# TEST REPORT

Report Reference No:	4787598692-16
FCC ID:	2AB7X-WISEPOS
Applicant's name:	BBPOS International Limited
Address	Suite 1602, 16/F, Tower 2, Nina Tower, No. 8 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., Hong Kong
Manufacturer	BBPOS International Limited
Address	Suite 1602, 16/F, Tower 2, Nina Tower, No. 8 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., Hong Kong
Test item description:	WisePOS
Trade Mark	-
Model/Type reference:	WSC11
Listed Model(s)	WSC10
Standard :	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999 IEEE 1528: 2013
Date of receipt of test sample:	Sep. 18,2016
Date of testing	Sep. 19,2016- Sep. 28, 2016
Date of issue	Nov. 09, 2016
Result:	PASS

Reviewed by :

James Um James Qin (Project Engineer)

Approved by:

Aephenbus

Stephen Guo (Laboratory Manager)

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Testing Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd			
Address:	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China			

### UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd, Song Shan Lake Branch All rights reserved.

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd, Song Shan Lake Branchis acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd, Song Shan Lake Branch takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

# Contents

<u>1.</u>	Test Standards and Report version	4
1.1.	Test Standards	4
1.2.	Report version	4
<u>2.</u>	Summary	5
2.1.	Client Information	5
2.2.	Product Description	5
<u>3.</u>	Test Environment	7
3.1.	Address of the test laboratory	7
3.2.	Test Facility	7
<u>4.</u>	Equipments Used during the Test	8
<u>5.</u>	Measurement Uncertainty	9
<u>6.</u>	SAR Measurements System Configuration	11
6.1.	SAR Measurement Set-up	11
6.2.	DASY5 E-field Probe System	12
6.3.	Phantoms	13
6.4.	Device Holder	13
<u>7.</u>	SAR Test Procedure	14
7.1.	Scanning Procedure	14
7.2.	Data Storage and Evaluation	16
<u>8.</u>	Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom	18
8.1.	Head Position	18
8.2. 8.3.	Body Position Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions	19 19
<u>9.</u>	System Check	20
<u>9.1</u>	Tissue Dielectric Parameters	20
9.1. 9.2.	SAR System Check	20
10.	SAR Exposure Limits	30
11.	Conducted Power Measurement Results	31
<u>12.</u>	Maximum Tune-up Limit	36
<u>13.</u>	Antenna Location	37
<u>14.</u>	SAR Measurement Results	38
<u>15.</u>	Simultaneous Transmission analysis	60
<u>16.</u>	TestSetup Photos	63
<u>17.</u>	External and Internal Photos of the EUT	65

# 1. Test Standards and Report version

# 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>FCC 47 Part 2.1093</u> Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices <u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless

**Router Capabilities** 

## 1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Nov.09, 2016	Original

# 2. Summary

# 2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	BBPOS International Limited			
Address:	Suite 1602, 16/F, Tower 2, Nina Tower, No. 8 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., Hong Kong			
Manufacturer:	BBPOS International Limited			
Address:	Suite 1602, 16/F, Tower 2, Nina Tower, No. 8 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., Hong Kong			

# 2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT	WisePOS				
Trade Mark:	-				
Model No.:	WSC11				
Listed Model(s):	WSC10				
Power supply:	DC 3.8V From internal battery				
Device Category:	Portable				
Product stage:	Production unit				
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population / Uncontrolled				
IMEI :	IMEI1 : 352788070028778 IMEI2 : 352788070028786				
Hardware version:	WSX1000-01-001				
Software version:	WSC10_0.60.819				
Maximum SAR Value					
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm				
	Body: 10mm				
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Head: 0.53 W/Kg				
	Body: 0.65 W/Kg				
Max Report SAR Value (10g):	Body: 0.61 W/Kg				
GSM					
Support Network:	GSM, GPRS, EGPRS				
Support Band:	GSM850, DCS1900				
Modulation:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK				
	EGPRS:GMSK/8PSK				
Transmit Frequency:	GSM850: 824.20MHz-848.80MHz PCS1900: 1850.20MHz-1909.80MHz				
Receive Frequency:	GSM850: 869.20MHz-893.80MHz				
Receive r requency.	PCS1900: 1930.20MHz-1989.80MHz				
GPRS Class:	12				
EGPRS Class:	12				
Antenna type:	Intergal Antenna				
WCDMA					
Operation Band:	FDD Band V				
Power Class:	Power Class 3				
ModulationType:	QPSK/16QAM/HSUPA/HSDPA				
ModulationType:					

WIFI					
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20)/802.11n(H40)				
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK)				
	802.11g/n(H20)/ n(H40): OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)				
Operation frequency:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 2412MHz~2462MHz				
	802.11n(H40): 2422MHz~2452MHz				
Channel number:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 11				
	802.11n(H40):7				
Channel separation:	5MHz				
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna				
Bluetooth					
Version:	Supported BT4.0+EDR/BLE				
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK				
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz				
Channel number:	79/40				
Channel separation:	1MHz/2MHz				
Antenna type:	Integral Antenna				
NFC					
Modulation:	FSK				
Operation frequency:	13.56MHz				
Channel number:	1				
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna				
Remark: The EUT battery must be fully	charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power				

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

# 3. Test Environment

### 3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory:Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

### 3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

### CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

### A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for tec hnical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional progra m requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until December 31, 2016.

### FCC-Registration No.: 317478

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FC C is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

### IC-Registration No.: 5377A&5377B

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Dec. 31, 2013, valid time is until Dec. 31, 2016.

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B on Dec.03, 2014, valid time is until Dec.03, 2017.

### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Aust ralian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

# 4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calib	ration
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2016/07/26	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2016/09/02	1
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2014/07/24	3
System Validation Dipole D1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2015/12/12	3
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2015/09/01	3
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	417A GB41292254 2		1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2015/10/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441621	2015/10/26	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2015/10/25	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2015/10/23	1
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	258525	2015/10/23	1
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50783	Note	
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 3	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	Note	
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4M2	0328798	Note	

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.

2. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and thepower meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the networkanalyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter andthe path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measureme	nt System									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	8
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	80
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	8
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	8
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	00
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	80
Test Sample				I		1	1	1		
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	~
16	Device holder uncertainty	А	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom an	nd Set-up			1						
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	8
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	standard uncertainty	<i>u<sub>c</sub></i> = 1	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	1	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	8
Expano (confidenc	ded uncertainty e interval of 95 %)	u <sub>e</sub>	$=2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	8

### REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

			System	n Check U	ncert	ainty				
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measureme				-		0				
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	~
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	00
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	×
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	×
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	œ
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	~
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	œ
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	œ
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	œ
System val	idation source-dipole									
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	A	1.58%	Ν	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	∞
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	А	1.35%	Ν	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	~
17	Input power and SAR drift	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	œ
Phantom a	nd Set-up			L	·	·	·	·	·	·
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	×
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	ø
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	~
Combined	standard uncertainty	$u_c = 1$	$\boxed{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$	/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	×
	ided uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u <sub>e</sub>	$=2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	∞

# 6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

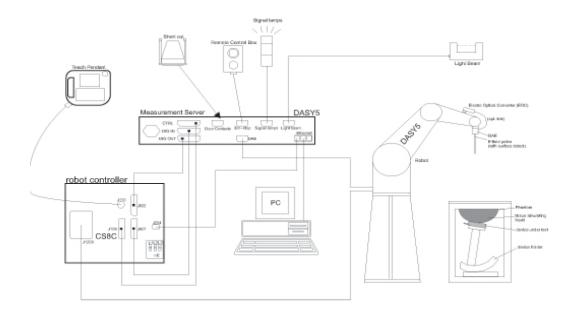
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

# 6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

### • Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

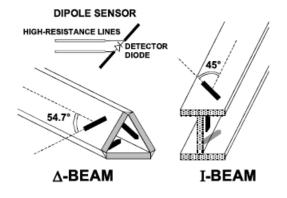
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



### • Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



### 6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

### 6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

# 7. SAR Test Procedure

### 7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5$  %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1$ mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^{\circ}$ .)

### **General Measurement Procedure**

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied

			≤ 3 GHz > 3 GHz			
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$			
	Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			20°±1°		
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan sp	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform g	rid: ∆z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2.5 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$		
	grid	∆z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δ	z <sub>Zcom</sub> (n-1)		
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z			$\geq$ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 22 \text{ mm}$		
2011 for details. * When zoom scan is r	equired and , ≤ 8 mm, ≤	- the <u>reported</u> SAR from th 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom	tidence to the tissue medium; see the area scan based <i>1-g SAR estim</i> scan resolution may be applied,	ation procedures of KDB		

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

### **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x5 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

## 7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

### **Data Storage**

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm<sup>2</sup>], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	Cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

 $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$ 

Vi:

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi:

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

diode compression point (DASY parameter) dcpi:

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

**E** – fieldprobes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{H}-\text{fieldprobes}: & H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f} \\ \text{/i:} & \text{compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)} \\ \text{Normi:} & \text{sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),} \end{array}$$

Normi: [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes sensitivity enhancement in solution ConvF: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij: f: carrier frequency [GHz] Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m

magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Hi:

#### REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g
- Etot: total field strength in V/m
- σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

# 8. <u>Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom</u>

## 8.1. Head Position

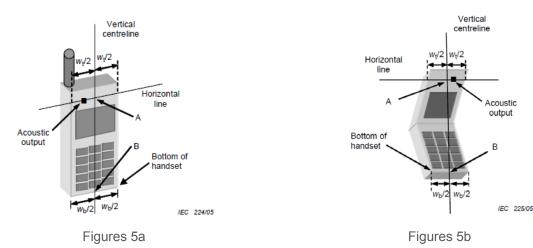
The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

**The vertical centreline** passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B).

**The horizontal line** is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

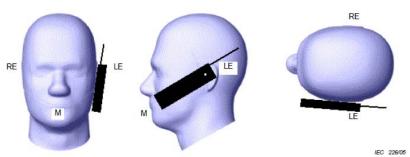
Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets,

handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



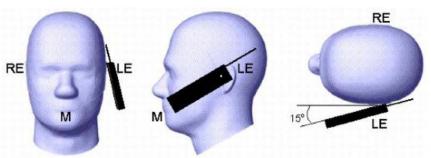
- Wt Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- W<sub>b</sub> Width of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

**Cheek position** 



Tilt position

Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

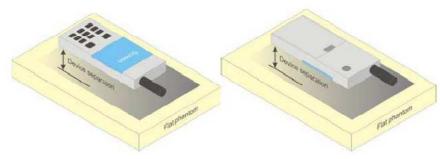


Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

# 8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

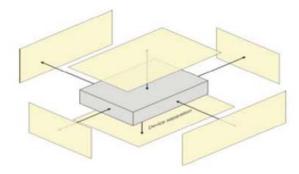
Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  to support compliance



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

## 8.3. Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

The hotspot mode and body-worn accessory SAR test configurations may overlap for handsets. When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations. This typically applies to the back and front surfaces of a handset when SAR is required for both hotspot mode and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. Depending on the form factor and dimensions of a device, the test separation distance used for hotspot mode SAR measurement is either **10 mm** or that used in the body-worn accessory configuration, whichever is less for devices with dimension > 9 cm x 5 cm. For smaller devices with dimensions  $\leq 9$  cm x 5 cm because of a greater potential for next to body use a test separation of  $\leq 5$  mm must be used.



Picture 5 Test positions for Hotspot Mode

# 9. System Check

## 9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ɛr)
				For He	ad			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.9	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40
2450	55	0	0	0	0	45	1.8	39.2
				For Bo	dy			
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800.1900.2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Target Frequency Head Body									
(MHz)	(MHz) $\epsilon r \sigma(s/m) \epsilon r \sigma(s/m)$								
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97					
1800-2000 40.0 1.40 53.3 1.52									
2450 39.2 1.80 52.7 1.95									

# Check Result:

	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency	Description	DielectricPa	arameters	Temp						
(MHz)	Description	٤r	σ(s/m)	°C						
835	Recommended result ±5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.90 0.86 to 0.95	/						
000	Measurement value 2016-09-23	41.52	0.90	21						
	Recommended result ±5% window	40.0 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	/						
1900	Measurement value 2016-09-24	40.12	1.41	21						
0.450	Recommended result ±5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	/						
2450	Measurement value 2016-09-26	39.10	1.79	21						

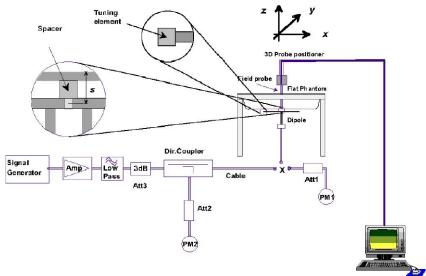
	Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency	Description	DielectricP	arameters	Temp						
(MHz)	Description	٤r	σ(s/m)	°C						
835	Recommended result ±5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	/						
000	Measurement value 2016-09-23	55.15	0.96	21						
1000	Recommended result ±5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	/						
1900	Measurement value 2016-09-24	53.12	1.52	21						
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	/						
2400	Measurement value 2016-09-26	52.55	1.94	21						

# 9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system  $(\pm 10 \%)$ .

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

### Check Result:

	Head									
Frequency	Description	SAR(V	V/kg)	Temp						
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	°C						
025	Recommended result ±5% window	2.41 2.29 - 2.53	1.57 1.49 - 1.65	/						
835	Measurement value 2016-09-23	2.43	1.58	21						
	Recommended result ±5% window	9.71 9.22 - 10.20	5.08 4.83 - 5.33	/						
1900	Measurement value 2016-09-24	10.02	5.11	21						
	Recommended result ±5% window	13.1 11.79 - 14.41	6.17 5.56 - 6.78	/						
2450	Measurement value 2016-09-26	13.35	6.25	21						

	Body									
Frequency	Description	SAR(V	V/kg)	Temp						
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	°C						
025	Recommended result ±5% window	2.47 2.35 - 2.59	1.64 1.55 - 1.71	/						
835	Measurement value 2016-09-23	2.52	1.65	21						
1000	Recommended result ±5% window	9.98 9.48 – 10.48	5.26 5.00 – 5.52	/						
1900	Measurement value 2016-09-24	10.2	5.33	21						
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	13.1 11.79 -14.41	6.11 5.50 -6.72	/						
2450	Measurement value 2016-09-26	13.2	6.13	21						

Note:

1. the graph results see follow.

2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used asfeeding power to the calibrated dipole.

# System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

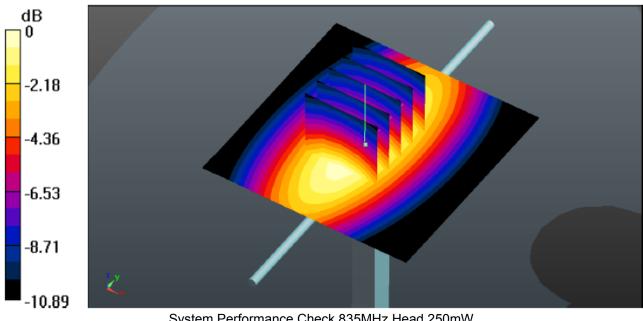
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134 Date:2016-09-23 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon r = 41.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m3}$ Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



System Performance Check 835MHz Head 250mW

# System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

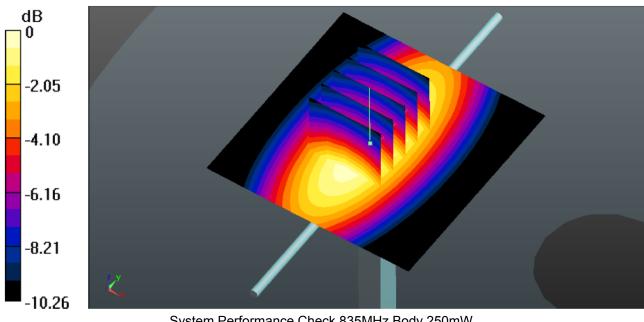
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134 Date:2016-09-23 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.45 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW

# System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150 Date:2016-09-24 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 40.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}$ 3 Phantom section: Flat Section

# **DASY5** Configuration:

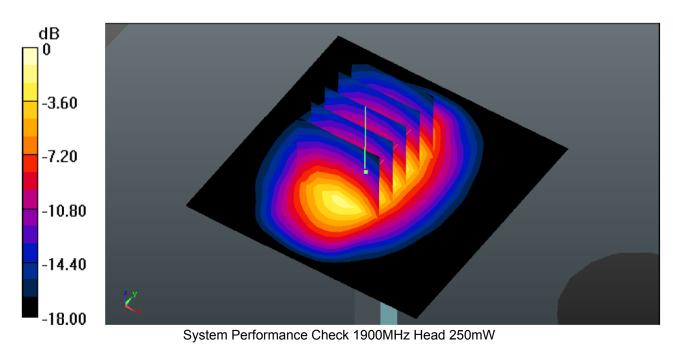
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.26,5.26,5.26); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

### Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 73.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 Db Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.352 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 10.02mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.43 W/kg



# System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

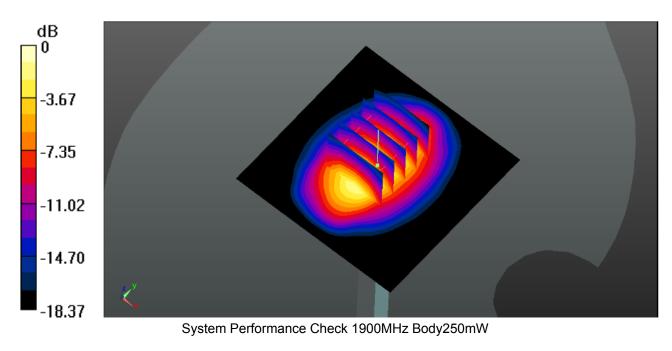
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150 Date:2016-09-24 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.52S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 53.12;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

# DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 70.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.2mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 mW/g



### System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884 Date:2016-09-26 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.79S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 39.10;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5** Configuration:

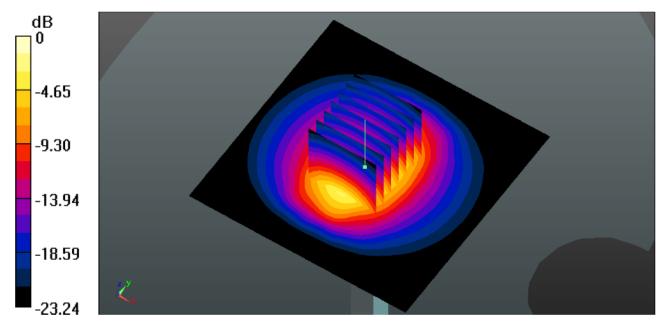
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.97,4.97); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

### **Area Scan (61x91x1):**Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 13.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 mW/g



System Performance Check 2450MHz Head250mW

### System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884 Date:2016-09-26 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.94S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 52.55;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

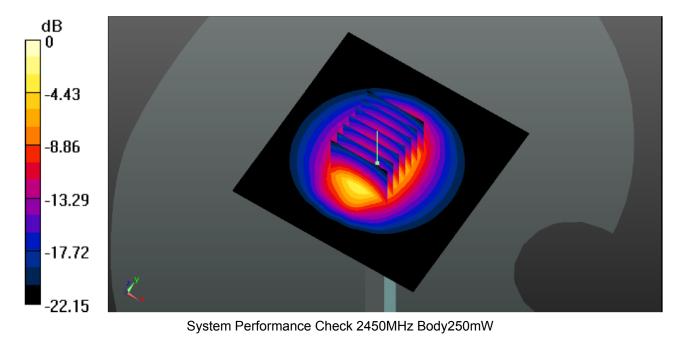
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

### **Area Scan (61x91x1):**Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.4 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 83.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

### SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 mW/g



Report Template Version: H00 (2016-08)

# 10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	Limit (n	nW/g)
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

# 11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

### GSM Conducted Power

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the sourcebased time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.

		Condu	cted Power	(dBm)	Division	Avera	ager Power (	(dBm)
Mode:	GSM850	CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401010	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G	SM	32.16	32.22	32.28	-9.03	23.13	23.19	23.25
	1TXslot	32.13	32.19	32.26	-9.03	23.10	23.16	23.23
GPRS	2TXslots	29.62	29.75	29.80	-6.02	23.60	23.73	23.78
(GMSK)	3TXslots	27.94	28.02	28.05	-4.26	23.68	23.76	23.79
	4TXslots	26.73	26.78	26.82	-3.01	23.72	23.77	23.81
	1TXslot	32.11	32.15	32.25	-9.03	23.08	23.12	23.22
EGPRS	2TXslots	29.60	29.71	29.79	-6.02	23.58	23.69	23.77
(GMSK)	3TXslots	27.92	27.99	28.04	-4.26	23.66	23.73	23.78
	4TXslots	26.71	26.75	26.81	-3.01	23.70	23.74	23.80
		Condu	icted Power	(dBm)	<b>D</b>	Avera	ager Power (	(dBm)
Mode: F	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 001013	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G	SM	30.91	31.26	31.29	-9.03	21.88	22.23	22.26
	1TXslot	30.88	31.23	31.27	-9.03	21.85	22.20	22.24
GPRS	2TXslots	28.47	28.86	28.88	-6.02	22.45	22.84	22.86
(GMSK)	3TXslots	26.85	27.19	27.19	-4.26	22.59	22.93	22.93
	4TXslots	25.69	25.99	26.00	-3.01	22.68	22.98	22.99
	1TXslot	30.87	31.22	31.24	-9.03	21.84	22.19	22.21
EGPRS	2TXslots	28.46	28.85	28.86	-6.02	22.44	22.83	22.84
(GMSK)	3TXslots	26.84	27.18	27.16	-4.26	22.58	22.92	22.90
	4TXslots	25.68	25.98	25.97	-3.01	22.67	22.97	22.96

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB 2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

### WCDMA Conducted Power

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

### **HSDPA Setup Configureation:**

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
    - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
    - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
    - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
    - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
    - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
    - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
  - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
  - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
  - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

### Table C.10.1.4: $\beta$ values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βa	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)	
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0	
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0	
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5	
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5	
Note 1: Note 2:	For the HS-E Magnitude (E discontinuity with $\beta_{hs} = 2$	DPCCH pow EVM) with H in clause 5. 4/15 * $\beta_c$ .	er mask requ S-DPCCH te 13.1AA, ∆ <sub>ACK</sub>	$\beta_s = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . irrement test in cla st in clause 5.13.1 and $\Delta_{\text{NACK}} = 30/12$	A, and HSDF 5 with $\beta_{hs}$ =	PA EVM with phat 30/15 * $\beta_c$ , and	ase I ∆cqi = 24/15	
Note 3:	3: CM = 1 for $\beta_o/\beta_d$ =12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS- DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.							
Note 4:	Note 4: For subtest 2 the $\beta_0/\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ .							

Setup Configuration

### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

## HSUPA Setup Configureation:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
  - v. Set UE Target power
  - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

# Table C.11.1.3: $\beta$ values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βς	βa	βd (SF)	β <sub>c</sub> /β <sub>d</sub>	βнs (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI}$ = 30/15 with $\beta_{k\sigma}$ = 30/15 * $\beta_c$ .													
Note 2													

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ . Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

## **Setup Configuration**

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 mW/g, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

			WCDMA Band V				
		Conducted Power (dBm)					
Mo	ode	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233			
		826.4	836.6	846.6			
AMR	12.2K	21.98	21.90	21.88			
RMC	12.2K	22.00	21.94	21.89			
	Subtest-1	20.21	20.14	20.12			
HSDPA	Subtest-2	20.04	19.97	19.95			
HODFA	Subtest-3	20.05	19.99	19.94			
	Subtest-4	19.78	19.71	19.69			
	Subtest-1	19.67	19.60	19.58			
	Subtest-2	19.52	19.45	19.43			
HSUPA	Subtest-3	19.43	19.36	19.34			
	Subtest-4	19.37	19.30	19.29			
	Subtest-5	19.32	19.25	19.23			

### WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

WIFI					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Data rate
	01	2412	14.29	12.19	1 Mbps
802.11b	06	2437	14.83	12.65	1 Mbps
	11	2462	14.87	12.67	1 Mbps
	01	2412	12.12	9.50	6 Mbps
802.11g	06	2437	12.43	9.71	6 Mbps
	11	2462	12.64	9.89	6 Mbps
	01	2412	13.02	9.93	6.5 Mbps
802.11n(H20)	06	2437	13.47	10.25	6.5 Mbps
	11	2462	13.54	10.31	6.5 Mbps
	3	2422	11.49	8.76	13.5 Mbps
802.11n(H40)	6	2437	11.54	8.78	13.5 Mbps
	9	2452	11.73	8.93	13.5 Mbps

*Note:*The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

# Bluetooth Conducted Power

Bluetooth				
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	
	00	2402	2.04	
GFSK	39	2441	2.45	
	78	2480	2.37	
	00	2402	1.96	
π/4QPSK	39	2441	2.30	
	78	2480	2.20	
	00	2402	2.03	
8DPSK	39	2441	2.43	
	78	2480	2.35	
BLE	0	2402	-0.43	
	19	2440	-0.08	
	39	2480	-0.19	

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion threshold (mW)	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
				dBm	mW	
Divisionsth	2.45	Head	9.6	3	2.00	Yes
Bluetooth	2.45	Body	19.20	3	2.00	Yes
WiFi	2.45	Head	9.6	13	20.00	No
		Body	19.20	13	20.00	No

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is  $\leq$  3, SAR testing is not required.

# 12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

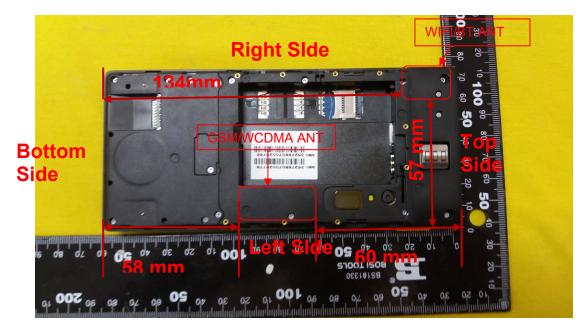
Mode	Burst Average Power (dBm)		
Wode	GSM850	PCS1900	
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	32.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	32.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	30.00	29.00	
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	27.50	
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	27.00	26.50	
EGPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	32.00	
EGPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	30.00	29.00	
EGPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	27.50	
EGPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	27.00	26.50	

Mode	Burst Average Power (dBm)	
	WCDMA Band V	
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.00	
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.00	
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.00	
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.00	

WLAN			
Mode	Peak Power (dBm)	Burst Average Power (dBm)	
802.11b	15.00	13.00	
802.11g	13.00	10.00	
802.11n(H20)	14.00	11.00	
802.11n(H40)	12.00	9.00	

BT		
Mode	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	
GFSK	3.00	
π /4QPSK	3.00	
8DPSK	3.00	
BLE	0.00	

## 13. Antenna Location



		Positions fo	or SAR tests; Ho	otspot mode							
Antenna	Antenna         Back         Front         Top side         Bottom side         Right side         Left side										
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes					
WIFI / BT	WIFI/BT Yes Yes Yes No Yes No										

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

### 14. SAR Measurement Results

### Evaluation ofmulti-SIM for Head Test

Frequ	uency	Marda (David	Oide	Test		Power	Card
СН	MHz	Mode/Band	Side	Position	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift(dB)	Slot
4183	836.6	WCDMA Band V	Left	Cheek	0.414	0.13	SIM1
4183	836.6	WCDMA Band V	Left	Cheek	0.389	-0.02	SIM2

Note: According to the values in the above table, the SIM1 is the primary card slot. We'll perform the head measurement with this slot and retest on highest value point with other.

### Evaluation ofmulti-SIM for Body Test

Frequ	uency		Test	Spacing		Power	Card
СН	MHz	Mode/Band	Position	(mm)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift(dB)	Slot
4183	836.6	WCDMA Band V	Back	10	0.509	0.13	SIM1
4183	836.6	WCDMA Band V	Back	10	0.456	0.08	SIM2

Note: According to the values in the above table, the SIM1 is the primary card slot. We'll perform the Body measurement with this slot and retest on highest value point with other.

### Head SAR

					GSM850	1				
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Plot
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	0.15	0.317	0.33	H1
	eneen.	251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-0.17	0.243	0.25	-
GPRS		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)	_	128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
,	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-0.07	0.299	0.31	-
	Cheek	251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	0.09	0.238	0.25	-
		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900	)				
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Plot
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	0.13	0.178	0.20	H2
	eneen.	810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	0.09	0.132	0.15	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	-0.07	0.163	0.18	-
	Cheek	810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
Right-Tilt	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	-0.08	0.125	0.14	-	
		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 mW/g

				WC	DMA Ba	nd V				
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Plot
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	0.13	0.414	0.53	H3
		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	0.11	0.340	0.43	-
RMC 12.2K		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
bps		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	0.18	0.392	0.50	-
	Cheek	4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
	4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-	
	Right-Tilt	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	-0.06	0.317	0.40	-
		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 mW/g

					WLAN					
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Plot
		01	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	06	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
	onoon	11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	0.12	0.117	0.13	H4
		01	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	06	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
802.11 b		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	-0.16	0.099	0.11	-
1Mbps		01	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	06	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
	oncon	11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	-0.07	0.107	0.12	-
		01	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	06	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	0.09	0.093	0.10	-

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for head is "LeftCheek", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR												
Mode	Test Position	Fre	quency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled						
Wode		СН	MHz	Actual duty lactor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)						
	Left-Cheek	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.13	0.13						
802.11b	Left-Tilt	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.11	0.11						
1Mbps	Right-Cheek	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.12	0.12						
	Right-Tilt	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.10	0.10						

Note:

 According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 97.86% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

## Body SAR

					GSM850					
	Tost	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	6	Measured	Report	Tast
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Front	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-0.07	0.239	0.25	-
GPRS		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
,	Back	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	0.15	0.362	0.38	B1
		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Devue	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	-0.10	0.191	0.22	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
,	Back	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	0.13	0.293	0.33	B2
		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-

				WCD	MA Band	V k				
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	Davia	Measured	Report	<b>T</b> 4
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	-0.05	0.362	0.46	-
RMC		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Back	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	0.13	0.509	0.65	B3
		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-

Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 mW/g

					WLAN					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	6	Measured	Report	<b>T</b> (
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		1	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
802.11b		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	0.05	0.084	0.09	-
1Mbps		1	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Back	6	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	-0.03	0.136	0.15	B4

Note:

1. According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR													
Mode	Test Position	Fre	quency		maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR							
would	Test Position	CH MHz		Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)							
802.11b	Front	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.09	0.09							
1Mbps	Back	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.15	0.15							

Note:

 According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 97.86% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

### Hotspot SAR

		Positions fo	or SAR tests; Ho	otspot mode								
Antenna	Antenna         Back         Front         Top side         Bottom side         Right side         Left side											
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes						
WIFI / BT	WIFI/BT Yes Yes Yes No Yes No											

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

					GSM85	0				
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Plot
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Front	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-0.07	0.239	0.25	-
		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
GPRS	Back	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	0.15	0.362	0.38	B1
(4Tx slot)		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
,	Left	190	836.6	26.73	27.00	1.07	-0.09	0.159	0.17	-
	Right	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Тор	190	836.6	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	190	836.6	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-

					PCS190	0				
	Teet	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Teet
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	-0.10	0.191	0.22	-
		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
GPRS	Back	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	0.13	0.293	0.33	B2
(4Tx slot)		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
,	Left	661	1880.0	25.69	26.50	1.21	-0.06	0.128	0.15	-
	Right	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
	Тор	661	1880.0	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	661	1880.0	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-

				WC	DMA Bar	nd V				
	Ŧ,	Frequ	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	6	Measured	Report	
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	-0.05	0.362	0.46	-
		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-
RMC	Back	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	0.13	0.509	0.65	<b>B</b> 3
12.2Kbps		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
	Left	4183	836.6	22.00	23.00	1.26	0.13	0.241	0.30	-
	Right	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	-	-	-	-
	Тор	4183	836.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	4183	836.6	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-

					WLAN					
	T. d	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	<b>T</b> 1
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	SAR(1g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
		1	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	0.05	0.084	0.09	-
		1	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
802.11b	Back	6	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
1Mbps		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	-0.03	0.136	0.15	B4
	Left	11	2462	12.19	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
	Right	11	2462	12.65	13.00	1.08	0.03	0.049	0.05	-
	Тор	11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	-0.04	0.070	0.08	-
	Bottom	11	2462	12.19	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

			WLAN- Sca	aled Reported SA	R		
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR
Wode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty lactor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)
	Front	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.09	0.09
802.11b	Back	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.15	0.15
1Mbps	Right	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.05	0.05
	Тор	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.08	0.08

Note:

 According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 97.86% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

## Extremity SAR

					GSM850					
		Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune		Measured	Report	
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
GPRS		128	824.2	26.73	27.00	1.07	-	-	-	-
(4Tx	Back	190	836.6	26.78	27.00	1.05	-0.08	0.528	0.55	B5
slot)		251	848.8	26.82	27.00	1.04	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900	)				
	- ·	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	_	Measured	Report	<b>. .</b>
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
GPRS		512	1850.2	25.69	26.50	1.21	-	-	-	-
(4Tx	Back	661	1880.0	25.99	26.50	1.13	0.10	0.519	0.58	B6
slot)		810	1909.8	26.00	26.50	1.12	-	-	-	-

	WCDMA Band V													
		Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune		Measured	Report	Test Plot				
Mode	Mode Test Position		MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)					
		4132	826.4	22.00	23.00	1.26	-	-	-	-				
RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	4183	836.6	21.94	23.00	1.28	-0.07	0.476	0.61	B7				
		4233	846.6	21.89	23.00	1.29	-	-	-	-				

Note:

1. Per KDB865664 D01, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 2.00 mW/g

					WLAN					
	<b>+</b> ·	Fred	luency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	_	Measured	Report	+ .
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	Test Plot
000 441		1	2412	12.19	13.00	1.21	-	-	-	-
802.11b 1Mbps	Back	6	2437	12.65	13.00	1.08	-	-	-	-
110p5		11	2462	12.67	13.00	1.08	0.05	0.246	0.27	B8

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR													
		Fre	quency		maximum	Measured	Report							
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	SAR(10g) (mW/g)	SAR(10g) (mW/g)							
802.11b 1Mbps	Back	11	2462	97.86%	100%	0.27	0.28							

Note:

 According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 97.86% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

Т	est mode:	GSM850-GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H1
---	-----------	-----------------	----------------	-----------------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency:836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.91S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=41.48;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Left Head Section:

#### DASY 5 Configuration:

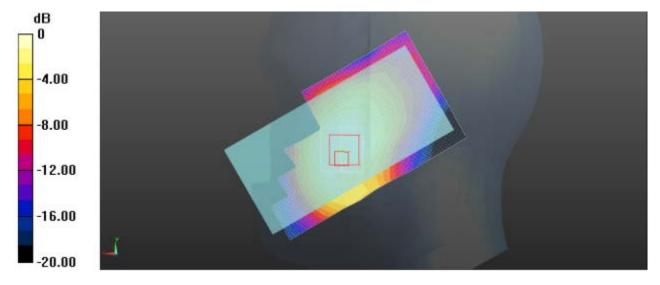
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 mW/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.105 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.457 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.317 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H2
------------	------------------	----------------	-----------------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-24

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.41 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 40.01;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m 3 Phantom section: Left Head Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

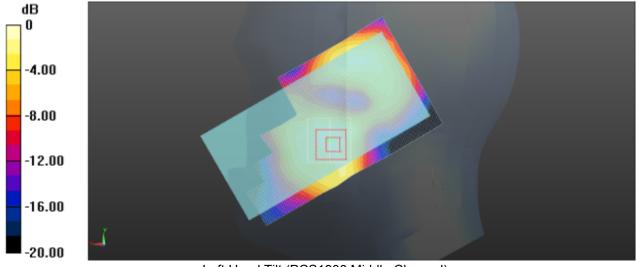
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.26,5.26,5.26); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.200 mW/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.809 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.287 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg



Left Head Tilt (PCS1900 Middle Channel)

Test mode:WCDMA Band VTest Position:Left Head CheekTest Plot:H3
---

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.91S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=41.48;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Left Head Section:

#### DASY5 Configuration:

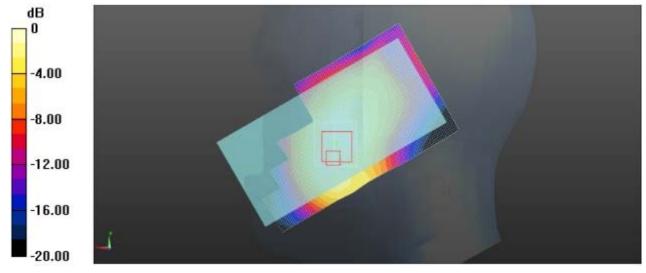
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.458 mW/g

```
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.851 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.637 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.414 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.445 W/kg
```



Left Head Cheek (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

	Test mode:	WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H4
- 1						

Date:2016-09-26

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2462.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=2462.0 MHz;  $\sigma$ =1.79S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=39.02;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Left Head Section:

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.97,4.97,4.97); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

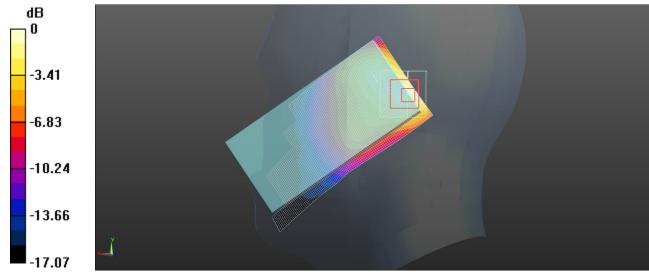
- •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.224mW/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.856 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 W/kg



Left Head Cheek

Test mode:GSM850 GPRS 4TSTest Position:Rear SideTest Plot:B1
--

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency:836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.97S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=55.10;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section:

#### DASY 5 Configuration:

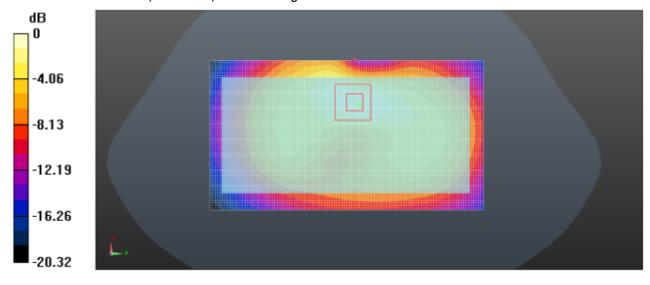
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.368 mW/g

```
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.483 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.362 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 W/kg
```



Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B2
------------	------------------	----------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-24

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 53.21;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m 3 Phantom section: Flat Section

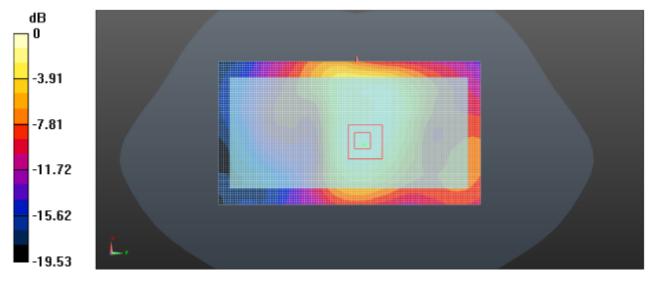
#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

- •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 mW/g

```
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.835 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.293 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 W/kg
```



Rear Side (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Test mode: WCDMA Band	/ Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B3
-----------------------	------------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.97S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=55.10;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

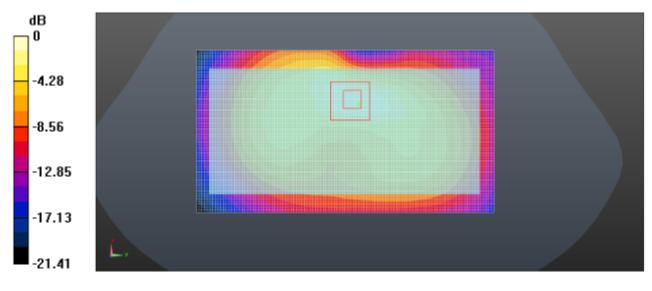
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016

```
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
```

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.721mW/g

```
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.846 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.509 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.724 W/kg
```



Rear Side (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

Test mode: WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B4
-------------------------	----------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-26

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2462.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f= 2462.0 MHz;  $\sigma$ =1.94S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=52.53;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section : Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

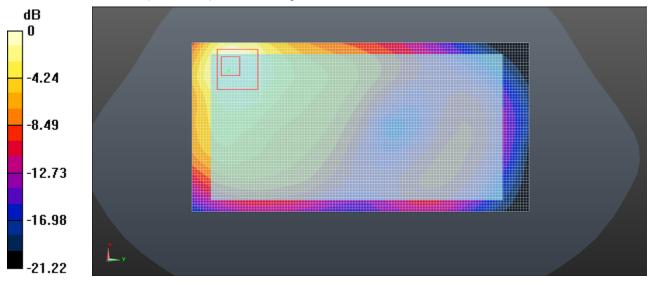
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

- •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.156mW/g

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.216 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.308 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 W/kg



Rear side (WLAN 802.11b)

Test mode: GSM850 GPRS 4TS Test Position: Rear Side Te
--

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency:836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.97S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=55.10;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section:

#### DASY 5 Configuration:

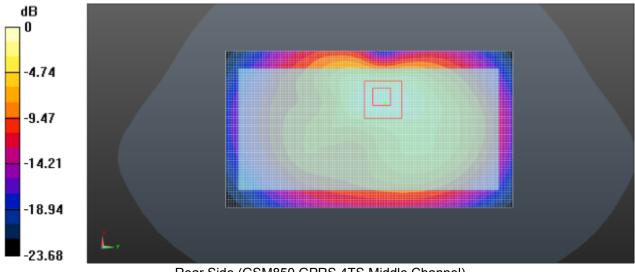
•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

**Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.728 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.976 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.528 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B6
------------	------------------	----------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-24

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\epsilon$  = 53.21;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m 3 Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

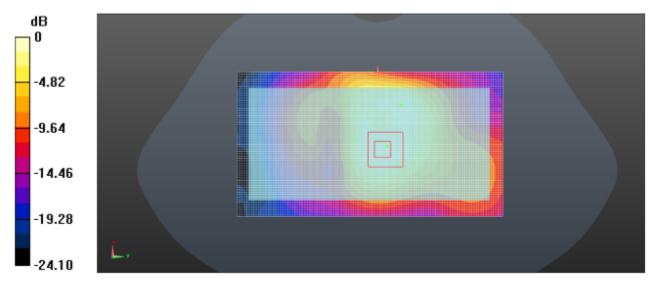
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.982 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.654 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.538 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.919 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg



Rear Side (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Test mode: WCDMA Band V	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B7
-------------------------	----------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-23

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f=836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$ =0.97S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=55.10;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 02/09/2016;

•Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016

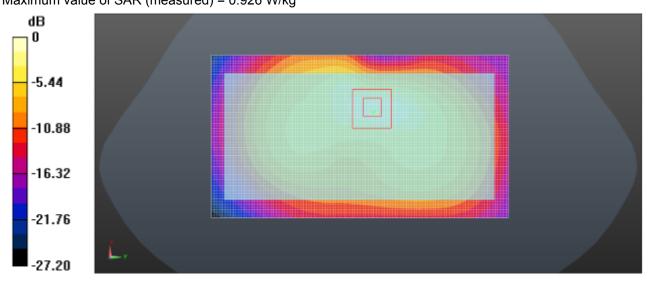
•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

#### **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.995 mW/g

#### Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=7mm Reference Value = 18.249 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.548 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 0.868 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.926 W/kg



Rear Side (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11

	Test mode:	WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Rear Side	Test Plot:	B8
--	------------	--------------	----------------	-----------	------------	----

Date:2016-09-26

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2462.0 MHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f= 2462.0 MHz;  $\sigma$ =1.94S/m;  $\epsilon$ r=52.53;  $\rho$ =1000 kg/m3 Phantom section : Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Calibrated: 02/09/2016; •Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

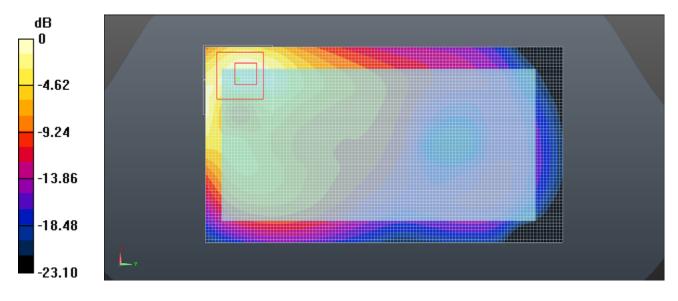
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 26/07/2016

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.424 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.125 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.410 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.424 W/kg



Rear side (WLAN 802.11b)

### 15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

General note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
  - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]mW/g$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50$ mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
  - c) 0.4 mW/g for 1-g SAR and 1.0mW/g for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Head	Extremity	Hotspot	Body worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm	0mm	10mm	10mm
3.00dBm	Estimated SAR (mW/g)	0.08mW/g	0.03mW/g	0.04mW/g	0.04mW/g

# Head Exposure condition

WWAN PCE +WIFI DTS						
	WWAN Band		Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR	
VVVA			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	(mW/g)	
		Left Cheek	0.33	0.13	0.46	
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.25	0.11	0.36	
	GSM050	Right Cheek	0.31	0.12	0.43	
GSM		Right Tilted	0.25	0.10	0.35	
GSIM	PCS1900	Left Cheek	0.20	0.13	0.33	
		Left Tilted	0.15	0.11	0.26	
		Right Cheek	0.18	0.12	0.30	
		Right Tilted	0.14	0.10	0.24	
	Band V	Left Cheek	0.53	0.13	0.65	
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.43	0.11	0.54	
VVCDIVIA		Right Cheek	0.50	0.12	0.62	
		Right Tilted	0.40	0.10	0.50	

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS						
			Max SAR	Summed SAR		
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCS	Bluetooth DSS	(mW/g)	
		Left Cheek	0.33	0.08	0.41	
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.25	0.08	0.33	
	GSM650	Right Cheek	0.31	0.08	0.39	
GSM		Right Tilted	0.25	0.08	0.33	
GSIVI	PCS1900	Left Cheek	0.20	0.08	0.28	
		Left Tilted	0.15	0.08	0.23	
		Right Cheek	0.18	0.08	0.26	
		Right Tilted	0.14	0.08	0.22	
	Band V	Left Cheek	0.53	0.08	0.61	
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.43	0.08	0.51	
VVCDIVIA		Right Cheek	0.50	0.08	0.58	
		Right Tilted	0.40	0.08	0.48	

# Maximum reported SAR value for Body-worn or Hotspot mode

WWAN PCE + WIFI DTS						
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR	
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	(mW/g)	
	GSM850	Front	0.25	0.09	0.34	
GSM		Back	0.38	0.15	0.53	
GSIM	PCS1900	Front	0.22	0.09	0.31	
		Back	0.33	0.15	0.48	
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.46	0.09	0.55	
		Back	0.65	0.15	0.80	

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS						
			Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR	
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCS	Bleutooth DTS	(mW/g)	
	GSM850	Front	0.25	0.04	0.29	
GSM		Back	0.38	0.04	0.42	
GSIM	PCS1900	Front	0.22	0.04	0.26	
		Back	0.33	0.04	0.37	
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.46	0.04	0.50	
WCDIMA		Back	0.65	0.04	0.69	

## Maximum reported SAR value for extremity

WWAN PCE + WIFI DTS						
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (mW/g)		Summed SAR	
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	(mW/g)	
CSM	GSM850	Back	0.55	0.28	0.83	
GSM	PCS1900	Back	0.58	0.28	0.86	
WCDMA	Band V	Back	0.61	0.28	0.89	

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS						
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR	Summed SAR		
			WWAN PCS	Bleutooth DTS	(mW/g)	
CSM	GSM850	Back	0.55	0.03	0.58	
GSM	PCS1900	Back	0.58	0.03	0.61	
WCDMA	Band V	Back	0.61	0.03	0.64	

# 16. TestSetup Photos

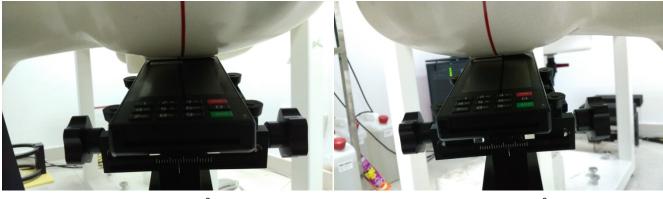
Liquid depth in the head phantom (835MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (835MHz)
3155789B12315 6 7 8 9 801 1 2 3 4 5 6	15011111111111111111111111111111111111
Liquid depth in the head phantom (1900MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (1900MHz)
Liquid depth in the head phantom (2450MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)

REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11



Left Head Touch

**Right Head Touch** 



Left Head Tilt (15°)

Right Head Tilt (15°)



Body-worn Front Side (10mm)





Body Rear Side (0mm)

REPORT NO: 4787598692-16 EUT: WisePOS

#### DATE: Nov. 09,2016 MODEL: WSC11



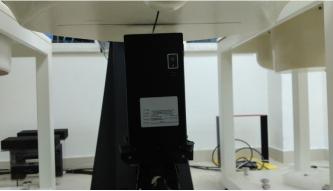
Hotspot mode - Front Side (10mm)

Hotspot mode - Rear Side (10mm)



Hotspot mode - Left Side (10mm)

Hotspot mode - Right Side (10mm)



Hotspot mode - Top Side (10mm)

# 17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1611003501

-----End of Report-----