## RF Exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

( f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

( Power and distance are rounded to the nearest  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mW}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{mm}}$  before calculation

( The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2480 MHz 2.50dBm (1.78mW) output power]

 $(1.78 \text{mW} / 5 \text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.480} \text{ (GHz)}] = 0.56 < 3.0 \text{ for } 1-\text{g SAR}$ 

Then SAR evaluation is not required