

## RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

### 1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Description	Remote Control
Model Name	MLB-RC-SR-BOS, MLB-RC-SR-NYY, MLB-RC-SR-LAD, MLB-RC-SR-CCU, MLB-RC-SR-SFG, MLB-RC-SR-CLI, MLB-RC-SR-PHL, MLB-RC-SR-TOR, MLB-RC-SR-HAS, MLB-RC-SR-DTG, MLB-RC-SR-MWB, MLB-RC-SR-CIR, MLB-RC-SR-CWS, MLB-RC-SR-MET, MLB-RC-SR-SLC
FCC ID	2AANZRCSR

### 2. EVALUATION METHOD

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR.

Where  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

### 3. CALCULATION

According to the follow transmitter output power ( $P_t$ ) formula:

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t)$$

$P_t$ =transmitter output power in watts

$g_t$ =numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless)

$E$ =electric field strength in V/m

$d$ =measurement distance in meters (m)

$$P_t = -38.55 \text{ dBm} = 0.00014 \text{ mW}$$

The result for RF exposure evaluation

$$\text{SAR} = (0.00014 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{0.04968}(\text{GHz})] = 0.0000062 < 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR}$$

### 4. CONCLUSION

The SAR evaluation is not required.