## Compliance list INTEGRATION INSTRUCTIONS for 996369 D03 OEM the and 996369 D03 OEM by Sections 2.2 through 2.10.

Sections 2.2 through 2.10.			
Requirement	Yes	N/A	Comment
2.2 List of applicable FCC rules	YES		Refer to instruction
List the FCC rules that are applicable to the			
modular transmitter. These are the rules that			FCC standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15
specifically establish the bands of operation,			Subpart C Section 15.247
the power, spurious emissions, and operating			
fundamental frequencies. DO NOT list			
compliance to unintentional-radiator rules			
(Part 15 Subpart B) since that is not a			
condition of a module grant that is extended			
to a host manufacturer. See also Section 2.10			
below concerning the need to notify host			
manufacturers that further testing is			
required. <sub>3</sub>			
2.3 Summarize the specific operational use	YES		Refer to instruction
conditions			
Describe use conditions that are applicable to			PCB antenna , Antenna gain OdBi
the modular transmitter, including for			
example any limits on antennas, etc. For			
example, if point-to-point antennas are used			
that require reduction in power or			
compensation for cable loss, then this			
information must be in the instructions. If the			
use condition limitations extend to			
professional users, then instructions must			
state that this information also extends to the			
host manufacturer's instruction manual. In			
addition, certain information may also be			
needed, such as peak gain per frequency band			
and minimum gain, specifically for master			
devices in 5 GHz DFS bands.			
2.4 Limited module procedures		N/A	Not applicable
If a modular transmitter is approved as a			
"limited module," then the module			
manufacturer is responsible for approving the			
host environment that the limited module is			
used with. The manufacturer of a limited			
module must describe, both in the filing and in			
the installation instructions, the alternative means that the limited module manufacturer			
address the conditions that limit the initial			
approval, such as: shielding, minimum			
uses to verify that the host meets the necessary requirements to satisfy the module limiting conditions. A limited module manufacturer has the flexibility to define its alternative method to address the conditions that limit the initial			

signaling amplitude, buffered modulation/data inputs, or power supply regulation. The alternative method could include that the limited module manufacturer reviews detailed test data or host designs prior to giving the host manufacturer approval. This limited module procedure is also applicable for RF exposure evaluation when it is necessary to demonstrate compliance in a specific host. The module manufacturer must state how control of the product into which the modular transmitter will be installed will be maintained such that full compliance of the product is always ensured. For additional hosts other than the specific host originally granted with a limited module, a Class II permissive change is required on the module grant to register the additional host as a specific host also approved with the module.		
<ul> <li>2.5 Trace antenna designs</li> <li>For a modular transmitter with trace antenna designs, see the guidance in Question 11 of KDB Publication 996369 D02 FAQ – Modules for Micro-Strip Antennas and traces. The integration information shall include for the TCB review the integration instructions for the following aspects: layout of trace design, parts list (BOM), antenna, connectors, and isolation requirements.4</li> <li>a) Information that includes permitted variances (e.g., trace boundary limits, thickness, length, width, shape(s), dielectric constant, and impedance as applicable for each type of antenna);</li> </ul>	N/A	Not applicable
b) Each design shall be considered a different type (e.g., antenna length in multiple(s) of frequency, the wavelength, and antenna shape (traces in phase) can affect antenna gain and must be considered);		
c) The parameters shall be provided in a manner permitting host manufacturers to design the printed circuit (PC) board layout;		
d) Appropriate parts by manufacturer and specifications;		
e) Test procedures for design verification; and		
f) Production test procedures for ensuring		

compliance.		
The module grantee shall provide a notice that any deviation(s) from the defined parameters of the antenna trace, as described by the instructions, require that the host product manufacturer must notify the module grantee that they wish to change the antenna trace design. In this case, a Class II permissive change application is required to be filed by the grantee, or the host manufacturer can take responsibility through the change in FCC ID (new application) procedure followed by a Class II permissive change application.		
2.6 RF exposure considerations	YES	Refer to instruction
It is essential for module grantees to clearly and explicitly state the RF exposure conditions that permit a host product manufacturer to use the module. Two types of instructions are required for RF exposure information: (1) to the host product manufacturer, to define the application conditions (mobile, portable – xx cm from a person's body); and (2) additional text needed for the host product manufacturer to provide to end users in their end-product manuals. If RF exposure statements and use conditions are not provided, then the host product manufacturer is required to take responsibility of the module through a change in FCC ID (new application).		This modular complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
<b>2.7 Antennas</b> A list of antennas included in the application	YES	Refer to instruction
for certification must be provided in the instructions. For modular transmitters approved as limited modules, all applicable professional installer instructions must be included as part of the information to the host product manufacturer. The antenna list shall also identify the antenna types (monopole, PIFA, dipole, etc. (note that for example an "omni-directional antenna" is not considered to be a specific "antenna type")). For situations where the host product manufacturer is responsible for an external connector, for example with an RF pin and antenna trace design, the integration instructions shall inform the installer that		PCB antenna , Antenna gain OdBi

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unique antenna connector must be used on the		
Part 15 authorized transmitters used in the host		
product. The module manufacturers shall		
provide a list of acceptable unique connectors.		
2.8 Label and compliance information	YES	Refer to instruction
Grantees are responsible for the continued		If the FCC identification number is not
compliance of their modules to the FCC rules.		visible when the module is installed inside
This includes advising host product		another device, then the outside of the
manufacturers that they need to provide a		device into which the module is installed
physical or e-label stating "Contains FCC ID"		must also display a label referring to the
with their finished product. See Guidelines for		enclosed module. This exterior label can
Labeling and User Information for RF Devices –		use wording such as the following:
KDB Publication 784748.		"Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID:
		2ABN2-2652P3 Or Contains FCC ID: 2ABN2-
		2652P3"
2.9 Information on test modes and additional	YES	
testing requirements <sub>5</sub>		Refer to instruction
Additional guidance for testing host products is		Any company of the host device which
given in KDB Publication 996369 D04 Module		install this modular with modular approval
Integration Guide. Test modes should take into		should perform the test of radiated &
consideration different operational conditions		conducted emission and spurious
for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host,		emission, etc. according to FCC part 15C :
as well as for multiple simultaneously		15.247 and 15.209 &15.207 ,15B Class B
transmitting modules or other transmitters in a		requirement, Only if the test result comply
host product.		with FCC part 15C : 15.247 and 15.209
The grantee should provide information on		&15.207, 15B Class B requirement, then
how to configure test modes for host product		the host can be sold legally.
evaluation for different operational conditions		the host can be sold regarily.
for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host,		
versus with multiple, simultaneously		
transmitting modules or other transmitters in a		
host.		
Grantees can increase the utility of their modular transmitters by providing special		
means, modes, or instructions that simulates or		
characterizes a connection by enabling a		
transmitter. This can greatly simplify a host		
manufacturer's determination that a module as		
installed in a host complies with FCC		
requirements.		
2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B	YES	Refer to instruction
disclaimer	-	
-		Any company of the host device which
The grantee should include a statement that		install this modular with modular approval
the modular transmitter is <b>only</b> FCC		should perform the test of radiated &
authorized for the specific rule parts (i.e., FCC		conducted emission and spurious
transmitter rules) listed on the grant, and that		emission, etc. according to FCC part 15C :
the host product manufacturer is responsible		15.247 and 15.209 &15.207 ,15B Class B
		13.247 and 13.203 &13.207, 13D Cid55 D

for compliance to any other FCC rules that	requirement, Only if the test result comply
apply to the host not covered by the modular	with FCC part 15C : 15.247 and 15.209
transmitter grant of certification. If the	415.207, 15B Class B requirement, then
grantee markets their product as being Part 15	the host can be sold legally.
Subpart B compliant (when it also contains	
unintentional-radiator digital circuity), then	When the module is installed inside
the grantee shall provide a notice stating that	another device, the user manual of the
the final host product still requires Part 15	host must contain below warning
Subpart B compliance testing with the	statements;
modular transmitter installed.6	Note: This equipment has been tested and
	found to comply with the limits for a Class
	B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the
	FCC Rules. These limits are designed to
	provide reasonable protection against
	harmful interference in a
	residential installation. This equipment
	generates, uses and can radiate radio
	frequency energy and, if not installed and
	used in accordance with the instructions,
	may cause harmful interference to radio
	communications.
	However, there is no guarantee that
	interference will not occur in a particular
	installation. If this equipment does cause
	harmful interference to radio or television
	reception, which can be determined by
	turning the equipment off
	and on, the user is encouraged to try to
	correct the interference by one or more
	of the following measures:
	—Reorient or relocate the receiving
	antenna.
	—Increase the separation between the
	equipment and receiver.
	—Connect the equipment into an outlet on
	a circuit different from that to
	which the receiver is connected.
	—Consult the dealer or an experienced
	radio/TV technician for help.