

	TEST REPORT					
Report Reference No	MWR1403002805					
FCC ID:	2ABOSSKYTV					
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Date of issue	Mar 24, 2014					
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Testing Laboratory Name	The Testing and Technology Ce Products of Shenzhen Entry-Ex Quarantine Bureau					
Address	No.289, 8th Industry Road, Nansh	nanDistrict,Shenzhen,Guangdong				
Applicant's name	SKY PHONE LLC					
Address	1348 Washington Av. Suite 350					
Test specification:						
Standard	ANSI C95.1–1999					
	47CFR §2.1093					
TRF Originator	Maxwell International Co., Ltd.					
Master TRF	Dated 2011-05					
Maxwell International Co., Ltd. All rig	-					
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Test item description	SKY Pocket TV					
Trade Mark:	SKY					
Manufacturer	SKY PHONE LLC					
Model/Type reference	MC906					
Listed Models	M906xy(x:0-9,y:A-Z), PRO90600>	(y(x:0-9,y:A-Z)				
Operation Frequency	GSM 850MHz/PCS1900MHz/WiF	ï2450/BT				
Modulation Type	GSM(GMSK), Bluetooth(GFSK), DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK),OFI BPSK)	DM(64QAM,16QAM,QPSK,				
Hardware version	A19_V1.3					
Software version:	V1.3					
Rating	DC 3.70V					
Result	PASS					
L						



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TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :		MWR1403002805	Mar 24, 2014 Date of issue		
Equipment under Test	:	SKY Pocket TV			
Model /Type	:	MC906			
Listed Models	:	M906xy(x:0-9,y:A-Z), PRO90600xy(x:0-9,y:A-Z)			
Applicant	:	SKY PHONE LLC			
Address	:	1348 Washington Av. Su	iite 350		
Manufacturer	:	SKY PHONE LLC			
Address	:	1348 Washington Av. Su	ite 350		

Test Result:	PASS
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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8. EXTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT



1. <u>TEST STANDARDS</u>

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528TM-2003</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r02: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D03 Test Reduction GSM_GPRS_EDGE V01 : Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM/GPRS/EDGE



2. <u>SUMMARY</u>

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Mar 15, 2014
Testing commenced on	:	Mar 15, 2014
Testing concluded on	••	Mar 17, 2014

2.2. Product Description

The **SKY PHONE LLC**'s Model: MC906 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	SKY Pocket TV
Model Number	MC906/M906xy(x:0-9,y:A-Z), PRO90600xy(x:0-9,y:A-Z),
FCC ID	2ABOSSKYTV
Modilation Type	GMSK for GSM/GPRS
Antenna Type	External
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	Supported GPRS
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)
GSM Operation Frequency Band	GSM 850MHz/ PCS 1900MHz
GSM Release Version	R99
Hotspot function	Not Support
GPRS operation mode	Class B
GPRS Multislot Class	12
EGPRS Multislot Class	Not Supported

2.3. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for MC906 are follows:

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Technolohy Band Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	
Head	GSM850	0.511	PCE
(Separation Distance 0mm)	PCS1900	0.415	FCE
(Separation Distance on in)	WiFi2450	0.236	DTS
Reductions	GSM850	0.798	PCE
Body-worn (Separation Distance 10mm)	PCS1900	0.724	FCE
	WiFi2450	0.436	DTS

The SAR values found for the SKY Pocket TV are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue accordintg to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this devices has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10mm between this devices and the body of the user. User of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain iniform power output.



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GSM & BT

(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	location Separation Ratio	Measurement Required?
0.511	0.415	0.118	0.629	0.629<1.6	No
0.505	0.411	0.118	0.623	0.623<1.6	No
0.487	0.402	0.118	0.605	0.605<1.6	No
0.491	0.400	0.118	0.609	0.609<1.6	No
0.693	0.676	0.059	0.752	0.752<1.6	No
0.798	0.724	0.059	0.857	0.857<1.6	No
	0.505 0.487 0.491 0.693	0.511 0.415 0.505 0.411 0.487 0.402 0.491 0.400 0.693 0.676	(W/Kg) (W/Kg) (W/Kg) 0.511 0.415 0.118 0.505 0.411 0.118 0.487 0.402 0.118 0.491 0.400 0.118 0.693 0.676 0.059	(W/Kg) (W/Kg) (W/Kg) 0.511 0.415 0.118 0.629 0.505 0.411 0.118 0.623 0.487 0.402 0.118 0.605 0.491 0.400 0.118 0.609 0.693 0.676 0.059 0.752	(W/Kg) (W/Kg) (W/Kg) Ratio 0.511 0.415 0.118 0.629 0.629<1.6

GSM & WiFi

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to-peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.511	0.415	0.236	0.747	0.747<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.505	0.411	0.232	0.737	0.737<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.487	0.402	0.218	0.705	0.705<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.491	0.400	0.224	0.715	0.715<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.693	0.676	0.384	1.077	1.077<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.798	0.724	0.436	1.234	1.189<1.6	No

BT & WiFi

Test Position	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to-peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.236	0.118	0.354	0.354<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.232	0.118	0.350	0.350<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.218	0.118	0.336	0.336<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.224	0.118	0.342	0.342<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.384	0.059	0.443	0.443<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.436	0.059	0.495	0.495<1.6	No

GSM & WiFi & BT

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to- peak-location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.511	0.415	0.236	0.118	0.865	0.865<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.505	0.411	0.232	0.118	0.855	0.855<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.487	0.402	0.218	0.118	0.823	0.823<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.491	0.400	0.224	0.118	0.833	0.833<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.693	0.676	0.384	0.059	1.136	1.136<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.798	0.724	0.436	0.059	1.293	1.293<1.6	No

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ΣSAR_{1g}

Accordint to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is 0.865W/Kg for Head and 1.293W/Kg for Body.

2.4. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	115V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank bel	ow)

DC 3.70 V



2.5. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

SKY Pocket TV (Model: MC906).

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain maximum power output.

2.6. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

- - supplied by the manufacturer
- \bigcirc supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
		Shield :	/
		Detachable :	/
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/

2.7. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Battery
AE2	Charger

AE1

AE2:

Model: MC906 Manufacturer: SKY PHONE LLC

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

2.8. Note

1. The EUT is a Sky Pocket TV with GSM/GPRS,WiFi and Bluetooth fuction,The functions of the EUT listed as below:

	Test Standards	Reference Report
GSM/GPRS	FCC Part 22/FCC Part 24	MWR1403002801
Bluetooth	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	MWR1403002802
WiFi	FCC Part 15 C 15.247	MWR1403002803
USB Port	FCC Part 15 B	MWR1403002804
SAR	FCC Part 2 §2.1093	MWR1403002805

Model: MC906 Manufacturer: SKY PHONE LLC Capacitance:800mAh Nominal Voltage:3.70V



3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

The Testing and Technology Center for Industrial Products of Shenzhen Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau

No.289, 8th Industry Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2009) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L2872

The Testing and Technology Center for Industrial Products of Shenzhen Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: May 16, 2011. Valid time is until May 15, 2014. Environmental conditions

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

18-25 ° C	
40-65 %	
950-1050mbar	

3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



Toot Equipmont	Manufacturar		Serial Number	Calibration	
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Senai Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/11/25	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV4	3842	2013/06/06	1
System Validation Dipole D835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2013/12/13	1
System Validation Dipole 1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2013/12/12	1
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2013/12/11	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2014/03/18	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2013/10/26	1
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2013/10/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2013/10/26	1
Signal generator	IFR	2032	203002/100	2013/10/26	1
Amplifier	AR	75A250	302205	2013/10/26	1

3.5. Equipments Used during the Test



4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

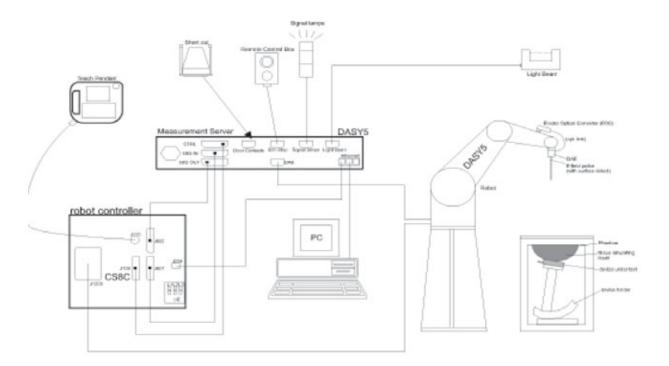
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.





4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

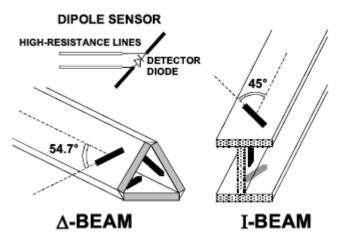
Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



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SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.



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The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:



- Conversion factor	ConvFi
 Diode compression point 	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With	Vi = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Ui = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcpi = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

		E – fieldprobes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvI}}$	\overline{F}
		H – fieldprobes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}}{f}$	$h_{i2}f^2$
With	Vi	= compensated signal of channel i $(i = x, y, z)$	
	Normi	= sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes	
	ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
	aij	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes	
	f	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
	Ei	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
	Hi	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sigma \cdot 1'00}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94



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835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Head and Body tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric pa	aramenters
Frequency	Description	٤ _r	σ
	Target Value ±5%	41.5	0.90
835MHz(Head)		(39.4~43.6)	(0.86~0.95)
	Measurement Value 2014-03-15	42.56	0.91
	Torget Value 15%	56.1	0.97
835MHz(Body)	Target Value ±5%	(53.30~58.91)	(0.90~1.00)
00010112(D00y)	Measurement Value 2014-03-15	55.37	0.95
	Target Value ±5%	40.0	1.40
1900MHz(Head)		(38.0~42.0)	(1.33~1.47)
1900milz(rieau)	Measurement Value 2014-03-16	40.20	1.44
	T = = = + 1 / = 1 = = = F 0 /	54.00	1.45
1000MH-7(Rody)	Target Value ±5%	(51.30~56.70)	(1.38~1.52)
1900MHz(Body)	Measurement Value 2014-03-16	54.09	1.42
	Torget Value 15%	39.2	1.80
2450MHz(Head)	Target Value ±5%	(37.24~41.16)	(1.71~1.89)
243010112(11eau)	Measurement Value 2014-03-17	39.90	1.77
		52.70	1.95
2450MHz(Body)	Target Value ±5%	(50.07~55.33)	(1.86~2.04)
	Measurement Value 2014-03-17	53.64	1.92

4.9. System Check

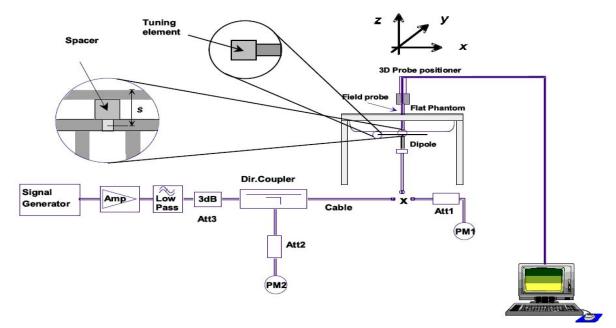
The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



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The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

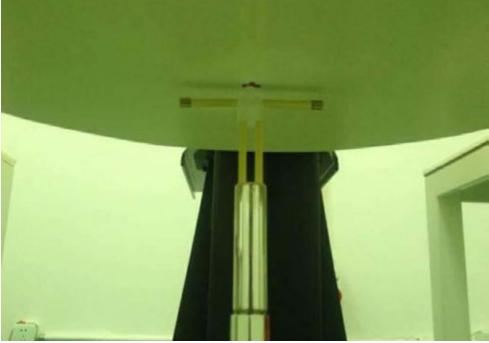


Photo of Dipole Setup

System Validation of Head

Cycloni Vandadon of field								
Measuremen	Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ and relative humidity 55%.							
Liquid tempe	rature during t	he test: 22.0°C						
Measuremer	t Date: 835MH	Hz Mar 15 th , 20	014;1900MHz	Mar 16 th ;2014	, 2450MHz Ma	ar 17 th ;2014		
	Frequency	0	t value /kg)	Measured value (W/kg)		Devi	Deviation	
Verification	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
results	835	1.55	2.38	1.59	2.48	2.58%	4.20%	
	1900	5.08	9.71	5.11	9.79	0.59%	0.82%	
	2450	6.05	13.00	6.33	13.52	4.63%	4.00%	



Measuremer	nt is made at te	mperature 22	.0 ℃ and relat	ive humidity 5	5%.			
Liquid tempe	rature during t	he test: 22.0°C	2					
Measuremer	nt Date: 835MH	Hz Mar 15 th , 20	014;1900MHz	Mar 16 th ;2014	, 2450MHz Ma	ar 17 th ;2014		
	Frequency		Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
Verification	(MHz)	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	
results	835	1.54	2.32	1.58	2.38	2.60%	2.59%	
1900	5.26	9.98	5.38	10.10	2.28%	1.20%		
	2450	5.98	12.90	5.75	12.86	-3.85%	-0.31%	

System Validation of Body

4.10. SAR measurement procedure

4.10.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

a). all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom;

b). all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and

c). all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

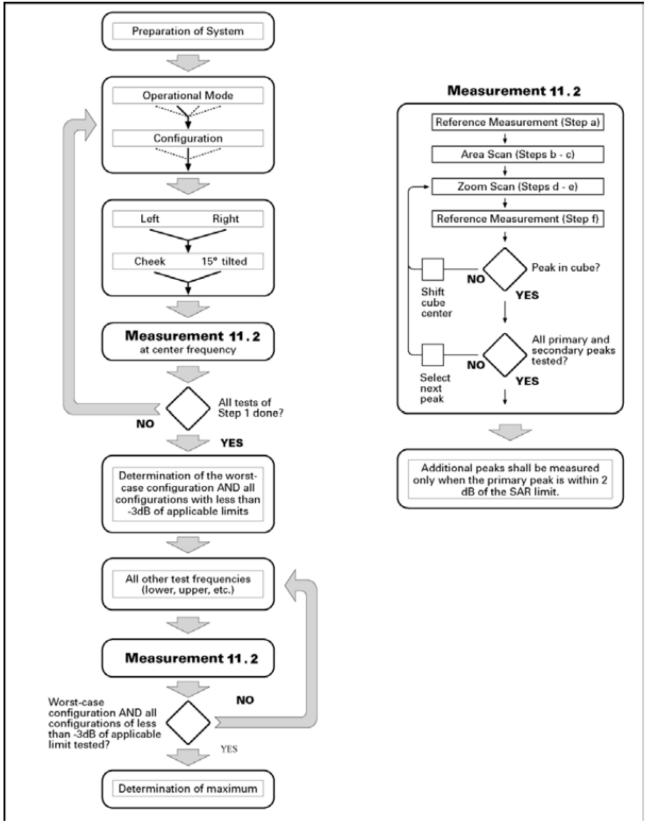
If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

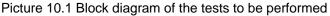
Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.









4.10.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing



algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)\pm0.5~mm$
Maximum probe angle i normal at the measurem		axis to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \text{GHz:} \leq 12 \; \text{mm} \\ 4-6 \; \text{GHz:} \leq 10 \; \text{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan sj	patial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^{\circ}$	$3-4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm $4-6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		\leq 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 4 \ \text{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \text{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \text{mm} \end{array}$
	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1^{st} two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid $\Delta z_{Z_{COM}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		<u>></u> 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

4.10.3 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

4.10.4 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test



position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.10.4 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

4.10.4.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

4.10.4.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

Test Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)				
GSM850	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)		
GSIVIOSU	32.47	32.33	32.61		
	Channel	Channel	Channel		
GSM1900	810(1909.8MHz)	661(1880MHz)	512(1850.2MHz)		
	29.32	29.29	29.38		

Test Mode		ured Power (Averaged Power (dBm)		
GSM850		Test Channe					
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128	(dB)	251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.41	32.24	32.59	-9.03	23.38	23.21	23.56
2 Txslot	30.56	30.42	30.68	-6.02	24.54	24.40	24.66
3 Txslot	28.39	28.14	28.52	-4.26	24.13	23.88	24.26
4 Txslot	27.88	27.76	27.97	-3.01	24.87	24.75	24.96
Test Mode	Meas	ured Power (dBm)		Averaged Power (dBm)		
	Test Channel			Test Channel			
GSM1900		Test Channe		Calculation		Test Channel	
GSM1900 GPRS (GMSK)	810	Test Channe 661	512	(dB)	810	661	512
GPRS					810 20.25		
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512	(dB)		661	512
GPRS (GMSK) 1 Txslot	810 29.28	661 29.25	512 29.37	(dB) -9.03	20.25	661 20.22	512 20.34

The conducted power measurement results for GPRS

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 4Txslots for GPRS850 and GPRS1900.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

WLAN						
Mode	Channel Frequenc		Worst case Data rate of	Conducted Output Power (dBm)		
		(MHz)	worst case	Peak	Average	
	1	2412	1Mbps	15.33	12.12	
802.11b	6	2437	1Mbps	16.59	13.25	
	11	2462	1Mbps	14.62	11.83	
	1	2412	6Mbps	15.43	11.20	
802.11g	6	2437	6Mbps	16.19	11.33	
	11	2462	6Mbps	14.72	10.56	
	1	2412	6.5 Mbps	15.19	9.97	
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	6.5 Mbps	15.97	10.19	
	11	2462	6.5 Mbps	14.58	9.58	

Note: SAR is not required for 802.11b/g/n channels if the output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, and for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these



configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. According to the above conducted power, the EUT should not be tested for "802.11b/g/n".

Bluetooth					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)		
	00	2402	3.87		
GFSK	39	2441	3.99		
	78	2480	3.44		

Manufacturing tolerance

	GSM Speech						
	GSM 850 (Peak)						
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 190				
Target (dBm)	32.00	32.00	32.00				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				
	GSM 19	00 (Peak)					
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512				
Target (dBm)	29.00	29.00	29.00				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				

	GI	PRS (GMSK Modulatio	on)			
		GSM 850 GPRS (Peak	x)			
CI	Channel 251 190 128					
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
1 1 2 2 101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0		
2 1 2 5101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0		
5 1 2 5101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0		
4 1 2 2 101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
	G	SSM 1900 GPRS (Peal	k)			
CI	nannel	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0		
I I XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5		
2 1 2 5101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5		
3 1 2 2 10	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.5	24.5	24.5		
4 I XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		

	И	'LAN					
	802.11b (Average)						
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11				
Target (dBm)	12.5	12.5	12.5				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				
	802.11g	(Average)					
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11				
Target (dBm)	10.5	10.5	10.5				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				
	802.11n(20MHz) (Average)						
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11				
Target (dBm)	10.0	10.0	10.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				



Bluetooth

GFSK (Peak)					
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 39	Channel 78		
Target (dBm)	3.5	3.5	3.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		

5.2. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

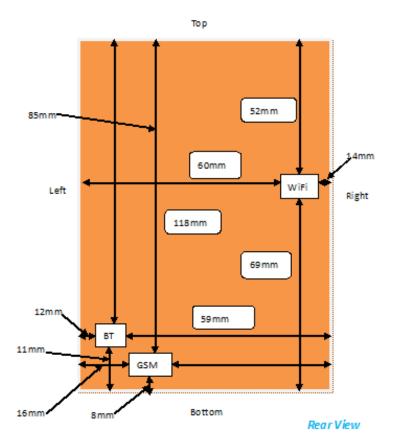
5.2.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the BT and WiFi modules sharing difference antenna, and GSM module sharing a single antenna, So we can get following combination that can transmit signal simultaneously.

GSM and BT GSM and WiFi WiFi and BT GSM,WiFi and BT

5.2.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



5.2.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\checkmark f(GHz)] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison



7.5

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	and control (marry)
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

Table 5.2.3.1 Standalone	e SAR test exclusion consideration	ns
--------------------------	------------------------------------	----

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion	RF outpu	SAR test		
Balld/Wode	F(GHZ)	threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	exclusion	
Bluetooth	2.440	19	4.50	2.82	Yes	
WiFi	2.450	19	13.50	22.39	No	

5.2.3 Estimated SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{(\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}$$

(min.test separation distance,mm)

Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$Ratio = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})} < 0.04$$

For Bluetooth, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((2.8184mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.118W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((2.8184mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.059W/Kg

5.2.5 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

GSM & BT

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to-peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.511	0.415	0.118	0.629	0.629<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.505	0.411	0.118	0.623	0.623<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.487	0.402	0.118	0.605	0.605<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.491	0.400	0.118	0.609	0.609<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.693	0.676	0.059	0.752	0.752<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.798	0.724	0.059	0.857	0.857<1.6	No



GSM & WiFi

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to-peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.511	0.415	0.236	0.747	0.747<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.505	0.411	0.232	0.737	0.737<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.487	0.402	0.218	0.705	0.705<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.491	0.400	0.224	0.715	0.715<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.693	0.676	0.384	1.077	1.077<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.798	0.724	0.436	1.234	1.189<1.6	No

BT & WiFi

Test Position	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to-peak- location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.236	0.118	0.354	0.354<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.232	0.118	0.350	0.350<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.218	0.118	0.336	0.336<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.224	0.118	0.342	0.342<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.384	0.059	0.443	0.443<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.436	0.059	0.495	0.495<1.6	No

GSM & WiFi & BT

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WiFi Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR –to- peak-location Separation Ratio	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Hand Touch	0.511	0.415	0.236	0.118	0.865	0.865<1.6	No
Left Hand Title	0.505	0.411	0.232	0.118	0.855	0.855<1.6	No
Right Hand Touch	0.487	0.402	0.218	0.118	0.823	0.823<1.6	No
Right Hand Title	0.491	0.400	0.224	0.118	0.833	0.833<1.6	No
Body-Front Side	0.693	0.676	0.384	0.059	1.136	1.136<1.6	No
Body-Rear Side	0.798	0.724	0.436	0.059	1.293	1.293<1.6	No

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ΣSAR_{1q}

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

The product with 2 SIMs and 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) can not used Simultaneous, we tested 2 SIMs(SIM1 and SIM2) and recorded worst case at SIM 1

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

- The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula: Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10} Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift) Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle									
Test Mode	Duty Cycle								
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3								
GPRS850/1900	1:2								
WiFi2450	1:1								



SAR Values (GSM850-Head)

	Test Freq.	req. Side Te		Maximum Allowed	Conducted	Conducted Measurement Power SAR over		Scaling	Reported SAR	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	Side	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	over 1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
190	836.60	Left	Touch	33.00	32.33	0.437	-0.03	1.17	0.511	1.60	1
190	836.60	Left	Tilt	33.00	32.33	0.432	-0.15	1.17	0.505	1.60	
190	836.60	Right	Touch	33.00	32.33	0.416	-0.04	1.17	0.487	1.60	
190	836.60	Right	Tilt	33.00	32.33	0.420	-0.09	1.17	0.491	1.60	

Note: 1.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 $\leq 0.6W/Kg$ and $100MHz \leq$ transmission band $\leq 200MHz$;

SAR Values (GSM850-Body)

Test Freq.		Mode (number of	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	timeslots)	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	over 1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
190	836.60	GPRS (4)	Front	28.00	27.76	0.654	-0.06	1.06	0.693	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (4)	Rear	28.00	27.76	0.753	-0.10	1.06	0.798	1.60	2
190	836.60	Speech	Rear with Headset	33.00	32.33	0.672	-0.01	1.17	0.786	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2. According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

 \leq 0.8W/Kg and transmission band \leq 100MHz;

<0.6W/Kg and 100MHz < transmission band <200MHz;

≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (GSM1900-Head)

	Test Freq.	Side	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR over	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	5100	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	over 1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
661	1880.0	Left	Touch	30.00	29.29	0.352	-0.07	1.18	0.415	1.60	3
661	1880.0	Left	Tilt	30.00	29.29	0.348	-0.06	1.18	0.411	1.60	
661	1880.0	Right	Touch	30.00	29.29	0.341	-0.07	1.18	0.402	1.60	
661	1880.0	Right	Tilt	30.00	29.29	0.339	-0.13	1.18	0.400	1.60	

Note: 1.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;

≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤ transmission band ≤200MHz;

SAR Values (GSM1900-Body)

	Test Freq. (n		Test			Measurement SAR	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Position	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	over 1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
661	1880.0	GPRS (4)	Front	25.50	24.87	0.583	-0.12	1.16	0.676	1.60	
661	1880.0	GPRS (4)	Rear	25.50	24.87	0.624	-0.04	1.16	0.724	1.60	4
661	1880.0	Speech	Rear with Headset	30.00	29.29	0.607	-0.02	1.18	0.716	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2. According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;

≤0.6W/Kg and 100MHz ≤ transmission band ≤200MHz;

≤ 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz



SAR Values (WiFi2450-Head)

Test Fr	equency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement		r Scaling Factor	Reported SAR over1g (W/kg)	SAR limit 1g (W/kg)	Ref. Plot #
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift				
6	2437	Left	Touch	13.50	13.25	0.223	-0.14	1.06	0.236	1.60	5
6	2437	Left	Tilt	13.50	13.25	0.219	-0.10	1.06	0.232	1.60	
6	2437	Right	Touch	13.50	13.25	0.206	-0.06	1.06	0.218	1.60	
6	2437	Right	Tilt	13.50	13.25	0.211	-0.13	1.06	0.224	1.60	

Note: 1.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 $\leq 0.6W/Kg$ and $100MHz \leq$ transmission band $\leq 200MHz$;

2.Accoding to KDB 248227, Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

SAR Values (WiFi2450-Body)

Test F	requency		Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Measurement SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift		Reported	SAR limit	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Test Position					Scaling Factor	SAR over1g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	Plot #
6	2437	Front	13.50	13.25	0.362	-0.06	1.06	0.384	1.60	
6	2437	Rear	13.50	13.25	0.411	-0.01	1.06	0.436	1.60	6

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

 According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.
 ≤0.8W/Kg and transmission band ≤100MHz;

 $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100WHz$; $\leq 0.6W/Kg$ and $100MHz \leq transmission band <math>\leq 200MHz$;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

3. Accoding to KDB 248227, Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

5.4. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measuremen	Measurement System									
1	Probe calibration	В	5.50%	Ν	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	8
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞

5.5. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)



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Report No.: MWR1403002805

	Linearity									
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
7	RF ambient conditions- noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Sample										
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	А	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
Phantom and	d Set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	8
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	8
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u}$	2/i	/	/	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	8
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$		/	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	8



5.6. System Check Results

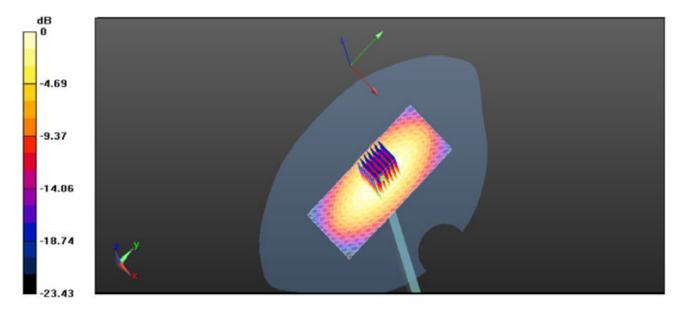
System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134
Date/Time: 03/15/2014 AM
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; ϵ_r = 42.56; ρ = 1000 kg/m ³
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)
Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.62 mW/g
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



0 dB = 2.59 mW/g = 8.27 dB mW/g



System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 03/15/2014 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.37; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

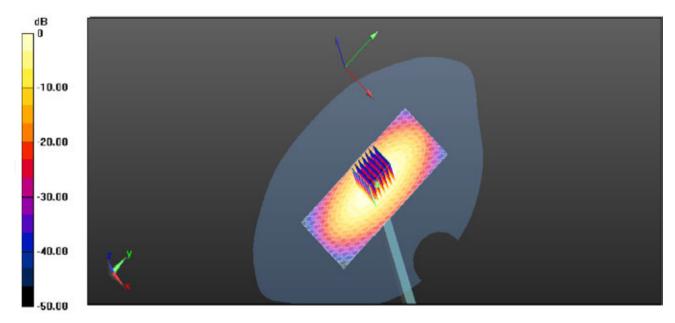
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.379 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.573 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g = 8.23 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW



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System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 03/16/2014 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.44 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.20; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.8 W/kg

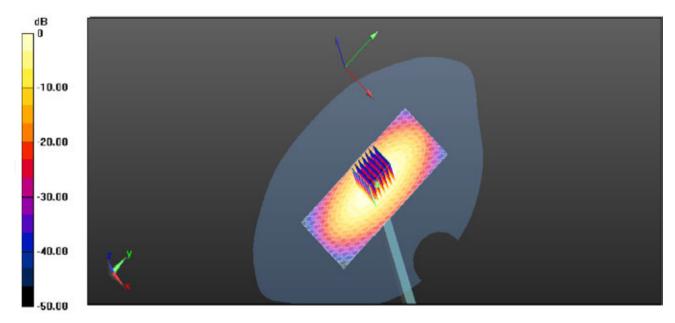
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.837 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 11.0 mW/g = 20.83 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 250mW



System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Date/Time: 03/16/2013 PM Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.42 S/m; ϵ_r =54.09; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.5 mW/g

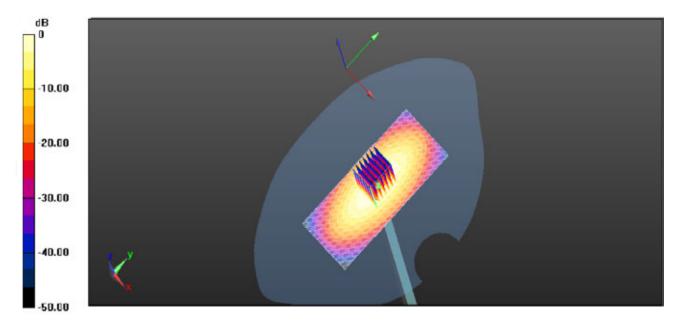
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.704 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.695 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5 mW/g = 21.21 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 250mW



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System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 03/17/2014 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.77 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.90; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.1 mW/g

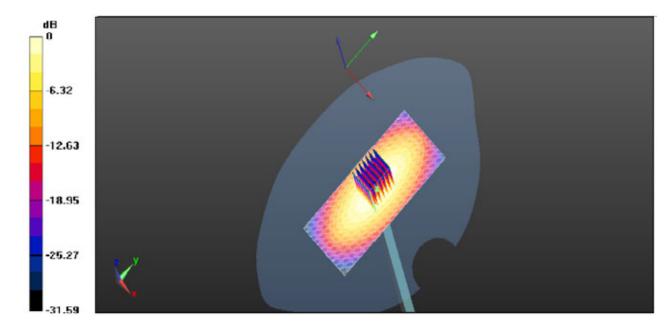
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.027 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.23 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 13.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 mW/g



0 dB = 14.9 mW/g = 23.46 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head 250mW



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System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 03/17/2014 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(6.93, 6.93, 6.93); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.36 mW/g

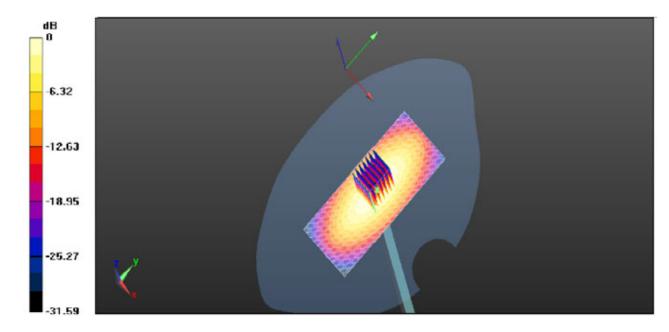
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.365 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.54 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.12 mW/g



0 dB = 16.12 mW/g = 24.15 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 250mW



5.7. SAR Test Graph Results

GSM850 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.2 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.90; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Flat Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.412 W/kg

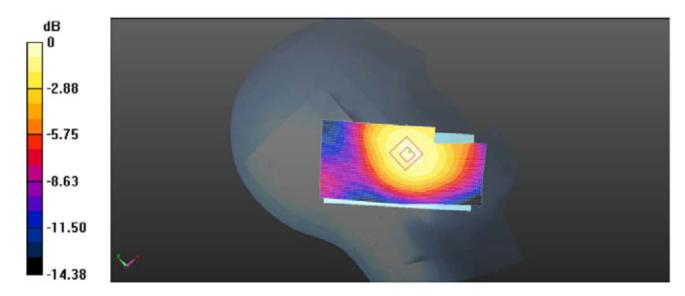
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.325 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/Kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/Kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/Kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg

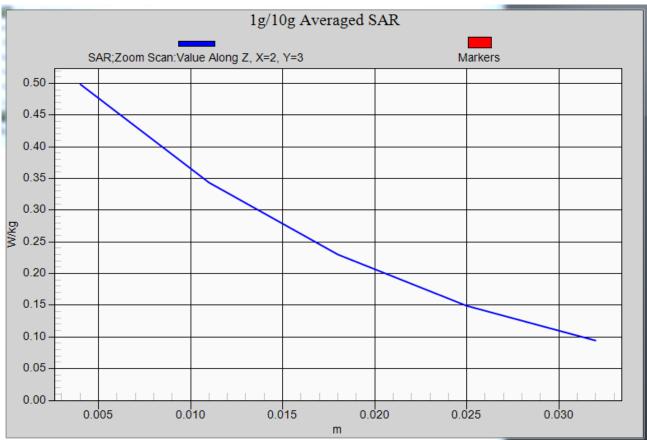


⁰dB = 0.412 W/kg = -3.85 dBW/kg

Plot 1:Left Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)



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Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)



GSM850 GPRS 4TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.50; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.646 W/kg

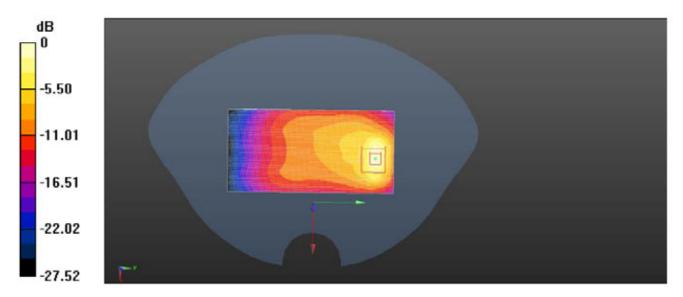
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

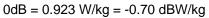
Reference Value = 13.523 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/Kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.753 W/Kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/Kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.826 W/kg

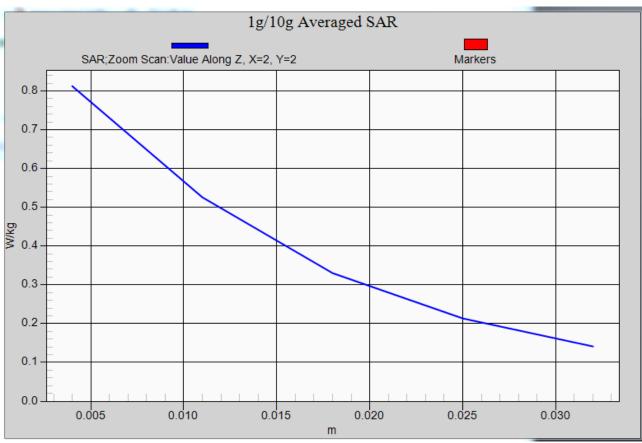




Plot 2: Body Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)



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Z-Scan at power reference point- Body Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)



GSM1900 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ =1.44 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.50; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Flat Section

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.398 W/kg

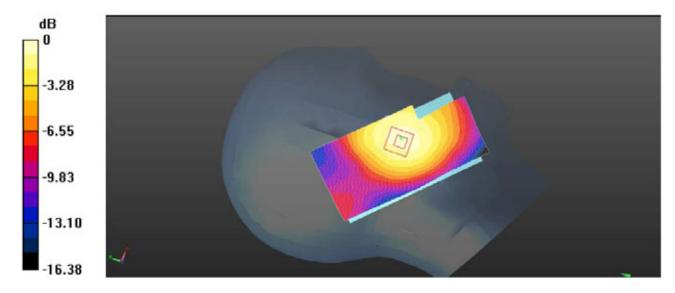
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.862 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

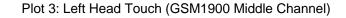
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.515 W/Kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 W/Kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/Kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.496 W/kg

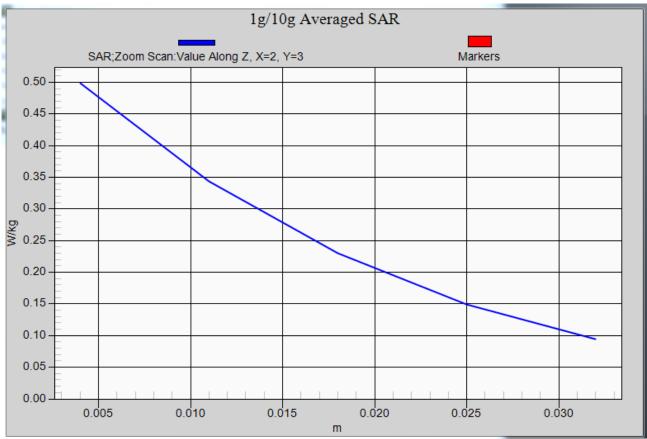


⁰dB = 0.387 W/kg = -4.19 dBW/kg





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Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (GSM1900 Middle Channel)



GSM1900 GPRS 4TS Body Rear Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.44 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.826 W/kg

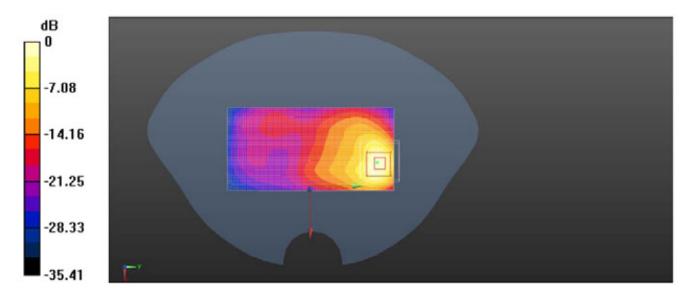
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.841 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/Kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.624 W/Kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/Kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 W/kg

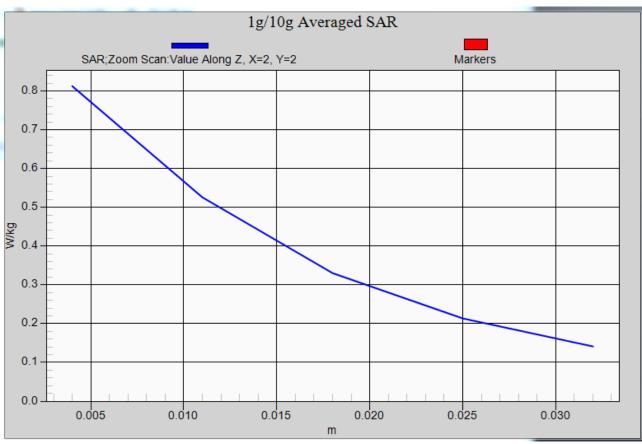


0dB = 0.692 W/kg = -3.20 dBW/kg





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Z-Scan at power reference point- Body Rear Side (GSM1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)



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Left Head Touch (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; σ = 1.81 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.99; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Head Section:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 W/kg

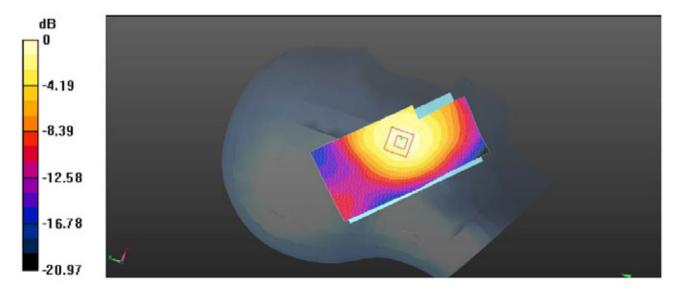
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.315 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.468 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.223 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 W/kg



0dB = 0.463 W/kg = -5.26 dBW/kg

Plot 5: Left Head Touch (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))



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Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))



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Body- worn Rear Side (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437.0 MHz; σ = 1.93 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.65; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(6.93, 6.93, 6.93); Calibrated: 06/06/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 11/25/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

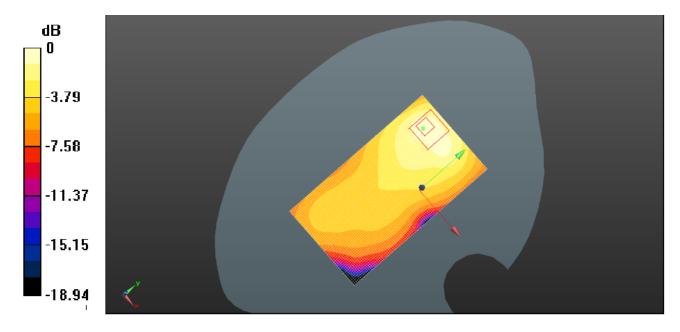
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.348 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.568 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 W/kg

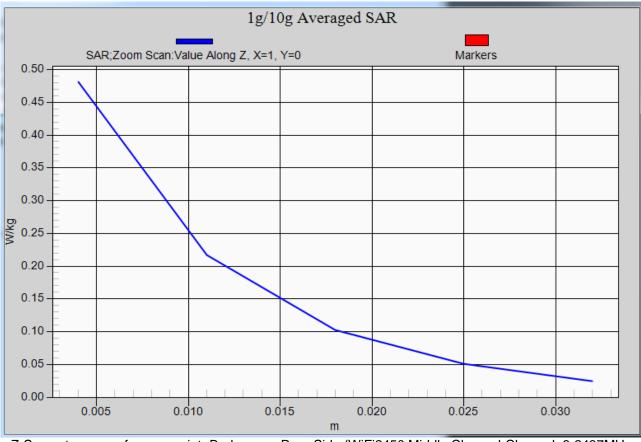


0dB = 0.457 W/kg = -3.86 dBW/kg

Plot 6: Body- worn Rear Side (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))



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Z-Scan at power reference point- Body- worn Rear Side (WiFi2450 Middle Channel-Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps))



6. Calibration Certificate

6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate Calibration Laboratory of SWISS Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst s Schmid & Partner Service suisse d'étalonnage С ac-MR Servizio svizzero di taratura Engineering AG S Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Swiss Calibration Service BRD Accreditation No.: SCS 108 Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Certificate No: EX3-3842 Jun13 CIQ-SZ (Auden) Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE EX3DV4 - SN:3842 Object QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes June 6, 2013 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI) The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Certificate No.) Primary Standards ID 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Apr-14 GB41293874 Power meter E4419B 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Apr-14 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) Apr-14 SN: S5054 (3c) Reference 3 dB Attenuator 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) Apr-14 SN: S5277 (20x) Reference 20 dB Attenuator Apr-14 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) Dec-13 SN: 3013 Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 SN: 660 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Jan-14 Scheduled Check ID. Check Date (in house) Secondary Standards In house check: Apr-15 RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) In house check: Oct-13 Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) US37390585 Signature Function Name Laboratory Technician Jeton Kastrati Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Approved by: Issued: June 6, 2013 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





С

s

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid
sensitivity in free space
sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
diode compression point
crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
modulation dependent linearization parameters
φ rotation around probe axis
ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



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EX3DV4 - SN:3842

June 6, 2013

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3842

Manufactured:October 25, 2011Repaired:June 3, 2013Calibrated:June 6, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4-SN:3842

June 6, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.35	0.52	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.7	100.4	100.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc ^E
			dB	dBõV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	132.3	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		162.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.15	1.10	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.91	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.28	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.32	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.50	0.77	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.71	0.63	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.34	10.34	10.34	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.98	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.42	0.84	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.16	9.16	9.16	0.47	0.79	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.50	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.29	1.07	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.93	6.93	6.93	0.80	0.59	± 12.0 %

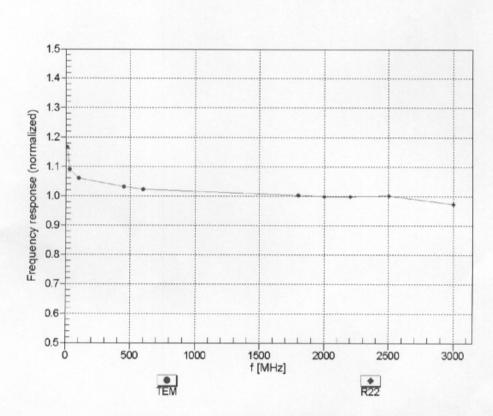
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



EX3DV4-SN:3842

June 6, 2013



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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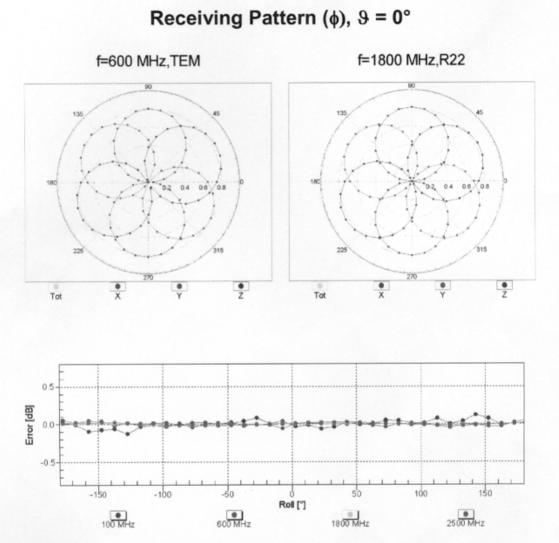


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Report No.: MWR1403002805

EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2013



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

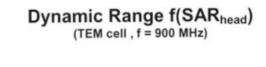
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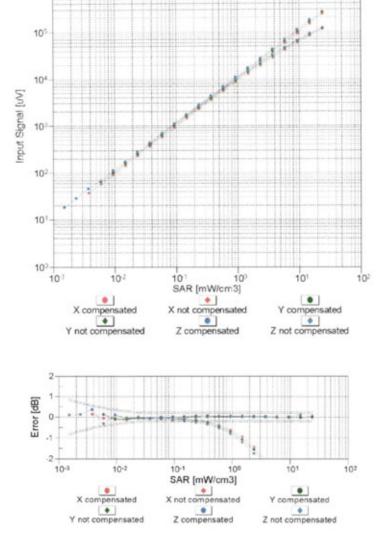


ES3DV3- SN:3292

10

February 24, 2013





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ES3-3292_Feb13

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June 6, 2013 EX3DV4-SN:3842 **Conversion Factor Assessment** f = 1810 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF) f = 900 MHz, WGLS R9 (H_convF) 30 4.0 3.6 28 3.0 20 MR 2.0 SAR (WROWN) SAR IVVI 15 2.0 1.5 1.0 0 0.0 10 15 20 z [mm] z jmm] analytica ٠ e | analytical masared **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid** Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz 1.0 0.8 0.6 Deviation 0.0 -0.2 -0.2 0.4 -0.4 -0.6 -0.8 -1.0 0 45 90 135 +Ideg] 180 225 60 50 40 270 30 A [ged] 20 315 10 0 -1.0 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-117.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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6.2. D835V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

	CALIBRATIO	D. 11- 100101 01-	ac-MRA	CAVAD
Add: No.52 Huayua Tel: +86-10-623046 E-mail: Info@emcit		62304633-2504	The Andrew C	校准 NAS L04
Client CIQ SZ	(Auden)	Certificate No	: J13-2-3049	
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		医动物	i Stan
Dbject	D835V2 -	SN: 4d134		
Calibration Procedure(s) TMC-OS-I	E-02-194		
	Calibration	n procedure for dipole valid	ation kits	
Calibration date:	December	r 13, 2013		
units of measurements		ceability to national standants and the uncertainties vertificate.		
units of measurements given on the following p All calibrations have b and humidity<70%.	s(SI). The measuremer pages and are part of the	nts and the uncertainties v e certificate. losed laboratory facility: er	vith confidence pr	obability a
units of measurements given on the following p All calibrations have b and humidity<70%.	s(SI). The measuremen pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o	nts and the uncertainties v e certificate. losed laboratory facility: er	vith confidence pro	obability ar ature(22±3)'
units of measurements given on the following p All calibrations have b and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD	s(SI). The measuremen pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083	nts and the uncertainties v e certificate. losed laboratory facility: en calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate N 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ1	vith confidence province provi	obability ar ature(22±3) d Calibratio Sep-14
units of measurements given on the following p All calibrations have b and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-3	s(SI). The measuremen pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 25 100595	nts and the uncertainties v e certificate. losed laboratory facility: er calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate N 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ1 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ	vith confidence province provi	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep -14
units of measurements given on the following p All calibrations have b and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV- Reference Probe ES3	s(SI). The measuremen pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for of ID # Cal Date 102083 Z5 100595 DV3 SN 3149	ts and the uncertainties v e certificate. losed laboratory facility: en calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate N 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ1 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ2 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.E	vith confidence provironment tempera No.) Schedule 3-443) 13-443) S3-3149_Sep13)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14
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Certificate No: J13-2-3049



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms
 oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

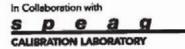
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.7 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C	-	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.66 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.3 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.36 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Ω + 3.14jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.1dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω + 2.90jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.241 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data



Report No.: MWR1403002805



Date: 12.11.2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.884 mho/m; εr = 41.65; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

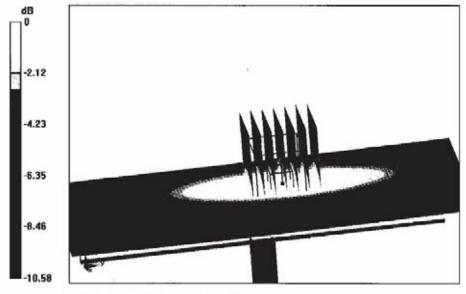
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(6.21,6.21,6.21); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
- Phantom: SAM 1186;Type: QD000P40CC;
- Measurement SW: DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 48.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

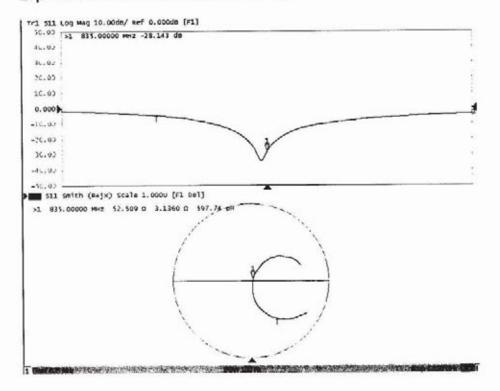
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.13.2013

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

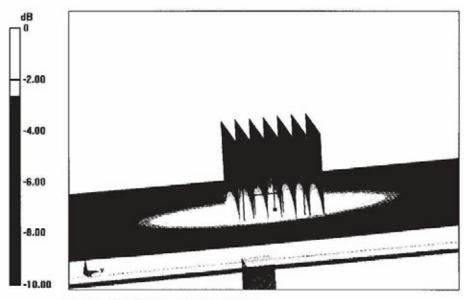
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.965 mho/m; ϵ r = 56.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(5.98,5.98,5.98) ; Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) ٠
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013 .
- Phantom: SAM 1186;Type: QD000P40CC;
- Measurement SW: DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 . (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.271 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



0 dB = 2.69 W/kg = 4.30 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

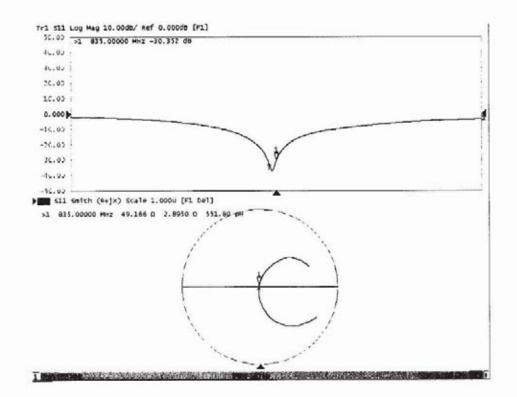
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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6.3. D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

Certificate No: J13-2-3052 TE 0V2 - SN: 5d150 -OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits ember 12, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physical ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are of the certificate.
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5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) Sep-14 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) Feb-14
22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) Feb -14
22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) Feb -14 393 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) Nov-14
22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) Feb -14 393 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) Nov-14 135 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Oct-14
the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22± I for calibration) Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibra



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 Info@emcite.com
 <u>Http://www.emcite.com</u>

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid	
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z	
N/A	not applicable or not measured	

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms
 oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: J13-2-3052

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

Condition		
250 mW input power	9.71 mW/g	
normalized to 1W	38.3 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)	
Condition		
250 mW input power	5.08 mW/g	
normalized to 1W	20.2 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)	
	250 mW input power normalized to 1W Condition 250 mW input power	

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.7 ± 6 %	1.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.98 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.9 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Certificate No: J13-2-3052

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω+ 3.17jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω+ 3.92]Ω
Return Loss	- 27.7dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.048 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	

Certificate No: J13-2-3052





Report No.: MWR1403002805



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Date: 12.12.2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d150 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.416 mho/m; εr = 38.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

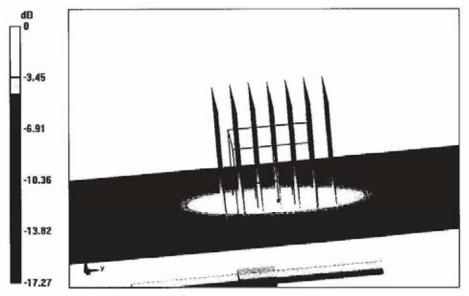
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(5.06,5.06,5.06); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
- Phantom: SAM 1186; Type: QD000P40CC;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.054 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3052

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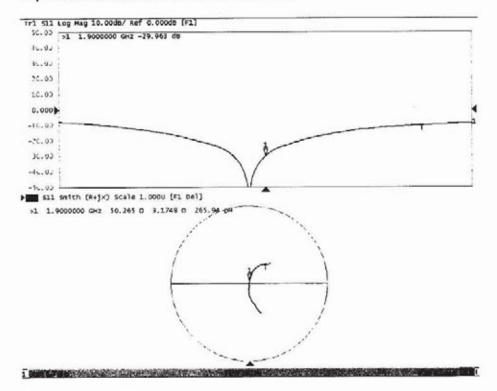


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

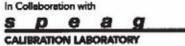


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 Fax: +86-10-52304633-2504

 E-mail: Info@emcite.com
 <u>Http://www.emcite.com</u>

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

Date: 12.10.2013

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d150

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.528 mho/m; ϵ r = 53.74; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

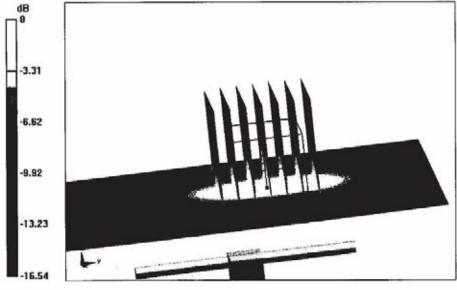
Phantom section: Flat Phantom

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(4.72,4.72,4.72); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
 - Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
 - Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
 - Phantom: SAM1186; Type: QD000P40CC;
 - DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 83.606 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3052

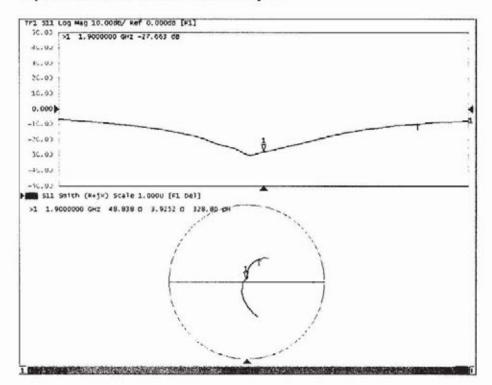
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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1.1. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

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		TON LABORATORY	1
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E-mail: Info@emcit		emcite.com	权 准 CNAS L044
Client CIQ SZ	Z (Auden)	Certificate No: J13-2-3053	
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT		
Object	D2450V	2 - SN: 884	
Calibration Procedure(s) TMC-05	S-E-02-194	
		ion procedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	Decemb	per 11, 2013	
and humidity<70%.		closed laboratory facility: environment temper	ature(22±3)°C
	used (M&TE critical for		d Calibration
		te(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule	
Primary Standards	ID # Cal Da	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443)	Sep-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD	ID # Cal Da 102083 Z5 100595	te(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule	
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2	ID # Cal Da 102083 Z5 100595	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443)	Sep-14 Sep -14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3	ID # Cal Da 102083 Z5 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13)	Sep-14 Sep -14 Sep-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4	ID # Cal Da 102083 25 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394)	Sep-14 Sep -14 Sep-14 Feb -14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4	ID # Cal Da 102083 25 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 5 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb -14 Nov-14 Oct-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4	ID # Cal Da 102083 Z5 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 5 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Sep -14 Sep-14 Feb -14 Nov-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4 Network Analyzer E83	ID # Cal Da 102083 25 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135 Name	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 5 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Function	Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb -14 Nov-14 Oct-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4 Network Analyzer E83 Calibrated by:	ID # Cal Da 102083 Z5 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135 Name Zhao Jing	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 5 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Function SAR Test Engineer	Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb -14 Nov-14 Oct-14
Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4 Network Analyzer E83 Calibrated by: Reviewed by:	ID # Cal Da 102083 25 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135 Name Zhao Jing Qi Dianyuan Lu Bingsong	tte(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 3 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 5 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Project Leader	Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14 Oct-14 Signature

Certificate No: J13-2-3053







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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms
 oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

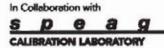
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.98 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω+ 3.76jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.9dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2Ω+ 2.38jΩ	1
Return Loss	- 25.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

[
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

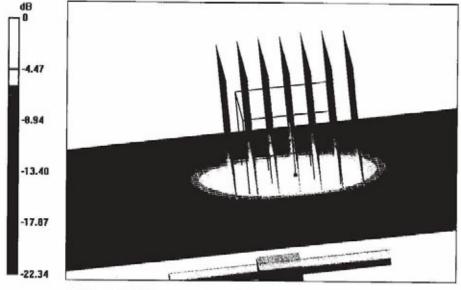
Manufactured by	SPEAG	

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0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

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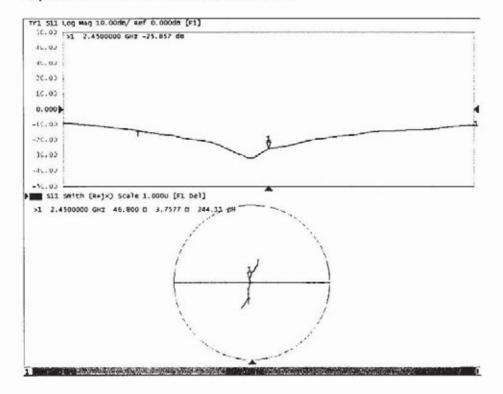
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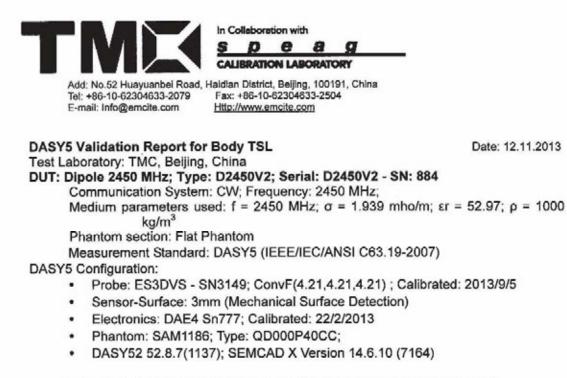
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



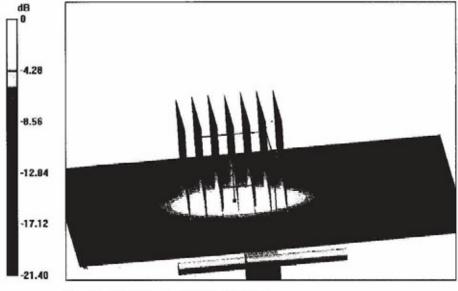
Certificate No: J13-2-3053

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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 84.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.98 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3053

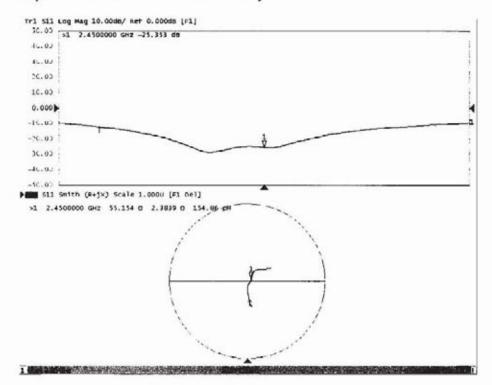
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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6.4. DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate

E-mail: Info@e	SZ (Auden)	tp://www.emcite.com	Certificate I	No: J13-2-304	CNAS 1044
Client : CIC	1	TE			
Dbject	DAE	4 - SN: 1315			
Calibration Procedure(s)	тмс	-OS-E-01-198			
		oration Procedure for the	Data Acquisit	tion Electronics	
Calibration date:	Nove	ember 25, 2013			
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neasurements(SI). The bages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment u Primary Standards Documenting Process Calibrator 753	measurements an e certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critica	nd the uncertainties with co n the closed laboratory al for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Ce 01-July-13 (TMC, No:JN Function	onfidence proba facility: environ rtificate No.) V13-049)	ability are given of ment temperatu	alibration
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Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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а g CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6.1µV, full range = -100...+300 mV Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	403.915 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.171 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.667 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98903 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94180 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93862 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	162.5°±1°
-------------------------------------------	-----------

Certificate No: J13-2-3048

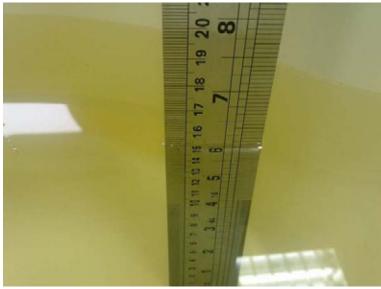
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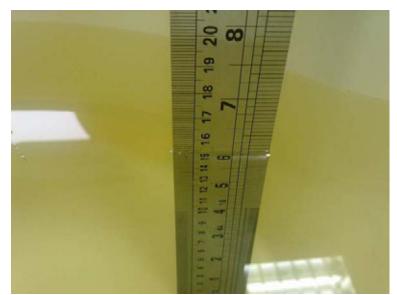
7. Test Setup Photos



Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (835MHz)



Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (835MHz)



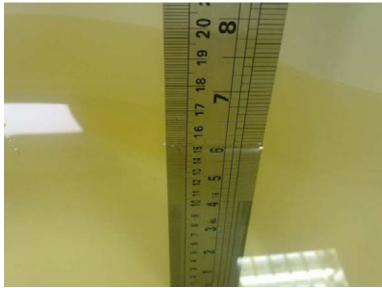
Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (1900MHz)



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Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1900MHz)



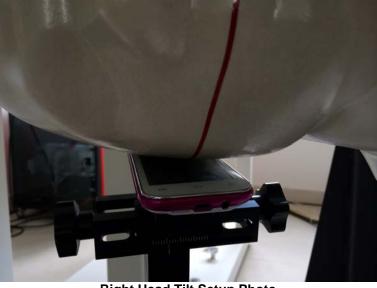
Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



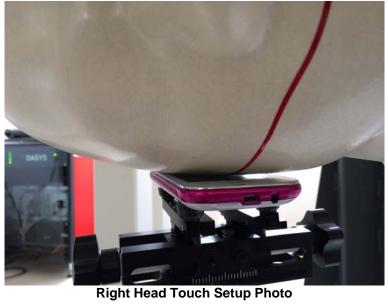
Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (2450MHz)

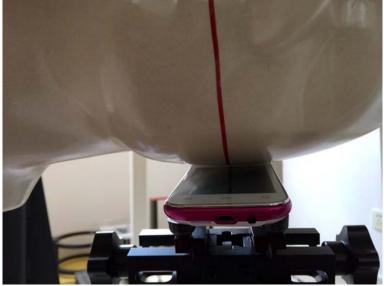


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Right Head Tilt Setup Photo





Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



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Left Head Touch Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Rear Side Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Front Side Setup Photo



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10mm Body-worn Rear Side (With Headset)Setup Photo



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8. External Photos of the EUT

External Photos









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.....End of Report.....