YUNEEC International (China) Co., Ltd.

Smart Transmitter

Main Model: ST24 Serial Model: N/A

June 17, 2014

Report No.: 14050003-FCC-R1

(This report supersedes none)



Modifications made to the product: None

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of: Deon Dai Alex Liu **Compliance Engineer Technical Manager**

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Laboratory Introduction

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Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless ,Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety

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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & EUT INFORMATION

The purpose of this test programme was to demonstrate compliance of the YUNEEC International (China) Co., Ltd., Smart Transmitter and model: ST24 against the current Stipulated Standards. The Smart Transmitter has demonstrated compliance with the FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009.

EUT Information

EUT Description	Smart Transmitter				
Main Model	ST24				
Serial Model	N/A				
Antenna Gain 5.8G: 0 dBi 2.4G: 1 dBi					
Input Power	AC Adapter Model Name: A31-501000 Input: 100 ~ 240Vac, 0.2A Max Output: 5.0Vdc, 1A Li-ion Battery: Capacity: 3.7V 8700mAh 3.89Wh				
Classification Per Stipulated Test Standard	FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009				

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2 TECHNICAL DETAILS

Purpose	Compliance testing of Smart Transmitter with stipulated standard		
Applicant / Client	YUNEEC International (China) Co., Ltd. No.388, Zhengwei Road, Jinxi Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China		
Manufacturer	YUNEEC International (China) Co., Ltd. No.388, Zhengwei Road, Jinxi Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China		
Laboratory performing the tests	SIEMIC (Nanjing-China) Laboratories NO.2-1,Longcang Dadao, Yuhua Economic Development Zone, Nanjing, China Tel: +86(25)86730128/86730129 Fax: +86(25)86730127 Email: China@siemic.com.cn		
Test report reference number	14050003-FCC-R1		
Date EUT received	February 18, 2014		
Standard applied	FCC Part 15.247: 2013, ANSI C63.4: 2009		
Dates of test (from - to)	March 13 to June 16, 2014		
No of Units:	#1		
Equipment Category:	DTS		
Trade Name :	YUNEEC		
RF Operating Frequency (ies)	5.8G: 5745MHz 2.4G: 2405-2480 MHz		
Number of Channels	5.8G: 1 2.4G: 16		
Modulation	5.8G: OFDM 2.4G: FSK		
Port	HDMI Port, Micro USB Port, SD Card Port, Earphone Port		
FCC ID:	2ABB5-ST24		



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3 MODIFICATION

N/A

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4 TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications. All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

Test Results Summary

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i), §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	DTS (6 dB&20 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Conducted Maximum Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance
§15.207 (a),	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance

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5 <u>MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED</u> <u>RESULTS</u>

5.1 §15.247 (i) and §2.1093 – RF Exposure

The EUT is a portable device, thus requires SAR evaluation; please refer to SIEMIC RF Exposure Report: 14050003-FCC-H1

<u>5.2</u> <u>§15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT</u>

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has 2 antennas: . a monopole antenna for 2.4G, the gain is 1dBi;

a monopole antenna for 5.8G, the gain is 0 dBi

which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

Result: Compliance.

5.3 §15.247(a) (2) –DTS (6 dB&20 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

1. <u>Conducted Measurement</u>

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions Temperature 20°C

Relative Humidity 50% Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

4. Test date: March 13, 2014

Tested By: Deon Dai

Requirement(s): The minimum 6 dB bandwidth of a DTS transmission shall be at least 500 kHz. Within this document, this bandwidth is referred to as the DTS bandwidth. The procedures provided herein for measuring the maximum peak conducted output power assume the use of the DTS bandwidth.

Procedures:

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 x RBW.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

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6dB bandwidth:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measured 6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	FCC Part 15.247 Limit (kHz)
		2.4G mode		
Low	2405	1	1.52	>500
Middle	2440	1	1.60	>500
High	2480	1	1.56	>500

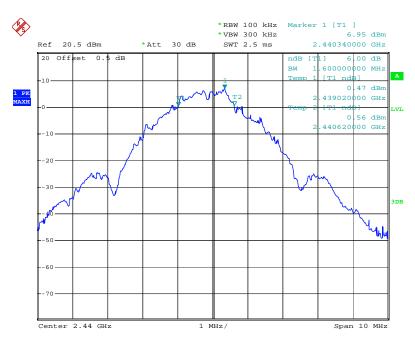
Low Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:27:47

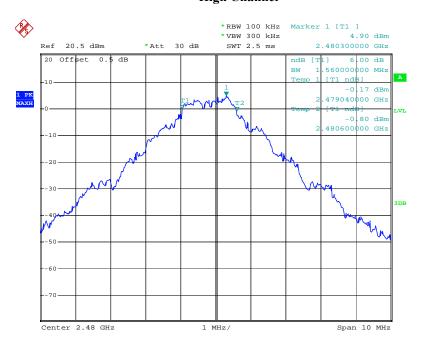
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Middle Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:29:08

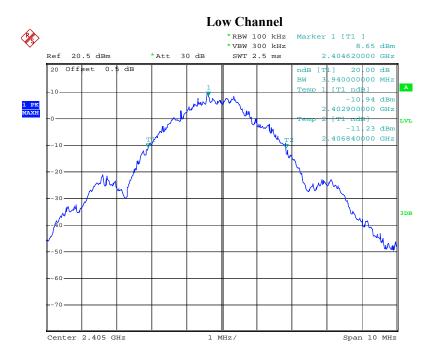
High Channel



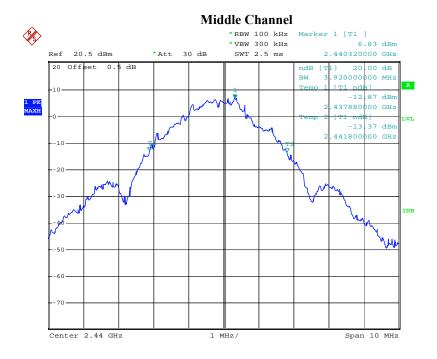
Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:30:04

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The 20dB bandwidth:



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:32:25



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:31:39

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High Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:30:54

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20°C

5.4 §15.247(b) (3) - Conducted Maximum Output Power

1. Conducted Measurement

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz - 40GHz is $\pm 1.5dB$.

3. Environmental Conditions Temperature

Relative Humidity 50%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

4. Test date: March 13 to June 16, 2014

Tested By: Deon Dai

Standard Requirement:

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

The following procedures can be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power of a DTS EUT.

Maximum Conducted Output Power

§15.247(b)(3) permits the maximum (average) conducted output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When these procedures are utilized, the power is referenced to the emission bandwidth (EBW) rather than the DTS bandwidth (see Section 2.0 for definitions).

When using a spectrum/signal analyzer to perform these measurements, it must be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW in order to ensure bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

The ideal method for measuring the maximum (average) conducted output power is with the EUT is configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle \geq 98%) at its maximum power control level. However, when this condition cannot be realized, video triggering or signal gating can be used to ensure that the measurements are performed only during periods when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. An option is also provided that can be used when none of the above requirements can be met with the available measurement instrumentation.

Procedures:

Maximum peak conducted output power:

Integrated band power method

This procedure may be used when the maximum available RBW of the measurement instrument is less than the DTS bandwidth.

- 1. Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- 2. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times RBW$
- 3. Set the span \geq 1.5 x DTS bandwidth.
- Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 8. Use the instrument's band/channel power measurement function with the band limits set equal to the DTS bandwidth edges (for some instruments, this may require a manual override to select peak detector). If the instrument does not have a band power function. sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the DTS bandwidth.

Maximum conducted (average) output power:

Method AVGSA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep)

This procedure should be used with an RMS power averaging detector; however, a sample detector can be used when an RMS detector is not available. This is the baseline method for measuring the maximum (average) conducted output power.

- 1. Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.



- 3. Set $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$.
- 4. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 x span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing \leq RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- 5. Sweep time = auto.
- 6. Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- 7. If transmit duty cycle < 98 %, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".
- 8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode.
- 9. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

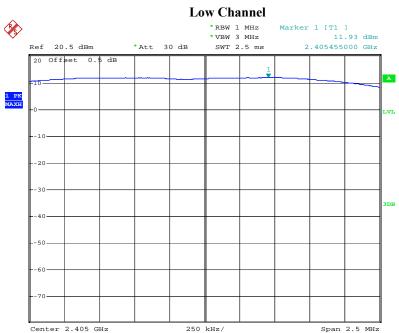
Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

The Power

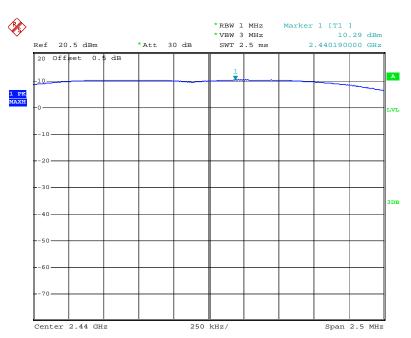
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	PK Output Power (dBm)	AV Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
		2.4G mode	;			
Low	2405	1	11.93	9.76	30	
Middle	2440	1	10.29	8.40	30	
High	2480	1	7.57	6.63	30	

The Peak Power



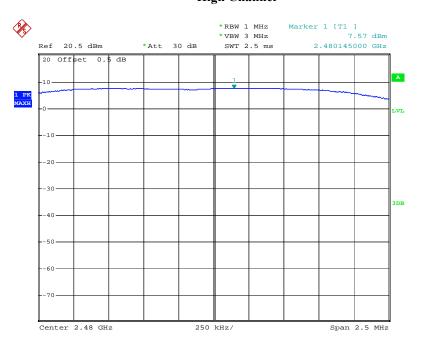
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Middle Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:35:51

High Channel

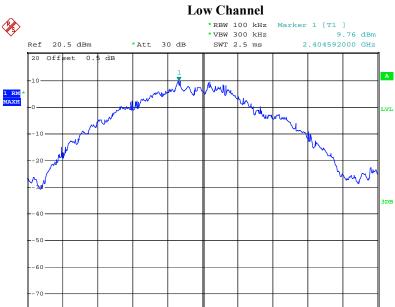


Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:36:16

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Span 6 MHz

The Average Power



600 kHz/

Date: 16.JUN.2014 23:10:40

Center 2.405 GHz

Middle Channel



Date: 16.JUN.2014 23:11:39

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High Channel



Date: 16.JUN.2014 23:15:59

5.5 §15.247(e) - Power Spectral Density

1. <u>Conducted Measurement</u>

EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.

The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.

2. Environmental Conditions Temperature 20°C

Relative Humidity 50% Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30 MHz - 40 GHz is $\pm 1.5 dB$.

4. Test date :March 13, 2014

Tested By: Deon Dai

Requirement(s):

A conducted power spectral density (PSD) limit of 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band segment within the DTS bandwidth is specified during any time interval of continuous transmission.4 By rule, the same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density (i.e., if maximum peak conducted output power was measured then the peak PSD procedure shall be used and if maximum conducted output power was measured then the average PSD procedure shall be used).

If the average PSD is measured with a power averaging (RMS) detector or a sample detector, then the spectrum analyzer must be capable of utilizing a number of measurement points in each sweep that is greater than or equal to twice the span/RBW in order to ensure bin-to-bin spacing of \leq RBW/2 so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.

Procedures:

This procedure must be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance to the fundamental output power limit, and is optional if the maximum (average) conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW \geq 3 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

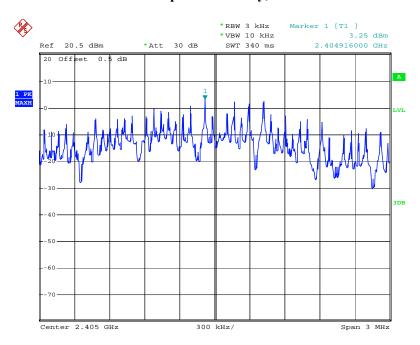
Test Result: Pass.

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Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
		2.4G mode	e	
Low	2405 1		3.25	8
Middle	2440	1	0.74	8
High	2480	1	-0.58	8

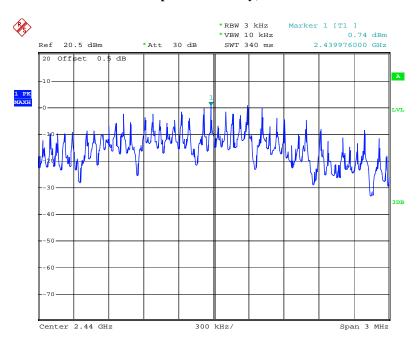
Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:47:21

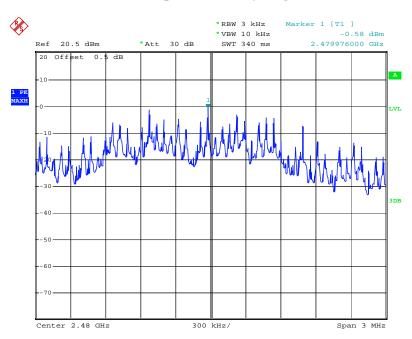
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Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:48:10

Power Spectral Density, High Channel



Date: 13.MAR.2014 16:48:44

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5.6 <u>§15.247(d) –Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands</u>

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c))

2. Environmental Conditions Temperature 20 °C
Relative Humidity 50%
Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

3. Test date : March 14, 2014 Tested By : Deon Dai

Standard Requirement:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Procedures: (Radiated Method Only)

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. First, set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, check the emission of EUT, if pass then set Spectrum Analyzer as below:
 - a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz.
 - b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
 - c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth for Average detection (AV) as below at frequency above 1GHz.
 - 1 kHz (Duty cycle < 98%) \Box 10 Hz (Duty cycle > 98%)
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



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Note:

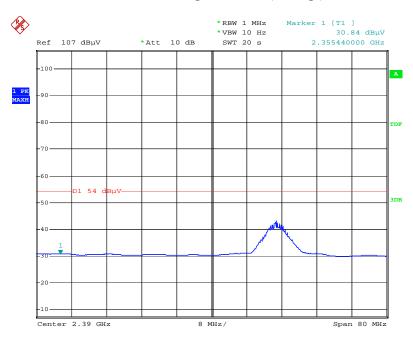
For Hopping device, should test hopping mode and CW Tx mode separately. For hopping mode, find out the worst points outside the frequency band firstly, then set the worst points as the center frequency, use above average 3 (c) spectrum analyzer set, find out the final worst average value separately.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

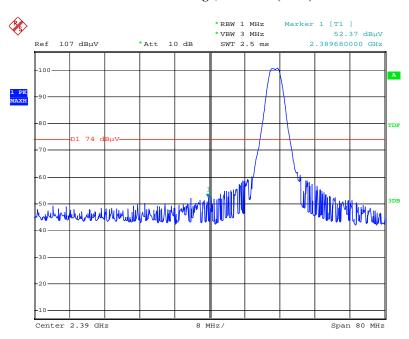
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Band Edge, Left Side (Average)



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:28:49

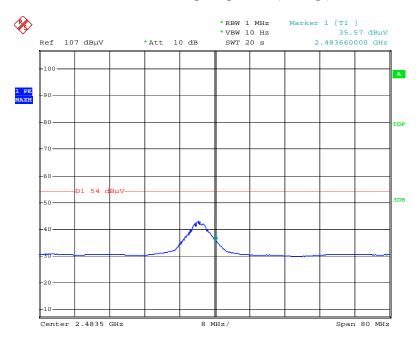
Band Edge, Left Side (Peak)



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:27:51

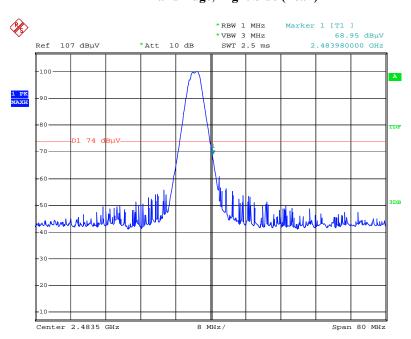
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Band Edge, Right Side (Average)



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:30:22

Band Edge, Right Side (Peak)



Date: 14.MAR.2014 10:30:58

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5.7 §15.207 (a) - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

Requirement:

	Conducted limit (dBµV)		
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	
0.5–5	56	46	
5–30	60	50	

^{*}Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Procedures:

- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR and Average detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- 2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz - 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is $\pm 3.5dB$.

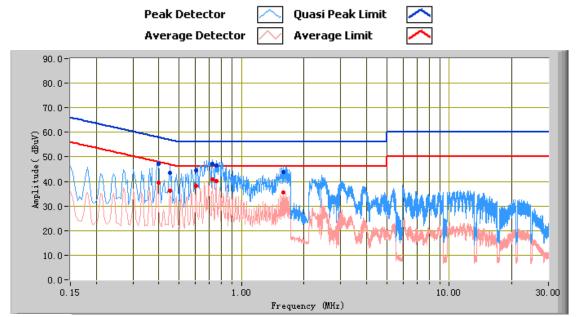
4. Environmental Conditions Temperature 20°C Relative Humidity 50%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

5. Test date: March 24, 2014 Tested By: Deon Dai

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Test Mode: Transmitting Mode



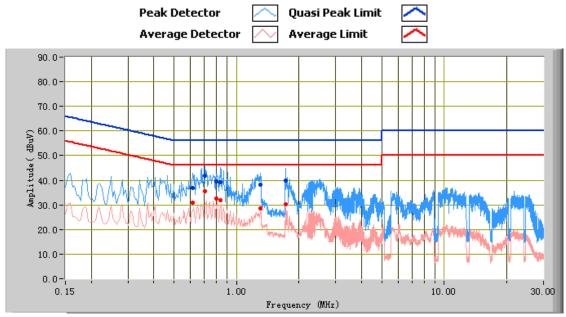
Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

		1 11000	Line 1 lot	== 0,			
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Factors (dB)
0.72	47.07	56.00	-8.93	40.83	46.00	-5.17	10.91
0.75	46.52	56.00	-9.48	40.34	46.00	-5.66	10.88
0.40	47.23	57.90	-10.67	39.39	47.90	-8.50	11.24
1.59	43.74	56.00	-12.26	35.64	46.00	-10.36	10.80
0.61	44.53	56.00	-11.47	38.07	46.00	-7.93	11.00
0.45	43.48	56.80	-13.32	36.25	46.80	-10.55	11.15

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Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Factors (dB)
0.71	41.82	56.00	-14.18	35.39	46.00	-10.61	10.91
0.83	39.33	56.00	-16.67	31.97	46.00	-14.03	10.82
1.73	39.85	56.00	-16.15	30.13	46.00	-15.87	10.86
1.31	38.34	56.00	-17.66	28.48	46.00	-17.52	10.77
0.61	37.00	56.00	-19.00	31.02	46.00	-14.98	10.98
0.80	39.66	56.00	-16.34	32.69	46.00	-13.31	10.85

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5.8 §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - Radiated Spurious Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- 1. <u>All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.</u>
- 2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 3. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 1GHz & 1GHz above (3m & 10m) is +/-6dB.

4. Environmental Conditions Temperature 20°C Relative Humidity 50%

Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar

5. Test date: March 24, 2014 Tested By: Deon Dai

Requirement:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Procedures:

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
- 2. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the EUT characterisation. Maximization of the emissions was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
- a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
- 3. A Quasi-peak measurement was then made for that frequency point for below 1GHz test, PK and AV for above 1GHz emission test.
 - a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz.
 - b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
 - c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth for Average detection (AV) as below at frequency above 1GHz.

 \Box 1 kHz (Duty cycle < 98%)

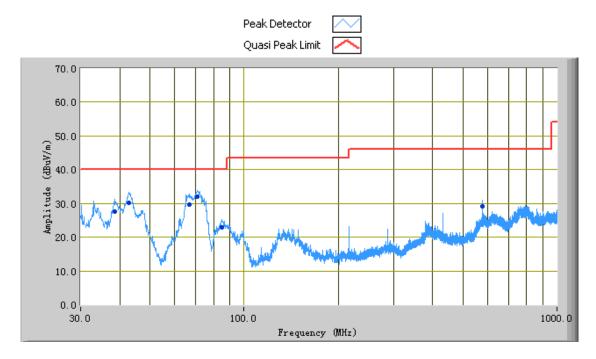
■ 10 Hz (Duty cycle > 98%)

4. Steps 2 and 3 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.

Test Result: Pass

Test Mode:

(Below 1GHz)



Test Data

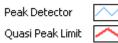
Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

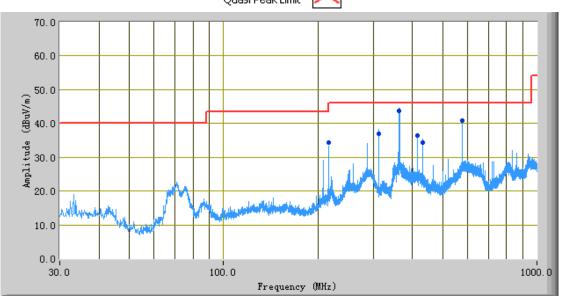
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBμV/m)	Azimuth	Polarity (H/V)	Height (cm)	Factors (dB)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
70.60	31.89	178.00	V	104.00	-37.84	40.00	-8.11
42.87	30.26	318.00	V	115.00	-29.17	40.00	-9.74
66.81	29.65	360.00	V	128.00	-38.18	40.00	-10.35
38.62	27.61	23.00	V	117.00	-26.81	40.00	-12.39
85.08	23.03	219.00	V	135.00	-37.99	40.00	-16.97
575.94	29.05	72.00	V	181.00	-23.36	46.00	-16.95

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Test Mode: Transmitting Mode

(Below 1GHz)





Test Data

Horizontal Polarity Plot @3m

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV/m)	Azimuth	Polarity (H/V)	Height (cm)	Factors (dB)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
364.01	43.92	182.00	Н	103.00	-29.31	46.00	-2.08
575.98	40.87	347.00	Н	188.00	-21.56	46.00	-5.13
312.00	36.88	63.00	Н	168.00	-30.49	46.00	-9.12
416.01	36.56	201.00	Н	100.00	-28.29	46.00	-9.44
215.99	34.32	175.00	Н	141.00	-31.54	43.50	-9.18
431.97	34.46	56.00	Н	100.00	-28.73	46.00	-11.54

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Above 1 GHz:

Test Mode: Transmitting

Note: Other modes were verified, only the result of worst case basic rate mode was presented.

Low Channel (2405 MHz)

Frequency	Substituted level	Detector	Direction	Height	Polarity	Ant.	Cable	Pre- Amp.	Cord.	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(PK/AV)	(degree)	(cm)	(H/V)	Factor	Loss	Gain	Amp.	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
						(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	$\left(dB\mu V/m\right)$		
4810	49.78	AV	233	100	V	33.83	7.2	55	35.81	54	-18.19
4810	50.75	AV	360	190	Н	33.83	7.2	55	36.78	54	-17.22
4810	64.05	PK	233	100	V	33.83	7.2	55	50.08	74	-23.92
4810	66.01	PK	360	190	Н	33.83	7.2	55	52.04	74	-21.96
7215.5	51.77	AV	98	120	V	36.35	10.5	55	43.62	54	-10.38
7215.5	52.05	AV	266	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	43.9	54	-10.1
7215.5	63.93	PK	98	120	V	36.35	10.5	55	55.78	74	-18.22
7215.5	65.07	PK	266	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	56.92	74	-17.08

Middle Channel (2440 MHz)

Frequency	Substituted level	Detector	Direction	Height	Polarity	Ant.	Cable	Pre- Amp.	Cord.	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(PK/AV)	(degree)	(cm)	(H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Loss (dB)	Gain (dB)	Amp. (dBμV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
4880	48.12	AV	360	105	V	33.83	7.2	55	34.15	54	-19.85
4880	49.03	AV	294	198	Н	33.83	7.2	55	35.06	54	-18.94
4880	62.26	PK	360	105	V	33.83	7.2	55	48.29	74	-25.71
4880	64.06	PK	294	198	Н	33.83	7.2	55	50.09	74	-23.91
7318.5	49.94	AV	144	101	V	36.35	10.5	55	41.79	54	-12.21
7318.5	50.19	AV	26	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	42.04	54	-11.96
7318.5	62.66	PK	144	101	V	36.35	10.5	55	54.51	74	-19.49
7318.5	62.84	PK	26	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	54.69	74	-19.31

High Channel (2480 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Substituted level (dBµV/m)	Detector (PK/AV)	Direction (degree)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor	Cable Loss	Pre- Amp. Gain	Cord.	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
, ,	` ' '		, ,	` '		(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	` • ′	, í
4960	48.33	AV	144	110	V	33.83	7.2	55	34.36	54	-19.64
4960	48.98	AV	248	200	Н	33.83	7.2	55	35.01	54	-18.99
4960	62.38	PK	144	110	V	33.83	7.2	55	48.41	74	-25.59
4960	64.26	PK	248	200	Н	33.83	7.2	55	50.29	74	-23.71
7440	49.94	AV	344	105	V	36.35	10.5	55	41.79	54	-12.21
7440	50.23	AV	9	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	42.08	54	-11.92
7440	62.39	PK	344	105	V	36.35	10.5	55	54.24	74	-19.76
7440	61.98	PK	9	200	Н	36.35	10.5	55	53.83	74	-20.17

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Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT

Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION

Instrument	Model	Serial #	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
AC Line Conducted Emissions					
R&S EMI Test Receiver	ESPI3	101216	09/27/2013	09/26/2014	
V-LISN	ESH3-Z5	838979/005	09/27/2013	09/26/2014	
Com-Power Transient Limiter	LIT-153	531021	09/27/2013	09/26/2014	
A- INFOMW Antenna	JXTXLB-	J2031081120	10/09/2013	10/08/2014	
(1 ~18GHz)	10180	092	10/09/2013	10/08/2014	
SIEMIC Labview Conducted	V1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Emissions software	V 1.0	1 V /A	1 \ /A	IN/A	
RF conducted test					
Agilent ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	E4407B	CFG038	10/25/2013	10/24/2014	
Power Splitter	1#	1#	02/02/2014	02/01/2015	
Temperature/Humidity Chamber	1007H	N/A	01/07/2014	01/06/2015	
DC Power Supply	E3640A	MY4000401 3	03/21/2014	03/20/2015	
Radiated Emissions					
Hp Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3821A09023	09/27/2013	09/26/2014	
R&S EMI Receiver	ESPI3	101216	09/27/2013	09/26/2014	
Antenna (30MHz~6GHz)	JB6	A121411	04/15/2014	04/14/2015	
EMCO Horn Antenna (1 ~18GHz)	3115	N/A	10/09/2013	10/08/2014	
A- INFOMW Antenna	JXTXLB-	J2031081120	10/09/2013	10/08/2014	
(1~18GHz)	10180	092	10/09/2013		
Horn Antenna (18~40GHz)	AH-840	101013	04/22/2013	04/22/2014	
Microwave Pre-Amp (18~40GHz)	PA-840	181250	05/30/2013	05/29/2014	
Hp Agilent Pre-Amplifier	8447F	1937A01160	10/27/2013	10/26/2014	
MITEQ Pre-Amplifier (0.1 ~ 18GHz)	AMF-7D- 00101800- 30-10P	1451709	10/27/2013	10/26/2014	



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Annex B. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Annex B.i. Photograph 1: EUT External Photo



Whole Package - Top View



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EUT - Front View



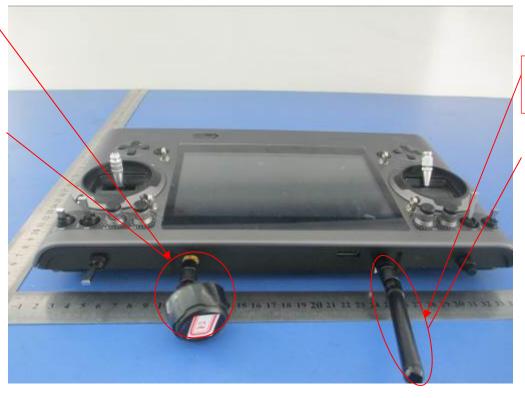
EUT - Rear View



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This Antenna is non-removable under normal working

5.8G antenna



This Antenna is non-removable under normal working

2.4G antenna

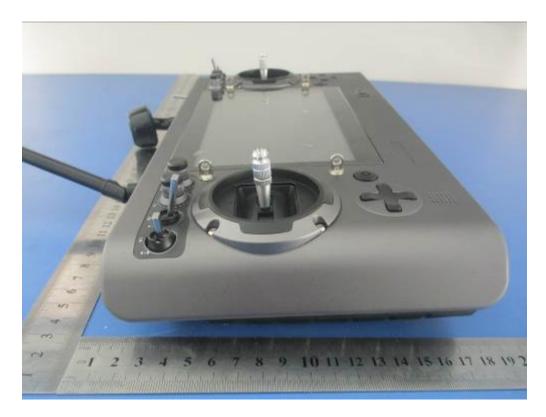
EUT - Top View



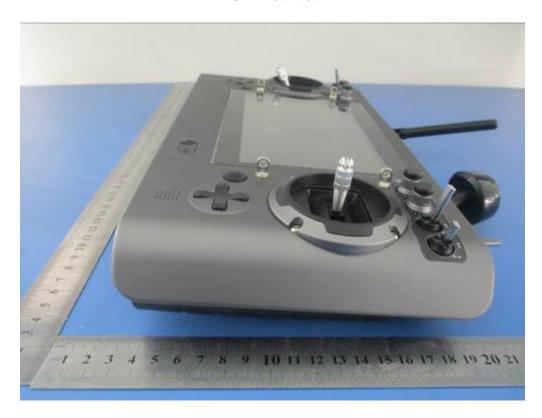
EUT - Bottom View



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EUT - Left View



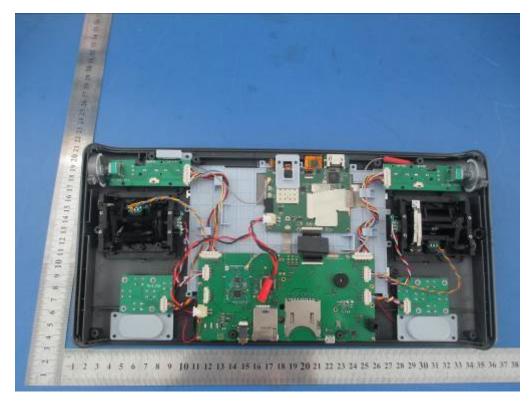
EUT - Right View

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Annex B.ii. Photograph 2: EUT Internal Photo



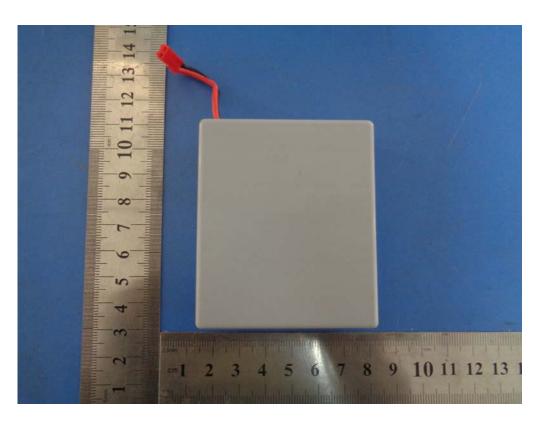
Cover Off – Front View 1



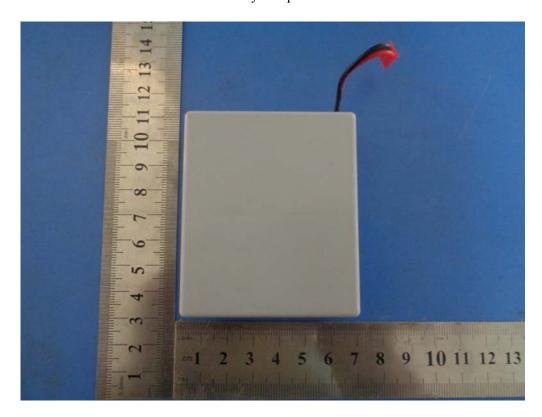
Cover Off – Front View 2

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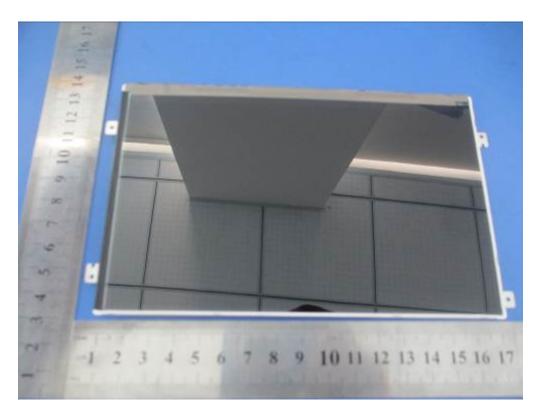
Battery - Top View



Battery - Bottom View



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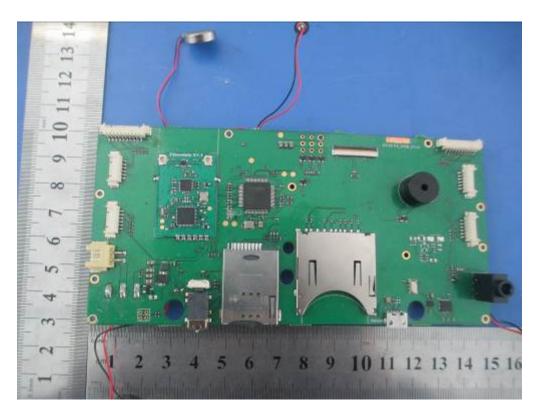
LCD - Top View



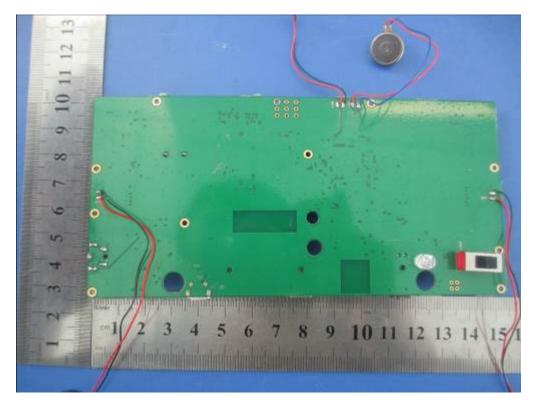
LCD - Bottom View



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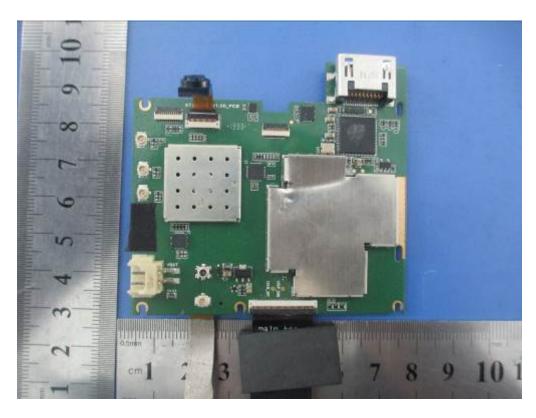
PCB 1 – Top View



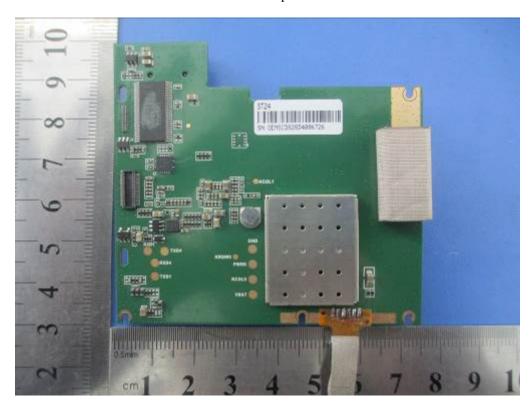
PCB 1 – Bottom View



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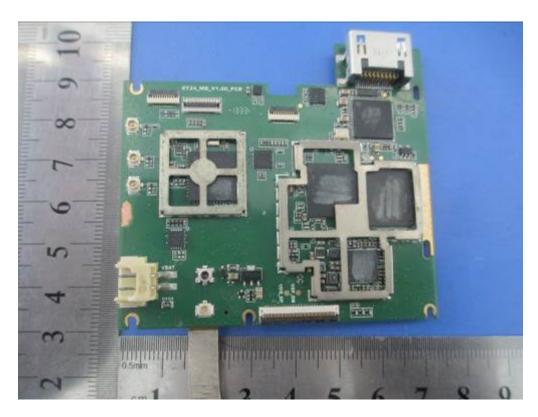
PCB 2 – Top View



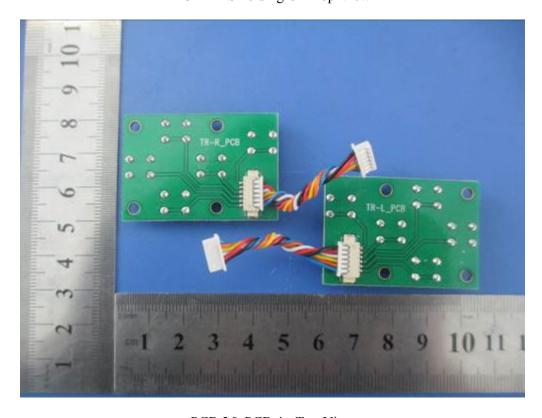
PCB 2 – Bottom View



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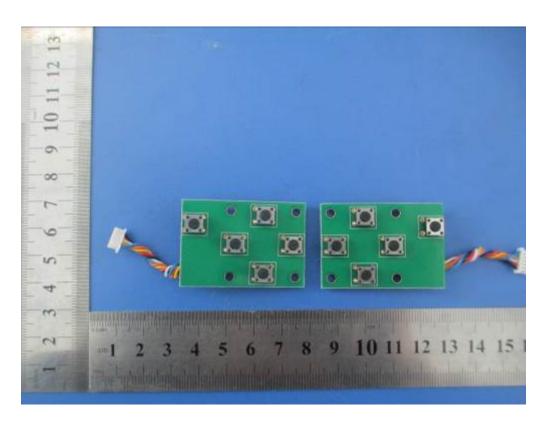


PCB 2 – Shielding Off Top View

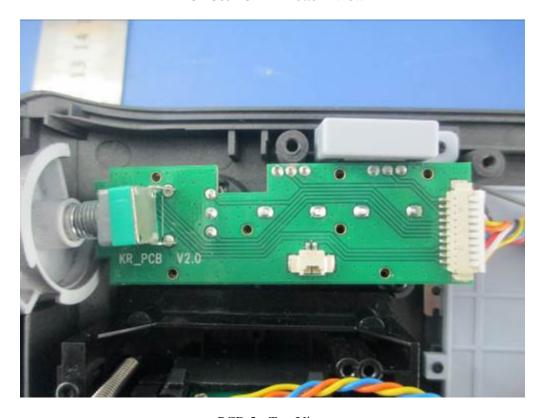


PCB 3& PCB 4 - Top View

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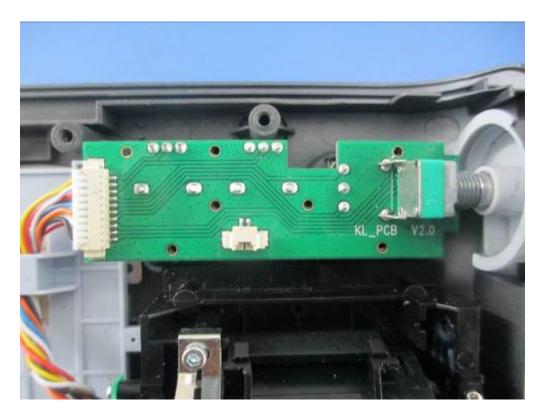
PCB 3& PCB 4 - Bottom View



PCB 5 - Top View



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PCB 6 - Top View

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Annex B.iii. Photograph 3: Test Setup Photo

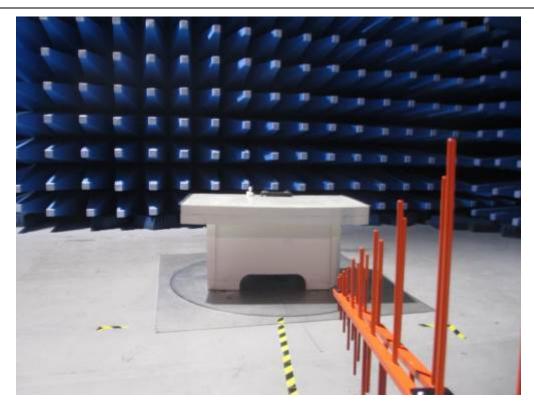


Conducted Emissions Test Setup – Front View

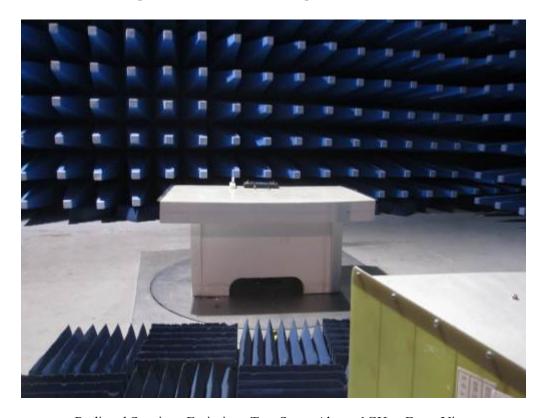


Conducted Emissions Test Setup – Side View

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Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Below 1GHz - Front View



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup Above 1GHz -Front View

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Annex C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT

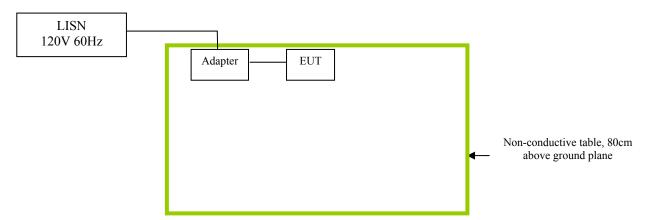
EUT TEST CONDITIONS

Annex C. i. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

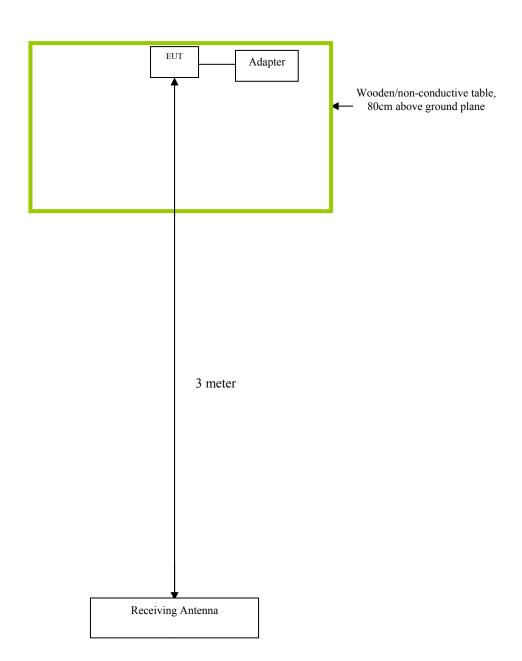
The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

	Manufacturer	Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
ĺ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Block Configuration Diagram for AC Line Conducted Emissions



Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions



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Annex C.ii. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The following is the description of how the EUT is exercised during testing.

Test	Description Of Operation	
Emissions Testing	The EUT was continuously transmitting to stimulate the worst case.	

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Annex D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PART LIST

Please see attachment



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Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

N/A