

# TEST REPORT

## CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

**Standard:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)

**Report No.:** RFBAOZ-WTW-P22061106-1

**FCC ID:** 2ABLK-GS2128G

**Product:** GigaSpire BLAST u4g

**Brand:** Calix

**Model No.:** u4g GS2128G

**Received Date:** 2022/7/28

**Test Date:** 2022/7/28 ~ 2022/8/26

**Issued Date:** 2022/10/27

**Applicant:** Calix Inc.

**Address:** 1035 N. McDowell Blvd. Petaluma, CA94954 U.S.A.

**Issued By:** Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch  
Hsin Chu Laboratory

**Lab Address:** E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan

**Test Location:** E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan

**FCC Registration /** 723255 / TW2022

**Designation Number:**

Approved by: \_\_\_\_\_

, Date: 2022/10/27

May Chen / Manager

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Prepared by : Vito Lung / Specialist

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## Release Control Record

Issue No.	Description	Date Issued
RFBAOZ-WTW-P22061106-1	Original release.	2022/10/27



## 1 Certificate

**Product:** GigaSpire BLAST u4g

**Brand:** Calix

**Test Model:** u4g GS2128G

**Sample Status:** Engineering sample

**Applicant:** Calix Inc

**Test Date:** 2022/7/28 ~ 2022/8/26

**Standard:** 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)

**Measurement procedure:** ANSI C63.10-2013

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01

KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

The above equipment has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's RF characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

## 2 Summary of Test Results

47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407)			
Clause	Test Item	Result	Remark
15.407(a)(1/2/3)	RF Output Power	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.407(a)(1/2/3)	Power Spectral Density	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.407(e)	6 dB Bandwidth	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit. (U-NII-3 Band only)
---	Occupied Bandwidth	-	Reference only.
15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Pass	Meet the requirement of limit.
15.407(b)(9)	AC Power Conducted Emissions	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -9.27 dB at 0.15000 MHz
15.407(b)(9)	Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -4.5 dB at 52.69 MHz
15.407(b)(1/2/3/4(i)/10)	Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	Pass	Minimum passing margin is -0.2 dB at 5143.97, 5147.04 MHz
15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	Antenna connector is ipex(MHF) not a standard connector.

Note: Determining compliance based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

### 2.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2:

Parameter	Specification	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (±)
AC Power Conducted Emissions	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	1.9 dB
Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	3.1 dB
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	5.4 dB
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	1 GHz ~ 18 GHz	5.0 dB
	18 GHz ~ 40 GHz	5.3 dB

The other instruments specified are routine verified to remain within the calibrated levels, no measurement uncertainty is required to be calculated.

### 2.2 Supplementary Information

There is not any deviation from the test standards for the test method, and no modifications required for compliance.

### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 General Description of EUT

Product	GigaSpire BLAST u4g
Brand	Calix
Test Model	u4g GS2128G
Status of EUT	Engineering sample
Power Supply Rating	Refer to Note
Modulation Type	64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM 256QAM for OFDM in 11ac mode 1024QAM for OFDMA in 11ax mode
Modulation Technology	OFDM, OFDMA
Transfer Rate	802.11a: up to 54Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps 802.11ac: up to 866.7 Mbps 802.11ax: up to 1201.0 Mbps
Operating Frequency	5.18 GHz ~ 5.24 GHz 5.745 GHz ~ 5.825 GHz
Number of Channel	802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20), 802.11ax (HE20): 9 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40), 802.11ax (HE40): 4 802.11ac (VHT80), 802.11ax (HE80): 2
Output Power	<b>CDD Mode:</b> 5.18 GHz ~ 5.24 GHz : 665.829 mW (28.23 dBm) 5.745 GHz ~ 5.825 GHz : 850.052 mW (29.29 dBm) <b>Beamforming Mode:</b> 5.18 GHz ~ 5.24 GHz : 626.156 mW (27.97 dBm) 5.745 GHz ~ 5.825 GHz : 705.051 mW (28.48 dBm)
EUT Category	Indoor Access Point

Note:

1. The EUT uses following accessories.

AC Adapter 1		
Brand	Model	Specification
AMIGO	AMS157-1202500FU	AC Input : 100-240V~50/60Hz 1A DC Output : 12V, 2.5A DC Output Cable : 1.5m, unshielded Plug : US
AC Adapter 2		
Brand	Model	Specification
MOSO	MSS-V2500WR120-030E1-US	AC Input : 100-240V~50/60Hz 1A max DC Output : 12V, 2.5A DC Output Cable : 1.5m, unshielded Plug : US

2. There are WLAN (2.4 GHz) and WLAN (5 GHz) technology used for the EUT.

3. Simultaneously transmission condition.

Condition	Technology	
1	WLAN 2.4 GHz	WLAN 5 GHz

Note: The emission of the simultaneous operation has been evaluated and no non-compliance was found.

4. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

### 3.2 Antenna Description of EUT

1. The antenna information is listed as below.

Antenna NO.	Model	Brand	Antenna Net Gain(dBi)	Frequency range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Connector Type	Cable Length(cm)
1	290-20509	HONGBO	3.6	2400-2500	Dipole	ipex(MHF)	10
2	290-20510	HONGBO	4.8	2400-2500	Dipole	ipex(MHF)	31.5
3	RFPCA341221IM5B901	PSA	4.45	5150-5925	Monopole	ipex(MHF)	21.5
4	RFPCA341218IM5B901	PSA	4.46	5150-5925	Monopole	ipex(MHF)	18

\* Detail antenna specification please refer to antenna datasheet and/or antenna measurement report.

2. The EUT incorporates a MIMO function:

5 GHz Band		
Modulation Mode	TX & RX Configuration	
802.11a	2TX	2RX
802.11n (HT20)	2TX	2RX
802.11n (HT40)	2TX	2RX
802.11ac (VHT20)	2TX	2RX
802.11ac (VHT40)	2TX	2RX
802.11ac (VHT80)	2TX	2RX
802.11ax (HE20)	2TX	2RX
802.11ax (HE40)	2TX	2RX
802.11ax (HE80)	2TX	2RX

Note:

1. All of modulation mode support beamforming function except 802.11a modulation mode.
2. The EUT support Beamforming and CDD mode, therefore both mode were investigated and the worst case scenario was identified. The worst case data were presented in test report.
3. The modulation and bandwidth are similar for 802.11n mode for 20 MHz (40 MHz), 802.11ac mode for 20 MHz (40 MHz, 80 MHz) and 802.11ax mode for 20 MHz (40 MHz, 80 MHz), therefore the manufacturer will control the power for 802.11n/ac mode is the same as the 802.11ax or more lower than it and investigated worst case to representative mode in test report.

### 3.3 Channel List

#### FOR 5180 ~ 5240 MHz

4 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20) and 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	44	5220 MHz
40	5200 MHz	48	5240 MHz

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40) and 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz

1 channels are provided for 802.11ac (VHT80) and 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency
42	5210 MHz

#### FOR 5745 ~ 5825 MHz:

5 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20) and 802.11ax (HE20):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745 MHz	161	5805 MHz
153	5765 MHz	165	5825 MHz
157	5785 MHz		

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40) and 802.11ax (HE40):

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755 MHz	159	5795 MHz

1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80) and 802.11ax (HE80):

Channel	Frequency
155	5775 MHz

### 3.4 Test Mode Applicability and Tested Channel Detail

Pre-Scan:	1. The AC Adapter has the following models: AMS157-1202500FU/ MSS-V2500WR120-030E1-US. Pre-scan these models of AC Adapters and find the worst case as a representative test condition. 2. EUT can be used in the following ways: Lying/ Wall Mount. Pre-scan these ways and find the worst case as a representative test condition.
Worst Case:	1. AC Adapter Worst Condition: AMS157-1202500FU 2. Lying/ Wall Mount Worst Condition: Lying 3. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Note: Partial RU (resource unit) configurations not supported.

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below:

Test Item	Mode	Signal Mode	Tested Channel	Modulation	Data Rate Parameter
RF Output Power	802.11a	CDD	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	6Mb/s
	802.11ac (VHT20)	CDD & Beamforming	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ac (VHT40)	CDD & Beamforming	38, 46, 151, 159	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ac (VHT80)	CDD & Beamforming	42, 155	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE20)	CDD & Beamforming	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD & Beamforming	38, 46, 151, 159	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)	CDD & Beamforming	42, 155	BPSK	MCS0
6 dB Bandwidth	802.11a	CDD	149, 157, 165	BPSK	6Mb/s
	802.11ax (HE20)	CDD	149, 157, 165	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	151, 159	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)	CDD	155	BPSK	MCS0
Power Spectral Density / Occupied Bandwidth	802.11a	CDD	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	6Mb/s
	802.11ax (HE20)	CDD	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	38, 46, 151, 159	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)	CDD	42, 155	BPSK	MCS0
Frequency Stability	802.11a	CDD	36	un-modulation	-
AC Power Conducted Emissions	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	151	BPSK	MCS0
Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	151	BPSK	MCS0
Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz	802.11a	CDD	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	6Mb/s
	802.11ax (HE20)	CDD	36, 40, 48, 149, 157, 165	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE40)	CDD	38, 46, 151, 159	BPSK	MCS0
	802.11ax (HE80)	CDD	42, 155	BPSK	MCS0

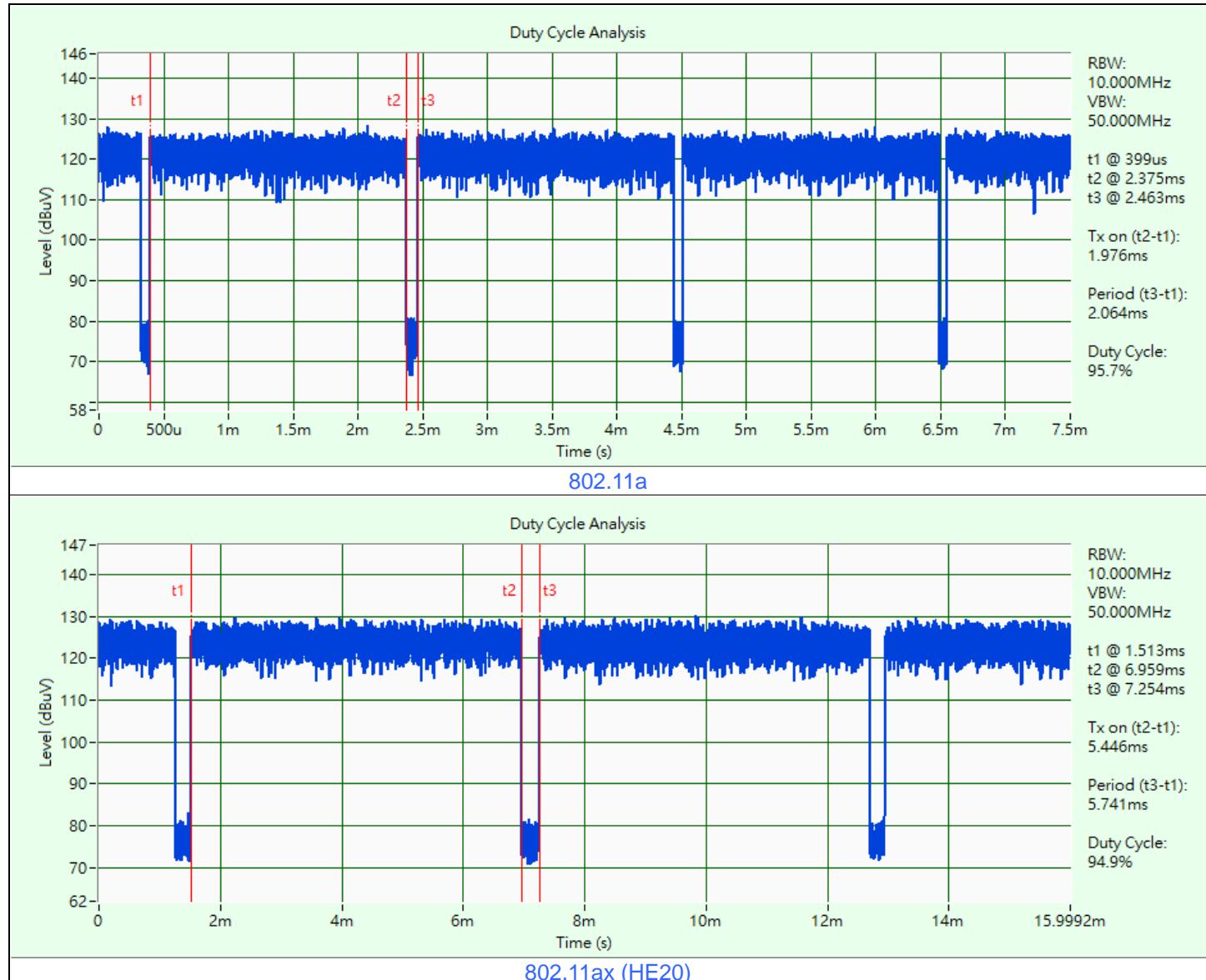
### 3.5 Duty Cycle of Test Signal

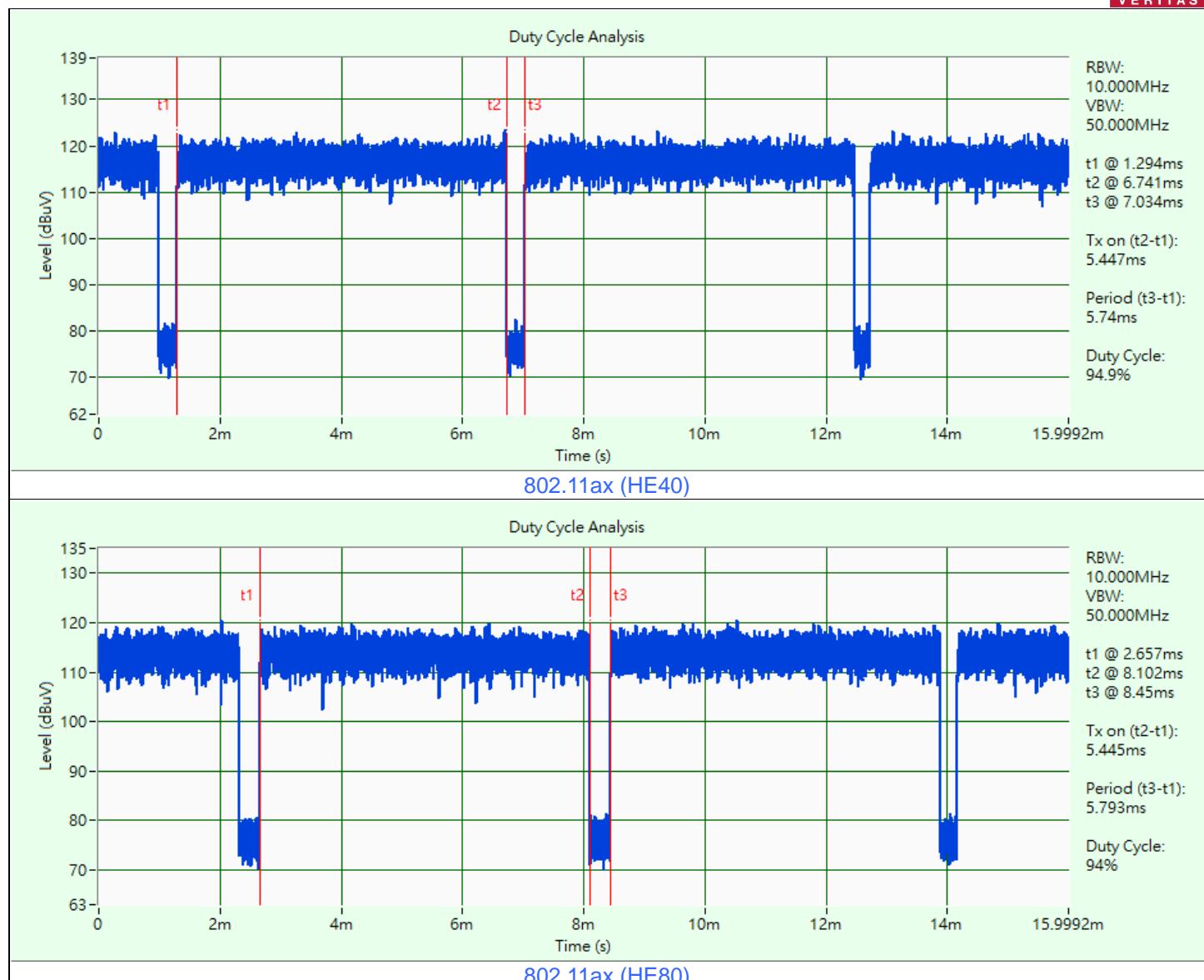
**802.11a:** Duty cycle =  $1.976 \text{ ms} / 2.064 \text{ ms} \times 100\% = 95.7\%$ , duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/\text{Duty cycle}) = 0.19 \text{ dB}$

**802.11ax (HE20):** Duty cycle =  $5.446 \text{ ms} / 5.741 \text{ ms} \times 100\% = 94.9\%$ , duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/\text{Duty cycle}) = 0.23 \text{ dB}$

**802.11ax (HE40):** Duty cycle =  $5.447 \text{ ms} / 5.74 \text{ ms} \times 100\% = 94.9\%$ , duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/\text{Duty cycle}) = 0.23 \text{ dB}$

**802.11ax (HE80):** Duty cycle =  $5.445 \text{ ms} / 5.793 \text{ ms} \times 100\% = 94.0\%$ , duty factor =  $10 * \log(1/\text{Duty cycle}) = 0.27 \text{ dB}$

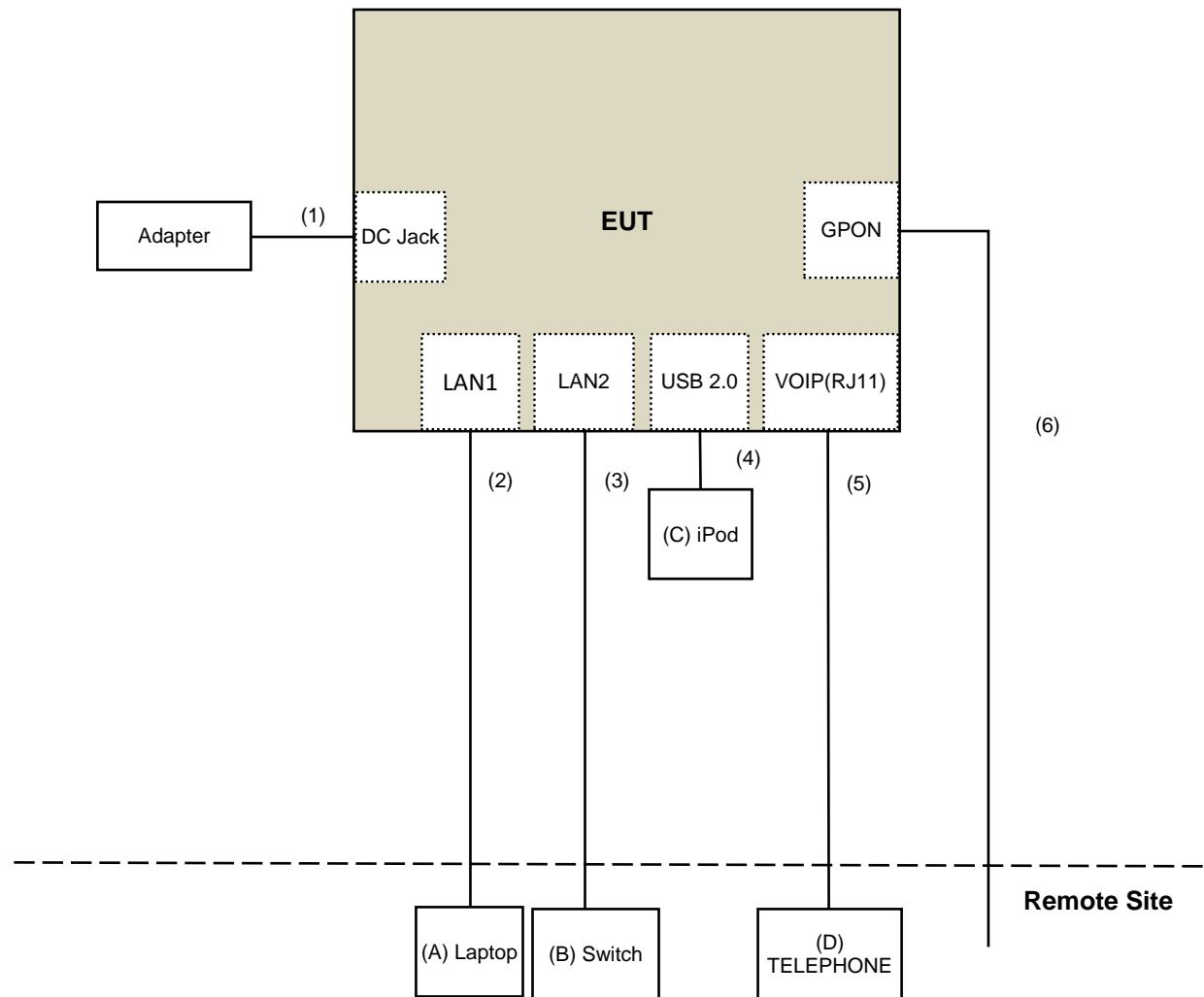




### 3.6 Test Program Used and Operation Descriptions

Controlling software (qdart\_conn.win.1.0\_installer\_00093.1) has been activated to set the EUT under transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequency.

### 3.7 Connection Diagram of EUT and Peripheral Devices



### 3.8 Configuration of Peripheral Devices and Cable Connections

ID	Product	Brand	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Remarks
A	Laptop	Lenovo	20U5S01X00 L14	PF-28LKK7	N/A	Supplied by applicant
B	Switch	D-Link	DGS-1005D	DR8WC92000523	N/A	Supplied by applicant
C	iPod	Apple	MD778TA/A	CC4JL03FF4T1	N/A	Supplied by applicant
D	TELEPHONE	ROMEO	TE-812	97280903	N/A	Supplied by applicant

ID	Cable Descriptions	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielding (Yes/No)	Cores (Qty.)	Remarks
1	DC Cable	1	1.5	No	0	Supplied by applicant
2	RJ45 Cable	1	10	No	0	Provided by Lab
3	RJ45 Cable	1	10	No	0	Provided by Lab
4	USB Cable	1	0.12	Yes	0	Provided by Lab
5	RJ11 Cable	1	10	No	0	Provided by Lab
6	Fiber Cable	1	10	No	0	Provided by Lab

## 4 Test Instruments

The calibration interval of the all test instruments are 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

### 4.1 RF Output Power

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Power Meter Anritsu	ML2495A	1529002	2022/6/22	2023/6/21
Pulse Power Sensor Anritsu	MA2411B	1726434	2022/6/22	2023/6/21
Attenuator WOKEN	MDCS18N-10	MDCS18N-10-01	2022/4/5	2023/4/4
Software	ADT_RF Test Software V6.6.5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room 2.
2. Tested Date: 2022/8/23

### 4.2 Power Spectral Density

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Attenuator WOKEN	MDCS18N-10	MDCS18N-10-01	2022/4/5	2023/4/4
Software	ADT_RF Test Software V6.6.5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSV40	101516	2022/3/7	2023/3/6

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room 2.
2. Tested Date: 2022/8/23

### 4.3 6 dB Bandwidth

Refer to section 4.2 to get information of the instruments.

### 4.4 Occupied Bandwidth

Refer to section 4.2 to get information of the instruments.

#### 4.5 Frequency Stability

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
AC Power Source GOOD WILL	6905S	1991551	N/A	N/A
Attenuator WOKEN	MDCS18N-10	MDCS18N-10-01	2022/4/5	2023/4/4
Software	ADT_RF Test Software V6.6.5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer R&S	FSV40	101516	2022/3/7	2023/3/6
Temperature & Humidity Chamber Giant Force	GTH-150-40-SP-AR	MAA0812-008	2022/1/14	2023/1/13
True RMS Clamp Meter Fluke	325	31130711WS	2022/6/9	2023/6/8

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Oven room 2.
2. Tested Date: 2022/8/23

#### 4.6 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
50 ohms Terminator	50	3	2021/10/27	2022/10/26
Fixed attenuator STI	STI02-2200-10	005	2022/8/24	2023/8/23
LISN R&S	ESH3-Z5	848773/004	2021/10/29	2022/10/28
RF Coaxial Cable JYEBO	5D-FB	COCCAB-001	2022/8/24	2023/8/23
Software BVADT	BVADT_Cond_V7.3.7.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
TEST RECEIVER R&S	ESCS 30	847124/029	2021/10/13	2022/10/12

Notes:

1. The test was performed in Conduction 1
2. Tested Date: 2022/8/26

#### 4.7 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower & Turn Table Max-Full	MF-7802	MF780208406	N/A	N/A
Fixed attenuator Mini-Circuits	UNAT-5+	PAD-3m-3-01	2021/9/23	2022/9/22
LOOP ANTENNA Electro-Metrics	EM-6879	264	2022/3/18	2023/3/17
Pre_Amplifier Agilent	8447D	2944A10636	2022/3/19	2023/3/18
Pre_Amplifier Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000VH2	QA0838008	2021/10/19	2022/10/18
RF Coaxial Cable COMMATE/PEWC	8D	966-3-2	2022/2/26	2023/2/25
		966-3-3	2022/2/26	2023/2/25
		966-4-1	2022/3/8	2023/3/7
RF Coaxial Cable JYEBO	5D-FB	LOOPCAB-001	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
		LOOPCAB-002	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Software	ADT_Radiated_V8.7.08	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT	N9030B	MY57142938	2022/4/26	2023/4/25
Test Receiver KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY59050100	2022/6/20	2023/6/19
Trilog Broadband Antenna Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	9168-361	2021/10/26	2022/10/25

Notes:

1. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. 3.
2. Tested Date: 2022/8/26

#### 4.8 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Description Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibrated Date	Calibrated Until
Antenna Tower & Turn Table Max-Full	MF-7802	MF780208406	N/A	N/A
Fix tool for Boresight antenna tower BV	FBA-01	FBA_SIP01	N/A	N/A
Horn Antenna Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-739	2021/11/14	2022/11/13
	BBHA9120-D	9120D-406	2021/11/14	2022/11/13
Pre_Amplifier EMCI	EMC12630SE	980384	2022/1/10	2023/1/9
	EMC184045SE	980387	2022/1/10	2023/1/9
RF Cable EMCI	EMC104-SM-SM-6000	210201	2022/5/10	2023/5/9
RF Cable-Frequency range: 1- 40GHz EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-1200	160924	2022/1/10	2023/1/9
RF Coaxial Cable EMCI	EMC-KM-KM-4000	200214	2022/3/8	2023/3/7
	EMC104-SM-SM-1500	180504	2022/4/25	2023/4/24
	EMC104-SM-SM-2000	180601	2022/6/6	2023/6/5
Software	ADT_Radiated_V8.7.08	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT	N9030B	MY57142938	2022/4/26	2023/4/25
Test Receiver KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY59050100	2022/6/20	2023/6/19

Notes:

1. The test was performed in 966 Chamber No. 3.
2. Tested Date: 2022/7/28 ~ 2022/8/25

## 5 Limits of Test Items

### 5.1 RF Output Power

Operation Band	EUT Category	Limit
U-NII-1	Outdoor Access Point	1 Watt (30 dBm) (Max. e.i.r.p $\leq$ 125mW(21 dBm) at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon)
	Fixed point-to-point Access Point	1 Watt (30 dBm)
	Indoor Access Point	1 Watt (30 dBm)
	Mobile and Portable client device	250 mW (24 dBm)
Operation Band	Limit	
U-NII-3	1 Watt (30 dBm)	

Per KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output Method of conducted output power measurement on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for  $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ;

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths  $\geq 40$  MHz for any  $N_{ANT}$ ;

Array Gain =  $5 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB or 3 dB, whichever is less, for 20-MHz channel widths with  $N_{ANT} \geq 5$ .

For power measurements on all other devices: Array Gain =  $10 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB.

### 5.2 Power Spectral Density

Operation Band	EUT Category	Limit
U-NII-1	Outdoor Access Point	17 dBm/ MHz
	Fixed point-to-point Access Point	
	Indoor Access Point	
	Mobile and Portable client device	11 dBm/ MHz
Operation Band	Limit	
U-NII-3	30 dBm/ 500 kHz	

### 5.3 6 dB Bandwidth

Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.4 Occupied Bandwidth

The results are for reference only.

### 5.5 Frequency Stability

The frequency of the carrier signal shall be maintained within band of operation.

## 5.6 AC Power Conducted Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.50 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50 MHz.

## 5.7 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

## 5.8 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must comply with the radiated emission limits specified as below table.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
Above 960	500	3

Notes:

1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.
2. Emission level (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20 log Emission level ( $\mu$ V/m).
3. For frequencies above 1000 MHz, the field strength limits are based on average detector, however, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits, specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

Limits of unwanted emission out of the restricted bands

Applicable To		Limit	
789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v02r01		Field Strength at 3 m	
Frequency Band	Applicable To	EIRP Limit	Equivalent Field Strength at 3 m
5150~5250 MHz	15.407(b)(1)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz)	PK: 68.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m)
5250~5350 MHz	15.407(b)(2)		
5470~5725 MHz	15.407(b)(3)		
5725~5850 MHz	15.407(b)(4)(i)	PK: -27 (dBm/MHz) <sup>*1</sup> PK: 10 (dBm/MHz) <sup>*2</sup> PK: 15.6 (dBm/MHz) <sup>*3</sup> PK: 27 (dBm/MHz) <sup>*4</sup>	PK: 68.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*1</sup> PK: 105.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*2</sup> PK: 110.8 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*3</sup> PK: 122.2 (dB $\mu$ V/m) <sup>*4</sup>

\*1 beyond 75 MHz or more above of the band edge.  
\*2 below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above.  
\*3 below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above.  
\*4 from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

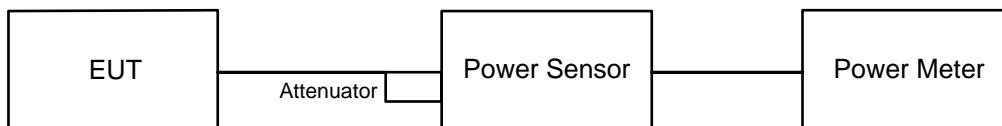
Note: The following formula is used to convert the equipment isotropic radiated power (eirp) to field strength:

$$E = \frac{1000000\sqrt{30P}}{3} \text{ } \mu\text{V/m, where P is the eirp (Watts).}$$

## 6 Test Arrangements

### 6.1 RF Output Power

#### 6.1.1 Test Setup

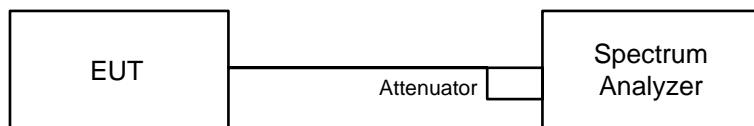


#### 6.1.2 Test Procedure

Method PM is used to perform output power measurement, trigger and gating function of wide band power meter is enabled to measure max output power of TX on burst and set the detector to average. Duty factor is not added to measured value.

### 6.2 Power Spectral Density

#### 6.2.1 Test Setup



#### 6.2.2 Test Procedure

##### For specified measurement bandwidth 1 MHz:

Method SA-2

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 1 MHz, Set VBW  $\geq$  3 MHz, Detector = RMS
- Sweep points  $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$ . (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- Record the max value and add  $10 \log(1/\text{duty cycle})$ .

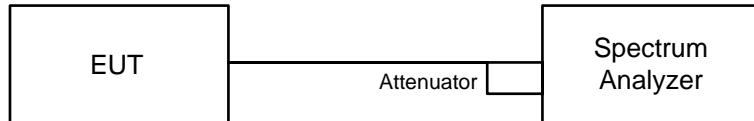
##### For specified measurement bandwidth 500 kHz:

Method SA-2

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
- Set RBW = 300 kHz, Set VBW  $\geq$  1 MHz, Detector = RMS
- Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 500 kHz by adjusting (increasing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where  $\text{BWCF} = 10\log(500 \text{ kHz}/300 \text{ kHz})$
- Sweep points  $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$ . (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq \text{RBW} / 2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- Sweep time = auto, trigger set to “free run”.
- Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging mode.
- Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- Record the max value and add  $10 \log(1/\text{duty cycle})$ .

## 6.3 6 dB Bandwidth

### 6.3.1 Test Setup



### 6.3.2 Test Procedure

- a. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz.
- b. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW, Detector = Peak.
- c. Trace mode = max hold.
- d. Sweep = auto couple.
- e. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

## 6.4 Occupied Bandwidth

### 6.4.1 Test Setup

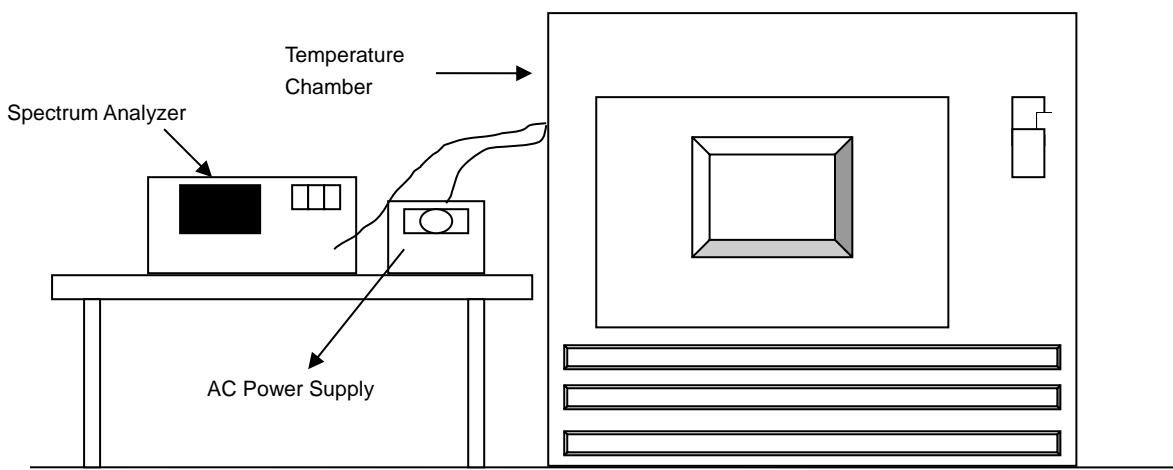


### 6.4.2 Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least 3x the resolution bandwidth and set the detector to Sampling. The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean power of a given emission.

## 6.5 Frequency Stability

### 6.5.1 Test Setup

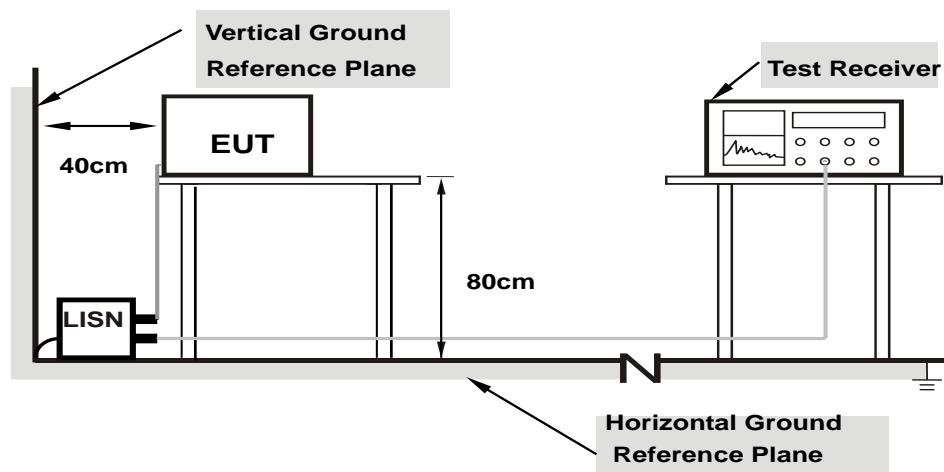


### 6.5.2 Test Procedure

- a. The EUT was placed inside the environmental test chamber and powered by nominal AC voltage.
- b. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to a spectrum analyzer.
- c. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.
- d. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT on and measure the operating frequency after 2, 5, and 10 Minutes.
- e. Repeat step (d) with the temperature chamber set to the next desired temperature until measurements down to the lowest specified temperature have been completed.
- f. The test chamber was allowed to stabilize at +20 degree C for a minimum of 30 Minutes. The supply voltage was then adjusted on the EUT from 85% to 115% and the frequency record.

## 6.6 AC Power Conducted Emissions

### 6.6.1 Test Setup



**Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.**

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

### 6.6.2 Test Procedure

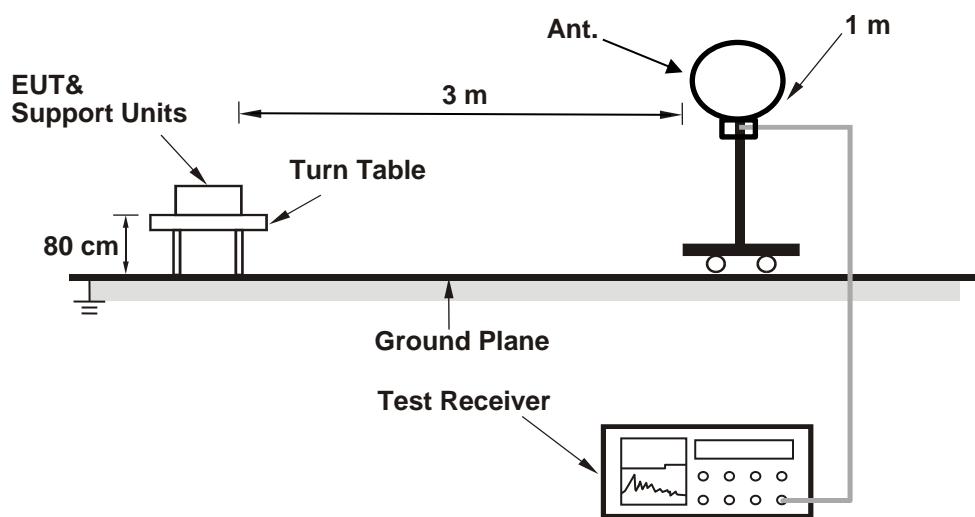
- The EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter to the top of table and placed 0.4 meters from the conducting wall of the shielded room with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Other support units were connected to the power mains through another LISN. The two LISNs provide 50 ohm/ 50 uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Both lines of the power mains connected to the EUT were checked for maximum conducted interference.
- The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched. Emission levels under (Limit – 20 dB) was not recorded.

Note: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver is 9 kHz for quasi-peak detection (QP) and average detection (AV) at frequency 0.15 MHz-30 MHz.

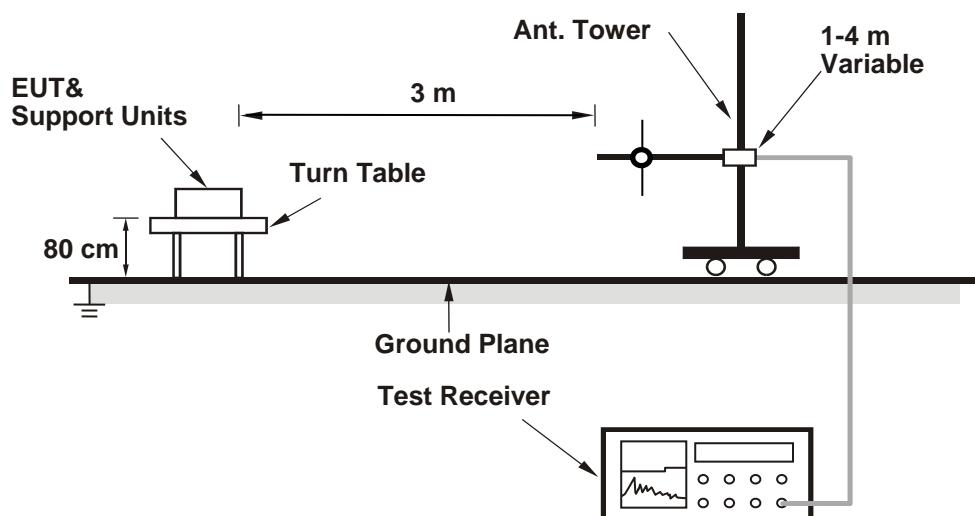
## 6.7 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

### 6.7.1 Test Setup

**For Radiated emission below 30 MHz**



**For Radiated emission above 30 MHz**



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

## 6.7.2 Test Procedure

### For Radiated emission below 30 MHz

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode, except for the frequency band (9 kHz to 90 kHz and 110 kHz to 490 kHz) set to average detect function and peak detect function.

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 200 Hz at frequency below 150 kHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9 kHz or 10 kHz at frequency (150 kHz to 30 MHz).
3. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

### For Radiated emission above 30 MHz

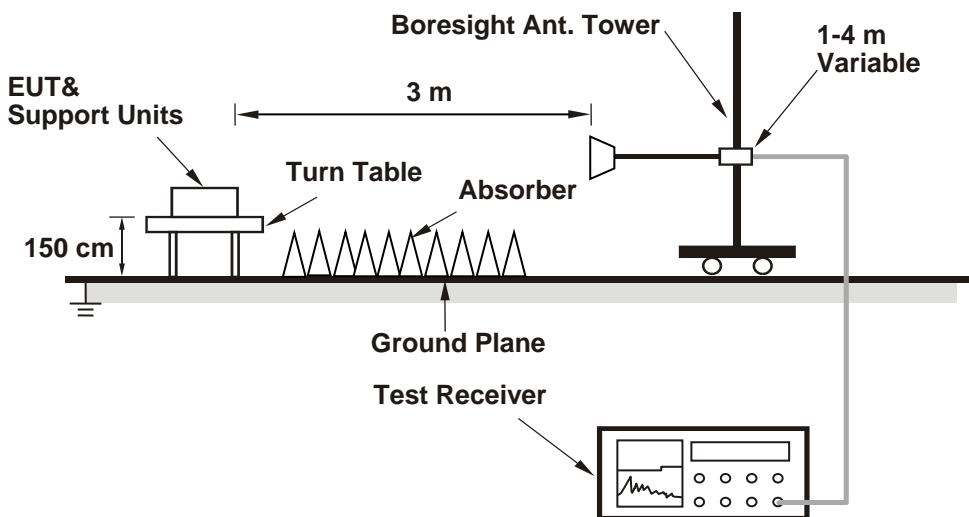
- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

## 6.8 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

### 6.8.1 Test Setup



For the actual test configuration, please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo).

### 6.8.2 Test Procedure

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detects function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Notes:

1. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) and Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
2. For fundamental and harmonic signal measurement, the resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is  $\geq 1/T$  (Duty cycle  $< 98\%$ ) or 10 Hz (Duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.
3. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

## 7 Test Results of Test Item

### 7.1 RF Output Power

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Kevin Ko
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#### 802.11a CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	23.64	23.32	445.99	26.49	30	Pass
40	5200	25.34	25.09	664.829	28.23	30	Pass
48	5240	25.05	25.39	665.829	28.23	30	Pass
149	5745	26.09	26.47	850.052	29.29	30	Pass
157	5785	26.11	26.43	847.861	29.28	30	Pass
165	5825	25.98	26.27	819.921	29.14	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

#### 802.11ac (VHT20) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	22.20	21.92	321.555	25.07	30	Pass
40	5200	24.44	24.10	535.011	27.28	30	Pass
48	5240	24.57	24.85	591.91	27.72	30	Pass
149	5745	25.20	25.57	691.71	28.40	30	Pass
157	5785	25.44	25.90	738.99	28.69	30	Pass
165	5825	25.32	25.61	704.323	28.48	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ac (VHT40) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.92	20.41	233.495	23.68	30	Pass
46	5230	22.57	22.76	369.517	25.68	30	Pass
151	5755	25.51	26.02	755.576	28.78	30	Pass
159	5795	25.56	25.94	752.394	28.76	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ac (VHT80) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	19.88	19.70	190.6	22.80	30	Pass
155	5775	21.94	22.47	332.919	25.22	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ax (HE20) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	22.42	22.17	339.398	25.31	30	Pass
40	5200	24.69	24.38	568.6	27.55	30	Pass
48	5240	24.84	25.07	626.156	27.97	30	Pass
149	5745	25.49	25.84	737.705	28.68	30	Pass
157	5785	25.67	26.11	777.297	28.91	30	Pass
165	5825	25.52	25.85	741.043	28.70	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ax (HE40) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	21.17	20.63	246.529	23.92	30	Pass
46	5230	22.83	22.96	389.564	25.91	30	Pass
151	5755	25.74	26.24	795.7	29.01	30	Pass
159	5795	25.79	26.17	793.315	28.99	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ax (HE80) CDD

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	20.12	19.97	202.113	23.06	30	Pass
155	5775	22.23	22.73	354.609	25.50	30	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain is the maximum gain of antennas.
2. For U-NII-1, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.
3. For U-NII-3, the maximum gain is 4.46 dBi < 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall not be reduced.

### 802.11ac (VHT20) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	22.20	21.92	321.555	25.07	28.53	Pass
40	5200	24.44	24.10	535.011	27.28	28.53	Pass
48	5240	24.57	24.85	591.91	27.72	28.53	Pass
149	5745	24.78	25.14	627.195	27.97	28.53	Pass
157	5785	24.89	25.39	654.258	28.16	28.53	Pass
165	5825	24.82	25.15	630.73	28.00	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

### 802.11ac (VHT40) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	20.92	20.41	233.495	23.68	28.53	Pass
46	5230	22.57	22.76	369.517	25.68	28.53	Pass
151	5755	24.97	25.44	663.996	28.22	28.53	Pass
159	5795	25.01	25.35	659.725	28.19	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

### 802.11ac (VHT80) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	19.88	19.70	190.6	22.80	28.53	Pass
155	5775	21.94	22.47	332.919	25.22	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

### 802.11ax (HE20) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	22.42	22.17	339.398	25.31	28.53	Pass
40	5200	24.69	24.38	568.6	27.55	28.53	Pass
48	5240	24.84	25.07	626.156	27.97	28.53	Pass
149	5745	25.01	25.37	661.307	28.20	28.53	Pass
157	5785	25.15	25.63	692.935	28.41	28.53	Pass
165	5825	25.05	25.39	665.829	28.23	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

### 802.11ax (HE40) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	21.17	20.63	246.529	23.92	28.53	Pass
46	5230	22.83	22.96	389.564	25.91	28.53	Pass
151	5755	25.22	25.71	705.051	28.48	28.53	Pass
159	5795	25.23	25.62	698.18	28.44	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

### 802.11ax (HE80) Beamforming

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Total Power (mW)	Total Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	20.12	19.97	202.113	23.06	28.53	Pass
155	5775	22.23	22.73	354.609	25.50	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
2. For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the output power limit shall be reduced to  $30 - (7.47 - 6) = 28.53$  dBm.

## 7.2 Power Spectral Density

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Kevin Ko
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### 802.11a

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Max. PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	9.97	10.30	0.19	13.34	15.53	Pass
40	5200	11.56	11.83	0.19	14.90	15.53	Pass
48	5240	11.48	11.51	0.19	14.70	15.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 17-(7.47-6) = 15.53 dBm/MHz.

### 802.11ax (HE20)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Max. PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
36	5180	8.27	8.59	0.23	11.67	15.53	Pass
40	5200	10.49	10.68	0.23	13.83	15.53	Pass
48	5240	10.94	11.01	0.23	14.22	15.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 17-(7.47-6) = 15.53 dBm/MHz.

### 802.11ax (HE40)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Max. PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
38	5190	3.89	4.34	0.23	7.36	15.53	Pass
46	5230	6.22	5.97	0.23	9.34	15.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 17-(7.47-6) = 15.53 dBm/MHz.

### 802.11ax (HE80)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/MHz)		Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/MHz)	Max. PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1				
42	5210	-0.10	0.18	0.27	3.32	15.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) a) of power density measurement of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density. Total power density is summing entire spectra across corresponding frequency bins on the various outputs by computer.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-1, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 17-(7.47-6) = 15.53 dBm/MHz.

### 802.11a

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)		Total PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1					
149	5745	6.75	6.46	9.62	0.19	12.03	28.53	Pass
157	5785	7.12	6.87	10.01	0.19	12.42	28.53	Pass
165	5825	7.05	7.05	10.06	0.19	12.47	28.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) b) Measure and sum spectral maxima across the outputs of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.47-6) = 28.53 dBm/500kHz.

### 802.11ax (HE20)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)		Total PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1					
149	5745	5.47	5.10	8.3	0.23	10.75	28.53	Pass
157	5785	5.86	5.54	8.71	0.23	11.16	28.53	Pass
165	5825	5.79	5.70	8.76	0.23	11.21	28.53	Pass

Notes:

- Method E) 2) b) Measure and sum spectral maxima across the outputs of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density.
- Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
- For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.47-6) = 28.53 dBm/500kHz.

## 802.11ax (HE40)

Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)		Total PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1					
151	5755	3.34	2.92	6.15	0.23	8.60	28.53	Pass
159	5795	3.66	3.38	6.53	0.23	8.98	28.53	Pass

Notes:

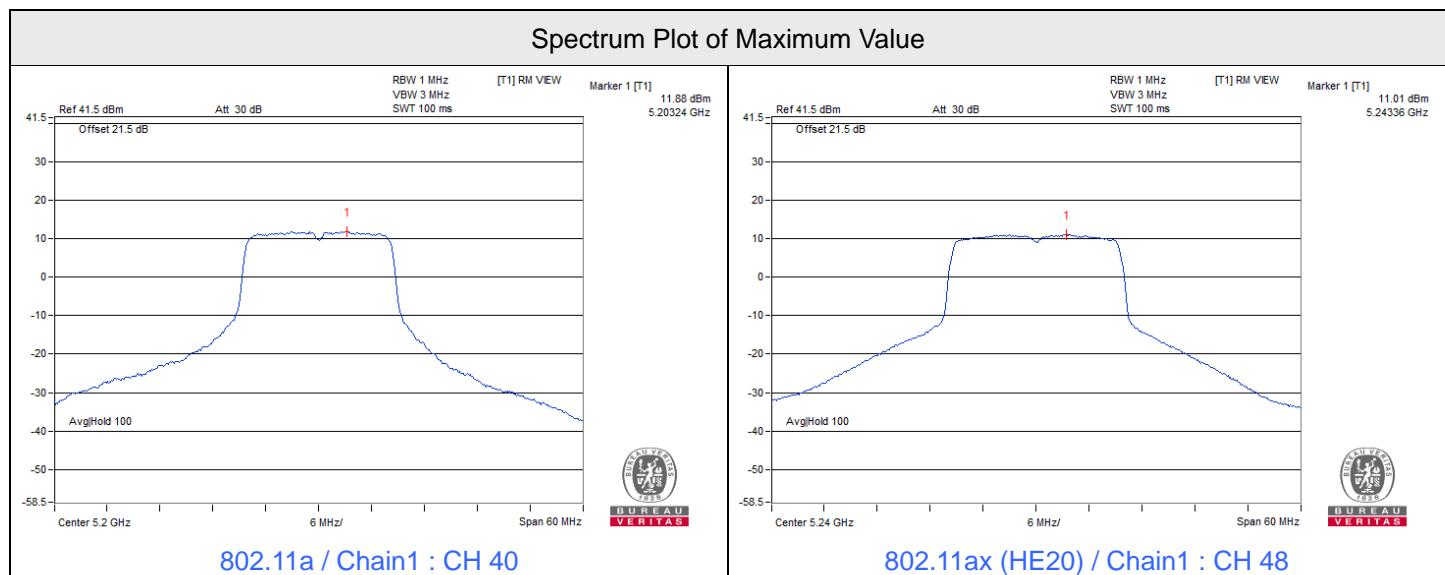
1. Method E) 2) b) Measure and sum spectral maxima across the outputs of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density.
2. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.47-6) = 28.53 dBm/500kHz.

## 802.11ax (HE80)

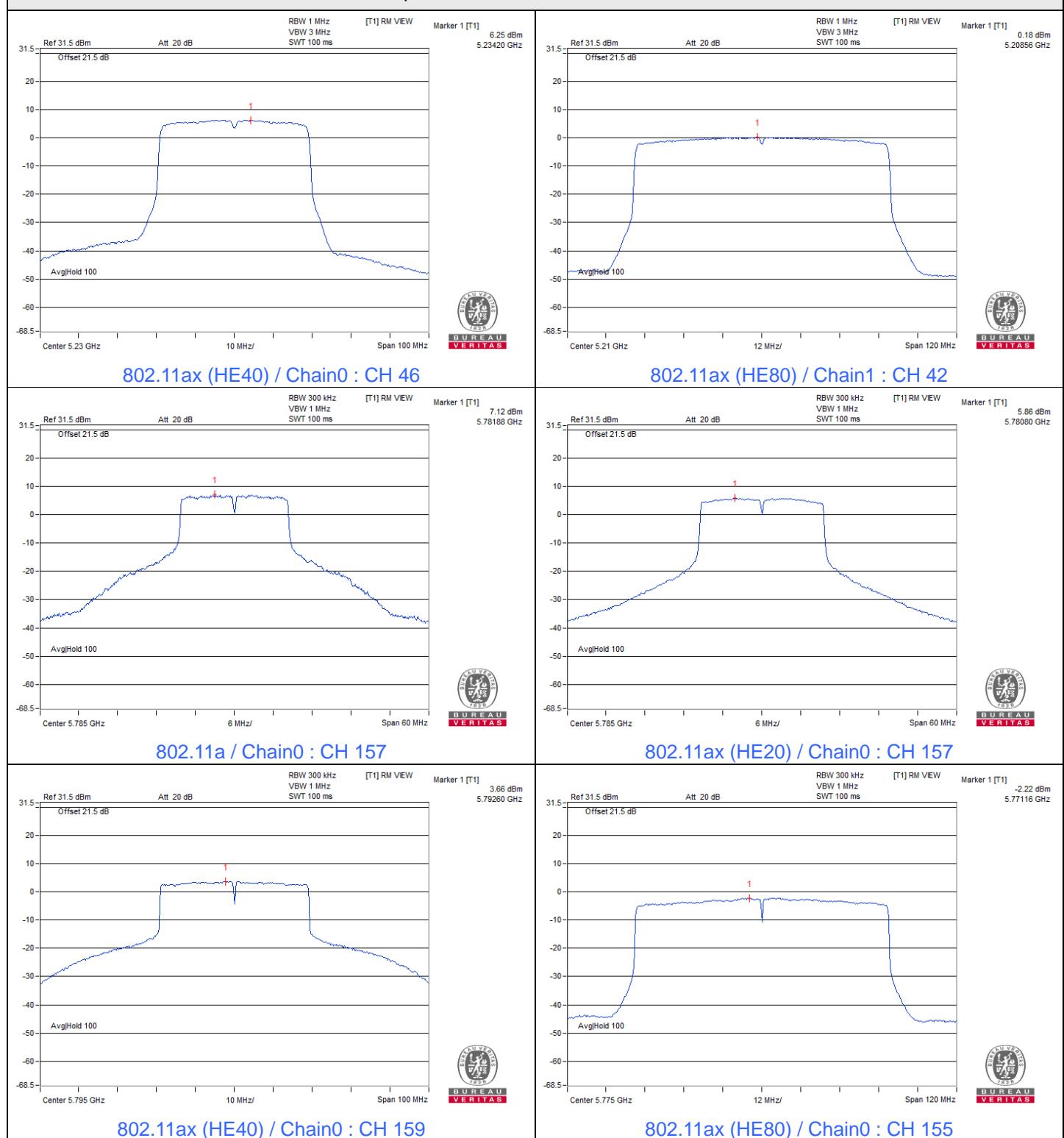
Chan.	Chan. Freq. (MHz)	PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)		Total PSD w/o Duty Factor (dBm/300kHz)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1					
155	5775	-2.22	-2.57	0.62	0.27	3.11	28.53	Pass

Notes:

1. Method E) 2) b) Measure and sum spectral maxima across the outputs of KDB 662911 is using for calculating total power density.
2. Directional gain =  $10 \log[(10^{\text{Chain0/20}} + 10^{\text{Chain1/20}})^2 / 2]$
3. For U-NII-3, the directional gain is 7.47 dBi > 6 dBi, so the power density limit shall be reduced to 30-(7.47-6) = 28.53 dBm/500kHz.



### Spectrum Plot of Maximum Value



### 7.3 6 dB Bandwidth

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Kevin Ko
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#### 802.11a

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
149	5745	15.40	15.98	0.5	Pass
157	5785	16.31	16.01	0.5	Pass
165	5825	16.02	15.64	0.5	Pass

#### 802.11ax (HE20)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
149	5745	18.52	17.98	0.5	Pass
157	5785	18.52	15.97	0.5	Pass
165	5825	18.16	18.68	0.5	Pass

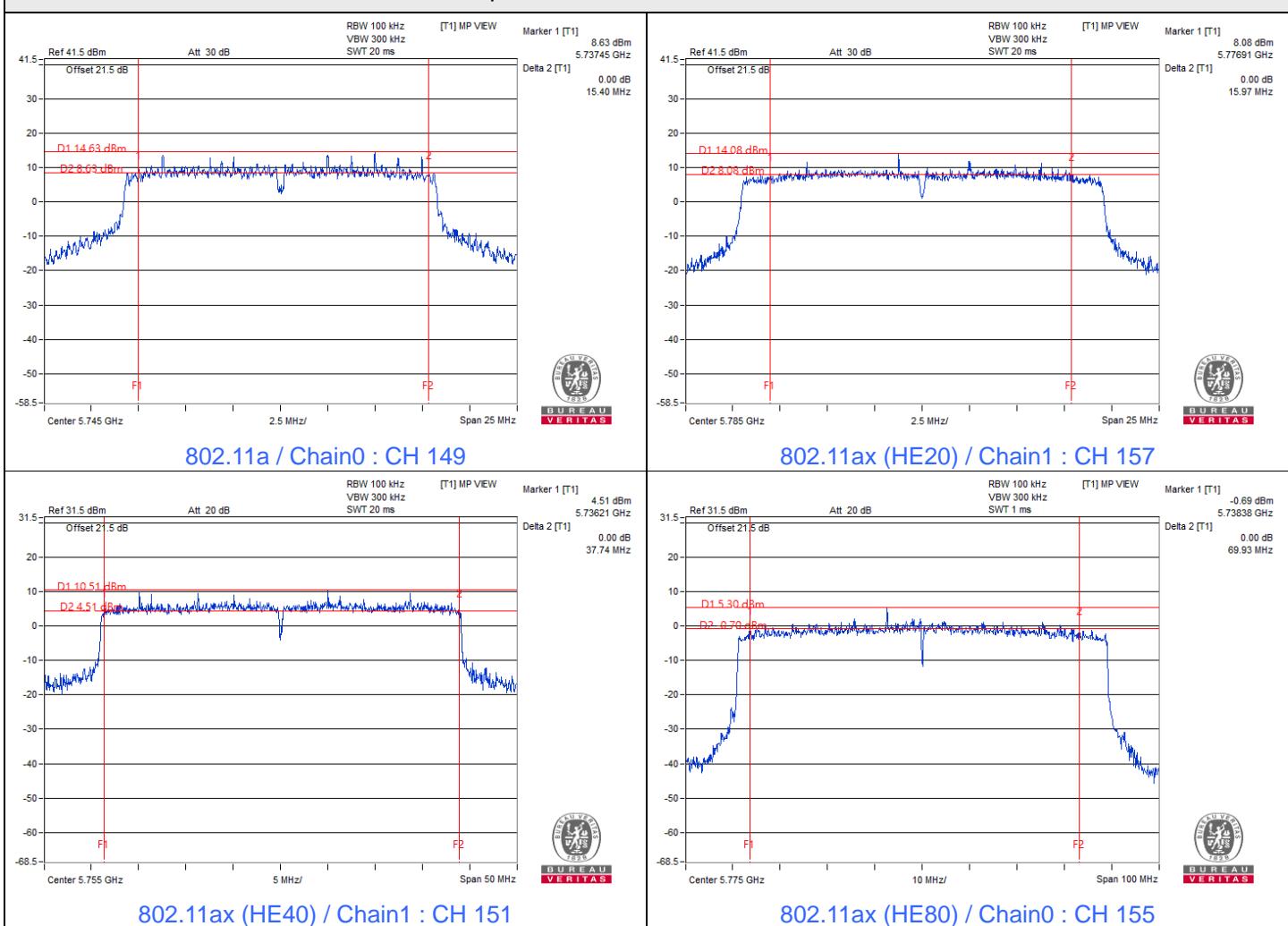
#### 802.11ax (HE40)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
151	5755	37.97	37.74	0.5	Pass
159	5795	37.80	38.14	0.5	Pass

#### 802.11ax (HE80)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Minimum Limit (MHz)	Test Result
		Chain 0	Chain 1		
155	5775	69.93	77.61	0.5	Pass

### Spectrum Plot of Minimum Value



## 7.4 Occupied Bandwidth

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Kevin Ko
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### 802.11a

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
36	5180	16.44	16.44
40	5200	16.50	16.50
48	5240	16.56	16.62
149	5745	16.62	16.68
157	5785	17.10	16.50
165	5825	17.04	16.56

### 802.11ax (HE20)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
36	5180	18.96	18.96
40	5200	18.96	19.02
48	5240	19.08	19.02
149	5745	19.02	19.02
157	5785	19.02	18.90
165	5825	19.02	18.96

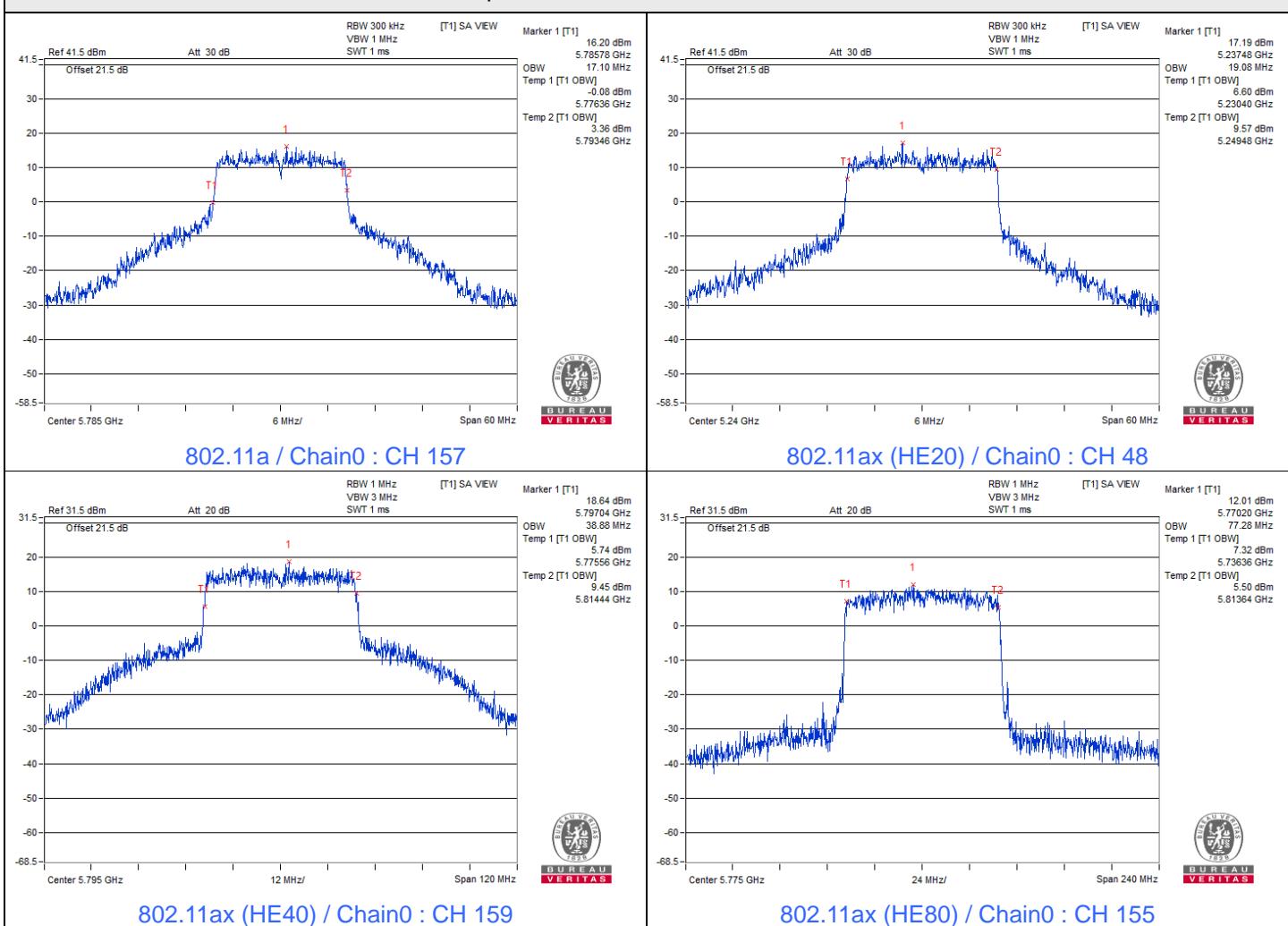
### 802.11ax (HE40)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
38	5190	37.92	37.92
46	5230	37.92	37.92
151	5755	38.52	38.16
159	5795	38.88	38.52

### 802.11ax (HE80)

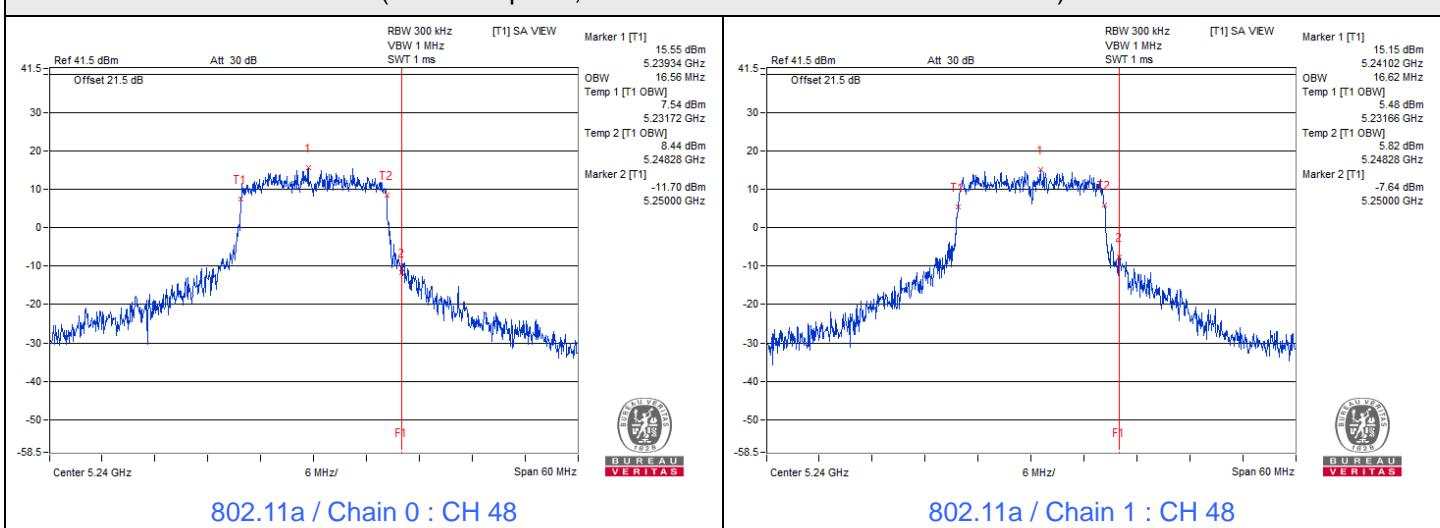
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
		Chain 0	Chain 1
42	5210	77.04	76.80
155	5775	77.28	77.28

### Spectrum Plot of Maximum Value



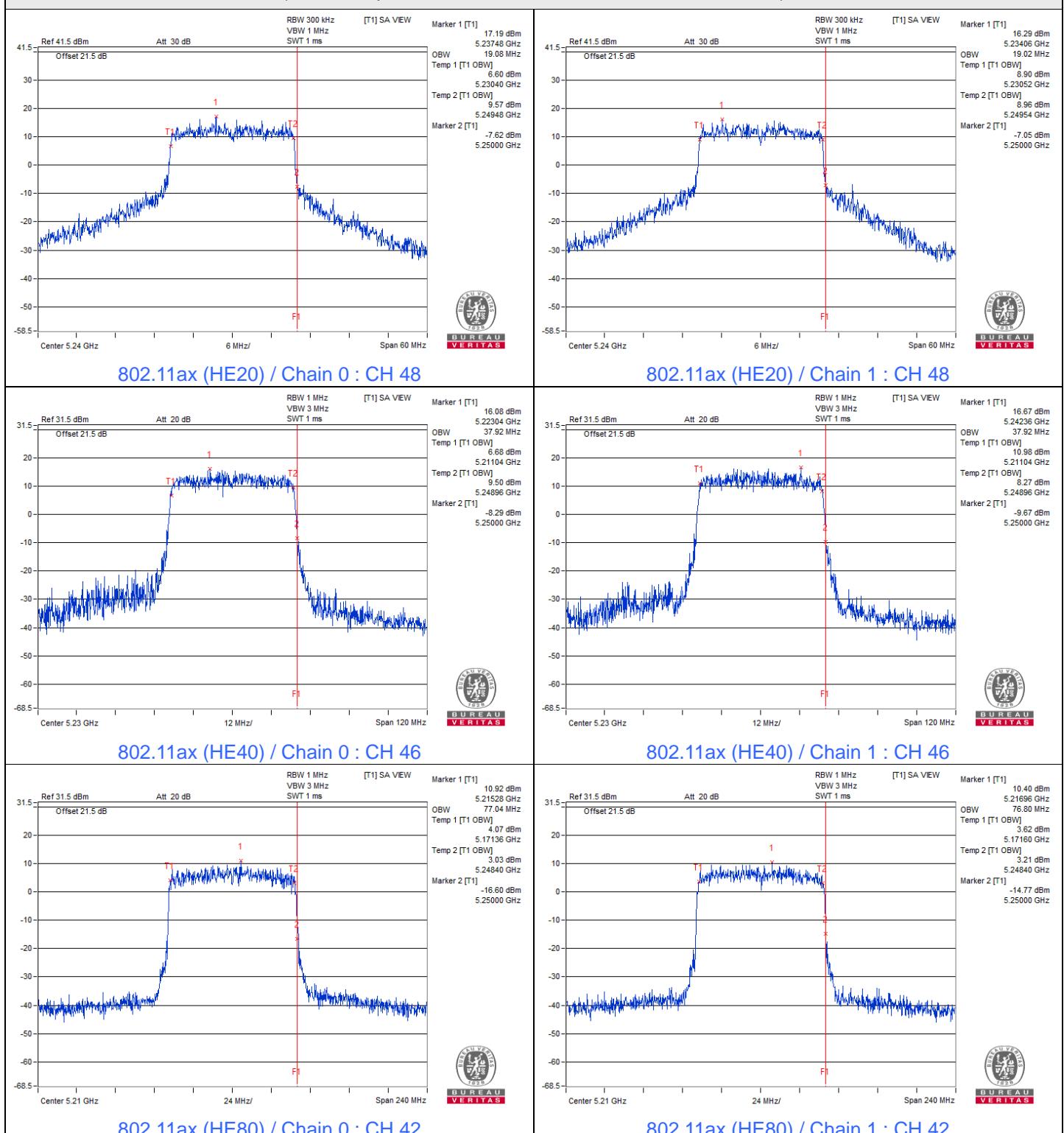
### Spectrum Plot for nearby DFS band

(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2A band)



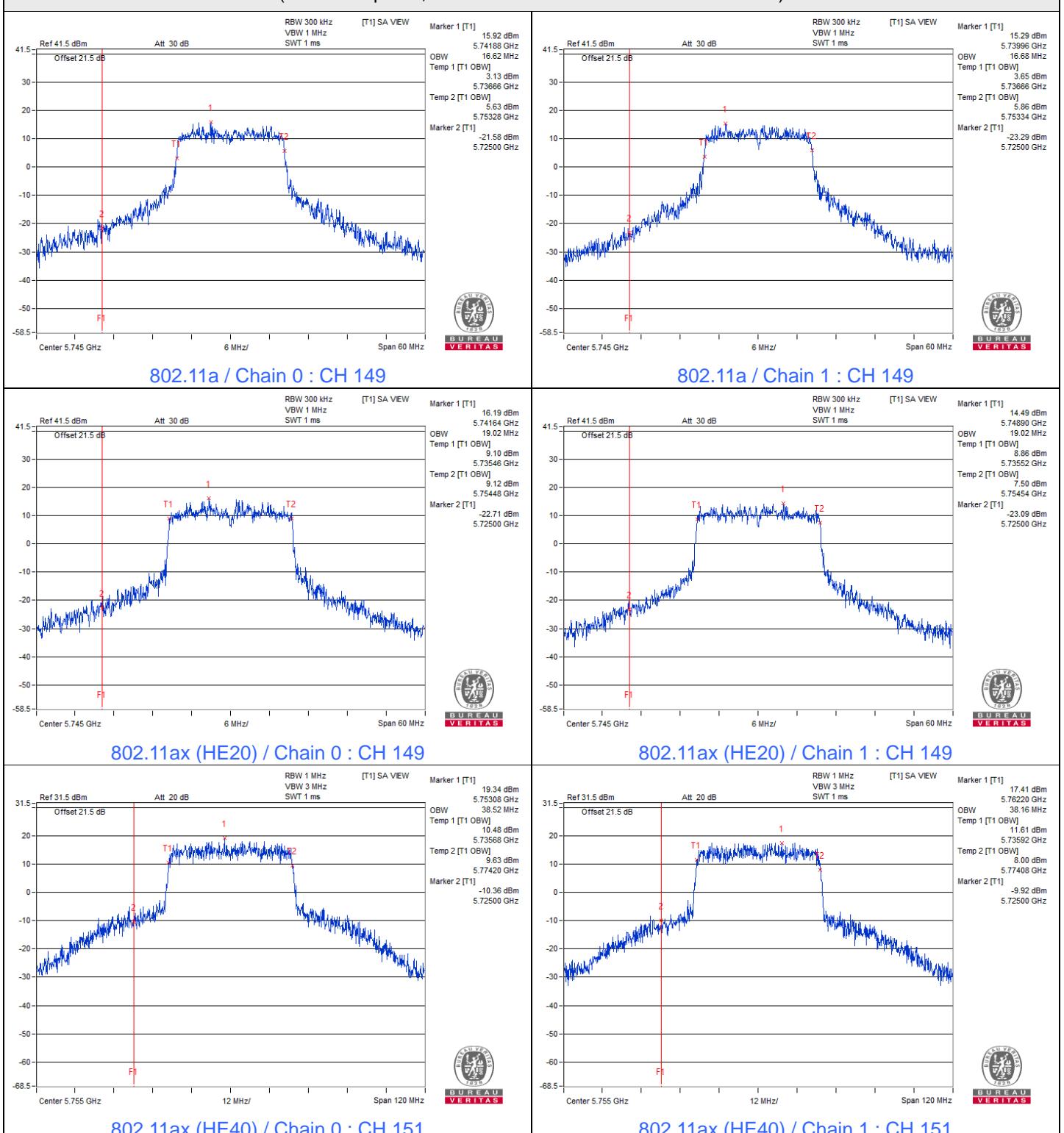
### Spectrum Plot for nearby DFS band

(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2A band)



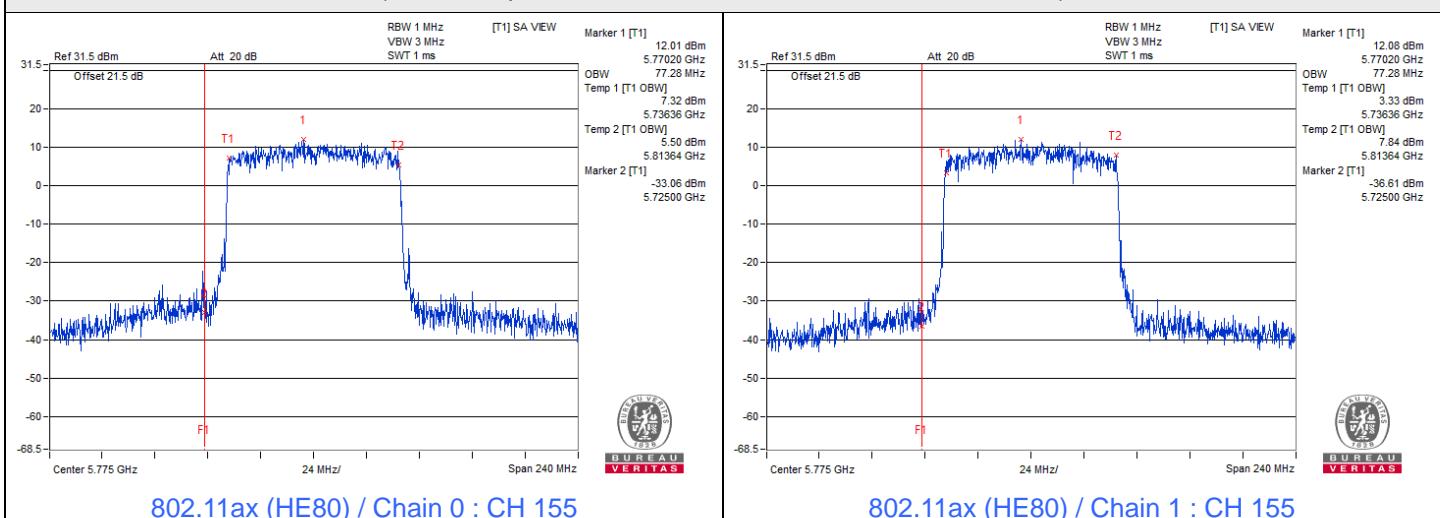
### Spectrum Plot for nearby DFS band

(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2C band)



### Spectrum Plot for nearby DFS band

(DFS is required, if 99% OCP straddle into U-NII-2C band)



## 7.5 Frequency Stability

Input Power:	120 Vac, 60 Hz	Environmental Conditions:	25°C, 60% RH	Tested By:	Kevin Ko
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802.11a

### Frequency Stability Versus Temp.

Operating Frequency: 5180 MHz

TEMP. (°C)	Power Supply (Vac)	0 Minute		2 Minutes		5 Minutes		10 Minutes	
		Measured Frequency (MHz)	Test Result						
40	120	5180.0263	Pass	5180.0252	Pass	5180.022	Pass	5180.0262	Pass
30	120	5180.0127	Pass	5180.0086	Pass	5180.012	Pass	5180.012	Pass
20	120	5180.0183	Pass	5180.0159	Pass	5180.0181	Pass	5180.0193	Pass
10	120	5179.9779	Pass	5179.9745	Pass	5179.9783	Pass	5179.9787	Pass
0	120	5179.9896	Pass	5179.9893	Pass	5179.9939	Pass	5179.9905	Pass

### Frequency Stability Versus Voltage

Operating Frequency: 5180 MHz

TEMP. (°C)	Power Supply (Vac)	0 Minute		2 Minutes		5 Minutes		10 Minutes	
		Measured Frequency (MHz)	Test Result						
20	138	5180.0138	Pass	5180.0108	Pass	5180.0133	Pass	5180.0138	Pass
	120	5180.0183	Pass	5180.0159	Pass	5180.0181	Pass	5180.0193	Pass
	102	5180.0222	Pass	5180.0225	Pass	5180.0188	Pass	5180.021	Pass

## 7.6 AC Power Conducted Emissions

<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Resolution Bandwidth</b>	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	25°C, 75% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Phase Of Power : Line (L)										
No	Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor (dB)	Reading Value (dBuV)		Emission Level (dBuV)		Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)	
			Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.	Q.P.	AV.
1	0.15000	9.95	46.78	30.81	56.73	40.76	66.00	56.00	-9.27	-15.24
2	0.16172	9.95	43.59	26.90	53.54	36.85	65.38	55.38	-11.84	-18.53
3	0.18125	9.96	38.80	24.18	48.76	34.14	64.43	54.43	-15.67	-20.29
4	0.23203	9.96	30.13	16.04	40.09	26.00	62.38	52.38	-22.29	-26.38
5	0.32578	9.96	34.61	24.31	44.57	34.27	59.56	49.56	-14.99	-15.29
6	8.75391	10.52	22.48	16.49	33.00	27.01	60.00	50.00	-27.00	-22.99

### Remarks:

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Resolution Bandwidth</b>	Quasi-Peak (QP) / Average (AV), 9 kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	25°C, 75% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

**Phase Of Power : Neutral (N)**

<b>No</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Correction Factor (dB)</b>	<b>Reading Value (dBuV)</b>		<b>Emission Level (dBuV)</b>		<b>Limit (dBuV)</b>		<b>Margin (dB)</b>	
			<b>Q.P.</b>	<b>AV.</b>	<b>Q.P.</b>	<b>AV.</b>	<b>Q.P.</b>	<b>AV.</b>	<b>Q.P.</b>	<b>AV.</b>
1	0.15000	9.95	45.05	28.95	55.00	38.90	66.00	56.00	-11.00	-17.10
2	0.16562	9.95	38.69	23.99	48.64	33.94	65.18	55.18	-16.54	-21.24
3	0.20859	9.96	33.86	20.74	43.82	30.70	63.26	53.26	-19.44	-22.56
4	0.26719	9.96	31.90	27.71	41.86	37.67	61.20	51.20	-19.34	-13.53
5	0.32969	9.96	34.57	22.71	44.53	32.67	59.46	49.46	-14.93	-16.79
6	8.66016	10.45	22.71	16.70	33.16	27.15	60.00	50.00	-26.84	-22.85

**Remarks:**

1. Q.P. and AV. are abbreviations of quasi-peak and average individually.
2. The emission levels of other frequencies were very low against the limit.
3. Margin value = Emission level – Limit value
4. Correction factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
5. Emission Level = Correction Factor + Reading Value



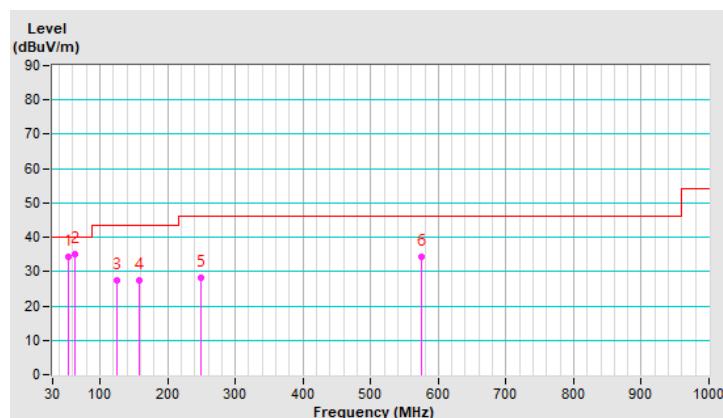
## 7.7 Unwanted Emissions below 1 GHz

<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(QP) RB = 120kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

<b>Antenna Polarity &amp; Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m</b>								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	53.24	34.2 QP	40.0	-5.8	1.00 H	36	42.6	-8.4
2	63.03	35.1 QP	40.0	-4.9	1.50 H	142	44.5	-9.4
3	125.01	27.3 QP	43.5	-16.2	2.00 H	247	36.9	-9.6
4	157.56	27.3 QP	43.5	-16.2	1.50 H	136	35.5	-8.2
5	250.04	28.3 QP	46.0	-17.7	1.50 H	39	37.9	-9.6
6	576.03	34.2 QP	46.0	-11.8	1.50 H	351	35.3	-1.1

### Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.

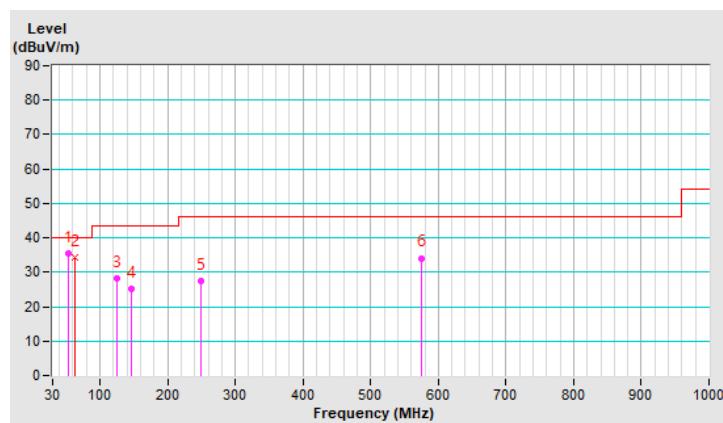


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	9 kHz ~ 1 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(QP) RB = 120kHz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	52.69	35.5 QP	40.0	-4.5	1.50 V	183	43.8	-8.3
2	63.81	34.2 QP	40.0	-5.8	1.01 V	267	43.5	-9.3
3	125.02	28.1 QP	43.5	-15.4	1.50 V	28	37.7	-9.6
4	147.03	25.3 QP	43.5	-18.2	1.00 V	132	33.2	-7.9
5	250.01	27.4 QP	46.0	-18.6	2.00 V	352	37.0	-9.6
6	576.03	34.1 QP	46.0	-11.9	1.50 V	338	35.2	-1.1

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz.
5. The emission levels were very low against the limit of frequency range 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value to be report.



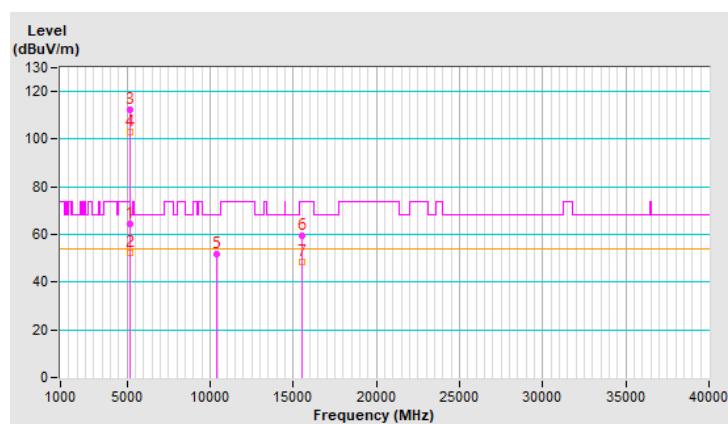
## 7.8 Unwanted Emissions above 1 GHz

<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5148.30	64.3 PK	74.0	-9.7	1.25 H	162	59.5	4.8
2	5148.30	52.4 AV	54.0	-1.6	1.25 H	162	47.6	4.8
3	*5180.00	112.4 PK			1.25 H	162	107.7	4.7
4	*5180.00	103.0 AV			1.25 H	162	98.3	4.7
5	#10360.00	51.9 PK	68.2	-16.3	1.32 H	208	37.7	14.2
6	15540.00	59.7 PK	74.0	-14.3	3.95 H	54	45.3	14.4
7	15540.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.95 H	54	34.0	14.4

### Remarks:

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

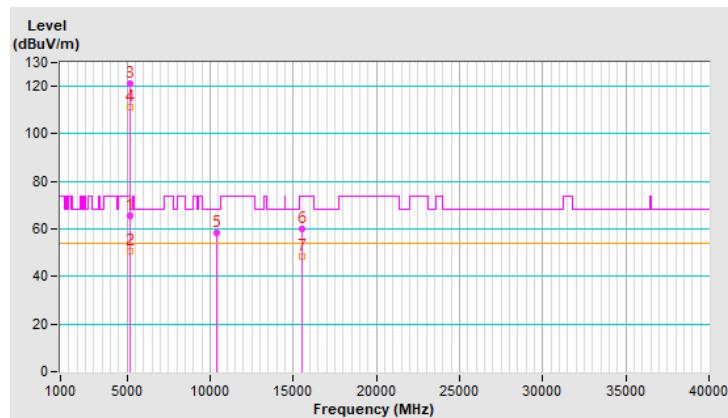


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.14	65.3 PK	74.0	-8.7	2.53 V	176	60.5	4.8
2	5147.14	50.7 AV	54.0	-3.3	2.53 V	176	45.9	4.8
3	*5180.00	121.3 PK			2.53 V	176	116.6	4.7
4	*5180.00	111.5 AV			2.53 V	176	106.8	4.7
5	#10360.00	58.2 PK	68.2	-10.0	3.85 V	122	44.0	14.2
6	15540.00	59.9 PK	74.0	-14.1	3.87 V	95	45.5	14.4
7	15540.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.87 V	95	34.0	14.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

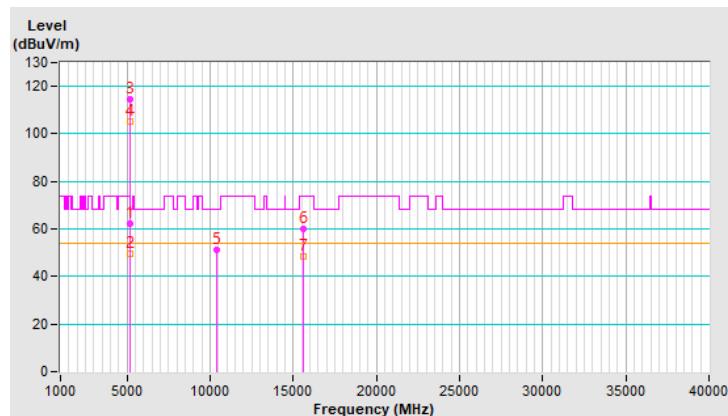


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	62.2 PK	74.0	-11.8	1.30 H	157	57.4	4.8
2	5150.00	49.8 AV	54.0	-4.2	1.30 H	157	45.0	4.8
3	*5200.00	114.7 PK			1.30 H	157	110.1	4.6
4	*5200.00	105.2 AV			1.30 H	157	100.6	4.6
5	#10400.00	51.3 PK	68.2	-16.9	1.29 H	210	37.1	14.2
6	15600.00	59.9 PK	74.0	-14.1	3.95 H	63	45.1	14.8
7	15600.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.95 H	63	33.6	14.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

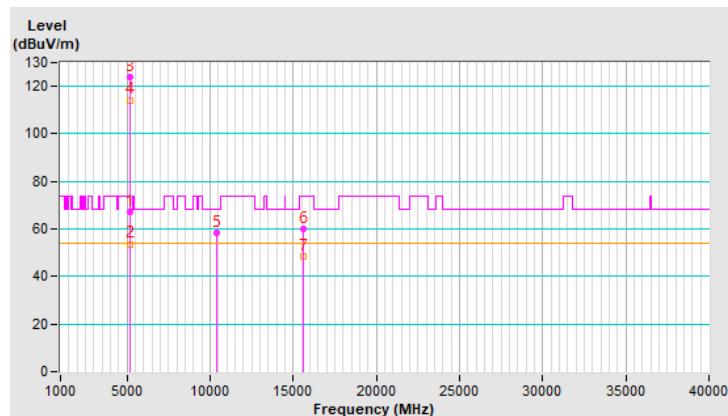


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	67.3 PK	74.0	-6.7	2.55 V	162	62.5	4.8
2	5150.00	53.7 AV	54.0	-0.3	2.55 V	162	48.9	4.8
3	*5200.00	123.9 PK			2.55 V	162	119.3	4.6
4	*5200.00	114.3 AV			2.55 V	162	109.7	4.6
5	#10400.00	58.4 PK	68.2	-9.8	3.84 V	118	44.2	14.2
6	15600.00	60.1 PK	74.0	-13.9	3.88 V	76	45.3	14.8
7	15600.00	48.6 AV	54.0	-5.4	3.88 V	76	33.8	14.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

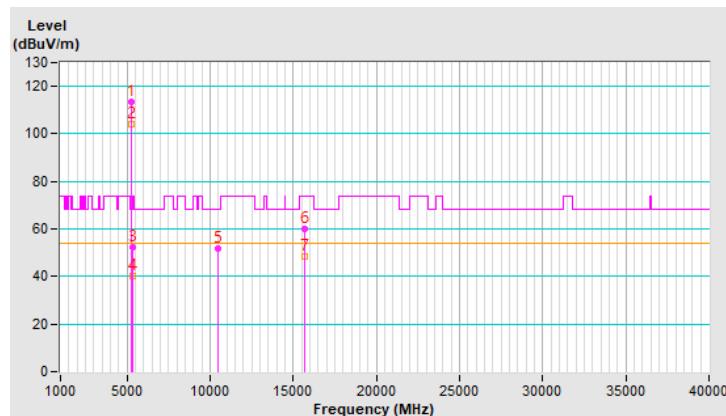


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	113.3 PK			1.40 H	164	108.9	4.4
2	*5240.00	104.2 AV			1.40 H	164	99.8	4.4
3	5350.00	52.5 PK	74.0	-21.5	1.40 H	164	47.9	4.6
4	5350.00	40.3 AV	54.0	-13.7	1.40 H	164	35.7	4.6
5	#10480.00	51.9 PK	68.2	-16.3	1.34 H	201	37.5	14.4
6	15720.00	59.9 PK	74.0	-14.1	3.96 H	50	46.4	13.5
7	15720.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.96 H	50	34.9	13.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

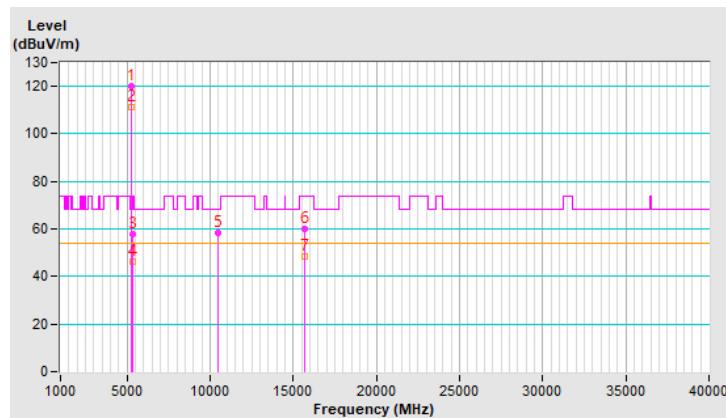


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	120.0 PK			2.57 V	162	115.6	4.4
2	*5240.00	111.4 AV			2.57 V	162	107.0	4.4
3	5350.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	2.57 V	162	53.3	4.6
4	5350.00	46.3 AV	54.0	-7.7	2.57 V	162	41.7	4.6
5	#10480.00	58.3 PK	68.2	-9.9	3.90 V	118	43.9	14.4
6	15720.00	60.1 PK	74.0	-13.9	3.84 V	87	46.6	13.5
7	15720.00	48.7 AV	54.0	-5.3	3.84 V	87	35.2	13.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

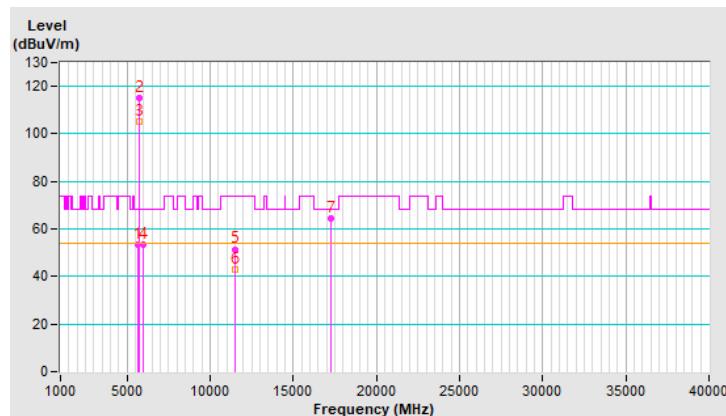


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5643.67	53.4 PK	68.2	-14.8	1.50 H	158	48.5	4.9
2	*5745.00	115.1 PK			1.50 H	158	110.0	5.1
3	*5745.00	105.3 AV			1.50 H	158	100.2	5.1
4	#5970.40	53.2 PK	68.2	-15.0	1.50 H	158	47.7	5.5
5	11490.00	51.5 PK	74.0	-22.5	1.28 H	191	36.4	15.1
6	11490.00	43.1 AV	54.0	-10.9	1.28 H	191	28.0	15.1
7	#17235.00	64.4 PK	68.2	-3.8	3.97 H	45	46.1	18.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

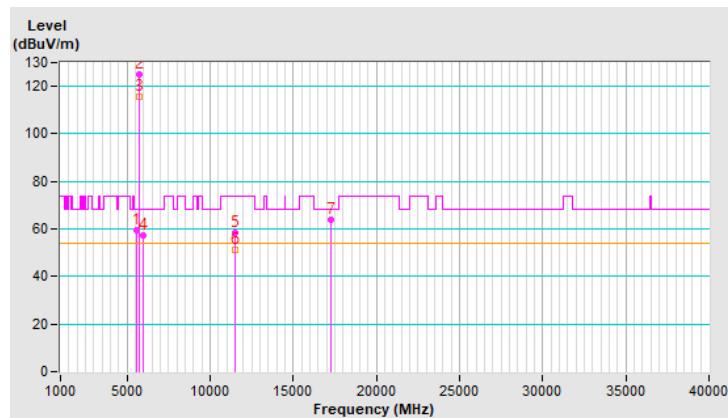


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5555.56	59.6 PK	68.2	-8.6	2.24 V	190	54.8	4.8
2	*5745.00	124.8 PK			2.24 V	190	119.7	5.1
3	*5745.00	115.6 AV			2.24 V	190	110.5	5.1
4	#5940.83	57.2 PK	68.2	-11.0	2.24 V	190	51.7	5.5
5	11490.00	58.3 PK	74.0	-15.7	3.87 V	122	43.2	15.1
6	11490.00	51.4 AV	54.0	-2.6	3.87 V	122	36.3	15.1
7	#17235.00	63.9 PK	68.2	-4.3	3.82 V	97	45.6	18.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

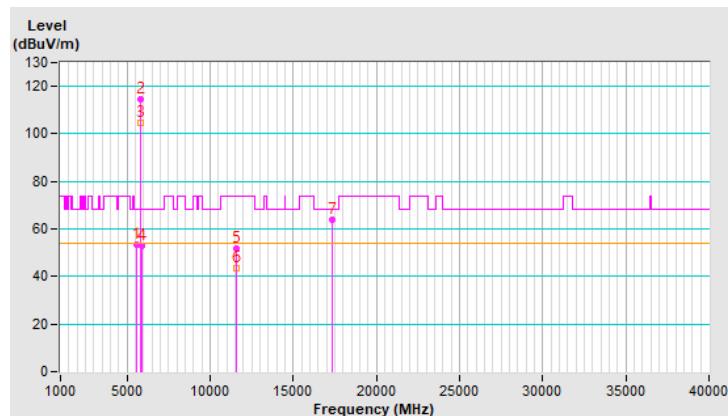


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5572.23	53.3 PK	68.2	-14.9	1.47 H	155	48.5	4.8
2	*5785.00	114.6 PK			1.47 H	155	109.4	5.2
3	*5785.00	104.7 AV			1.47 H	155	99.5	5.2
4	#5934.20	52.7 PK	68.2	-15.5	1.47 H	155	47.2	5.5
5	11570.00	51.9 PK	74.0	-22.1	1.29 H	207	36.8	15.1
6	11570.00	43.4 AV	54.0	-10.6	1.29 H	207	28.3	15.1
7	#17355.00	63.8 PK	68.2	-4.4	3.95 H	61	44.9	18.9

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

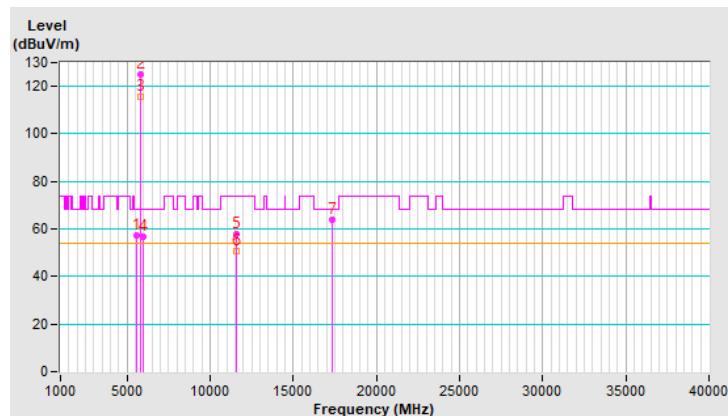


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5597.48	57.5 PK	68.2	-10.7	2.30 V	193	52.6	4.9
2	*5785.00	125.0 PK			2.30 V	193	119.8	5.2
3	*5785.00	115.6 AV			2.30 V	193	110.4	5.2
4	#5952.18	56.6 PK	68.2	-11.6	2.30 V	193	51.1	5.5
5	11570.00	57.7 PK	74.0	-16.3	3.87 V	114	42.6	15.1
6	11570.00	50.7 AV	54.0	-3.3	3.87 V	114	35.6	15.1
7	#17355.00	64.1 PK	68.2	-4.1	3.89 V	74	45.2	18.9

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

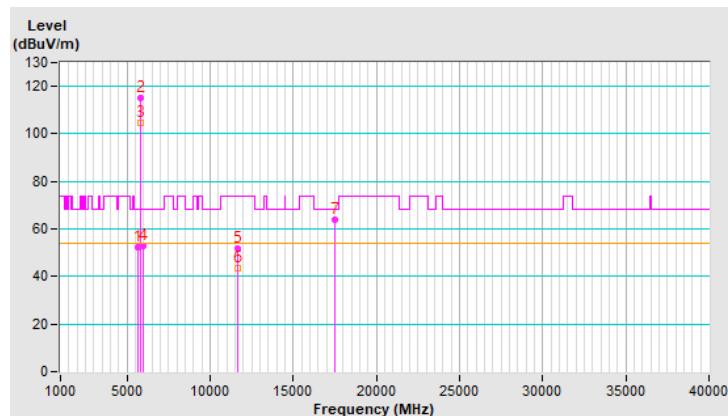


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5634.36	52.1 PK	68.2	-16.1	1.99 H	223	47.2	4.9
2	*5825.00	114.9 PK			1.99 H	223	109.6	5.3
3	*5825.00	104.8 AV			1.99 H	223	99.5	5.3
4	#5988.38	53.1 PK	68.2	-15.1	1.99 H	223	47.6	5.5
5	11650.00	51.9 PK	74.0	-22.1	1.31 H	193	36.9	15.0
6	11650.00	43.6 AV	54.0	-10.4	1.31 H	193	28.6	15.0
7	#17475.00	63.9 PK	68.2	-4.3	3.96 H	54	44.9	19.0

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

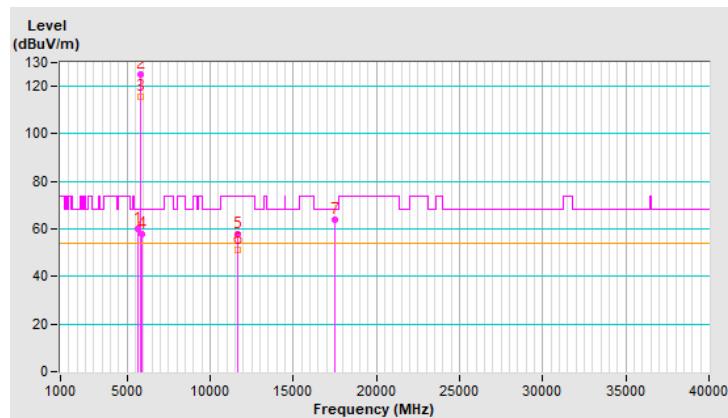


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11a	<b>Channel</b>	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 510 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5639.85	59.8 PK	68.2	-8.4	1.95 V	198	54.9	4.9
2	*5825.00	124.9 PK			1.95 V	198	119.6	5.3
3	*5825.00	115.7 AV			1.95 V	198	110.4	5.3
4	#5931.88	57.9 PK	68.2	-10.3	1.95 V	198	52.4	5.5
5	11650.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	3.84 V	125	42.9	15.0
6	11650.00	51.2 AV	54.0	-2.8	3.84 V	125	36.2	15.0
7	#17475.00	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	3.85 V	89	45.0	19.0

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

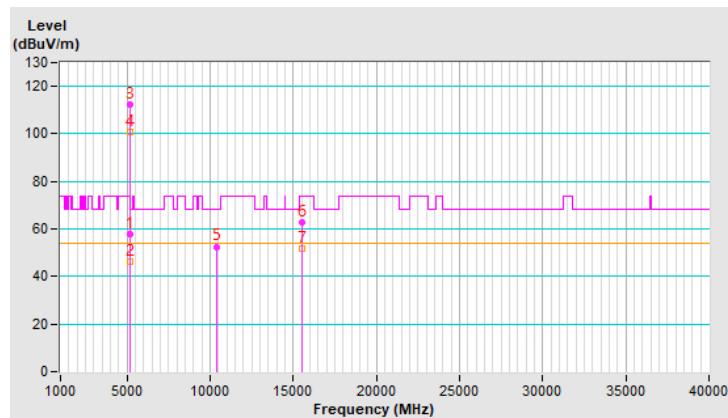


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5148.00	57.6 PK	74.0	-16.4	1.34 H	160	52.8	4.8
2	5148.00	46.2 AV	54.0	-7.8	1.34 H	160	41.4	4.8
3	*5180.00	112.5 PK			1.34 H	160	107.8	4.7
4	*5180.00	100.8 AV			1.34 H	160	96.1	4.7
5	#10360.00	52.6 PK	68.2	-15.6	1.37 H	192	38.4	14.2
6	15540.00	62.7 PK	74.0	-11.3	3.87 H	69	48.3	14.4
7	15540.00	51.9 AV	54.0	-2.1	3.87 H	69	37.5	14.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

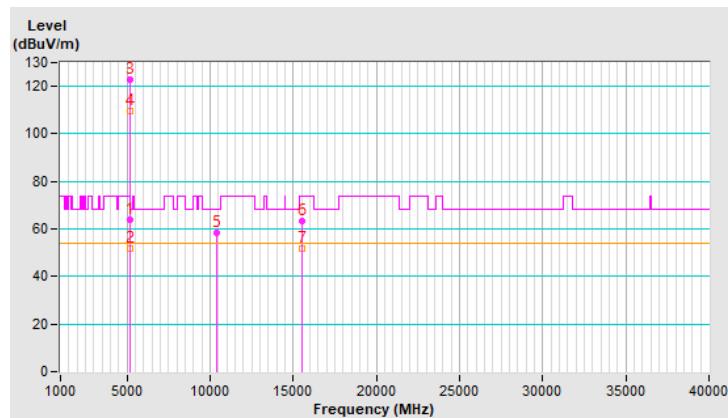


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 36 : 5180 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	63.9 PK	74.0	-10.1	2.40 V	202	59.1	4.8
2	5150.00	52.0 AV	54.0	-2.0	2.40 V	202	47.2	4.8
3	*5180.00	122.7 PK			2.40 V	202	118.0	4.7
4	*5180.00	109.7 AV			2.40 V	202	105.0	4.7
5	#10360.00	58.5 PK	68.2	-9.7	3.76 V	138	44.3	14.2
6	15540.00	63.5 PK	74.0	-10.5	3.81 V	97	49.1	14.4
7	15540.00	51.7 AV	54.0	-2.3	3.81 V	97	37.3	14.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

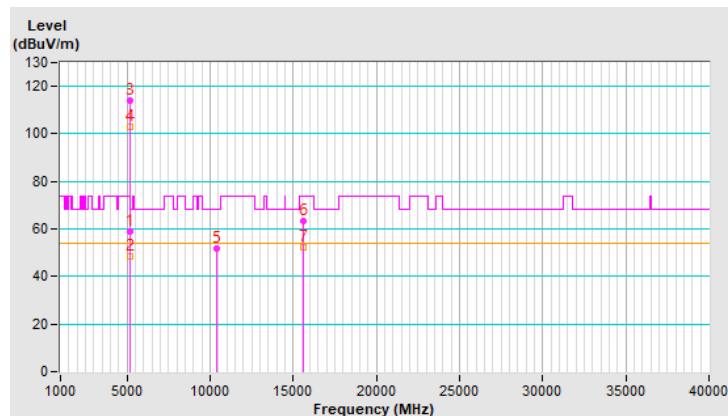


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	58.7 PK	74.0	-15.3	1.20 H	172	53.9	4.8
2	5150.00	48.3 AV	54.0	-5.7	1.20 H	172	43.5	4.8
3	*5200.00	114.1 PK			1.20 H	172	109.5	4.6
4	*5200.00	103.1 AV			1.20 H	172	98.5	4.6
5	#10400.00	51.9 PK	68.2	-16.3	1.41 H	192	37.7	14.2
6	15600.00	63.2 PK	74.0	-10.8	3.94 H	55	48.4	14.8
7	15600.00	52.2 AV	54.0	-1.8	3.94 H	55	37.4	14.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

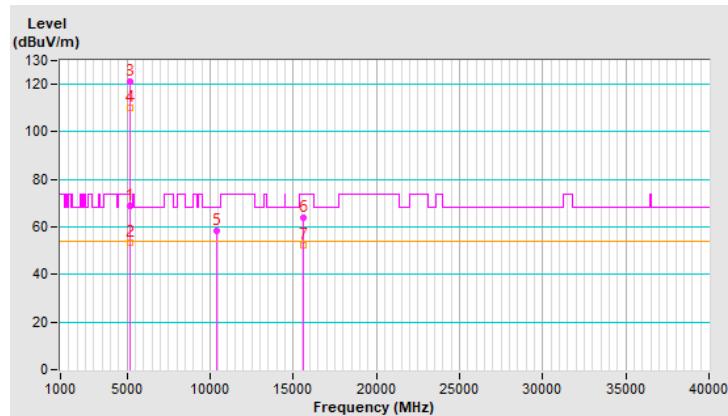


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 40 : 5200 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	68.8 PK	74.0	-5.2	2.53 V	194	64.0	4.8
2	5150.00	53.5 AV	54.0	-0.5	2.53 V	194	48.7	4.8
3	*5200.00	121.0 PK			2.53 V	194	116.4	4.6
4	*5200.00	110.4 AV			2.53 V	194	105.8	4.6
5	#10400.00	58.4 PK	68.2	-9.8	3.82 V	144	44.2	14.2
6	15600.00	64.0 PK	74.0	-10.0	3.89 V	97	49.2	14.8
7	15600.00	52.4 AV	54.0	-1.6	3.89 V	97	37.6	14.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

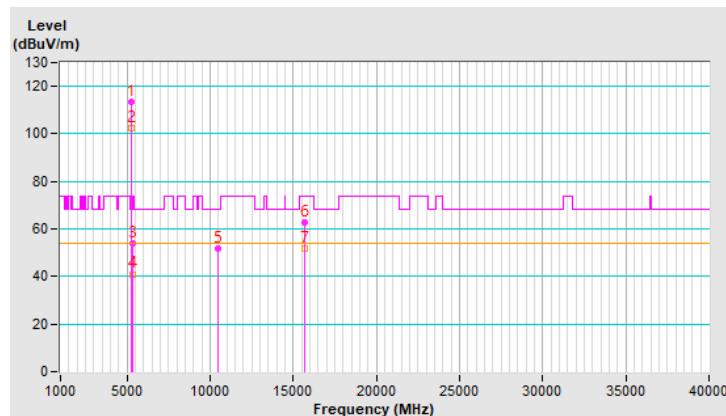


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	113.5 PK			1.26 H	164	109.1	4.4
2	*5240.00	102.6 AV			1.26 H	164	98.2	4.4
3	5350.00	53.9 PK	74.0	-20.1	1.26 H	164	49.3	4.6
4	5350.00	41.0 AV	54.0	-13.0	1.26 H	164	36.4	4.6
5	#10480.00	51.9 PK	68.2	-16.3	1.38 H	196	37.5	14.4
6	15720.00	62.6 PK	74.0	-11.4	3.96 H	62	49.1	13.5
7	15720.00	51.7 AV	54.0	-2.3	3.96 H	62	38.2	13.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

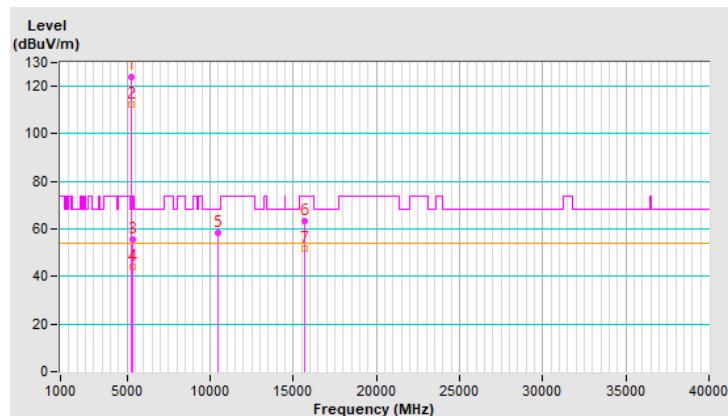


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 48 : 5240 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	*5240.00	124.2 PK			2.24 V	196	119.8	4.4
2	*5240.00	112.1 AV			2.24 V	196	107.7	4.4
3	5350.00	55.8 PK	74.0	-18.2	2.24 V	196	51.2	4.6
4	5350.00	44.2 AV	54.0	-9.8	2.24 V	196	39.6	4.6
5	#10480.00	58.4 PK	68.2	-9.8	3.83 V	146	44.0	14.4
6	15720.00	63.5 PK	74.0	-10.5	3.85 V	83	50.0	13.5
7	15720.00	51.8 AV	54.0	-2.2	3.85 V	83	38.3	13.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

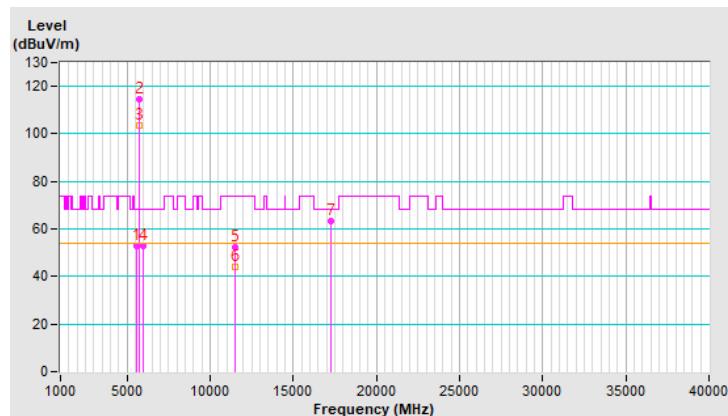


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5571.68	53.1 PK	68.2	-15.1	1.03 H	159	48.3	4.8
2	*5745.00	114.7 PK			1.03 H	159	109.6	5.1
3	*5745.00	103.4 AV			1.03 H	159	98.3	5.1
4	#5942.85	52.7 PK	68.2	-15.5	1.03 H	159	47.2	5.5
5	11490.00	52.1 PK	74.0	-21.9	1.35 H	189	37.0	15.1
6	11490.00	43.8 AV	54.0	-10.2	1.35 H	189	28.7	15.1
7	#17235.00	63.5 PK	68.2	-4.7	4.00 H	64	45.2	18.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

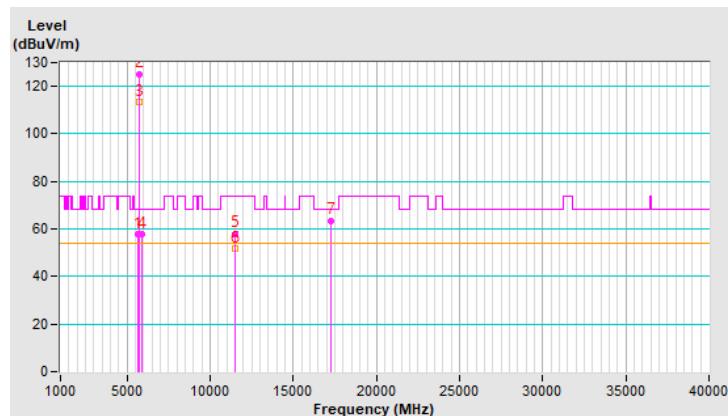


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 149 : 5745 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5640.30	57.8 PK	68.2	-10.4	2.14 V	192	52.9	4.9
2	*5745.00	125.3 PK			2.14 V	192	120.2	5.1
3	*5745.00	113.6 AV			2.14 V	192	108.5	5.1
4	#5931.31	57.9 PK	68.2	-10.3	2.14 V	192	52.4	5.5
5	11490.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	3.79 V	139	43.0	15.1
6	11490.00	51.6 AV	54.0	-2.4	3.79 V	139	36.5	15.1
7	#17235.00	63.6 PK	68.2	-4.6	3.84 V	91	45.3	18.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

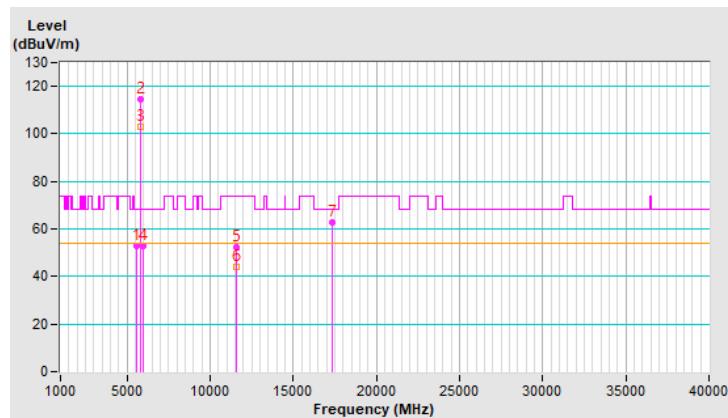


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5595.62	53.0 PK	68.2	-15.2	1.50 H	153	48.1	4.9
2	*5785.00	114.5 PK			1.50 H	153	109.3	5.2
3	*5785.00	103.2 AV			1.50 H	153	98.0	5.2
4	#5936.94	52.8 PK	68.2	-15.4	1.50 H	153	47.3	5.5
5	11570.00	52.3 PK	74.0	-21.7	1.32 H	184	37.2	15.1
6	11570.00	44.0 AV	54.0	-10.0	1.32 H	184	28.9	15.1
7	#17355.00	62.7 PK	68.2	-5.5	3.95 H	67	43.8	18.9

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

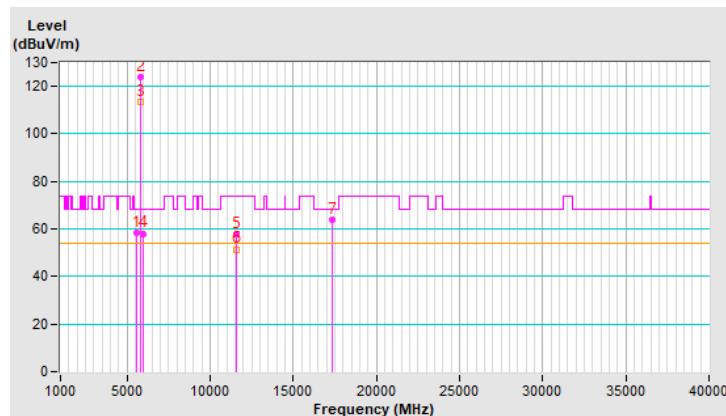


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 157 : 5785 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5595.79	58.5 PK	68.2	-9.7	2.11 V	188	53.6	4.9
2	*5785.00	124.0 PK			2.11 V	188	118.8	5.2
3	*5785.00	113.6 AV			2.11 V	188	108.4	5.2
4	#5935.60	58.1 PK	68.2	-10.1	2.11 V	188	52.6	5.5
5	11570.00	57.9 PK	74.0	-16.1	3.88 V	109	42.8	15.1
6	11570.00	51.5 AV	54.0	-2.5	3.88 V	109	36.4	15.1
7	#17355.00	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	3.88 V	105	45.1	18.9

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

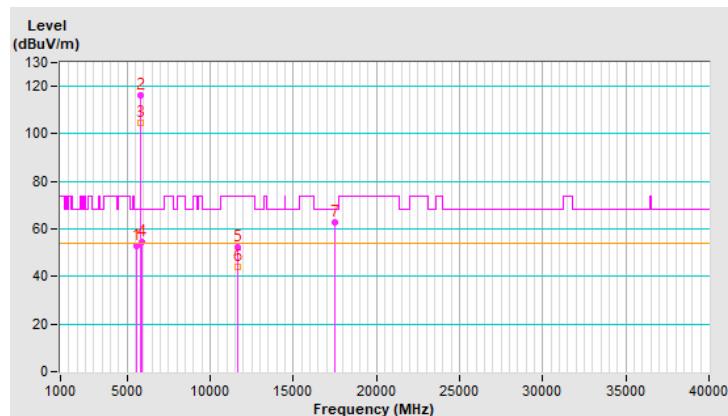


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5601.56	52.9 PK	68.2	-15.3	1.08 H	145	47.9	5.0
2	*5825.00	116.1 PK			1.08 H	145	110.8	5.3
3	*5825.00	104.4 AV			1.08 H	145	99.1	5.3
4	#5928.77	54.5 PK	68.2	-13.7	1.08 H	145	49.0	5.5
5	11650.00	52.3 PK	74.0	-21.7	1.36 H	184	37.3	15.0
6	11650.00	43.9 AV	54.0	-10.1	1.36 H	184	28.9	15.0
7	#17475.00	62.9 PK	68.2	-5.3	3.91 H	62	43.9	19.0

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

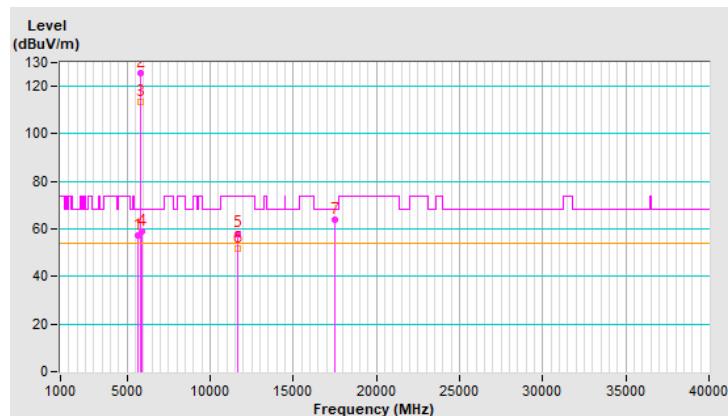


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE20)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 165 : 5825 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5624.22	57.5 PK	68.2	-10.7	2.20 V	188	52.6	4.9
2	*5825.00	125.5 PK			2.20 V	188	120.2	5.3
3	*5825.00	113.3 AV			2.20 V	188	108.0	5.3
4	#5929.31	58.9 PK	68.2	-9.3	2.20 V	188	53.4	5.5
5	11650.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	3.87 V	126	43.1	15.0
6	11650.00	51.7 AV	54.0	-2.3	3.87 V	126	36.7	15.0
7	#17475.00	63.8 PK	68.2	-4.4	3.90 V	82	44.8	19.0

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

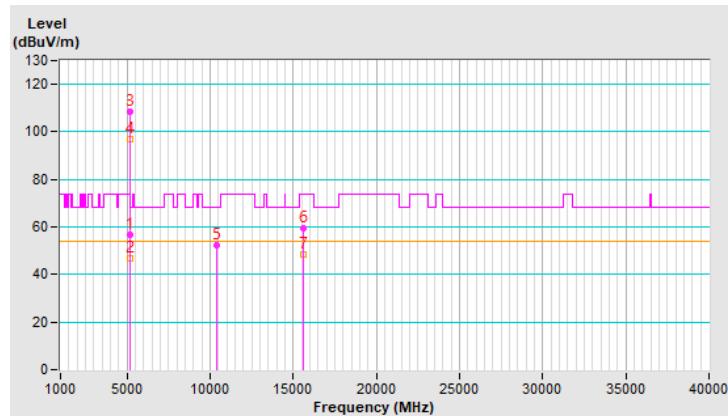


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 38 : 5190 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.86	56.5 PK	74.0	-17.5	1.28 H	163	51.7	4.8
2	5147.86	46.7 AV	54.0	-7.3	1.28 H	163	41.9	4.8
3	*5190.00	108.3 PK			1.28 H	163	103.7	4.6
4	*5190.00	96.7 AV			1.28 H	163	92.1	4.6
5	#10380.00	52.5 PK	68.2	-15.7	1.38 H	169	38.3	14.2
6	15570.00	59.3 PK	74.0	-14.7	3.91 H	41	44.8	14.5
7	15570.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.91 H	41	33.9	14.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

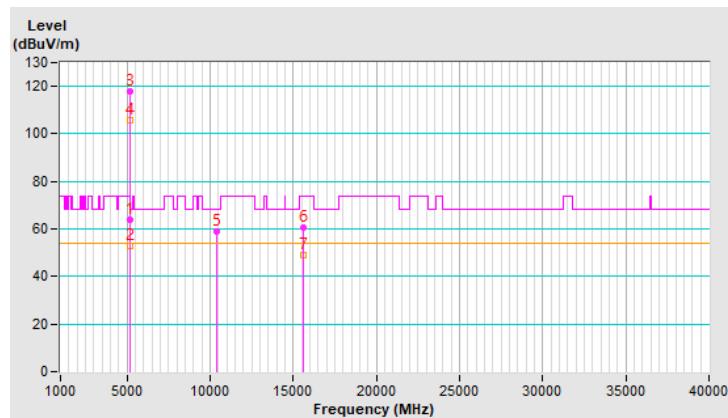


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 38 : 5190 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.86	63.8 PK	74.0	-10.2	2.35 V	202	59.0	4.8
2	5147.86	53.0 AV	54.0	-1.0	2.35 V	202	48.2	4.8
3	*5190.00	117.7 PK			2.35 V	202	113.1	4.6
4	*5190.00	105.7 AV			2.35 V	202	101.1	4.6
5	#10380.00	59.0 PK	68.2	-9.2	3.94 V	119	44.8	14.2
6	15570.00	60.6 PK	74.0	-13.4	3.83 V	78	46.1	14.5
7	15570.00	48.8 AV	54.0	-5.2	3.83 V	78	34.3	14.5

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

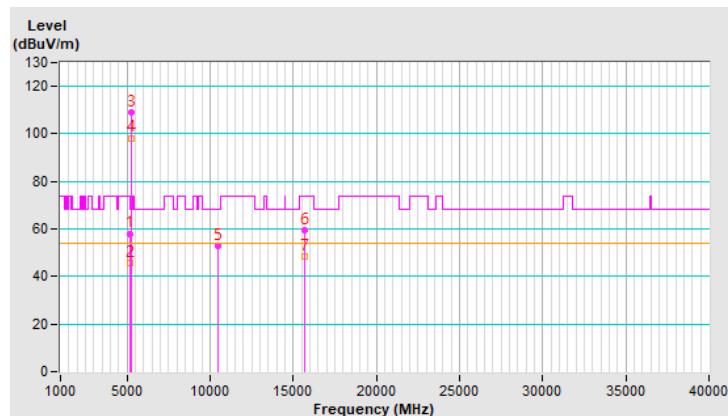


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 46 : 5230 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5150.00	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	1.30 H	162	53.3	4.8
2	5150.00	45.7 AV	54.0	-8.3	1.30 H	162	40.9	4.8
3	*5230.00	108.8 PK			1.30 H	162	104.3	4.5
4	*5230.00	98.3 AV			1.30 H	162	93.8	4.5
5	#10460.00	52.8 PK	68.2	-15.4	1.42 H	175	38.4	14.4
6	15690.00	59.3 PK	74.0	-14.7	3.93 H	47	45.6	13.7
7	15690.00	48.4 AV	54.0	-5.6	3.93 H	47	34.7	13.7

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

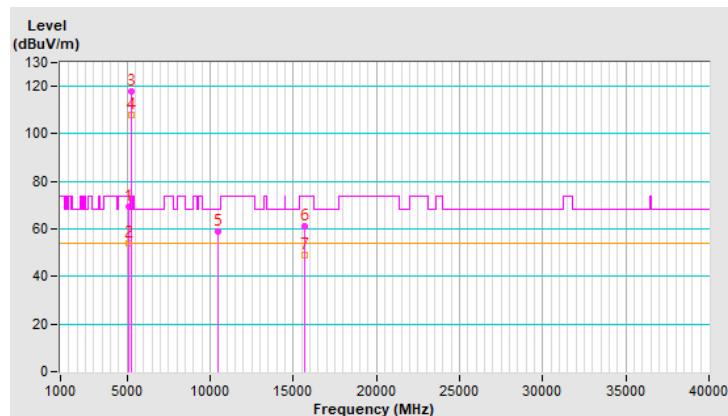


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 46 : 5230 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5143.97	69.5 PK	74.0	-4.5	2.17 V	202	64.7	4.8
2	<b>5143.97</b>	<b>53.8 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>2.17 V</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>49.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>
3	*5230.00	117.8 PK			2.17 V	202	113.3	4.5
4	*5230.00	107.7 AV			2.17 V	202	103.2	4.5
5	#10460.00	58.7 PK	68.2	-9.5	3.89 V	115	44.3	14.4
6	15690.00	61.1 PK	74.0	-12.9	3.85 V	63	47.4	13.7
7	15690.00	49.2 AV	54.0	-4.8	3.85 V	63	35.5	13.7

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

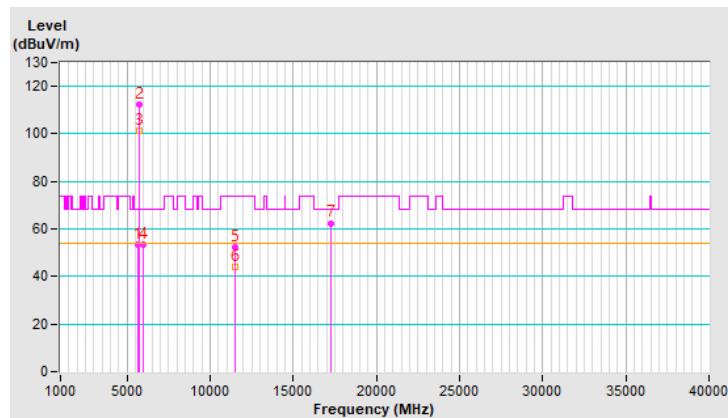


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5641.56	53.3 PK	68.2	-14.9	1.47 H	161	48.4	4.9
2	*5755.00	112.1 PK			1.47 H	161	107.0	5.1
3	*5755.00	101.1 AV			1.47 H	161	96.0	5.1
4	#5978.76	53.3 PK	68.2	-14.9	1.47 H	161	47.8	5.5
5	11510.00	52.3 PK	74.0	-21.7	1.30 H	190	37.2	15.1
6	11510.00	44.0 AV	54.0	-10.0	1.30 H	190	28.9	15.1
7	#17265.00	62.5 PK	68.2	-5.7	3.91 H	70	44.1	18.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

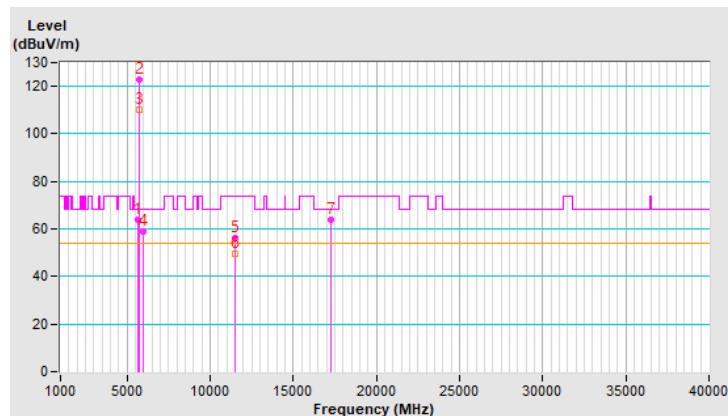


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 151 : 5755 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5647.99	64.0 PK	68.2	-4.2	2.10 V	190	59.1	4.9
2	*5755.00	123.0 PK			2.10 V	190	117.9	5.1
3	*5755.00	110.4 AV			2.10 V	190	105.3	5.1
4	#5951.71	59.0 PK	68.2	-9.2	2.10 V	190	53.5	5.5
5	11510.00	56.3 PK	74.0	-17.7	3.89 V	127	41.2	15.1
6	11510.00	49.8 AV	54.0	-4.2	3.89 V	127	34.7	15.1
7	#17265.00	63.8 PK	68.2	-4.4	3.93 V	67	45.4	18.4

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

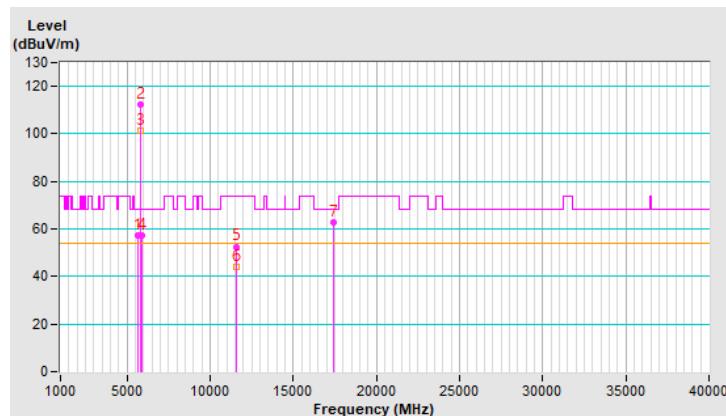


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 159 : 5795 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5644.17	57.3 PK	68.2	-10.9	1.45 H	158	52.4	4.9
2	*5795.00	112.3 PK			1.45 H	158	107.1	5.2
3	*5795.00	101.2 AV			1.45 H	158	96.0	5.2
4	#5931.81	57.5 PK	68.2	-10.7	1.45 H	158	52.0	5.5
5	11590.00	52.6 PK	74.0	-21.4	1.38 H	177	37.5	15.1
6	11590.00	44.2 AV	54.0	-9.8	1.38 H	177	29.1	15.1
7	#17385.00	62.8 PK	68.2	-5.4	3.96 H	59	43.6	19.2

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

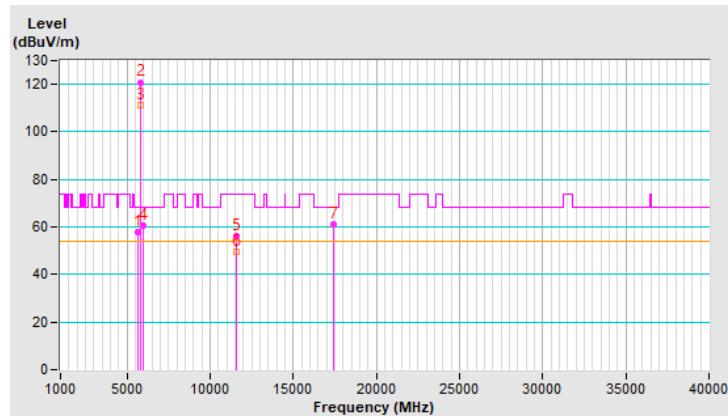


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE40)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 159 : 5795 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5644.57	57.8 PK	68.2	-10.4	2.05 V	181	52.9	4.9
2	*5795.00	120.9 PK			2.05 V	181	115.7	5.2
3	*5795.00	111.1 AV			2.05 V	181	105.9	5.2
4	#5939.55	60.8 PK	68.2	-7.4	2.05 V	181	55.3	5.5
5	11590.00	56.4 PK	74.0	-17.6	3.84 V	116	41.3	15.1
6	11590.00	49.7 AV	54.0	-4.3	3.84 V	116	34.6	15.1
7	#17385.00	61.0 PK	68.2	-7.2	3.85 V	73	41.8	19.2

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

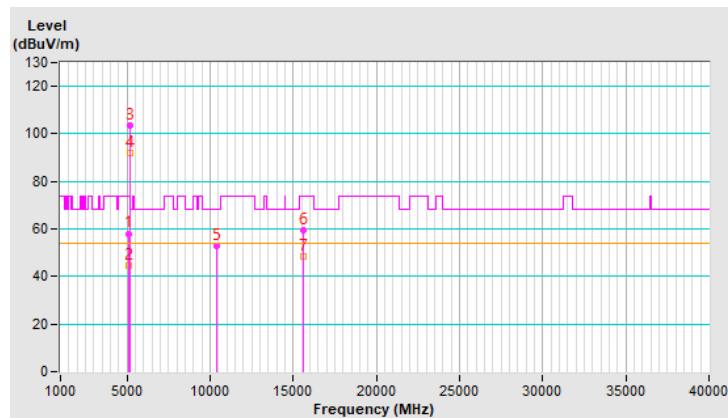


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 42 : 5210 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5143.40	58.1 PK	74.0	-15.9	1.00 H	165	53.3	4.8
2	5143.40	44.8 AV	54.0	-9.2	1.00 H	165	40.0	4.8
3	*5210.00	103.3 PK			1.00 H	165	98.8	4.5
4	*5210.00	92.1 AV			1.00 H	165	87.6	4.5
5	#10420.00	53.0 PK	68.2	-15.2	1.46 H	160	38.7	14.3
6	15630.00	59.4 PK	74.0	-14.6	3.98 H	60	45.1	14.3
7	15630.00	48.5 AV	54.0	-5.5	3.98 H	60	34.2	14.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

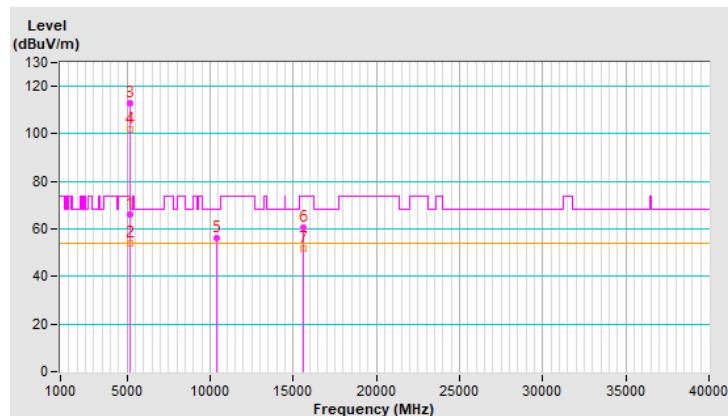


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 42 : 5210 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	5147.04	66.2 PK	74.0	-7.8	2.33 V	199	61.4	4.8
2	<b>5147.04</b>	<b>53.8 AV</b>	<b>54.0</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>2.33 V</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>49.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>
3	*5210.00	113.1 PK			2.33 V	199	108.6	4.5
4	*5210.00	101.7 AV			2.33 V	199	97.2	4.5
5	#10420.00	56.4 PK	68.2	-11.8	3.83 V	106	42.1	14.3
6	15630.00	60.7 PK	74.0	-13.3	3.89 V	88	46.4	14.3
7	15630.00	51.9 AV	54.0	-2.1	3.89 V	88	37.6	14.3

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

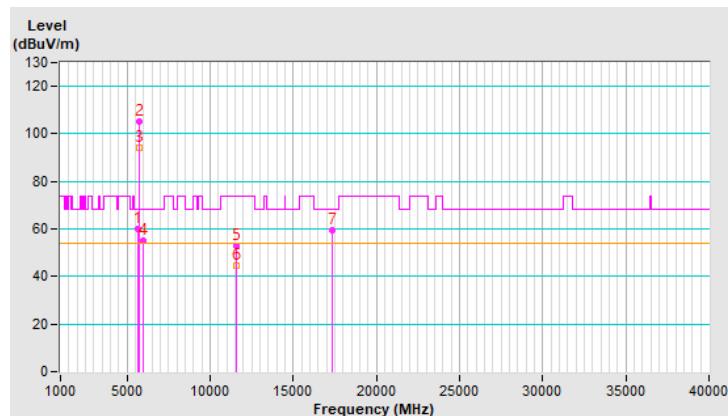


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 155 : 5775 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Horizontal at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5643.19	60.2 PK	68.2	-8.0	1.43 H	152	55.3	4.9
2	*5775.00	105.3 PK			1.43 H	152	100.1	5.2
3	*5775.00	94.0 AV			1.43 H	152	88.8	5.2
4	#5948.19	55.2 PK	68.2	-13.0	1.43 H	152	49.7	5.5
5	11550.00	53.1 PK	74.0	-20.9	1.41 H	179	38.1	15.0
6	11550.00	44.7 AV	54.0	-9.3	1.41 H	179	29.7	15.0
7	#17325.00	59.5 PK	68.2	-8.7	3.92 H	47	40.7	18.8

**Remarks:**

1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

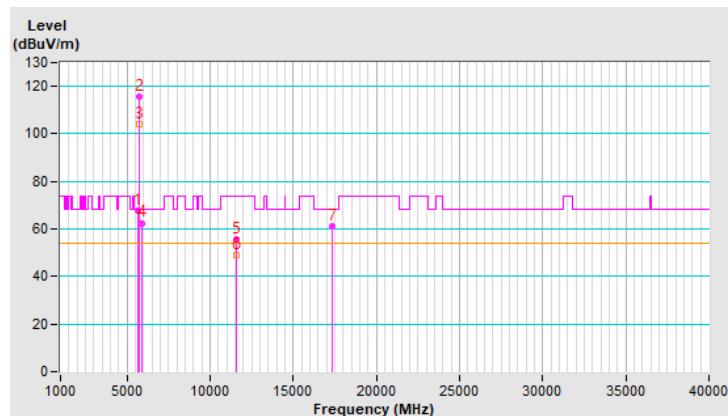


<b>RF Mode</b>	TX 802.11ax (HE80)	<b>Channel</b>	CH 155 : 5775 MHz
<b>Frequency Range</b>	1 GHz ~ 40 GHz	<b>Detector Function &amp; Bandwidth</b>	(PK) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 3 MHz (AV) RB = 1 MHz, VB = 200 Hz
<b>Input Power</b>	120 Vac, 60 Hz	<b>Environmental Conditions</b>	20°C, 70% RH
<b>Tested By</b>	Ryan Du		

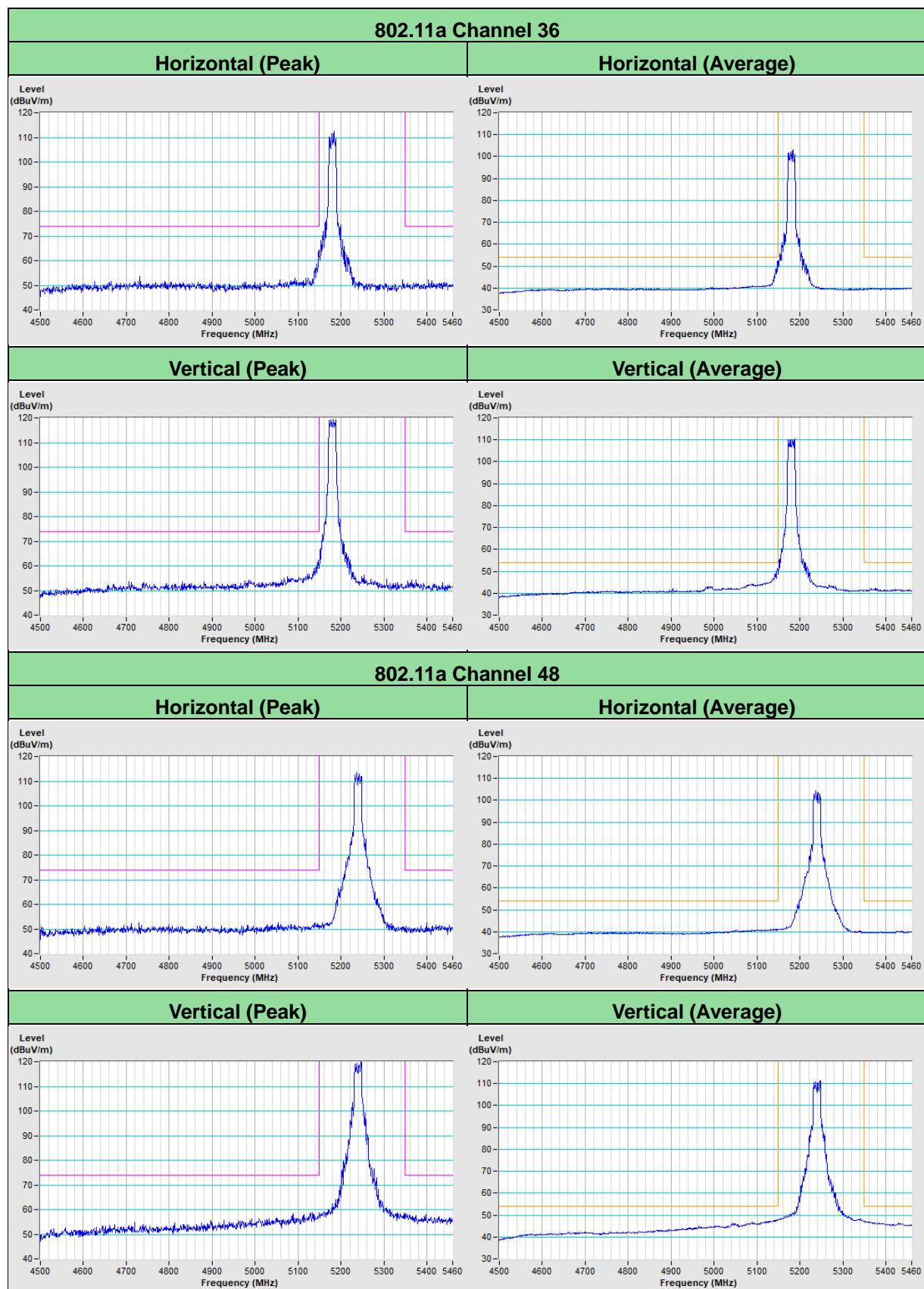
Antenna Polarity & Test Distance : Vertical at 3 m								
No	Frequency (MHz)	Emission Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Height (m)	Table Angle (Degree)	Raw Value (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)
1	#5645.82	67.8 PK	68.2	-0.4	2.23 V	188	62.9	4.9
2	*5775.00	115.6 PK			2.23 V	188	110.4	5.2
3	*5775.00	103.9 AV			2.23 V	188	98.7	5.2
4	#5925.67	62.5 PK	68.2	-5.7	2.23 V	188	57.0	5.5
5	11550.00	55.6 PK	74.0	-18.4	3.79 V	102	40.6	15.0
6	11550.00	49.2 AV	54.0	-4.8	3.79 V	102	34.2	15.0
7	#17325.00	61.0 PK	68.2	-7.2	3.89 V	63	42.2	18.8

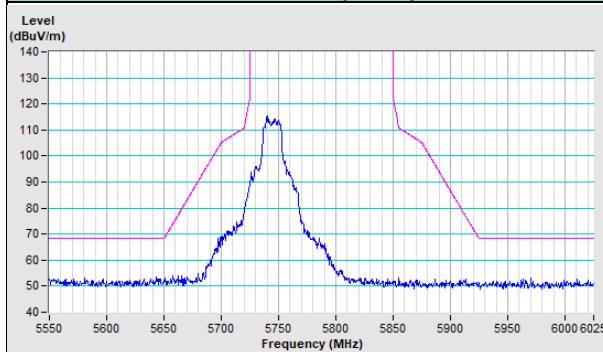
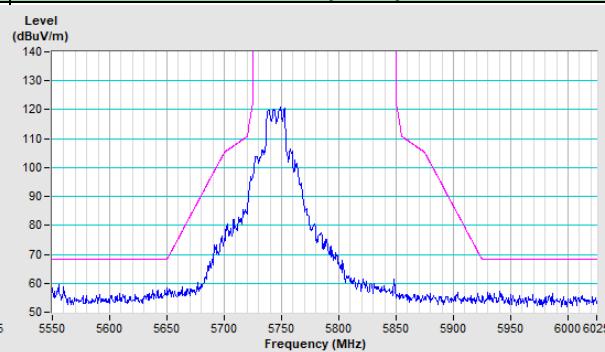
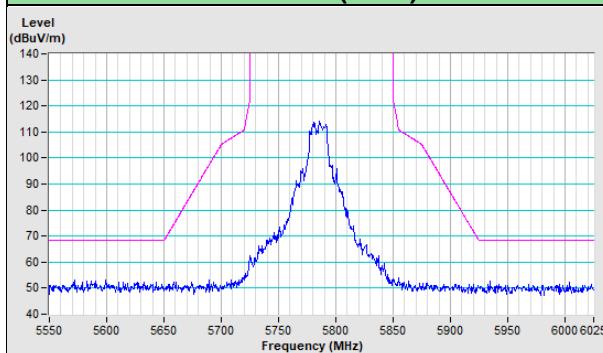
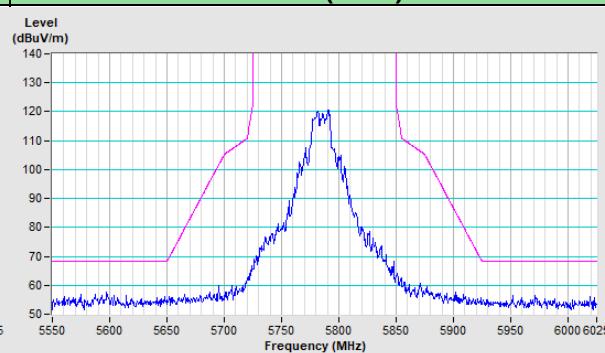
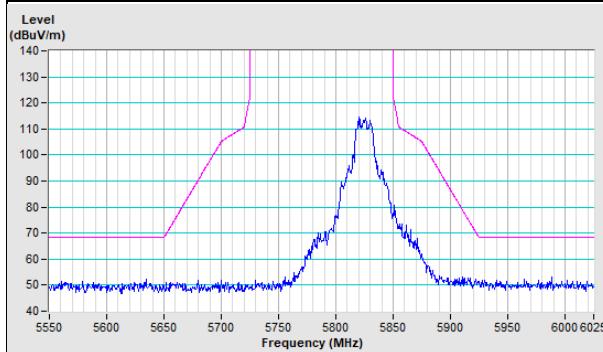
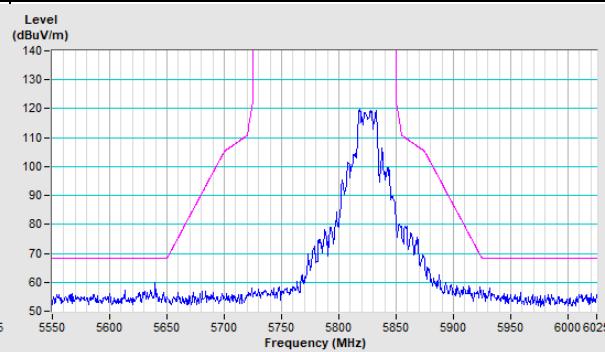
**Remarks:**

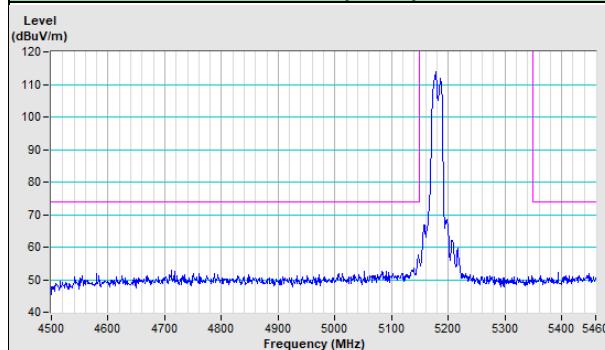
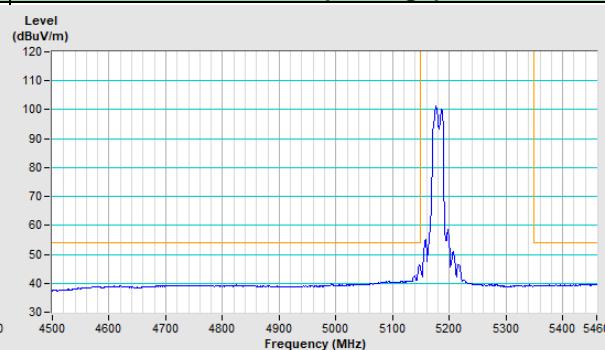
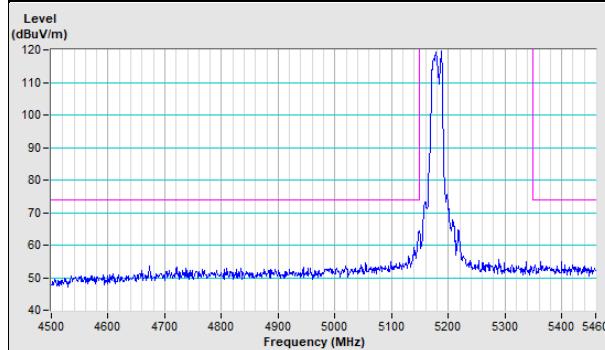
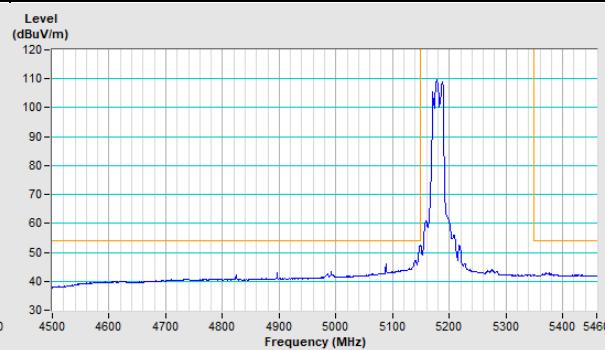
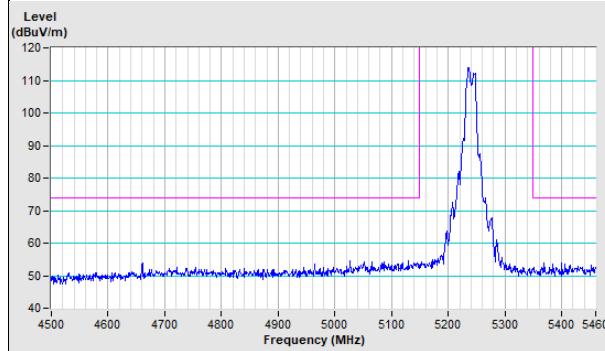
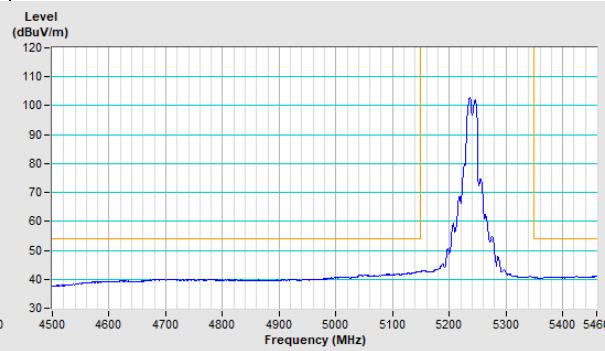
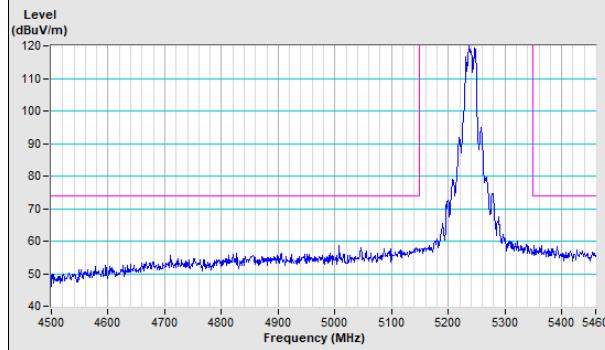
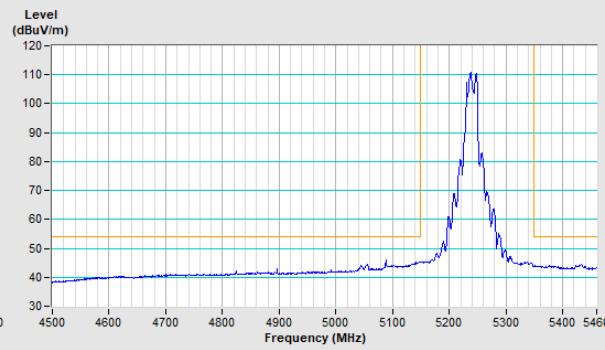
1. Emission Level(dBuV/m) = Raw Value(dBuV) + Correction Factor(dB/m)
2. Correction Factor(dB/m) = Antenna Factor(dB/m) + Cable Factor(dB) – Pre-Amplifier Factor(dB)
3. Margin value = Emission Level – Limit value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
5. " \* ": Fundamental frequency, the limit was restricted at the RF Output Power.
6. " # ": The radiated frequency is out of the restricted band.

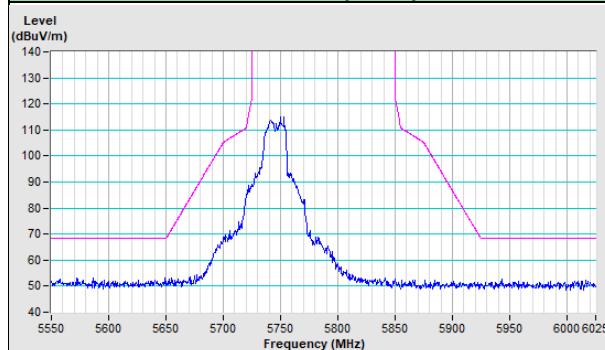
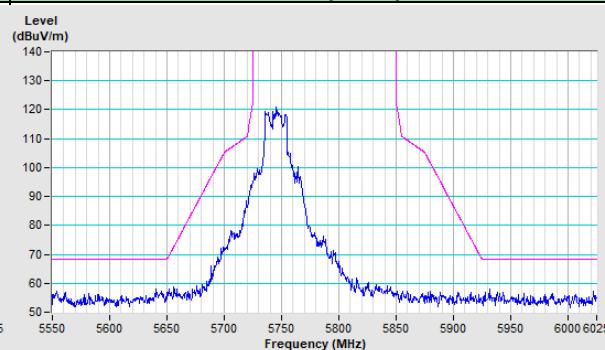
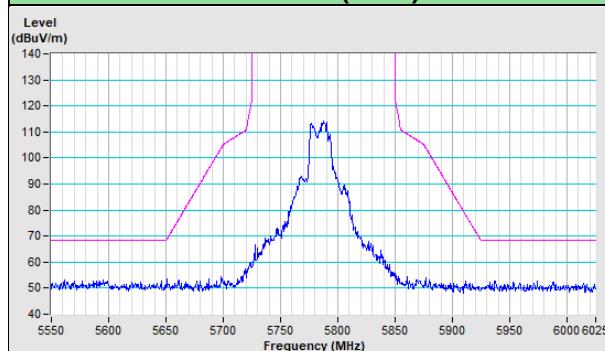
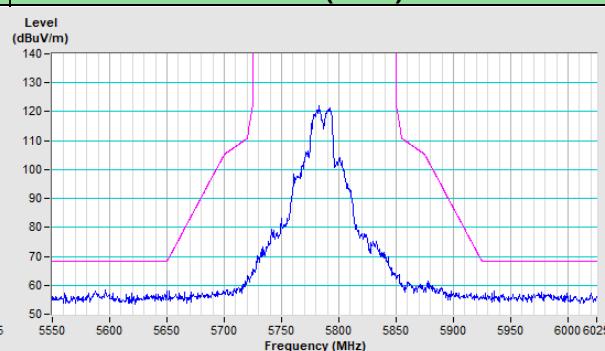
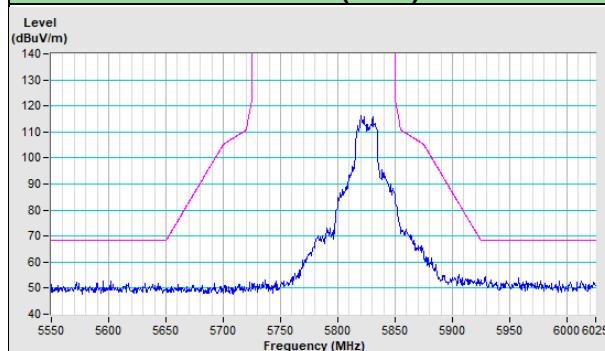
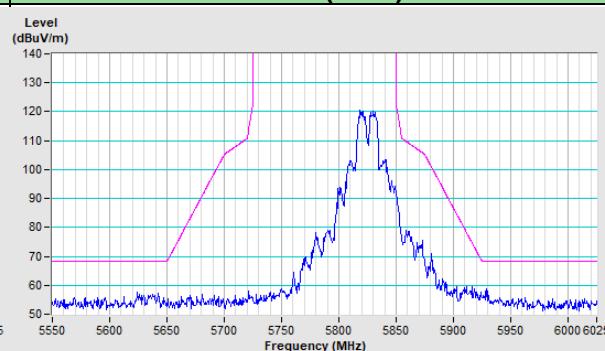


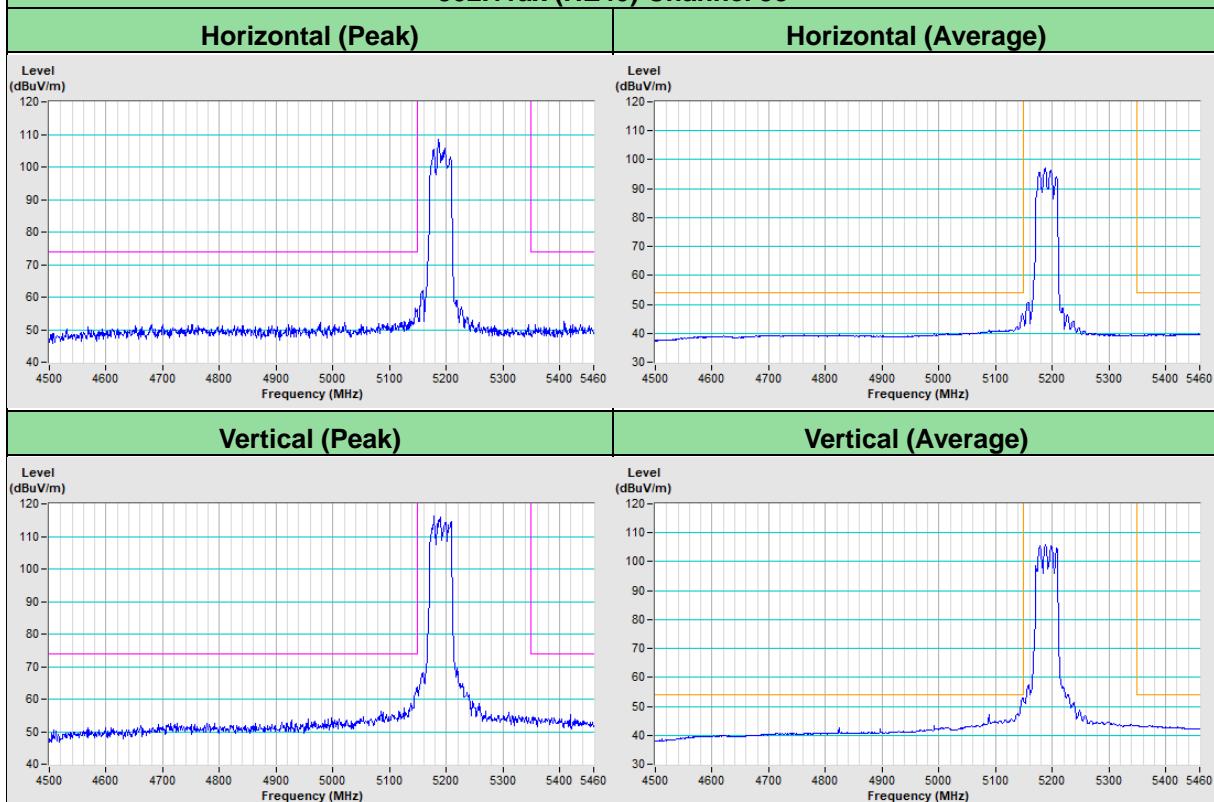
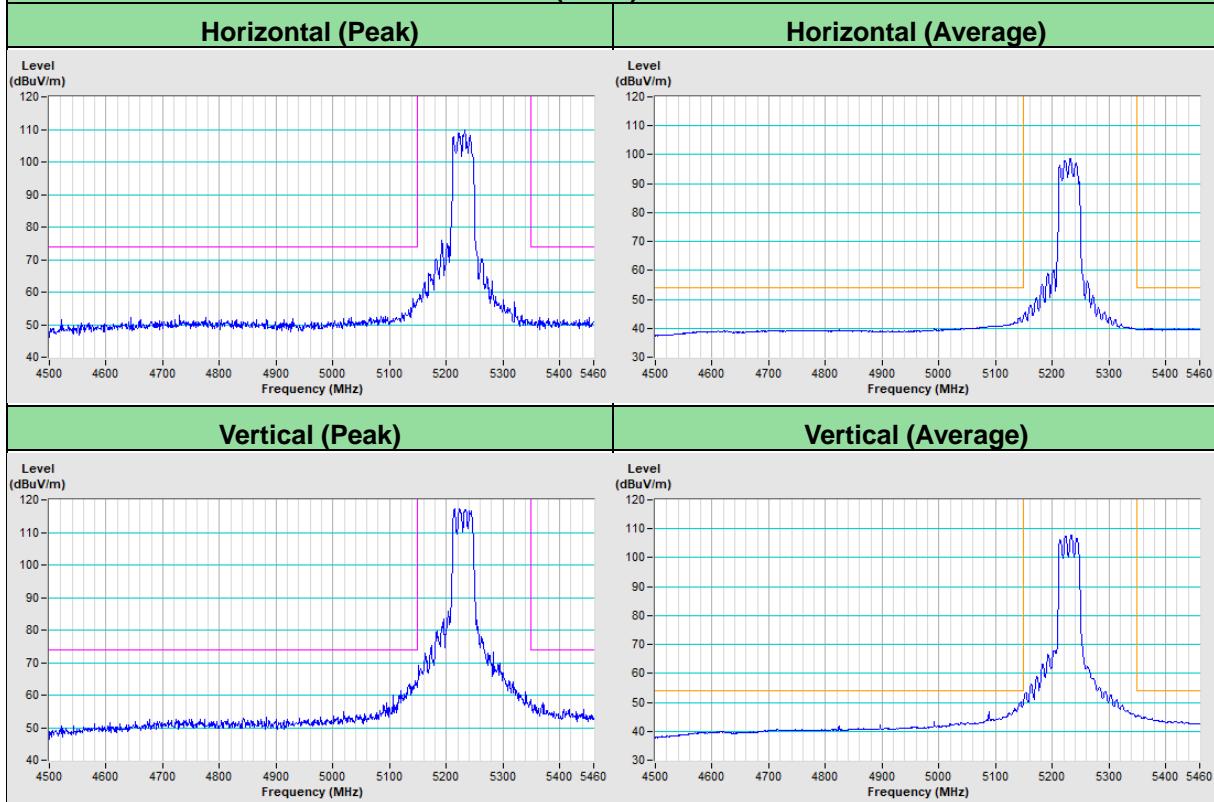
## Plot of Band Edge

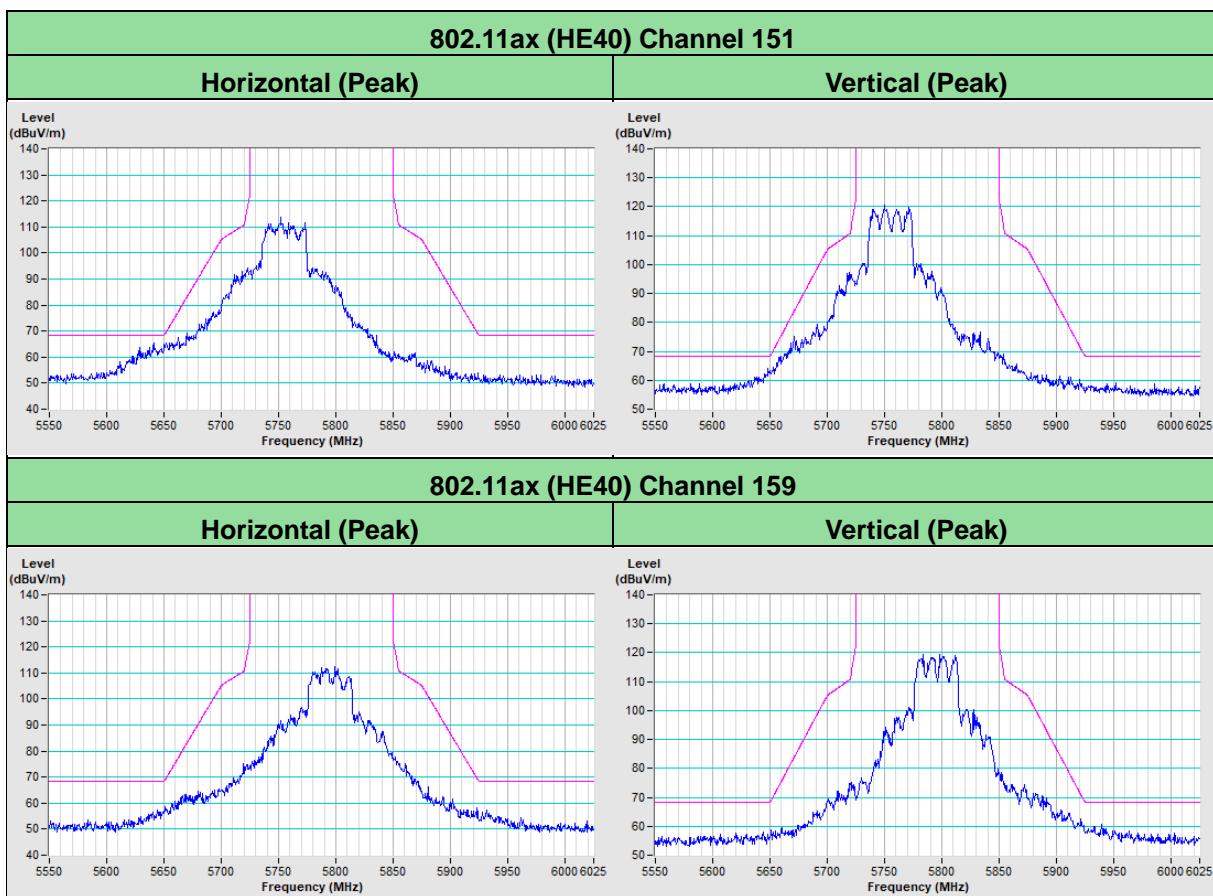


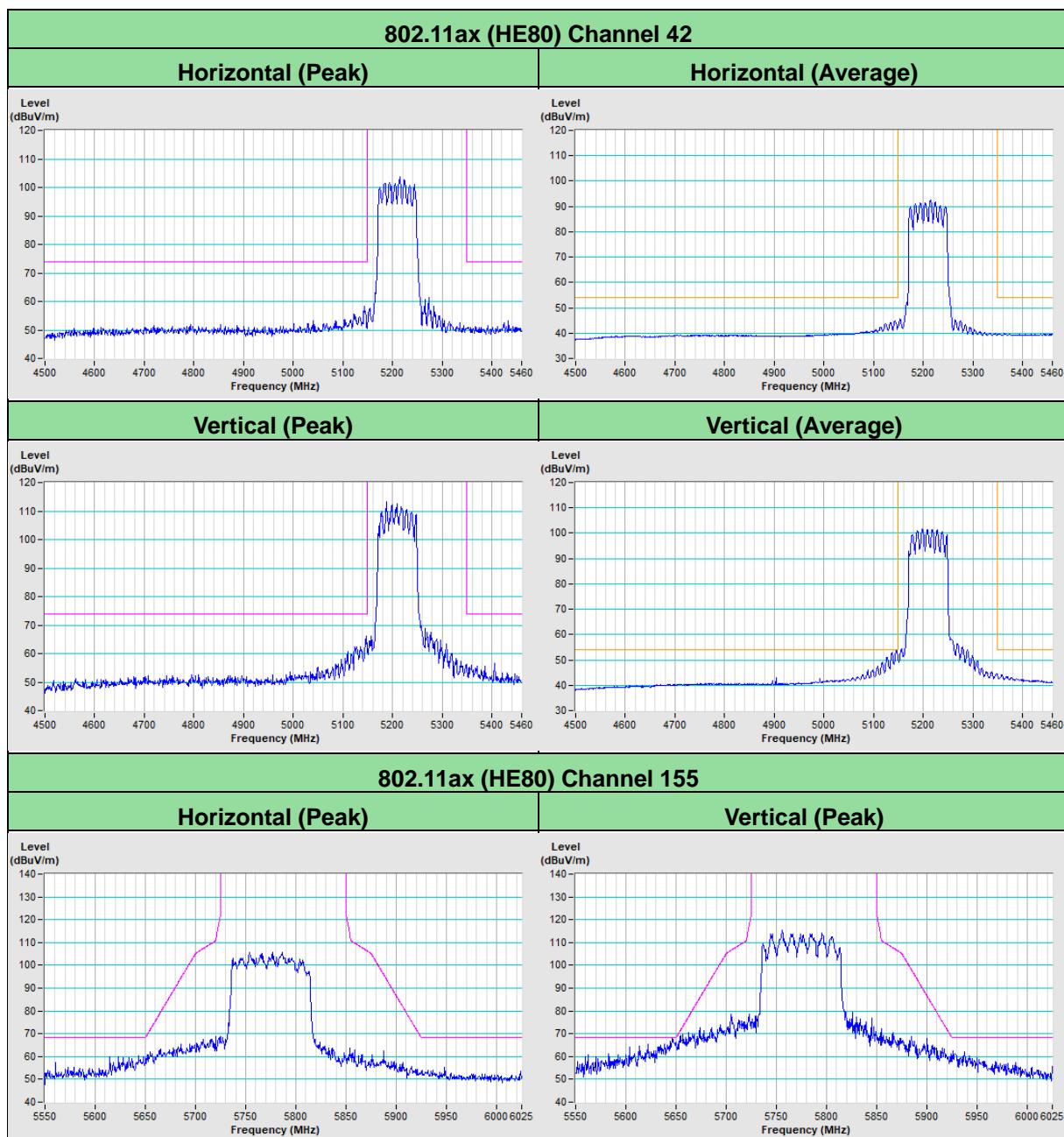
**802.11a Channel 149**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**802.11a Channel 157**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**802.11a Channel 165**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**


**802.11ax (HE20) Channel 36**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Horizontal (Average)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**Vertical (Average)**

**802.11ax (HE20) Channel 48**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Horizontal (Average)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**Vertical (Average)**


**802.11ax (HE20) Channel 149**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**802.11ax (HE20) Channel 157**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**

**802.11ax (HE20) Channel 165**
**Horizontal (Peak)**

**Vertical (Peak)**


**802.11ax (HE40) Channel 38**

**802.11ax (HE40) Channel 46**






## 8 Pictures of Test Arrangements

Please refer to the attached file (Test Setup Photo)

## 9 Information of the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are FCC recognized accredited test firms and accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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**Web Site:** <http://ee.bureauveritas.com.tw>

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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