Tracker: TARA05-4
Maximum Permissible Exposure
FCC, Part 90 Subpart C §90.1217
Calculations for Maximum Permissible Exposure Levels
Power Density $=\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{cm} 2)=\mathrm{EIRP} /\left(4 \pi \mathrm{~d}^{2}\right)$
EIRP = $P$ * G
$P=$ Peak output power (mW)
$\mathrm{G}=$ Antenna numeric gain (numeric)
$\mathrm{d}=$ Separation distance (cm)
Numeric Gain $=10{ }^{\wedge}(\mathrm{G}(\mathrm{dBi}) / 10)$
The Tarana Wireless AbsoluteAir2 has 16 antenna ports which are split into the following cross polarized offering;

8 horizontally polarized
8 vertically polarized
The AbsoluteAir2 operates on two continuous data streams and per KDB 662911 section $F(2) e(i)$ permits the reduction of antennas used for power calculations to 4 directional antennas. For all antennas to be considered, 6 dB will be added to the effective gain of the antenna.

Antenna Gain $=12.0 \mathrm{dBi}$ (Numeric 15.85)
Effective Antenna Gain $=12.0+6.0=18.0$ (Numeric 63.1)
Maximum Power Measured (4 Chains BW 20 MHz , Channel 3660 MHz ) $=+29.13 \mathrm{dBm}$
EIRP (4 Chains) $\mathrm{dBm}=29.13+12.0=41.13 \mathrm{dBm}$
The EUT belongs to the Controlled Exposure the limit of power density is $5.0 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$


Note: for mobile or fixed location transmitters the minimum separation distance is 20 cm , even if calculations indicate the MPE distance to be less.

## Specification

Maximum Permissible Exposure Limits
$\S 90.1217$ Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See $\S 1.1307(b)(1)$ of this chapter.

Limit $=1 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ from 1.310 Table 1

Laboratory Measurement Uncertainty for Power Measurements

| Measurement uncertainty | $\pm 1.33 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
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