

MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd

Phone: +886-3-3288388 www.mrt-cert.com Report No.: 2205TW0112-U3 Report Version: 1.0 Issue Date: 2022-06-14

MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC ID : 2AAUL-WARPPLE-LS5

APPLICANT : Ovomedia Creative Inc.

Application Type : Certification

Product : Smart Projector

Model No. : OVO-L1

Serial Model No. : OVO-L1S, LS5,LS5 Pro

Brand Name : OVO, warpple

FCC Classification: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

FCC Rule Part(s) : Part 15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)

Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.10-2013

Received Date : January 24, 2022

Test Date : February 21~March 11, 2022

Peter Syu (Peter Syu) **Test By**

Paddy Chen **Reviewed By**

Am her **Approved By**



Testing Laboratory

Page Number: 1 of 115

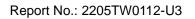
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(Chenz Ker)

The test results relate only to the tested samples.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10 Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

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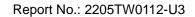
Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2205TW0112-U3	1.0	Original Report	2022-06-14	



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8.



§2.1033 General Information

Applicant	Ovomedia Creative Inc.			
Applicant Address	3F., No. 151, Ziqiang 5th Rd., Zhubei City, Hsinchu County, Taiwan			
Manufacturer	Shenzhen WOWOTO Technology Co., Ltd.			
Manufacturer Address	Room B508, Building B, Gao xinqi Industrial Park,			
	Liuxian 1st Road, District 67, Bao'an, Shenzhen.			
Test Site	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd			
Test Site Address	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan			
	(R.O.C)			
MRT FCC Registration No.	291082			
FCC Rule Part(s) Part 15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)				
Test Device Serial No.	#1-1 Production Pre-Production Engineering			
FCC Classification	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)			

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Fuxing Rd., Taoyuan, Taiwan (R.O.C)

- •MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC (Designation Number: TW3261), Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.



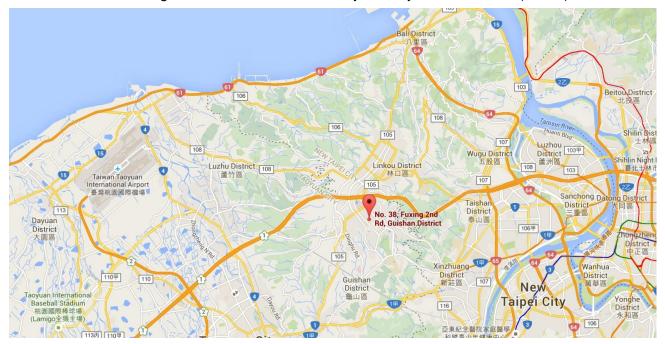
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).





2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Smart Projector
OVO-L1
OVO-L1S, LS5,LS5 Pro
OVO, warpple
WLAN:
2.4G: 802.11b/g/n-20/n-40
5G: 802.11a/n-20/ac-20/n-40/ac-40, Band 1,4
WPAN:
Bluetooth Single Mode: V5.0
802.11a/n/ac (1TX / 1RX)
5GHz:
For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20: 5180~5240MHz, 5745~5825MHz
For 802.11n-HT40/ ac-VHT40: 5190~5230MHz, 5755~5795MHz
802.11a: 15.75dBm
802.11n-HT20: 15.56dBm
802.11ac-VHT20: 15.38dBm
802.11n-HT40: 13.60dBm
802.11ac-VHT40: 13.54dBm
802.11a/n-20/ac-20/n-40/ac-40: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM,
64QAM,256QAM)
MFR: Shenzhen JingQuanHua Electronics Co., Ltd.
Model No: NSA60ED-190300
Input: AC 100-240V~50/60Hz ,1.5A
Output: DC 19.0V, 3.0A Max. 57.0W
Cable Out: Non-shielding, 1.5m with Core*1

Note:

- 1. Model Difference: The difference of Brand Name / Model No. only for marketing different, the other hardware was the same (declared by the manufacturer).
- 2. The test was performed base on OVO-L1.



2.2. Operation Frequencies and Channel List

802.11 n-HT20/ ac-VHT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	40	5200 MHz	44	5220 MHz
48	5240 MHz	149	5745 MHz	153	5765 MHz
157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825 MHz

802.11 n-HT40/ ac-VHT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz	151	5755 MHz
159	5795 MHz				

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11a	96%
802.11n-HT20	97%
802.11ac-VHT20	97%
802.11n-HT40	95%
802.11ac-VHT40	96%







2.3. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11a
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT20
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40
	Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT40

2.4. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was "Secure CRT".



2.5. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) and 5GHz WLAN (NII).

Note: 5GHz (NII) operation is possible in 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = average per the guidance of Section B)2)b) of KDB 789033 D02v02r01. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

2.6. Test Configuration

This device was tested per the guidance of KDB 789033 D02v02r01. ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

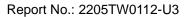
2.7. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.8. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.





3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 789033 were used in the measurement of the device.

Deviation from measurement procedure......None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 9'x4'x3' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, $50\Omega/50uH$ Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.10.



3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.



4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

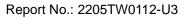
- The antenna of the **Smart Projector**, is permanently attached.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The EUT unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	Shenzhen YiJiaXinSheng Technology Co., Ltd.	D900-Wi-Fi-B	РСВ	2.08dBi





5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions – SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2022/3/23
Cable	Rosnol	N1C50-RG400-B 1C50-500CM	MRTTWE00013	1 year	2022/6/20
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2022/3/24

Radiated Emissions - AC2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2022/10/4
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2022/3/24
Acitve Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2022/5/6
Broadband Hornantenna	RFSPIN	DRH18-E	MRTTWA00087	1 year	2022/8/31
Breitband Hornantenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2022/4/28
Broadband Preamplifier	EMC Instruments corporation	EMC118A45SE	MRTTWA00088	1 year	2022/8/31
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2022/4/21
Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00034	1 year	2022/6/28

Conducted Test Equipment - SR5

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2022/10/18
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTTWA00074	1 year	2022/7/19
USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00015	1 year	2022/3/24

Test Software

Software	Version	Function
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software
EMI	V3	EMI Test Software

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

Conducted Emission-Power Line

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):

0.15MHz~30MHz: ± 2.53dB

Radiated Spurious Emission

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):

9kHz~30MHz: ± 3.92dB 30MHz~1GHz: ± 4.25dB 1GHz~18GHz: ± 4.40dB 18GHz~40GHz: ± 4.45dB

Frequency Error

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±78.4Hz

Conducted Power

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ± 0.84dB

Conducted Spurious Emission

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):± 2.65 dB

Occupied Bandwidth

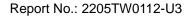
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±3.3%

Temp. / Humidity

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±0.82°C/ ±3%

DC Voltage

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±0.3%





7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Company Name: <u>Smart Projector</u>

FCC ID: <u>2AAUL-WARPPLE-LS5</u>

Model No.: OVO-L1

Data Rate(s) Tested: 6Mbps ~ 54Mbps (a);

6.5/7.2Mbps ~ 65/72.2Mbps (n-HT20); 13.5/15.0Mbps ~ 135/150Mbps (n-HT40); 6.5/7.2Mbps ~ 78/86.7Mbps (ac-VHT20MHz);

13.5/15.0Mbps ~ 180/200Mbps (ac-VHT40MHz);

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	N/A		Pass	Section 7.2
15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	≥ 500kHz		Pass	Section 7.3
15.407(a)(1)(i),	Maximum Conducted	Refer to Section 7.5		Pass	Section 7.5
(2), (3)	Output Power	Refer to Section 7.5	Conducted	Pa55	Section 7.5
15.407(h)(1)	Transmit Power Control	≤ 24 dBm		N/A	Section 7.6
15.407(a)(1)(i),	Dower Chartral Daneity	Refer to Section 7.7		Pass	Section 7.7
(2), (3), (5)	Power Spectral Density	Refer to Section 7.7			Section 7.7
15.407(b)(1),	Undesirable Emissions	≤ -27dBm/MHz EIRP		Pass	
(4)	Offices if able Effilssions	≤ -17dBm/MHz EIRP			
15 205 15 200	General Field Strength	Emissions in restricted	Radiated		Section
15.205, 15.209	Limits (Restricted Bands	bands must meet the	Naulaleu	Pass	7.8 & 7.9
15.407(b)(5),	and Radiated Emission	radiated limits detailed in		Pa55	
(6), (7)	Limits)	15.209			
	AC Conducted		Line		Section
15.207	Emissions	< FCC 15.207 limits	Conducted	Pass	7.10
	150kHz - 30MHz		Conducted		7.10

Notes:

- Determining compliance is based on the test results met the regulation limits or requirements declared by clients, and the test results don't take into account the value of measurement uncertainty.
- 2) All channels, modes, and modulations/data rates were investigated among all UNII bands. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 3) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.

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7.2. 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

N/A

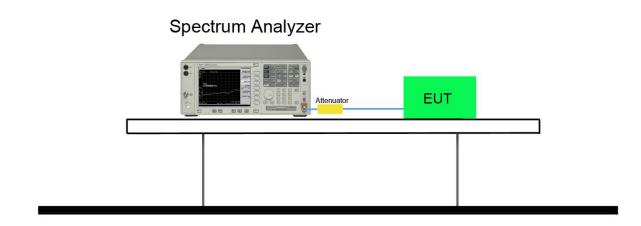
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.1

7.2.3. Test Setting

- 1. The analyzers' automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 26dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 26. The automatic bandwidth measurement function also has the capability of simultaneously measuring the 99% occupied bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediated power nulls in the fundamental emission.
- 2. RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 3. $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$.
- 4. Detector = Peak.
- 5. Trace mode = max hold.

7.2.4. Test Setup



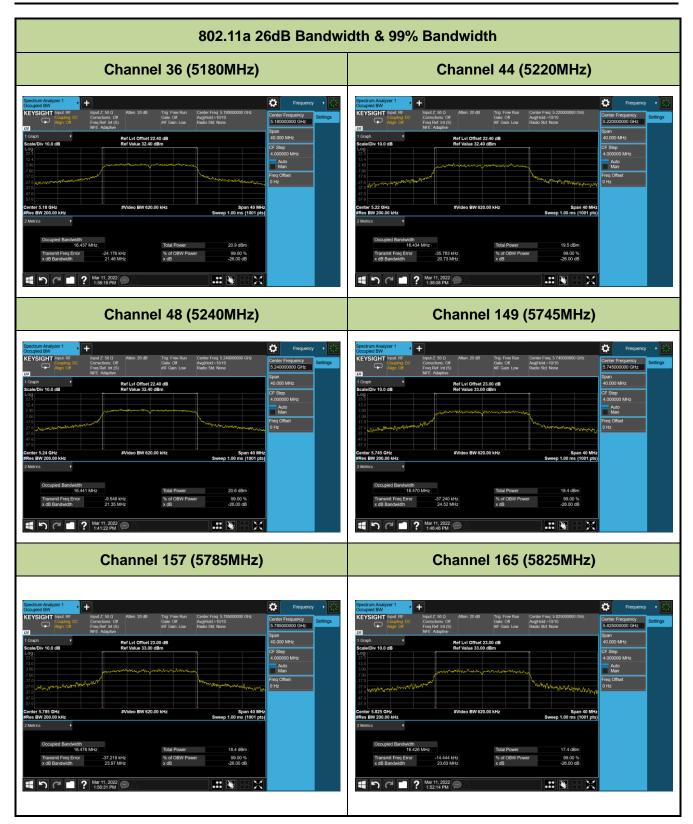


7.2.5. Test Result

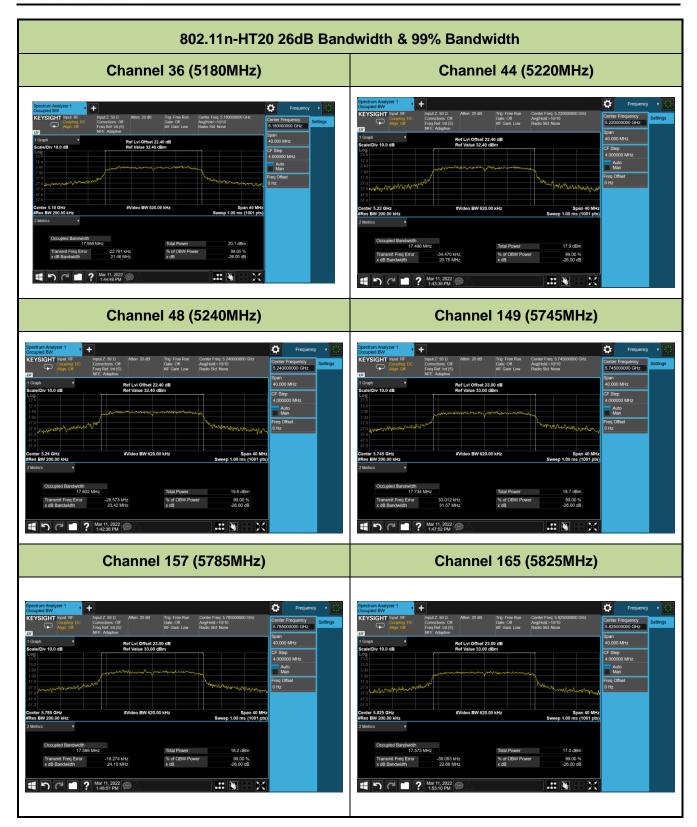
Product	Smart Projector	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/11
Test Item	26dB Bandwidth		

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	36	5180	21.460	16.437
802.11a	44	5220	20.730	16.434
802.11a	48	5240	21.350	16.441
802.11a	149	5745	24.520	16.470
802.11a	157	5785	23.970	16.476
802.11a	165	5825	23.630	16.426
802.11n-HT20	36	5180	21.460	17.559
802.11n-HT20	44	5220	20.750	17.498
802.11n-HT20	48	5240	23.420	17.602
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	31.570	17.734
802.11n-HT20	157	5785	24.100	17.589
802.11n-HT20	165	5825	22.880	17.573
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	41.090	36.013
802.11n-HT40	46	5230	41.700	36.055
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	44.650	36.347
802.11n-HT40	159	5795	49.310	36.197

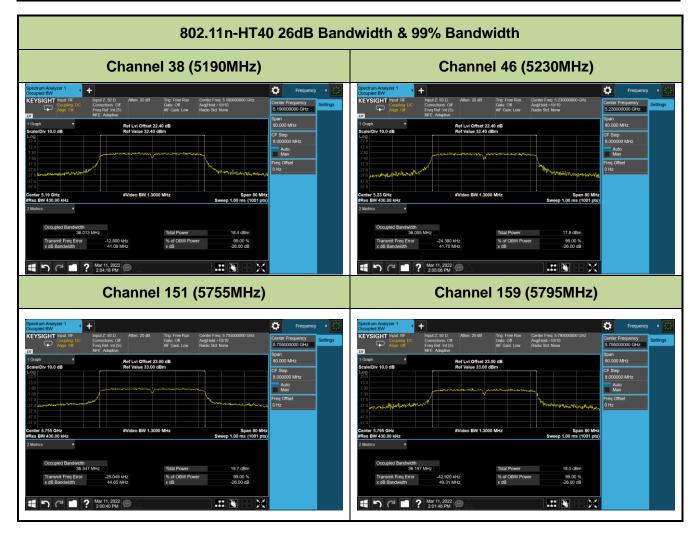












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7.3. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

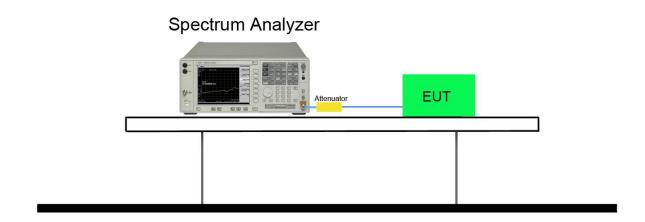
7.3.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.2

7.3.3. Test Setting

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. RBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 4. Detector = Peak.
- 5. Trace mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.
- 7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 8. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

7.3.4. Test Setup



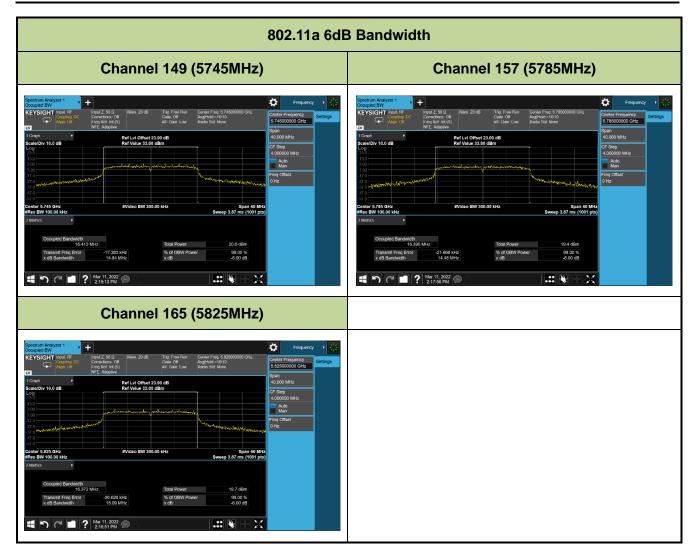


7.3.5. Test Result

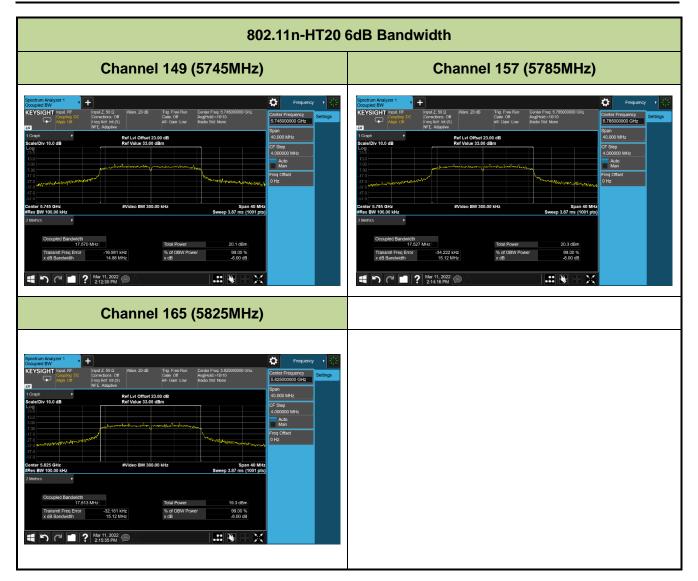
Product	Smart Projector	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/11
Test Item	6dB Bandwidth		

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
802.11a	149	5745	14.840	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	157	5785	14.480	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	165	5825	15.090	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	14.860	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	157	5785	15.120	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	165	5825	15.120	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	35.240	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	159	5795	33.980	≥ 0.5	Pass

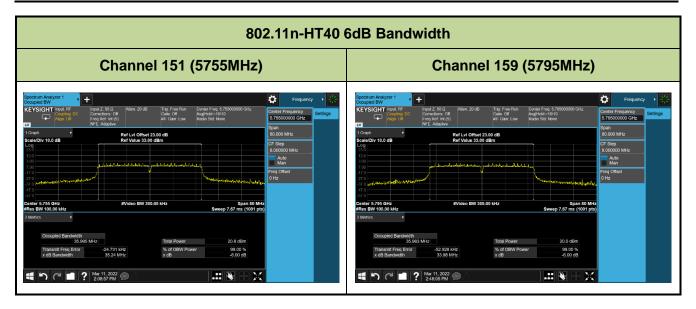














7.4. Output Power Measurement

7.4.1.Test Limit

For FCC Power Measurement Limit

For client operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (23.98dBm) or 11dBm +10 log (26dB BW).

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

For IC Power Measurement Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW (23.01dBm) or 10 + 10*log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW (23.98dBm) or 11 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W (30dBm) or 17 + 10 log10 B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

For the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.





Max Conducted Output Power Limit Calculation as below:

For U-NII-1 (5150-5250MHz) 24dBm for Client Device

For U-NII-2A (5250-5350MHz), U-NII-2C (5470-5725MHz)

 $802.11a: 11 + 10 \log 10 (24.95MHz) = 25dBm > 24dBm;$

802.11n-HT20/ac-VHT20: 11 + 10 log 10 (23.95MHz) = 25dBm > 24dBm;

802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40: 11 + 10 log10 (42.87MHz) = 27dBm > 24dBm;

802.11n-HT80/ac-VHT80: 11 + 10 log 10 (83.55MHz) = 30dBm > 24dBm;

802.11ac-VHT160: 11 + 10 log10 (162.8MHz) = 33dBm > 24dBm;

For U-NII-3 (5725-5850MHz)

30dBm for Client Device

EIRP Limit Calculation as below:

For U-NII-1 (5150-5250MHz)

36dBm with 6dBi Antenna Gain

For U-NII-2A (5250-5350MHz), U-NII-2C (5470-5725MHz)

30dBm with 6dBi Antenna Gain

For U-NII-3 (5725-5850MHz)

36dBm with 6dBi Antenna Gain

7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section E) 3) b) Method PM-G

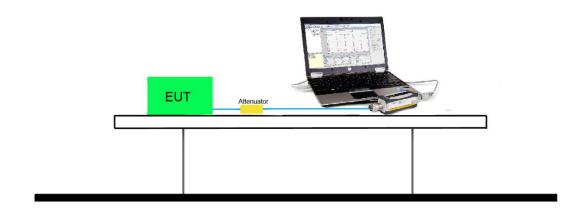
FCC ID: 2AAUL-WARPPLE-LS5 Page Number: 29 of 115



7.4.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were perform only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.4.4. Test Setup



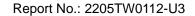


7.4.5. Test Result

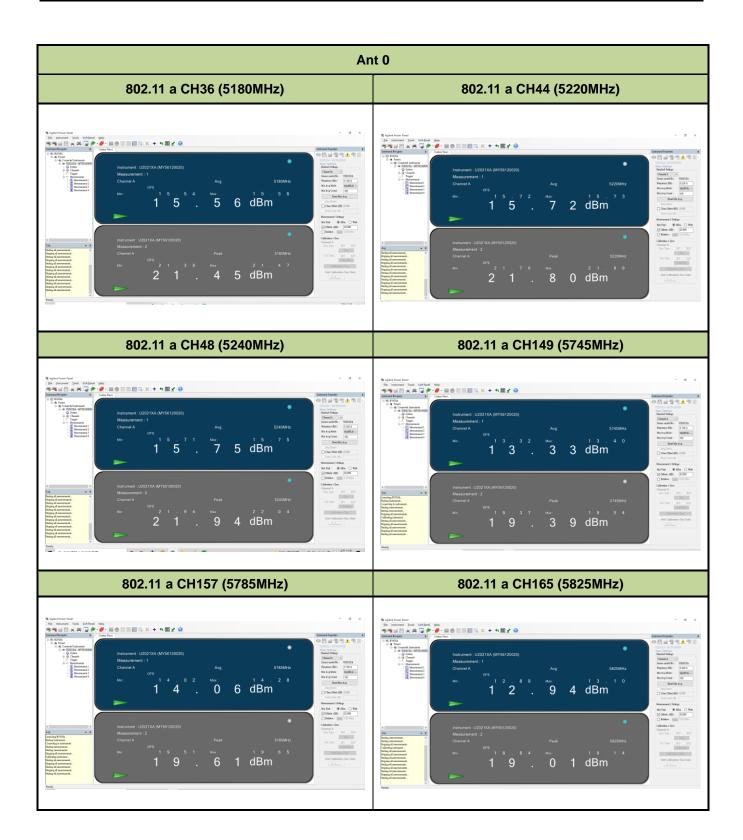
Product	Smart Projector	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/9
Test Item	Output Power		

Model	Rate	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 AV Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)
	6M	36	5180	15.56	24.00
802.11a Band1	6M	44	5220	15.72	24.00
	6M	48	5240	15.75	24.00
	6M	149	5745	13.33	30.00
802.11a Band4	6M	157	5785	14.06	30.00
	6M	165	5825	12.94	30.00
	MCS0	36	5180	15.55	24.00
n-HT20 Band1	MCS0	44	5220	15.56	24.00
	MCS0	48	5240	15.49	24.00
	MCS0	149	5745	14.30	30.00
n-HT20 Band4	MCS0	157	5785	13.80	30.00
	MCS0	165	5825	12.81	30.00
	MCS0	36	5180	15.27	24.00
ac-VHT20 Band1	MCS0	44	5220	15.38	24.00
	MCS0	48	5240	15.34	24.00
	MCS0	149	5745	13.87	30.00
ac-VHT20 Band4	MCS0	157	5785	13.07	30.00
	MCS0	165	5825	12.63	30.00
n LIT40 Daniel4	MCS0	38	5190	13.60	24.00
n-HT40 Band1	MCS0	46	5230	13.53	24.00
n LIT40 Dand4	MCS0	151	5755	13.56	30.00
n-HT40 Band4	MCS0	159	5795	13.33	30.00
an VUT40 Band4	MCS0	38	5190	13.54	24.00
ac-VHT40 Band1	MCS0	46	5230	13.49	24.00
00 VUT40 Dood4	MCS0	151	5755	13.45	30.00
ac-VHT40 Band4	MCS0	159	5795	13.01	30.00

Note: Output power =Reading value on Spectrum Analyzer + duty cycle factor + cable loss $^{\circ}$

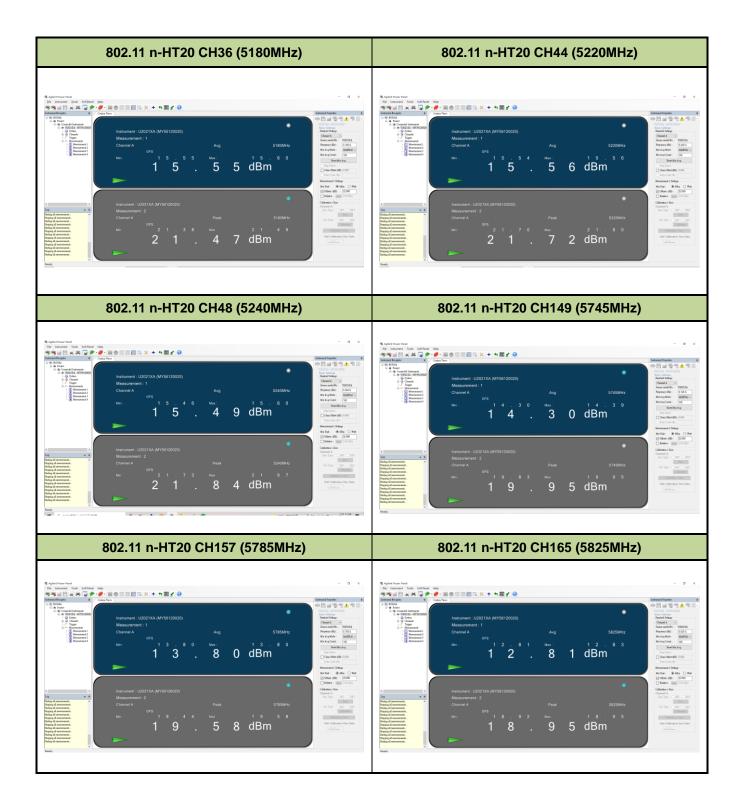






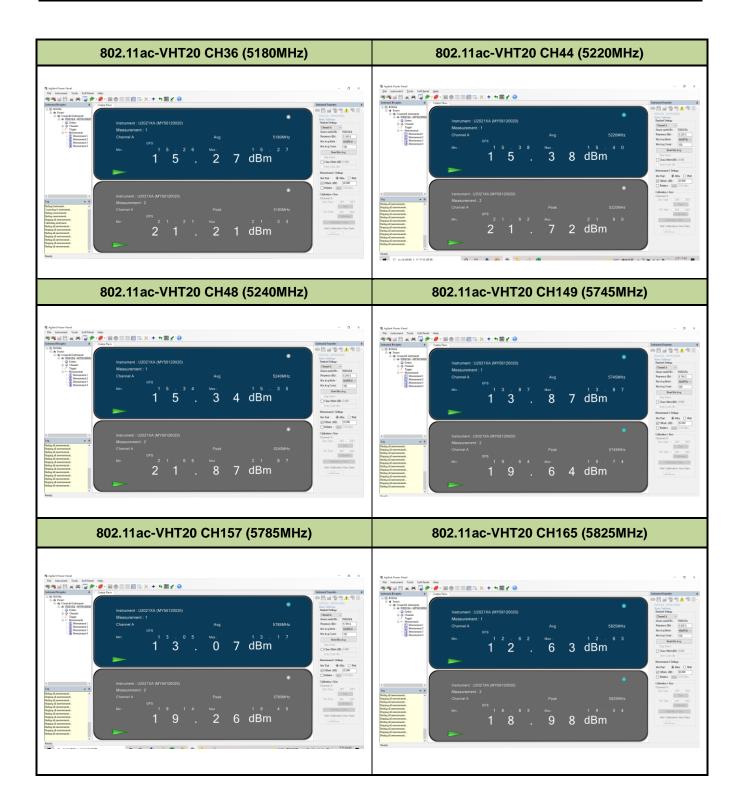






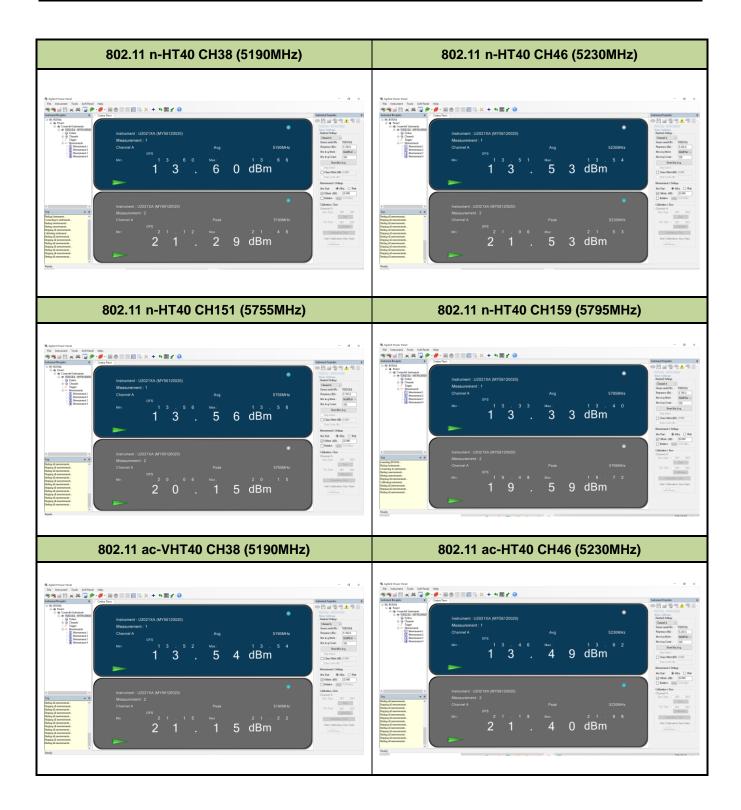




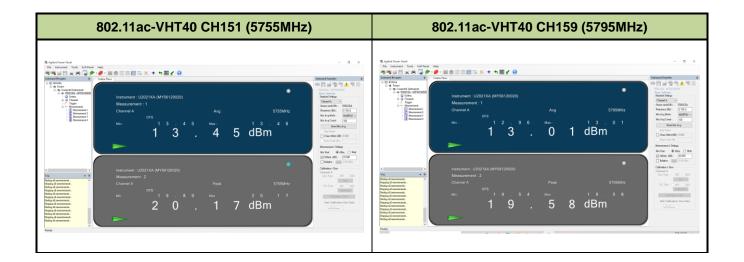














7.5. Transmit Power Control

7.5.1. Test Limit

The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm.

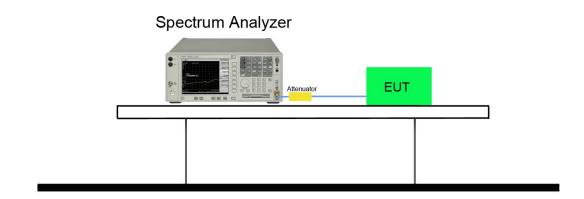
7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section E) 3) b) Method PM-G

7.5.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were perform only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.5.4. Test Setup





7.5.5. Test Result

Note: TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.



7.6. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.6.1. Test Limit

For FCC Power Spectral Density Limit

For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

For IC Power Spectral Density Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

For the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band.

7.6.2. Test Procedure Used

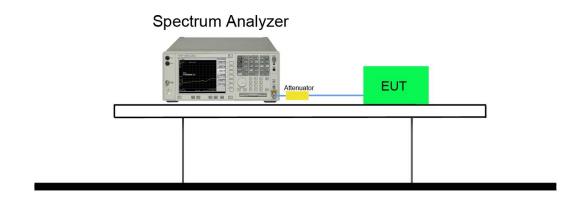
KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section F



7.6.3. Test Setting

- 1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the UNII channel under investigation
- 2. Span was set to encompass the entire 26dB EBW of the signal.
- 3. RBW = 1MHz, if measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz,
- 4. RBW = 100 kHz
- 5. VBW = 3MHz
- 6. Number of sweep points ≥ 2 × (span / RBW)
- 7. Detector = power averaging (Average)
- 8. Sweep time = auto
- 9. Trigger = free run
- 10. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- 11. Add 10*log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10*log(1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.
- 12. When the measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add a constant factor 10*log(500kHz/100kHz) = 7 dB to the measured result

7.6.4. Test Setup





7.6.5. Test Result

Product	Smart Projector	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/11
Test Item	Power Spectral Density		

For FCC bands (UNII-1)

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/ MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm /MHz)	Result
11a	36	5180	4.834	96%	5.008	≤ 11	Pass
11a	44	5220	4.406	96%	4.580	≤ 11	Pass
11a	48	5240	4.466	96%	4.640	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	36	5180	4.235	97%	4.370	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	44	5220	4.345	97%	4.480	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	48	5240	4.353	97%	4.488	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT40	38	5190	-0.666	95%	-0.453	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT40	46	5230	-1.194	95%	-0.981	≤ 11	Pass

Note: Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = PSD (dBm/MHz) + 10*log(1/duty cycle).



For FCC bands (UNII-3)

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/500kHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Result
11a	149	5745	0.742	96%	0.916	≤ 30	Pass
11a	157	5785	0.374	96%	0.548	≤ 30	Pass
11a	165	5825	0.271	96%	0.445	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	149	5745	0.891	97%	1.026	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	157	5785	0.478	97%	0.613	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	165	5825	0.508	97%	0.643	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	151	5755	-3.992	95%	-3.779	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	159	5795	-3.462	95%	-3.249	≤ 30	Pass

Note: Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = PSD (dBm/500kHz) + $10*log(1/duty\ cycle)$.



