



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013

For **Keypad**

FCC ID: 2AB2Q-SKPA10BBP4

MODEL NUMBER: SKPA10BBP4

Report Number: 4790976263-SAR-1

Issue Date: Nov. 9, 2023

Prepared for

LEEDARSON LIGHTING CO., LTD.

Xingda Road, Xingtai Industrial Zone, Changtai County, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China

Prepared by

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Revision History

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	Nov. 9, 2023	Initial Issue	\

Note:

- 1. The Measurement result for the sample received is<Pass> according to < < IEEE Std. 1528> when <Accuracy Method> decision rule is applied.
- 2. This report is only published to and used by the applicant, and it is not for evidence purpose in China.



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1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name LEEDARSON LIGHTING CO., LTD.				
Address	Xingda Road, Xingtai Industrial Zone, Changtai County, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China			
Manufacturer	LEEDARSON LIGHTING CO., LTD.			
Address	Xingda Road, Xingtai Industrial Zone, Changtai County, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China			
EUT Name	Keypad			
Model	SKPA10BBP4			
Sample Status	Normal			
Sample Received Date	Aug. 22, 2023			
Date of Tested	Nov. 8, 2023			
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013 KDB publication			
SAR Limits (W/Kg)				
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average (1g of tissue)	Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)		
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6	4		
	The Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
RF Exposure Conditions	Equipm	nent Class		
Kr Exposure Conditions	С	DTS		
Body (1-g)	0	.051		
Simultaneous Transmission (1-g)		/		
Test Results	F	Pass		
Prepared By:	Reviewed By: Approved By:			
Burt Hu	Danny Grany Lephenbur			
Burt Hu	Denny Huang Stephen Guo			
Laboratory Engineer	Senior Project Engineer Laboratory Manager			



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2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Std.1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants
- o 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting



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3. Facilities and Accreditation

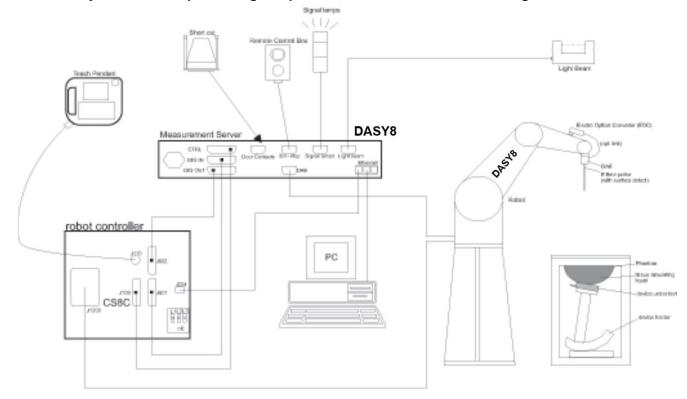
Test Location	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch.	
Address Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi-tech Development 2 Dongguan, 523808, China		
Accreditation Certificate	A2LA (Certificate No.: 4102.01) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with A2LA. FCC (FCC Recognized No.: CN1187) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commission's Declaration of Conformity (DoC) and Certification rules ISED (Company No.: 21320) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with ISED. The Company Number is 21320 and the test lab Conformity Assessment Body Identifier (CABID) is CN0046. VCCI (Registration No.: G-20019, R-20004, C-20012 and T-20011) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with VCCI, the Membership No. is 3793. Facility Name: Chamber D, the VCCI registration No. is G-20019 and R-20004 Shielding Room B, the VCCI registration No. is C-20012 and T-20011	
Description	All measurement facilities use to collect the measurement data are located at Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China	



4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY8 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win10 and the DASY8 software.
- · Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



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4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



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Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			$2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	mal to ce graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
			om(n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be greater than the step size in Z-direction.



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4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
ENA Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5080A	MY55100583	2024.10.11
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 SA	1155	2025.02.27
DC power supply	Keysight	E36103A	MY55350020	2024.10.11
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	837633\001	2024.08.06
BI-Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	1850	54733	2024.10.11
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9325A	MY62220002	2024.10.11
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9325A	MY62220003	2024.10.11
Dual Channel PK Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55416024	2024.10.11
Amplifier	CORAD TECHNOLOGY LTD	AMF-4D-00400600-50- 30P	1983561	NCR
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7383	2024.06.04
Data Acquisition Electronic	Data Acquisition Electronic SPEAG		427	2024.05.16
Dipole Kit 2450 MHz SPEAG		D2450V2	977	2024.12.16
Software	Software SPEAG		N/A	NCR
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V8.0	2100	NCR
Thermometer	/	GX-138	150709653	2024.10.18
Thermometer VICTOR		ITHX-SD-5	18470005	2024.10.18

Note:

- As per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
 - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Dielectric assessment kit is calibrated against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.
- 3) NCR is short for "No Calibration Requirement".



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5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std. 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

The DUT is a Keypad with a BLE 1M/2M 2.4GHz radio.		
DUT Dimension	Overall (Length x Width x Height): 107.2 mm x 63.99 mm x 25.5mm	

6.2. Wireless Technology

Wireless technology	Frequency band	
BLE	2.4 GHz	

6.3. Antenna Gain

Antenna type	Band	Gain(dBi)
FPC Antenna	2.4 GHz	4.86



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7. Conducted Output Power Measurement and tune-up tolerance

Power measurement result of Bluetooth

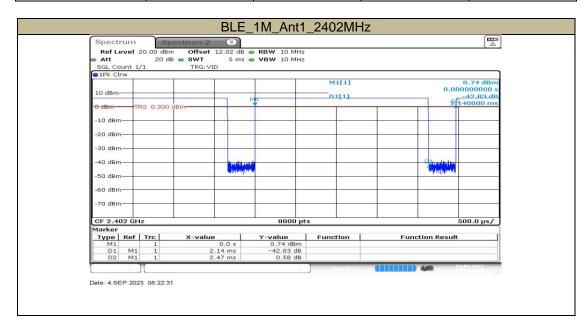
Test Mode	Frequency	Average Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up(dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
	2402	6.47	7.0	
BLE 1M	2440	6.40	7.0	86.64
	2480	6.57	7.0	
	2404		7.0	
BLE 2M	2440	Not required	7.0	/
	2478		7.0	

Note:

- 1) The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.
- The maximum output power mode BLE 1M was selected as the primary mode to test SAR for Bluetooth mode. SAR measurement is not required for the other modes, when the secondary mode is ≤0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.
- 3) As per KDB 447498 D04 sec.4.1.d) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

7.2. **Duty Cycle**

Test Mode	On Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)
BLE 1M	2.14	2.47	0.8664	86.64

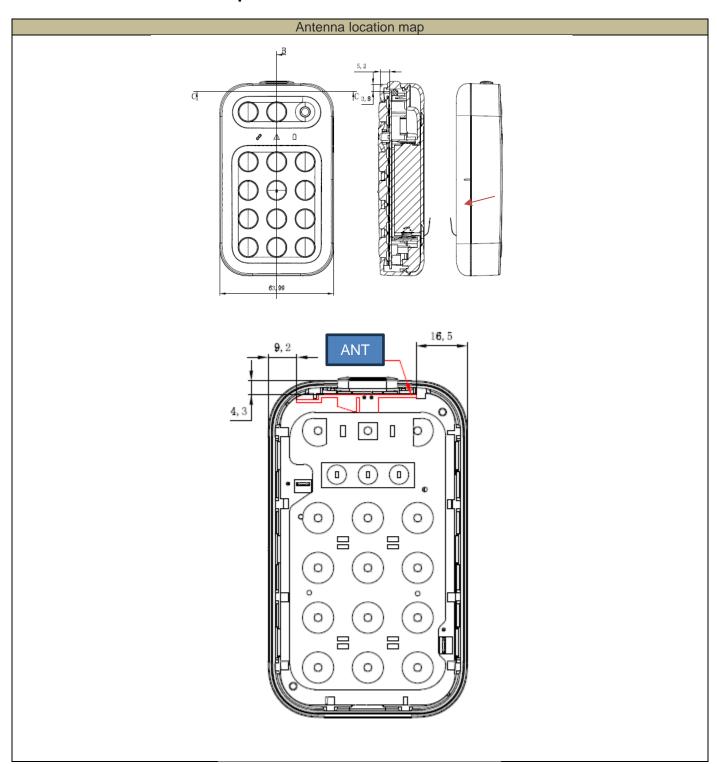






8. RF Exposure Conditions

8.1. Antenna location map





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9. SAR Test ConfigurationEUT is a wireless Keypad that can be used very close to the human body, so consider 1g body SAR (5mm) assessment.



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10. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

10.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	-	lead	Body			
rarget Frequency (Miriz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80		
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92		
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94		
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97		
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05		
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06		
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30		
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40		
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95		
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73		
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07		
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18		
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30		
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42		
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53		
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65		
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77		
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88		
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00		

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

Liquid	Freq.	Liquid Parameters			Doviction(%)					
		Measured		Target		Deviation(%)		Limit	Temp.	Test Date
		€r	σ	€r	σ	€r	σ	(%)	(°C)	
Head 2450	2360	40.30	1.70	39.36	1.72	2.39	-1.16	±5	22.5	2023.11.08
	2450	40.30	1.85	39.20	1.80	2.81	2.78			
	2540	39.80	1.92	39.09	1.90	1.82	1.05			



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10.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm (above 1GHZ) and 15mm (below 1GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- For area scan, standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y-dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz).
- For zoom scan, Δ x_{zoom}, Δ y_{zoom} \leq 2GHz \leq 8mm, 2-4GHz \leq 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 4 mm; Δ z_{zoom} \leq 3GHz \leq 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \leq 4 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 2 mm.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm except for 5 GHz band. For 5GHz band, Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was set to 100 mW or 250 mW depend on the certificate of the dipoles.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

T.S. Liquid		Measured						
		Zoom Scan (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1W (W/Kg)	Target (Ref. value)	Delta (%)	Limit (%)	Temp. (°C)	Test Date
Head 2450 1-g		13.300	53.20	53.20	0.00	0.00 ±10 22.5		2023.11.08
110au 2430	10-g	6.260	25.04	24.20	3.47	±10	22.5	2020.11.00



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11. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

As per KDB 447498 D01 v06 sec.4.1.e), When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported.

Scaled SAR calculation formula:

Scaled SAR = Tune-up in mW / Conducted power in mW * Duty cycle (if available) * SAR value

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 v06 General RF Exposure Guidance:

- A) Per KDB447498 D01 v06, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.
- B) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.

Per KDB865664 D01 v01r04:

For each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤ 20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



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12. Measured SAR Results

12.1. 2.4GHz BLE DTS Band

		Frequency	Power (dBm)		SAR Value		Duty	
Test Position (Body 5mm)	Test Mode		Tune-up	Meas.	1-g (W/kg)	Power Drift	Duty Factor (%)	Scaled (W/Kg)
Front Surface	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	0.032	-0.02	86.64	0.041
Back Surface	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	0.011	0.00	86.64	0.014
Left Edge	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	0.018	-0.05	86.64	0.023
Right Edge	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	0.011	-0.01	86.64	0.014
Top Edge	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	0.040	0.02	86.64	0.051
Bottom Edge	BLE 1M	2480	7.0	6.57	<0.01	0.00	86.64	<0.01
Top Edge	BLE 1M	2402	7.0	6.47	0.036	-0.05	86.64	0.047
Top Edge	BLE 1M	2440	7.0	6.40	0.038	-0.01	86.64	0.050

Note:

The SAR testing was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



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13. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Per KDB 447498D01, SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be configured when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device could not contain multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore no requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.



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Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

4790976263-SAR-1_App A Photo

4790976263-SAR-1_App B System Check Plots

4790976263-SAR-1_App C Highest Test Plots

4790976263-SAR-1_App D Cal. Certificates

-----End of Report-----