

FCC 47 CFR MPE REPORT

ION Audio, LLC

OUTDOOR SPEAKER WITH MULTI-LINK

Model Number: SOLAR ROCK SPEAKER

Additional Model: iSP75A, SOLAR ROCK SPEAKERXXXXXXXXXX,

iSP75AXXXXXXXXXX(XX can be 0-9, A-Z or blank)

FCC ID: 2AB3E-ISP75A

Prepared for:	ION Audio, LLC
	200 Scenic View Drive, Cumberland, RI 02864, U.S.A.
Prepared By:	EST Technology Co., Ltd.
	Chilingxiang, Qishantou, Santun, Houjie, Dongguan, Guangdong, China
	Tel: 86-769-83081888-808

Report Number:	ESTE-R1912125
Date of Test:	Nov. 26~Dec. 30, 2019
Date of Report:	Jan. 01, 2020



Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Applicable Standards

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

1.1. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

(a) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-10000			5	6

(b) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Times E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-10000			1.0	30

Note: f=frequency in MHz; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E \text{ (V/m)} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \text{Power Density: Pd (W/m}^2\text{)} = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

E = Electric Field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output Power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained

2. Conducted Power Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Peak output power (dBm)	Peak output power (mW)	Target power (dBm)	Antenna gain	
					(dBi)	(Linear)
GFSK	2402	-4.38	0.365	-5 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2441	-4.67	0.341	-5 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2480	-4.98	0.318	-5 ± 1	2.72	1.871
8-DPSK	2402	-1.80	0.661	-2 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2441	-2.06	0.622	-3 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2480	-2.34	0.583	-3 ± 1	2.72	1.871
BLE	2402	-4.58	0.348	-5 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2440	-4.86	0.327	-5 ± 1	2.72	1.871
	2480	-5.13	0.307	-6 ± 1	2.72	1.871

3. Calculated Result and Limit

Mode	Target power (dBm)	Antenna gain		Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limited of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
		(dBi)	(Linear)			
GFSK	-4	2.72	1.871	0.00015	1	Compiles
8-DPSK	-1	2.72	1.871	0.00030	1	Compiles
BLE	-4	2.72	1.871	0.00015	1	Compiles

For 5.8G SRD

Ant gain=3.87dBi

Ant numeric gain= 2.438

Field strength = 73.12 dBuV/m@3m

$P = \{ [10^{(73.12/20)} / 10^6 * 3]^2 / (30 * 2.438) \} * 1000 \text{mW} = 0.003 \text{mW}$

$P_d = (30 * 0.003 * 2.438) / (377 * 20^2) = 0.000001 < 1$

End of Test Report