

SAR TEST REPORT

Product Name: VIFA AI Speaker

Model Name: VIFA150

FCC ID: 2AAP8-VIFA150

Issued For : Guoguang Electric Co., Ltd.

No.8 Jinghu Road, Xinya Street, Huadu Reg, Guangzhou,

China

Issued By : Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.

Room 205, Building 13, Zone B, Chen Hsong Industrial Park,

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Report Number: LGT23I023HA01

Sample Received Date: Sept. 12, 2023

Date of Test: Sept. 12, 2023

Date of Issue: Sept. 13, 2023

Max. SAR (1g): Body: 0.205 W/kg

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Contents
00 Sept. 13, 2023		Initial Issue

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TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant Guoguang Electric Co., Ltd.

No.8 Jinghu Road, Xinya Street, Huadu Reg, Guangzhou,

China

Manufacture Guangzhou Vifa Audio Co., Ltd.

Room 401, No.56 fenghuang South Road, Xinya Street,

Huadu District, Guangzhou, China

Product Name VIFA AI Speaker

Trademark VIFA

Model Name VIFA150

APPLICABLE STANDARDS					
STANDARD TEST RESULTS					
ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528: 2013	PASS				

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1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	VIFA AI Speaker					
Trademark	VIFA					
Model Name	VIFA150					
Series Model	N/A	N/A				
Model Difference	N/A					
Device Category	Portable					
Product stage	Production unit					
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolled					
Hardware Version	N/A					
Software Version	N/A					
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n20: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n40: 2422 MHz ~ 2452 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz					
	Mode	Body Worn (W/kg))				
Max. Reported SAR(1g):	2.4G WLAN	0.205				
(Limit:1.6W/kg) Test distance:0mm	BT Note1	0.115				
	BLE Note1	0.052				
Battery	Rated Voltage:3.85V Charge Limit Voltage:4.45V					
Operating Mode:	2.4G WLAN: CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM Bluetooth: GFSK +π/4DQPSK+8DPSK BLE: GFSK					
Antenna Specification	BT/WLAN: PCB Antenna					
Operating Mode	Maximum continuous output					
DTM Mode	Not Support					

Note:

- 1. Bluetooth SAR was estimated
- 2. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

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1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

Items	Required
Temperature (℃)	18-25
Humidity (%RH)	30-70

1.3 Test Factory

Company Name:	Shenzhen LGT Test Service Co., Ltd.			
Room 205, Building 13, Zone B, Chen Hsong Industrial Park, No. Address: Renmin West Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Street, Pingshan District, Shenzhen, China				
	FCC Registration No.: 746540			
Accreditation Certificate	A2LA Certificate No.: 6727.01			
	IC Registration No.: CN0136			

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2. Test Standards and Limits

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial- Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	FCC KDB 248227 D01 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0
(B). Limits for	General Popula	tion/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	<u>Partial-Body</u>	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

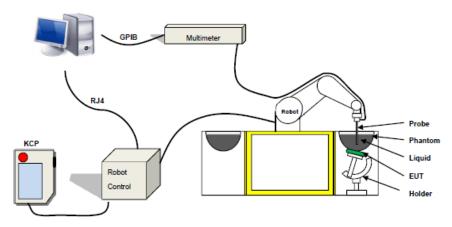
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue;

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SAR System

MVG SAR System Diagram:



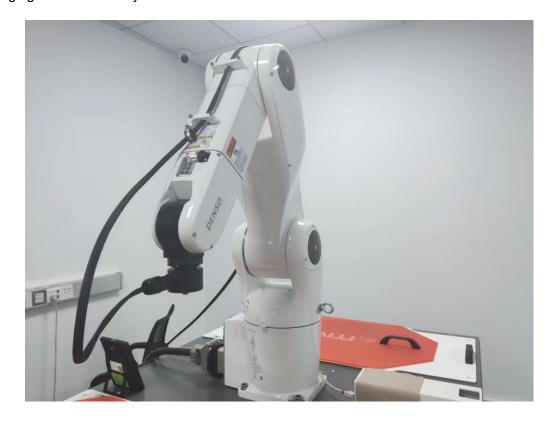
COMOSAR is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The COMOSAR system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

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The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 1g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 04/22 EPGO364 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 600 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- -Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

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3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



Figure-SN 06/22 SAM 148



3.2.3 Device Holder

Figure-SN 06/22 ELLI 51



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

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4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The uncertainty due to the liquid conductivity and permittivity arises from two different sources. The first source of error is the deviation of the liquid conductivity from its target value (max _ 5 %) and the second source of error arises from the measurement procedures used to assess conductivity. The uncertainty shall be assessed using a rectangular probability For 1 g averaging, the maximum weighting coefficient for SAR is 0,5.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head and body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table.

Frequency	εr	σ 10g S/m
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1450	40.5	1.20
1800 to 2000	40.0	1.40
2100	39.8	1.49
2450	39.2	1.80
2600	39.0	1.96
3000	38.5	2.40
3500	37.9	2.91
4000	37.4	3.43
4500	36.8	3.94
5000	36.2	4.45
5200	36.0	4.66
5400	35.8	4.86
5600	35.5	5.07
5800	35.3	5.27

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LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Data	Am	nbient	Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Tannat	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Temp. [°C]	Humidity %	Frequency (MHz)	Temp. [°C]	raidilleters	Target	ivieasureu	%	%
2022 00 12	22.6	60	2450	22.2	Permittivity	39.20	39.75	1.40	±5
2023-09-12	22.0	00	2450	22.3	Conductivity	1.80	1.79	-0.56	±5

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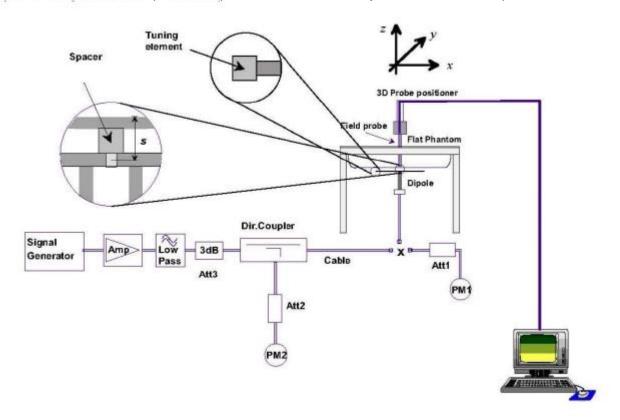


5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of ± 10 %.

Date	Freq.	Power	Tested Value	Normalized SAR	Target SAR	Tolerance	Limit
	(MHz)	(mW)	(W/Kg)	(W/kg)	1g(W/kg)	(%)	(%)
2023-09-12	2450	100	4.930	49.30	54.28	-9.17	10

Note:

- 1. The tolerance limit of System validation ±10%.
- 2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- 3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

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6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- -Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- -Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- -Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

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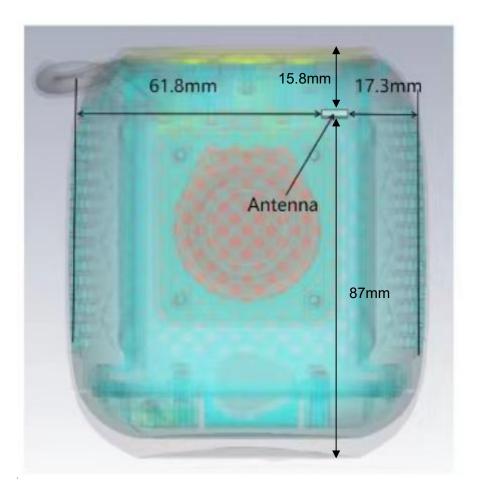


7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

Back side

It is a VIFA AI Speaker, support BT/WLAN mode.

Top side



Front side

Bottom side (Left view)

Antenna Separation Distance(mm)						
ANT	Back Side Front Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side					
BT/WLAN	61.8	17.3	≤5	60	15.8	87

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The BT/WLAN SAR evaluation of Maximum power (dBm) summing tolerance.

	Wireless Interface	ВТ	BLE	2.4G WLAN
Exposure	Calculated Frequency(MHz)	2402	2402	2442
Position	Maximum Turn-up power (dBm)	4.5	1	14.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	2.82	1.26	28.18
	Separation distance (mm)	61.8	61.8	61.8
Back Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	214.78	214.78	213.99
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (mm)	17.3	17.3	17.3
Front Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	33.49	33.49	33.21
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (mm)	5	5	5
Left Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	9.68	9.68	9.60
	Testing required?	NO	NO	YES
	Separation distance (mm)	60	60	60
Right Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	196.78	196.78	195.99
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (mm)	15.8	15.8	15.8
Top Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	30.58	30.58	30.33
	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO
	Separation distance (mm)	87	87	87
Bottom Side	exclusion threshold(mW)	466.78	466.78	465.99
Olde	Testing required?	NO	NO	NO

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Note:

calculation.

- 1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- 2. per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; if the distance of the antenna to the user is <25mm,25mm is user to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance ≤50mm are determined by: [(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[√f(GHz))≤3.0 for 1-g SAR and≤7.5 for10-g extremity SAR ,f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - For <50mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value(3.0)to do compare
- per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6GHz and for test separation distances >50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

 a)[threshold at 50mm in step 1]+(test separation distance -50mm)*(f (MHz)/150)]mW, at 100 MHz
 to 1500 MHz
 - b) [threshold at 50mm in step1]+(test separation distance -50mm) *10]mW at>1500MHz and≤ 6GHz
- 6. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8.for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

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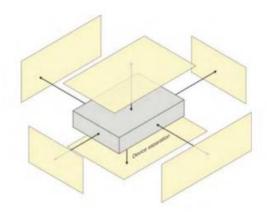


8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in Front Side, Left Side and Top Side.

8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing function, the relevant hand and body exposure condition are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surface and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm form that surface or edge. When form factor of a handset is smaller than 9cm x 5cm, a test separation distance of 5mm (instead of 10mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separate distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



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9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at

approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Symbol	imately the 95% confidence level us Uncertainty Component	Prob. Dist.	Unc. a(x _i)	Div.	$u(x_i) = a(x_i)/q_i$	C _i	u(y) = C _i *u(x _i)	Vi
	Measurement system errors							
CF	Probe calibration	N (k = 2)	5.8	2	2.90	1	2.90	∞
CF _{drift}	Probe calibration drift	Ř	0.12	√3	0.07	1	0.07	8
LIN	Probe linearity and detection limit	R	1.91	√3	1.10	1	1.10	8
BBS	Broadband signal	R	0.15	√3	0.09	1	0.09	∞
ISO	Probe isotropy	R	0.18	√3	0.10	1	0.10	∞
DAE	Other probe and data acquisition errors	N	2.7	1	2.70	1	2.70	8
AMB	RF ambient and noise	N	1.73	1	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Δ_{xyz}	Probe positioning errors	N	0.81	1	0.81	2/δ	0.81	
DAT	Data processing errors	N	2.5	1	2.50	1	2.50	∞
	Phantom and devi	ce (DUT o	r validati	on anten	na) errors			
LIQ(σ)	Measurement of phantom conductivity(σ)	N	4.4	1	4.4	cε, cσ	4.40	∞
LIQ(T _c)	Temperature effects (medium)	R	2.9	√3	1.67	cε, cσ	1.67	∞
EPS	Shell permittivity	R	3.4	√3	1.96	See 8.4.2.3	0.49	8
DIS	Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	N	0.8	1	0.8	2	1.60	8
D_{xyz}	Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	N	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.50	5
Н	Device holder effects	N	3	1	3	1	3.00	
MOD	Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	R	3.59	√3	2.07	1	2.07	8
TAS	Time-average SAR	R	1.73	√3	1.00	1	1.00	∞
RF _{drift}	Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	N	2.89	1	2.89	1	2.89	
VAL	Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	N	1.45	1	1.45	1	1.45	
Pin	Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	N	2.5	1	2.5	1	2.50	
	Correction	s to the S	AR result	(if applie	ed)			
$C(\epsilon',\sigma)$	Phantom deviation from target $(\epsilon',\sigma))$	N	2.31	1	2.31	1	2.31	
C(R)	SAR scaling	R	1.15	√3	0.66	1	0.66	
u(ΔSAR)	Combined uncertainty						9.53	
U	Expanded uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom					U =	19.06	

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10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result:

2.4G WLAN

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
	1	2412	14.01	25.18
802.11b	7	2442	14.27	26.73
	11	2462	14.13	25.88
	1	2412	12.93	19.63
802.11g	7	2442	13.15	20.65
	11	2462	12.49	17.74
	1	2412	11.21	13.21
802.11 n-HT20	7	2442	12.30	16.98
	11	2462	11.99	15.81
	3	2422	8.89	7.74
802.11 n-HT40	7	2442	7.62	5.78
	9	2452	8.31	6.78

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
	0	2402	3.15	2.07
GFSK(1Mbps)	39	2441	2.07	1.61
	78	2480	2.58	1.81
	0	2402	3.84	2.42
π/4-QPSK(2Mbps)	39	2441	3.19	2.08
	78	2480	3.43	2.20
	0	2402	4.18	2.62
8DPSK(3Mbps)	39	2441	4.06	2.55
	78	2480	3.97	2.49

BLE

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	
	2402	0.32	1.08	
GFSK(1Mbps)	2440	0.22	1.05	
	2480	0.17	1.04	

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11. EUT and Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photos





Back side



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Right Edge



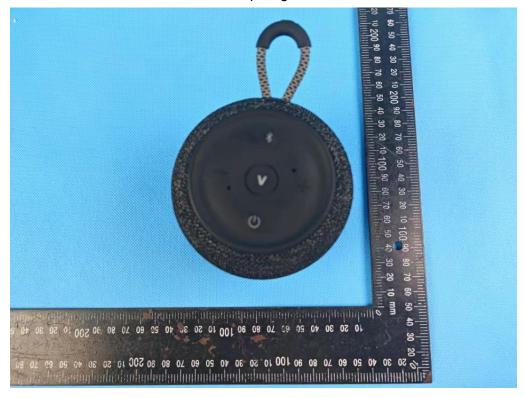
Left Edge



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Top Edge



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11.2 Setup Photos





Body Left side (separation distance is 0mm)



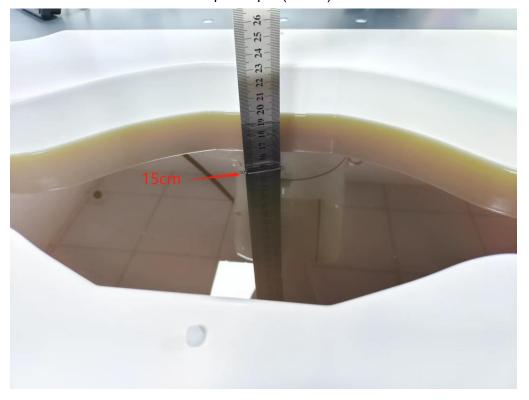
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Body Top side (separation distance is 0mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)



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12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Body-worn SAR

Band	Model	Test Position	Freq.	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Power Drift (%)	Max. Turn-up Power (dBm)	Meas. Output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
		Front Side	2442	0.064	0.87	14.50	14.27	0.067	/
0.4011		Left Side	2442	0.077	0.50	14.50	14.27	0.081	/
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	Top Side	2412	0.153	-3.95	14.50	14.01	0.171	/
		Top Side	2442	0.194	1.68	14.50	14.27	0.205	1
		Top Side	2462	0.167	1.75	14.50	14.13	0.182	/

Note:

- The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
 Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 b. Scaled SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) *Tune-up Scaling Factor

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12.2 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

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Position	Simultaneous State		
	1. 2.4G WLAN + BT		
D .	2. 2.4G WLAN + BLE		
Body	3. BT+BLE		
	4. 2.4G WLAN + BT+BLE		

NOTE:

- 1. For simultaneous transmission at head and body exposure position, 2 transmitters simultaneous transmission was the worst state.
- 2. Based upon KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 3. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 4. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm,Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm)·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

Estimat	ed SAR	Po	m Tune-up	Antenna to user(mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Stand Alone SAR(1g) [W/kg]
		dBm	mW	to doct(illiii)		57 ((19) [W/(9]
ВТ	Body	4.45	2.786	≦5	2.402	0.115
BLE	Body	1	1.259	≦5	2.402	0.052

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Simultaneous Mode	Position	Mode	Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg)	1-g Sum SAR (W/kg)	
2.4G WLAN + BT	Pody	2.4G WLAN	0.205	0.220	
2.4G WLAN + B1	Body	ВТ	0.115	0.320	
2.40 \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Dody	2.4G WLAN	0.205	0.257	
2.4G WLAN + BLE	Body	BLE	0.052	0.257	
BT + BLE	Dody	ВТ	0.115	0.167	
DI + BLC	Body	BLE	0.052	0.167	
		2.4G WLAN	0.205		
2.4G WLAN+BT + BLE	Body	ВТ	0.115	0.372	
		BLE	0.052		

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

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13. Equipment List

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Calibrated Until
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	DIP2G450	SN 06/22 DIP2G450-645	2022.02.11	2025.02.10
E-Field Probe	MVG	EPGO364	SN 04/22 EPGO364	2023.02.10	2024.02.09
Liquid Calibration Kit	MVG	OCPG 87	SN 06/22 OCPG87	2023.02.10	2024.02.09
Antenna	MVG	ANTA 73	SN 06/22 ANTA 73	N/A	N/A
Ellipsoid Phantom	MVG	ELLI 51	SN 06/22 ELLI 51	N/A	N/A
Phantom	MVG	SAM 148	SN 06/22 SAM148	N/A	N/A
Phone holder	MVG	MSH 117	SN 06/22 MSH 117	N/A	N/A
Laptop holder	MVG	LSH 36	SN 06/22 LSH 38	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	SHW	SHWDCP	202203280013	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46418070	2023.03.27	2024.03.26
Multi Meter	Keithley	DMM6500	DMM6500	2023.03.27	2024.03.26
Signal Generator	Keithley	N5182B	MY59100717	2023.04.07	2024.04.06
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMW500	137737	2023.04.14	2024.04.13
Power Sensor	R&S	Z11	116184	2023.03.27	2024.03.26
Temperature hygrometer	N/A	ST-W2318	N/A	2023.04.24	2024.04.23
Thermograph	N/A	TP101	N/A	2023.04.25	2024.04.24

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Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

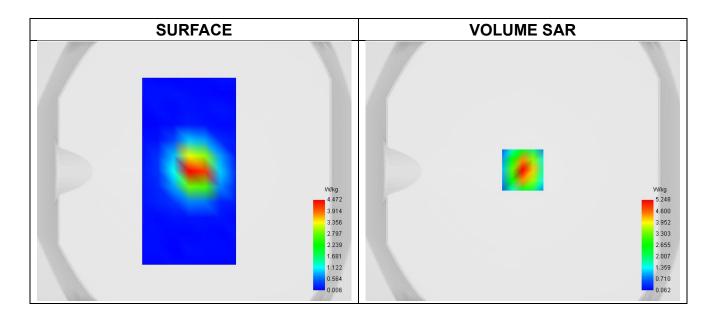
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2023-09-12

Experimental conditions.

Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permittivity	39.75
Conductivity (S/m)	1.79
Probe	SN 04/22 EPGO364
ConvF	2.33
Crest factor:	1:1



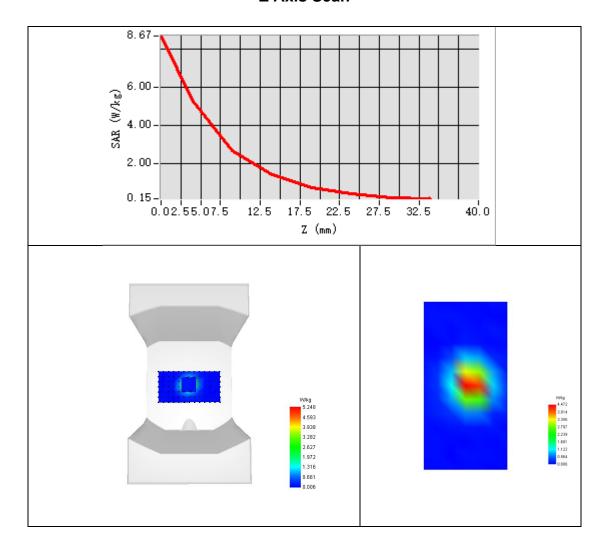
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 8.66 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.353
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.930

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Z Axis Scan



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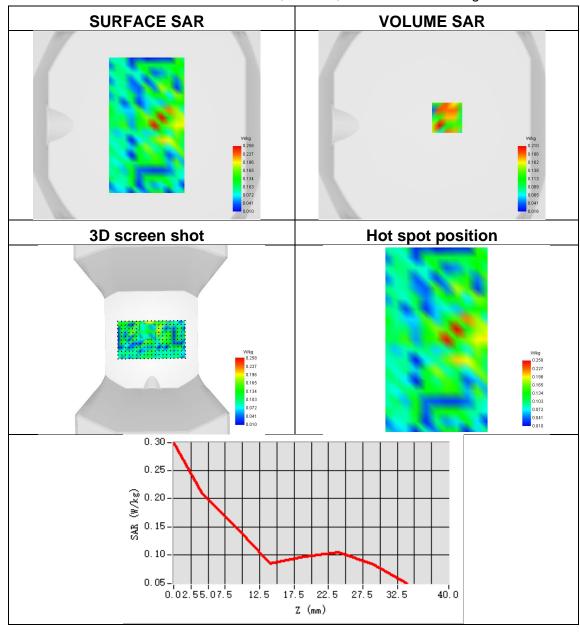


Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

Plot 1:

Test Date	2023-09-12
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Top Side
Band	ISM
Signal	IEEE 802.11 b
Frequency	2442
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.100
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.194

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=8.00; SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg



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Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

*****END OF THE REPORT***

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