

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC01388131202FH01

FCC ID : 2AAM3MP40DC

APPLICATION PURPOSE: Original Equipment

PRODUCT DESIGNATION: Smart Phone

BRAND NAME : Szenio

MODEL NAME : Syreni 40DC

CLIENT: Bulltech Electronic Products S.L.

DATE OF ISSUE: Dec.12, 2013

IEEE Std. 1528:2003

STANDARD(S) : 47CFR § 2.1093

IEEE/ANSI C95.1

REPORT VERSION: V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Dec.12, 2013	Valid	Original Report

The test plans were performed in accordance with IEEE Std. 1528:2003; 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01
- KDB 648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01
- KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- KDB 941225 D02 Guidance for 3GPP R6 and R7 HSPA v02v01
- KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01
- KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02

Test Report Certification			
Applicant Name	:	Bulltech Electronic Products S.L.	
Applicant Address	:	Gran Via, 64, 2-I, 28013 Madrid, Spain.	
Manufacturer Name	:	LONG AN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	
Manufacturer Address	:	Room 318, Building Shanmei Xincun, PingAn Road, Songgang, BaoAn, Shenzhen, 518000, China	
Product Designation	:	Smart Phone	
Brand Name	:	Szenio	
Model Name	:	Syreni 40DC	
Different Description		N/A	
EUT Voltage	:	DC3.7V by battery	
Applicable Standard	:	IEEE Std. 1528:2003 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1	
Test Date	:	Dec.12, 2013	
B (11 ::		Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	
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Tested By

Sun Yin Dec.12, 2013

Angela li

Angela Li

Dec.12, 2013

Solyer 2lary

Solger Zhang Dec.12, 2013

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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Highest Report standalone SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)
	GSM 835	0.304	0.364
Head	PCS 1900	0.364	0.304
	WCDMA Band V	0.484	0.484
	GSM 835	0.683	0.600
Body- worn	PCS 1900	0.688	0.688
	WCDMA Band V	1.107	1.107

Exposure Position	Test Mode	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)
Head	802.11b	0.267	0.267
пеац	HOTSPOT	0.142	0.267
Pody	802.11b	0.268	0.269
Body	HOTSPOT	0.175	0.268

Maximum Scaling standalone SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Scaling 1g-SAR(W/Kg)
Body Back	WCDMA Band V	826.4	1.268

Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)
	GSM 835+Bluetooth	0.400	
	GSM 835+WLAN	0.571	
	GSM 835+ HOTSPOT	0.446	
	PCS 1900+Bluetooth	0.460	
Head	PCS 1900+WLAN	0.631	0.751
	PCS 1900+ HOTSPOT	0.506	
	WCDMA Band V +Bluetooth	0.580	
	WCDMA Band V+WLAN	0.751	
	WCDMA Band V+ HOTSPOT	0.626	
	GSM 835+Bluetooth	0.779	
	GSM 835+WLAN	0.951	
	GSM 835+ HOTSPOT	0.858	
	PCS 1900+Bluetooth	0.784	
Body- worn	PCS 1900+WLAN	0.956	1.375
	PCS 1900+ HOTSPOT	0.863	
	WCDMA Band V +Bluetooth	1.203	
	WCDMA Band V+WLAN	1.375	
	WCDMA Band V+ HOTSPOT	1.282	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1, and had been tested in accordance with measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and the relevant KDB files like KDB 941225 D01, KDB 941225 D03, KDB 865664 D02....etc.

2. General Information

2.1. EUT Description

General Information			
Product Designation	Smart Phone		
Test Model	Syreni 40DC		
Hardware Version	K278_P3_V0004		
Software Version	2780Q0Q4_SY_V001		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled		
Antenna Type	Internal		
GSM and GPRS			
Support Band	☑GSM 850☑PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands)☑GSM 900☑DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands)		
GPRS Type	Class B		
GPRS Class	Class 12(1Tx+4Rx, 2Tx+3Rx, 3Tx+2Rx, 4Tx+1Rx)		
TX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 824.2~848.8MHz; PCS 1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz;		
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz		
Release Version	R99		
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS		
Antenna Gain	1.0dBi		
Max. Average Power (Max. Peak Power)	GSM850: 31.42dBm(32.13dBm- Peak Power) PCS1900: 28.41dBm(29.32dBm-Peak Power)		
WCDMA			
Support Band	U.S. Bands: ☐UMTS FDD Band II ☐UMTS FDD Band V Non-U.S. Bands: ☐UMTS FDD Band I ☐UMTS FDD Band III ☐UMTS FDD Band VIII		
HS Type	HSPA(HSUPA/HSDPA)		
TX Frequency Range	WCDMA FDD Band V: 826.4-846.6MHz		

WCDMA FDD Band V: 869-894MHz			
Rel-6			
QPSK			
0.8dBi			
Band V: 23.24dBm (23.41dBm- Peak Power)			
□V2.0 □V2.1 □V2.1+EDR □V3.0 □V3.0+HS □V4.0			
2402~2480MHz			
⊠GFSK ⊠∏/4-DQPSK ⊠8-DPSK			
3.59dBm			
1.2dBi			
□802.11a ⊠802.11b ⊠802.11g ⊠802.11n(20) ⊠802.11n(40)			
2412~2462MHz			
11b:15.72dBm,11g:11.92dBm,11n(20):12.92dBm,11n(40):10.02dBm			
1.2dBi			
Accessories			
Brand name: Szenio Model No. : Syreni 40DC Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V & 1400mAh			
Brand name: Szenio Model No. : Syreni 40DC Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.4A Output: DC 5V, 1000mA			
Brand name: Szenio Model No. : Syreni 40DC			

Note: The sample used for testing is end product.

2.2. Test Procedure

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT Communicate with 8960, and test them respectively at U.S. bands

2.3. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21±2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55±2

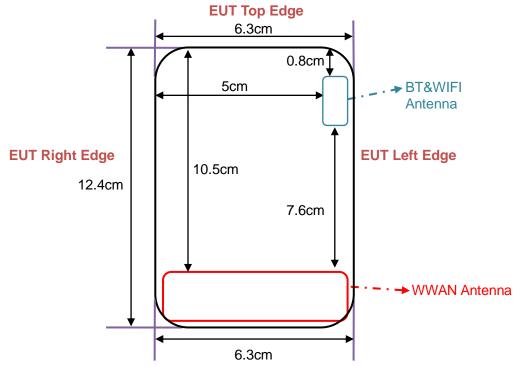
2.4. Test Configuration and setting

The EUT is a model of GSM Portable Mobile Station (MS). It supports GSM/GPRS, BT, WIFI, and support hot spot mode.

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between The device and the emulator were established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna is larger than 50cm, and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30db smaller than the output power of EUT.

For WLAN testing, the EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool through engineering command.

Antenna Location:



EUT Bottom Edge

The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Top Side(cm)	To Bottom Side(cm)	To Left Side(cm)	To Right Side(cm)
WWAN	10.5	0	0	0
BT/WIFI	0.8	9.5	0	5

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below:

Simultaneous TX Combination	Configuration	Head	Body	Hotspot
1	GSM835(Voice)+ BT/WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	PCS 1900(Voice)+ BT/WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA Band V(Voice)+ BT/WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes

3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume (dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}\Big|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;

E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;

σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;

ρ is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;

c_h is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $rac{dT}{dt} \mid t=0$ is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

3.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

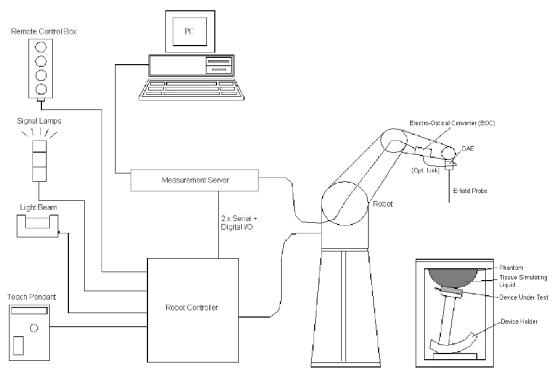
Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

When multiple peak SAR location were found during the same configuration or test mode, Zoom scan shall performed on each peak SAR location, only the peak point with maximum SAR value will be reported for the configuration or test mode.

3.3. COMOSAR System Description



The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software.

An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection,

collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

- ☐ The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital Communicate to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ☐ A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

3.3.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

3.3.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

3.3.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

3.3.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Post processor, COMOSAR allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

3.4. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dissymmetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dissymmetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) Under ISO17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

3.5. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EP165	
Manufacture	SATIMO	
Frequency	0.03GHz-3 GHz Linearity:±0.2dB(30 MHz-3 GHz)	5 X 5 5 1 X T
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.2dB	代大され
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only problem compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 of 30%.	pe which enables

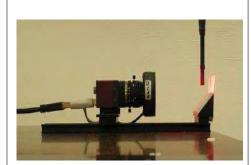
KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for	3.6. Robot	
	The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application: High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm) High reliability (industrial design) Jerk-free straight movements Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)	

3.7. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.

During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

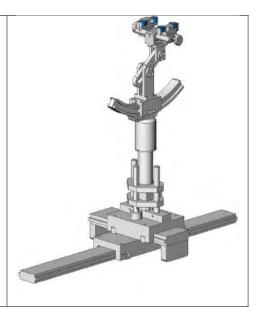


3.8. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



3.9. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- □ Left head
- ☐ Right head
- ☐ Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

4. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 4.2

4.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	835MHz	835MHz	1900MHz	1900MHz	2450MHz	2450MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5	46.7	73.2
Salt	1.42	1.40	0.18	0.50	0.00	0.04
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	53.3	26.7
TWEEN	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

4.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6 .

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for GSM 835						
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric F	Parameters	Tissue Temp [°C]	
835MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	er 41.50 39.425-43.575	δ[s/m] 0.90 0.855-0.945	N/A	
	Dec.12, 2013	40.26	0.84	21		
835MHz	Body	Reference result ±5% window	εr 55.20 52.44-57.96	δ[s/m] 0.97 0.9215-1.0185	N/A	
	•	Dec.12, 2013	53.26	0.95	21	

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for PCS 1900					
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric F	Dielectric Parameters		
1900MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	εr 40.00 38.00-42.00	δ[s/m] 1.40 1.33-1.47	N/A	
		Dec.12, 2013	40.51	1.36	21	
1900MHz	Body	Reference result ±5% window	εr 53.30 50.635-55.965	δ[s/m] 1.52 1.444-1.596	N/A	
		Dec.12, 2013	54.62	1.47	21	

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
Frequency (MHz)	Parts	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp [°C]	
2450MHz	Head	Reference result ±5% window	εг 39.2 37.24-41.16	δ[s/m] 1.80 1.71-1.89	N/A	
	Dec.12, 2013	38.54	1.84	21		
2450MHz	Body	Reference result ±5% window	er 52.7 50.065-55.335	δ[s/m] 1.95 1.8525-2.0475	N/A	
	·	Dec.12, 2013	53.45	1.88	21	

4.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	ŀ	nead	bo	ody
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

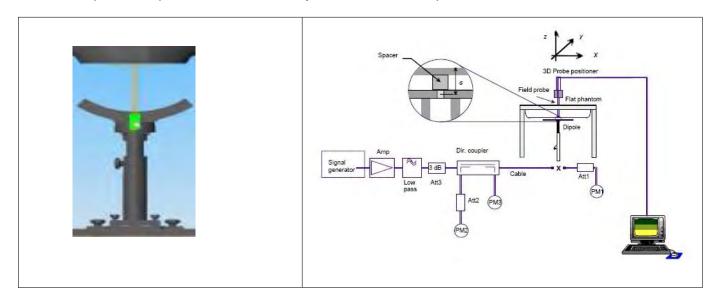
($\epsilon r = relative permittivity$, $\sigma = conductivity$ and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$)

5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

5.1. SAR System Validation Procedures

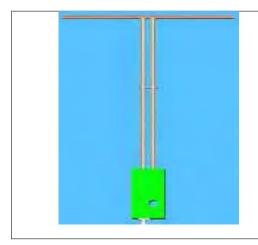
Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2. SAR System Validation

5.2.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
900 MHz	149	83.3	3.6
1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

5.2.2. Validation Result

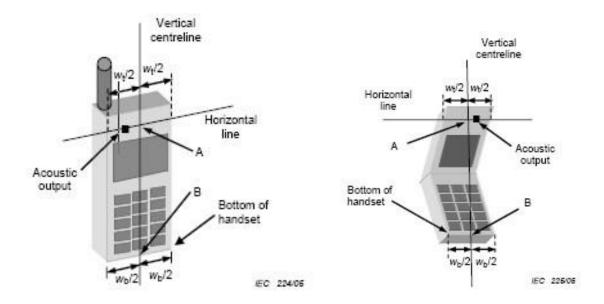
System Performance Check at 835 MHz &1900MHz & 2450MHz for Head					
Validation Ki	:: SN 46/11DIP 0G900-1	185			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	10.9 9.81 to 11.99	6.99 6.29 to 7.69	N/A	
	Dec.12, 2013	10.96	6.83	21.0	
Validation Ki	:: SN 46/11DIP 1G900-1	187			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.7 35.73 to 43.67	20.5 18.45 to 22.55	N/A	
	Dec.12, 2013	38.94	20.75	21.0	
Validation Kit	:: SN 46/11DIP 2G450-1	189			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp.[°C]	
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	52.4 47.16 to 57.64	24.0 21.6 to 26.4	N/A	
	Dec.12, 2013	49.57	22.59	21	
Note: All SAR	values are normalized t	o 1W forward power.			

6. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in Right Cheek, Right Titled, Left Cheek, Left Titled, Front Face and Rear Face.

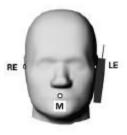
6.1. Define Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (1)The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the handset.
- (2) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (3)The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



6.2. Cheek Position

- (1) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center picec in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the ear and mouth reference point(M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (2) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost

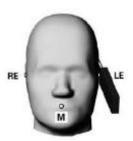




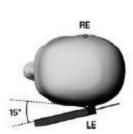


6.3. Title Position

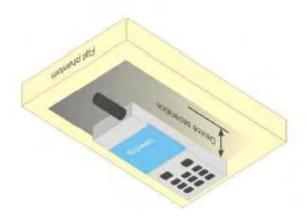
- (1) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (2) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until with the ear is lost.

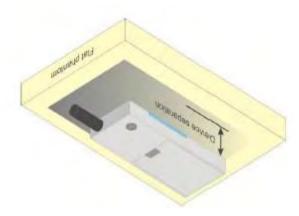






- 6.4. Body Worn Position
 (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
 (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
 (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to 5mm (Hotspot mode the distance of 10mm).





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7. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg

8. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN 04/13 EP165	01/31/2013	01/30/2014
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Comm Tester	R&S - CMU200	069Y7-158-13-712	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	10/22/2013	10/21/2014
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
Dipole	SATIMO SID900	SN46/11 DIP 0G900-185	11/14/2013	11/13/2015
Dipole	SATIMO SID1900	SN46/11 DIP 1G900-187	11/14/2013	11/13/2015
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN46/11 DIP 2G450-189	11/14/2013	11/13/2015
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	12/08/2013	12/07/2014
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4421B	MY43351603	05/13/2013	05/12/2014
Power Probe	NRP-Z23	US38261498	02/28/2013	02/27/2014
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	Agilent/E4440A	MY44303916	10/22/2013	10/21/2014
Power Attenuator	BED	DLA-5W	07/30/2013	07/29/2014
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/28/2013	02/27/2014

Note: Per KDB 50824 Dipole SAR Validation Verification, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

9. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

GSM BAND

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power	<1>			
	824.2	31.27	-9	22.27
GSM 835	836.6	31.42	-9	22.42
	848.8	31.37	-9	22.37
CDDC 025	824.2	31.23	-9	22.23
GPRS 835 (1 Slot)	836.6	31.27	-9	22.27
(1 3101)	848.8	31.21	-9	22.21
ODDO 005	824.2	28.33	-6	22.33
GPRS 835 (2 Slot)	836.6	28.47	-6	22.47
(2 3101)	848.8	28.35	-6	22.35
ODDO 005	824.2	26.52	-4.26	22.26
GPRS 835 (3 Slot)	836.6	26.37	-4.26	22.11
(3 5101)	848.8	26.43	-4.26	22.17
ODDO 005	824.2	25.36	-3	22.36
GPRS 835 (4 Slot)	836.6	25.22	-3	22.22
	848.8	25.55	-3	22.55
	1850.2	28.41	-9	19.41
PCS1900	1880	28.27	-9	19.27
	1909.8	28.21	-9	19.21
ODD 04000	1850.2	28.25	-9	19.25
GPRS1900 (1 Slot)	1880	28.22	-9	19.22
(1 5101)	1909.8	28.13	-9	19.13
ODD 04000	1850.2	25.38	-6	19.38
GPRS1900 (2 Slot)	1880	25.54	-6	19.54
(2 3101)	1909.8	25.47	-6	19.47
ODD 04000	1850.2	24.24	-4.26	19.98
GPRS1900 (3 Slot)	1880	24.19	-4.26	19.93
(3 3101)	1909.8	24.18	-4.26	19.92
ODD 04000	1850.2	22.61	-3	19.61
GPRS1900 (4 Slot)	1880	22.64	-3	19.64
(4 3101)	1909.8	22.45	-3	19.45
Maximum Power	<2>			
GSM 835	836.6	31.37	-9	22.37
PCS1900	1850.2	28.36	-9	19.36

Note 1:

The Frame Power (Source-based time-averaged Power) is scaled the maximum burst average power based on time slots. The calculated methods are show as following:

Frame Power = Max burst power (1 Up Slot) - 9 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (2 Up Slot) - 6 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (3 Up Slot) - 4.26 dB

Frame Power = Max burst power (4 Up Slot) - 3 dB

UMTS BAND V

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Avg.Burst Power
	(WITZ) 826.4	23.24
WCDMA 835	835.0	23.19
RMC	846.6	22.99
	826.4	23.20
WCDMA 835	835.0	23.10
AMR	846.6	22.14
	826.4	22.14
HSDPA	835.0	22.33
Subtest 1	846.6	22.24
HSDPA	826.4	22.3
Subtest 2	835.0	22.34
	846.6	22.30
HSDPA	826.4	22.26
Subtest 3	835.0	22.20
	846.6	22.47
HSDPA	826.4	22.44
Subtest 4	835.0	22.12
	846.6	22.21
HSUPA	826.4	22.14
Subtest 1	835.0	22.03
	846.6	22.06
HSUPA	826.4	22.04
Subtest 2	835.0	21.99
Odbiosi Z	846.6	22.04
HSUPA	826.4	22.16
Subtest 3	835.0	22.11
วนมเฮอเ ว	846.6	22.02
HCHDA	826.4	22.28
HSUPA Subtest 4	835.0	22.07
Sublest 4	846.6	22.09
LICLIDA	826.4	21.37
HSUPA	835.0	21.34
Subtest 5	846.6	21.26

WIFI

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)
		01	2412	14.12
802.11b	1	06	2437	15.52
		11	2462	15.72
		01	2412	10.72
802.11g	6	06	2437	11.92
		11	2462	10.82
		01	2412	10.92
802.11n(20)	6.5	06	2437	12.92
		11	2462	11.22
		03	2422	8.12
802.11n(40)	13.5	06	2437	10.02
		09	2452	8.92

Bluetooth_V3.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
	0	2402	3.07
GFSK	39	2441	3.48
	78	2480	3.59
	0	2402	2.24
π /4-DQPSK	39	2441	2.78
	78	2480	2.84
	0	2402	2.26
8-DPSK	39	2441	2.77
	78	2480	2.81

According to 3GPP 25.101 sub-clause 6.2.2 , the maximum output power is allowed to be reduced by following the table.

Table 6.1aA: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

UE Transmit Channel Configuration	CM(db)	MPR(db)						
For all combinations of ,DPDCH,DPCCH HS-DPDCH,E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH	0≤ CM≤3.5	MAX(CM-1,0)						
Note: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH,								
HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR	R is based on the relat	ive CM difference.						

The device supports MPR to solve linearity issues (ACLR or SEM) due to the higher peak-to average ratios (PAR) of the HSUPA signal. This prevents saturating the full range of the TX DAC inside of device and provides a reduced power output to the RF transceiver chip according to the Cubic Metric (a function of the combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH).

When E-DPDCH channels are present the beta gains on those channels are reduced firsts to try to get the power under the allowed limit. If the beta gains are lowered as far as possible, then a hard limiting is applied at the maximum allowed level.

The SW currently recalculates the cubic metric every time the beta gains on the E-DPDCH are reduced. The cubic metric will likely get lower each time this is done .However, there is no reported reduction of maximum output power in the HSUPA mode since the device also provides a compensation for the power back-off by increasing the gain of TX_AGC in the transceiver (PA) device.

The end effect is that the DUT output power is identical to the case where there is no MPR in the device.

10. TEST RESULTS

10.1. SAR Test Results Summary

10.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 5mm from the phantom; Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without. The overall device length and width(12.4cm×6.3cm) are>9cm×5cm, Hotspot mode with a test separation distance of 10mm.

10.1.2. Operation Mode

- According to KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r01,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
- (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.
- (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is ≥1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/Kg.
- (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is \geq 1.20.
- Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call mode is selected to be test.
- According to KDB 648474 D04 v01r01, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤1.2W/Kg, SAR testing with a headset connected is not required.
- •According to 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm×5cm, Hotspot mode with a test separation distance of 10mm. For device with form factors smaller than 9cm×5cm, Hotspot mode with a test separation distance of 5mm. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.
- According to 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.
- •Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:
- Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) \times [GSM standard Peak Power (mw)/ tested Max. Peak Power (mw)]

10.1.3. SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASUREMENT Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: GSM835 with GMSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit		
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Cheek		128	824.2			
			Fixed	190	836.6	-0.02	0.304	1.6
	Left			251	848.8			
	Head	Tilted	Fixed	128	824.2			
				190	836.6	-0.02	0.287	1.6
<1>				251	848.8			
<1>		Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2			
				190	836.6	-0.10	0.283	1.6
	Right			251	848.8			
	Head			128	824.2			
			Fixed	190	836.6	-0.03	0.266	1.6
				251	848.8			
<2>	Left	Cheek	Fixed	190	836.6	0.47	0.244	1.6

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

SAR MEASUREMENT						
	Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55				
	Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: GSM835 with GMSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna Frequency		ency	Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	Body back	· IV/I	Fixed	128	824.2			
				190	836.6	-0.03	0.683	1.6
<1>				251	848.8			
	Body Front			128	824.2			
			190	836.6	-0.01	0.374	1.6	
		1 10110		251	848.8			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 55

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: PCS1900 with GMSK modulation

	Configuration		Antenna	Frequ	Frequency		SAR (1g)	Limit
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	Drift (<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
				512	1850.2			
		Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	-0.05	0.264	1.6
	Left			810	1909.8			
	Head	Tilted	Fixed	512	1850.2			
				661	1880.0	-0.04	0.078	1.6
<1>				810	1909.8		-	
<1>		Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2		-	
				661	1880.0	-0.02	0.364	1.6
	Right			810	1909.8			
	Head	Head		512	1850.2			
			Fixed	661	1880.0	0. 01	0.087	1.6
				810	1909.8			
<2>	Right	Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	0.78	0.309	1.6

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: PCS 1900 with GMSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
<1>	Body Back	MS	Fixed	512	1850.2			
				661	1880.0	0.02	0.688	1.6
				810	1909.8			
	Body front	11/15	Fixed	512	1850.2			
				661	1880.0	-0.01	0.532	1.6
				810	1909.8			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 55 Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
				4132	826.4			
		Cheek	Fixed	4182	835.0	-0.05	0.455	1.6
	Left			4233	846.6			
<1>	Head	Tilted	Fixed	4132	826.4			
				4182	835.0	-0.06	0.419	1.6
				4233	846.6			
	Right	Cheek	Fixed	4132	826.4			
				4182	835.0	-0.02	0.464	1.6
				4233	846.6			
	Head		Fixed	4132	826.4			
				4182	835.0	0. 01	0.484	1.6
				4233	846.6			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15
D 1 1 0 1 D	

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
<1> Body R (town grown)	RMC		4132	826.4	0.31	1.107	1.6	
	Body	(towards grounds)	Fixed	4182	835.0	-0.05	0.884	1.6
				4233	846.6	-1.27	1.104	1.6
		RMC (towards phantom)	Fixed	4132	826.4	-0.09	0.525	1.6
				4182	835.0			
				4233	846.6			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. refer to KDB 941225.

Repeated SAR	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15
Product: Smart Phone	

Test Mode: GSM835 with GMSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequ	Frequency		SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
<1>	Body back	1///	Fixed	128	824.2			
				190	836.6	-1.04	0.564	1.6
				251	848.8			

Repeated SAR					
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55				
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				
Product: Smart Phone					

Test Mode: PCS 1900 with GMSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	_	· I\/I	Fixed	512	1850.2			
	Body Back			661	1880.0	0.28	0.553	1.6
	Baok			810	1909.8			

Repeated SAR	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15
Product: Smart Phone	

Test Mode: WCDMA Band V with QPSK modulation

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
SIM	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
<1> E		RMC (towards grounds)	Fixed	4132	826.4	0.01	1.086	1.6
	Body			4182	835.0	1.56	0.824	1.6
				4233	846.6	-1.84	1.003	1.6

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: 802.11b

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
Test Mode	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
				1	2412			
		Cheek	Fixed	6	2437	-0.87	0.257	1.6
	Left Head			11	2462			
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412			
				6	2437	-0.52	0.192	1.6
802.11b				11	2462			
802.110			Fixed	1	2412			
		Cheek		6	2437	-1.12	0.267	1.6
	Right			11	2462			
	Head			1	2412			
			Fixed	6	2437	0.47	0.232	1.6
				11	2462			

Note1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

Note2: IEEE802.11b support DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK modulation mode, IEEE802.11g/n support OFDM,

16-QAM, 64-QAM modulation mode.

SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 55
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: 802.11b

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
Test Mode	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Fixed	1	2412			
Body Back		MS		6	2437	0.92	0.268	1.6
	Buon			11	2462			
802.11b			MS Fixed	1	2412			
	_	Body front MS		6	2437	-0.41	0.156	1.6
				11	2462			

Note1: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

Note2: IEEE802.11b support DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK modulation mode, IEEE802.11g/n support OFDM, 16-QAM, 64-QAM modulation mode.

SAR	MEA:	SUR	EM	ENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 55 Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: Hotspot

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
Test Mode	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
				1	2412			
		Cheek	Fixed	6	2437	-0.58	0.119	1.6
	Left Head			11	2462			
		Tilted	Fixed	1	2412			
				6	2437	0.35	0.142	1.6
Listanat				11	2462			
Hotspot		Cheek	Fixed	1	2412			
				6	2437	-0.62	0.097	1.6
	Right			11	2462			
	Head			1	2412			
		Tilted	Fixed	6	2437	1.42	0.103	1.6
				11	2462			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 55

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Smart Phone

Test Mode: Hotspot

Configuration		Antenna	Frequency		Power Drift	SAR (1g)	Limit	
Test Mode	Position	Status	Position	channel	MHz	(<±5%)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			Fixed	1	2412			
Body Back	_	, , , , ,		6	2437	0.63	0.175	1.6
	Buon			11	2462			
Hotspot		Body front MS	Fixed	1	2412			
				6	2437	-1.02	0.109	1.6
	oria			11	2462			

Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation: Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Position	Simultaneous state			
	1.WWAN(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz band			
Head	2.WWAN(voice)+Bluetooth			
	3.WWAN(voice)+ HOTSPOT 2.4GHz band			
	4. WWAN(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz band			
Body	5. WWAN(voice)+Bluetooth			
	6.WWAN(voice)+ HOTSPOT 2.4GHz band			

NOTE:

- 1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. Simultaneous with every transmitter must be the same test position.
- 3. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
- 4. Based upon KDB 447498 D01 v05, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm for head SAR AND 5mm for body-worn SAR.
- 5. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
- 6. For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm, Bluetooth standalone SAR is excluded according to [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/ (min. test separation distance, mm) $\cdot \lceil \sqrt{f} (GHz) / x \rceil \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
- 7. KDB 447498 / 4.3.2 (2) when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
 - a) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[\sqrt{f} (GHz) /x] W/kg for test separation distances 50 mm; Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) 0.4W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/Kg for 10-g SAR, when the separation distance is >50mm.

		Maximum Average Power		Antenna to user	SAR exclusion	SAR testing required	Head	Body
		dBm	mW	(mm)	threshold (mW)	(Yes/No)	(0mm gap)	(5mm gap)
ВТ	Head	2.50	2 206	5	10	NO	0.0960	0.0960
	3.59 2.286 Body		5	10	NO	W/kg	W/kg	

Maximum test results (WWAN) with BT and WIFI/ HOTSPOT SAR:

BT: Head (0 cm gap): 0.0960 W/kg and Body (0.5 cm gap): 0.0960 W/kg **WIFI:** Head (0 cm gap): 0.267 W/kg and Body (0.5cm gap): 0.0126 W/kg **HOTSPOT:** Head (0 cm gap): 0.142 W/kg and Body (1.0 cm gap): 0.175 W/kg

WIFI

Head					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
GSM835 +WIFI (voice)	Left Cheek	0.304	0.257	0.561	1.6
PCS1900 +WIFI (voice)	Right Cheek	0.364	0.267	0.631	1.6
WCDMA Band V +WIFI (voice)	Right Tilt	0.484	0.232	0.716	1.6
Body					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
GSM835 +WIFI (voice)	Body Back (MS)	0.683	0.268	0.951	1.6
PCS1900 +WIFI (voice)	Body Back (MS)	0.688	0.268	0.956	1.6
WCDMA Band V +WIFI(voice)	RMC (towards grounds)	1.107	0.268	1.375	1.6

HOTSPOT

Head					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
GSM835 + Hotspot(voice)	Left Cheek	0.304	0.119	0.423	1.6
PCS1900 + Hotspot(voice)	Right Cheek	0.364	0.097	0.461	1.6
WCDMA Band V + Hotspot(voice)	Right Tilt	0.484	0.103	0.587	1.6
Body					
Conditions (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	Limit (W/kg)
GSM835 + Hotspot(voice)	Body Back (MS)	0.683	0.175	0.858	1.6
PCS1900 + Hotspot I(voice)	Body Back (MS)	0.688	0.175	0.863	1.6
WCDMA Band V + Hotspot(voice)	RMC (towards grounds)	1.107	0.175	1.282	1.6

APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

System Check Head 835 MHz

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz Type: SID 900

Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.30 Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

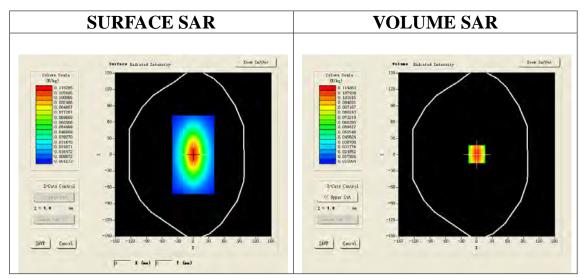
Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

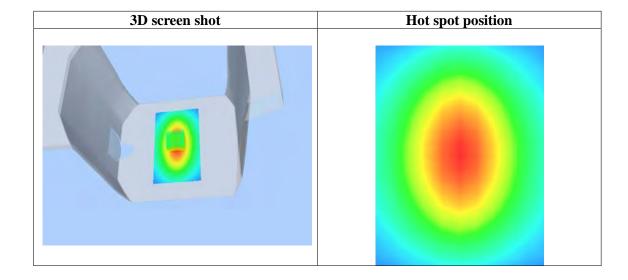
Configuration/System Check GSM 835 Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Configuration/System Check GSM 835 Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

	/
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068256
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.109574

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1162	0.0737	0.0474	0.0329
	SAR, Z	Axis Scar	n (X = 0,	Y = 1)	
C). 11 –				
0). 10 -	\longrightarrow			
(%/kg)). 08 –				-
(€	000	\			
SAR). 06 -				
0	0. 04 –				
0	0.02- 0.0 2.5 5	1 1 1	12 5 15 0 17	5 20.0 22.5 25	
	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0



Date: Dec.12, 2013

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=4.72 Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Input Power=10dBm Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

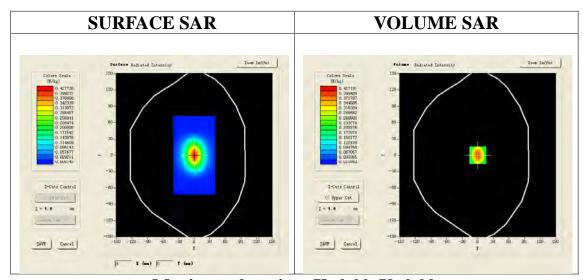
Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

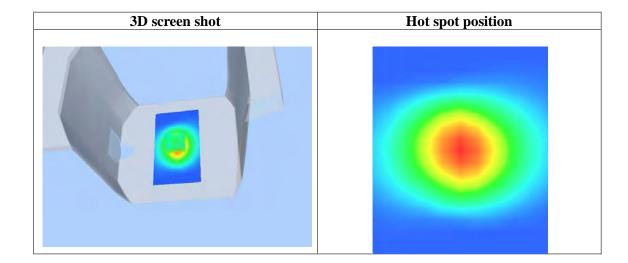
Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.207458
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.389425

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4276	0.2343	0.1262	0.0742
		Axis Sca	n (X = 0,	Y = 0)	
0	. 43 –				
0	. 35 –				
್ಹ 0	. 30 -	+			-
(#/kg)	. 25 -				-
SAR	. 20 -	 	. 	$\overline{}$	-
ν, 0	. 15 –	+	\rightarrow	-	
0	. 10 –				
	. 04 –				
		5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



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Date: Dec.12, 2013

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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=10dBm Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

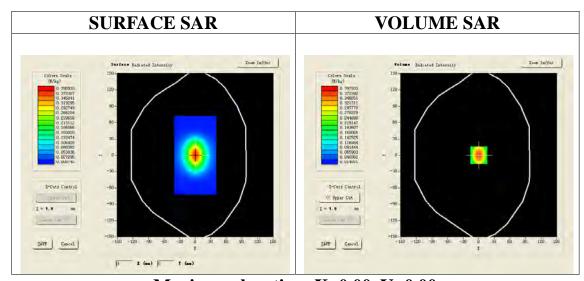
Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

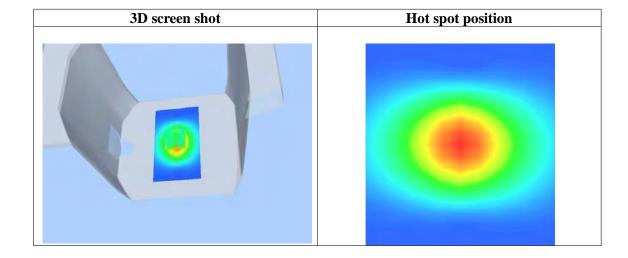
Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Configuration/System Check 2450 MHz Head/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.225876	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.495726	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.39814	0.2254	0.1279	0.0764
	SAR, Z	Axis Sca	n (X = 0,	¥ = 0)	
0	0.40-				
0	. 35 -	\mathbf{X}			-
0	. 30 -				
SAR (W/kg)). 25 -	$+\lambda+$			
ى 0 ي	. 20 -	++			-
, š	. 15 –		\downarrow		_
	. 10 -				
	0. 05 -				
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0				
	Z (mm)				



APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 1>

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.30 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

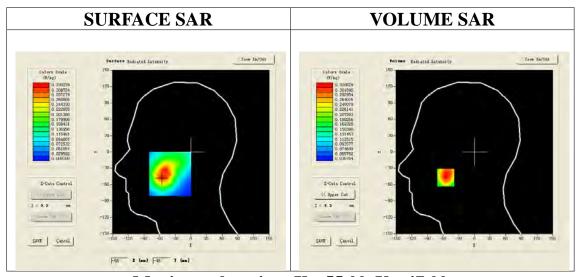
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

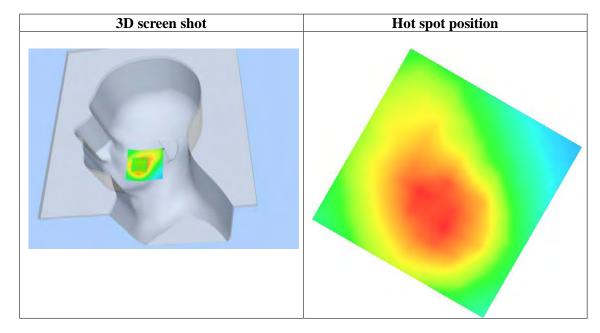
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM 835
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-47.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217158
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.303986

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3240	0.2428	0.1782	0.1294
	SAR, Z A	axis Scan	(X = -55,	Y = -47)	
), 32 –), 30 –				
(J.kg)). 25 -				
SAR). 15 –				
0	0.00 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
			2 ynm)		



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Left <SIM 1>

Date: Dec.12, 2013

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.30; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ =0.84 mho/m; ϵ r =40.26; ρ = 1000 kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

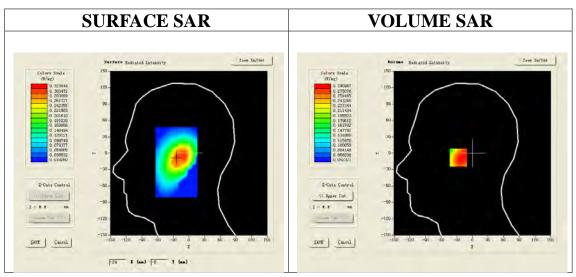
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

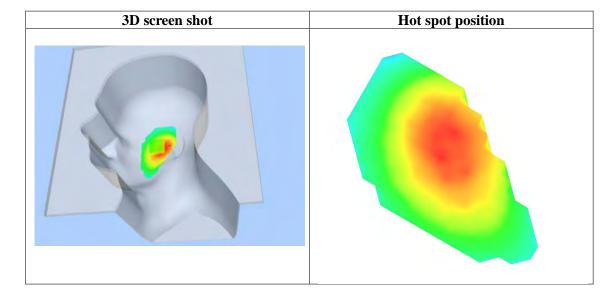
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Left head	
Device Position	Tilt	
Band	GSM 835	
Channels Middle		
Signal TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.206427
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.287238

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2839	0.2149	0.1627	0.1269
0	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -24,	¥ = -8)	
	1. 250 –				
	1. 225 -				
SAR 0). 175 –				
0). 150 –). 125 –				
0	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
			Z (mm)		



GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.30; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

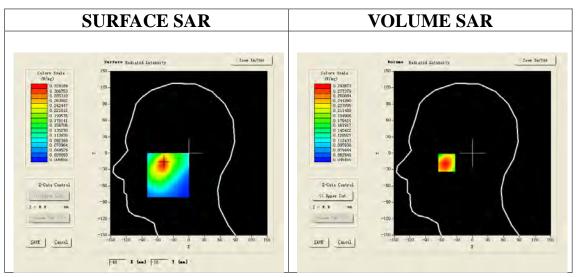
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

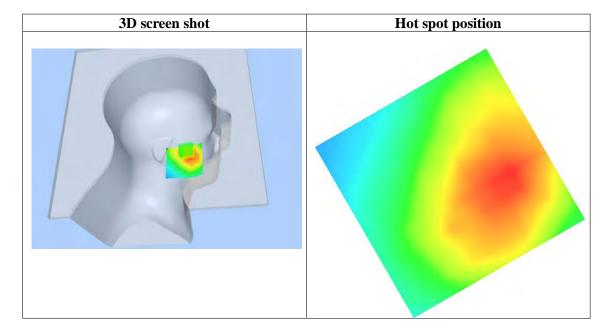
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band GSM 835	
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198195
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.282871

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2995	0.2129	0.1582	0.1250	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan $(X = -49, Y = -17)$					
	1. 294 -				1	
0	0. 275 -	$\overline{}$			1	
0	. 250 -	+ $+$ $+$	+	\rightarrow	-	
ಎಂ	. 225 -	+		\rightarrow		
(#/k _i	1. 225 -	++			.	
5 0). 175		\rightarrow		-	
. O	. 150 –					
0	. 125 -	+ + +			-	
0	. 095 -	+ + +				
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Right <SIM 1>

Date: Dec.12, 2013

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.30; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

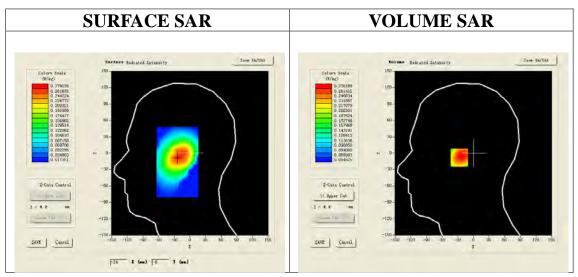
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

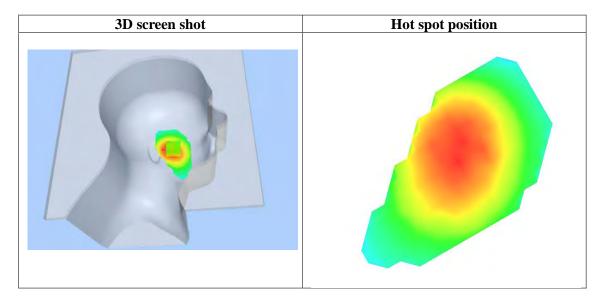
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Tilt		
Band	GSM 835		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.187185
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.266369

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2739	0.1925	0.1469	0.1125
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -24,	A = -8)	
0	. 276 -				
0	. 250 -	\longrightarrow			
0	. 225 -	+			
/kg)). 200 –). 175 –	+ N			
. 50	. 175 –	+	+		
SAR o	. 150 -	+	\rightarrow		
o	. 125 –				
o	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	- :.o
			Z (mm)		



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 2>

Date: Dec.12, 2013

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.30 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

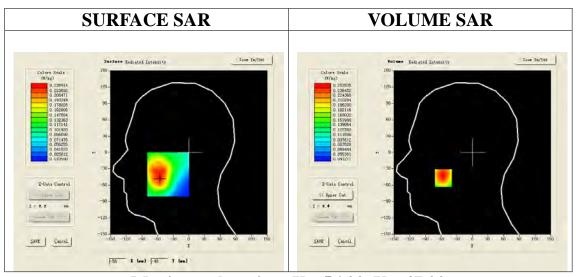
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

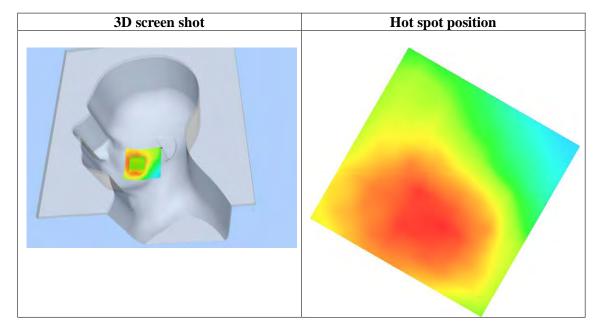
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	GSM 835		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-47.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.179105
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.244409

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2550	0.1919	0.1493	0.1025
	SAR, Z A	axis Scan	(X = -56,	∀ = − 4 7)	
0). 252 –				-
0	1. 225 -	$\overline{}$			-
_ 0	. 200 –	+	\rightarrow		-
(#/kg)	. 175 -	++	$\overline{}$		-
	1. 150 -	+	\longrightarrow		-
, s	. 125 -	+++	+N	+	-
0	. 100 –	+		\rightarrow	-
0	. 075 -				
	0.0 2.5	5.'0 7.'5 10.'0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



GSM 835 Mid- Body- Back <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.46; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

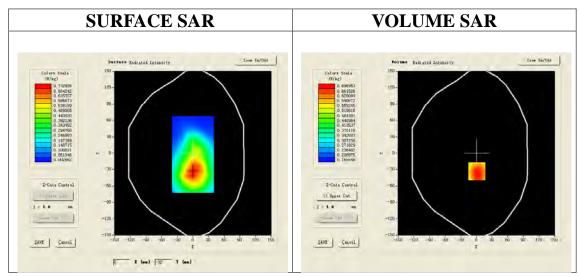
SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom
- · Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

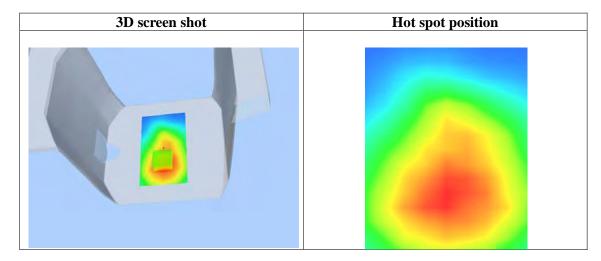
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body Back		
Band	GSM 835		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-33.00

	·
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.506017
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.682950

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6950	0.5739	0.4565	0.3384	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan ($X = 1$, $Y = -33$)					
	1.7-					
	1.5-					
	1.4-					
0	1.3-					
0	0.0 2.5 5			5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
Z (mm)						



GSM 835 Mid- Body- Front (MS) <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.46; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

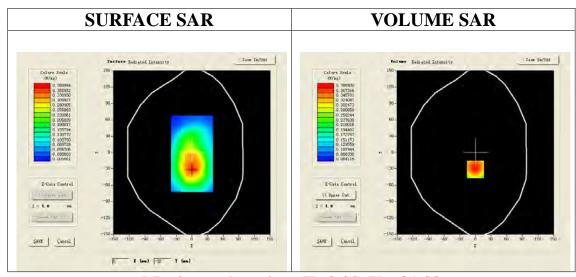
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body- Front Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

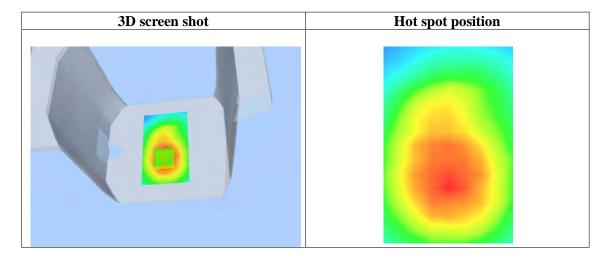
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body Front		
Band	GSM 835		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-31.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.268250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.373718

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3826	0.2837	0.2182	0.1550
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = 0, Y)	<i>y</i> = −31)	
0). 39 –				
0). 35 –	\longrightarrow	\perp		_
(#/kg)). 30 –				
≥ 0	1. 25 –		\longrightarrow		-
SAR 0). 20 -				-
0	. 15 –				_
	. 11 -		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5. 0



PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Left <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.72; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

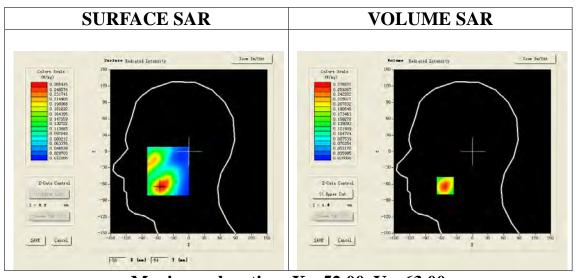
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

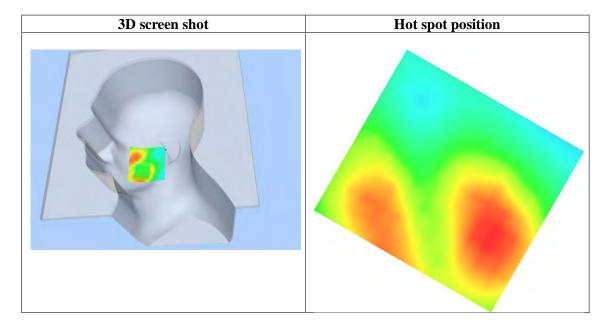
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	PCS 1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			



Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-63.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.154693
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.263528

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2717	0.1627	0.1036	0.0771
		axis Scan	(X = -52,	Y = -63)	
	1. 28 -				
0	1. 25 -	\backslash			1
	1. 20 -	+			
SAR (#/kg)). 15 -				
			\setminus		
0	0. 10 -				
0	0.05-				
	Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
PCS 1900 Mid-Tilt-Left <SIM 1>
Date: Dec.12, 2013

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.72; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.0, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

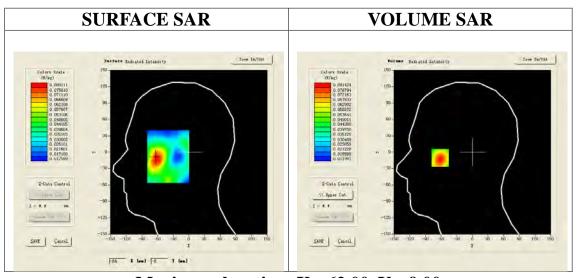
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

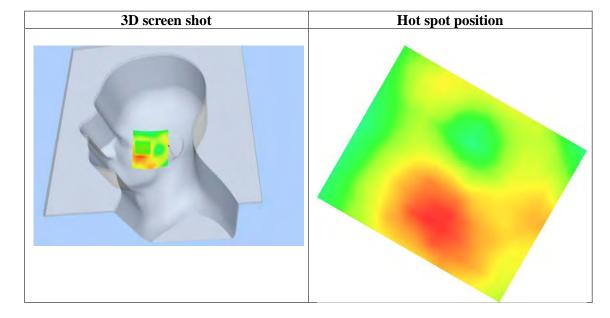
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Tilt			
Band	PCS 1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			



Maximum location: X=-62.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.053950
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.077631

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0847	0.0549	0.0428	0.0293
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -62,	¥ = -9)	
). 07 –				
(W/kg)). 06 -				
SAR					
	1.03 - 1.02 - 0.0 2.5 5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	sl. o
		:	Z (mm)		



PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.72; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

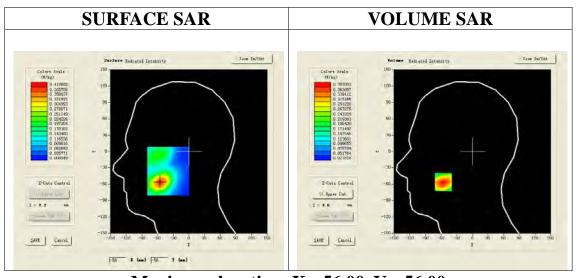
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

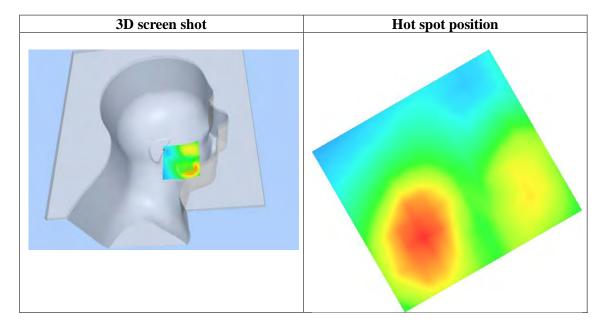
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	PCS 1900			
Channels	Middle			
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)			



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-56.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.234936
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.363582

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3815	0.2739	0.1971	0.1331
(#/kg)		,	(X = -56,		0.1331
o	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab
PCS 1900 Mid-Tilt-Right <SIM 1>
Date: Dec.12, 2013

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.72; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

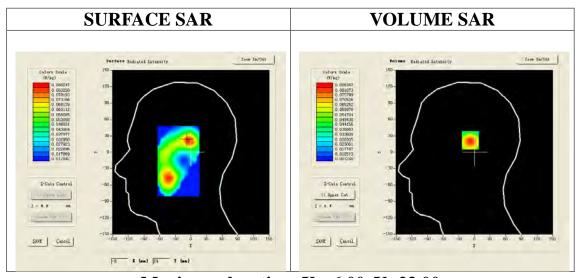
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

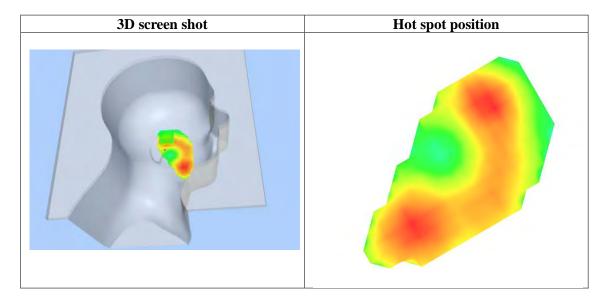
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Tilt	
Band	PCS 1900	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.059365
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.087028

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0850	0.0693	0.0447	0.0323
		Axis Scan	(X = -6,	Y = 23)	
	0.09				
-	1. 08 -				
0). 07 –	+	+		-
(%)	1. 06 -				
(€					
SAR	0. 05 -		\rightarrow		-
	. 04 –		\rightarrow		
	0.03-				
0	1.02-	75 100	10 5 15 0 17	5 20.0 22.5 25	
	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 1r. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5. 0



PCS 1900 Mid-Touch-Right <SIM 2> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.72; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

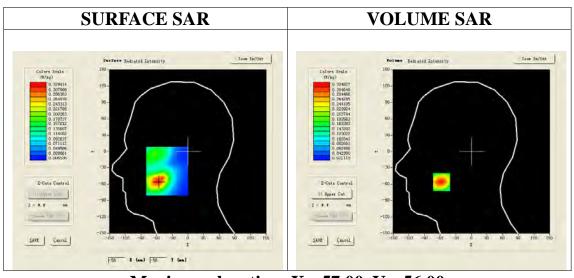
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

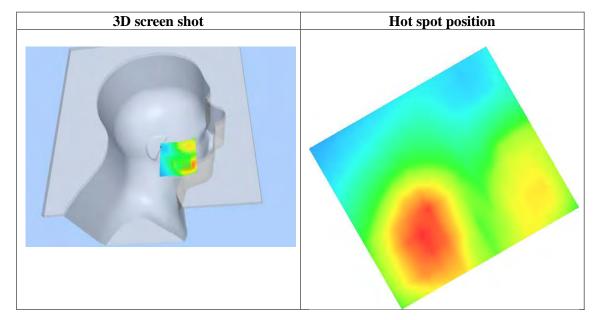
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-56.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.186718	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.309364	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3252	0.2067	0.1373	0.0956	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -57, Y = -56)					
0	. 32 –				-	
0	. 30 –	$\overline{}$	++++		-	
	. 25 -					
ୂଜ	. 23 -					
(#/kg)	. 20 -	+			_	
	. 15 –					
N 0	. 15 –				-	
	. 10 -					
٥	0.07- 0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
	Z (mm)					



PCS 1900 Mid-Body- Back <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.84; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 54.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

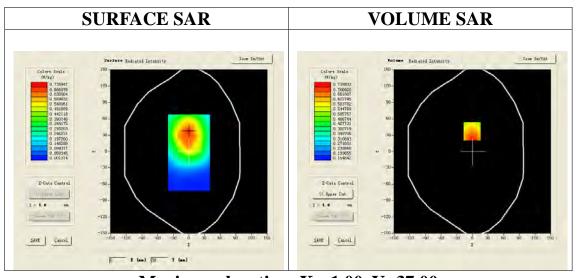
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

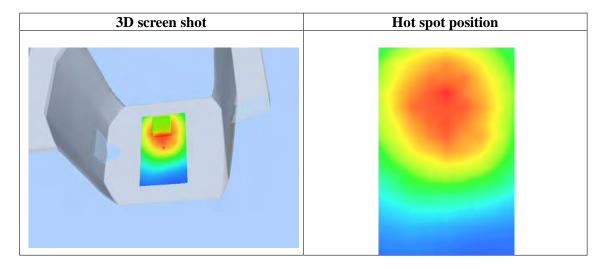
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band PCS 1900	
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=37.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.502892	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.688327	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6501	0.5465	0.4311	0.3144	
0	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -1, Y = 37)					
	.6-					
SAR (W/kg)						
0	. 3 –					
0	0.0 2.5 5		10 5 15 0 17 5	F 20 0 22 F 25		
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 Z (mm)					



PCS 1900 Mid-Body -Front (MS) <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.84; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 54.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

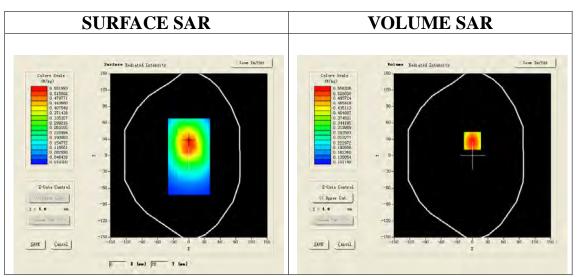
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

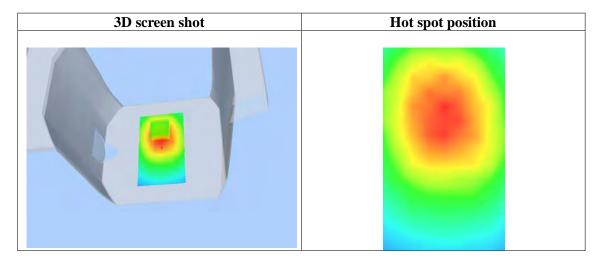
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band PCS 1900	
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=27.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.367291	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.532464	

SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000			14.00	19.00
	0.0000	0.5563	0.4049	0.2953	0.2162
0. 0.	SAR, Z	Axis Scan			=
0.			12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left (RMC) DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND $\,\mathrm{V}\,$ UTRA/FDD ; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.30

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

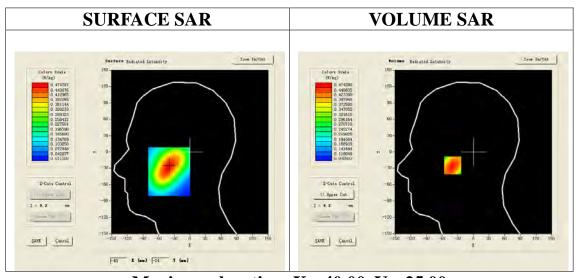
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

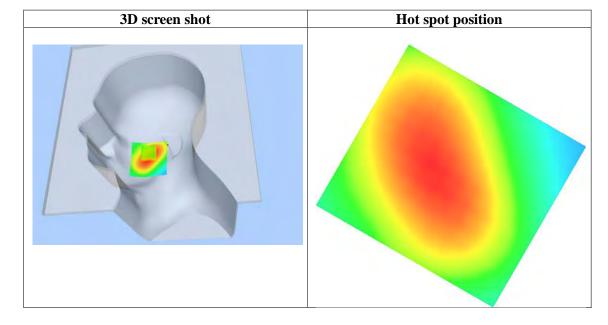
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WCDMA Band V
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-40.00, Y=-25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.337139
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.455081

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4739	0.3639	0.2829	0.2183
0			(X = -40,		0.2100
0	0.25		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	- - 5. o



WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left (RMC)
DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.30

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

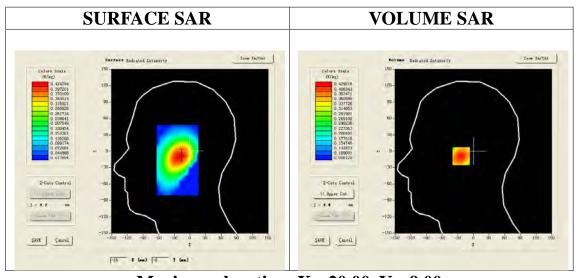
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

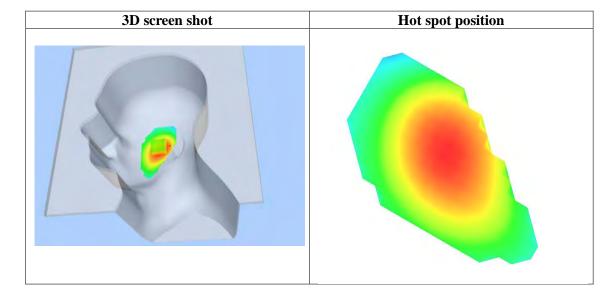
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA Band V
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.291852
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.419153

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4240	0.3219	0.2471	0.1848
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -20,	∀ = −9)	
	0.43-				-
0	1. 40 -				-
0). 35 -	$+ \lambda +$	\perp		
(#/kg)					
} `	1. 30 -				
SAR o	. 25 -				-
	1. 20 -				
0	. 14 -		10 5 15 0 15	5 00 0 00 5 55	
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right (RMC) DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.30

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

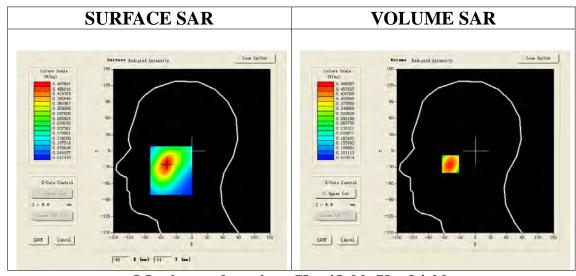
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Touch-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

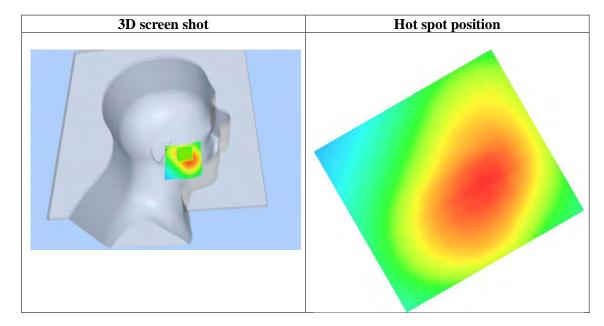
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-24.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.329376	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.464097	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4872	0.3650	0.2681	0.1993	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -48, Y = -24)					
	1. 49 –	V				
0	1. 45 -	$\overline{}$			-	
0	. 40 –	+			-	
/kg)	1. 35 -	++			-	
≥ 0	. 30 –		\downarrow		_	
SAR 0	1. 25 -					
	1. 20 -		++	$\overline{}$	-	
0	0.0 2.5 5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12 5 15 0 17	5 20.0 22.5 25	50	
	Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right (RMC)
DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.30

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

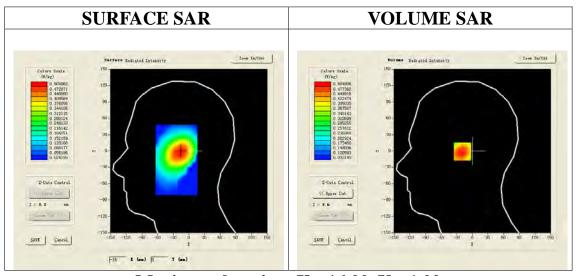
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

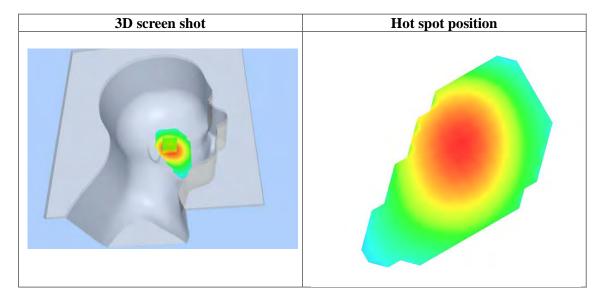
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	WCDMA Band V
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.341868
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.483805

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5073	0.3760	0.2793	0.2098
_		Axis Scan	(X = -16,	Y = -1)	ı
). 50 -				1
0). 45 -				
~ °	0. 40 -				-
(#/kg)). 35 -	++			-
). 30 –		\longrightarrow		-
). 25 -		+		
0). 20 -		+	\rightarrow	
0). 16 -				
	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17.9 Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5. 0



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

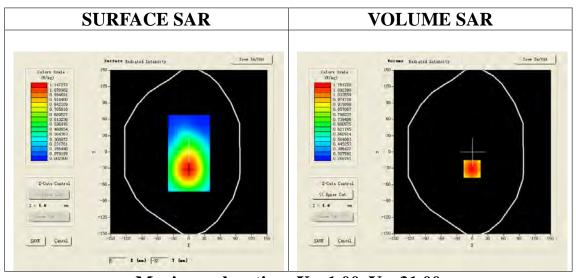
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

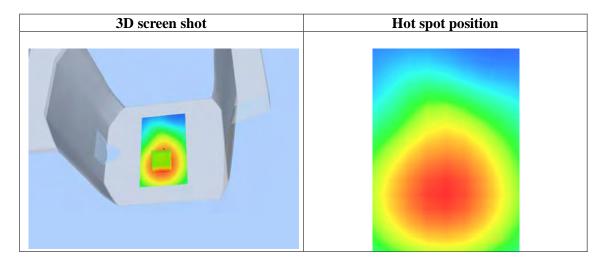
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	WCDMA Band V
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-31.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.794371	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.106940	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.1512	0.8588	0.6429	0.4833	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan ($X = -1$, $Y = -31$)					
1	.2-					
1	.0-	\searrow				
_ 0	. 9 -					
(#/kg)	. 8 -					
<u>ම</u>	. 7 –					
	. 6 -					
	.5-					
0	1.5-					
0	. 4 –		+		,	
	0.0 2.5 5			5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
	Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

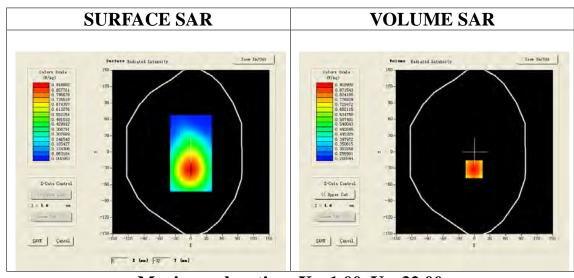
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

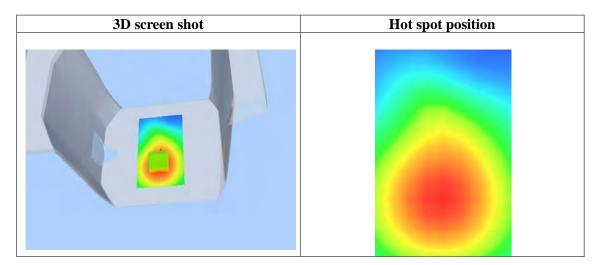
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.637175
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.883964

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.9189	0.6811	0.5070	0.3793	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan ($X = -1$, $Y = -32$)					
0	1.9-				-	
О	. 8 -	\mathbb{N}				
(#/kg)	. 7 –				-	
≥ 0	. 6 –		+		-	
SAR	. 5 -					
	. 4 -					
0	0.0 2.5 5	.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
	Z (mm)					



WCDMA Band V High-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND $\,\mathrm{V}\,$ UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

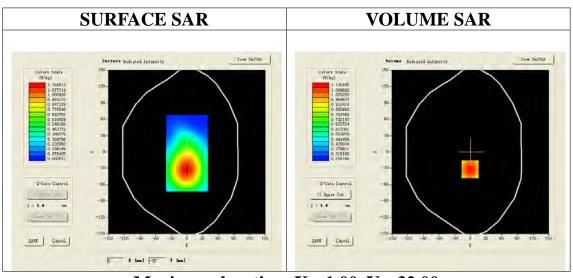
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V High-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V High-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

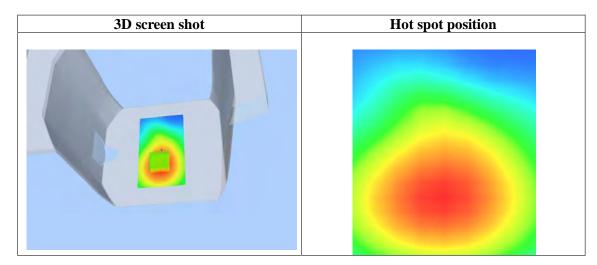
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position Body Back	
Band WCDMA Band V	
Channels High	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.785893
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.103741

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.1481	0.8492	0.6299	0.4689	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan ($X = -1$, $Y = -32$)					
1	. 1 -					
1	.0-	\longrightarrow				
20	. 9 -				-	
35	. 8 -	+			-	
o	. 7 –		$\overline{}$		-	
భ 0	. 6 -		+		-	
0	.5-		++	$\forall +$	-	
0	.3-					
		.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
	Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Low- Body - Towards Phantom (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

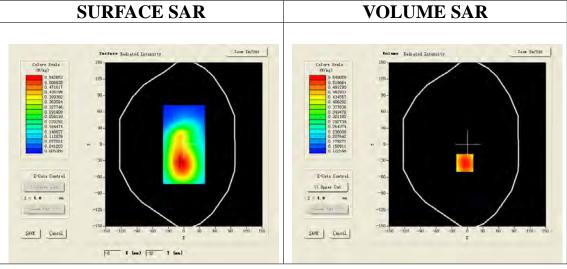
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Front /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Front /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

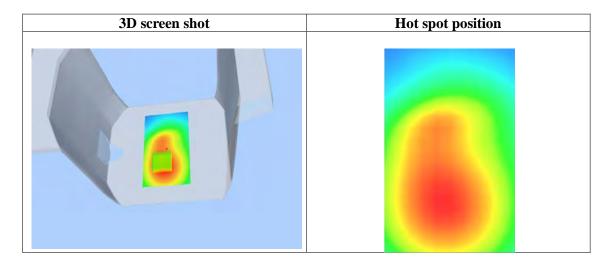
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Front	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	Low	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-34.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.379362
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.525105

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5480	0.4124	0.3098	0.2319
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -5,	Y = −34)	
0). 55 –				
0	. 50 -	\longrightarrow	\perp		_
	1. 45 -				
). 40 –). 35 –	+			
≥ 0	1. 35 -		\longrightarrow		_
SAR 0	1. 30 -		\rightarrow		
0	1. 25 -		+	\leftarrow	-
0	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	- s.o
	Z (mm)				



Repeated SAR

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

GSM 835 Mid- Body- Back <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 835; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.46; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

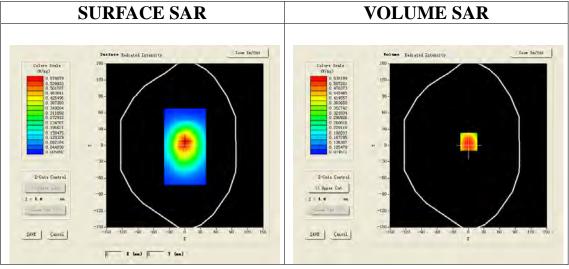
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/GSM 835 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

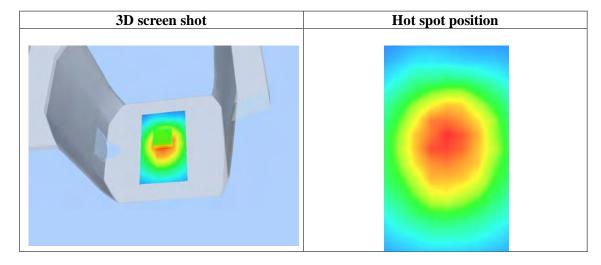
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	GSM 835	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.375801
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.563792

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5339	0.3750	0.2596	0.1867
	SAR, Z	Axis Scar	n (X = 1,	¥ = 7)	
). 54 –). 50 –				
	1. 45 -				
		$+ \lambda +$			_
5,0	1. 40 -	++			-
# °	1.30-	 	$\overline{}$		-
, o	. 25 -		+		-
0	. 20 -		+++		-
o	0.0 2.5 5	7.5.10.0	10.5.15.0.17	E 00 0 00 E 05	,
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

PCS 1900 Mid-Body- Back <SIM 1> DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=4.84; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 54.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

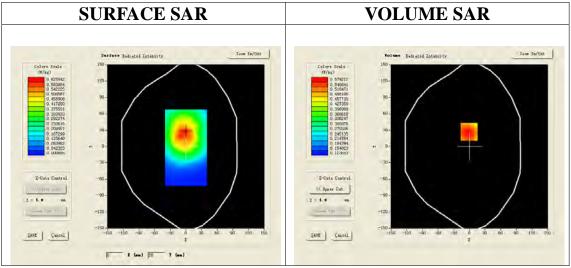
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

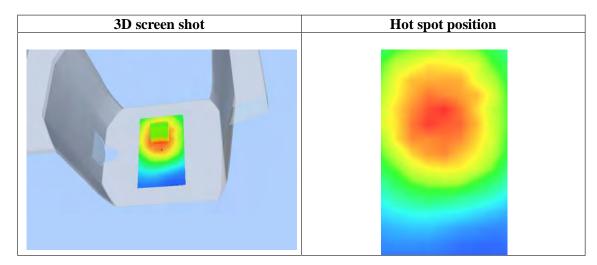
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	PCS 1900	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=27.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.393405	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.552593	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5792	0.4147	0.3039	0.2300
		Axis Scan	(X = −1,	Y = 27)	
0	1.58-				
0	. 50 -				
(#/kg)	. 45 –	+ + +			-
\ <u>\</u> 20	. 40 –	+	 		-
<u> </u>	. 35 –	 	\longrightarrow		-
్ చ	i. 35		\rightarrow		_
0	. 25 -		+		-
o	0.0 2.5 5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12 5 15 0 17	5 20.0 22.5 25	5 0
	Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

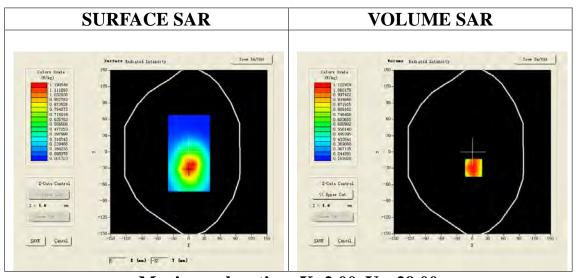
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Low-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

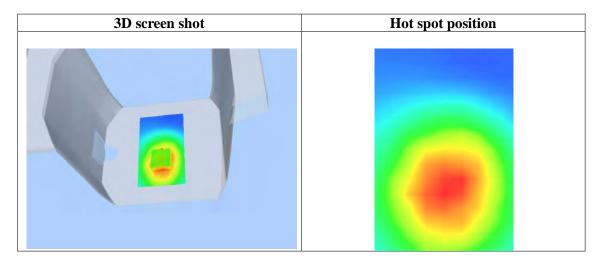
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	Low	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-29.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.782509	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.086418	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.1280	0.9437	0.7294	0.5053
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = 2, Y	7 = −29)	
1.	1-				.
1.	.0-	\longrightarrow			
0.	9-				
(%),kg) 0.	7-				
SAR 0.					
	5-				
	4-				
	3-				
0.	0.0 2.5 5	.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

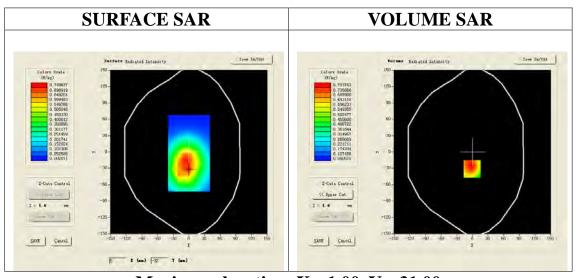
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

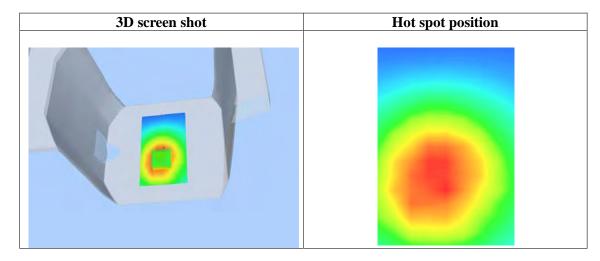
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-31.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.525027	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.823671	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7628	0.4743	0.3025	0.2207
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -1,	Y = -31)	
0	1.8-				
0	1.7-				-
0	1.6-				
(A)	1.5-				
SAR o	1. 4 -				
0	1.3-				-
0	0.0 2.5 5	0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

WCDMA Band V High-Body-Towards Grounds (RMC)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: UMTS; Communication System Band: BAND V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:1: 1; Conv.F=5.46

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

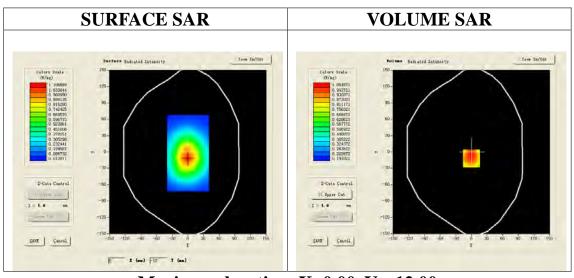
• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/ WCDMA Band V High-Body-Back/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/ WCDMA Band V High-Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

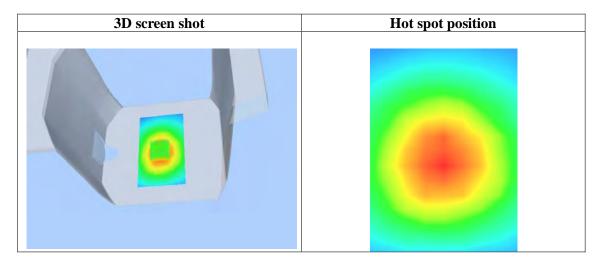
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	WCDMA Band V	
Channels	High	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)	



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-12.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.714715
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.003405

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0320	0.6593	0.4392	0.3131
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = 0, Y)	7 = -12)	
1.	.0-				
0.	.9-	\longrightarrow			_
_ 0.	.8-	\square			_
.o.(%/kg)	. 7 –	$+\lambda+$			-
≥ 0.	. 6 -	++			-
#8 o.	.5-	 	+		-
0.	. 4-				-
	.3-				-
0.	.2- 0.0 2.5 5	.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
Z (mm)					



WIFI MODE

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid-Touch-Left

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

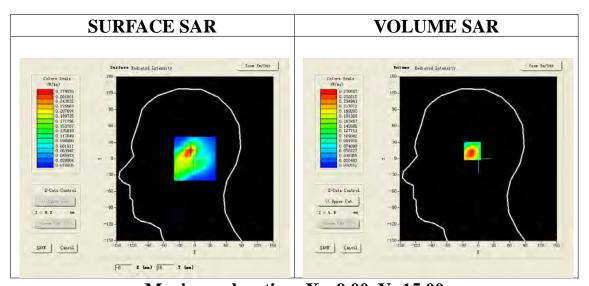
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid- Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

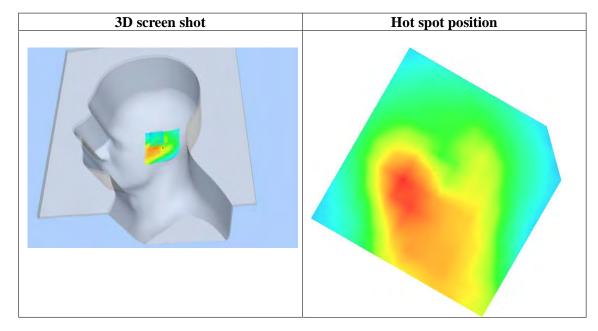
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=15.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.132644
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.257356

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2707	0.1419	0.0738	0.0398
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -9,	Y = 15)	
C). 27 -				
					1
_					
ا ۾). 20 -				
). 15 –				
<u>ا</u>). 13-				
SAR	10_				
_	,. 10 -				
). 05 –				
	0.02-				
	0.0 2.5 5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid -Tilt-Left

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

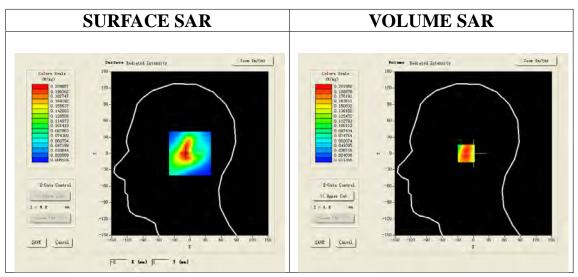
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/802.11b Mid-Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid-Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

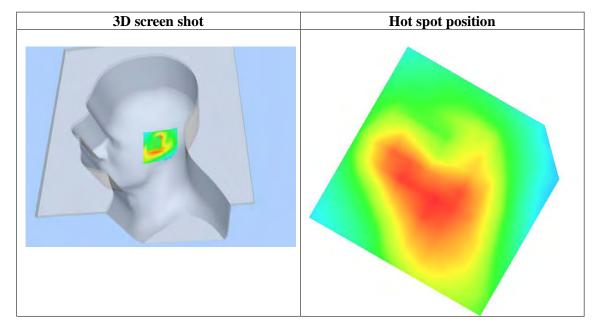
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band 2450MHz	
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.115462
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.191925

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2016	0.1317	0.0854	0.0552	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -10, Y = 0)					
0	. 20 -				-	
0	. 18 –	\longrightarrow	+		-	
0	. 16 –	$+$ \	+		-	
90	. 14 –	$+\lambda$	+		-	
₹,0	. 14 -	++				
≝ 0	. 10 -		\longrightarrow		-	
. ο o	. 08 –	+	\rightarrow			
0	. 06 –		\rightarrow	\Box		
	0.0 2.5 5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12.5 15.0 17.5	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0	
	Z (mm)					



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid-Touch-Right

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

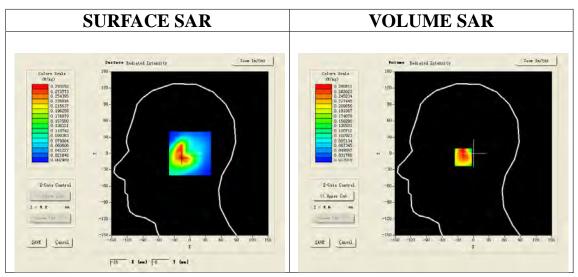
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/802.11b Mid-Touch-Right /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid-Touch-Right /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

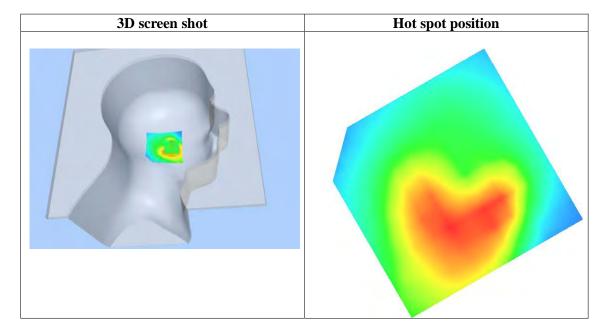
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.164520
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.266895

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2676	0.1656	0.1054	0.0708
		Axis Scan	(X = -16,	Y = -7)	ı
). 27 -				
		\setminus			
- C). 20 -	+			-
#/kg). 15 -				
~ C). 15 -	 	+		-
			\mathbf{A}		
0). 10 -				1
_					
C	0.05	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid-Tilt-Right

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

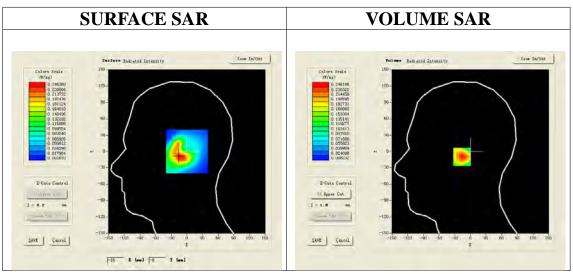
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid- Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

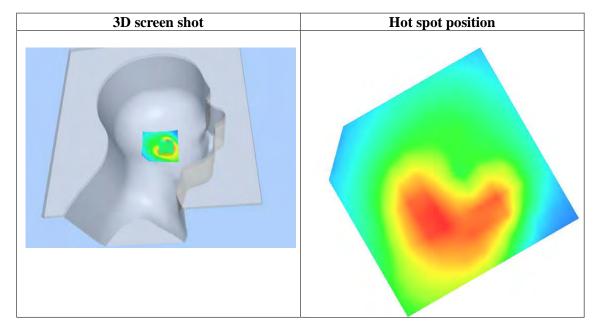
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=-12.00, Y=-10.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.127531
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.231658

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2462	0.1279	0.0698	0.0439	
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -12, Y = -10)					
). 25 -					
). 20 -					
). 15 –				-	
380). 10 –					
). 05 -). 03 -			++-		
	0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 Z (mm)					



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid-Body-Worn- Back (MS)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.32; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 53.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

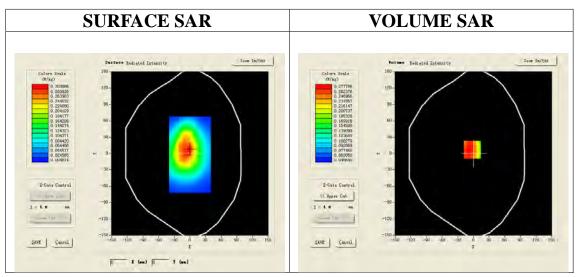
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

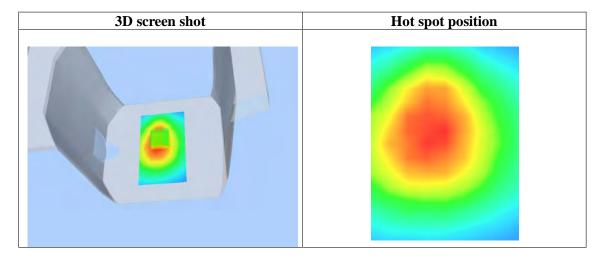
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Back	
Band	2450MHz	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.193356
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.267586

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2726	0.2097	0.1567	0.1127
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	$\mathbf{x} = -2,$	Y = 7)	
0). 273 –				-
0). 250 –	\longrightarrow			-
0). 225 -	$+\lambda +$	+		-
© 60). 200 –	++			
\$ 0). 200 –). 175 –				
). 150 –				
). 125 –				
0). 100 –				
	0.076 -				
	0.0 2.5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	Z (mm)				



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

802.11b Mid-Body -Front (MS)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.32; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 53.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

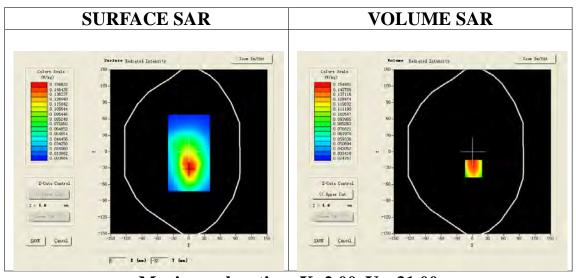
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/802.11b Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/802.11b Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

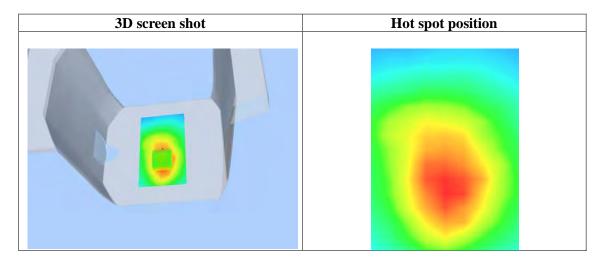
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body Front	
Band	2450MHz	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-31.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107356
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.155698

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1478	0.1020	0.0730	0.0550
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = 2, Y	y = −31)	
). 15-				
		\setminus			
	1. 12 -	+ $+$ $+$	 		-
(W/kg)	. 10 -	$\perp \setminus$			
	1. 08 -		$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$		
0	1. 06 -				
0	1. 04 -				
	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17. Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0



HOTSPOT MODE

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid-Touch-Left

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

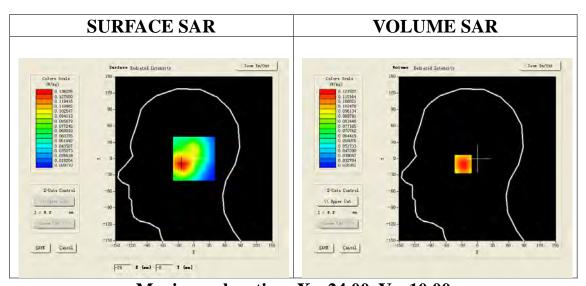
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

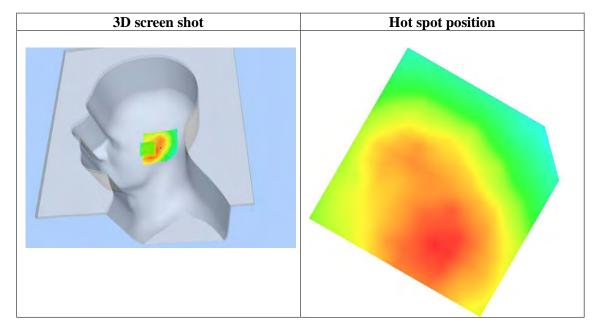
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Left head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	2450MHz	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-10.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.083876	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.118937	

0.0000			14.00	19.00
0.0000	0.1210	0.0977	0.0748	0.0576
SAR, Z A	xis Scan	(X = -24,	∀ = −10)	
12-				
11-	\longrightarrow	\perp		
10-		\perp		.
09 -		\Box		
08-		\rightarrow		
07 -		+	-+-	
06 -		++	$\overline{}$	
05 -			\rightarrow	
04-			\rightarrow	
	.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	l
Z (mm)				
1 0 0	12 - 11 - 10 - 09 - 08 - 07 - 06 -	12- 11- 10- 10- 108- 107- 106- 105- 104- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100	12- 11- 10- 10- 108- 108- 107- 106- 105- 104- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100- 100	11 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid -Tilt-Left

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

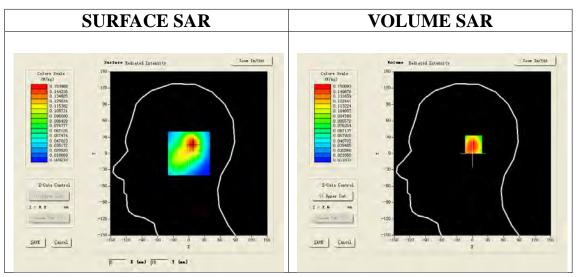
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Left/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,dz=5mm;

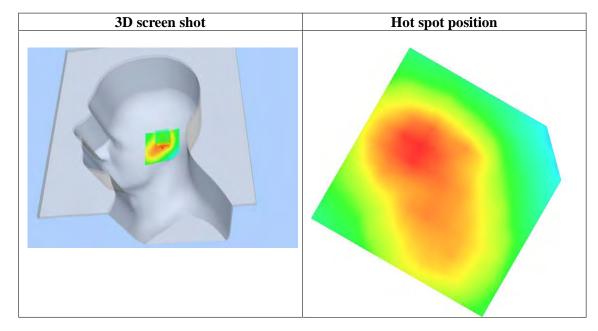
A O	"
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)



Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.093568
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.141536

0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
0.0000	0.1501	0.1020	0.0675	0.0428
SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = 6,	Y = 17)	
. 15 –				
. 12 -	+			-
. 10 -				
. 08 -		+		-
. 06 -				-
. 04 –				
. 03 -				
0.0 2.5 5			5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
	:	Z (mm)		
	0.0000 SAR, Z	0.0000 0.1501 SAR, Z Axis Scar .15121008060403- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0	0.0000 0.1501 0.1020 SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 6, .15121008060403-	0.0000 0.1501 0.1020 0.0675 SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 6, Y = 17) .151008060403- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

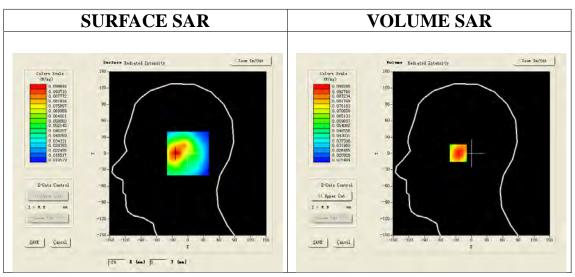
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Touch-Right /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

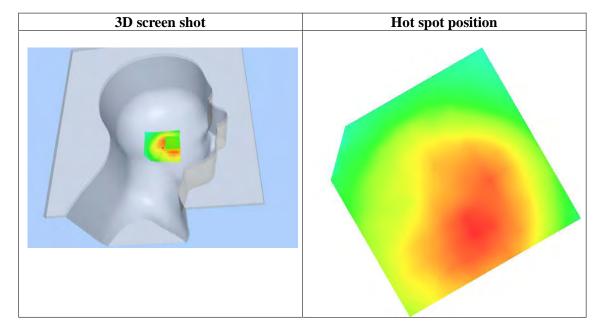
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	2450MHz	
Channels	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	



Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063868
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.096837

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00		
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0983	0.0724	0.0517	0.0376		
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -23, Y = 1)						
0	0.10-						
0	0.09-	$\overline{}$		-+-	-		
0). 08 –	+					
(B)	07-						
(#\#\)). 07 –). 06 –						
95	1. 05 -						
0 20	0. 05 -				-		
0	1. 04 –		++		-		
0	1.03-	7 5 10 0	12.5 15.0 17.	F 20 0 22 F 25			
	0.0 2.5 5		Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0		



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid-Tilt-Right

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.19;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 38.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21, Liquid temperature (°C): 21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

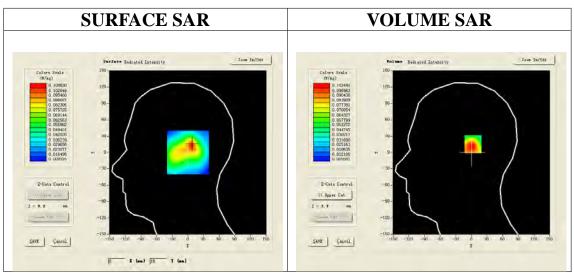
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Right/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

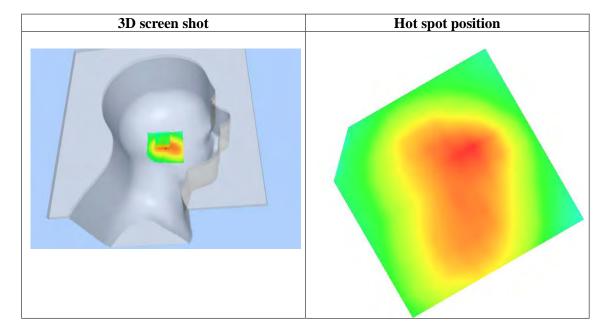
Area Scan	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom Right head			
Device Position	Tilt		
Band	2450MHz		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=15.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.064456	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.102569	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00		
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1035	0.0661	0.0424	0.0276		
	SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 7, Y = 15)						
	0.10-						
0	. 09 -	\longrightarrow					
	. 08 –	+					
(%)	0. 07 –	$+ \lambda +$					
≥ 0). 07 –). 06 –	+					
	. 05 -						
	. 04 –						
0	. 03 –						
0	1. 02 -						
	0.0 2.5 5	5.0 7.5 10.0	12.5 15.0 17.	5 20.0 22.5 25	i.o		
Z (mm)							



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Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid-Body-Worn- Back (MS)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.32; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon = 53.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

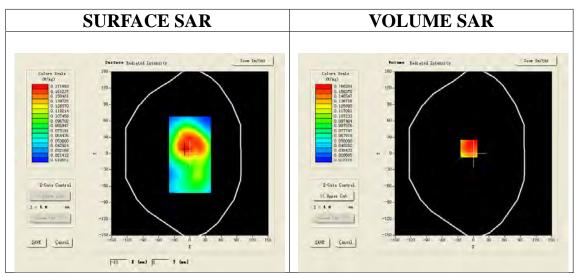
· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/Hotspot Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

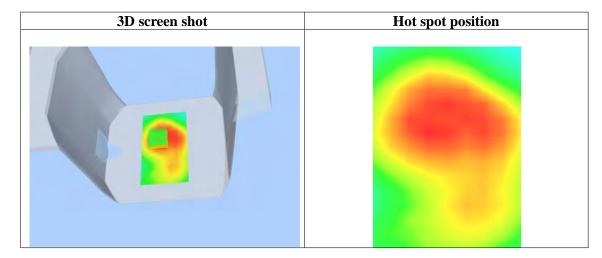
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom Validation plane			
Device Position	Body Back		
Band	2450MHz		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.116837	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.174693	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1634	0.1101	0.0714	0.0475
0	SAR, Z		(X = -9,		
	0. 12				
	0.0 2.5 5		12.5 15.0 17.1 Z (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25	5. 0



Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Dec.12, 2013

Hotspot Mid-Body -Front (MS)

DUT: Smart Phone; Type: Syreni 40DC

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: Hotspot; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=4.32; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 53.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C):21, Liquid temperature (°C):21

SATIMO Configuration:

Probe: EP165; Calibrated: 01/31/2013

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

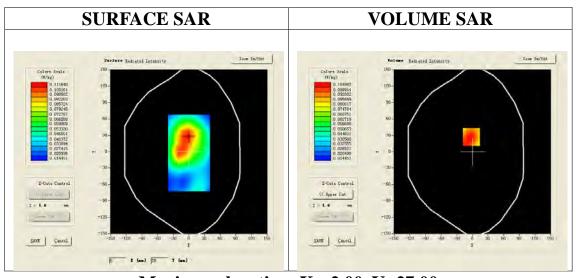
· Phantom: Flat Phantom; Type: Elliptical Phantom

· Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4 02 01

Configuration/Hotspot Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm Configuration/Hotspot Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt		
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Very fast		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body Front		
Band	2450MHz		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)		



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=27.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.072256	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.108669	

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1049	0.0667	0.0434	0.0297
	SAR, Z	Axis Scan	(X = -2,	Y = 27)	
0	. 10-				
0	. 09 –	$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$			
0	1. 08 -	+			
, ž	1. 07 -	+			
		++			
SAR). 05 –	 	\longrightarrow		_
0	0.04-				
0	. 03 -	+	+		_
0	. 02 -				
	0.0 2.5 5			5 20.0 22.5 25	5.0
		:	Z (mm)		

