

**FCC §15.407 (f) & §1.1310 & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE**

**Applicable Standard**

According to §15.407(f) and §1.1310 & §2.1091, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guideline.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
<b>Frequency Range (MHz)</b>	<b>Electric Field Strength (V/m)</b>	<b>Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)</b>	<b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Averaging Time (minutes)</b>
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; \* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

Per 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, simultaneous transmission MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on the calculated/estimated, numerically modeled or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0.

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

**Calculated Data:**

WiFi +LTE module (FCC ID: 2AANYER805 contains FCC ID: XMR201807EP06A)

MPE evaluation for single transmission:

Radio Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain*		Tune-up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	MPE Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Ratio
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)				
WLAN	2412-2462	2.72	1.87	23.5	223.87	20	0.083	1.0	0.083
	5150-5250	0.21	1.05	16.0	39.81	20	0.008	1.0	0.008
	5725-5850	0.02	1.00	11.0	12.59	20	0.003	1.0	0.003
WCDMA BAND 5*	824-849	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	0.55	0.091
WCDMA BAND 2*	1850-1910	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
WCDMA BAND 4*	1710-1755	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 2*	1850-1910	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 4*	1710-1755	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 5*	824-849	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	0.55	0.091
LTE Band 7*	2500-2570	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 12*	699-716	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	0.47	0.106
LTE Band 13*	777-787	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	0.52	0.096
LTE Band 25*	1850-1915	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 26*	814-849	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	0.54	0.093
LTE Band 30*	2305-2315	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050
LTE Band 66*	1710-1780	0.00	1.00	24.0	251.19	20	0.050	1.0	0.050

**MPE evaluation for simultaneous transmission:**

Note: WLAN, WWAN can transmit simultaneously, MPE evaluation is as below formula:

$$PD1/Limit1+PD2/Limit2+..... < 1, PD (Power Density)$$

**The worst case is as below:**

$$MPE \text{ of WLAN} + MPE \text{ of WWAN} = 0.083/1.0+0.050/0.47=0.189 < 1.0$$

Result: The device meets FCC MPE at  $\geq 20$  cm distance.