



TEST REPORT

Report Reference No:	TRE1412004204	R/C: 86151
FCC ID:	2AAP6M7859	
Applicant's name:	SHENZHEN ZOWEE TECHNOL	DGY CO.,LTD
Address	Science & Technology Industrial P Owned Enterprises, Pingshan, Xil CHINA	ark of Privately i, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, PR
Manufacturer	SHENZHEN ZOWEE TECHNOLO	DGY CO.,LTD
Address	Science &Technology Industrial P Owned Enterprises, Pingshan, Xil CHINA	ark of Privately i, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, PR
Test item description:	Internet Tablet	
Trade Mark	TMAX ,APEX,DOPO,NOBIS,DAG	E,NUVISION
Model/Type reference	M7859	
Listed Model(s)	NBW7800 C ,NBW7805 C,NBW7 DPM7858 ,TM7806 ,TM7854 ,DP	
Standard:	ANSI C95.1-1999/47CFR § 2.10	93
Date of receipt of test sample:	Dec 09, 2014	
Date of testing	Dec 20, 2014	
Date of issue	Dec 24, 2014	
Result	PASS	
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1. <u>TEST STANDARDS</u>

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2003</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r02: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

2. <u>SUMMARY</u>

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	SHENZHEN ZOWEE TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Address:	Science & Technology Industrial Park of Privately
	Owned Enterprises, Pingshan, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, PR CHINA
Manufacturer:	SHENZHEN ZOWEE TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Address:	Science & Technology Industrial Park of Privately
	Owned Enterprises, Pingshan, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, PR CHINA

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT	Internet Tablet			
Trade Mark:	TMAX,APEX,DOPO,NOBIS,DAGE,NUVISION			
Model No.:	M7859			
Listed Model(s):	NBW7800 C,NBW7805 C,NBW7850 C,DPM7808, DPM7828, DPM7858 ,TM7806 ,TM7854 ,DPW785A, DPW785B			
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From internal battery			
Adapter information:	Mode: JK050200-S04USA			
	Input:AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 0.5A			
	Output:DC 5.0V 2000mA			
WIFI				
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20)/802.11n(H40)			
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK)			
	802.11g/n(H20)/n(H40): OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)			
Operation frequency:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 2412MHz~2462MHz			
	802.11n(H40): 2422MHz~2452MHz			
Channel number:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 11			
	802.11n(H40): 7			
Channel separation:	5MHz			
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna			
Antenna gain:	1.47dBi			
BT4.0				
Supported type:	Supported BT4.0			
Modulation:	GFSK			
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz			
Channel number:	40			
Channel separation:	2MHz			
Antenna type: Internal Antenna				
Bluetooth				
Version:	Supported BT2.1+EDR			
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK			
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz			
Channel number:	79			
Channel separation:	1MHz			
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna			

2.3. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for M7859 are follows:

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class	
Body (Separation Distance 0mm)	WLAN2450	0.532	DTS	

The SAR values found for the Table PC are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue accordintg to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain iniform power output.

The highest reported SAR values is obtained at the case of, and the values are: 0.532 W/Kg(1g).

2.4. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V / 60 Hz	0	115V / 60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
			Other (specified in blank below))

DC 3.70 V/DC 5.0V Adapter from AC 120V/60Hz

2.5. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

Internet Tablet (Model: M7859).

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain maximum power

output.

2.6. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

• - supplied by the manufacturer

 $\odot\,$ - supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
		Shield :	1
		Detachable :	/
0	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/

3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Test Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd Address: Keji Nan No.12 Road, Hi-tech Park, Shenzhen, China Phone: 86-755-26715686 Fax: 86-755-26748089

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: Mar. 29, 2012. Valid time is until Feb. 28, 2015.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 2243.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until Sept. 30, 2013.

FCC-Registration No.: 662850

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 662850, Renewal date June. 01, 2012, valid time is until June. 01, 2015.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Jan. 25, 2011, valid time is until Jan. 24, 2014.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber $(12.2m \times 7.95m \times 6.7m)$ and Shielded Room $(8m \times 4m \times 3m)$ of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 24, 2010. Valid time is until Dec. 23, 2013.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of DNV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Directives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the DNV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)				
	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calibration		
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval	
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2014/11/25	1	
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3842	2014/06/06	1	
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2014/12/11	1	
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/	
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2014/12/26	1	
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2014/12/26	1	
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2014/12/25	1	
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2014/10/23	1	

4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

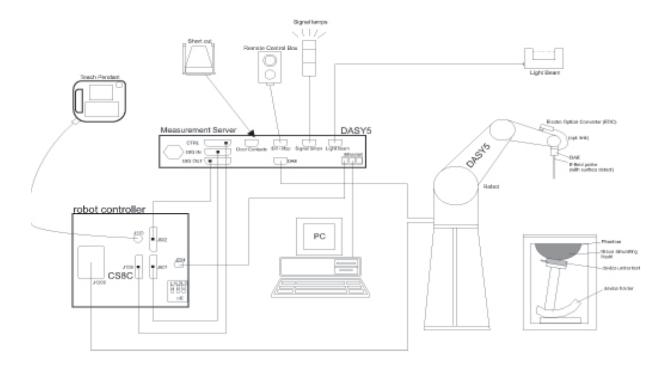
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

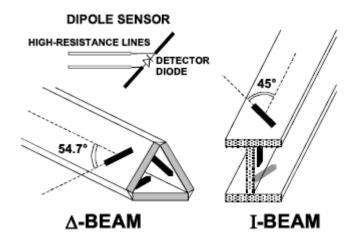
Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

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The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi
- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With	Vi = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Ui = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcpi = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

		E - field probes :	$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$
		H - field probes :	$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$
With	Vi	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Normi	 sensor sensitivity of channel i [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes 	(i = x, y, z)
	ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
	aij	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field	probes
	f	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
	Ei	= electric field strength of channel i in	
	Hi	= magnetic field strength of channel i	in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\partial}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with	SAR	= local specific absorption rate in mW/g
	Etot	= total field strength in V/m
	σ	= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
	ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Table 3.Composition of	f the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.12
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.50 σ=0.9
Dicicellie Faranters Farget Value	1-0001112 2-41.00 0-0.0
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
Water	55.24
Glycol	44.45
Salt	0.31
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1750MHz ε=40.10 σ=1.37
Dielectric r aramters rarget value	1-1750MHZ 2-40.10 0-1.57
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.00 σ=1.40
Dielectric Paramiters Target Value	1-1900MHZ E-40.00 0-1.40
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	62.70
	36.80
Glycol Salt	0.50
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=39.20 σ=1.80
Table 4 Composition o	f the Dedy Tissue Fewigelent Metter
MIXTURE%	f the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
With I ORE %	52.50
	45
Sugar Salt	-
	1.40
Preventol	0.10
Cellulose	
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
Water	69.61
Glycol	29.97
Salt	0.12
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1750MHz ε=53.40 σ=1.49
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20 26.70
Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water Glycol monobutyl Salt Dielectric Paramters Target Value MIXTURE% Water	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz 69.91 29.96 0.13 f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52 FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz 73.20

4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid

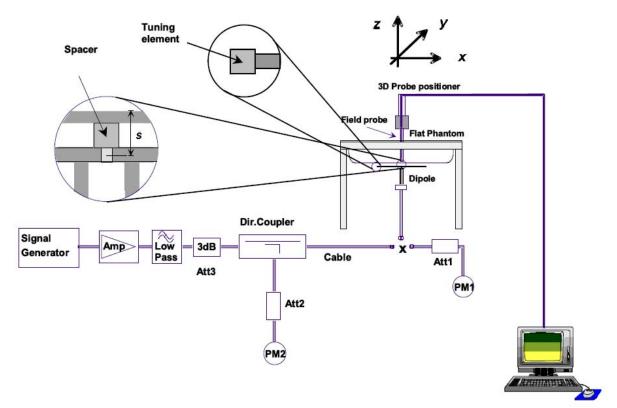
Eroquonov	Description	Dielectric pa	aramenters
Frequency	Description	٤ _r	O'
2450MHz(Body)	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	52.7 (50.1~55.3)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)
243010112(B0dy)	Measurement Value 2014-12-20	53.6	1.98

4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

System Validation of Body

			-1					
Measuremen	Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 $^\circ C$ and relative humidity 55%.							
Liquid temperature 22.0 °C								
Measurement Date: 2450MHz Dec 20 th , 2014								
Verification	Frequency	•	t value /kg)		ed value /kg)	Devi	ation	
results	(MHz)	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	
	2450	12.80	5.98	12.72	5.95	-0.62%	0.50%	

4.10. SAR measurement procedure

4.10.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

a). all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom;

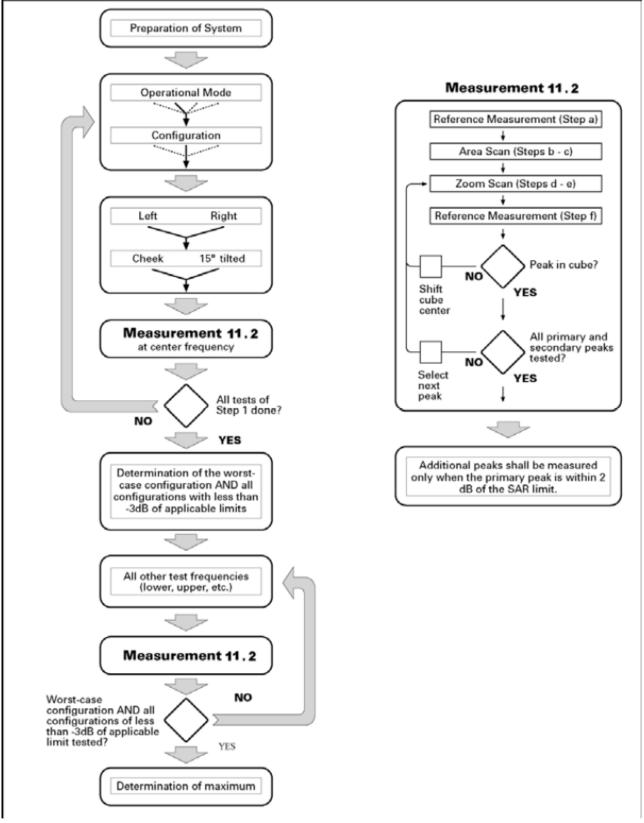
b). all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and

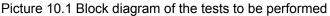
c). all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





4.10.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing

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algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20° ± 1°
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \hspace{0.1 cm} \text{GHz:} \leq 12 \hspace{0.1 cm} \text{mm} \\ \\ 4-6 \hspace{0.1 cm} \text{GHz:} \leq 10 \hspace{0.1 cm} \text{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*]	
	uniform g	rid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	<u><</u> 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	<u><</u> 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid ∆z _{Zcom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	I	\geq 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

4.10.3 WLAN Measurement Procedures for SAR

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. The Tx power is set to 58 for 802.11 b mode, set to 48 for 802.11 g mode, set to 40 for 802.11 n mode by software, This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the highest power rate.

802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel;

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

4.10.4 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.10.4 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

4.10.4.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

4.10.4.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.

5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

WLAN

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Worst case Data rate of	Conducted Output Power(AV)	
			worst case	dBm	mW
	1	2412	1Mbps	15.37	34.43
802.11b	6	2437	1Mbps	15.35	34.28
	11	2462	1Mbps	15.24	33.42
	1	2412	6Mbps	14.16	26.06
802.11g	6	2437	6Mbps	14.03	25.29
	11	2462	6Mbps	14.12	25.82
	1	2412	6.5 Mbps	13.38	21.78
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	6.5 Mbps	13.26	21.18
	11	2462	6.5 Mbps	13.05	20.18
	3	2422	13.5 Mbps	12.07	16.11
802.11n(40MHz)	6	2442	13.5 Mbps	12.01	15.89
	9	2452	13.5 Mbps	12.12	16.29

Note: SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels if the output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels, and for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. According to the above conducted power, the EUT should be tested for "802.11b, 1Mbps".

The conducted power measurement results for Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Conducted Out	put Power (AV)
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	dBm	mW
	00	2402	1.23	1.33
GFSK-BLE	19	2440	1.15	1.30
	39	2480	1.03	1.27
	00	2402	1.42	1.39
GFSK	39	2441	1.52	1.42
	78	2480	1.37	1.37
	00	2402	2.16	1.64
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	2.05	1.60
	78	2480	2.11	1.63
	00	2402	2.14	1.64
8DPSK	39	2441	2.12	1.63
	78	2480	2.04	1.60

	W	_AN				
	802	11b				
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11			
Target (dBm)	14.5	14.5	14.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	802	.11g				
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512			
Target (dBm)	13.5	13.5	13.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	802.11r	(20MHz)				
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11			
Target (dBm)	12.5	12.5	12.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	802.11n(40MHz)					
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11			
Target (dBm)	11.5	11.5	11.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			

Bluetooth						
	GFSP	(-BLE				
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 19	Channel 39			
Target (dBm)	0.5	0.5	0.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	GF	SK				
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 39	Channel 78			
Target (dBm)	1.5	1.5	1.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	π/4D	QPSK				
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 39	Channel 78			
Target (dBm)	1.5	1.5	1.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			
	8DPSK					
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 39	Channel 78			
Target (dBm)	1.5	1.5	1.5			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1			

5.2. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

5.2.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

5.2.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

The product can support WLAN function, according to following picture 1 showed that the diagonal dimension(29cm>20cm) and fihure 2 for antenna position of the DUT. So accroding to KDB 616217 and KDB447498 for SAR testing.



Figure 1: The diagonal dimension of the DUT

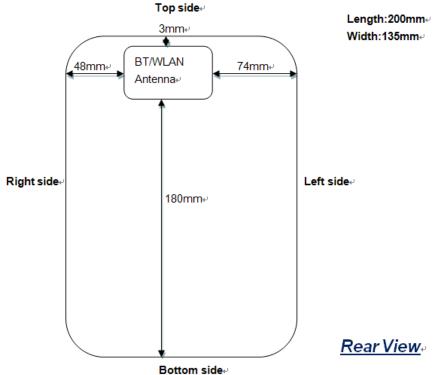


Figure 2:The antenna positions of the DUT

5.2.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to KDB447498 Section 4.3.1 1) for test distance \leq 50mm and 2) for test distance >50mm of SAR test exclusion thresold, refer to Figure 2 for antenna positions of the DUT; For test distance \leq 50mm, SAR test exclusion as following table 1

Mode	Position	Distance (mm)	Maximum Output Power including	Maximum Output Power including	Evaluated SAR test	SAR test exclusion	SAR test exclusion
		()	tune-up tolerance (dBm)	tune-up tolerance (mW)	exclusion	thresholds	
	Front Side	0	15.50	35.48	11.02	3.0	yes ^[1]
WLAN	Rear Side	0	15.50	35.48	11.02	3.0	no
VVLAIN	Top Edge Side	3	15.50	35.48	11.02	3.0	no
	Right Edge Side	48	15.50	35.48	1.10	3.0	yes
	Front Side	0	2.50	1.78	0.55	3.0	yes ^[1]
вт	Rear Side	0	2.50	1.78	0.55	3.0	yes
ы	Top Edge Side	3	2.50	1.78	0.55	3.0	yes
	Right Edge Side	48	2.50	1.78	0.06	3.0	yes

Table 1 SAR test exclusion for test distance ≤50mm

For test distance >50mm,SAR test exclusion as following table 2

		Table 2 SP				
			Maximum Output	Maximum Output	SAR test	
Mode Position	Distance	Power including	Power including	exclusion	SAR test	
Mode	FUSILION	(mm)	tune-up tolerance	tune-up tolerance	thresholds	exclusion
			(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	
WLAN	Left Edge Side	74	15.50	35.48	241.1	yes
VVLAN	Bottom Edge Side	180	15.50	35.48	1301.1	yes
ВТ	Left Edge Side	74	2.50	1.78	60.1	yes
DI	Bottom Edge Side	180	2.50	1.78	1250.1	yes

Table 2 SAR test exclusion for test distance >50mm

Note: 1. Front side SAR test not required according to KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01;

2. According to KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r02, When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

5.2.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and \leq 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

5.2.5 Estimated SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{(\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min.test separation distance, mm})} * \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5}$$

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

 $Ratio = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})} < 0.04$

For Bluetooth v4.0, the Estimated SAR for 5mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((1.78mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.074W/Kg

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 5mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula: Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10} Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

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Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift) Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty	Cycle
------	-------

Daty	
Test Mode	Duty Cycle
WLAN2450	1:1

SAR Values (WiFi2450z 802.11b-Body)

Ch MHz Position Position Power (dBm) Power (dBm) SAR over 1g(W/kg) Power drift Sar over Factor SAR over1g (W/kg) 1g (W/kg) 6 2437 Front 15.50 15.35 N/A N/A </th <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>11 12 4002</th> <th>002.11D-DU</th> <th><i>ay)</i></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	-		11 12 4002	002.11D-DU	<i>ay)</i>						
6 2437 Rear 15.50 15.35 0.512 -0.03 1.04 0.532 1.60 1 6 2437 Top 15.50 15.35 0.357 -0.08 1.04 0.371 1.60				Allowed Power	Power	SAR over			SAR over1g	1g	Ref. Plot #
6 2437 Top 15.50 15.35 0.357 -0.08 1.04 0.371 1.60 6 2437 Bottom 15.50 15.35 N/A	6	2437	Front	15.50	15.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6 2437 Bottom 15.30 15.35 N/A N	6	2437	Rear	15.50	15.35	0.512	-0.03	1.04	0.532	1.60	1
6 2437 Left 15.50 15.35 N/A	6	2437	Тор	15.50	15.35	0.357	-0.08	1.04	0.371	1.60	
6 2437 Right 15.50 15.35 N/A N/	6	2437	Bottom	15.50	15.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1 2412 Front 15.50 15.37 N/A N/	6	2437	Left	15.50	15.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1 2412 Rear 15.50 15.37 0.426 -0.03 1.03 0.439 1.60 1 2412 Top 15.50 15.37 0.315 -0.05 1.03 0.324 1.60 1 2412 Bottom 15.50 15.37 N/A	6	2437	Right	15.50	15.35	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1 2412 Top 15.50 15.37 0.315 -0.05 1.03 0.324 1.60 1 2412 Bottom 15.50 15.37 N/A	1	2412	Front	15.50	15.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1 2412 Bottom 15.50 15.37 N/A N	1	2412	Rear	15.50	15.37	0.426	-0.03	1.03	0.439	1.60	
1 2412 Left 15.50 15.37 N/A	1	2412	Тор	15.50	15.37	0.315	-0.05	1.03	0.324	1.60	
1 2412 Right 15.50 15.37 N/A N/	1	2412	Bottom	15.50	15.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11 2462 Front 15.50 15.24 N/A N	1	2412	Left	15.50	15.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11 2462 Rear 15.50 15.24 0.431 -0.08 1.06 0.457 1.60 11 2462 Top 15.50 15.24 0.305 -0.00 1.06 0.323 1.60 11 2462 Bottom 15.50 15.24 N/A	1	2412	Right	15.50	15.37	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11 2462 Top 15.50 15.24 0.305 -0.00 1.06 0.323 1.60 11 2462 Bottom 15.50 15.24 N/A	11	2462	Front	15.50	15.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11 2462 Bottom 15.50 15.24 N/A	11	2462	Rear	15.50	15.24	0.431	-0.08	1.06	0.457	1.60	
11 2462 Left 15.50 15.24 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	11	2462	Тор	15.50	15.24	0.305	-0.00	1.06	0.323	1.60	
	11	2462	Bottom	15.50	15.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	11	2462	Left	15.50	15.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11 2462 Right 15.50 15.24 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	11	2462	Right	15.50	15.24	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

 \leq 0.8W/Kg and transmission band \leq 100MHz;

 \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

2. Accoding to KDB 248227, Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate in each mode.

5.4. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \ge 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.5. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measureme	nt System	1	1	<u> </u>	I	L	I	('9 <i>)</i>	(109)	nocuoni
1	Probe calibration	В	5.50%	N	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	~
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	œ
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	~
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	œ
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions- noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	œ
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	œ
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	~
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	œ
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Sample										
15	Test sample positioning	A	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	Α	1.70%	Ν	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	œ
Phantom an			1					1		1
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	œ
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	œ
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	œ
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	œ
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	œ

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Combined standard uncertainty	$u_{c} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$	/	1	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	œ
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$	1	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	8

5.6. System Check Results

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 20/12/2014 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.70; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(10.34, 10.34, 10.34); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 02/27/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=12.00 mm, dy=12.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.97W/kg

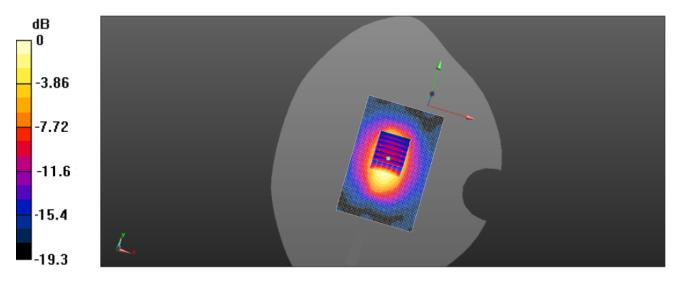
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.872 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.651 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.563 W/kg



0 dB = 13.56 mW/g=22.647dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body 250mW

WLAN2450 Rear Side Middle Channel -Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ =2.01 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.12; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(10.34, 10.34, 10.34); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.663 W/kg

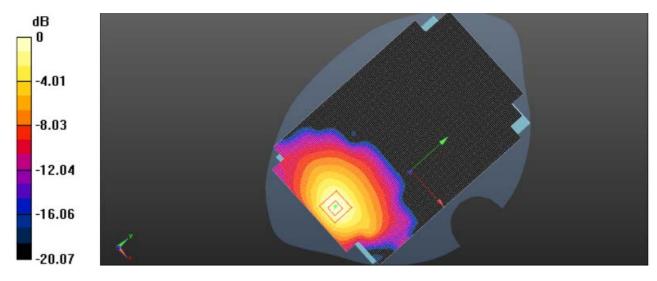
Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.725 W/Kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/Kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/Kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



Plot 1: WLAN2450 Rear Side Middle Channel -Channel 6-2437MHz (1Mbps)

6. Calibration Certificate

6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Jeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuri	ry of ch, Switzerland	Hac-MRA R. BRATH	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredit The Swiss Accreditation Service	ce is one of the signatories	s to the EA	o.: SCS 108
Aultilateral Agreement for the Client CIQ-SZ (Aude			EX3-3842_Jun13
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:38	42	
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.v4
Calibration date:	June 6, 2014		
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been cond	certainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C a	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc	certainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been cond	certainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. Ind humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi Calibration Equipment used (Mi	ertainties with confidence pruced in the closed laborator STE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874	robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	are part of the certificate. Ind humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087	robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	are part of the certificate. Ind humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14
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The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	Exertainties with confidence provide the closed laborator and the close	coability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	are part of the certificate. ind humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	Ertainties with confidence provide the closed laborator at the closed laborator at the critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b)	robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	coability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	are part of the certificate. ind humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Me Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	Ertainties with confidence provide the closed laborator at the closed laborator at the critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b)	color Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	color Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 7robe ES3DV2 DAE4	ertainties with confidence provide the closed laborator at the closed laborato	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013. Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	Are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ertainties with confidence provide the closed laborator at the closed laborato	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Check Date (in house)	Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S55277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) Q8-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013, Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660, Jan13) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	Are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S55277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585	cal Date (Certificate No.) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) Q4-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013, Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660, Jan13) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15 In house check: Oct-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been conde Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S50547 (20x) SN: S50547 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	robability are given on the following pages and a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Apr-13) Function	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15 In house check: Oct-13
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



RATE S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4 - SN:3842

June 6, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3842

Manufactured: Repaired: Calibrated:

October 25, 2011 June 3, 2014 June 6, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.35	0.52	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.7	100.4	100.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc ^E
			dB	dBõV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	132.3	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		162.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 ^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value. field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.15	1.10	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.91	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.28	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.32	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.50	0.77	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.71	0.63	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated traget tissue parameters.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.34	10.34	10.34	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.98	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.42	0.84	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.16	9.16	9.16	0.47	0.79	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.50	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.29	1.07	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.93	6.93	6.93	0.80	0.59	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

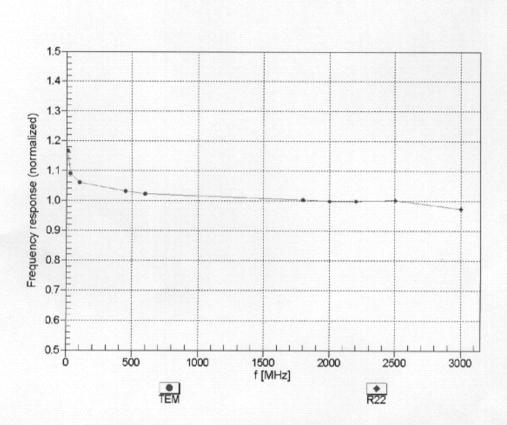
^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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EX3DV4-SN:3842

June 6, 2014



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

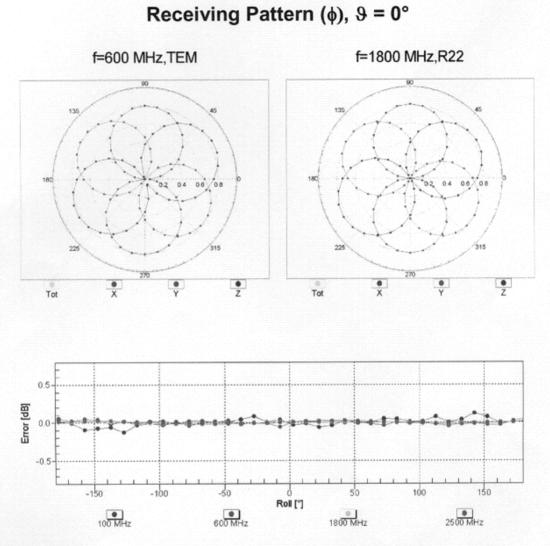
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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2014



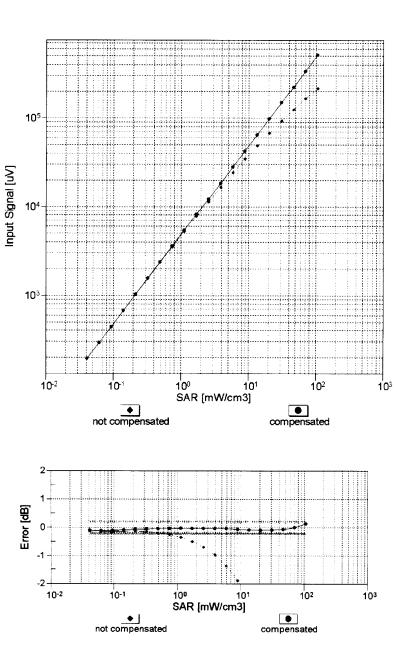
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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EX3DV4-- SN:3842

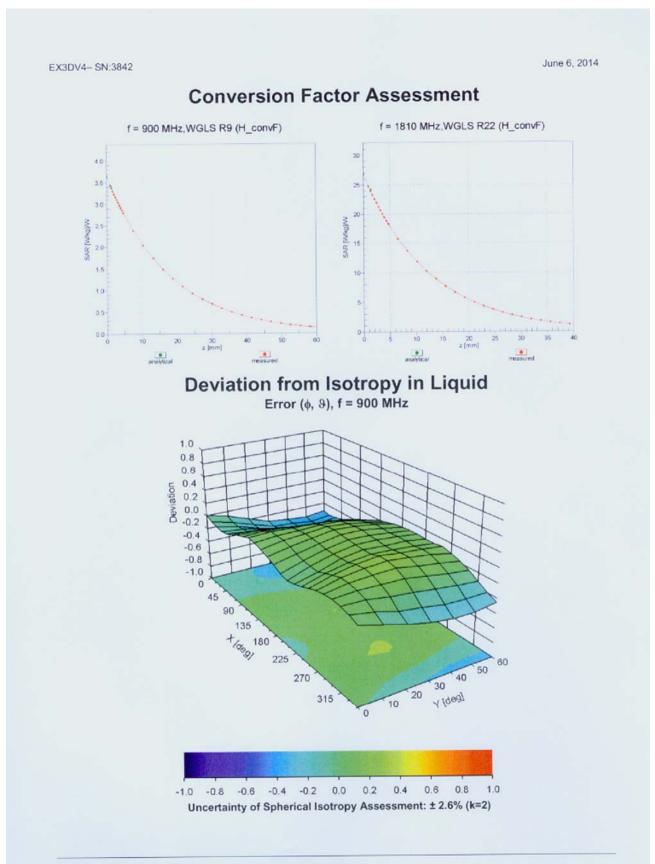
June 6, 2014



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-117.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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6.2. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

		e a g	CENAS
Tel: +86-10-623046		, Beijing, 100191, China 62304633-2504	校准
E-mail: Info@emcit	te.com <u>Http://www.en</u> Z (Auden)	Certificate No: J14-2-3053	CNAS L04
101	CERTIFICATE	Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant Constant	(4) (4)
Object	D2450V2	- SN: 884	
Calibration Procedure(s	s)		
	IMC-OS-		
	Calibration	n procedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	December	r 11, 2014	
	s(SI). The measurement bages and are part of the	nts and the uncertainties with confidence p e certificate.	robability are
jiven on the following p All calibrations have bo and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment (pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration)	rature(22±3)°C
given on the following p All calibrations have be and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards	pages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration)	
viven on the following p Il calibrations have bound humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD	een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule	rature(22±3)℃ ed Calibration
viven on the following p I calibrations have bound humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment of Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2	een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443)	ed Calibration
viven on the following p MI calibrations have bound humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment of Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4	ages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No. JZ14-443) 5- Sep-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 22-Feb-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb14)	ed Calibration Sep-15 Sep-15 Sep-15 Feb-15
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given on the following p All calibrations have be and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4	ages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C. MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No. JZ14-443) 5- Sep-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 22-Feb-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb14)	ed Calibration Sep-15 Sep-15 Sep-15 Feb-15
given on the following p All calibrations have be and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4	ages and are part of the een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C. MY49070393	e certificate. Iosed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 5- Sep-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 22-Feb-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 13-Nov-14 (SPEAG, No.JZ14-394) 19-Oct-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-278)	ed Calibration Sep-15 Sep-15 Sep-15 Feb -15 Nov-15
given on the following p All calibrations have be and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4	een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o ID# Cal Date 102083 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135	e certificate. Iosed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 5- Sep-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 22-Feb-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 13-Nov-14 (SPEAG, No.JZ14-394) 19-Oct-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-278)	ed Calibration Sep-15 Sep-15 Sep-15 Feb-15 Nov-15 Oct-15
given on the following p All calibrations have be and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment o Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-2 Reference Probe ES3 DAE4 Signal Generator E4 Network Analyzer E83	een conducted in the c used (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 DV3 SN 3149 SN 777 438C MY49070393 62B MY43021135	e certificate. Iosed laboratory facility: environment tempe calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Schedule 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 11-Sep-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-443) 5- Sep-14 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep14) 22-Feb-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb14) 13-Nov-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-394) 19-Oct-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-278) Function	ed Calibration Sep-15 Sep-15 Sep-15 Feb-15 Nov-15 Oct-15

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Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the . end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the ٠ dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed ٠ point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.98 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω+ 3.76jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2Ω+ 2.38jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns

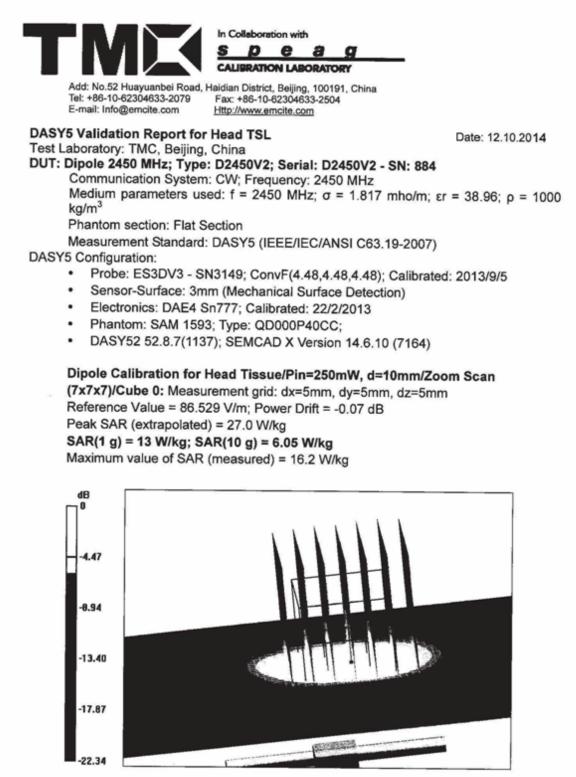
After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

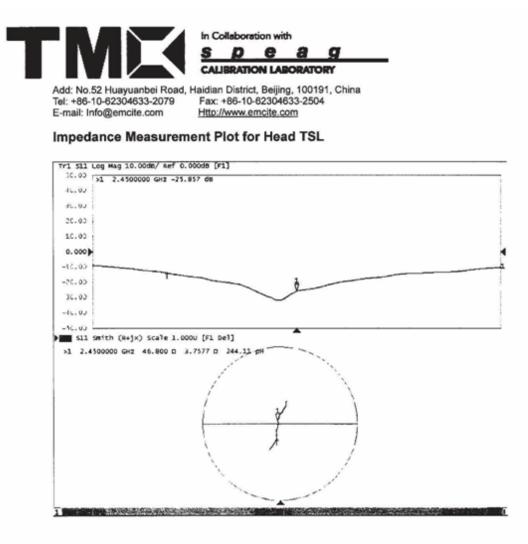
Manufactured by SPEAG



0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

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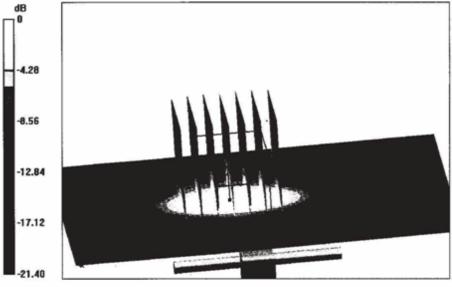
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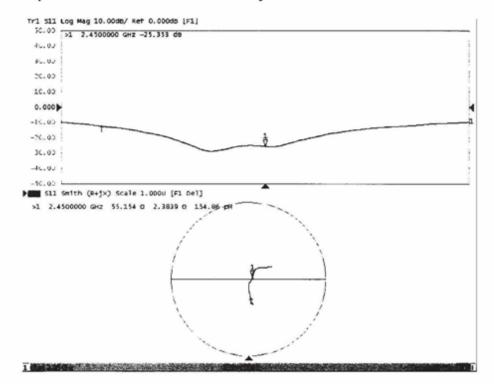
0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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6.3. DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate

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	meite.com Http://www.emcite.com CNAS LO
Client : CIQ	SZ (Auden) Certificate No: J14-2-3048
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE
Object	DAE4 - SN: 1315
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-OS-E-01-198
	Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)
Calibration date:	November 25, 2014
pages and are part of the	measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the follow e certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C
pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us	e certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ sed (M&TE critical for calibration)
pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	e certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ sed (M&TE critical for calibration)
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pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards Documenting Process Calibrator 753	e certificate. sen conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C sed (M&TE critical for calibration) ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 1971018 01-July-14 (TMC, No:JW14-049) July-15 Name Function

Certificate No: J14-2-3048

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Glossary:

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 6 Low Range: 1LSB = -100...+300 mV -1.....+3mV 6.1µV, full range = 61nV, full range = DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	403.915 ± 0.15% (k=2)	$405.171 \pm 0.15\%$ (k=2)	404.667 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98903 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94180 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93862 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	162.5° ± 1 °
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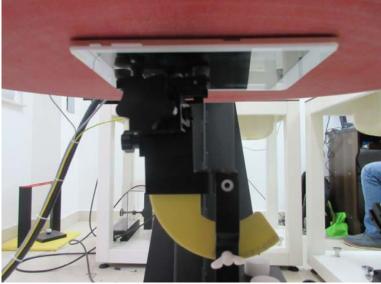
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7. <u>Test Setup Photos</u>



Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (2450MHz)



0mm Body Rear Side Setup Photo



0mm Body Top Side Setup Photo

8. External Photos of the EUT

Reference to Test Report TRE1412004201

.....End of Report.....