Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Report

Product Name	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL
Model No	MT7010
FCC ID	2ABTU-MT7010

Applicant	RuggON Corporation
Address	4F, No. 298, Yang Guang St. Neihu Dist., Taipei City, Taiwan

Date of Receipt	Aug. 29, 2017
Issued Date	Oct. 23, 2017
Report No.	1780508R-RFUSP10V00
Report Version	V1.0
	TAF



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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DFS Test Report

Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2017 Report No.: 1780508R-RFUSP10V00



Product Name	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL
Applicant	RuggON Corporation
Address	4F, No. 298, Yang Guang St. Neihu Dist., Taipei City, Taiwan
Manufacturer	RuggON Corporation
Model No.	MT7010
FCC ID.	2ABTU-MT7010
EUT Rated Voltage	DC 9-36V
EUT Test Voltage	DC 12V
Trade Name	RuggON
Applicable Standard	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E 15.407 (h): 2016
	KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures v02
	KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection v01r02
	FCC 14-30
Test Result	Complied

Documented By

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(Senior Adm. Specialist / Joanne Lin)

Tested By

nson In

(Engineer / Anson Lu)

Approved By

(Director / Vincent Lin)



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Attachment 1: EUT Test Photographs



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL
Trade Name	RuggON
FCC ID.	2ABTU-MT7010
Model No.	MT7010
Frequency Range	802.11a/n-20MHz: 5180-5320MHz, 5500-5700MHz, 5745-5825MHz
	802.11n-40MHz: 5190-5310MHz, 5510-5670MHz, 5755-5795MHz
Number of Channels	802.11a/n-20MHz: 24; 802.11n-40MHz: 11
Data Rate	802.11a: 6 - 54Mbps
	802.11n: up to 300Mbps
Type of Modulation	OFDM, BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
DFS Function	☐ Master Slave (Without Radar Detection)
TPC Function	■ <500mW not required $\square \ge 500$ mW employ a TPC
Communication Mode	■ IP Based Systems □ Frame Based System □ Other System
Channel Control	Auto
Antenna type	PIFA Antenna

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	Anjie	MT7010	PIFA Antenna	3.85dBi For 5.25~5.35GHz
				3.39dBi For 5.47~5.725GHz



802.11a/n-20MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 36:	5180 MHz	Channel 40:	5200 MHz	Channel 44:	5220 MHz	Channel 48:	5240 MHz
Channel 52:	5260 MHz	Channel 56:	5280 MHz	Channel 60:	5300 MHz	Channel 64:	5320 MHz
Channel 100:	5500 MHz	Channel 104:	5520 MHz	Channel 108:	5540 MHz	Channel 112:	5560 MHz
Channel 116:	5580 MHz	Channel 120:	5600 MHz	Channel 124:	5620 MHz	Channel 128:	5640 MHz
Channel 132:	5660 MHz	Channel 136:	5680 MHz	Channel 140:	5700 MHz	Channel 149:	5745 MHz
Channel 153:	5765 MHz	Channel 157:	5785 MHz	Channel 161:	5805 MHz	Channel 165:	5825 MHz

802.11n-40MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 38:	5190 MHz	Channel 46:	5230 MHz	Channel 54:	5270 MHz	Channel 62:	5310 MHz
Channel 102:	5510 MHz	Channel 110:	5550 MHz	Channel 118:	5590 MHz	Channel 126:	5630 MHz
Channel 134:	5670 MHz	Channel 151:	5755 MHz	Channel 159:	5795 MHz		

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit
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1.2. Standard Requirement

FCC Part 15.407:

U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an E.I.R.P. of less than 500mW.

U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

1.3. UNII Device Description

(1) The EUT operates in the following DFS band:

- 1. 5250-5350 MHz
- 2. 5470-5725 MHz
- (2) The maximum EIRP of the 5GHz equipment is 17.2dBm.

Below are the available 50 ohm antenna assemblies and their corresponding gains. 0dBi gain was used to set the -63 dBm threshold level (-64dBm +1 dB) during calibration of the test setup.

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	Anjie	MT7010	PIFA Antenna	3.85dBi For 5.25~5.35GHz
				3.39dBi For 5.47~5.725GHz

(3) DFS operation description:

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file "TestFile.mp2" from the Master device to the Slave device in full motion video mode using the media player with the V2.61 Codec package.

- (4) This device does not exceed 27dBm eirp, so no transmit power control is implemented.
- (5) The master device is an Access Point and FCC ID: SK6-XR320

1.4. Test Equipment

Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) / CTR

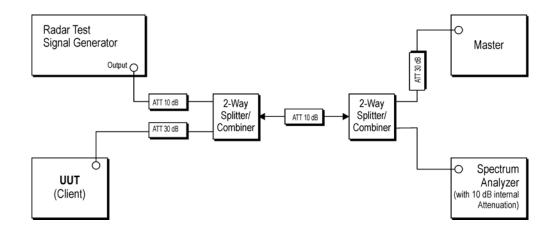
Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY46185846	Nov, 29, 2016
Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070137	May, 2, 2017

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	SN331000910
Notebook Pc	Нр	HSTNN-155C	CNU8476RVZ
Notebook Pc	Compaq	CPQ511VT5870Q4X320MIBN CN2Pa	CNU0060M23
8-WAY Power Divider	JFW	50PD-647-SMA	517518
8-WAY Power Divider	JFW	50PD-647-SMA	
RF Cable (Qty: 4)	GORE	C86	N/A
ATT (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	15542	30912
ATT (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	15542	30909
RF Cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	309180/4
RF Cable	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	3474516
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	SN331000910
Access Point	XiRRUS	XR300	X103502006E80
Notebook PC	Dell	M65	DYTKN1S

Software	Manufacturer	Function		
Agilent Signal Studio for	A - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -	De la Sianal Canadian Safarana		
Pulse Building V1.3.13.0	Agilent	Radar Signal Generation Software		
Agilent DFS_TEST	A '1 /			
V1.0.0.73	Agilent	Radar Signal Generation Software		



1.5. Test Setup



1.6. DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

Requirement	Operational Mode			
		Client	Client	
	Master	Without	With	
	Waster	Radar	Radar	
		Detection	Detection	
Non-Occupancy Period		Not	Yes	
	Yes	required		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not	Yes	
		required		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not	Not	
		required	required	
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not	Not	
		required	required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not	Yes	
		required		



1.7. DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode				
	Master	Client Without Radar	Client With Radar		
		Detection	Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

1.8. DFS Detection Thresholds

(1) Interference Threshold value, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)			
≥200 milliwatt	-64 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and				
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power	(4. ID			
spectral density requirement	-64 dBm			
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.				
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test				
transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test				
signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.				
Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For	or MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.			



(2) DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value	
Non-Occupancy Period	30 Minutes	
Channel Availability Check Time	60 Seconds	
	10 seconds	
Channel Move Time	See Note 1.	
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 second period.	
	See Notes 1 and 2.	
	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99%	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.	

Note 1: *Channel Move Time* and the *Channel Closing Transmission Time* should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The *Channel Closing Transmission Time* is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the *Channel Move Time* plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a *Channel* move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the *U-NII Detection Bandwidth* detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

1.9. Radar Test Waveforms

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.



TypeWidth (µsec)(µsec)Percentage of Successful DetectionNumber of Trials01142818See Note 1See Note 111Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5aRoundup $\left(\frac{1}{360}\right)$. $\left(\frac{19\cdot10^6}{PRI_{\musec}}\right)$ 60%307Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 μ sec, with a minimum increment of 1 μ sec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A μ sec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A 0% 30 21-5150-23023-29 60% 30 21-5150-23023-29 60% 30 21-5150-23023-29 60% 30 36-10200-50016-18 60% 30 Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)80%120Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth	Radar	Pulse	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline 0 & 1 & 1428 & 18 & See Note 1 & See Note 1 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & Test A: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ from the list of 23 \\ PRI values in \\ Test B: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ within the range \\ of 518-3066 \\ \mu \ sec, with a \\ minimum \\ increment of 1 \\ \mu \ sec, \\ excluding \ PRI \\ values \\ selected in \\ Test A \\ \hline 2 & 1-5 & 150-230 & 23-29 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline 3 & 6-10 & 200-500 & 16-18 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) & 80\% & 120 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Type	Width	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline 0 & 1 & 1428 & 18 & See Note 1 & See Note 1 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & Test A: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ from the list of 23 \\ PRI values in \\ Table 5a \\ \hline Test B: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ within the range \\ of 518-3066 \\ \mu \ sec, with a \\ minimum \\ increment of 1 \\ \mu \ sec, \\ excluding \ PRI \\ values \\ selected in \\ \hline Test A \\ \hline 2 & 1-5 & 150-230 & 23-29 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline 3 & 6-10 & 200-500 & 16-18 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline 4 & 11-20 & 200-500 & 12-16 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) & 80\% & 120 \\ \hline \end{array} $		(µsec)			Successful	of				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline 1 & 1 & Test A: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ from the list of 23 \\ PRI values in \\ Table 5a \\ \hline Test B: 15 unique \\ PRI values \\ randomly selected \\ within the range \\ of 518-3066 \\ \mu \ sec, \ with a \\ minimum \\ increment of 1 \\ \mu \ sec, \\ excluding \ PRI \\ values \\ selected in \\ \hline Test A \\ \hline 2 & 1-5 & 150-230 \\ \hline 3 & 6-10 & 200-500 \\ \hline 4 & 11-20 & 200-500 \\ \hline Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) \\ \hline \end{array} $					Detection	Trials				
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$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline PRI \ values \\ randomly \ selected \\ from the list of 23 \\ PRI \ values \ in \\ Table 5a \\ \hline Test B: 15 \ unique \\ PRI \ values \\ randomly \ selected \\ within the range \\ of 518-3066 \\ \mu \ sec, \ with a \\ minimum \\ increment \ of 1 \\ \mu \ sec, \\ excluding \ PRI \\ values \\ selected \ in \\ \hline Test A \\ \hline \hline 2 \\ 2 \\ 1-5 \\ 150-230 \\ 3 \\ 6-10 \\ 200-500 \\ 12-16 \\ 60\% \\ 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$						1				
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$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c } & \mbox{randomly selected} & \mbox{within the range} & \mbox{of $518-3066} & \\ & \mbox{$\mu$ sec, with a} & \\ & \mbox{minimum} & \\ & \mbox{increment of 1} & \\ & \mbox{μ sec,} & \\ & \mbox{excluding PRI} & \\ & \mbox{$values$} & \\ & \mbox{$selected in$} & \\ & \mbox{$Test A$} & \\ \hline \hline & \mbox{2} & 1-5 & 150-230 & 23-29 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline & \mbox{3} & 6-10 & 200-500 & 16-18 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline & \mbox{4} & 11-20 & 200-500 & 12-16 & 60\% & 30 \\ \hline & \mbox{$Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)$} & & \mbox{$80\%$} & 120 \\ \hline \end{array}$										
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3 6-10 200-500 16-18 60% 30 4 11-20 200-500 12-16 60% 30 Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120			Test A							
4 11-20 200-500 12-16 60% 30 Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120	2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30				
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4) 80% 120	3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30				
	-			12-16	60%	30				
Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth	Aggregate (
	Note 1: Sho	ort Pulse Ra	adar Type 0 shoul	d be used for the d	letection band	lwidth				
test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.	test, cha	nnel move t	ime, and channel	closing time tests.						

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures v01 Page 10 generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.



(2) Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses Per Burst	Pulse Width (usec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (usec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the long pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the long pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Each waveform is defined as follows:

1) The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.

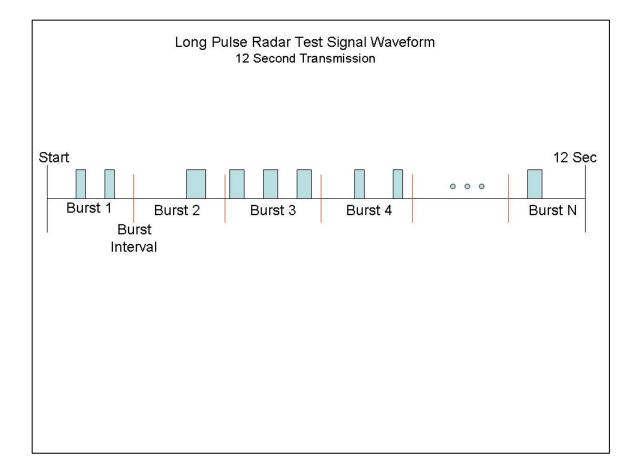
- 2) There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst_Count.
- 3) Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- 4) The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- 5) Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same chirp width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different chirp widths. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with radar frequency of 5310 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5300 MHz and ends at 5320 MHz.
- 6) If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.
- 7) The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst_Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst_Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst_Count) (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.

A representative example of a Long Pulse radar test waveform:

- 1) The total test signal length is 12 seconds.
- 2) 8 Bursts are randomly generated for the Burst_Count.
- 3) Burst 1 has 2 randomly generated pulses.
- 4) The pulse width (for both pulses) is randomly selected to be 75 microseconds.
- 5) The PRI is randomly selected to be at 1213 microseconds.
- 6) Bursts 2 through 8 are generated using steps 3 5.
- 7) Each Burst is contained in even intervals of 1,500,000 microseconds. The starting location for Pulse 1, Burst 1 is randomly generated (1 to 1,500,000 minus the total Burst 1 length + 1 random PRI interval) at the 325,001 microsecond step. Bursts 2 through 8 randomly fall in successive 1,500,000 microsecond intervals (i.e. Burst 2 falls in the 1,500,001 3,000,000 microsecond range).



Graphical Representation of a Long Pulse radar Test Waveform





<u> </u>	-) =1	topping maan tost organi						
	Radar	Pulse	PRI	Hopping	Pulses Per	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
	Waveform	Width	$(\mu \sec)$	Sequence	Нор	Rate (kHz)	Percentage	Trials
		(μsec)		Length			of	
				(msec)			Successful	
							Detection	
	6	1	333	300	9	0.333	70%	30

(3) Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same *Burst* parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected₁ from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

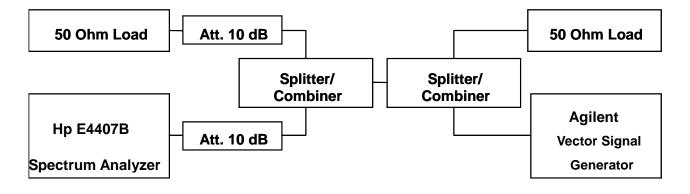
The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.

1.10. Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 500hm terminal from master and client device and no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3MHz and 3 MHz.

The signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -64dBm due to the interference threshold level is not required.

Conducted Calibration Setup





1.11. Radar Waveform Calibration Result

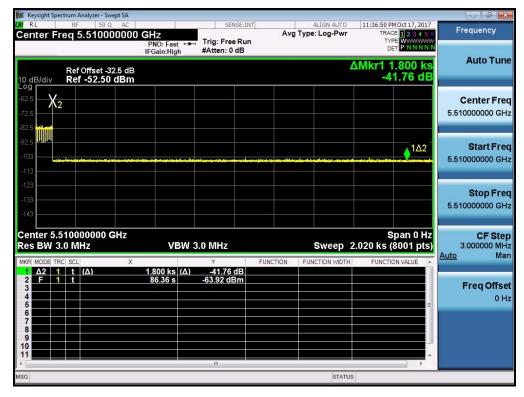
Ref Offset 32.5 dB Center Free 0 dB/div Ref -52.50 dBm -64.28 dBm 0 dB/div 1 - 0 dB/div 1 1 - 0 dB/div 1 1 1 - 0 dB/div 1 1 1 1 - 0 dB/div 1 1 1 1 1 - 0 dB/div 1 1 1 1 1 - - - - - - - - - - -	Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA				
PN0: Fast IFGain:High Ing: Video #Atten: 0 dB Mkr1 32.97 ms -64.28 dBm Auto Tune 0 dB/dlv Ref -52.50 dBm -64.28 dBm -64.28 dBm Center Free 5.51000000 GHz 22		GHz Trig De	elay-13.00 ms Avg Typ	e: Log-Pwr TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6	Frequency
Center Free Center Set Center Set Cente	Ref Offset -32.5 dB 10 dB/div Ref -52.50 dBm	PNO: Fast 🖵 Trig: V		Mkr1 32.97 ms	Auto Tune
Start Free S.51000000 GHz Center 5.510000000 GHz VBW 3.0 MHz VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 50.13 ms (8001 pts)	-62.5			TRIG LVL	Center Frec 5.510000000 GHz
103 103 104 1	-72.5				Start Free 5.510000000 GH:
	-103				 A second s
-143 -143 Center 5.510000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 50.13 ms (8001 pts)		did palificada talan data dapahitalaha ng mina palificana (mina dipanana) ng mina dapahitana (mina dipanana)	alalan yang sanahan sanahan yang sanahan yang sanahan yang sanahan yang sanahan yang sanahan yang sanahan yang Ang sanahan yang san Ang sanahan yang san	The second se	3.000000 MH
Center 5.510000000 GHz Span 0 Hz Res BW 3.0 MHz VBW 3.0 MHz Sweep 50.13 ms (8001 pts)	-133				
	Center 5.510000000 GHz			Span 0 Hz	
	Res BW 3.0 WHZ	VBW 3.0 MH2			

Radar Type 0 Calibration Plot (5510MHz)



1.12. Slave Data Traffic Plot Result

Plot of Slave Traffic at 5510MHz



2. In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

2.1. Test Procedure

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring;

Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time, and Non-Occupancy Period.. The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB (-63dBm) is generated on the Operating Channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Master Device will associate with the UUT (Client) at 5300 MHz and 5500MHz.

Stream the MPEG test file from the Client (TX) Device to the Master (RX) Device on the selected Channel for the entire period of the test.

At time To the Radar Waveform generator sends a Burst of pulses for each of the radar types at

-63dBm.

Observe the transmissions of the UUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the UUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing

Transmission Time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

Measure the UUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel close/move time to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this Channel.

2.2. Test Requirement

Parameter	Value
Channel Move Time	10 Seconds
Channel Closing Transmission	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60
Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 seconds period
Non-Occupancy Period	Minimum 30 minutes

2.3. Uncertainty

± 1ms.

2.4. Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period

Product	:	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL
Test Item	:	Channel Move Time Test
Radar Type	:	Type 0

Test Mode : Mode 1: Transmit

Channel Move Time for Radar Test Type 0 at 5510MHz

Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA						
RL RF 50 Ω AC Center Freq 5.510000000	GHz	SENSE:II	Avg	ALIGN AUTO Type: Log-Pwr	09:57:47 PM Oct 17, 2017 TRACE 1 2 3 4 5	Frequency
Ref Offset -32.5 dB 10 dB/div Ref -52.50 dBm	PNO: Fast ↔ IFGain:High	Trig: Free Ru #Atten: 0 dB	n	Δ	Mkr1 438.0 ms -25.87 dE	Auto Tune
Log -62.5 -72.5 -82.5						Center Freq 5.510000000 GHz
-92.5 -103 -113	an the definition to a second definition	ere te by de al de til e de are pla	and the second state of the second	e Della and Anna Alina David Star.		Start Freq 5.510000000 GHz
-123						Stop Freq 5.510000000 GHz
Center 5.510000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz	VBW 3	.0 MHz Y	FUNCTION	Sweep	Span 0 Hz 16.00 s (8001 pts)	CF Step 3.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man
1 Δ2 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t 3 3 4 4 5 6 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 1 1	438.0 ms (Δ) 1.048 s	-25.87 dB -64.11 dBm				Freq Offset 0 Hz
Alignment Completed		m		STATUS		

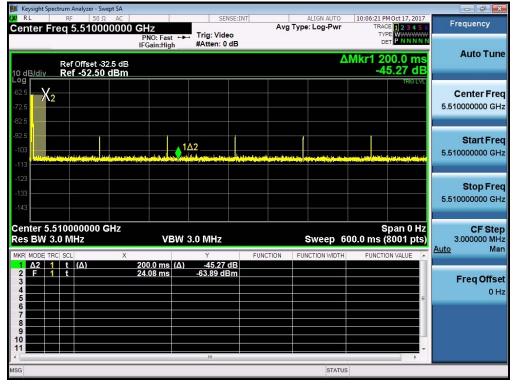
Test Item	Test Result (Sec)	Limit (Sec)	
Channel Move Time	0.438	10	

The results showed that after radar signal injected the channel move time was less than 10 seconds.



Product	:	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL
Test Item	:	Channel Closing Transmission Time Test
Radar Type	:	Type 0
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit

Channel Closing Transmission Time for Radar Test Type 0 at 5510 MHz



Test Item	Test Result (ms)	Limit (ms)
Channel Closing Transmission	0.525	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds
		over remaining 10 seconds period

*Note: The test result is "bin number X time per bin (600 ms / 8000)"

The results showed that after radar signal injected the channel transmission closing time less than 200 milliseconds and an aggregate of no more than 60 milliseconds.



Product	:	MOBILE DATA TERMINAL

Test Item	Non-Occupancy Period
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Radar Type : Type 0

Test Mode : Mode 1: Transmit

Non-Occupancy Period at 5510 MHz

🚺 Keysight Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA					
XX RL RF 50Ω AC		SENSE:INT	ALIGN A		Frequency
Center Freq 5.510000000	GHz PNO: Fast ↔→ IFGain:High	Trig: Free Run #Atten: 0 dB	Avg Type: Log-F	Pwr TRACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 Type WWWWWW DET PNNNN	
Ref Offset -32.5 dB 10 dB/div Ref -52.50 dBm				ΔMkr1 1.800 ks -41.76 dB	Auto Tune
-62.5 X2					Center Freq 5.510000000 GHz
-103 -113	leidhe an tha tha balancu balan	eti zanaz site da mene sadonator bi	nidensi ada vililari eda vila indesis.		Start Freq 5.510000000 GHz
-123 -133 -143					Stop Freq 5.510000000 GHz
Center 5.510000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz	VBW 3	.0 MHz	Swee	Span 0 Hz 2.020 ks (8001 pts)	CF Step 3.000000 MHz Auto Man
MKR MODE TRC ScL X 1 Δ2 1 t (Δ) 2 F 1 t 3 - - - 4 - - - 5 - - -	1.800 ks (Δ) 86.36 s	Y F -41.76 dB -63.92 dBm	UNCTION FUNCTION W	VIDTH FUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offset
6 7 8 9 9 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11				-	
MSG			S	TATUS	

Test Item	Test Result (Minutes)	Limit (Minutes)
Non-Occupancy Period	PASS	\geq 30

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.