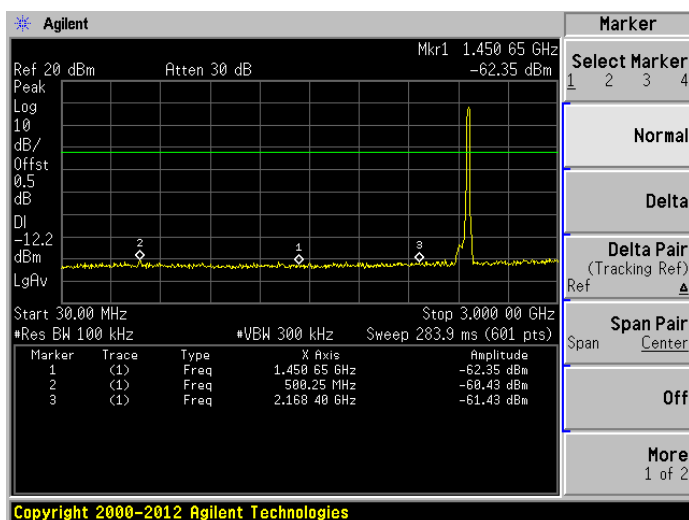
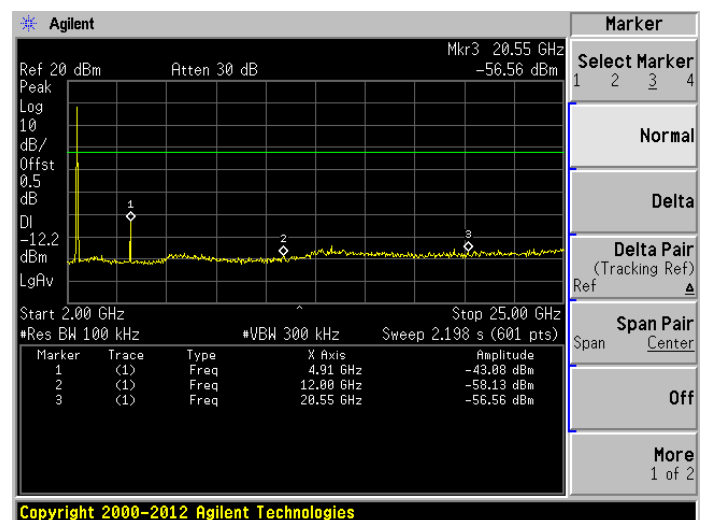


802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

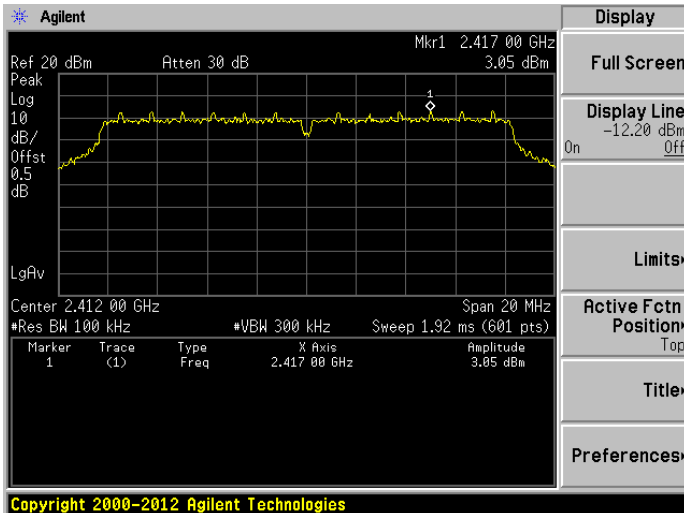


802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


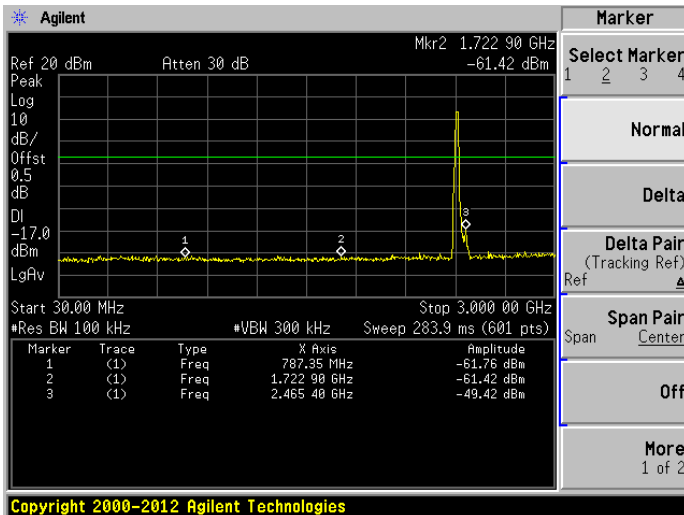
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL


 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


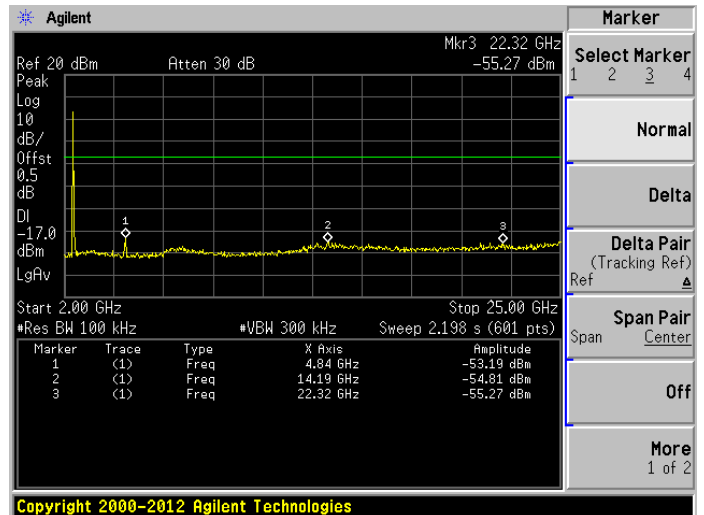
802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



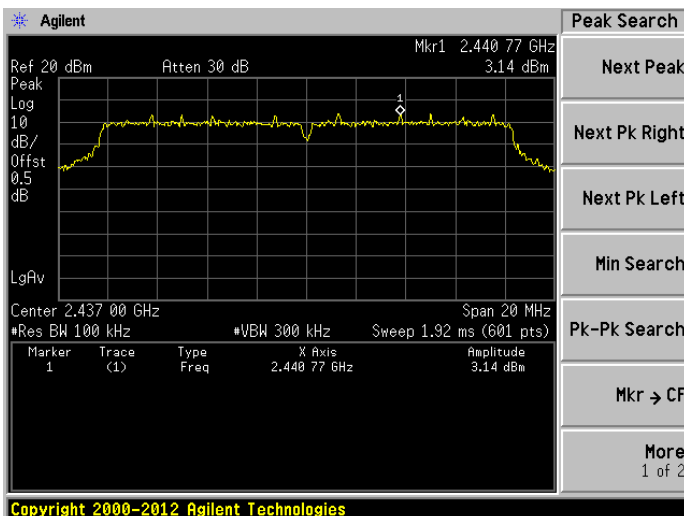
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

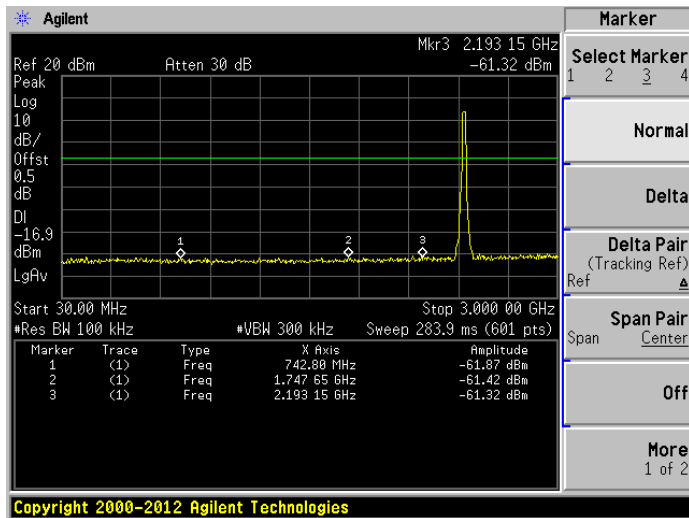
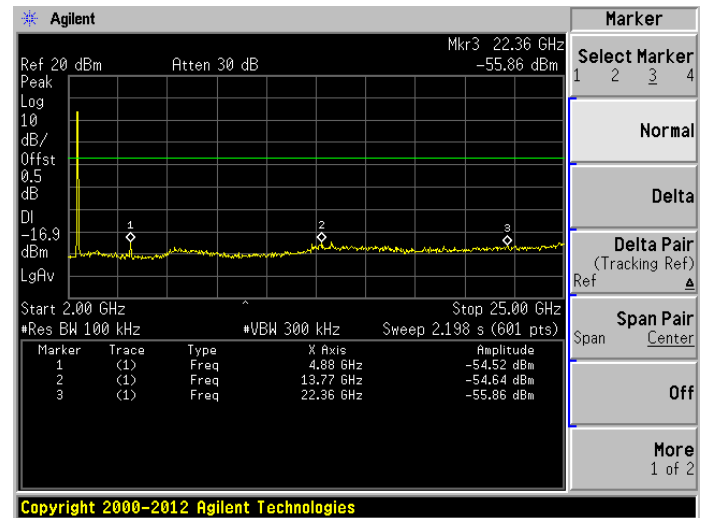


802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

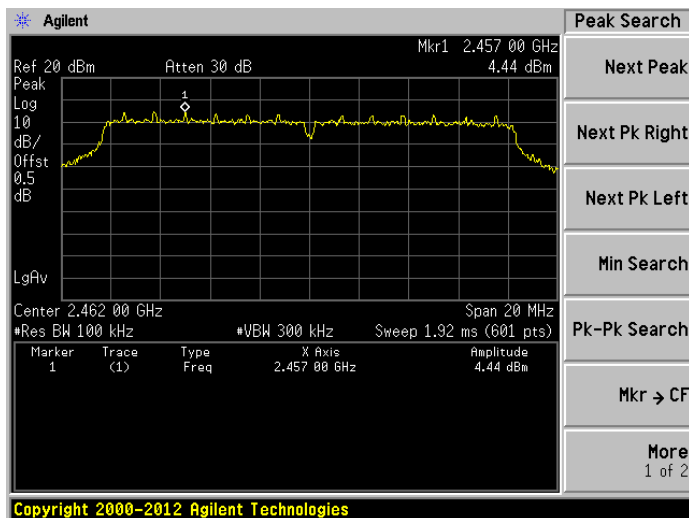
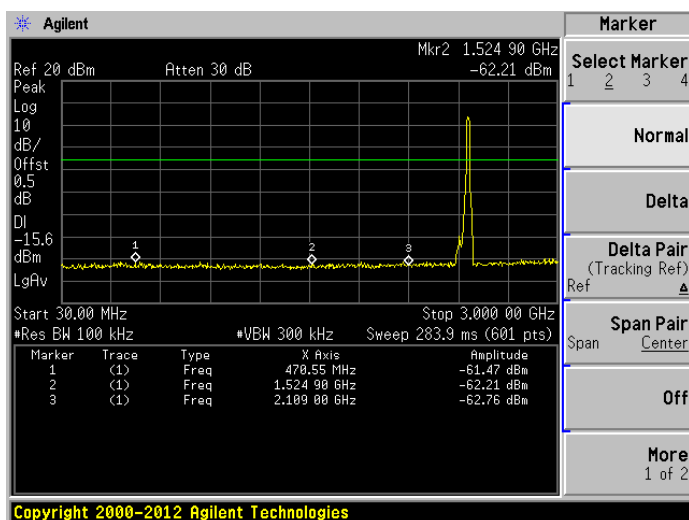
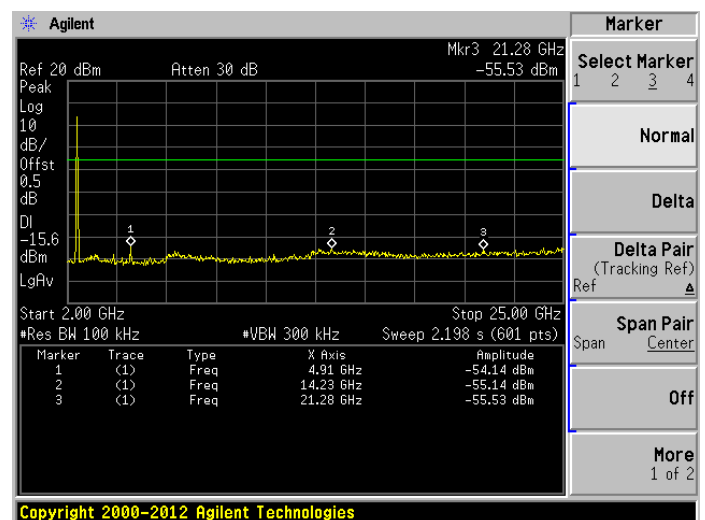


802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

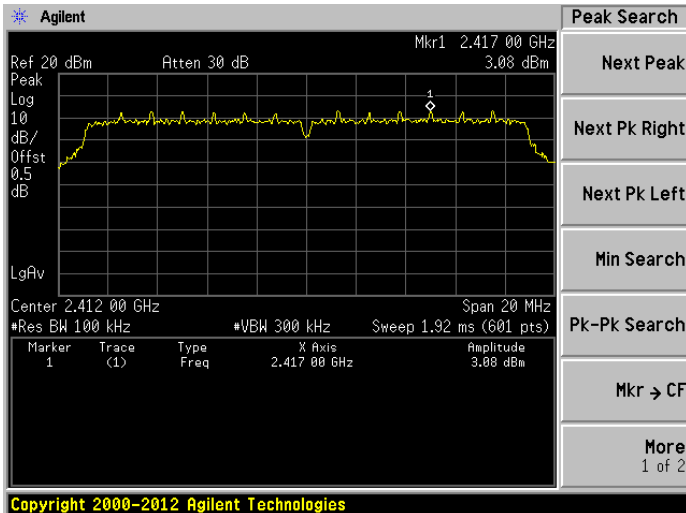


802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


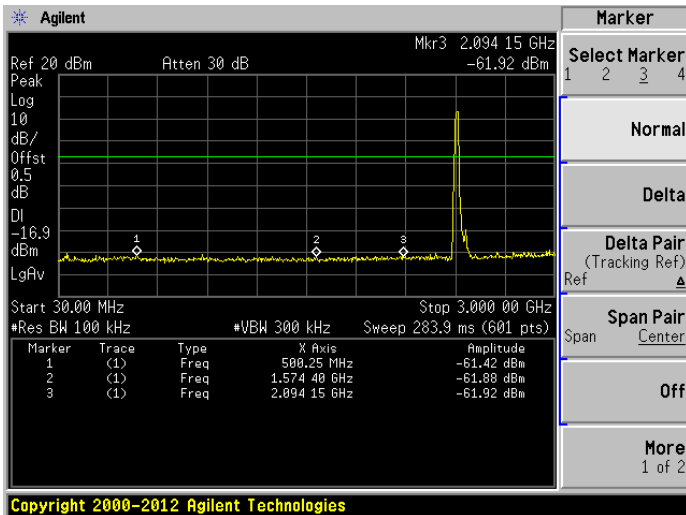
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL


 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz


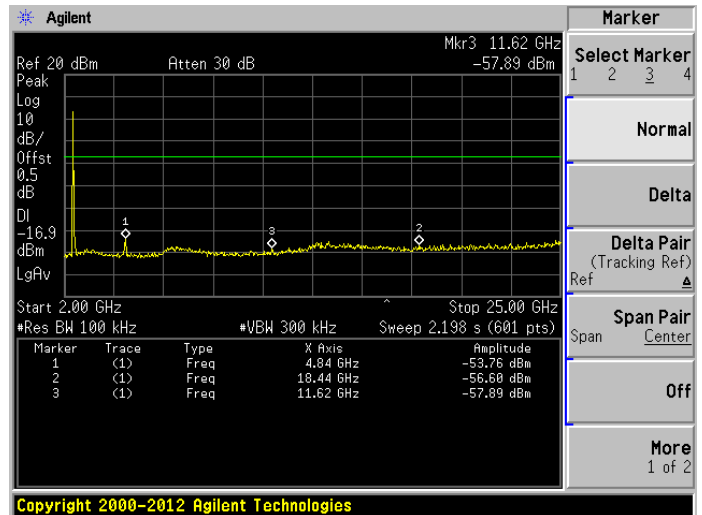
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



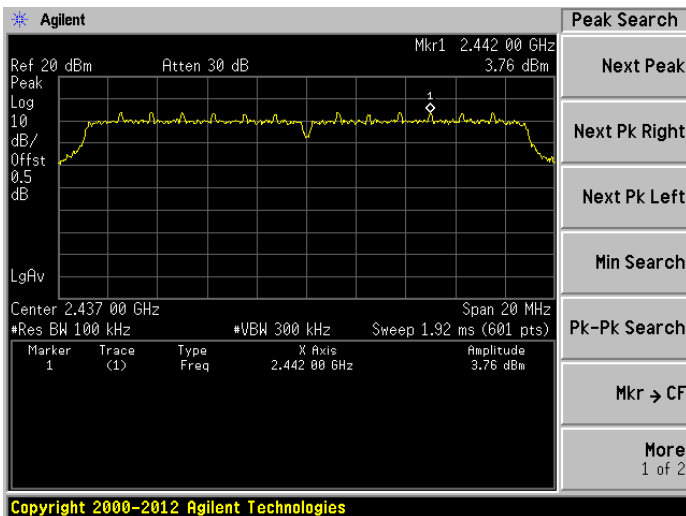
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

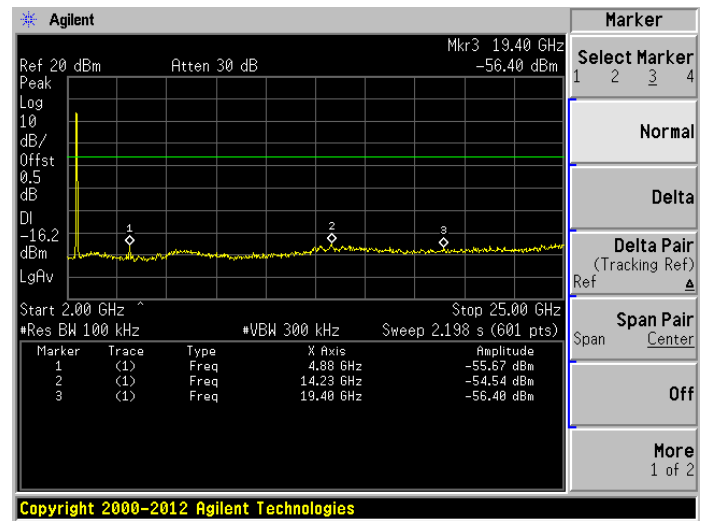
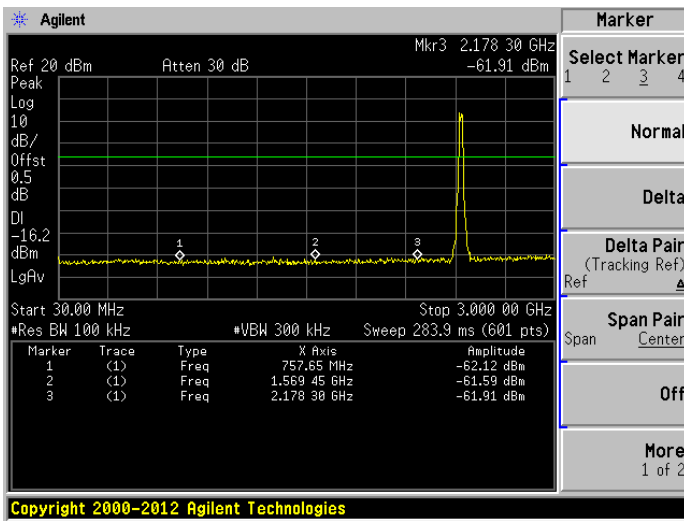


802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

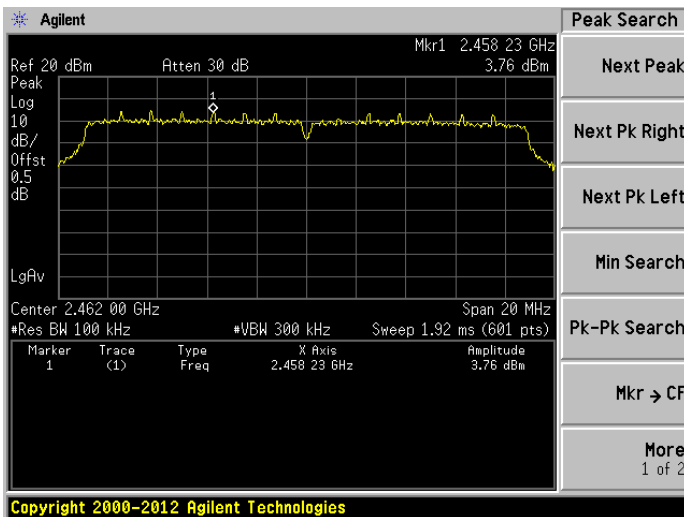


802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

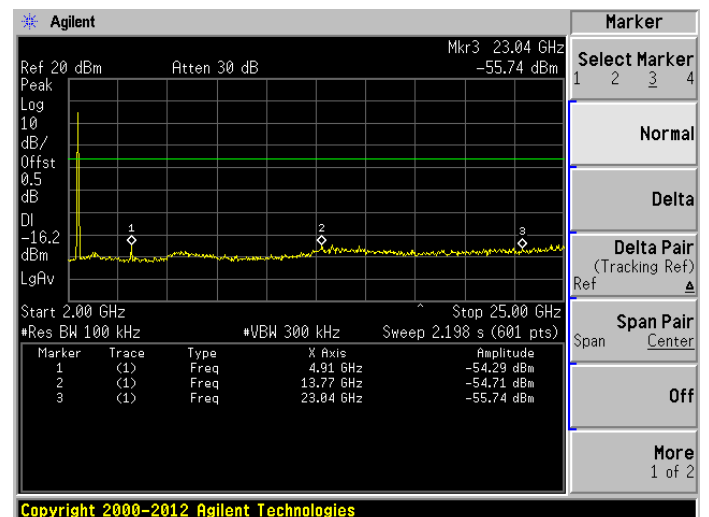
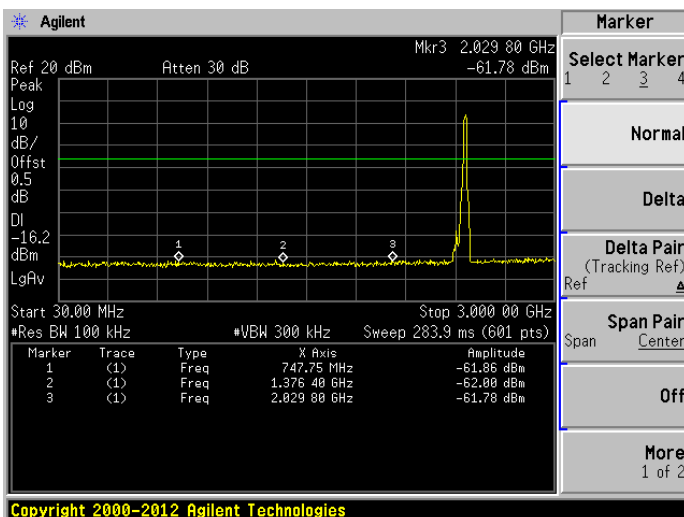


802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

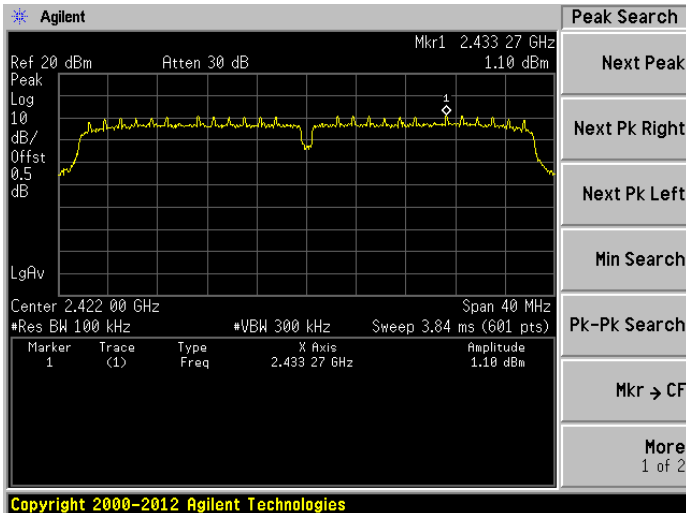


802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

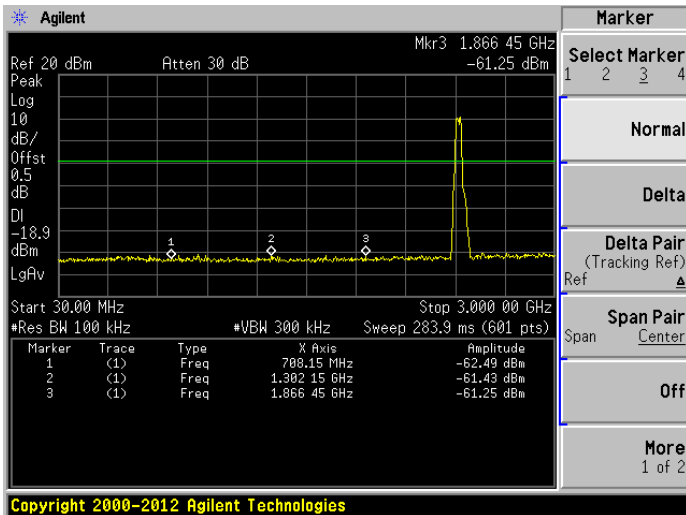
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



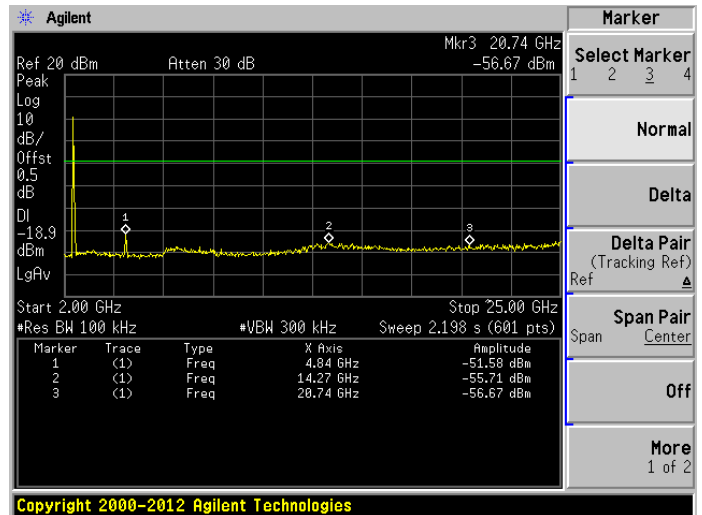
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



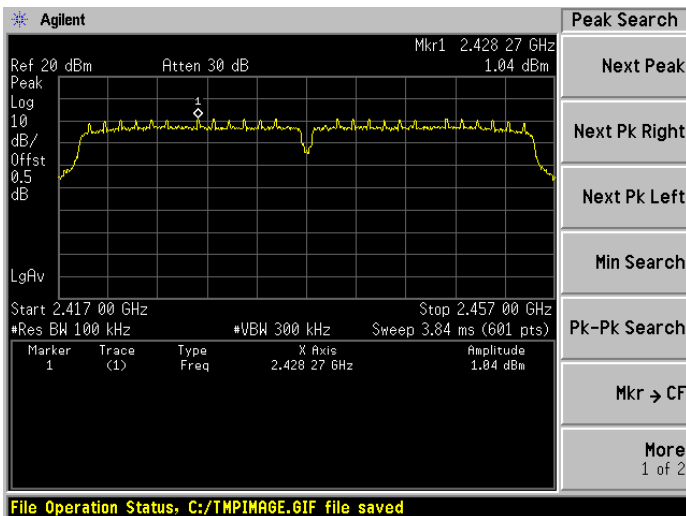
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



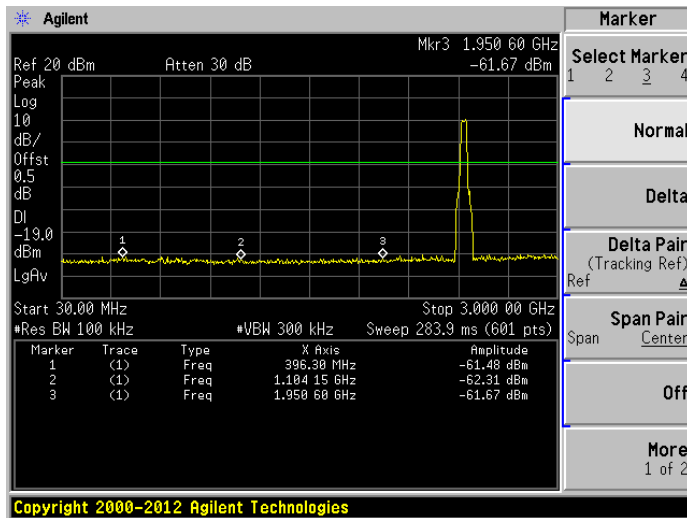
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



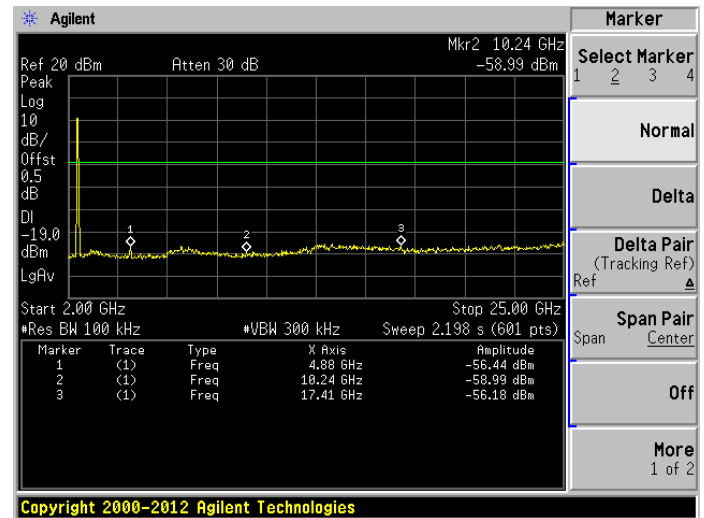
802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



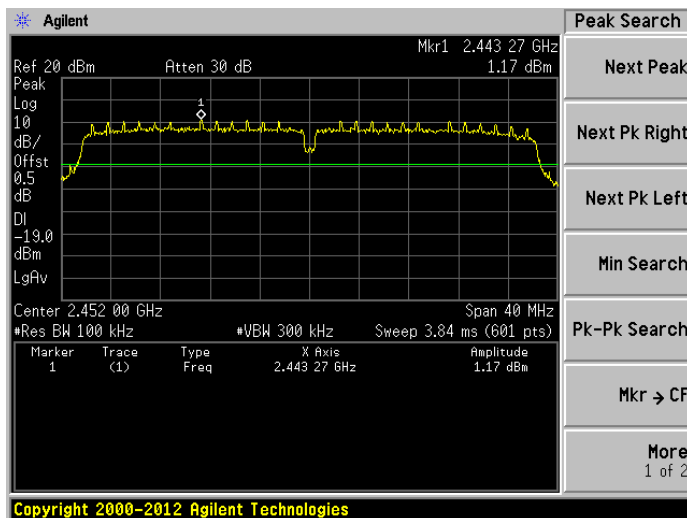
802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



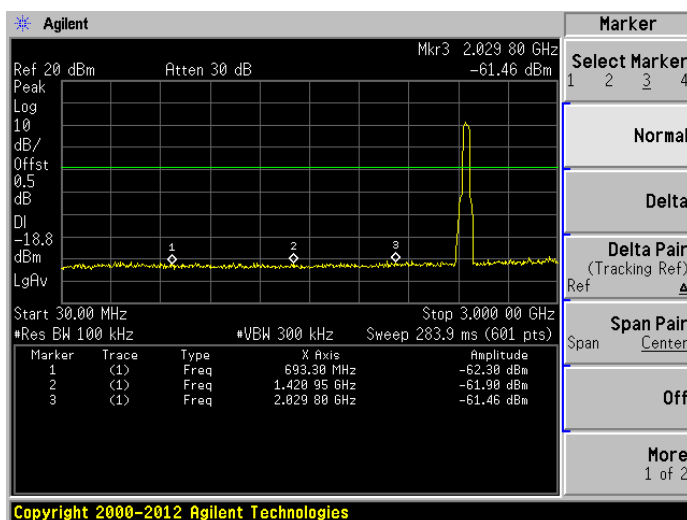
802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



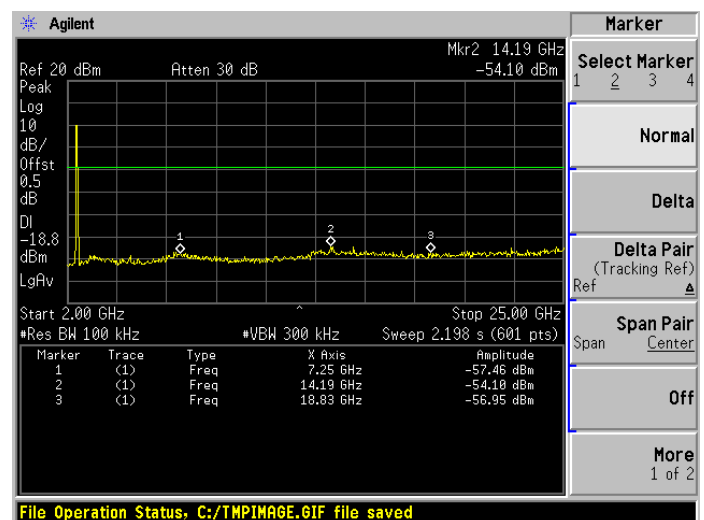
802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

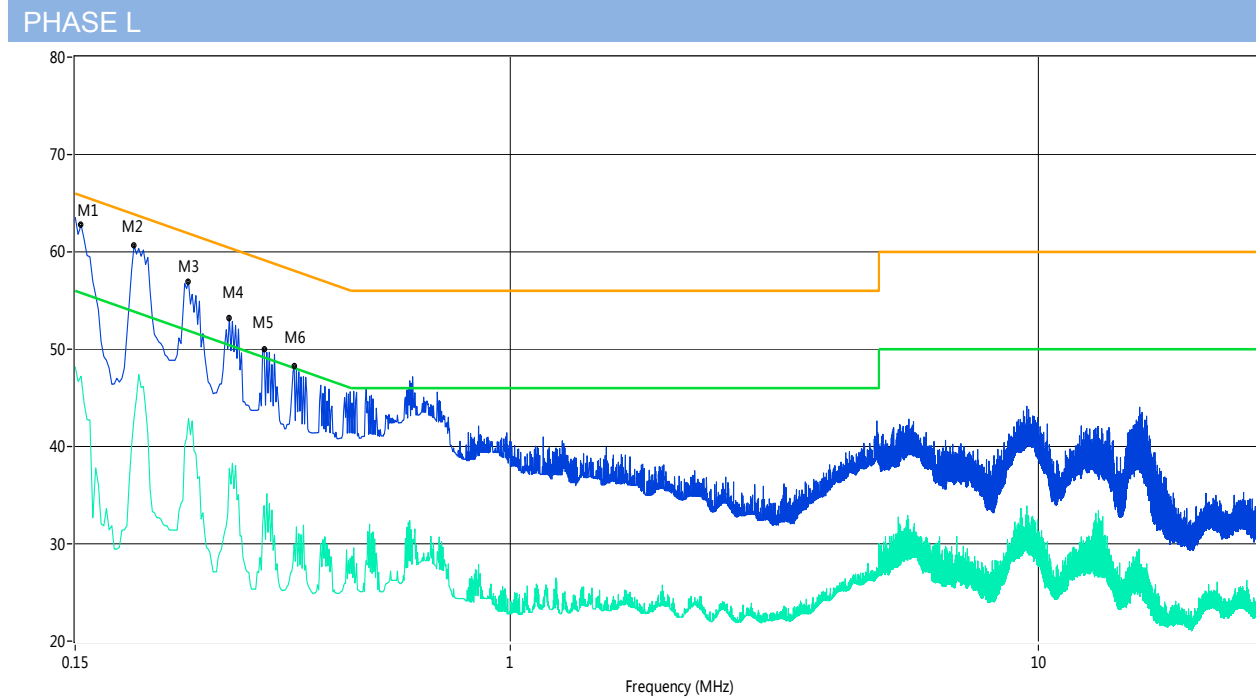


A.4 Conducted Emissions

Note: All configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11b High Channel) shown here.

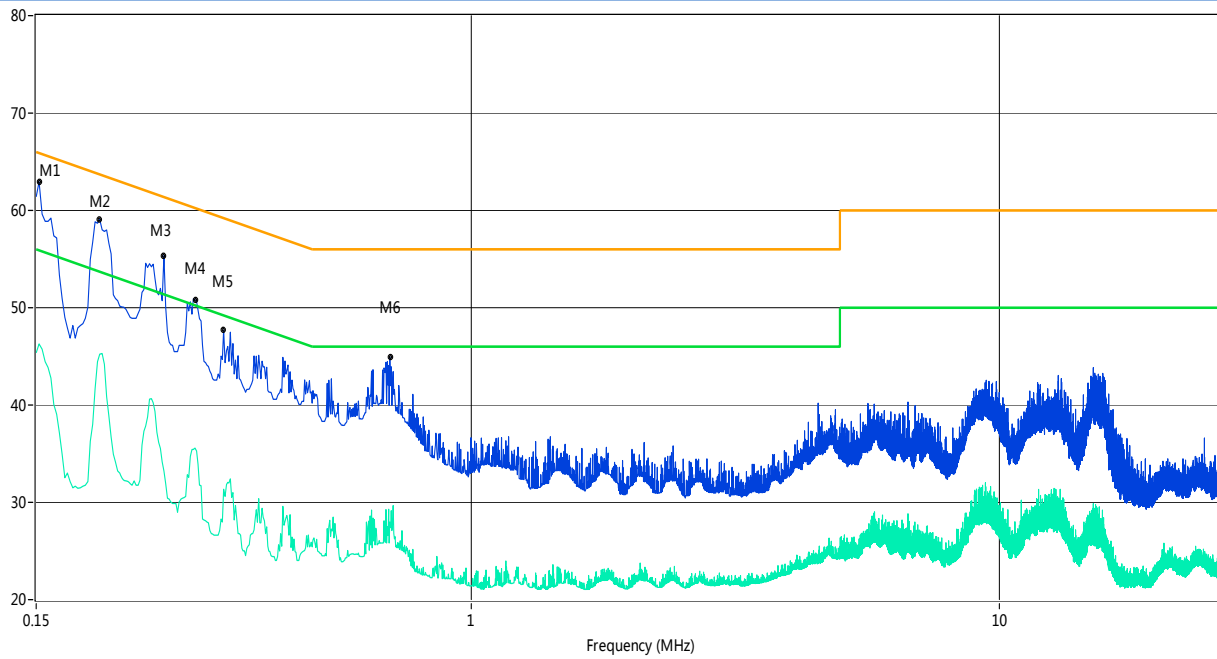
Test Data and Plots

AY0520 Charger



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.15	62.8	13.00	65.9	3.10	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.15	47.2	13.00	55.9	8.70	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.19	60.7	13.00	64.7	4.00	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.19	43.0	13.00	54.7	11.70	AV	L Line	Pass
3	0.25	56.9	13.00	63.3	6.40	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	0.25	42.9	13.00	53.3	10.40	AV	L Line	Pass
4	0.29	53.2	13.00	61.9	8.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	0.29	37.8	13.00	51.9	14.10	AV	L Line	Pass
5	0.34	50.0	13.00	60.5	10.50	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	0.34	33.9	13.00	50.5	16.60	AV	L Line	Pass
6	0.39	48.2	13.00	59.1	10.90	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	0.39	30.0	13.00	49.1	19.10	AV	L Line	Pass

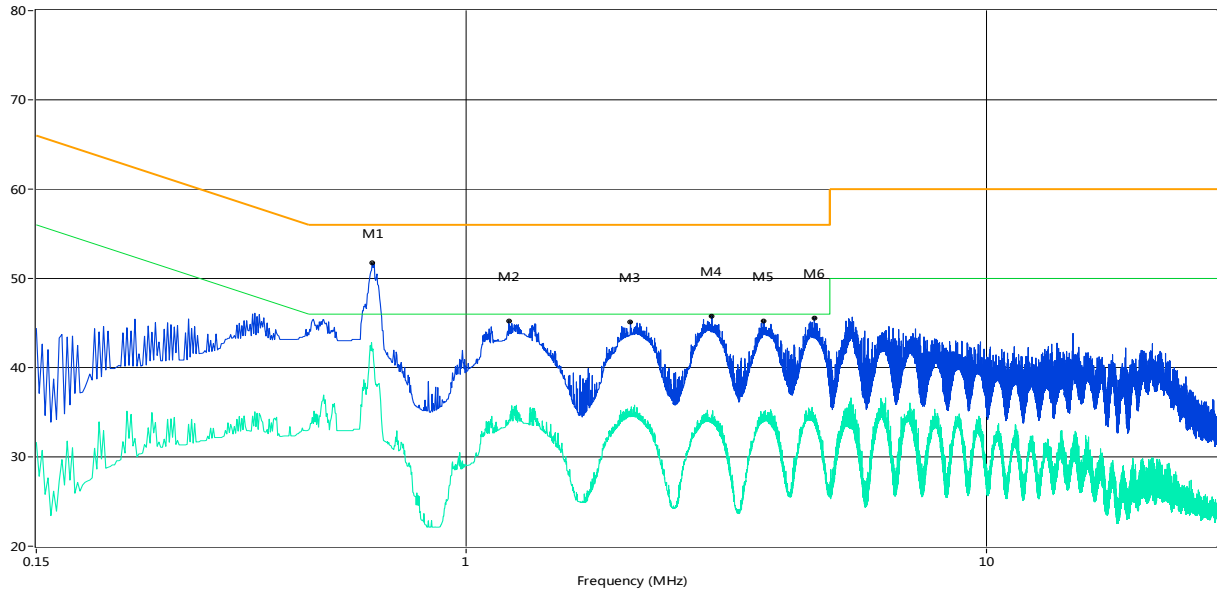
PHASE N



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.15	62.9	13.00	65.9	3.00	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.15	46.3	13.00	55.9	9.60	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.20	59.1	13.00	64.6	5.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.20	45.2	13.00	54.6	9.40	AV	N Line	Pass
3	0.26	55.4	13.00	62.8	7.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	0.26	33.2	13.00	52.8	19.60	AV	N Line	Pass
4	0.30	50.8	13.00	61.7	10.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	0.30	35.6	13.00	51.7	16.10	AV	N Line	Pass
5	0.34	47.7	13.00	60.6	12.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	0.34	31.3	13.00	50.6	19.30	AV	N Line	Pass
6	0.70	44.9	13.00	56.0	11.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	0.70	28.0	13.00	46.0	18.00	AV	N Line	Pass

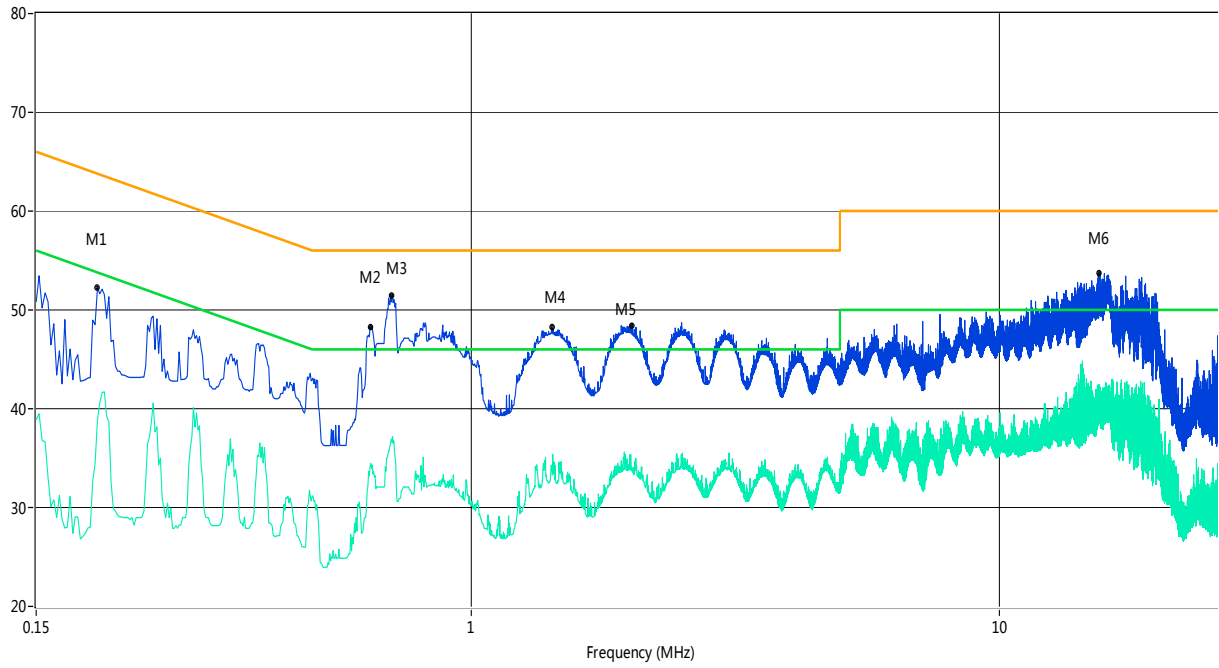
ONE0520 Charger

PHASE L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.66	51.7	13.00	56.0	4.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.66	41.9	13.00	46.0	4.10	AV	L Line	Pass
2	1.21	45.2	13.00	56.0	10.80	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	1.21	33.5	13.00	46.0	12.50	AV	L Line	Pass
3	2.07	45.1	13.00	56.0	10.90	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	2.07	34.7	13.00	46.0	11.30	AV	L Line	Pass
4	2.97	45.8	13.00	56.0	10.20	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	2.97	34.7	13.00	46.0	11.30	AV	L Line	Pass
5	3.74	45.2	13.00	56.0	10.80	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	3.74	35.1	13.00	46.0	10.90	AV	L Line	Pass
6	4.67	45.6	13.00	56.0	10.40	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	4.67	33.5	13.00	46.0	12.50	AV	L Line	Pass

PHASE N



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.20	52.3	13.00	64.7	12.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.20	38.9	13.00	54.7	15.80	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.64	48.3	13.00	56.0	7.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.64	34.2	13.00	46.0	11.80	AV	N Line	Pass
3	0.71	51.5	13.00	56.0	4.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	0.71	36.6	13.00	46.0	9.40	AV	N Line	Pass
4	1.42	48.2	13.00	56.0	7.80	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	1.42	33.8	13.00	46.0	12.20	AV	N Line	Pass
5	2.02	48.5	13.00	56.0	7.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	2.02	32.6	13.00	46.0	13.40	AV	N Line	Pass
6	15.47	53.7	13.00	60.0	6.30	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	15.47	39.5	13.00	50.0	10.50	AV	N Line	Pass

A.5 Radiated Emission

Note: Below the 1 GHz, all configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11b: Low channel) shown here.

Antenna-port Conducted test data

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value(dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain(dBi) + The appropriate maximum ground reflection factor(dB)

The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

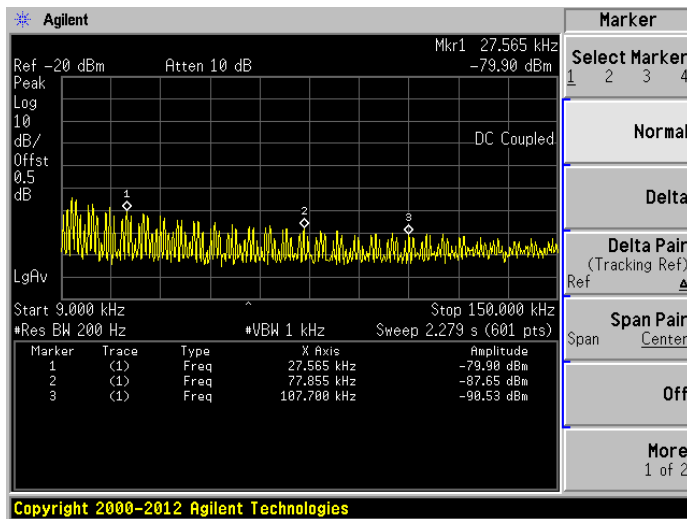
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11b: LOW CHANNEL

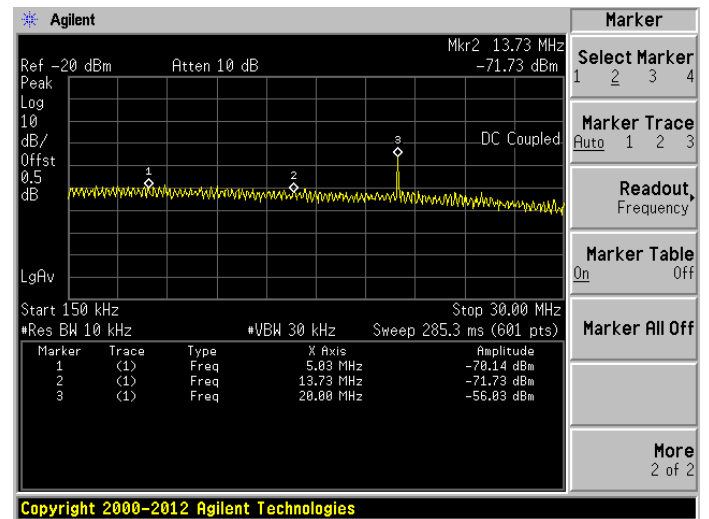
Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.027565	-79.9	6	3	2	QP	23.36	86.63	63.27	Note 2	Pass
5.03	-70.14	6	3	2	QP	33.12	86.63	53.51	Note 2	Pass
127	-82.56	4.7	3	2	QP	19.40	43.50	24.10	--	Pass
818.9	-80.65	4.7	3	2	QP	21.31	86.63	65.32	Note 2	Pass
4822	-42.63	0	3	2	PK	54.63	74.00	19.37	--	Pass
	-67.48		3	2	AV	29.78	54.00	24.22	--	Pass
10414	-48.39	0	3	2	PK	48.87	86.63	37.76	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	66.63	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2410	9.37	0	3	2	PK	106.63	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-15.48		3	2	AV	81.78	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

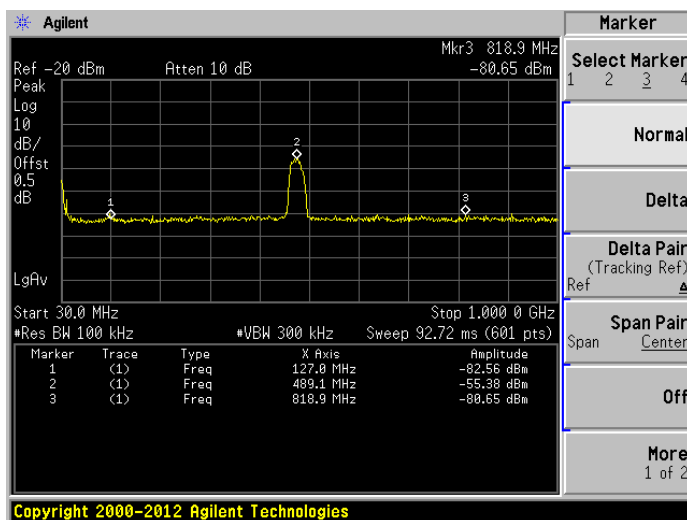
LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



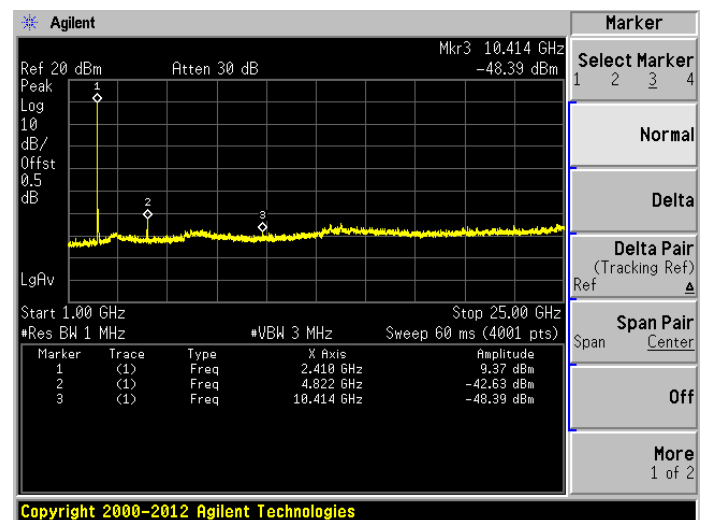
LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

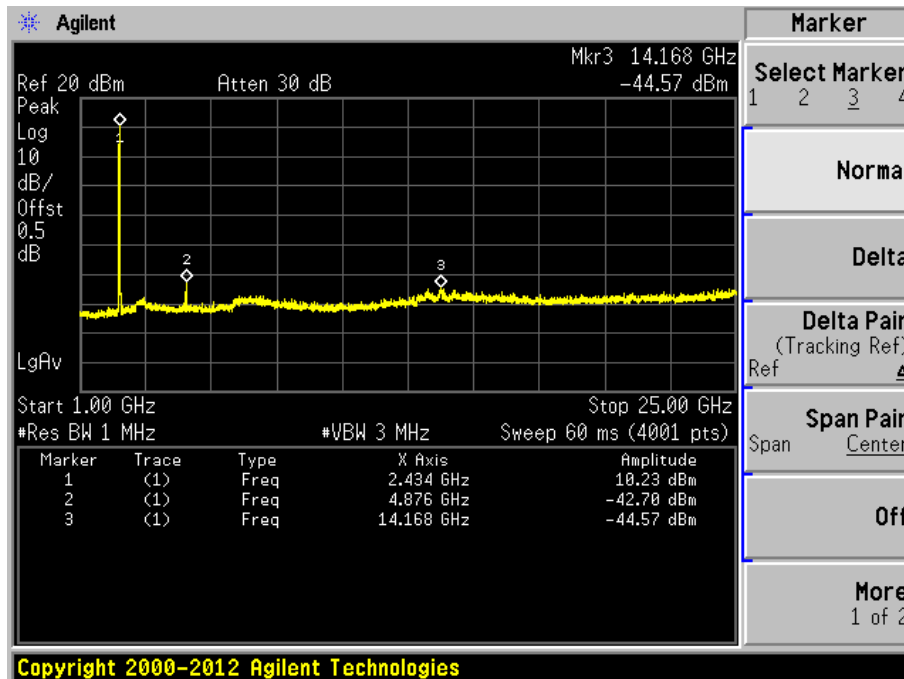
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11b: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4876	-42.7	0	3	2	PK	54.56	74.00	19.44	--	Pass
	-67.55		3	2	AV	29.71	54.00	24.29	--	Pass
14168	-44.57	0	3	2	PK	52.69	87.49	34.80	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.49	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2434	10.23	0	3	2	PK	107.49	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-14.62		3	2	AV	82.64	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

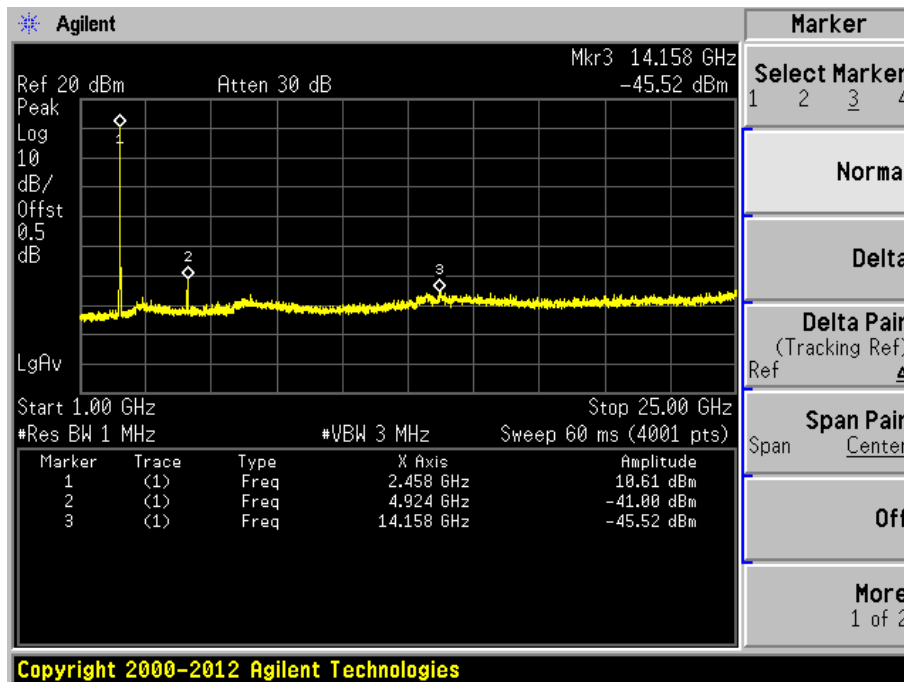
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11b: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4924	-41	0	3	2	PK	56.26	74.00	17.74	--	Pass
	-65.85		3	2	AV	31.41	54.00	22.59	--	Pass
14158	-45.52	0	3	2	PK	51.74	87.87	36.13	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.87	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2458	10.61	0	3	2	PK	107.87	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-14.24		3	2	AV	83.02	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



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The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi..

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

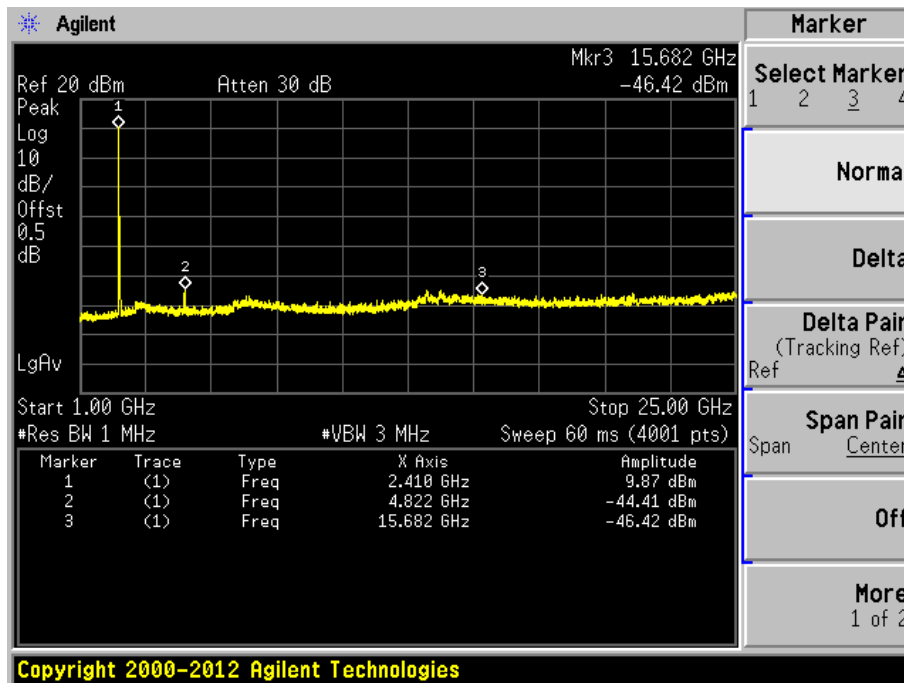
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11g: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4822	-44.41	0	3	2	PK	52.85	74.00	21.15	--	Pass
	-69.26		3	2	AV	28.00	54.00	26.00	--	Pass
15.682	-46.42	6	3	2	PK	56.84	87.13	30.29	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.13	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2410	9.87	0	3	2	PK	107.13	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-14.98		3	2	AV	82.28	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

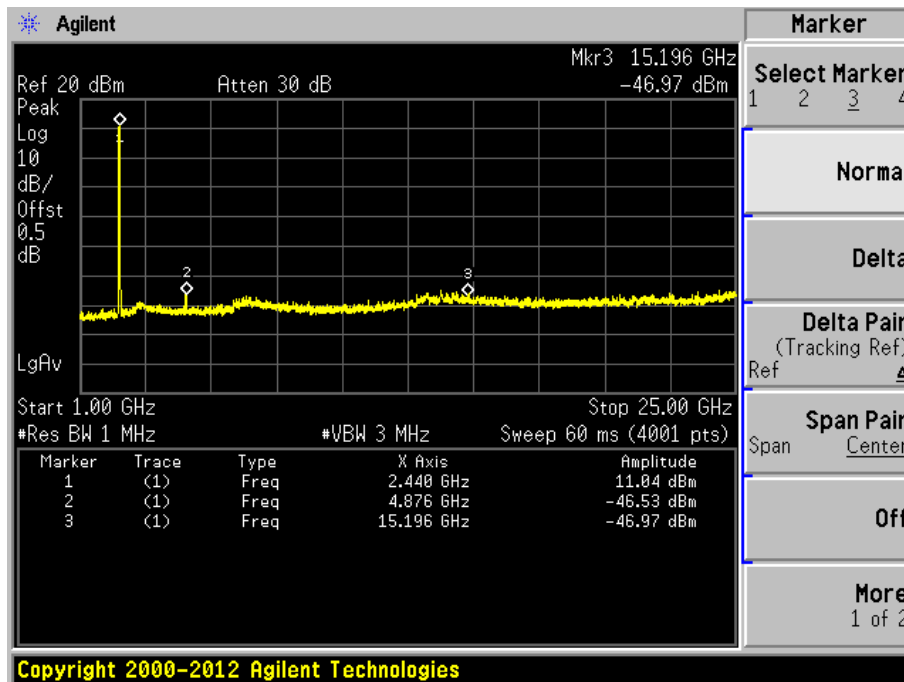
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11g: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4876	-46.53	0	3	2	PK	50.73	74.00	23.27	--	Pass
	-71.38		3	2	AV	25.88	54.00	28.12	--	Pass
15196	-46.53	0	3	2	PK	50.73	88.30	37.57	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	68.30	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2440	11.04	0	3	2	PK	108.30	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-13.81		3	2	AV	83.45	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

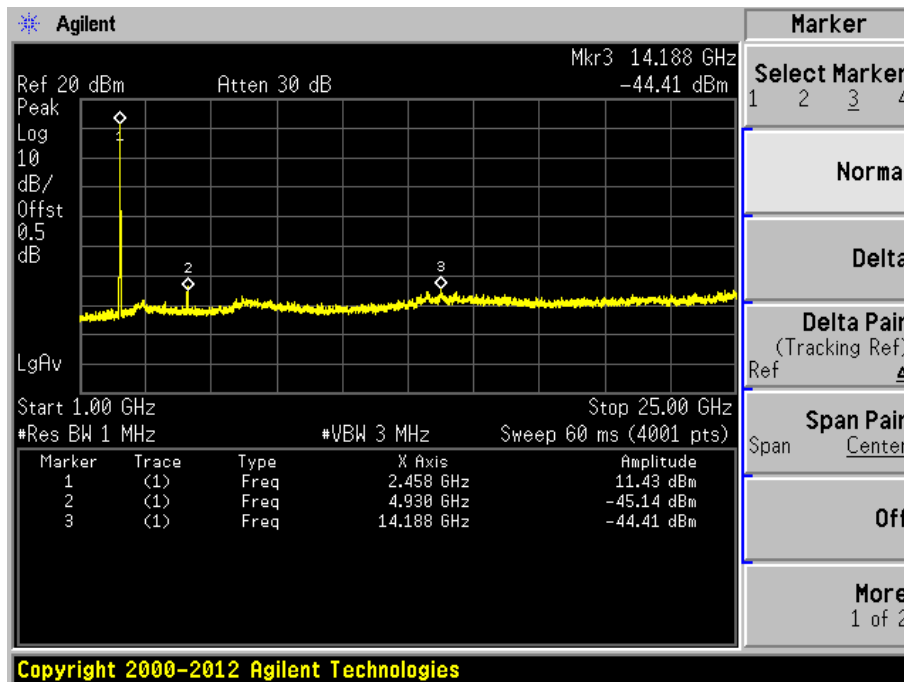
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11g: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4930	-45.11	0	3	2	PK	52.15	74.00	21.85	--	Pass
	-69.96		3	2	AV	27.30	54.00	26.70	--	Pass
14188	-44.41	0	3	2	PK	52.85	88.69	35.84	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	68.69	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2458	11.43	0	3	2	PK	108.69	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-13.42		3	2	AV	83.84	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi..

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

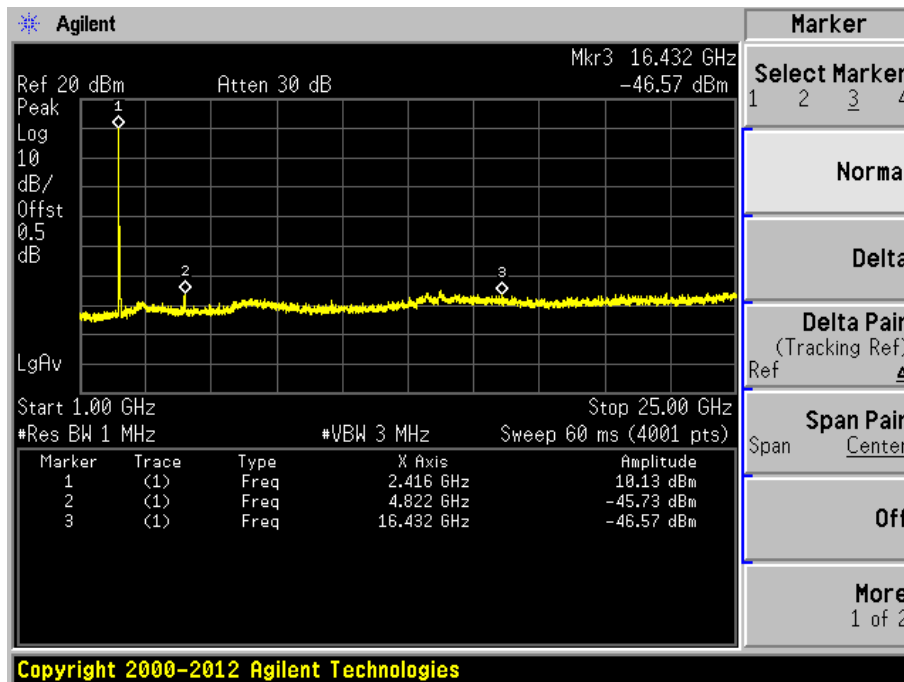
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n20: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4822	-45.73	0	3	2	PK	51.53	74.00	22.47	--	Pass
	-70.58		3	2	AV	26.68	54.00	27.32	--	Pass
16432	-46.57	0	3	2	PK	50.69	87.39	36.70	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.39	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2416	10.13	0	3	2	PK	107.39	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-14.72		3	2	AV	82.54	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

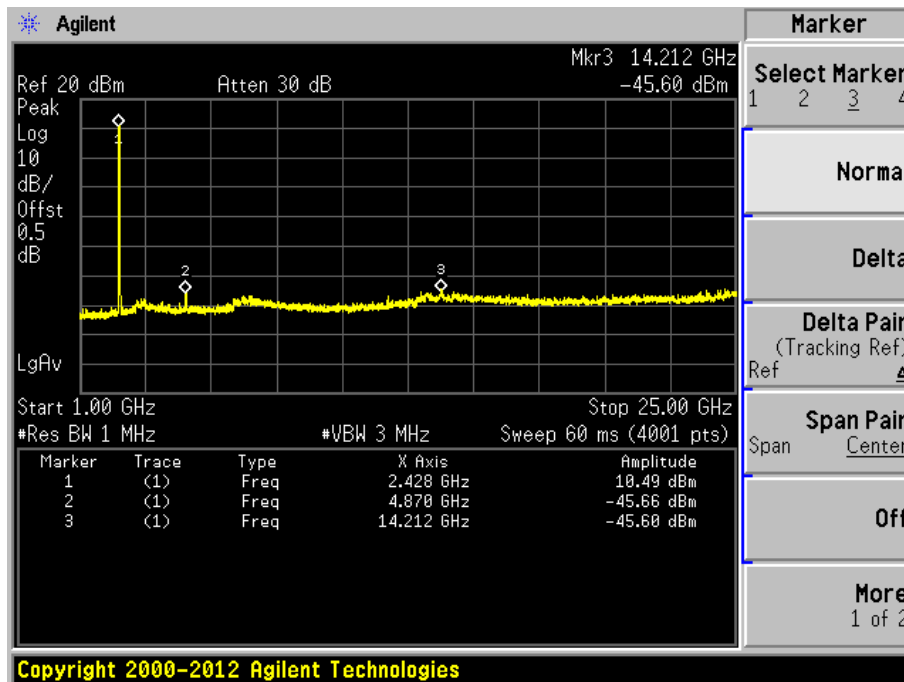
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n20: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4870	-45.66	0	3	2	PK	51.60	74.00	22.40	--	Pass
	-70.51		3	2	AV	26.75	54.00	27.25	--	Pass
14212	-45.6	0	3	2	PK	51.66	87.75	36.09	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	67.75	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2428	10.49	0	3	2	PK	107.75	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-14.36		3	2	AV	82.90	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

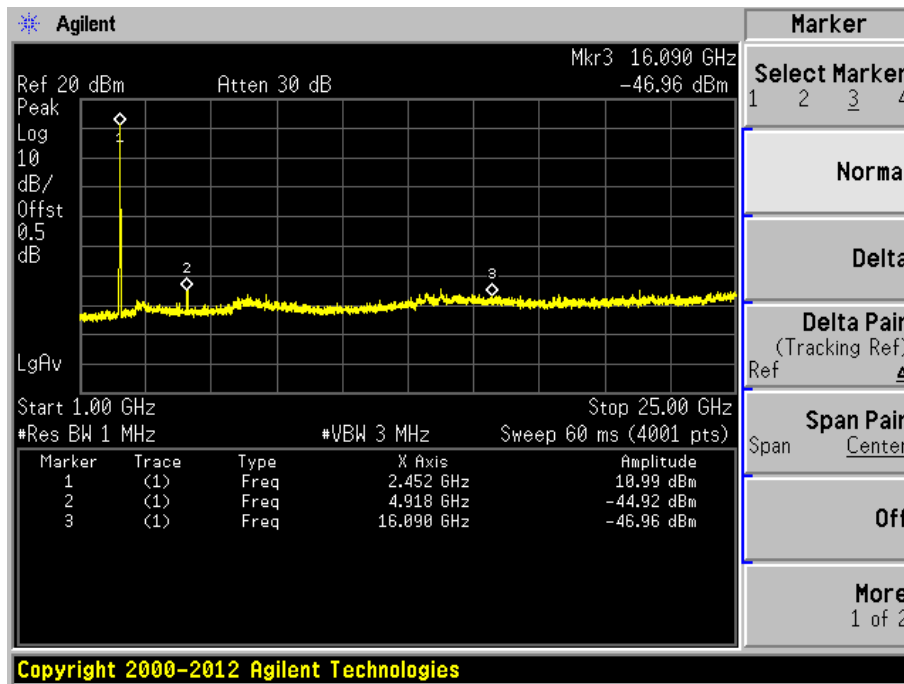
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n20: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4918	-44.92	0	3	2	PK	52.34	74.00	21.66	--	Pass
	-69.77		3	2	AV	27.49	54.00	26.51	--	Pass
16090	-46.96	0	3	2	PK	50.30	74.00	23.70	--	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	54.00	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2452	10.99	0	3	2	PK	108.25	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-13.86		3	2	AV	83.40	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi..

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

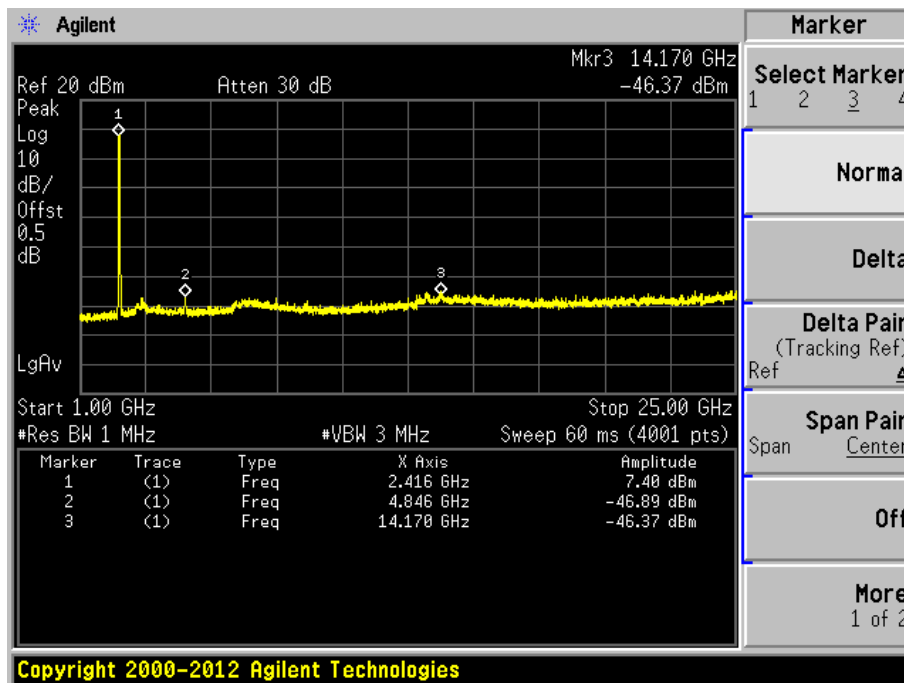
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n40: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4846	-46.89	0	3	2	PK	50.37	74.00	23.63	--	Pass
	-71.74		3	2	AV	25.52	54.00	28.48	--	Pass
14170	-46.37	0	3	2	PK	50.89	84.66	33.77	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	64.66	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2416	7.4	0	3	2	PK	104.66	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-17.45		3	2	AV	79.81	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

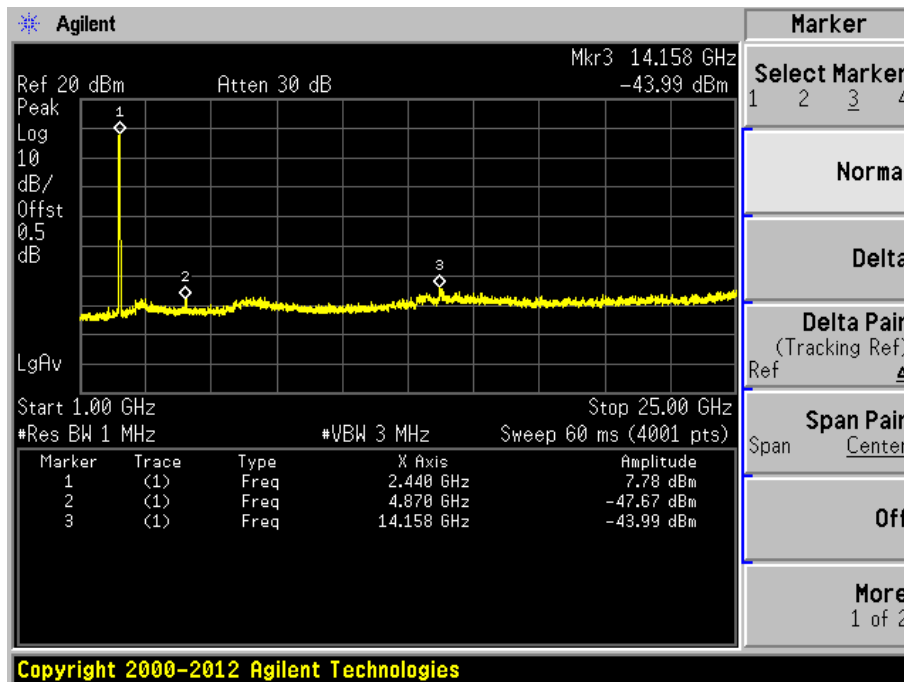
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n40: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4870	-47.67	0	3	2	PK	49.59	74.00	24.41	--	Pass
	-72.52		3	2	AV	24.74	54.00	29.26	--	Pass
14158	-43.99	0	3	2	PK	53.27	85.04	31.77	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	65.04	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2440	7.78	0	3	2	PK	105.04	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-17.07		3	2	AV	80.19	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



The EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2dBi, whichever is greater.

And the maximum in-band gain of the antenna is 0 dBi..

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

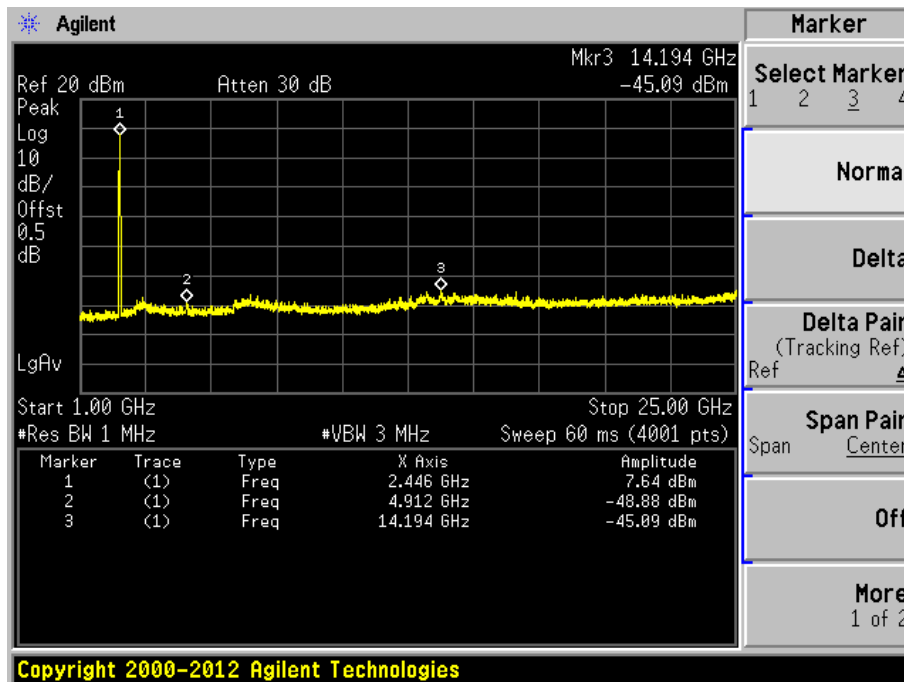
Note 4: The harmonic (3th ,4th , 5th,...etc) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise

802.11n40: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
4912	-48.88	0	3	2	PK	48.38	74.00	25.62	--	Pass
	-73.73		3	2	AV	23.53	54.00	30.47	--	Pass
14194	-45.09	0	3	2	PK	52.17	84.90	32.73	Note 2	Pass
	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	64.90	N/A	Note 3	Pass
2446	7.64	0	3	2	PK	104.90	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
	-17.21		3	2	AV	80.05	N/A	N/A		N/A

Test Plots

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Cabinet Radiated spurious emission test

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

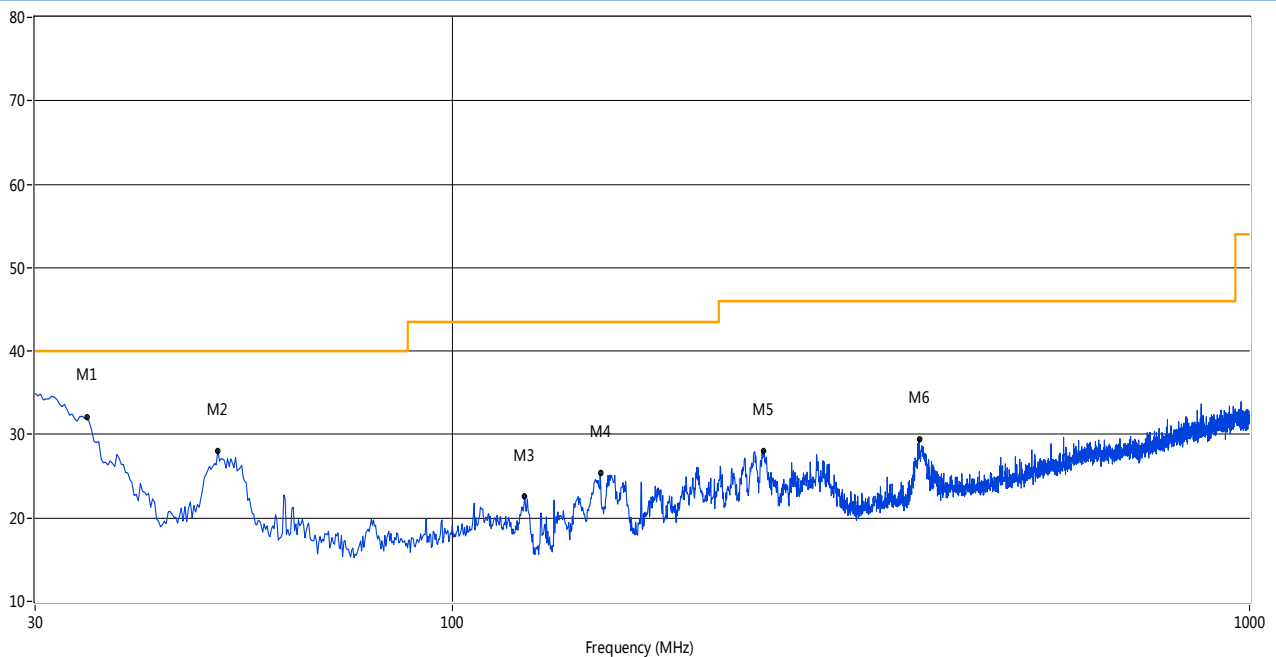
Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note 4: Below the 1 GHz, all configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11b: Low channel) shown here.

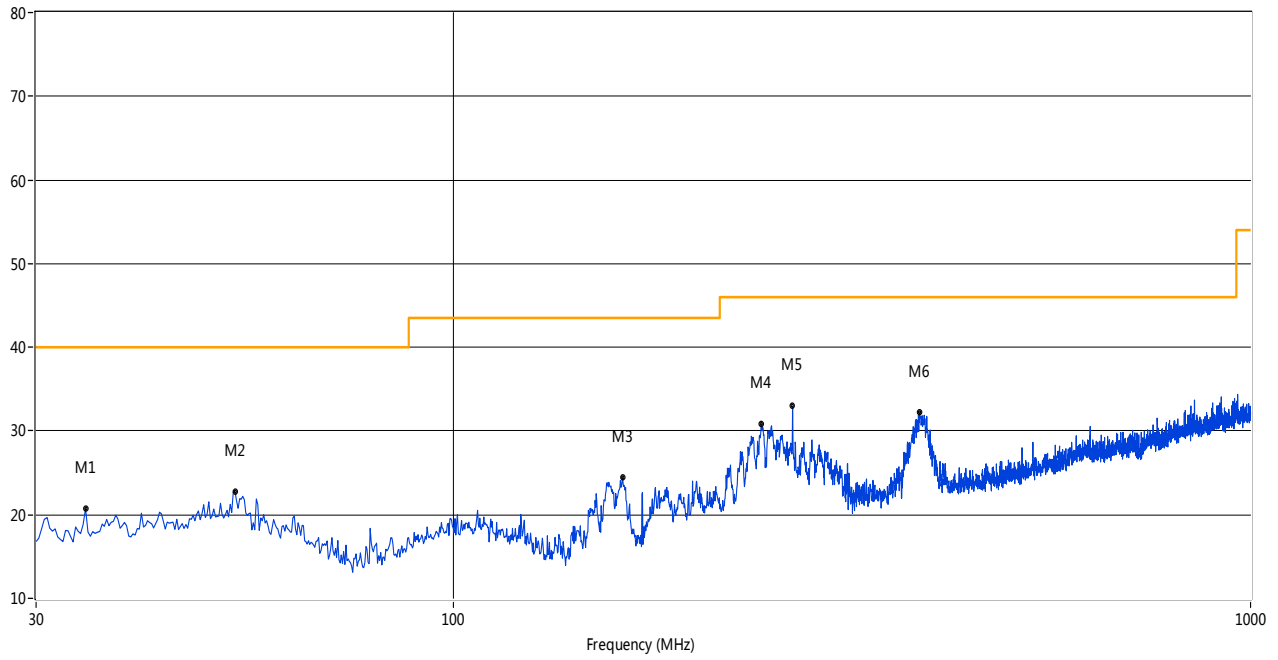
AY0520 Charger

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	34.85	32.03	-21.41	40.0	7.97	Peak	346.80	100	Vertical	Pass
2	50.85	28.09	-18.66	40.0	11.91	Peak	66.30	100	Vertical	Pass
3	123.34	22.60	-22.16	43.5	20.90	Peak	158.50	100	Vertical	Pass
4	153.40	25.39	-23.42	43.5	18.11	Peak	187.70	100	Vertical	Pass
5	246.01	28.09	-18.94	46.0	17.91	Peak	7.10	100	Vertical	Pass
6	385.17	29.50	-15.59	46.0	16.50	Peak	2.40	100	Vertical	Pass

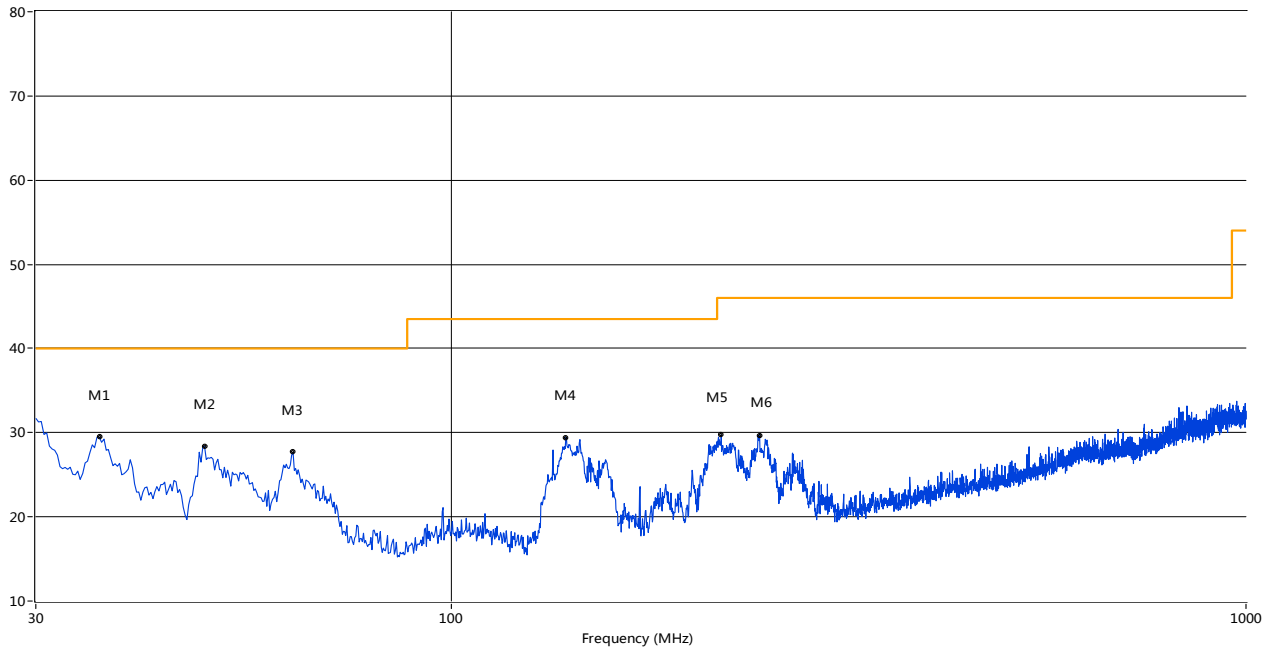
30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	34.61	20.74	-21.38	40.0	19.26	Peak	91.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	53.27	22.82	-18.80	40.0	17.18	Peak	6.90	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	163.10	24.47	-22.95	43.5	19.03	Peak	1.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	243.59	30.87	-18.98	46.0	15.13	Peak	276.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	266.62	32.95	-18.56	46.0	13.05	Peak	272.30	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	384.45	32.30	-15.61	46.0	13.70	Peak	253.80	100	Horizontal	Pass

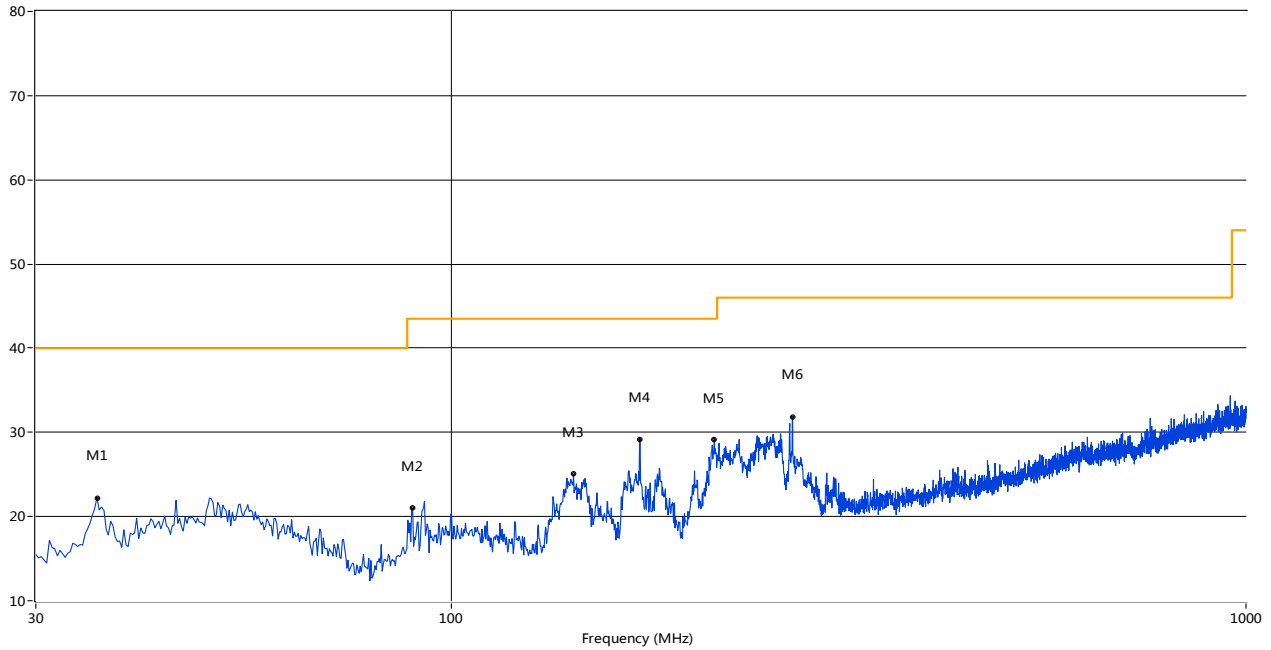
ONE0520 Charger

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	36.06	29.49	-21.00	40.0	10.51	Peak	-0.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	48.91	28.36	-18.66	40.0	11.64	Peak	359.60	100	Vertical	Pass
3	63.21	27.69	-20.43	40.0	12.31	Peak	24.20	100	Vertical	Pass
4	139.34	29.44	-23.56	43.5	14.06	Peak	359.60	100	Vertical	Pass
5	218.62	29.74	-20.04	46.0	16.26	Peak	0.70	100	Vertical	Pass
6	244.07	29.72	-18.98	46.0	16.28	Peak	293.70	100	Vertical	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

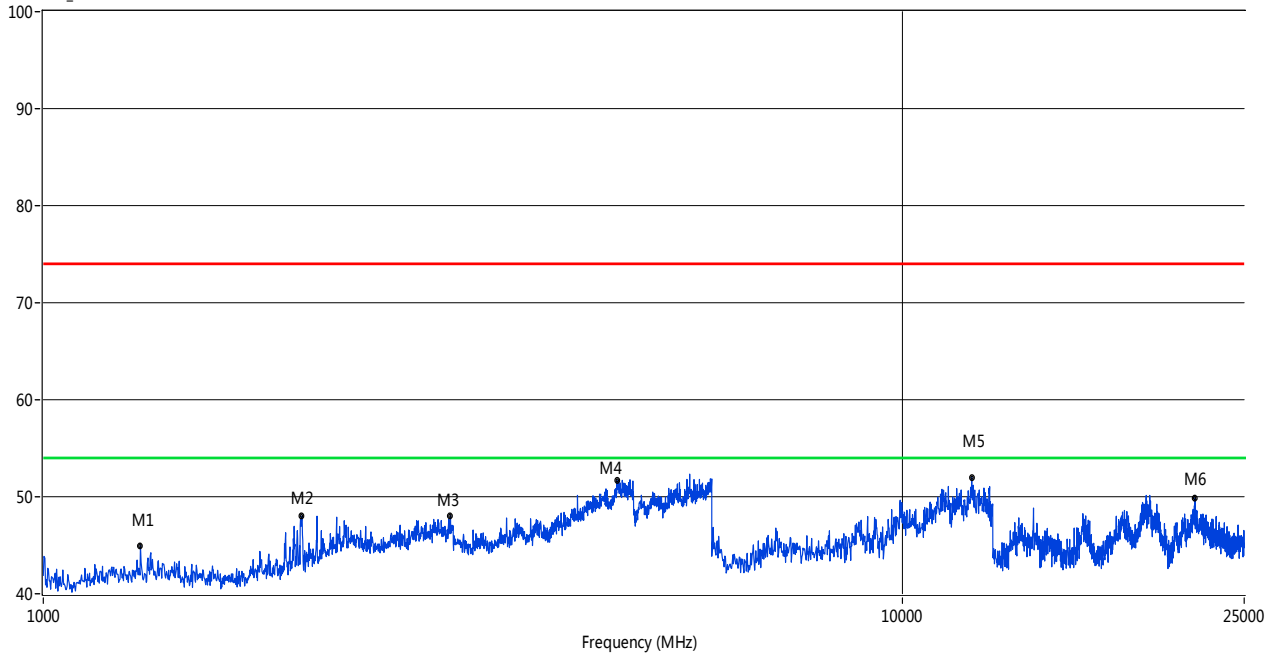


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	35.82	22.23	-21.06	40.0	17.77	Peak	0.80	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	89.40	20.99	-22.09	43.5	22.51	Peak	24.90	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	142.49	25.05	-23.64	43.5	18.45	Peak	347.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	172.80	29.21	-22.51	43.5	14.29	Peak	324.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	214.25	29.18	-19.99	43.5	14.32	Peak	301.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	268.80	31.83	-18.52	46.0	14.17	Peak	273.80	100	Horizontal	Pass

Note: Above the 1 GHz, all configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11n-20MHz, 802.11n-40MHz) shown here.

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz, LOW CHANNEL ANT V

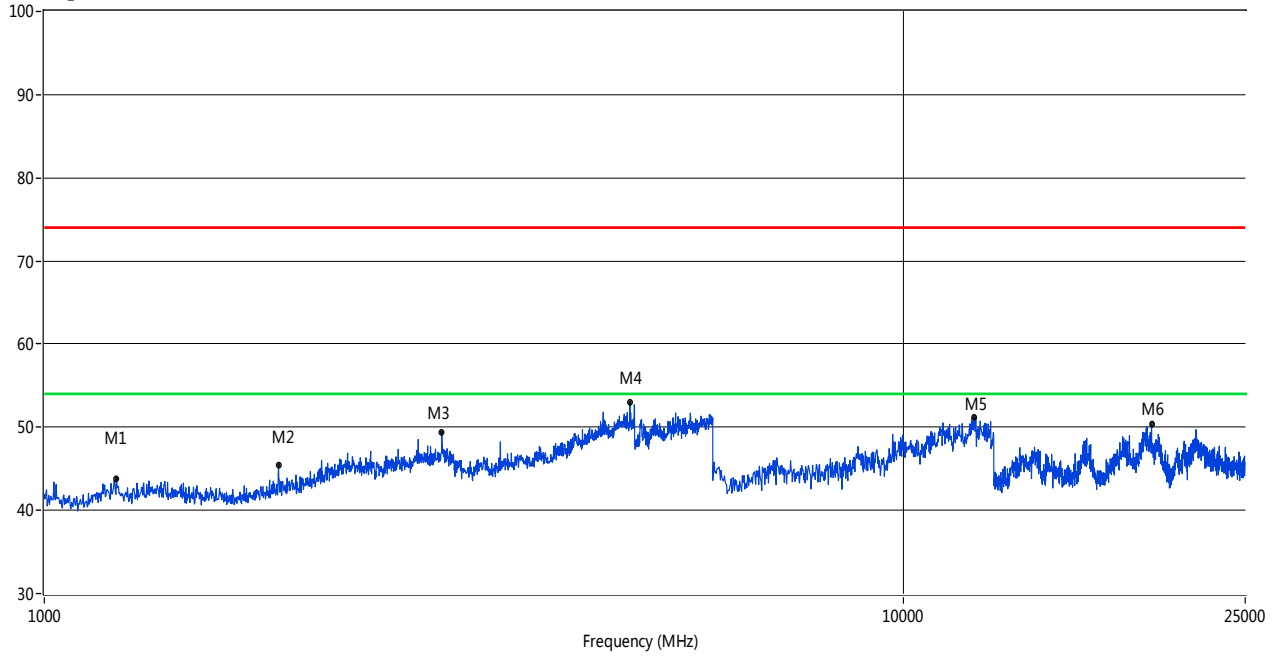
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1297.70	44.98	-4.77	74.0	29.02	Peak	245.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	1999.00	48.01	-2.37	74.0	25.99	Peak	72.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	2978.02	48.05	2.24	74.0	25.95	Peak	149.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	4654.35	51.66	13.08	74.0	22.34	Peak	5.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	12042.43	51.99	20.83	74.0	22.01	Peak	278.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	21915.14	49.88	12.55	74.0	24.12	Peak	31.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz,LOW CHANNEL ANT H

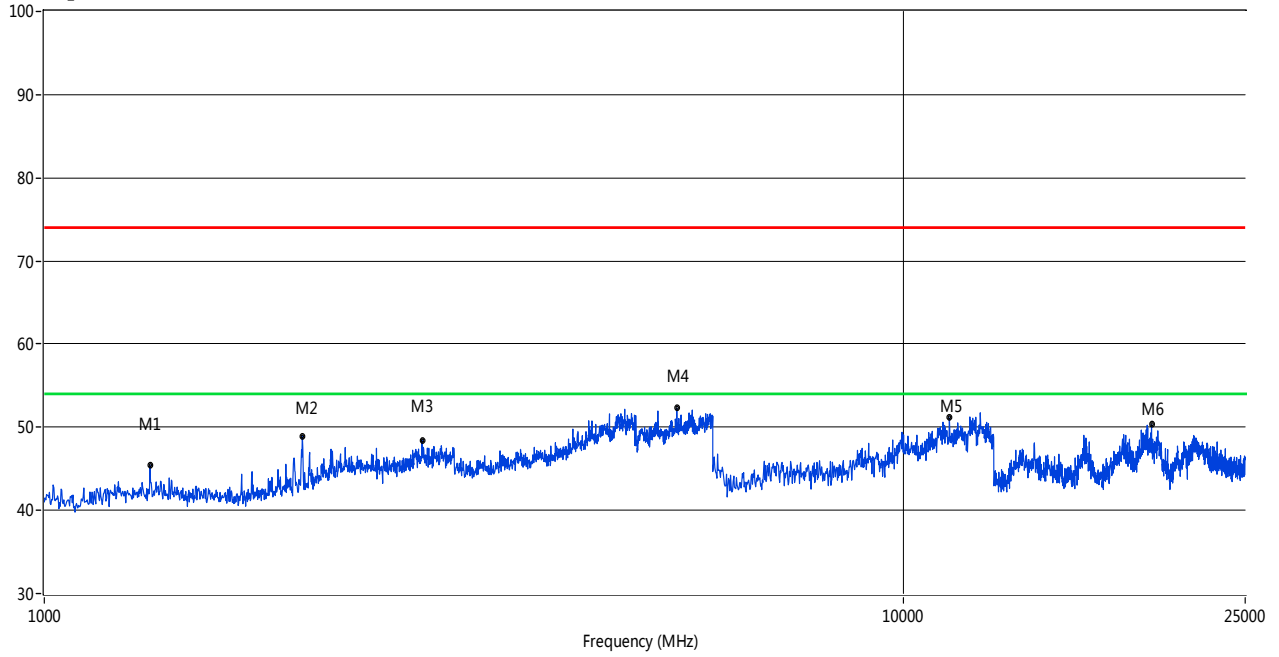
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1213.79	43.81	-5.12	74.0	30.19	Peak	29.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	1873.13	45.51	-2.98	74.0	28.49	Peak	240.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	2902.10	49.38	2.63	74.0	24.62	Peak	143.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	4804.20	52.96	13.75	74.0	21.04	Peak	344.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12076.12	51.13	20.80	74.0	22.87	Peak	233.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	19449.25	50.38	12.80	74.0	23.62	Peak	216.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz MID CHANNEL ANT V

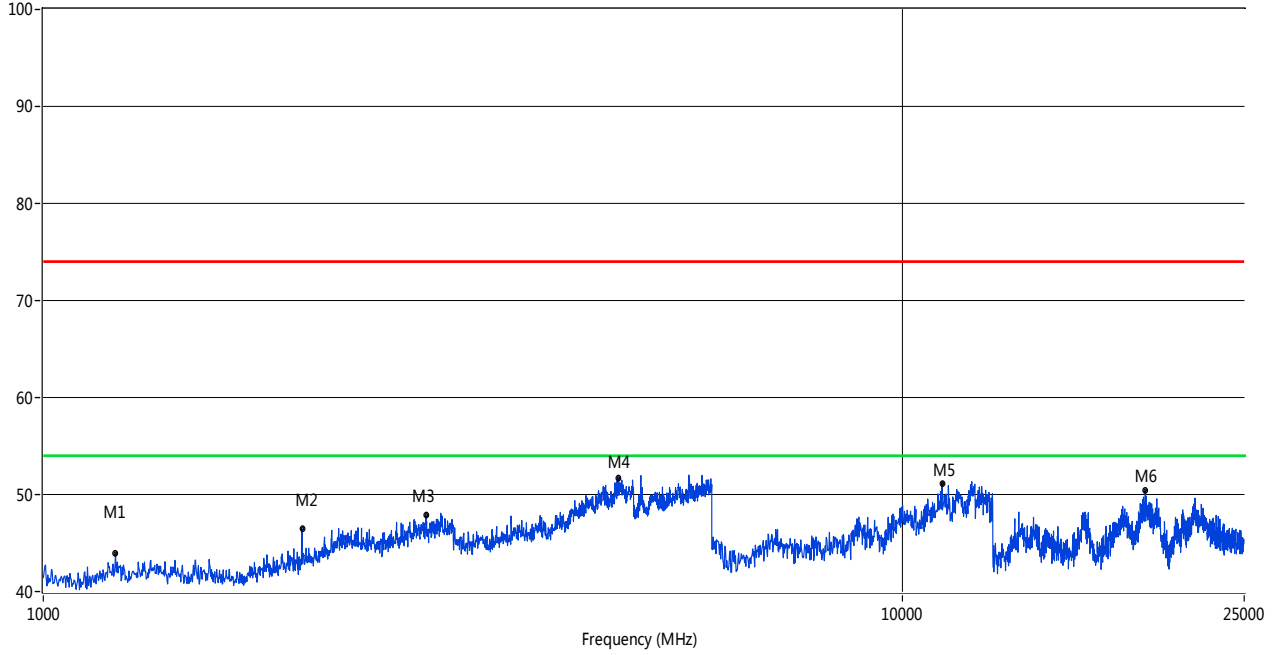
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1327.67	45.44	-4.82	74.0	28.56	Peak	47.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	1997.00	48.96	-2.54	74.0	25.04	Peak	22.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	2752.25	48.47	1.81	74.0	25.53	Peak	147.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	5448.55	52.31	14.84	74.0	21.69	Peak	67.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	11312.40	51.12	20.18	74.0	22.88	Peak	209.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	19449.25	50.33	12.80	74.0	23.67	Peak	285.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz,MID CHANNEL ANT H

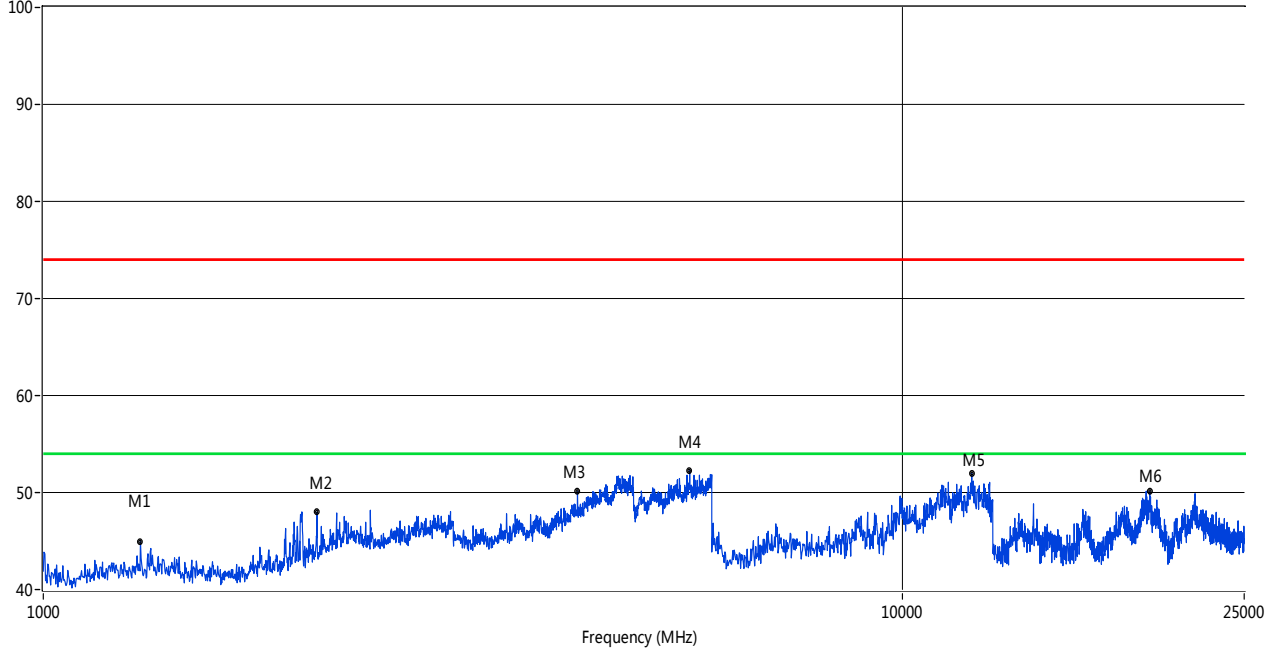
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1213.79	43.90	-5.12	74.0	30.10	Peak	242.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2001.00	46.47	-2.32	74.0	27.53	Peak	200.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	2788.21	47.87	1.75	74.0	26.13	Peak	254.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	4672.33	51.69	13.15	74.0	22.31	Peak	57.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	11121.46	51.19	20.22	74.0	22.81	Peak	340.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	19179.70	50.40	14.04	74.0	23.60	Peak	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz,HIGN CHANNEL ANT V

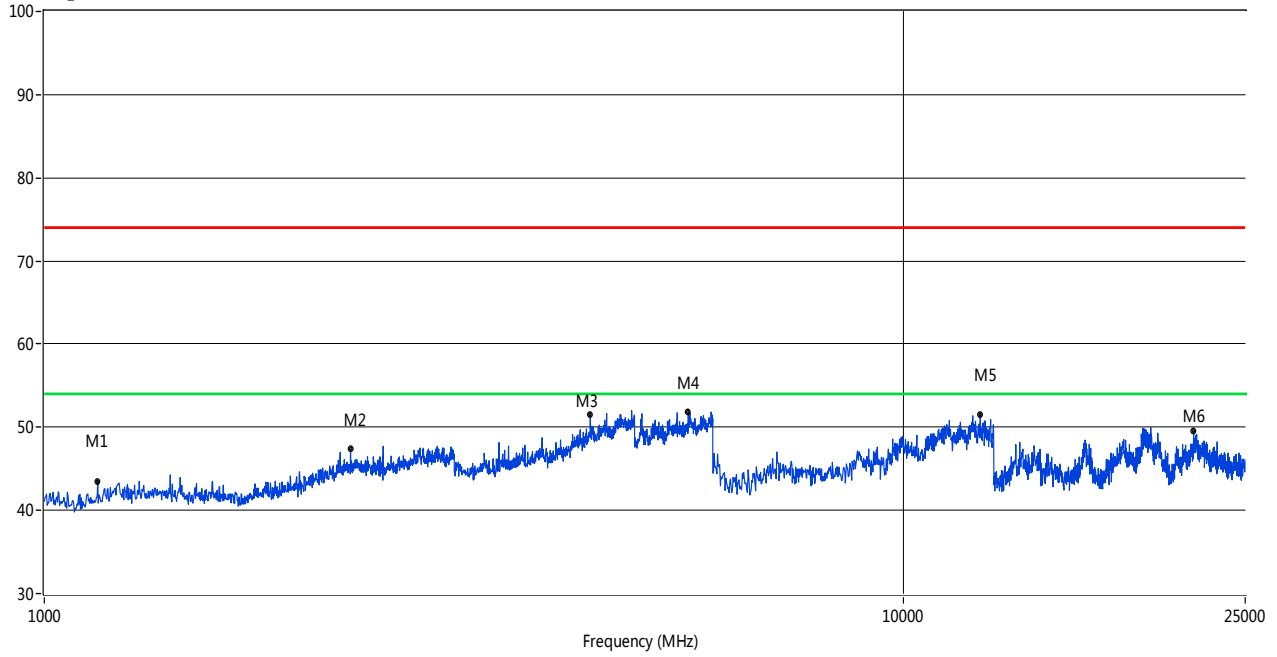
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1297.70	44.98	-4.77	74.0	29.02	Peak	251.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2082.92	47.98	-1.69	74.0	26.02	Peak	241.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4186.81	50.13	11.54	74.0	23.87	Peak	84.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	5655.35	52.32	15.59	74.0	21.68	Peak	164.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	12042.43	51.99	20.83	74.0	22.01	Peak	198.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	19409.32	50.13	12.89	74.0	23.87	Peak	122.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-20MHz,HIGH CHANNEL ANT H

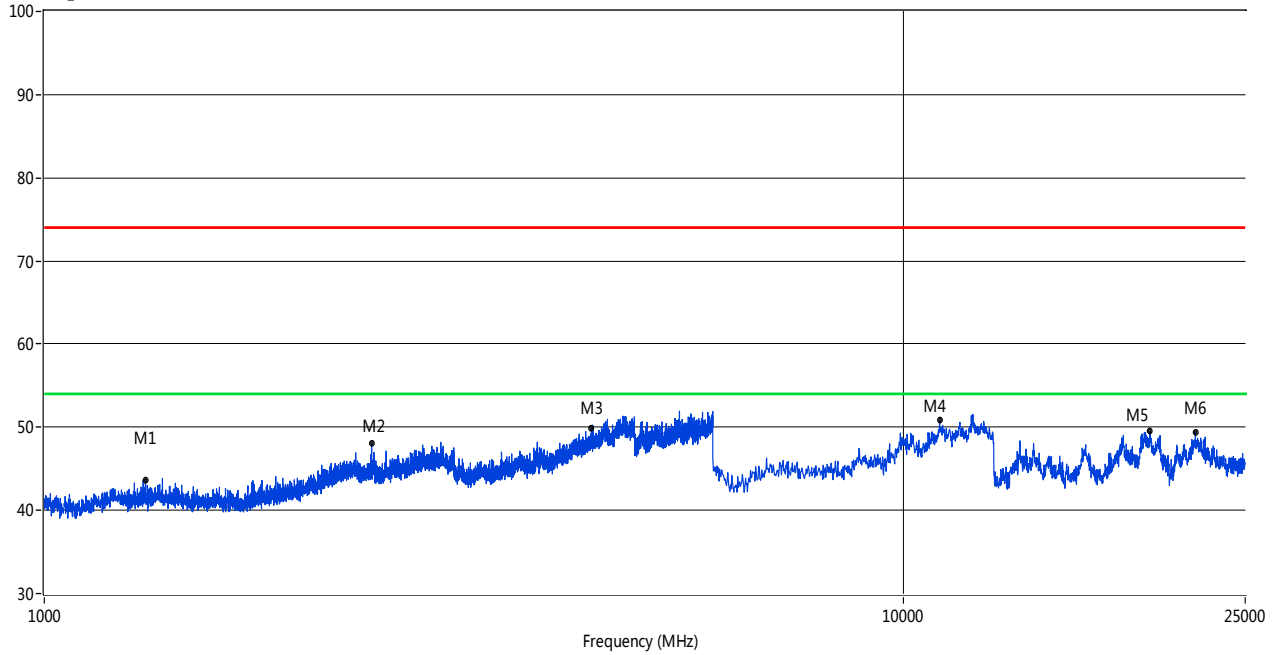
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1153.85	43.50	-5.82	74.0	30.50	Peak	147.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2272.73	47.36	-0.51	74.0	26.64	Peak	224.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4321.68	51.61	12.14	74.0	22.39	Peak	62.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	5619.38	51.84	15.40	74.0	22.16	Peak	139.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	12289.52	51.56	20.65	74.0	22.44	Peak	276.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	21775.37	49.49	12.61	74.0	24.51	Peak	45.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,LOW CHANNEL ANT V

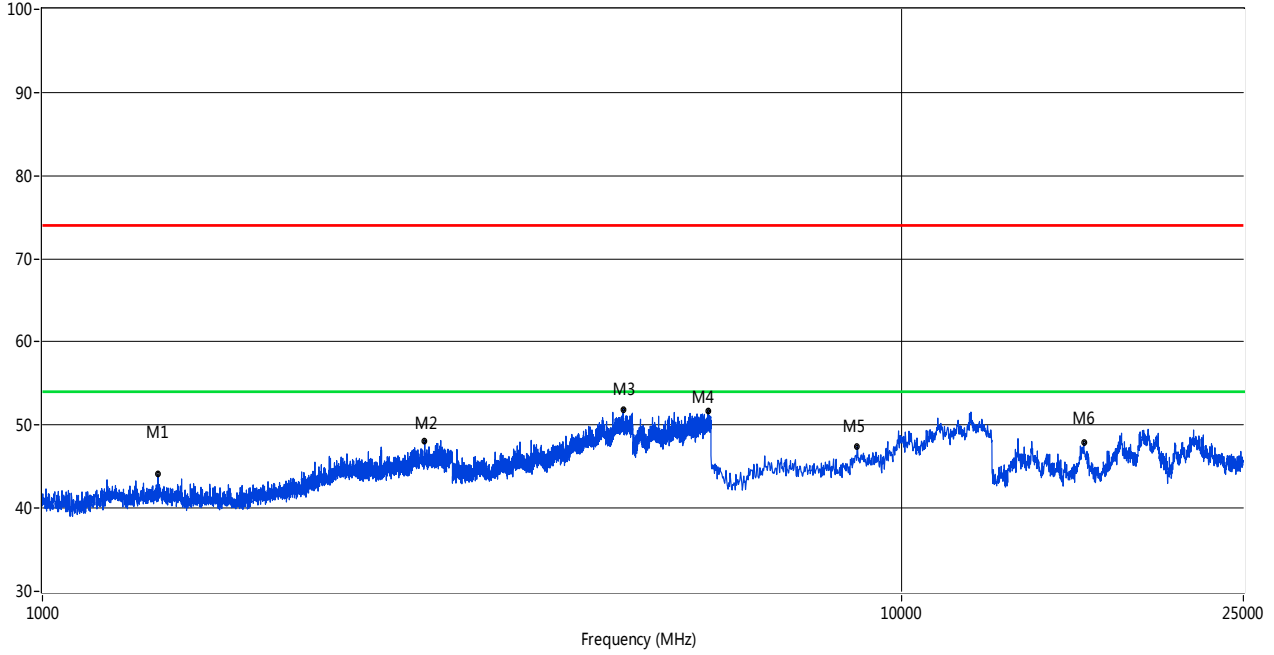
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1311.42	43.71	-4.75	74.0	30.29	Peak	83.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2404.15	48.04	-0.28	74.0	25.96	Peak	141.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4336.17	49.90	12.17	74.0	24.10	Peak	212.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	11020.38	50.83	20.14	74.0	23.17	Peak	16.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	19369.38	49.48	13.09	74.0	24.52	Peak	245.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	21875.21	49.40	12.63	74.0	24.60	Peak	170.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,LOW CHANNELANT H

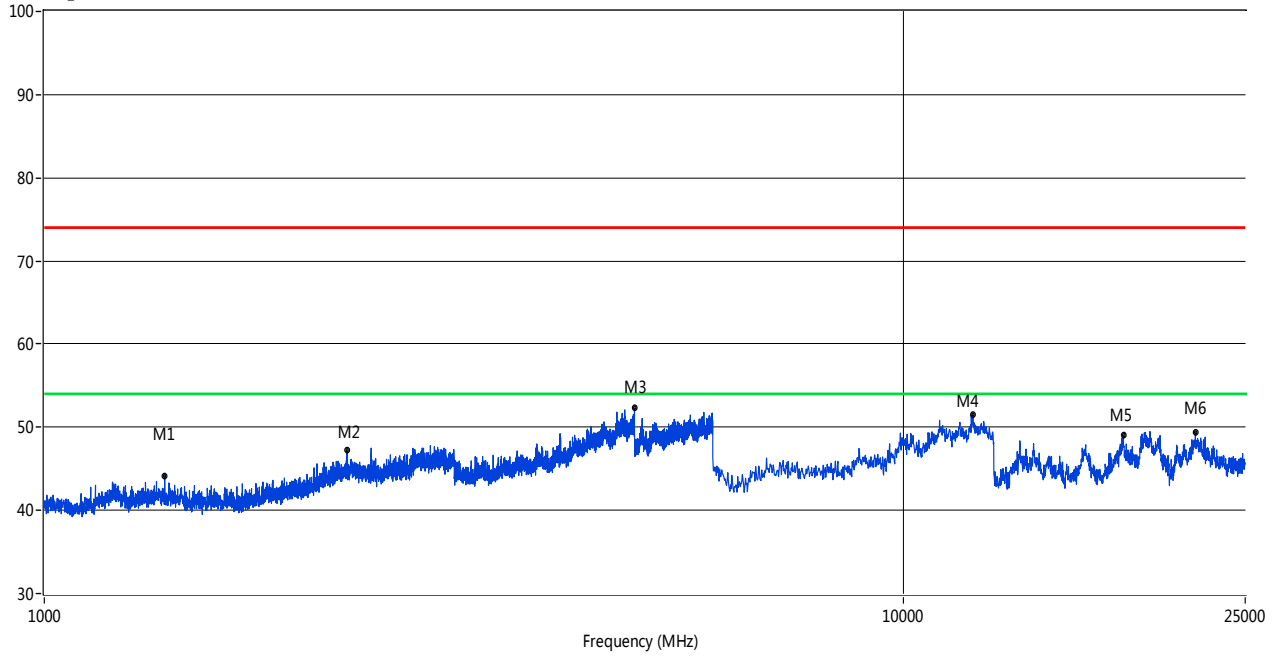
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1361.91	44.07	-4.43	74.0	29.93	Peak	252.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2786.05	48.16	1.67	74.0	25.84	Peak	262.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4744.81	51.87	13.52	74.0	22.13	Peak	242.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	5951.26	51.77	15.91	74.0	22.23	Peak	61.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	8875.21	47.43	16.68	74.0	26.57	Peak	149.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	16306.57	47.88	11.64	74.0	26.12	Peak	103.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,MID CHANNEL ANT V

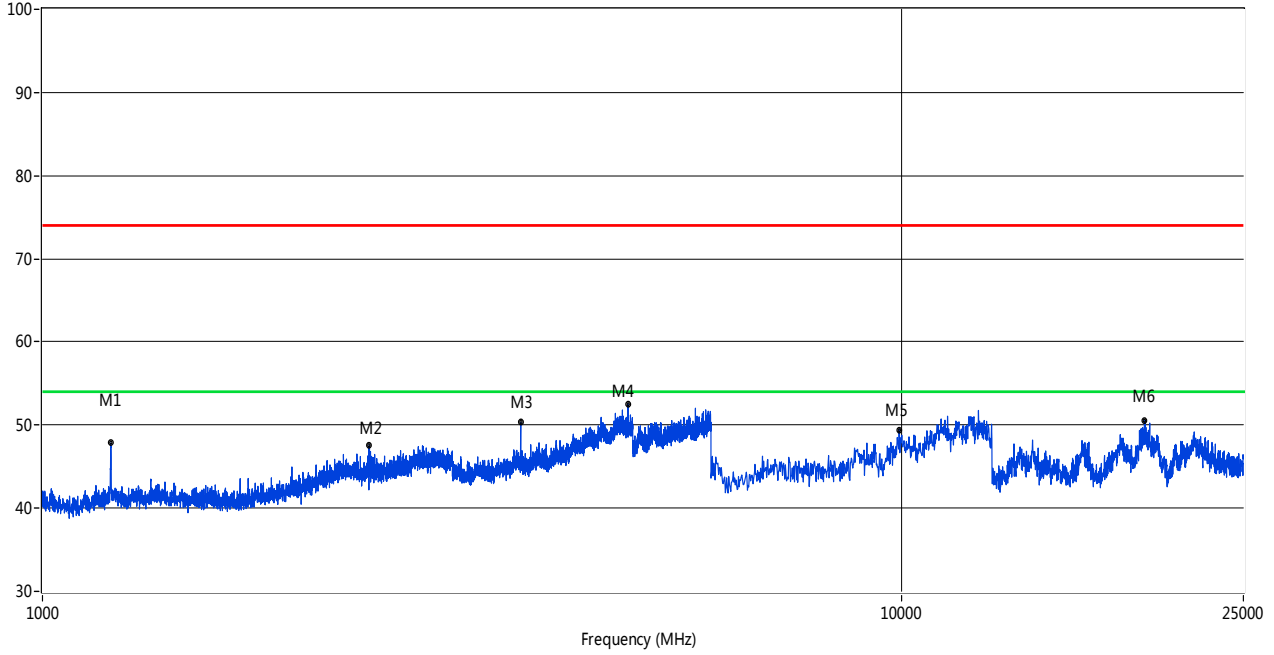
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1380.90	44.15	-4.55	74.0	29.85	Peak	116.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2251.19	47.18	-0.41	74.0	26.82	Peak	280.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4864.03	52.32	13.57	74.0	21.68	Peak	223.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	12042.43	51.55	20.83	74.0	22.45	Peak	136.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	18032.86	49.01	13.23	74.0	24.99	Peak	267.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	21875.21	49.40	12.63	74.0	24.60	Peak	170.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,MID CHANNELANT H

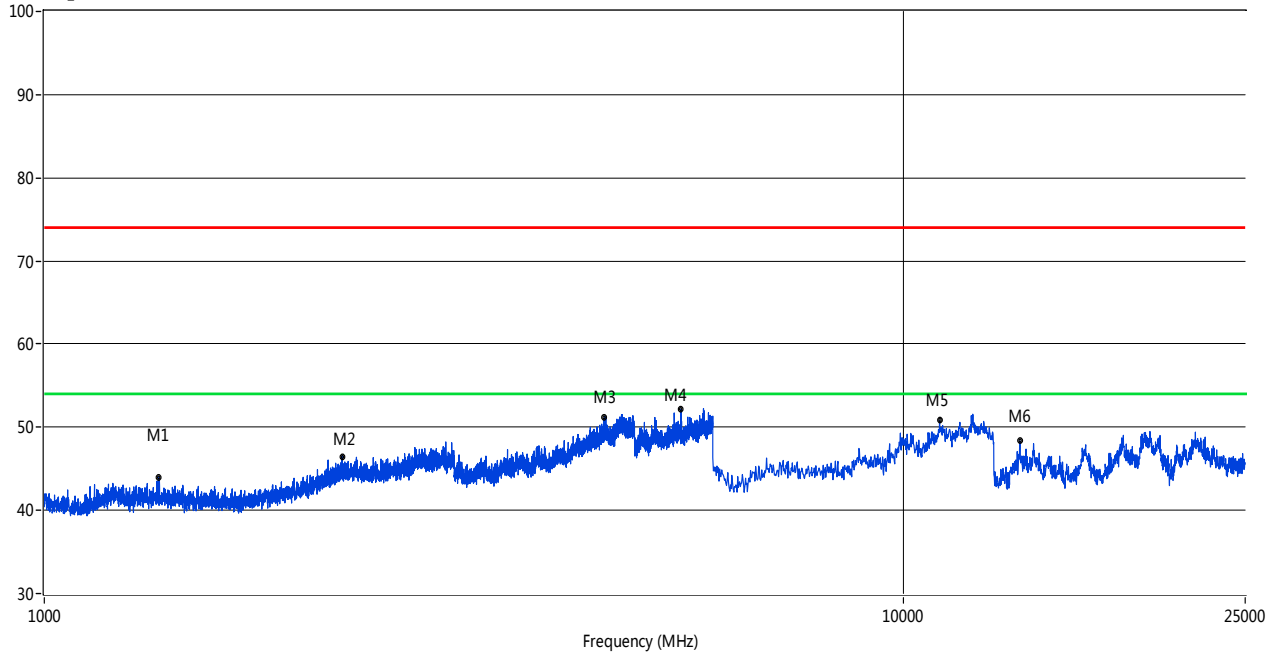
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1200.45	47.84	-5.27	74.0	26.16	Peak	229.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2401.65	47.58	-0.27	74.0	26.42	Peak	152.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	3602.85	50.31	9.95	74.0	23.69	Peak	330.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	4804.80	52.55	13.77	74.0	21.45	Peak	112.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	9942.18	49.45	19.17	74.0	24.55	Peak	215.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	19179.70	50.58	14.04	74.0	23.42	Peak	268.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,HIGH CHANNEL ANT V

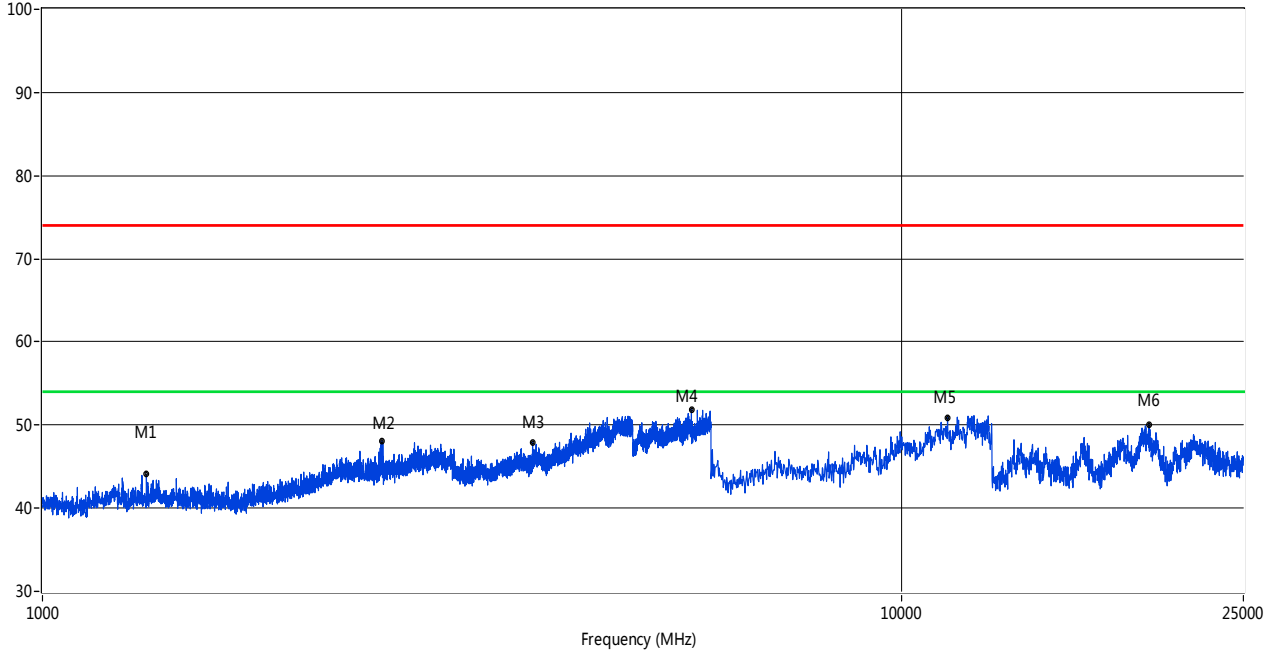
RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1358.41	43.94	-4.42	74.0	30.06	Peak	95.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2221.20	46.51	-0.28	74.0	27.49	Peak	196.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4489.13	51.13	12.75	74.0	22.87	Peak	264.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	5510.37	52.16	15.17	74.0	21.84	Peak	269.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	11020.38	50.83	20.14	74.0	23.17	Peak	171.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	13665.14	48.38	9.63	74.0	25.62	Peak	279.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 25 GHz, 802.11n-40MHz,HIGHCHANNELANT H

RE Test case_FCC 15C 1GHz-25GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1321.42	44.05	-4.81	74.0	29.95	Peak	63.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2482.63	48.11	-0.62	74.0	25.89	Peak	117.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	3719.82	47.90	10.33	74.0	26.10	Peak	326.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	5694.83	51.92	15.15	74.0	22.08	Peak	323.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	11312.40	50.88	20.18	74.0	23.12	Peak	51.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	19409.32	50.04	12.89	74.0	23.96	Peak	79.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

A.6 Band Edge

Test Data

The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-36.47	6.65	-13.4	Pass
High Channel	-48.62	7.82	-12.2	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-20.12	3.05	-17.0	Pass
High Channel	-35.71	4.44	-15.6	Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

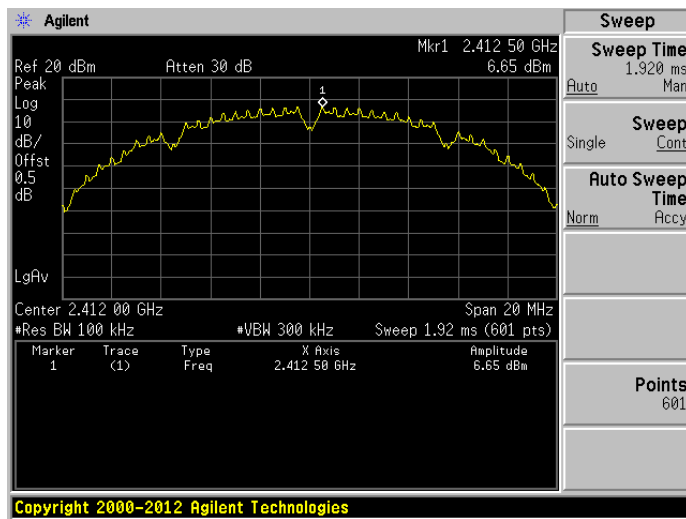
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-19.91	3.08	-16.9	Pass
High Channel	-32.87	3.76	-16.2	Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

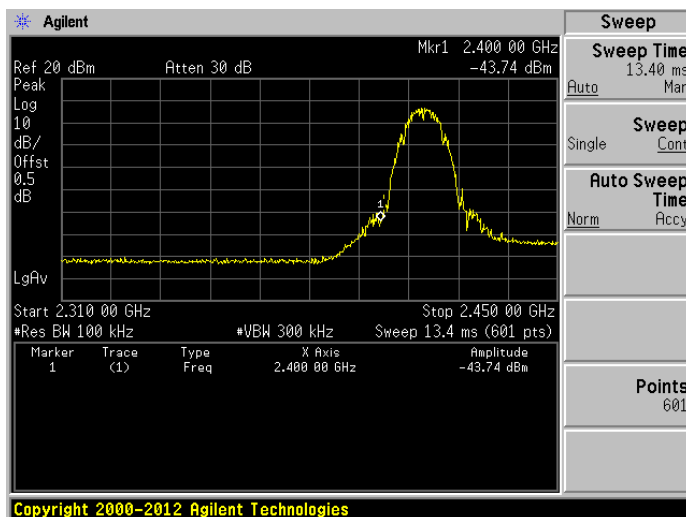
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-21.89	1.10	-18.9	Pass
High Channel	-29.91	1.17	-18.8	Pass

Test Plots

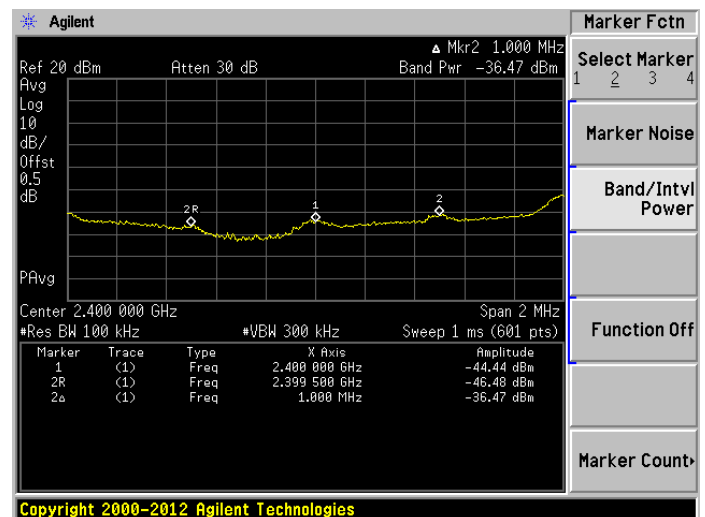
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



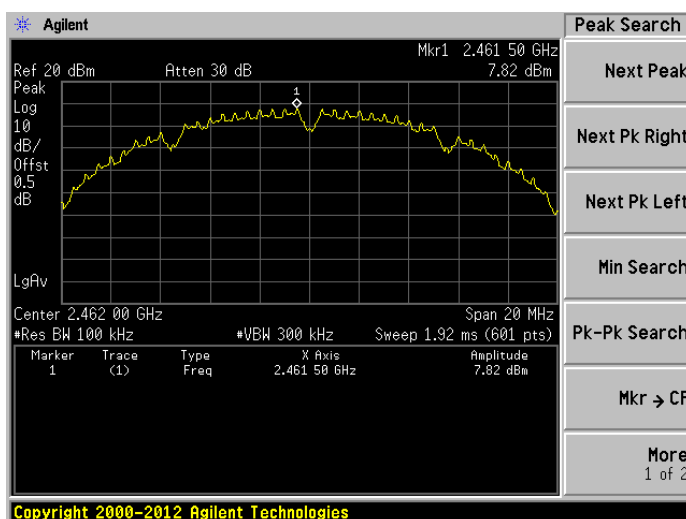
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



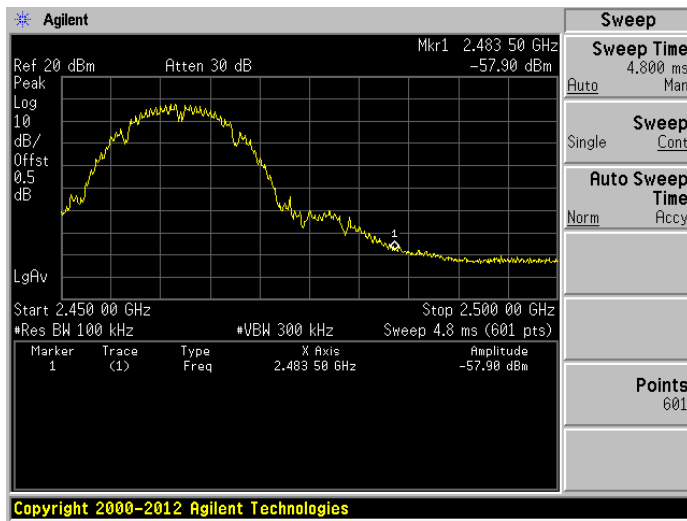
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



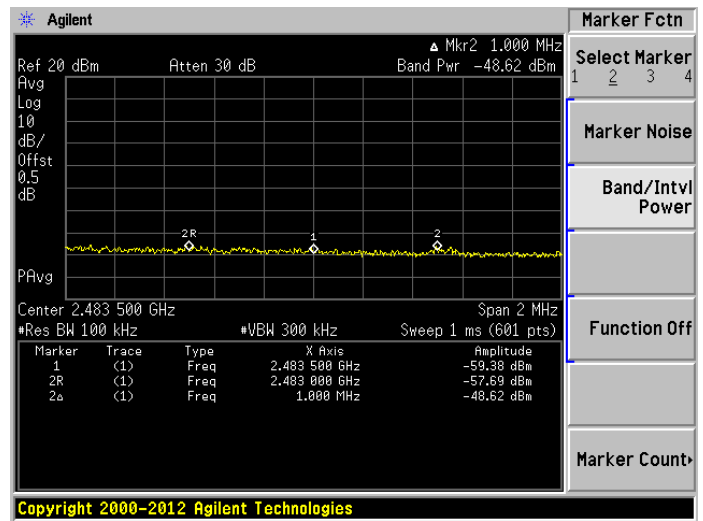
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



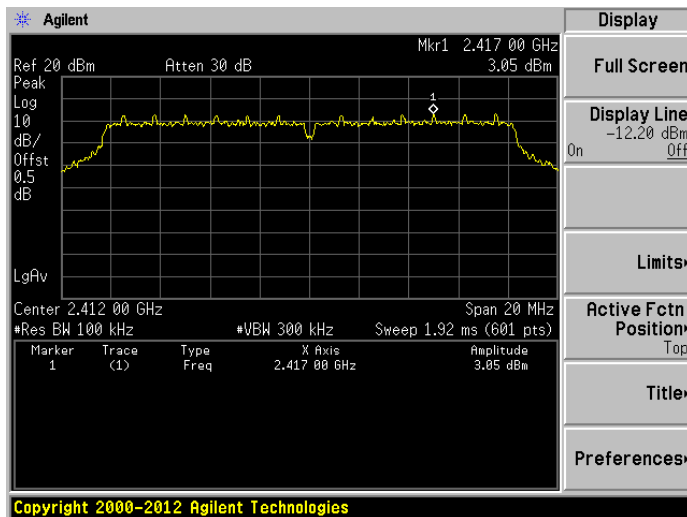
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



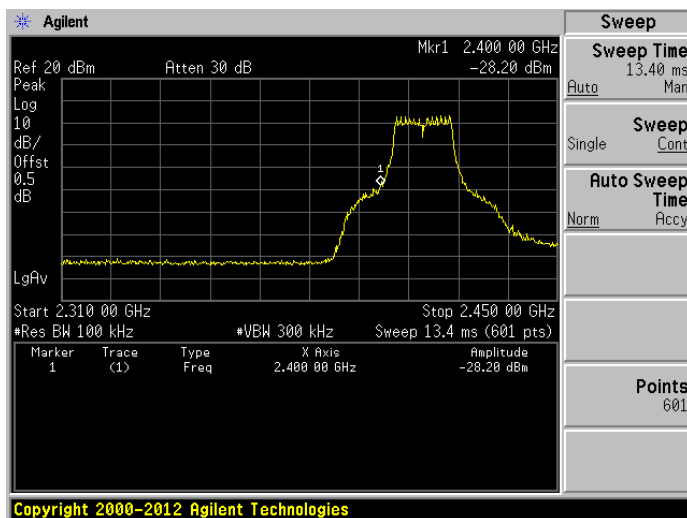
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



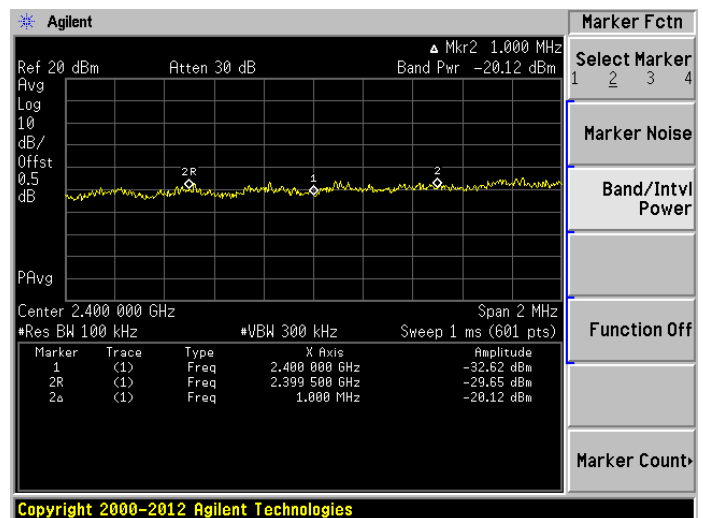
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



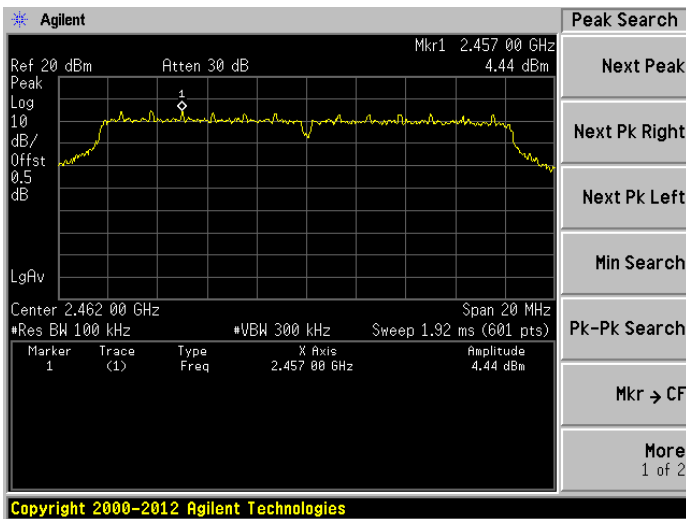
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



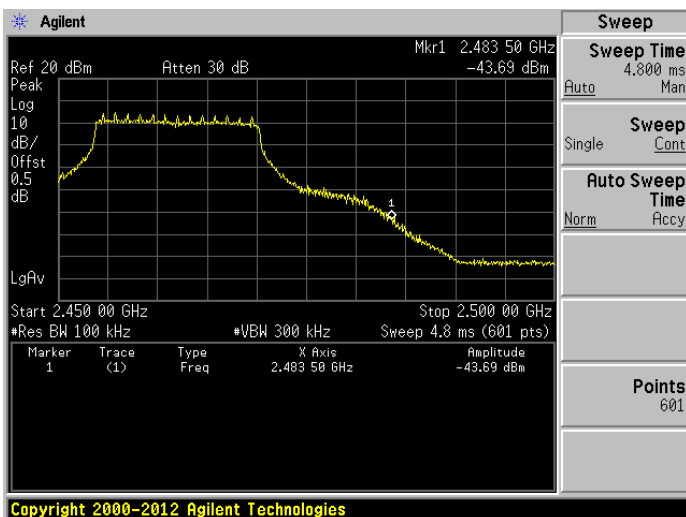
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



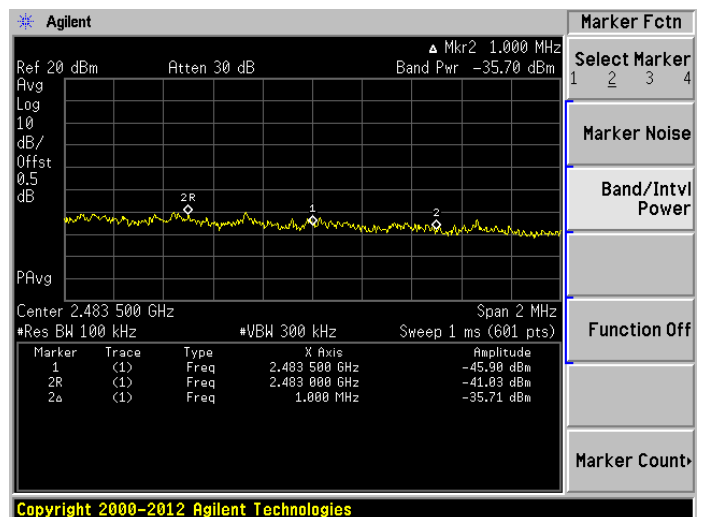
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



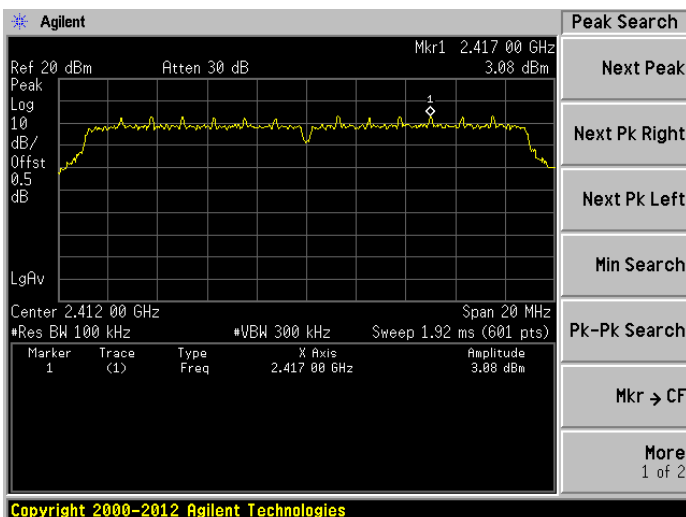
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



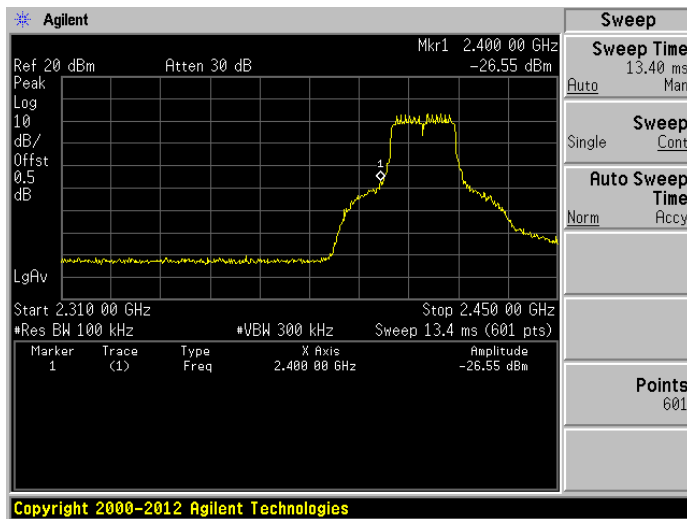
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



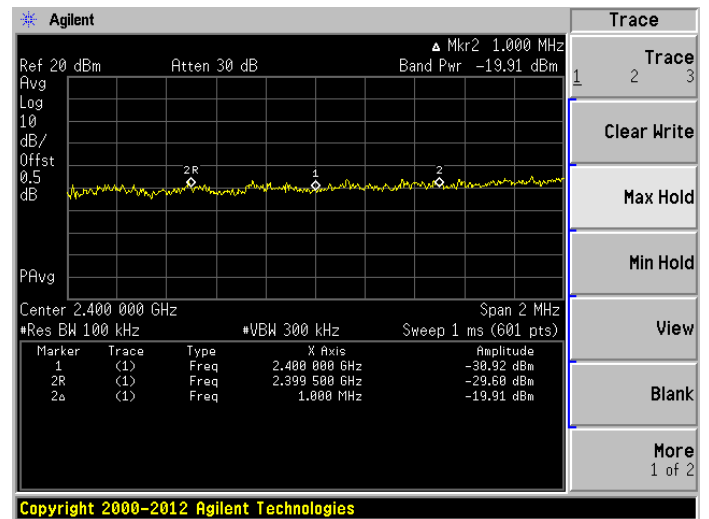
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



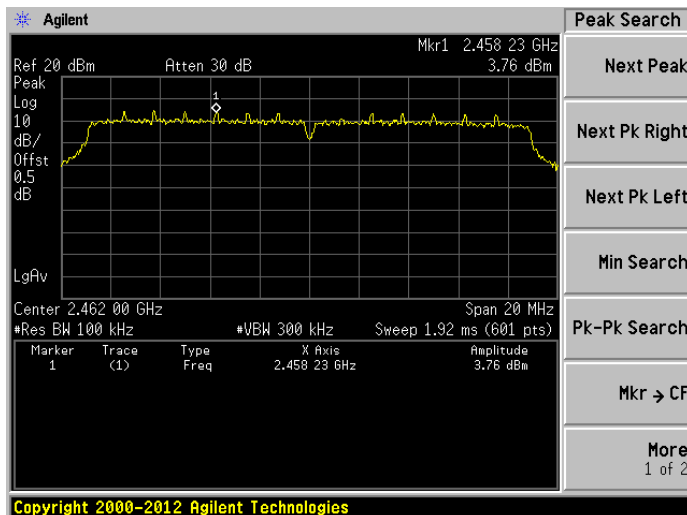
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



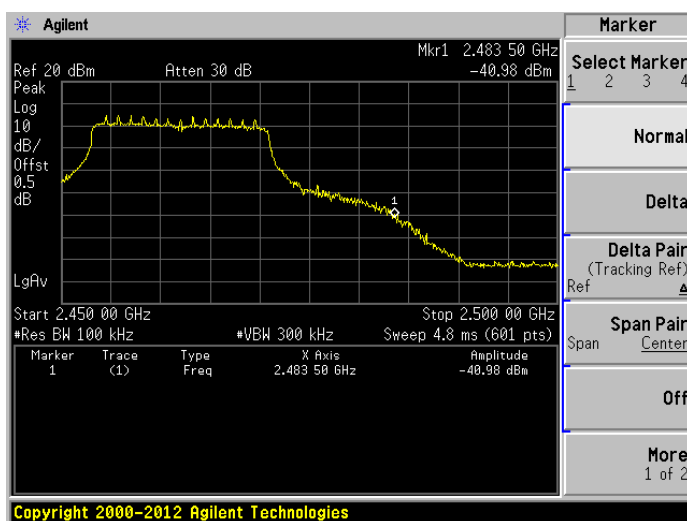
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



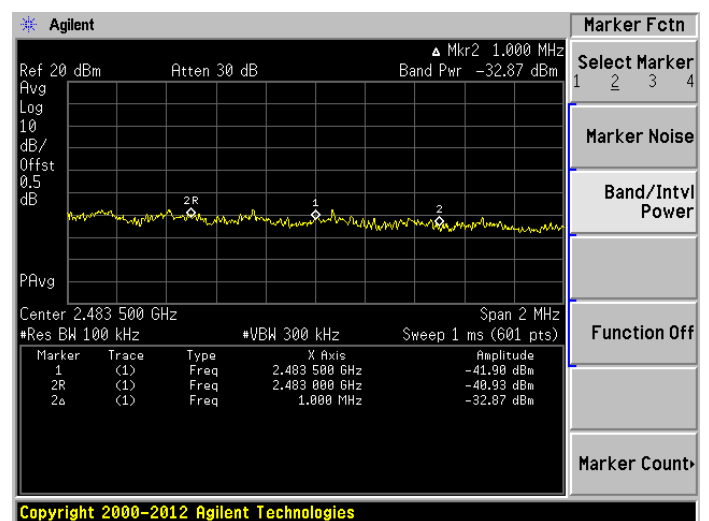
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



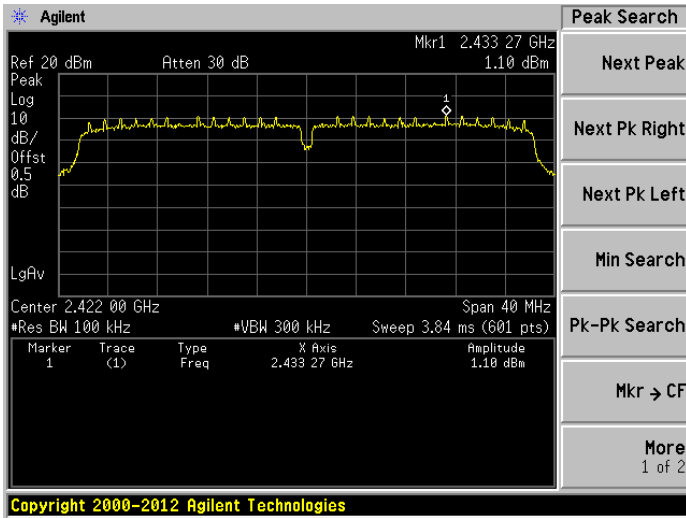
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



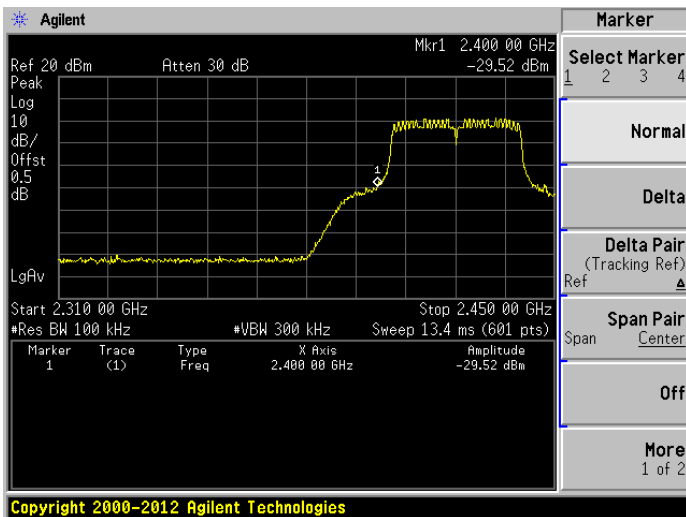
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



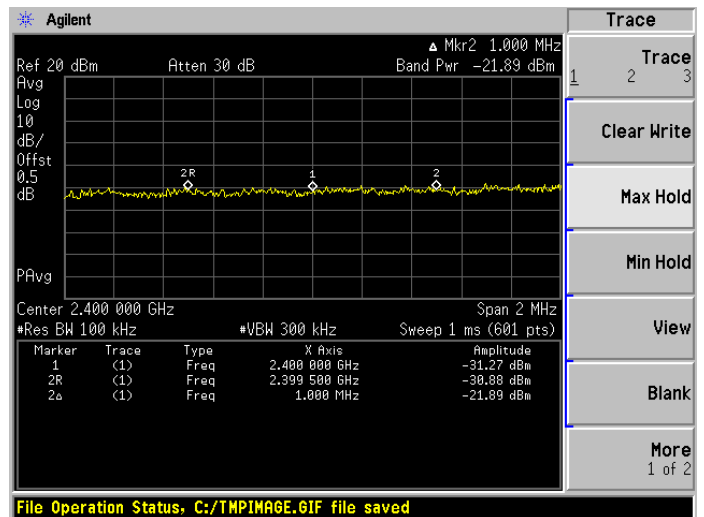
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



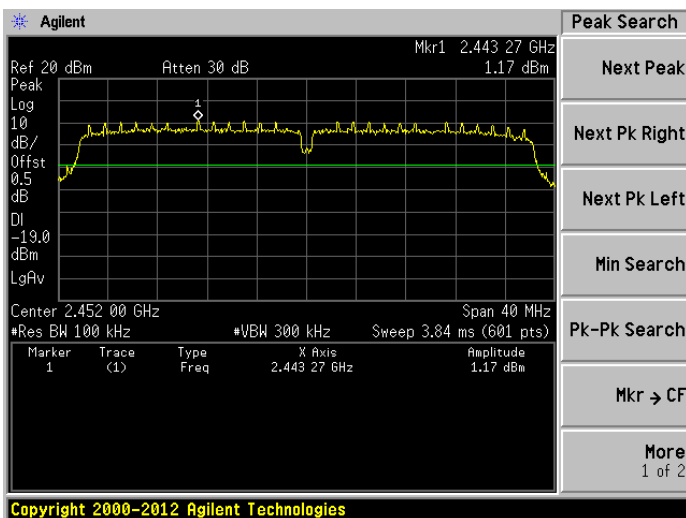
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge

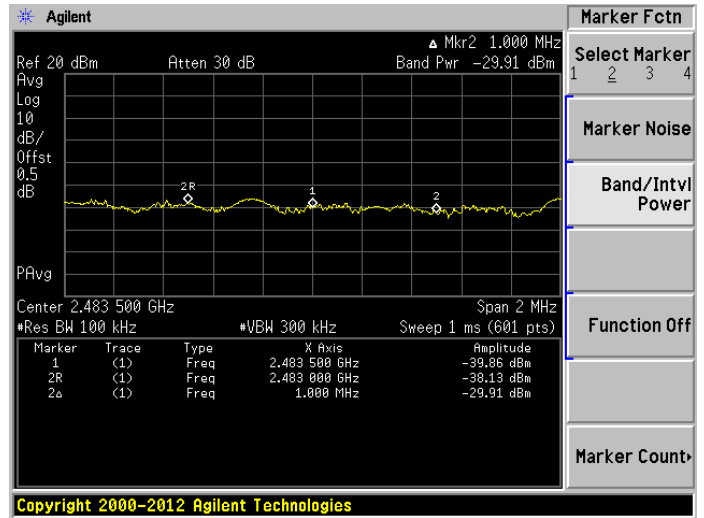
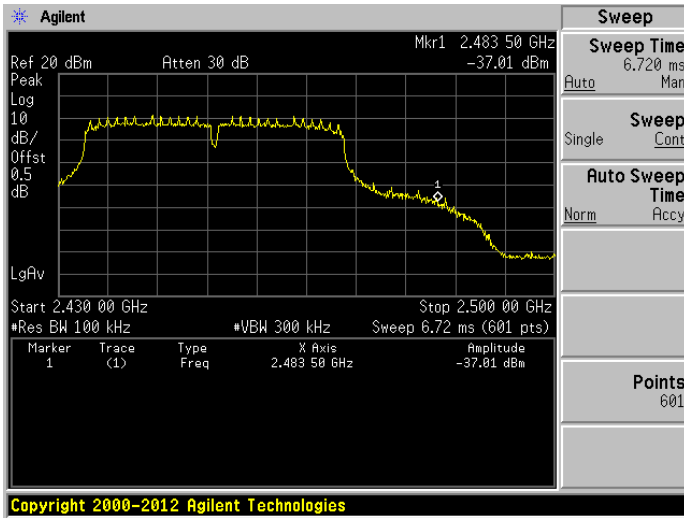


802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



A.7 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-8.13	8
Middle	-8.60	8
High	-7.12	8

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-12.06	8
Middle	-10.84	8
High	-6.93	8

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

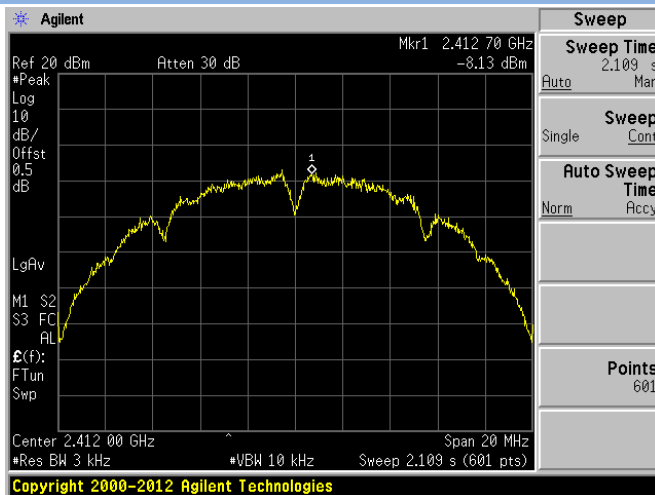
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-12.48	8
Middle	-10.78	8
High	-10.79	8

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

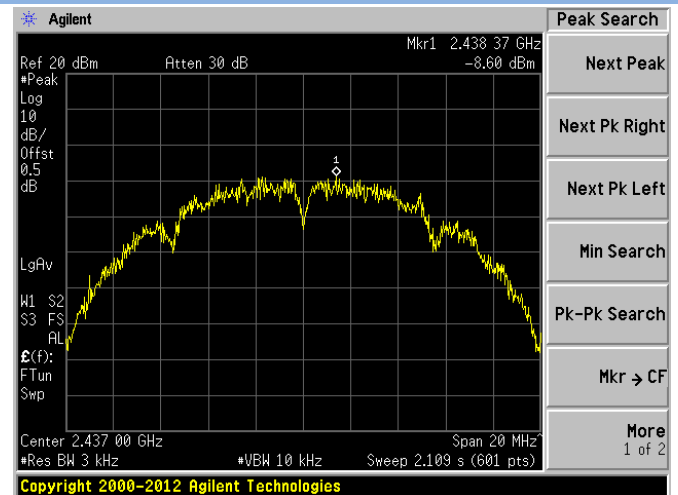
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-14.49	8
Middle	-14.03	8
High	-13.95	8

Test plots

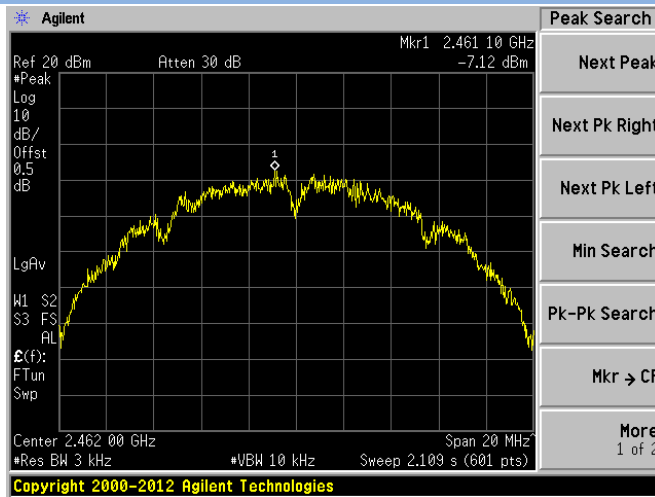
802.11b LOW CHANNEL



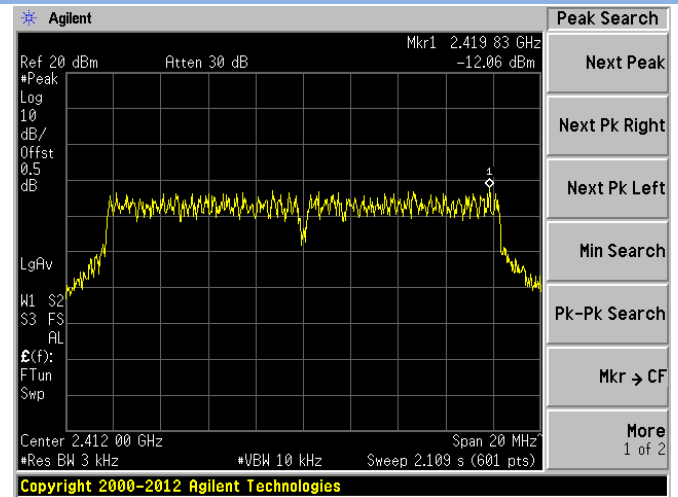
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



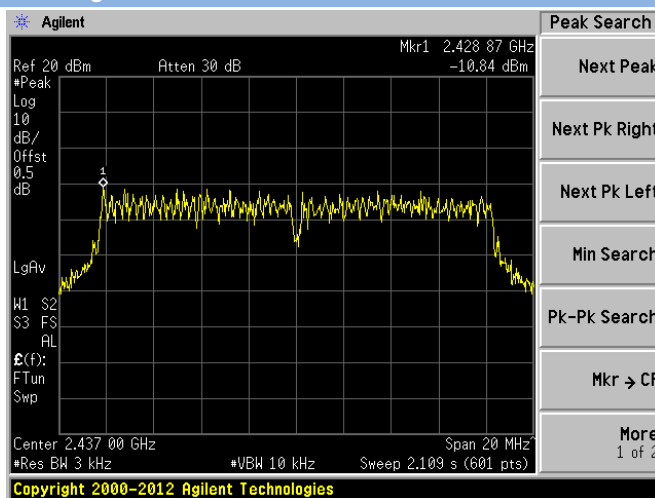
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



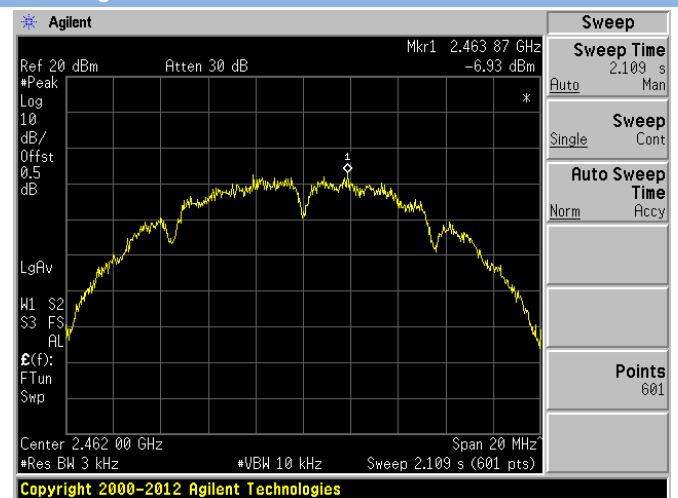
802.11g LOW CHANNEL



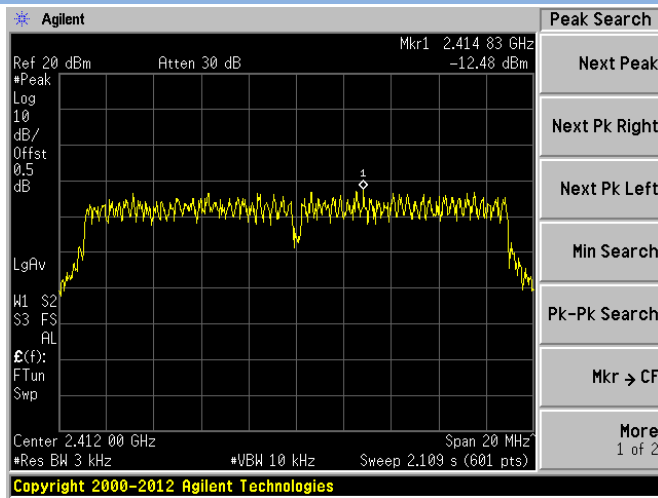
802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



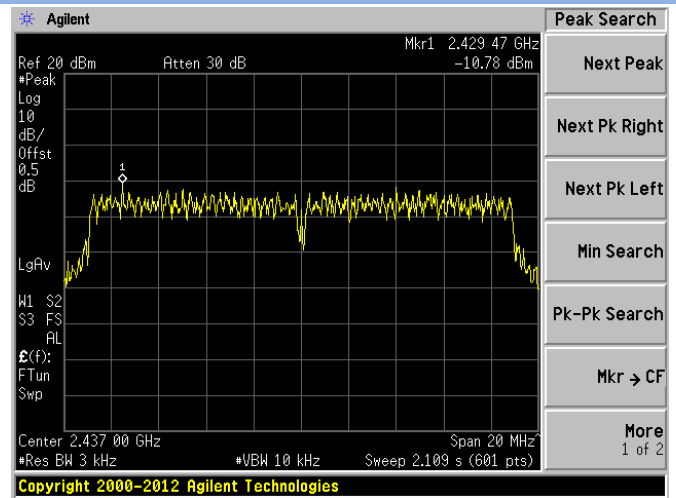
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



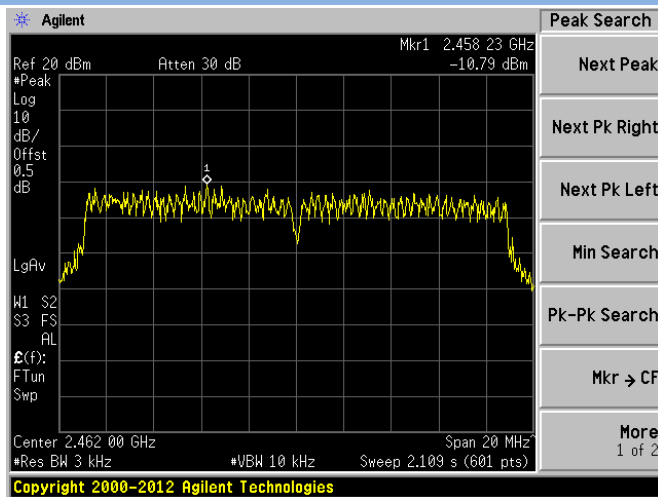
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



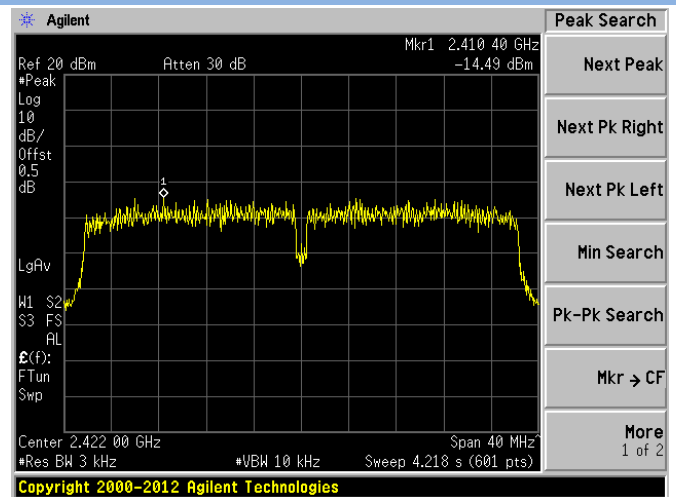
802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



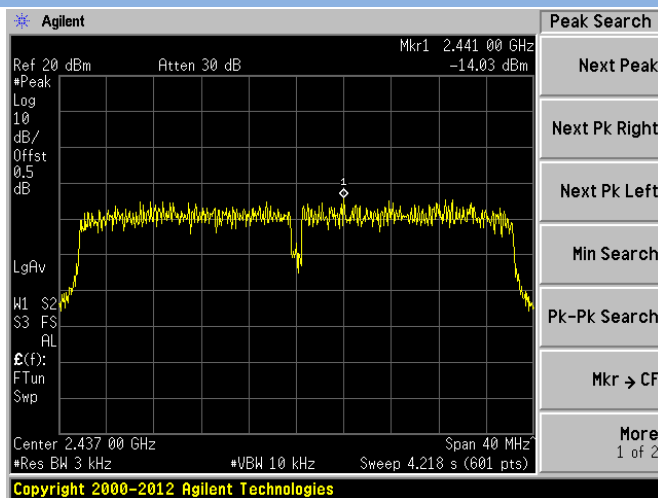
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



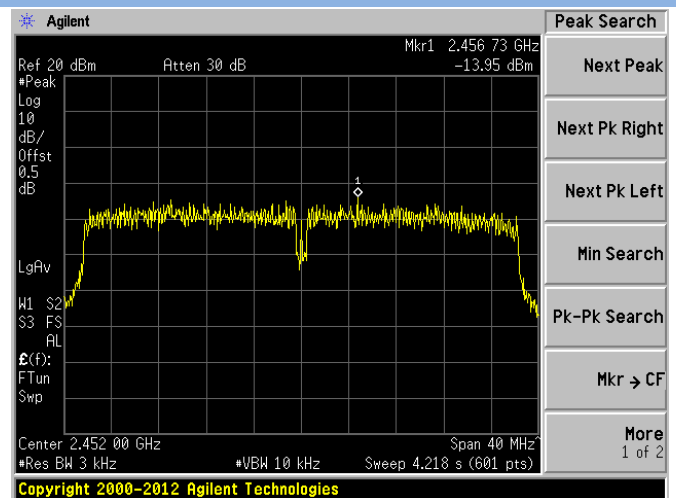
802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



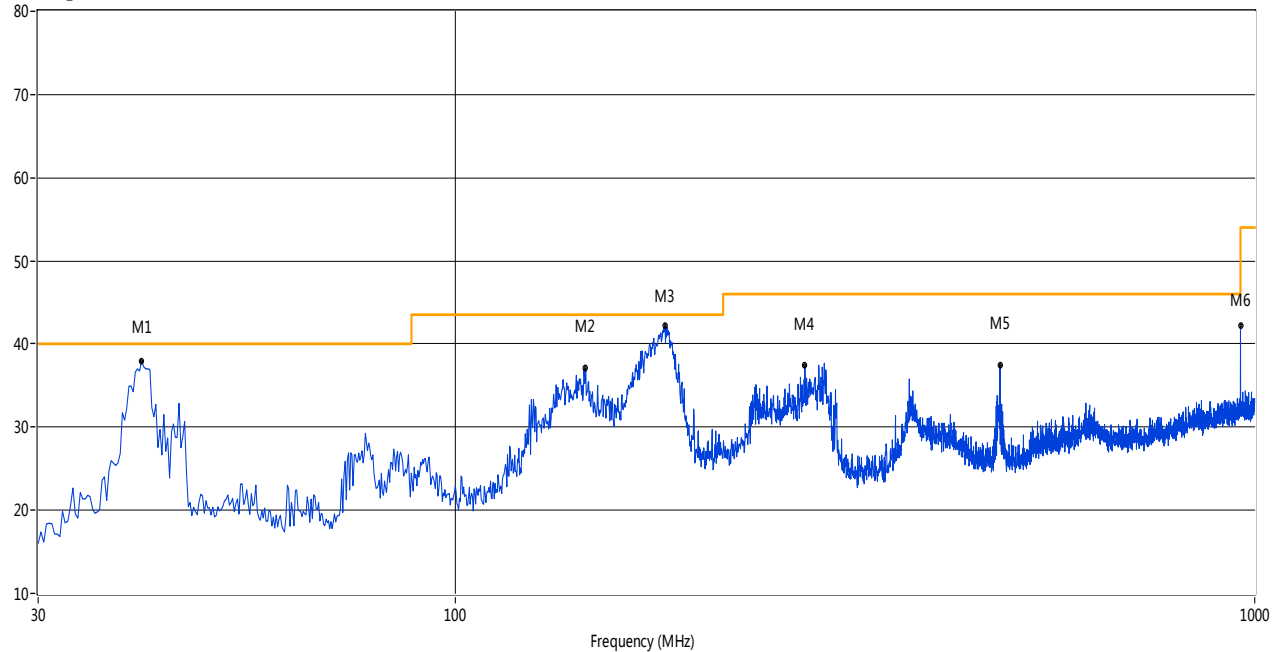
A.8 Receiver Spurious Emissions

Note: Only the worst test results were recorded in this report.

Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

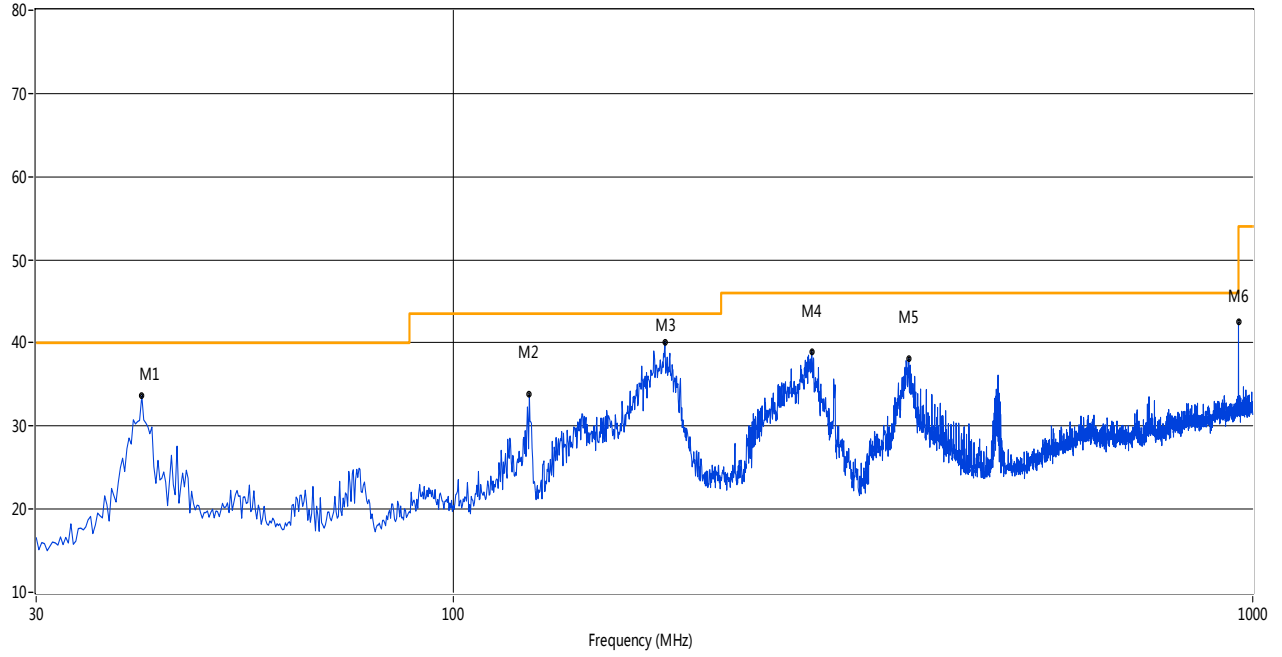
RE Test case_FCC 15B 30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	40.42	37.94	-19.66	40.0	2.06	Peak	197.00	100.00	Vertical	N/A
1**	40.42	35.65	-19.66	40.0	4.35	QP	197.00	100.00	Vertical	Pass
2	145.40	37.05	-23.56	43.5	6.45	Peak	97.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	182.74	42.20	-21.85	43.5	1.30	Peak	132.00	100.00	Vertical	N/A
3**	182.74	39.84	-21.85	43.5	3.66	QP	132.00	100.00	Vertical	Pass
4	273.41	37.43	-18.53	46.0	8.57	Peak	153.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	479.97	37.51	-13.81	46.0	8.49	Peak	124.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	960.00	42.16	-5.08	46.0	3.84	Peak	128.00	100	Vertical	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

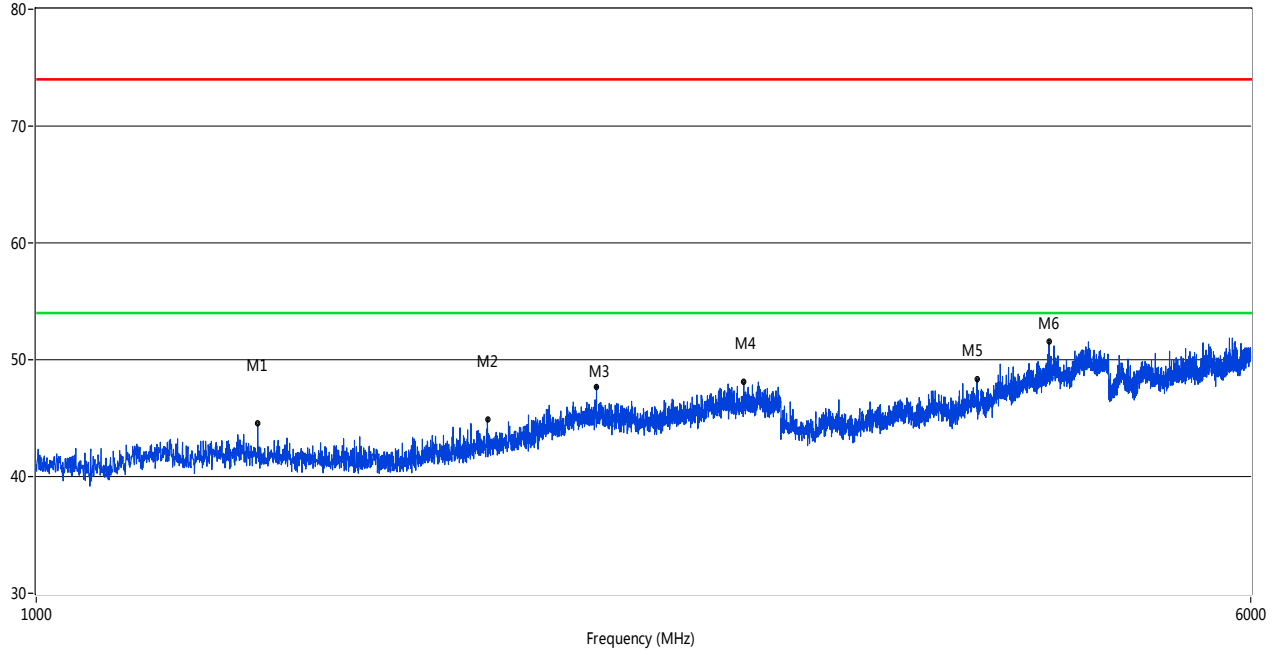
RE Test case_FCC 15B 30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	40.67	33.64	-19.55	40.0	6.36	Peak	87.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	124.31	33.80	-22.45	43.5	9.70	Peak	14.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	183.71	40.15	-21.82	43.5	3.35	Peak	183.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	280.44	38.99	-18.40	46.0	7.01	Peak	274.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	371.11	38.15	-15.97	46.0	7.85	Peak	347.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	960.00	42.48	-5.08	46.0	3.52	Peak	144.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 6 GHz, ANT V

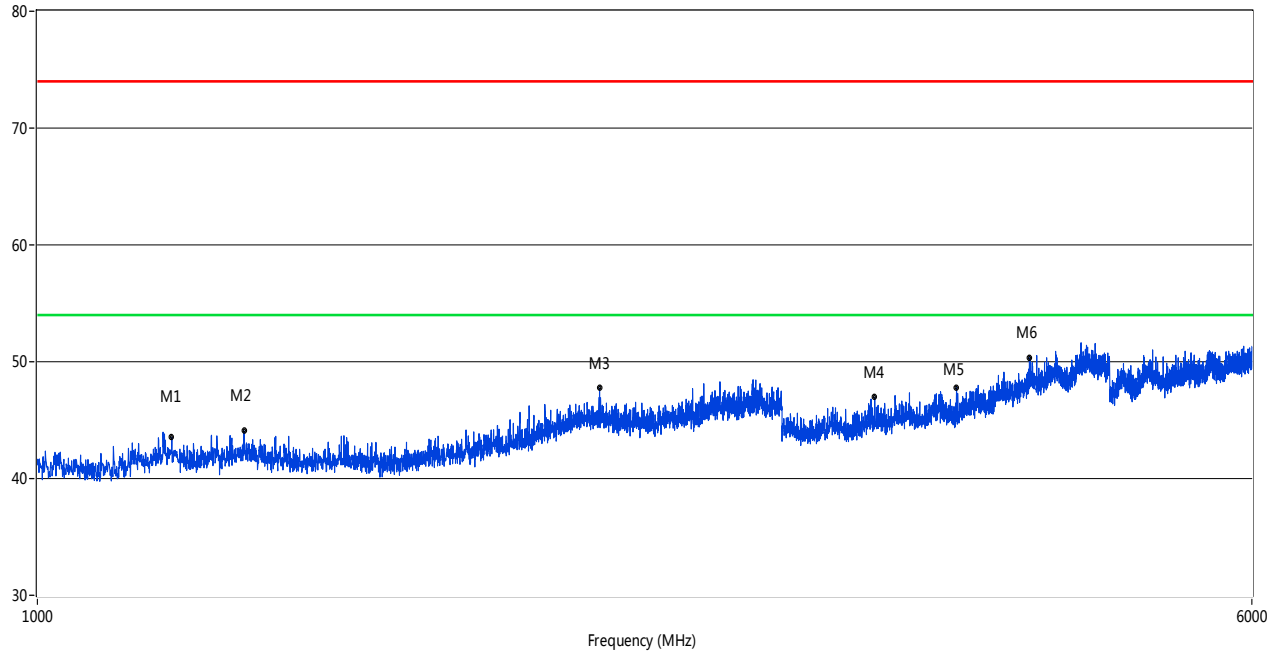
RE Test case_FCC 15B 1GHz-6GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1386.40	44.50	-4.52	74.0	29.50	Peak	329.80	100	Vertical	Pass
2	1945.76	44.88	-2.42	74.0	29.12	Peak	271.40	100	Vertical	Pass
3	2285.68	47.70	-0.49	74.0	26.30	Peak	244.80	100	Vertical	Pass
4	2840.04	48.09	1.86	74.0	25.91	Peak	266.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	4007.00	48.33	11.18	74.0	25.67	Peak	26.60	100	Vertical	Pass
6	4456.14	51.55	12.47	74.0	22.45	Peak	276.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 6 GHz, ANT H

RE Test case_FCC 15B 1GHz-6GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (o)	Height (cm)	ANT	Verdict
1	1219.45	43.54	-5.12	74.0	30.46	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	1356.41	44.10	-4.45	74.0	29.90	Peak	191.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	2292.18	47.75	-0.40	74.0	26.25	Peak	196.60	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	3439.39	46.96	9.36	74.0	27.04	Peak	197.70	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	3881.03	47.81	10.87	74.0	26.19	Peak	1.20	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	4321.92	50.33	12.15	74.0	23.67	Peak	5.60	100	Horizontal	Pass

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Annex No.:BL-SZ1580044-AR02.pdf”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Annex No.:BL-SZ1580044-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Annex No.:BL-SZ1580044-AI.pdf”.

--END OF REPORT--