## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Sporton

Client

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

BC-MRA



S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Certificate No: D3700V2-1037\_Apr19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D3700V2 - SN:10	037	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	April 29, 2019		
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	d are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE			
Primary Standards	-ID-#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	25-Mar-19 (No. EX3-3503_Mar19)	Mar-20
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Oct-18 (No. DAE4-601_Oct18)	Oct-19
Secondary Standards	D#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	07-Oct-15 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	N	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Name Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	Aller
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	flift
			Issued: April 29, 2019
This calibration certificate shall no	t be reproduced except i	n full without written approval of the laboratory	/.

**Calibration Laboratory of** 

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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### **Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3700 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.7	3.12 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.1 ± 6 %	3.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	68.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition           100 mW input power	2.49 W/kg

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.4 Ω - 0.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.138 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Thandaotal Cu Dy	

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 29.04.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

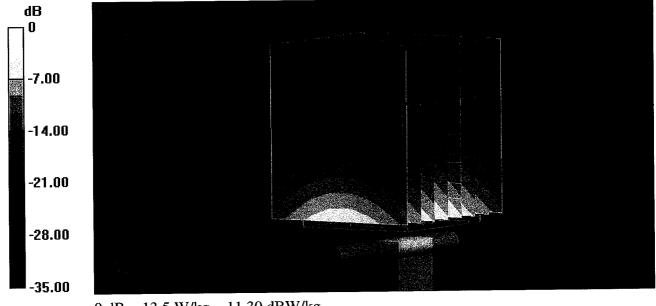
### DUT: Dipole 3700 MHz; Type: D3700V2; Serial: D3700V2 - SN:1037

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3700 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3700 MHz;  $\sigma = 3.06$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5) @ 3700 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3700MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

Elle <u>Vi</u> ew <u>C</u> hannel Sw <u>e</u> ep Calibration	Irace <u>S</u> cale Marker System Window <u>H</u> elp
Ch 1 Avg = 20	1: 3.700000 GHz 46.394 9 70.115 pF -613.49 m 3.700000 GHz 37.950 m -169.98
Ch1: Start 3.50000 GHz	Stop 3.90000 Gi
10.00 5.00 0.00 -5.00 -10.00	> 1: 3.700000 GHz -28.416 d
-15.00 -20.00 -25.00 -30.00 -35.00 -40.00 Ch 1 Avg = 20 Ch1: Start 3.50000 GHz	Stop 3.90000 Gł



# D3700V2, Serial No. 1037 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of priorcalibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D3700V2 – serial no. 1037						
3700 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.4.29	-28.4		46.4		-0.6	
2020.4.15	-28.4	0	46.3	-0.1	-0.4	0.2
2021.4.15	-28.2	0.7	46.7	0.3	-1.8	-1.2

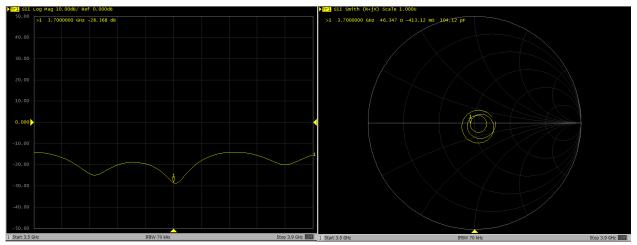
### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

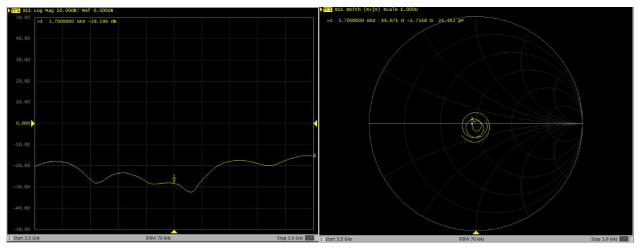


### Dipole Verification Data> D3700V2, serial no. 1037

### 3700MHz - Head----2020.4.15



#### 3700MHz - Head----2021.4.15



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Certificate No: D3900V2-1022\_Jul19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

bject	D3900V2 - SN:10	22	
Calibration procedure(s) (	QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Proces	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	July 11, 2019		
The measurements and the uncertain All calibrations have been conducted	inties with confidence pr d in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical unit robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor MHP-231 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	25-Mar-19 (No. EX3-3503_Mar19)	Mar-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20
	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards			
	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A		07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Power meter E4419B	SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) Function	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19 Signature
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19 Signature
Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) Function	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19 Signature

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## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	3900 MHz ± 1 MHz 4100 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters at 3900 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.5	3.32 mho/m	
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.2 ± 6 %	3.23 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C			

### SAR result with Head TSL at 3900 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	70.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Head TSL parameters at 4100 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	37.2	3.53 mho/m	
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.0 ± 6 %	3.41 mho/m ± 6 %	
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C			

### SAR result with Head TSL at 4100 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	6.64 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	66.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 3900 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 4.1 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB		

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 4100 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.0 Ω + 0.7 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB		

### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.101 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Monuf	actured by	SPEAG
	actured by	JFEAG

### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 11.07.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 3900 MHz; Type: D3900V2; Serial: D3900V2 - SN:1022

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 3900 MHz, Frequency: 4100 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 3900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 3.23 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 4100 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 3.41 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25) @ 3900 MHz, ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05) @ 4100 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

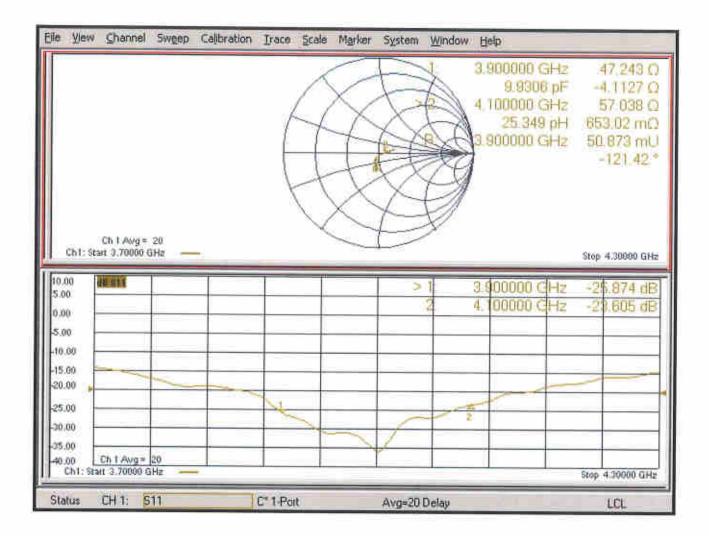
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=3900MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 73.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100 mW, d=10mm, f=4100MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 69.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 6.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 W/kg



0 dB = 13.7 W/kg = 11.37 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





# D3900V2, Serial No. 1022 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of priorcalibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

	D3900V2 – serial no. 1022					
		3900 Head				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.7.11	-25.9		47.2		-4.1	
2020.7.7	-26.3	-1.5	47.9	0.7	-1.7	2.4
2021.7.7	-25.7	0.8	48.0	0.8	-4.6	-0.5
		D39	00V2 – serial no. 1	1022		
			4100 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.7.11	-23.6		57.0		0.7	
2020.7.7	-23.3	1.3	58.2	1.2	-1.1	-1.8
2021.7.7	-23.4	0.8	57.7	0.7	-1.7	-2.4

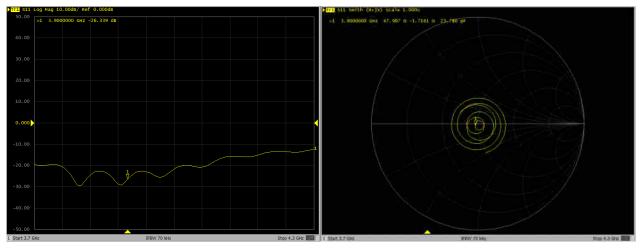
### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

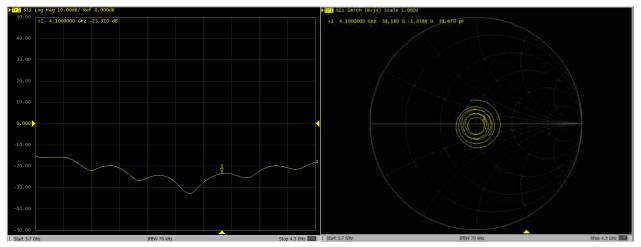


### Dipole Verification Data> D3900V2, serial no. 1022

#### 3900MHz – Head----2020.7.7

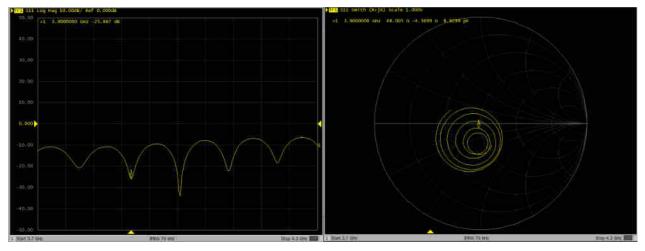


### 4100MHz - Head----2020.7.7

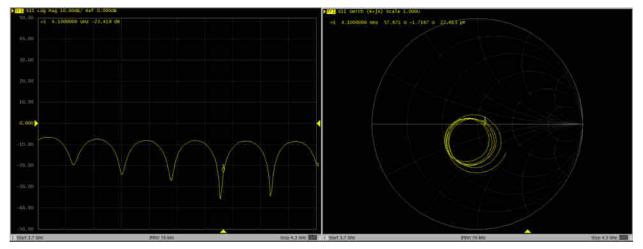




#### 3900MHz - Head----2021.7.7



### 4100MHz - Head----2021.7.7



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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C Service suisse d'étalonnage

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- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Client Sporton

Certificate No:	D5GHzV2-1113	Sep19
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#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1113 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz Calibration date: September 24, 2019 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)\*C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) Apr-20 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) Apr-20 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) Apr-20 Reference Probe EX3DV4 SN: 3503 25-Mar-19 (No. EX3-3503 Mar19) Mar-20 DAE4 SN: 601 30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601\_Apr19) Apr-20 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter E4419B SN: GB39512475 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) In house check: Oct-20 Power sensor HP 8481A SN: US37292783 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 Power sensor HP 8481A SN: MY41092317 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 100972 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-20 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-19 Namia Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: September 25, 2019 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





s

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	: <del>;;;;;</del> ;	

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

to renorming parameters	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
	SO SHOP OPPERATE	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 6.2 μΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB	-

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 Ω - 2.7 μΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 1.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB	

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

The second se	
Manufactured by	SPEAG

### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.09.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.53 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.88 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.03 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

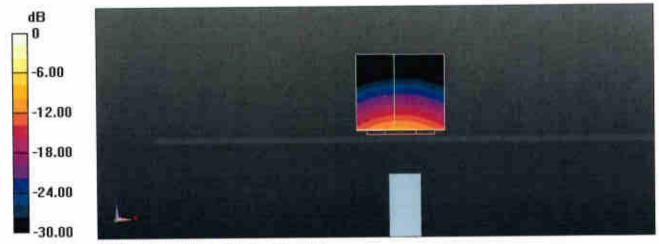
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 78.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

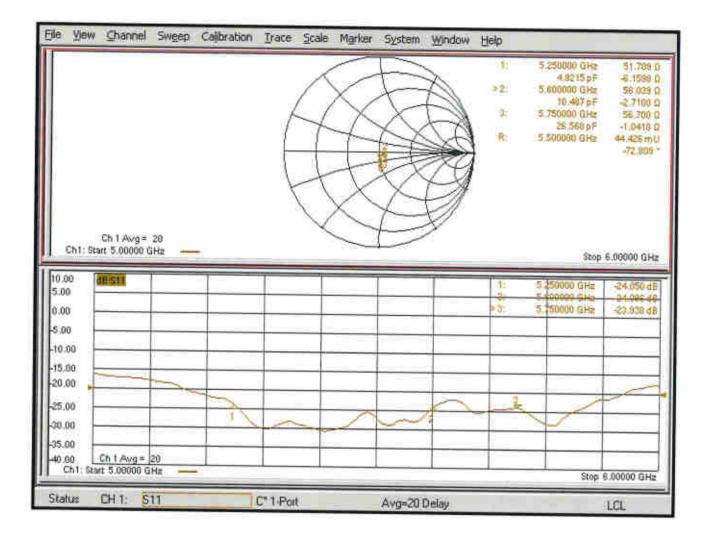
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 78.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.40 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





# D5GHzV2, Serial No. 1113 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of priorcalibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

D5GHzV2 – serial no. 1113						
		52	250 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.9.24	-24.05		51.71		-6.16	
2020.9.23	-24.80	-0.03	50.56	1.15	-5.94	-0.22
2021.9.23	-23.93	0.01	51.89	-0.18	-6.28	0.12

D5GHzV2 – serial no. 1113						
		DOGHZVZ		113		
		56	600 Head			
			Real	6 "	Imaginary	
Date of	Return-Loss	Delta	Impedance	Delta	Impedance	Delta
Measurement	(dB)	(%)	(ohm)	(ohm)	(ohm)	(ohm)
			()		()	
2019.9.24	-24.09		56.04		-2.71	
2020.9.23	-23.95	0.01	57.70	-1.66	-2.85	0.14
2021.9.23	-24.99	-0.04	56.04	0.01	-2.69	-0.02

D5GHzV2 – serial no. 1113						
		57	750 Head			
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.9.24	-23.94		56.70		-1.04	
2020.9.23	-21.92	0.08	58.56	-1.86	-1.58	0.54
2021.9.23	-22.90	0.04	57.64	-0.94	-1.04	0.00

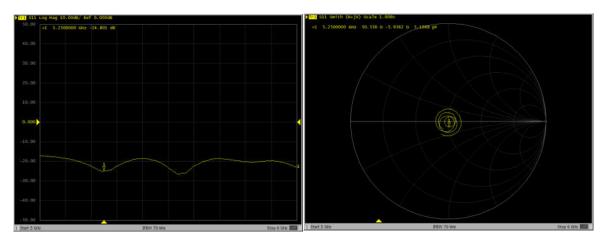


### <Justification of the extended calibration>

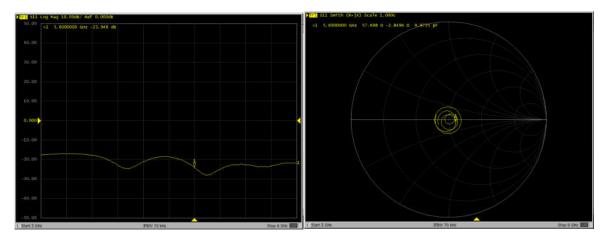
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

#### Dipole Verification Data> D5GHzV2, Serial No. 1113

5250MHz – Head----2020. 9. 23

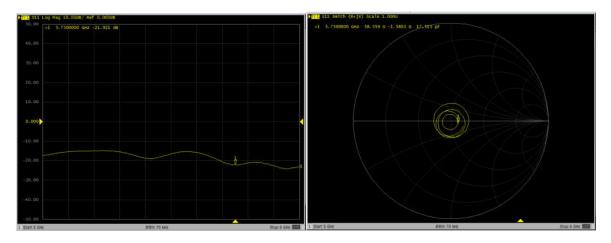


### 5600MHz – Head----2020. 9. 23



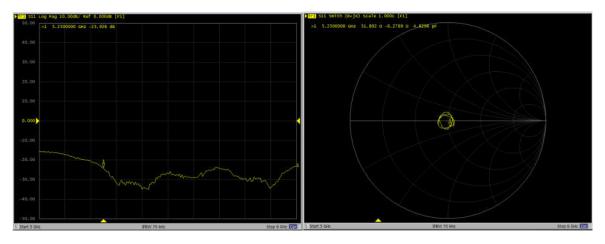


#### **5750MHz – Head**----2020. 9. 23

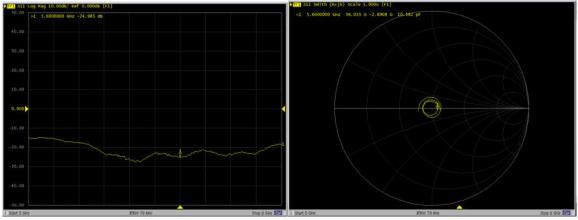




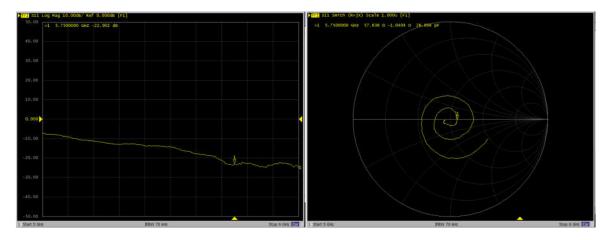
#### **5250MHz – Head**----2021. 9. 23



5600MHz - Head----2021. 9. 23



5750MHz – Head----2021. 9. 23



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# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

### **USAGE OF THE DAE4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange**: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures**: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Sporton Client

Certificate No: DAE4-1386\_Jan21

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D0	04 BM - SN: 1386	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration proced	lure for the data acquisition elec	tronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	January 13, 2021		
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical un obability are given on the following pages ar r facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M8			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No:28647)	Sep-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
Calibrator Box V2.1		07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
Calibrated by:	Name Adrian Gehring	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	1. V. Relun
This calibration certificate shall	not be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laborator	Issued: January 14, 2021 ry.

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

# DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolu	tion nominal			
High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	0	-1+3mV
DASY measurement pa	arameters: Aut	o Zero Time: 3	sec; Measuring	time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Y	Z
High Range	404.515 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.595 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.113 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	4.02068 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.01387 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.01194 ± 1.50% (k=2)

# **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	150.0 ° ± 1 °
Commedia Angle to be used in Brier system	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	linearity	Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200038.35	5.82	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20006.19	0.54	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-20005.60	-0.16	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200031.63	-1.41	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.10	-2.35	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20007.30	-1.70	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200032.77	-0.25	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.28	-1.21	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20006.37	-0.73	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.21	-0.27	-0.01
Channel X + Input	201.12	-0.30	-0.15
Channel X - Input	-199.24	-0.70	0.35
Channel Y + Input	2001.14	-0.21	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200.26	-0.99	-0.49
Channel Y - Input	-199.99	-1.31	0.66
Channel Z + Input	2001.36	0.01	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200.27	-0.99	-0.49
Channel Z - Input	-199.63	-0.95	0.48

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-15.93	-17.64
	- 200	18.07	16.34
Channel Y	200	-9.56	-10.09
	- 200	7.96	7.53
Channel Z	200	-5.83	-5.76
	- 200	3.26	4.05

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.26	-2.66
Channel Y	200	8.40	-	6.46
Channel Z	200	8.16	6.42	-

# 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16018	15267
Channel Y	16080	17949
Channel Z	16076	14569

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-1.70	-2.41	-0.69	0.30
Channel Y	-1.27	-2.05	-0.34	0.35
Channel Z	-0.62	-1.45	0.08	0.30

### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

DAE4/1210
Sportor

# **USAGE OF THE DAE4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures**: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

#### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

#### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

#### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.