Test Report acc. to FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15
relating to
Bernstein AG
IW50-RT1SK65

Title 47 – Telecommunication
Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices
Subpart C – Intentional Radiators
Measurement Procedure:
ANSI C63.4-2014
ANSI C63.10-2013

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12053-01-03

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MANUFACTURER	
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TESTING LABORATORY	
Test engineer	Mr. Ralf Trepper
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RELEVANT STANDARD	
Title	**47 - Telecommunication**
Part	**15 - Radio Frequency Devices**
Subpart	**Subpart C – Intentional Radiators - Section 15.247**
Measurement procedure	**ANSI C63.4-2014 & ANSI C63.10-2013**

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
Equipment category	DSS
Trade name	Radio limit switch / 4000040
Type designation	**IW50-RT1SK65**
Serial no.	---
Variants	---

1. Test result summary

Clause	Requirements headline	Test result		
8.1	Antenna requirement	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.2	AC power line conducted limits	~~**Pass**~~	~~**Fail**~~	**N.t.**[3]
8.3	Restricted bands of operation	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.4	Radiated emission limits, general requirements	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.5	Bandwidth	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.6	Carrier frequency separation	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.7	Number of hopping channels	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.8	Average time of occupancy	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.9	Peak output power	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]
8.10	Out of band emissions	**Pass**	~~**Fail**~~	~~**N.t.**~~[*]

For the decision rules on conformity statements the requirements of the standard apply. If necessary the IEC Guideline 115 is taken into account.

The equipment passed all the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~**No**~~

Signature	Digital unterschrieben von Ralf Trepper DN: cn=Ralf Trepper, o=TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG, ou=Labor, email=rtrepper@tuev-nord.de, c=DE	Digital unterschrieben von Abdelouahid Ftouhi DN: cn=Abdelouahid Ftouhi, o=TUEV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik, ou, email=aftouhi@tuev-nord.de, c=DE
Name	**Mr. Ralf Trepper**	**Mr. Abdelouahid Ftouhi**
Date of issue	**2020-03-12**	**2020-03-12**

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2. Introduction

This test report **is not an expert opinion** and consists of:

- Test result summary
- List of contents
- Introduction and further information
- Performance assessment
- Detailed test information

All pages have been numbered consecutively and bear the TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG logo, the test report number, the date, the test specification in its current version as well as the type designation of the EUT. The total numbers of pages in this report is **52**.

The tests were carried out in a representative assembly and in accordance with the test methods and/or requirements stated in:

FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247, ANSI C63.4-2014 & ANSI C63.10-2013

The sample of the product was received on:

- 2020-02-04

The tests were carried out in the following period of time:

- 2020-02-19 - 2020-03-11

3. Testing laboratory

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Phone: +49 221 8888950

FCC Registration Number: 763407

Accredited by:

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH
DAkkS accreditation number: D-PL-12053-01-00

4. Applicant

Company name	: Bernstein AG
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Country	: Germany
Telephone	: +49 571 793 675
Fax	: +49 571 793 71675
Email	: m.stomberg@de.bernstein.eu
Date of order	: 2019-11-18
References	: Mr. Michael Stomberg

5. Product

Sample of the following apparatus was submitted for testing:

Manufacturer	: Bernstein AG
Trademark	: Radio limit switch / 4000040
Type designation	: **IW50-RT1SK65**
Serial number	: ---
Hardware version	: 5901240083 Version 04
Variant	: ---
Software release	: 5418210137 Version 01
Type of equipment	: Spread Spectrum Transmitter
Power used	: 3.0 V DC
Frequency used	: 902.150 MHz – 926.650 MHz
Generated or used frequencies	: 32.768 kHz (crystal), 50 MHz (crystal), 902.150 MHz – 926.650 MHz (carrier, channel spacing 500 kHz, 50 hopping channels)
ITU emission class	: 84K7F1D
FCC ID	: 2ABA6RT1

For issuing this report the following product documentation was used:

Title	Description	Version
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For issuing this report the following product documentation was used:

Description	Date	Identifications
External photographs of the **E**quipment **U**nder **T**est (EUT)	2020-03-12	Annex no. 1
Internal photographs of the **E**quipment **U**nder **T**est (EUT)	2020-03-12	Annex no. 2
Channel occupancy / bandwidth / Out of band emission	2020-03-12	Annex no. 3
Label sample	2020-03-12	Annex no. 4
Functional description / User Manual	2020-03-12	Annex no. 5
Test setup photos	2020-03-12	Annex no. 6
Block diagram	2020-03-12	Annex no. 7
Operational description	2020-03-12	Annex no. 8
Schematics	2020-03-12	Annex no. 9
Parts list	2020-03-12	Annex no. 10
RF exposure	2020-03-12	Annex no. 11

6. Conclusions, observations and comments

The test report will be filed at TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG for a period of 10 years following the issue of this report. It may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG.

The results of the tests as stated in this report are exclusively applicable to the EUT as identified in this report.
TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG cannot be held liable for properties of the EUT that have not been observed during these tests.

TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG assumes the sample to comply with the requirements of FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 for the respective test sector, if the test results turn out positive.

Comments: ---

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7. Operational description

7.1 EUT details

7.2 EUT configuration

7.3 EUT measurement description

Radiated measurements

The EUT was tested in a typical fashion. During preliminary emission tests the EUT was operated in the continuous measuring mode for worst case emission mode investigation. Therefore, the final qualification testing was completed with the EUT operated in continuous measuring mode. All tests were performed with the EUT’s typical voltage: 3.0 V DC

In order to establish the maximum radiation, firstly, there have been viewed all orthogonal adjustments of the test samples, secondly the test ample have been rotated at all adjustments around the own axis between 0° and 360°, and thirdly, the antenna polarization between horizontal and vertical had been varied.

Antenna port conducted measurements

was direct connected to a spectrum analyzer via an attenuator and cable. Cable loss and attenuation were taken into account in the measurement results.

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8.1 Antenna requirement

8.1.1 Regulation

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

8.1.2 Result

Antenna Type	Antenna description	Frequency MHz	Gain dBi	Number of Antennas
Integrated	Ceramic chip antenna	902 – 928	-2.3	1

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 2

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8.2 Conducted limits

8.2.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 µH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Conducted Limits		
Frequency of Emission	**Quasi-Peak (QP)**	**Average (AV)**
MHz	**dBµV**	**dBµV**
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 -30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency		

(b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.

(2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000 µV within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz, as measured using a 50 µH/50 ohms LISN.

(3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

8.2.2 Test procedures

The EUT and the additional equipment (if required) are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN must be appropriate to ANSI C63.4-2014 Section 7.
Additional equipment must also be connected to a second LISN with the same specifications described in the above section (if required).

8.2.3 Result

Conducted emissions - Tested with external AC power supply								
Tested Line	**Frequency**	**Bandwidth**	**QP Value**	**QP Limit**	**Margin**	**AV Value**	**AV Limit**	**Margin**
L1 / N	**MHz**	**kHz**	**dBµV**	**dBµV**	**dB**	**dBµV**	**dBµV**	**dB**
		9						
		9						
		9						
		9						
		9						
Measurement uncertainty < ± 2 dB								

Conducted emissions - Tested with a Laptop only								
Tested Line	**Frequency**	**Bandwidth**	**QP Value**	**QP Limit**	**Margin**	**AV Value**	**AV Limit**	**Margin**
L1 / N	**MHz**	**kHz**	**dBµV**	**dBµV**	**dB**	**dBµV**	**dBµV**	**dB**
		9						
		9						
		9						
		9						
		9						
Measurement uncertainty < ± 2 dB								

Test Cables used	
Test equipment used	

The equipment passed the conducted tests	~~Yes~~	~~No~~	**N.t.**[3]

Test setup photos / test results are attached	~~Yes~~	**No**	Annex no.:

8.3 Restricted bands of operation

8.3.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

Restricted bands of operation			
Frequency Band MHz	**Frequency Band MHz**	**Frequency Band MHz**	**Frequency Band GHz**
0.090-0.110	**16.42-16.423**	**399.9-410**	**4.5-5.15**
[1]0.495-0.505	**16.69475-16.69525**	**608-614**	**5.35-5.46**
2.1735-2.1905	**16.80425-16.80475**	**960-1240**	**7.25-7.75**
4.125-4.128	**25.5-25.67**	**1300-1427**	**8.025-8.5**
4.17725-4.17775	**37.5-38.25**	**1435-1626.5**	**9.0-9.2**
4.20725-4.20775	**73-74.6**	**1645.5-1646.5**	**9.3-9.5**
6.215-6.218	**74.8-75.2**	**1660-1710**	**10.6-12.7**
6.26775-6.26825	**108-121.94**	**1718.8-1722.2**	**13.25-13.4**
6.31175-6.31225	**123-138**	**2200-2300**	**14.47-14.5**
8.291-8.294	**149.9-150.05**	**2310-2390**	**15.35-16.2**
8.362-8.366	**156.52475-156.52525**	**2483.5-2500**	**17.7-21.4**
8.37625-8.38675	**156.7-156.9**	**2690-2900**	**22.01-23.12**
8.41425-8.41475	**162.0125-167.17**	**3260-3267**	**23.6-24.0**
12.29-12.293	**167.72-173.2**	**3332-3339**	**31.2-31.8**
12.51975-12.52025	**240-285**	**3345.8-3358**	**36.43-36.5**
12.57675-12.57725	**322-335.4**	**3600-4400**	**([2])**
13.36-13.41	**---**	**---**	**---**

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.
[2] Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this subpart, the provisions of this section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator.

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(d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this section:

(1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a) of this section, the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a) of this section, and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) of this section more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.

(2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.

(3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to §15.213.

(4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of §15.253, 15.255, and 15.256 in the frequency band 75-85 GHz, or §15.257 of this part.

(5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of §15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.

(6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of subparts D or F of this part.

(7) Devices operated pursuant to §15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.

(8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under §15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in §15.245(b).

(9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under §15.249 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in §15.249(a).

(10) White space devices operating under subpart H of this part are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 608-614 MHz band.

(e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of §15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in §15.245(b).

8.3.2 Result

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~[a]

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

*****All emissions that falls under the restricted bands of operations are included in clause 8.4 and are maked blue.***

8.4 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

8.4.1 Regulation

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Intentional radiator- radiated emission limits		
Frequency	**Field Strength**	**Measurement distance**
MHz	**µV / m**	**m**
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
above 960	500	3
Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permItted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.		

(b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(c) The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. For intentional radiators which operate under the provisions of other sections within this part and which are required to reduce their unwanted emissions to the limits specified in this table, the limits in this table are based on the frequency of the unwanted emission and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

(d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

(e) The provisions in §§15.31, 15.33, and 15.35 for measuring emissions at distances other than the distances specified in the above table, determining the frequency range over which radiated emissions are to be measured, and limiting peak emissions apply to all devices operated under this part.

(f) In accordance with §15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in §15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in §15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit. Emissions which must be measured above the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator and which fall within the restricted bands shall comply with the general radiated emission limits in §15.109 that are applicable to the incorporated digital device.

(g) Perimeter protection systems may operate in the 54-72 MHz and 76-88 MHz bands under the provisions of this section. The use of such perimeter protection systems is limited to industrial, business and commercial applications.

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8.4.2 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360° to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4-2014 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions from 9kHz - 1 GHz & 1 GHz - 40 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2014. The ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Sub clause 8.3.2 of ANSI C63.4-2014 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beam width of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in ANSI C63.4-2014, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beam width of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTs, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

ANSI C63.4-2014 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Test distance	3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	9 kHz (Below 30 MHz)
	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (Above 1000 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m
Receive antenna polarization	Vertical/horizontal

* According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the

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measurement equipment. Measurements shall not be performed at a distance greater than 30 meters unless it can be further demonstrated that measurements at a distance of 30 meters or less are impractical. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.4.3 Calculation of the field strength

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level	: Receiver reading without correction factors
Correction Factor	: Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:
The receiver reading is 32.7 dBµV. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dBµV/m.
The 35.91 dBµV/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in µV/m.

Level in µV/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 62.44

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

8.4.4 Result

Transmitter spurious radiation below 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (Low Channel: 902.150 MHz)												
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna	
											Pol	H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H/V	m
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB												
****All spurious emissions are lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment! The noise level is more than 40 dB below the limit!**												
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor|DEF:Distance extrapolation factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height												
Remark: *[1] Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0 dBµV@10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz) Remark: *[2] Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b). Unless otherwise specified, e.g., see §§15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519 of this part, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.												

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

TÜV NORD Hochfrequenztechnik GmbH & Co. KG Tel.: +49 221 8888950
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Transmitter spurious radiation above 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (Low Channel: 902.150 MHz)													
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	AVC	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna Pol	Antenna H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H / V	m
30.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-2.6*5	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
88.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.8*5	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
216.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.3*5	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
960.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	8.50*5	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
1700.000	PK	1000	≤ 4.5**	3	3.8	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	0-360	H / V	1-4
1805.500	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.5	0	0	19.5	54.0	34.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
2250.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.0	0	0	18.0	54.0	36.0	0-360	H / V	1-4
2706.450	**PK**	**1000**	**56.5**	**3**	**-10.1*6**	**0**	**0**	**46.4**	**54.0**	**7.6**	**0**	**V**	**1.80**
3608.600	**PK**	**1000**	**53.1**	**3**	**-7.7*6**	**0**	**0**	**45.4**	**54.0**	**8.6**	**245**	**V**	**1.05**
4000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.40	0	0	18.4	54.0	35.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
4510.750	**PK**	**1000**	**52.4**	**3**	**-6.0*6**	**0**	**0**	**46.4**	**54.0**	**7.6**	**112**	**V**	**2.40**
5000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.10	0	0	19.4	54.0	34.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
5412.900	**PK**	**1000**	**52.2**	**3**	**-3.5*6**	**0**	**0**	**48.7**	**54.0**	**5.3**	**270**	**V**	**0.80**
7500.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	12.9	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
8300.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	14.8	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	0-360	H / V	1-4
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB													

**** All other emissions lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment!**

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF :Distance extrapolation factor | AVC : Averaging Correction factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

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Transmitter spurious radiation below 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (Middle Channel: 914.650 MHz)												
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna	
											Pol	H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H/V	m
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB												
****All spurious emissions are lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment! The noise level is more than 40 dB below the limit!**												
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF:Distance extrapolation factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height												
Remark: *1 Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0 dBµV@10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz) Remark: *2 Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b). Unless otherwise specified, e.g., see §§15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519 of this part, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.												

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

Transmitter spurious radiation above 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (Middle Channel: 914.650 MHz)

f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	AVC	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna Pol	Antenna H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H / V	m
30.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-2.6*5	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
88.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.8*5	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
216.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.3*5	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
960.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	8.50*5	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
1700.000	PK	1000	≤ 4.5**	3	3.8	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	0-360	H / V	1-4
1805.500	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.5	0	0	19.5	54.0	34.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
2250.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.0	0	0	18.0	54.0	36.0	0-360	H / V	1-4
2743.950	**PK**	**1000**	**53.7**	**3**	**-10.1*6**	**0**	**0**	**43.6**	**54.0**	**10.4**	**0**	**V**	**1.75**
3658.600	**PK**	**1000**	**50.2**	**3**	**-7.3*6**	**0**	**0**	**42.9**	**54.0**	**11.1**	**140**	**H**	**3.50**
4000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.40	0	0	18.4	54.0	35.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
4573.250	**PK**	**1000**	**53.9**	**3**	**-6.0*6**	**0**	**0**	**47.9**	**54.0**	**6.1**	**0**	**V**	**1.45**
5000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.10	0	0	19.4	54.0	34.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
7317.200	**PK**	**1000**	**46.9**	**3**	**-0.1*6**	**0**	**0**	**46.8**	**54.0**	**7.2**	**60**	**V**	**2.01**
7500.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	12.9	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
8300.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	14.8	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	0-360	H / V	1-4

Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB

**** All other emissions lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment!**

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF:Distance extrapolation factor | AVC: Averaging Correction factor | LC: Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

Transmitter spurious radiation below 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (High Channel: 926.650 MHz)												
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna	
											Pol	H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H/V	m
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
	QP	120	**	3			**					
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB												
****All spurious emissions are lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment! The noise level is more than 40 dB below the limit!**												
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF:Distance extrapolation factor | LC: Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height												
Remark: *[1] Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0 dBµV@10m distance (0.009 MHz –30 MHz) Remark: *[2] Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b). Unless otherwise specified, e.g., see §§15.250, 15.252, 15.253(d), 15.255, 15.256, and 15.509 through 15.519 of this part, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.												

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

Transmitter spurious radiation above 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209) (High Channel: 914.650 MHz)													
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	AVC	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna	
												Pol	H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBµV	m	dB	dB	dB	dBµV/m	dBµV/m	dB	°	H / V	m
30.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-2.6*5	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
88.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.8*5	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
216.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	-10.3*5	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	0-360	H / V	1-4
960.000	PK	100	≤ 3.5**	3	8.50*5	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
1700.000	PK	1000	≤ 4.5**	3	3.8	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	0-360	H / V	1-4
1805.500	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.5	0	0	19.5	54.0	34.5	0-360	H / V	1-4
2250.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.0	0	0	18.0	54.0	36.0	0-360	H / V	1-4
2779.950	**PK**	**1000**	**55.1**	**3**	**-10.0*6**	**0**	**0**	**45.1**	**54.0**	**8.9**	**0**	**V**	**1.60**
3706.600	**PK**	**1000**	**53.9**	**3**	**-6.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**47.1**	**54.0**	**6.9**	**85**	**H**	**1.20**
4000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	8.40	0	0	18.4	54.0	35.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
4633.250	**PK**	**1000**	**51.6**	**3**	**-5.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**45.8**	**54.0**	**8.2**	**0**	**V**	**1.75**
5000.000	PK	1000	≤ 10**	3	9.10	0	0	19.4	54.0	34.6	0-360	H / V	1-4
7413.200	**PK**	**1000**	**47.4**	**3**	**-0.5*6**	**0**	**0**	**46.9**	**54.0**	**7.1**	**290**	**V**	**2.05**
7500.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	12.9	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	0-360	H / V	1-4
8300.000	PK	1000	≤ 14**	3	14.8	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	0-360	H / V	1-4
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB													
**** All other emissions lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment!**													

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF:Distance extrapolation factor | AVC: Averaging Correction factor | LC: Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBµV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBµV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBµV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBµV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

8.5 Bandwidth

8.5.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

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8.5.2 Result

Operating Frequency	Minimum Measured 20 dB Bandwidth
MHz	kHz
902.150	84.669
914.650	84.482
926.650	84.575

Operating Frequency	Maximum Measured 99 % Bandwidth
MHz	kHz
902.150	79.435
914.650	79.388
926.650	79.498

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~ *

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no.: 3

8.6 Carrier frequency separation

8.6.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

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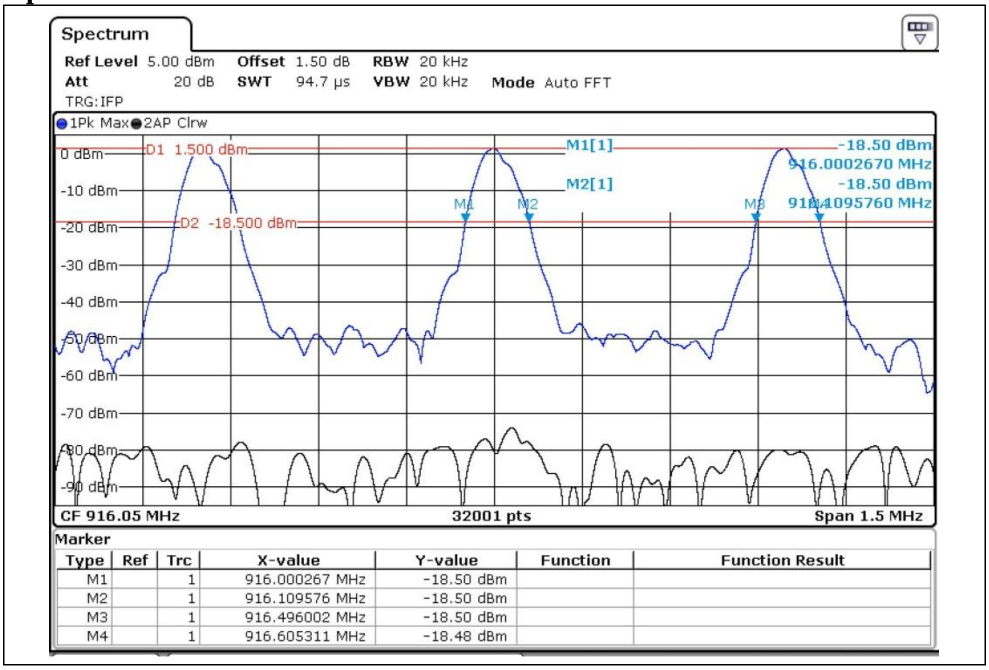
8.6.2 Result

Plot of channel separation measurement



	20 dBc frequencies MHz		Calculated centre frequencies MHz		Calculated channel separation kHz
Operating Frequency 1	**$F1_L$**	**916.000267**	**F1**	**916.054922**	**0.496**
	$F1_H$	**916.109576**			
Operating Frequency 2	**$F2_L$**	**916.496002**	**F2**	**916.550657**	
	$F2_H$	**916.605311**			

$F1 = (F1_H + F1_L)/2$ **$F2 = (F2_H – F2_L)/2$** **channel separation = F2 – F1**

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

8.7 Number of hopping channels

8.7.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

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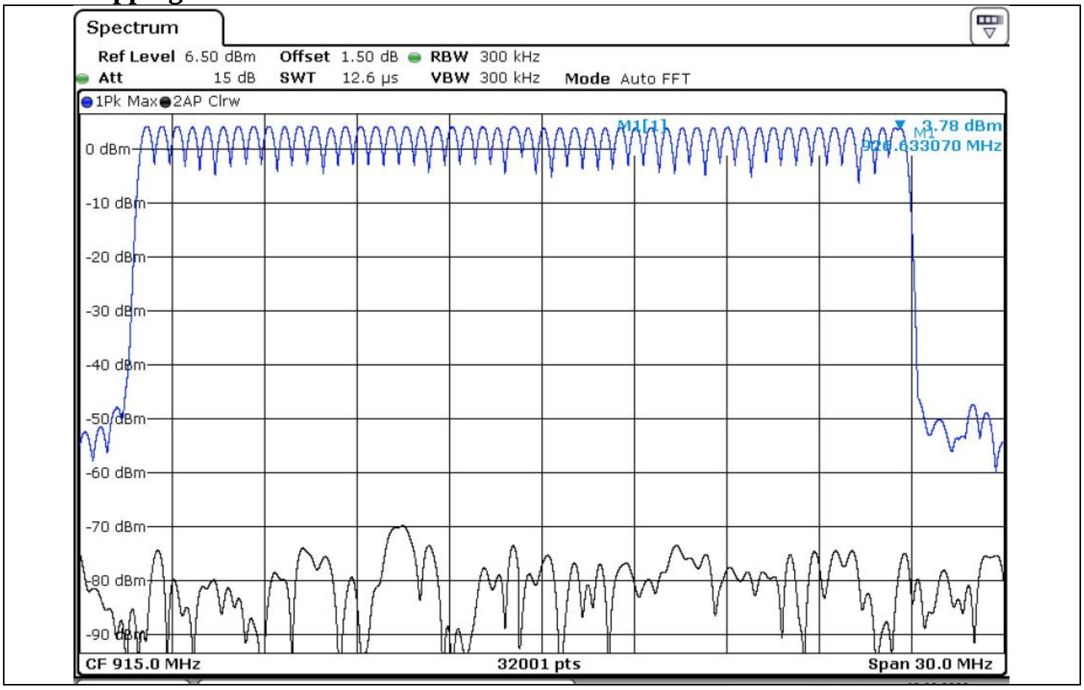
8.7.2 Result

Plot of number of hopping channels



Operating Frequency Band MHz	Number of hopping channels Measured	Number of hopping channels Limit
902 - 928	**50.0**	**50.0**

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

8.8 Average time of occupancy

8.8.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

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8.8.2 Result

Operating Frequency MHz		Duration of a single transmission ms	Number of transmissions	Average time of occupancy within a 20 second period ms	Limit within a 20 second period ms
F_{Low}	902.150	4.08875	1	4.08875	400
F_{Middle}	914.650	4.10750	1	4.10750	400
F_{High}	926.650	4.11375	1	4.11375	400

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 3, 6

8.9 Peak output power

8.9.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

(2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the *maximum conducted output power* is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Fixed point-to-point operation:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted output power.

(iii) Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

(2) In addition to the provisions in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4) and (c)(1)(i) of this section, transmitters operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams, simultaneously or sequentially, for

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the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers provided the emissions comply with the following:

(i) Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.

(ii) If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams but does not do emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device, *i.e.*, the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc. and summed across all carriers or frequency channels, shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(3) of this section, as applicable. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as follows:

(A) The directional gain shall be calculated as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or stave having the highest gain.

(B) A lower value for the directional gain than that calculated in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section will be accepted if sufficient evidence is presented, e.g., due to shading of the array or coherence loss in the beamforming.

(iii) If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the power limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section by more than 8 dB.

(iv) Transmitters that emit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

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8.9.2 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360° to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4-2014 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions from 9kHz - 1 GHz & 1 GHz - 40 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2014. The ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Sub clause 8.3.2 of ANSI C63.4-2014 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beam width of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in ANSI C63.4-2014, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beam width of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTs, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

ANSI C63.4-2014 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Test distance	10m, 3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	9 kHz (Below 30 MHz)
	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1000 MHz)
	1 MHz (Above 1000 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m (Below 30 MHz)
	1 m - 4 m (30 MHz - 15000 MHz)
	1 m – 2.5 m (18000 MHz - 40000 MHz)
	1 m (Above 40000 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	0° or 90° (Below 30 MHz)
	vertical/horizontal (Above 30 MHz)

*According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.9.3 Calculation of the peak power (radiated)

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors
Correction Factor : field attenuation + cable loss

For example:
The receiver reading is +1.0 dBm. The field attenuation for the measured frequency is +19.5 dB and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 2.1 dB, giving a power of +22.6 dBm.
The +22.6dBm value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in W.

+22.6 dBm = 0.182 W = 182 mW

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8.9.4 Result

Peak output power at antenna port (Section 15.247)							
f	**Detct**	**BW**	**Rx Level**	**CF**	**LC**	**Limit**	**Margin**
MHz	**Type**	**kHz**	**dBm**	**dB**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**
902.150	**PK**	**100**	**2.68**	**1.5**	**4.18**	**30.0**	**25.82**
914.650	**PK**	**100**	**2.46**	**1.5**	**3.96**	**30.0**	**26.04**
926.650	**PK**	**100**	**2.45**	**1.5**	**3.95**	**30.0**	**26.05**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 1.5 dB							
f: Frequency | Detct: Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level: Receiver level | CF: Correction factor | LC: Level corrected							

Max. radiated peak output power e.i.r.p. Calculated (Section 15.247)						
Antenna Type	**f**	**Rx Level**	**Antenna gain**	**e.i.r.p. LC**	**e.i.r.p. Limit**	**Margin**
Internal / External	**(MHz)**	**dBm**	**dBi**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**
Internal Chip antenna	**902.150**	**4.18**	**-2.3**	**1.88**	**36***	**34.12**
	914.650	**3.96**	**-2.3**	**1.66**	**36***	**34.34**
	926.650	**3.95**	**-2.3**	**1.65**	**36***	**34.35**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 0.5 dB						
f: Frequency | Rx Level : Receiver | e.i.r.p. LC : Corrected e.i.r.p Level |*e.i.r.p. Limit = 30 dBm + 6 dBi (antenna gain) = 4 Watt						
Max. Peak output power (radiated) = Noted receiver level + Antenna gain - Coax cable attenuation (min. = 0.6 dB)						

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 3, 6

8.10 Out of band emission

8.10.1 Regulation

Section 15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

8.10.2 Calculation of the "Out of band emissions"

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors
Correction Factor : field attenuation + cable loss

For example:
The receiver reading in a 100 kHz bandwidth is -45.0 dBm. The field attenuation for the measured frequency is +10.5 dB and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 1.5 dB, giving a power of -33.0 dBm.
The measured peak power in a 100 kHz bandwidth is +3.6dBm. Therefore the Attenuation can be calculated as follows:

Attenuation = measured peak power – out of band emission receiver reading = +3.6 dBm – (-33.0 dBm) =36.6 dB

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8.10.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360° to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4-2014 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions from 9kHz - 1 GHz & 1 GHz - 40 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2014. The ANSI C63.4-2014 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Sub clause 8.3.2 of ANSI C63.4-2014 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beam width of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in ANSI C63.4-2014, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beam width of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTs, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

ANSI C63.4-2014 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

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8.10.4 Result

Out of band Spurious Emissions - Conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 902.150 MHz							
f	**Detct**	**BW**	**Rx Level**	**CF**	**LC**	**Limit**	**Margin**
MHz	**Type**	**kHz**	**dBm**	**dB**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**
902.150	PK	100	2.68	**= Analyzer offset**	**4.18**	30.0	**25.82**
959.775	PK	100	-48.87	**= Analyzer offset + transducer factors**	**-47.27**	-15.82	**31.45**
1804.300	PK	100	-55.61		**-53.81**	-15.82	**37.99**
2706.450	PK	100	-66.16		**-64.36**	-15.82	**48.54**
3608.600	PK	100	-66.40		**-64.50**	-15.82	**48.68**
4510.750	PK	100	-57.31		**-55.21**	-15.82	**39.39**
5412.900	PK	100	-59.47		**-57.17**	-15.82	**41.35**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 3 dB							
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | CF : Correction factor | LC : Level corrected							

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 3, 6

Out of band Spurious emissions - Radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 902.150 MHz													
f	**Detct**	**BW**	**Rx Level**	**MD**	**CF**	**DEF**	**AVC**	**LC**	**Limit**	**Margin**	**EP**	**Antenna**	
												Pol	**H**
MHz	**Type**	**kHz**	**dBm**	**m**	**dB**	**dB**	**dB**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**	**°**	**H / V**	**m**
1804.300	**PK**	**100**	**-45.3**	**3**	**2.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**-42.5**	**-18.12**	**24.38**	**0**	**V**	**1.80**
2706.450	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
3608.600	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
4510.750	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
5412.900	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
6315.050	**PK**	**100**	**-58.1**	**3**	**15.0*6**	**0**	**0**	**-43.1**	**-18.12**	**24.98**	**90**	**H**	**1.25**
7217.200	**PK**	**100**	**-58.2**	**3**	**17.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**-40.4**	**-18.12**	**22.28**	**340**	**V**	**2.75**
8119.350	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
9021.500	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB													

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF :Distance extrapolation factor | AVC : Averaging Correction factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol: Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height |

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -103 dBm @ 3m distance (30 – 1000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -102 dBm @ 3m distance (1000 – 2000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -96 dBm @ 3m distance (2000 – 5500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -92 dBm @ 3m distance (5500 – 14500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

Out of band Spurious Emissions - Conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 914.650 MHz							
f	**Detct**	**BW**	**Rx Level**	**CF**	**LC**	**Limit**	**Margin**
MHz	**Type**	**kHz**	**dBm**	**dB**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**
914.650	PK	100	2.46	**= Analyzer offset**	**3.96**	30.0	**26.04**
959.775	PK	100	-50.40	**= Analyzer offset + transducer factors**	**-48.80**	-16.04	**32.76**
1829.300	PK	100	-55.79		**-53.99**	-16.04	**37.95**
2743.950	PK	100	-71.69		**-69.89**	-16.04	**53.85**
3658.600	PK	100	-68.54		**-66.64**	-16.04	**50.60**
4573.250	PK	100	-58.70		**-56.60**	-16.04	**40.56**
5487.900	PK	100	-63.24		**-60.94**	-16.04	**44.90**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 3 dB							
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | CF : Correction factor | LC : Level corrected							

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 3, 6

Out of band Spurious emissions - Radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 914.650 MHz													
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	AVC	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna Pol	Antenna H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBm	m	dB	dB	dB	dBm	dBm	dB	°	H / V	m
1829.300	**PK**	**100**	**-50.3**	**3**	**2.4*6**	**0**	**0**	**-47.9**	**-18.34**	**29.56**	**275**	**V**	**1.50**
2743.950	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
3658.600	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
4573.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
5487.900	**PK**	**100**	**-54.6**	**3**	**13.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**-40.8**	**-18.34**	**22.46**	**190**	**V**	**1.05**
6402.550	**PK**	**100**	**-59.0**	**3**	**15.1*6**	**0**	**0**	**-43.9**	**-18.34**	**25.55**	**0**	**V**	**1.17**
7317.200	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
8231.850	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
9146.500	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB													

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF :Distance extrapolation factor | AVC : Averaging Correction factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol:Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height |

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -103 dBm @ 3m distance (30 – 1000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -102 dBm @ 3m distance (1000 – 2000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -96 dBm @ 3m distance (2000 – 5500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -92 dBm @ 3m distance (5500 – 14500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

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Out of band Spurious Emissions - Conducted (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 926.650 MHz							
f	**Detct**	**BW**	**Rx Level**	**CF**	**LC**	**Limit**	**Margin**
MHz	**Type**	**kHz**	**dBm**	**dB**	**dBm**	**dBm**	**dB**
926.650	PK	100	2.45	**= Analyzer offset**	**3.95**	30.0	**26.05**
959.775	PK	100	-50.95	**= Analyzer offset + transducer factors**	**-49.35**	-16.05	**33.3**
1853.300	PK	100	-50.08		**-48.28**	-16.05	**32.23**
2779.950	PK	100	-67.93		**-66.13**	-16.05	**50.08**
3706.600	PK	100	-67.82		**-65.92**	-16.05	**49.87**
4573.250	PK	100	-61.79		**-59.69**	-16.05	**43.64**
5487.900	PK	100	-59.99		**-57.69**	-16.05	**41.64**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 3 dB							
f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | CF : Correction factor | LC : Level corrected							

Test Cables used	K89
Test equipment used	356, 502, 504

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes**	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 3, 6

Out of band Spurious emissions - Radiated (Transmitter) (Section 15.247) frequency, 926.650 MHz													
f	Detct	BW	Rx Level	MD	CF	DEF	AVC	LC	Limit	Margin	EP	Antenna	
												Pol	H
MHz	Type	kHz	dBm	m	dB	dB	dB	dBm	dBm	dB	°	H / V	m
1853.300	**PK**	**100**	**-47.5**	**3**	**2.4*6**	**0**	**0**	**-45.1**	**-18.35**	**-26.75**	**290**	**V**	**2.75**
2779.950	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
3706.600	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
4573.250	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
5487.900	**PK**	**100**	**-56.9**	**3**	**13.8*6**	**0**	**0**	**-43.1**	**-18.35**	**-24.75**	**190**	**V**	**1.00**
6486.550	**PK**	**100**	**-58.3**	**3**	**15.1*6**	**0**	**0**	**-43.2**	**-18.35**	**-24.85**	**0**	**V**	**1.07**
7413.200	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
8339.850	Measured acc. to Section 15.205(a) and section 15.209(a)												
9266.500	**PK**	**100**	**≤-85.0**	**3**	**21.0*6**	**0**	**0**	**-64.0**	**-18.35**	**-45.65**	**230**	**V**	**1.96**
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB													

f: Frequency | Detct : Detector type | BW: Bandwidth | Rx Level : Receiver level | MD: Measurement distance | CF : Correction factor | DEF :Distance extrapolation factor | AVC : Averaging Correction factor | LC : Level corrected | EP: EUT Position | Pol: Antenna polarization | H: Antenna height

Remark: *1 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -103 dBm @ 3m distance (30 – 1000 MHz)
Remark: *2 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -102 dBm @ 3m distance (1000 – 2000 MHz)
Remark: *3 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -96 dBm @ 3m distance (2000 – 5500 MHz)
Remark: *4 noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -92 dBm @ 3m distance (5500 – 14500 MHz)
Remark: *5 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
Remark: *6 for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Test Cables used	K60, K101, K119
Test equipment used	23, 166a, 406, 445a, 451, 452, 502, 660, 667, 668, 669

The equipment passed the conducted tests	**Yes****	~~No~~	~~N.t.~~*

Test setup photos / test results are attached	**Yes**	~~No~~	Annex no. 6

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9. Additional information to the test report

Remarks	Description
N.t.[1]	Not tested, because the antenna is part of the PCB
N.t.[2]	Not tested, because the EUT is directly battery powered
N.t.[3]	Not tested, because not applicable to the EUT
N.t.[4]	Not tested, because not ordered

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10. List of test equipment

State Mar. 03, 2020					
Marking	**Manufacturer**	**SW/Type/Serial-No.**	**Last Cal./Val.**	**Next Cal./Val.**	**No.**
1 Measuring Instruments					
Attenuator	Radiall	---	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*62*
Attenuator 3dB	Suhner	6803/17	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*137*
Attenuator 3dB / 18 GHz	Suhner	3dB/18GHz	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*299*
Terminator	Texcan	---	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*304*
Attenuator 6dB / 18 GHz	Suhner	6dB/18GHz	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*344*
Attenuator 20dB / 20GHz	Parzich	40AH-20	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*354*
Terminator	KDI	T173CS	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*490*
Variable transformer	RFT	LS 002	---	---	*154a*
Variable transformer	Schunt+Ben	---	---	---	*155*
Power sensor	Marconi	6914	*Aug 18*	*Aug 20*	*258*
Power sensor	Marconi	6913	*Aug 19*	*Aug 21*	*286*
Power sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP18SN	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*651*
Coaxial Directional Coupler	Narda	3003-20	*Jan 18*	*Jan 21*	*370/342*
Coaxial directional coupler	Mini Circuits	ZFDC-20-5	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*434*
Coaxial directional coupler	Narda+Suhner	---	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*472/492*
Coaxial High Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NHP-700	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*435*
Coaxial High Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NHP-200	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*405*
Coaxial High Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NHP-25+	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*455*
High Pass Filter	Mini circuits	VHF-3500+	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*451*
High Pass Filter	Mini circuits	VHF-1200+	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*452*
Bandpass Filter	Schomandl	BN86871	*Nov 18*	*Nov 21*	*66*
Bandpass Filter	Schomandl	BN68673	*Nov 18*	*Nov 21*	*67*
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	SLP550	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*273*
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	SLP550	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*274*
RF Current Probe 9 kHz – 30 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z1	*Jun 18*	*Jun 21*	*42*
VHF- Current Probe 9 kHz – 600 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	ESV-Z1	*Jun 18*	*Jun 21*	*43*
Passive Test Probe – 9 kHz – 30 MHz	TÜV NORD	VDE 0876	*Mai 18*	*Mai 21*	*45*
Coaxial Fixed Attenuator DC – 1 GHz	Texscan	HFP50/10	*Jul 17*	*Jul 20*	*60*
8 Wire Impedance Stabilisation Network	Schwarzbeck	CAT5 8158	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*71a*
T-Section - 50 W	Rohde & Schwarz	BN 42441/50	*Aug 18*	*Aug 21*	*93*
RF Current Injection Clamp 0.15 – 1GHz	Lüthi GmbH	EM 101	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*156*
Absorbing Clamp MDS 30MHz – 1GHz	Lüthi GmbH	MDS-21	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*160*
Insertion Unit	Rohde & Schwarz	URV5-Z4	*Mai 19*	*Mai 22*	*162*
Coaxial RF Termination - 0 – 1000 MHz	Telewave Inc.	TWL 35	*Nov 18*	*Nov 21*	*164*
Coaxial RF Termination - 0 – 1000 MHz	Telewave Inc.	TWL 60	*Nov 18*	*Nov 21*	*165*
Fixed Attenuator - DC – 1.5GHz	Bird	Mod/ 8343-060	*Feb 17*	*Feb 20*	*177*
Rotary Step Attenuator DC – 2 GHz	Texscan	TA – 50	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*184*
CDN up to 230 MHz	MEB	KEN-M 2 /M 3	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*264*
Impulse limiter 10 dB	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3 Z2	*Mai 19*	*Mai 22*	*272*
Fixed Attenuator - DC – 18 GHz | 30 dB	MTS	---	*Nov 17*	*Nov 20*	*275*
Fixed Attenuator - DC – 18 GHz | 30 dB	MTS	---	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*276*
Passive Probe - 9 kHz – 30 MHz | 2.5 kΩ	RFT	TK 121	*Jun 17*	*Jun 20*	*302*
Termination Resistor 50 W	Radiall	404011	*Nov 18*	*Nov 21*	*309*
Branching device (4x) 50W	Rohde & Schwarz	892228/20	*Sep 19*	*Sep 22*	*320*
Dummy-Load - 2 – 18 GHz	Narda	MODEL 367NF	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*343*
DC Block Adapter - 0.045 – 26.5 GHz	Hewlett-Packard	11742A	*Apr 18*	*Apr 21*	*356*
Insertion Unit 10V | 9 kHz 1000 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	URV 5-Z2	*Mai 19*	*Mai 22*	*367*
RF Probe 0.02 – 1000 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	395.2680.02	*Mai 19*	*Mai 22*	*368*
150W attenuator	Weinschel	49-20-33	*Oct 19*	*Oct 22*	*374*

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Fixed Coaxial Attenuator - DC – 18 GHz	Weinschel	23-6-34	*Feb 20*	*Feb 23*	*375*
Insertion Unit 9 kHz – 2000 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	URY-Z2	*Oct 19*	*Oct 22*	*416*
Panoramic Adapter (Monitoring)	Schwarzbeck	PAN1550	---	---	*429*
DC-BLOCK - DC – 6.0 GHz |50 W	Mini Circuits	BLK-6-N+	*Aug 18*	*Aug 21*	*462*
Terminating resistor 50Ω SMA	---	---	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*493*
Terminating resistor 50Ω SMA	---	SC 60-601-0000-31	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*497*
Fixed Attenuator –0 – 40 GHz	Anritsu	41KC-10	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*504*
Fixed Attenuator – 0 – 40 GHz	Anritsu	41KC-10	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*505*
Fixed Attenuator – 0 – 40 GHz	Anritsu	41KC-6	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*506*
Fixed Attenuator – 0 – 40 GHz	Anritsu	41KC-3	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*507*
Electric Dummy Load	RA-NAV Lab.	DA-75U	*Feb 17*	*Feb 20*	*526*
Power Splitter / Combiner	Mini Circuits	ZESC-2-11	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*527*
3 Way Power Splitter / Combiner	Mini Circuits	ZFSC-3-1	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*529*
3 Way Power Splitter / Combiner	Mini Circuits	ZFSC-3-1	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*530*
RF-Attenuator - 6 dB	Haefely	---	*Mar 20*	*Mar 23*	*540*
RF-Attenuator - 1– 120 MHz | 12 dB	Haefely	---	*Mar 20*	*Mar 23*	*541*
RF-Attenuator - 1– 120 MHz | 39 dB	Haefely	---	*Mar 20*	*Mar 23*	*542*
LISN 9kHz – 30 MHz	Schwarzbeck	NNLA 8120	*Jul 17*	*Jul 20*	*551*
HV Probe P6013A	Tektronix	P6013A	*Mai 19*	*Mai 22*	*559*
VLISN 5µH	Schwarzbeck	8125-1944	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*585*
VLISN 5µH	Schwarzbeck	8125-1945	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*586*
20dB Attenuator, up to 18 GHz	Mini Circuit	BW-N20W5+	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*594*
Step Attenuator - DC-18 GHz | 0 to 11 dB	Hewlett-Packard	8494B	*Nov 19*	*Nov 22*	*604*
Analyser Reference System	Spitzenberger & Spies	ARS 16/1	*Jan 20*	*Jan 22*	*606a/b/c*
Capacitive Coupling Clamp 5 kV	Schlöder	SFT 415	*Mai 17*	*Mai 20*	*608*
RF Probes for 50 Ω Receivers	Schwarzbeck	TK 9416	---	---	*612*
Current probe TRMS	BEHA APROB	CHB35	*Oct 19*	*Oct 22*	*652*
Semi Anechoic Chamber	COMTEST	SAC-3m	*Apr 19*	*Apr 20*	*660*
Maturo Turntable	Maturo	TT2.0SI (SN: TT2.05SI/817 SW: 1.0.0.4473)	---	---	*667*
Maturo Antenna Mast	Maturo	TAM4.5-E-10kg (SN: 10011/216/2588.01)	---	---	*668*
Maturo Controller	Maturo	FCU3.0/009/2588.01 (SN: 10014/2019)	---	---	*669*
2 Generators					
EFT/Burst Generator	Schlöder	SFT 1400	*Mai 17*	*Mai 20*	*46a*
Hybrid Generator	Schlöder	CWG1500	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*522*
ESD Generator	Schlöder	SESD 216	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*653*
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	*Jun 18*	*Jun 20*	*571*
RF Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SGT100A	*Apr 18*	*Apr 20*	*636*
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMG	*Mai 19*	*Mai 21*	*136*
Signal Generator	Marconi	2042	*Mai 18*	*Mai 20*	*6*
Signal Generator	Marconi	2024	*Mai 18*	*Mai 20*	*213*
Puls Generator	EM Test	MPG 200	*Cal. before use*	*Cal. before use*	*181*
Surge Generator	H+H	MIG063 IN S-T	*Mar 18*	*Mar 20*	*561*
Voltage Interruption Simulator	Schlöder	VIS1700	*Mar 18*	*Mar 20*	*241a*
3. Antennas					
Loop Ant. 9kHz-30MHz	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1516	*Sep 19*	*Sep 21*	*23*
Biconical Ant. 30-300 MHz	Schwarzbeck	VHA9103/BBA9106	*Apr 17*	*Apr 20*	*80/616*
Double Ridged Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120C	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*169*
Double Ridged Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120A	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*284*
Tri-Log Broadband	Schwarzbeck	VULB9168	*Mai 19*	*Mai 21*	*406*
Broadband Horn 14-40 GHz	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*442*
Log Per Antenna 0.7-20 GHz	Schwarzbeck	STLP9148	*Mai 19*	*Mai 21*	*445a*
Bilog Ant.	Schwarzbeck	CBL6111	*Cal. before use*	*Cal. before use*	*167*

Balun with biconical BBA9106 (TX)	Schwarzbeck [only for NSA]	VHBB9124	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*0796*
Balun with biconical BBA9106 (RX)	Schwarzbeck [only for NSA]	VHBA9123	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*9758*
Log periodic Ant (TX)	Schwarzbeck [only for NSA]	UHALP9108	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*9002*
Log periodic Ant (RX)	Schwarzbeck [only for NSA]	UHALP9108	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*9003*
Spectrum analyser Mixer 220 – 325 GHz	Radiometer Physics	SAM325	*Aug 19*	*Aug 21*	*591*
Dual Mode Potter Horn 220-325 GHz	Radiometer Physics	325-WR2	---	---	*592*
Dual Mode Potter Horn 75-110 GHz	Radiometer Physics	---	---	---	*649*
Gain Horn Antenna 50-75 GHz	Dorado	GH-15-20	---	---	*511*
Standard Gain Horn 1.7 – 2.6 GHz	Narda	645	---	---	*514*
W-band active Sextupler with input drive amplifier	Spacek Labs Inc.	AW-6XW-0	---	---	*221a*
60 to 65 GHz active frequency quadrupler	Spacek Labs Inc.	A625-4XW-0	---	---	*222a*
Harmonic Mixer 40-60 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	FS-Z60	*Jul 19*	*Jul 21*	*515*
Gain Horn Antenna 40-60 GHz	Dorado	GH-19-20	---	---	*518*
Spectrum analyser Mixer 90-140 GHz	Radiometer Physics	SAM140	*Aug 19*	*Aug 21*	*545*
Dual Mode Potter Horn 90-140 GHz	Radiometer Physics	140-WR8	---	---	*547*
Spectrum analyser Mixer 140-220GHz	Radiometer Physics	SAM220	*Aug 19*	*Aug 21*	*546*
Dual Mode Potter Horn 140-220 GHz	Radiometer Physics	220-WR5.1	---	---	*548*
Harmonic Mixer 60-90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	FS-Z90	*Jul 19*	*Jul 21*	*501*
Dual Mode Potter Horn 60-90 GHz	Radiometer Physics	90-W12	---	---	*549*
Gain Horn 33-55 GHz	Dorado	---	---	---	*383*
Gain Horn 50-75 GHz	Dorado	---	---	---	*384*
Gain Horn 75-110 GHz	Dorado	---	---	---	*385*
Standard Gain Ant. 26.5-40 GHz	Maury Microwave	U211C	---	---	*532/628*
4. Amplifier					
RF pre-amplifier 100kHz-1.3GHz	HP	8447E	*Aug 18*	*Aug 20*	*166a*
Mitteq amplifier 26.5-40 GHz	Mitteq	---	*Mar 17*	*Mar 20*	*223a*
RF pre-amplifier 1-18GHz	Narda	---	*Mar 18*	*Mar 20*	*345*
Mitteq Amplifier 18-26GHz	Mitteq	---	*Mai 17*	*Mai 20*	*433*
Microwave amplifier 12-18GHz	Schwarzbeck	BBV9719	*Mar 19*	*Mar 21*	*443*
Microwave amplifier 0.5-18GHz	Schwarzbeck	BBV9718	*Mar 19*	*Mar 21*	*444*
5. Test/Control software					
Maturo mcApp	Maturo	SW: V3.4.9.4537 (19.04.04)	---	---	---
SPS EMC	Spitzenberger & Spies	SW: V4.1.3	---	---	---
EMV-Soft	Schlöder GmbH	SW: V11.95	---	---	---
ISMISO	EM Test AG	SW:V3.63	---	---	---
6. Power supplies					
Programmable Power Supply	Fluke	PM 2813	---	---	*28a*
Power Supply	HP	---	---	---	*125*
Power Supply	Sorensen	LM 30-6	---	---	*134a*
Power Supply	HP	6034L	---	---	*226*
Regulated Power Supply	Farnell	AP60-50	---	---	*408*
Power Supply	EA	PSI 8080-40-DT	---	---	*560*
Power Supply	HP	6032A	---	---	*644*
7. Meters					
Microwave Frequency Counter	Hewlett-Packard	5351A	*Nov 18*	*Nov 20*	*130*
Temperature test cabinet	Heraeus Vötsch	VMT04/35	---	---	*102a*
Temperature test cabinet	Brabender	TTE 32/40 H	---	---	*87*
Digital-Hygro-Thermometer	Greisinger	GFTH95	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*57a*
Volt & RF Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	URV35	*Mai 19*	*Mai 21*	*161*

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Spectrum Analyzer - 9 kHz – 18 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	FSL18	*Jul 18*	*Jul 20*	*171a*
Multimeter	Gossen Metrawatt	Metrahit pro	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*215a*
Radio communication Service Monitor 0.4 – 1000 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	CMS 54	*Jun 17*	*Jun 20*	*229*
Humidity/Temperature Measuring device	TESTO	Testo 625	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*259a*
Volt & RF Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	URV35	*Nov 19*	*Nov 21*	*271*
Multimeter	Gossen Metrawatt	Metrahit 26S	*Aug 17*	*Aug 20*	*313*
Level and Power Meter - 9 kHz – 3 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	URY	*Mai 19*	*Mai 21*	*307*
Temperature test device	Ahlhorn	Almemo 2390-5 PT100	*Feb 17*	*Feb 20*	*401*
Signal & Spectrum Analyser 10 Hz-30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV-30	*Jul 19*	*Jul 21*	*502*
Digital-Vacuum-/Barometer	Greisinger	GDH12AN	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*558*
Temperature test cabinet	Weiß Umwelttechnik	WKL 34/40	*Aug 18*	*Aug 21*	*562*
Digital Storage Oscilloscope	Tektronix	TDS 2012C	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*568*
Miniature Flat, Zero-Biased Schottky Detector –0.1– 18 GHz	Narda	4503A-03	*Jun 17*	*Jun 20*	*613*
Diode Detector – 0.1 – 2.5 GHz	Spinner	BN 7545	*Sep 17*	*Sep 20*	*617*
Digital-Vacuum-/Barometer	Greisinger	GDH-200-14	*Oct 19*	*Oct 21*	*632*
EMI Test receiver ESW26	Rohde & Schwarz	R&S ESW26 (SN: 101383/26 SW: R&S ESW1.61))	*Nov 19*	*Nov 20*	*665*
Signal analyser Keysight 50GHz	Keysight	UXA N9040B (SN: MY57213006 SW: A.24.58/2019.0702)	*Nov 19*	*Nov 20*	*666*

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11. List of test cables

Internal Cable Number	Connector Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Cable Length (m)	Manufacturer
4a	BNC	10 – 1500	0.50	Telemeter
14a	BNC	10 – 1000	1.00	Telemeter
17a	APC3.5	10 – 26500	2.13	Huber + Suhner
18a	APC3.5	10 – 26500	2.13	Huber + Suhner
22	BNC	10 – 1000	1.50	---
27	BNC	10 – 1000	1.00	Fabrica Milanese Cond.
40	BNC	---	0.50	Aircell
43	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Rosenberger
44	SMA	---	0.50	Huber + Suhner
45	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Huber + Suhner
48	SMA		0.50	Huber + Suhner
49	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
50	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
51	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
52	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
54	BNC	10 – 3500	1.00	Aircell
58	N	10 – 18000	2.00	Huber + Suhner
59	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
60	N	10 – 18000	2.00	Huber + Suhner
61	N	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
62	SMA	---	0.50	Huber + Suhner
63	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Huber + Suhner
64	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Huber + Suhner
65	APC3.5	10 – 26500	0.60	---
66	APC3.5	10 – 26500	0.60	---
67	APC3.5	10 – 26500	0.60	---
68	APC3.5	10 – 26500	0.60	---
72	BNC	---	0.40	---
73	BNC	---	0.40	---
76	SMA	10 – 30000	3.00	Gore
79	BNC/N	10 – 1000	5.00	---
80	SMA	---	0.25	Huber + Suhner
87	SMA	10 – 18000	0.15	Huber + Suhner
88	SMA	10 – 18000	0.15	Huber + Suhner
89	SMA	10 – 18000	0.15	Huber + Suhner
90	SMA	10 – 18000	0.15	Huber + Suhner
91	SMA	---	1.50	Huber + Suhner
94	BNC	---	1.10	---
95	BNC	---	0.80	---
96	BNC	---	0.80	---
100	N	10 – 26500	6.00	Rosenberg
101	N	10 – 18000	2.90	Huber + Suhner
102	SMA	10 – 18000	2.00	Huber + Suhner
111	BNC	10 – 1000	0.50	---
112	BNC	10 – 1000	0.50	---
114	SMA	10 – 18000	0.25	Huber + Suhner
116	SMA	10 – 18000	0.25	Huber + Suhner
119	N	10 – 20000	8.00	Jyebao
121	SMA	10 – 18000	1.50	Huber + Suhner
122	SMA	10 – 18000	2.00	Huber + Suhner
123	SMA	10 – 18000	2.00	Huber + Suhner
145	SMA	10 – 26500	8.00	Huber + Suhner
147	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.50	Jyebao
148	APC3.5	10 – 40000	3.00	Jyebao

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Internal Cable Number	Connector Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Cable Length (m)	Manufacturer
151	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Rosenberger
152	SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Rosenberger
154	BNC	10 – 1000	1.00	---
155	N/BNC	---	0.85	---
157	BNC	---	0.50	---
158	SMA	10 – 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
160	SMA	10 – 18000	0.40	Nortel Networks
161	SMA	10 – 18000	1.00	Huber + Suhner
162	APC35	10 – 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
163	APC3.5	10 - 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
164	APC3.5	10 – 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
165	APC2.9	10 – 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
166	APC3.5	10 – 40000	---	---
167	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.00	Jyebao
168	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.00	Jyebao
169	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.00	Jyebao
170	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.00	Jyebao
171	APC3.5	10 – 40000	1.00	Jyebao
172	SAM	---	0.90	Huber + Suhner
173	APC	10 – 26500	2.00	Huber + Suhner
174	APC	10 – 26500	---	Huber + Suhner
175	SMA	10 – 18000	0.40	Huber + Suhner
176	N-SMA	10 – 18000	0.50	Huber + Suhner
188	N	10 – 18000	5.00	Huber + Suhner
EMV 1	BNC	---	2.00	Henn
EMV 2	BNC	10 – 1000	2.00	Henn
EMV 4	BNC	---	9.70	Henn
EMV 5	BNC	---	3.80	Henn
EMV 6	BNC/N	10 – 1000	5.00	Lüthi
EMV 7	BNC	10 – 1000	1.50	Henn
EMV 8	BNC	10 – 1500	1.70	Henn
EMV 9	BNC	10 – 1000	1.70	Henn
EMV 11	BNC	---	5.20	Hasselt
EMV 12	BNC	10 – 1000	2.40	Hasselt
EMV 13	BNC	10 – 1000	4.10	Hasselt
EMV 14	BNC	10 – 1000	2.50	Hasselt
EMV 15	BNC	---	0.90	Henn
EMV 16	Fischer	---	2.00	---
EMV 18a	Fischer	---	1.00	---
EMV 19a	Fischer	---	1.50	---
KISN2	BNC	10 – 2000	4.80	---

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End of test report

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