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TEST REPORT

Report Number: 102952641LEX-001 **Project Number:** G102952641 Report Issue Date: 6/22/2017 Product Name: IQPanel2

Industry Canada Standards:

FCC Standards: FCC Part 22 Subpart H, Part 24 Subpart E, and Part 27 Subpart C RSS-132 Issue 3, RSS-133 Issue 6, and RSS-139 Issue 3

Tested by: Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc. 731 Enterprise Drive Lexington, KY 40510

Client: Qolsys 20111 Stevens Creek Blvd. Cupertino, CA 95014

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BEAB

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1 Introduction and Conclusion

The tests indicated in Section 2 were performed on the product constructed as described in Section 3. The remaining test sections are the verbatim text from the actual data sheets used during the investigation. These test sections include the test name, the specified test method, a list of the actual test equipment used, documentation photos, results and raw data. No additions, deviations, or exclusions have been made from the standard(s) unless specifically noted.

Based on the results of our investigation, we have concluded the product tested complied with the requirements of the standard(s) indicated. The results obtained in this test report pertain only to the item(s) tested.

The INTERTEK-Lexington laboratory is located at 731 Enterprise Drive, Lexington Kentucky, 40510. The radiated emission test site is a 10-meter semi-anechoic chamber. The chamber meets the characteristics of CISPR 16-1 and ANSI C63.4. For measurements, a remotely controlled flush-mount metal-top turntable is used to rotate the EUT a full 360 degrees. A remote controlled non-conductive antenna mast is used to scan the antenna height from one to four meters. The test site is listed with the FCC under Registration Number 485103.

Page	Test full name	FCC Reference	Industry Canada	Result
6	Conducted Output Power	§2.1046, § 22.913(a), §24.232(d), §27.50	RSS-132 (5.4), RSS-133 (4.1), RSS-133 (6.4), RSS-139 (6.5)	Pass
6	Radiated Output Power	§ 22.913(a), § 24.232(c), §27.50	RSS-132 (5.4), RSS-133 (6.4), RSS-139 (6.5)	Pass
8	Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049, §22.917(b)(d), §24.238(a)	RSS-GEN (4.6.1), RSS-133 (2.3),	Pass
27	Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	§2.1049, §2.1051, §22.917(a)(b), § 24.238(a)(b), §27.53	RSS-132 (5.5), RSS-133 (6.5.1), RSS-139 (6.6)	Pass
35	Radiated Spurious Emissions (Transmitter)	§2.1053, §22.917(a)(b), §24.238(a)(b), §27.53	RSS-132 (5.5), RSS-133 (6.5), RSS-139 (6.6)	Pass
40	Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §22.355, §24.235 §27.54	RSS-132 (5.3), RSS-133 (6.3), RSS-139 (6.4)	Pass

2 Test Summary

3 Description of Equipment Under Test

Equipn	nent Under Test
Manufacturer	Qolsys
Model Number	IQPanel2
Serial Number	Test Sample 1
Receive Date	3/13/2017
Test Start Date	3/13/2017
Test End Date	3/23/2017
Device Received Condition	Good
Test Sample Type	Production
Frequency Band	1852.4 – 1907.6MHz (UMTS Band II) 1712.4 – 1752.6 (UMTS Band IV) 826.4 – 846.6MHz (UMTS Band V)
Modulation Type	DQPSK
Transmission Control	Base Station Simulator
Maximum Output Power (Conducted, Average)	21.95dBm (UMTS Band II) 21.87dBm (UMTS Band IV) 24.71dBm (UMTS Band V)
Max Antenna Gain (declared by manufacturer)	3.7dBi
Test Channels	9262, 9400, 9538 (UMTS Band II) 1312, 1427, 1513 (UMTS Band IV) 4132, 4182, 4233 (UMTS Band V)
Antenna Type	Internal
Operating Voltage	115VAC/60Hz (Via AC / DC Power Adapter)

Description of Equipment Under Test
The IQPanel2 was a smart home security control panel.

Operating modes of the EUT:

No	Descriptions of EUT Exercising	
1	Transmitting a UMTS signal in bands II, IV, or V	
2	Receive / idle mode	

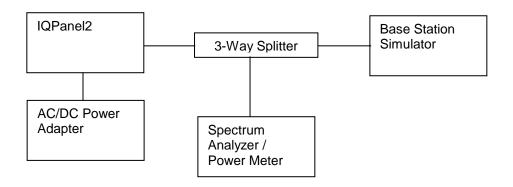
3.1 System setup including cable interconnection details, support equipment and simplified block diagram

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3.2 EUT Block Diagram:



Block Diagram for Radiated Tests



Block Diagram for Conducted Tests at the Antenna Port

3.3 Cables:

Cables							
Description	Longth	Shielding	Ferrites	Connection			
Description	Length S	Shielding	Fernies	From	То		
DC Power Cable	5 ft	None	None	Test Sample	AC/DC Power Converter		

3.4 Support Equipment:

No support equipment was used during this evaluation.

4 Conducted Output Power, Peak to Average Ratio, Radiated Output Power

4.1 Test Limits

§ 2.1046

For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in §2.1033(c)(8).

§ 24.232 (d)

Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

§ 27.50

(4) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

4.2 Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to a coaxial cable, the other end of which was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The EUT was placed into a call and the burst average power was measured with a power meter dBm. The power output at the transmitter antenna port was determined by adding the value of the cable insertion loss to the power reading. Tests were performed at three frequencies (low, middle, and high channels) and on the highest power levels, which can be setup on the transmitters.

The radiated output power was determined by adding the peak antenna gain to the measured conducted output power to determine the peak radiated power.

ERP = ConductedOutputPower(dBm) + AntennaGain(dBi) - 2.15

EIRP = ConductedOutputPower(dBm) + AntennaGain(dBi)

4.3 Test Equipment Used:

Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Base Station Simulator	3956	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU 200	9/25/2016	9/15/2017

4.4 Results:

Conducted Output Power, Peak to Average Ratio, Radaiated Output Power Peak to Antenna Pk. Pwr EIRP ERP Frequency Avg. Pwr Average Gain Band Mode **UL Channel** (MHz) (dBm) (dBm) Ratio (dB) (dBi) (dBm) (dBm) 4132 826.4 24.71 26.55 1.84 3.7 28.41 26.26 4183 836.6 24.53 27.34 2.81 3.7 28.23 26.08 26.51 UMTS850 (Band V) Rel 99 12.2kbps RMC 24.52 1.99 28.22 26.07 4233 846.6 3.7 9262 1852.4 21.95 24.71 2.76 3.7 25.65 23.5 9400 1880 21.38 24.72 3.34 22.93 3.7 25.08 UMTS1900 (Band II) 21.3 Rel 99 12.2kbps RMC 9538 1907.6 24.25 2.95 3.7 25 22.85 1712.4 21.77 24.51 2.74 3.7 25.47 23.32 1312 3.05 23.36 1427 1735.4 21.81 24.86 3.7 25.51 UMTS 1700 (Band IV) Rel 99 12.2kbps RMC 1513 1752.6 21.87 24.63 2.76 3.7 25.57 23.42

5 Occupied Bandwidth

5.1 Test Limits

§2.1049:

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

5.2 Test Procedure

The EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer using a coaxial cable and power divider. The EUT was placed into a call using base station simulator. The base station simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The occupied bandwidth function of the analyzer was used to automatically generate the occupied bandwidth plots below. A peak detector was used for this measurement.

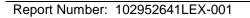
Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due			
Base Station Simulator	3956	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU 200	9/25/2016	9/15/2017			
Spectrum Analyzer	3720	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEK 30	9/20/2016	9/20/2017			
Spectrum Analyzer	3099	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP7	9/20/2016	9/20/2017			
RF Combiner	SX558	Weinschel	1506A	Time of Use	Time of Use			

5.3 Test Equipment Used:

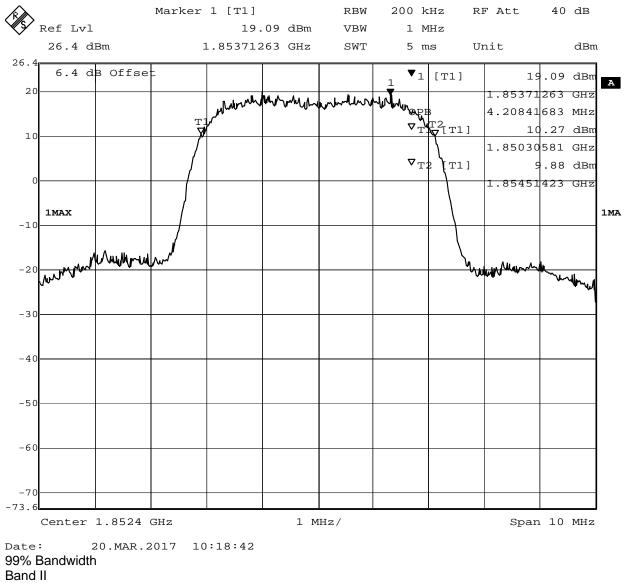
5.4 Results:

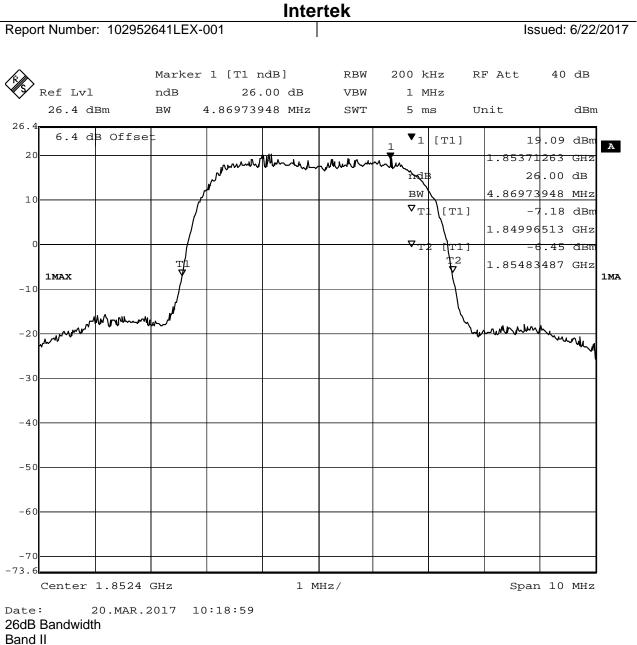
The worst case bandwidth measurements are shown below. Bandwidth plots are shown following the table.

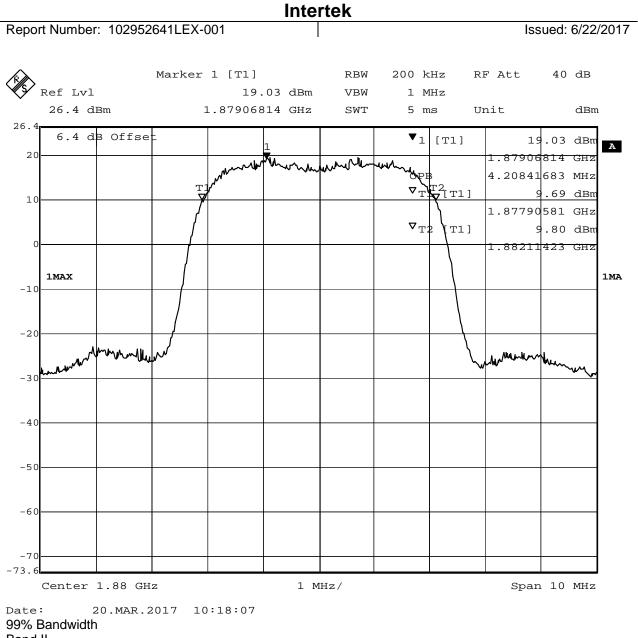
TX Band	99% Bandwidth	26dB Bandwidth
Band II	4.21MHz	4.87MHz
Band IV	4.23MHz	4.89MHz
Band V	4.23MHz	5.37MHz



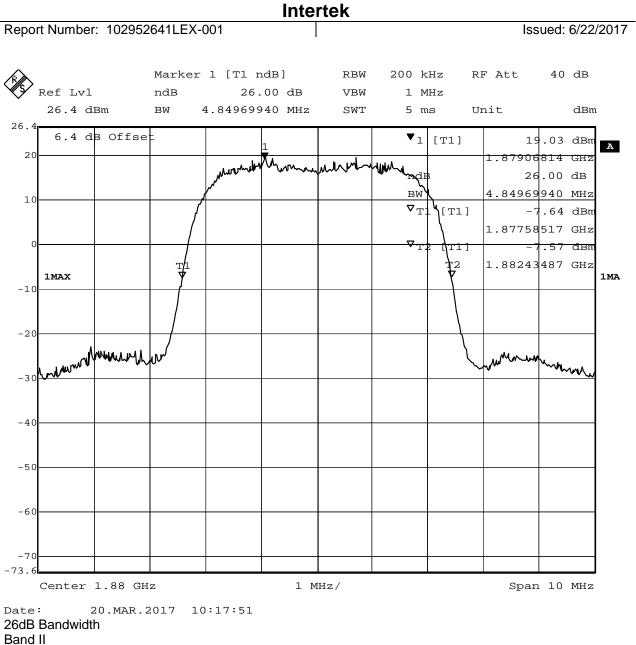


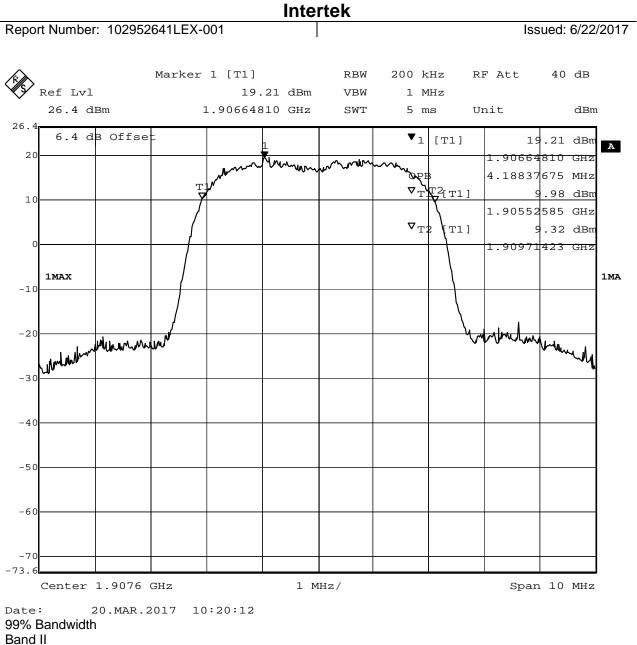


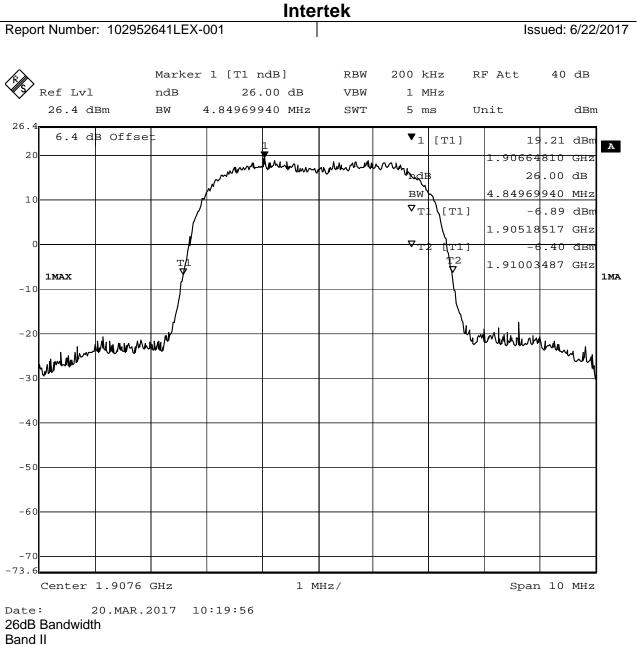




Band II Channel 9400

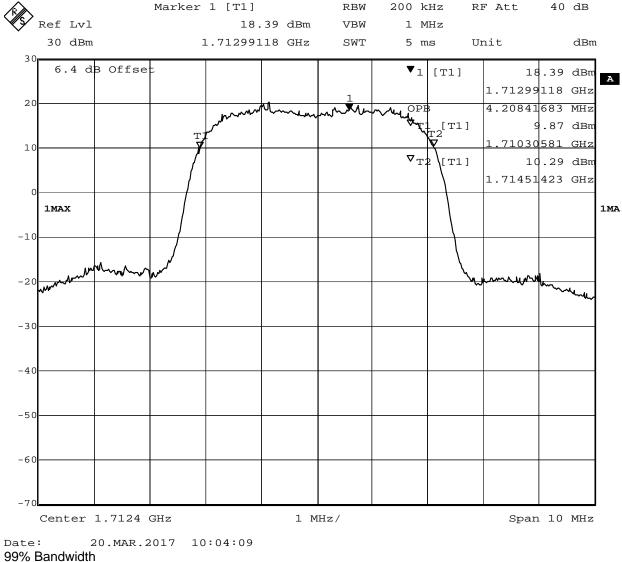




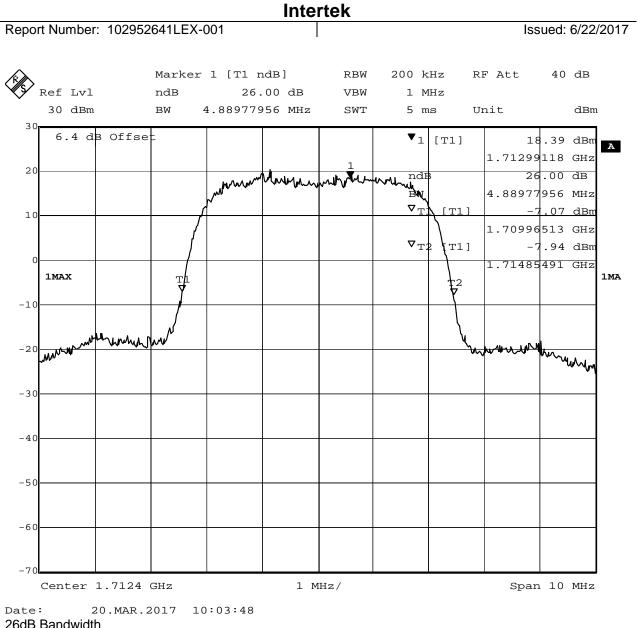


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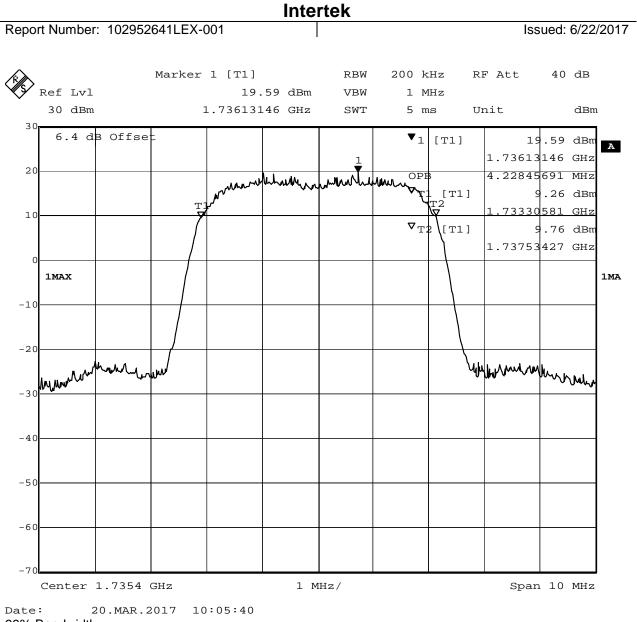




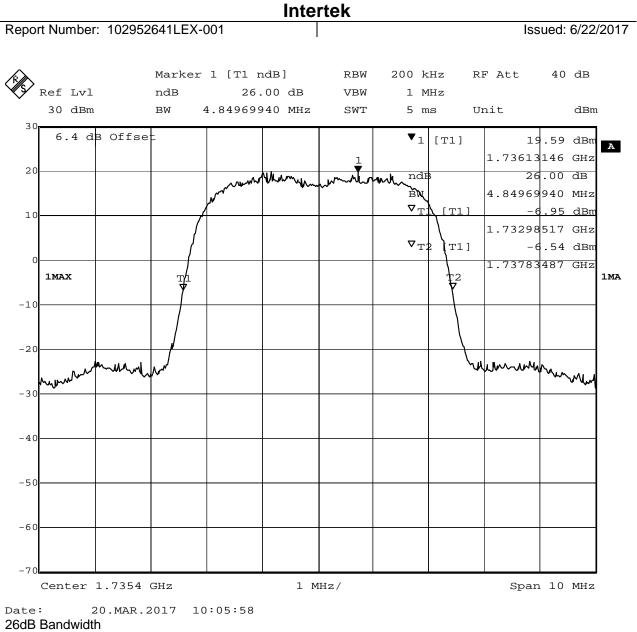
Date: 20.MAR.2017 10:04:09 99% Bandwidth Band IV Channel 1312 Issued: 6/22/2017



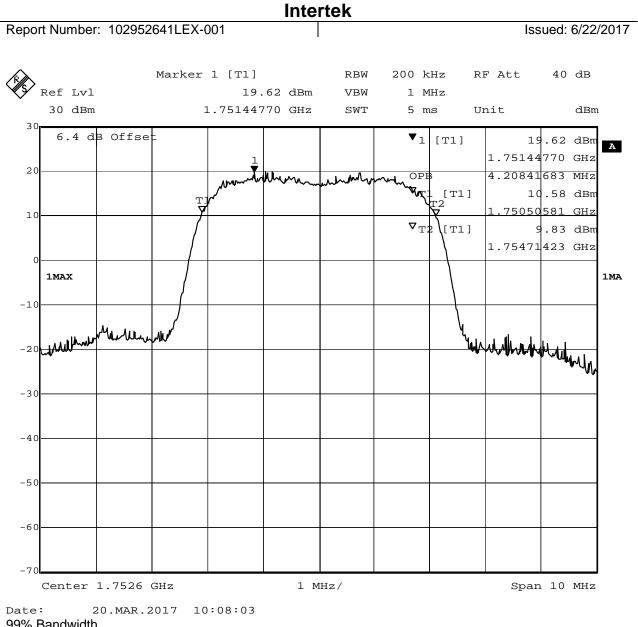
26dB Bandwidth Band IV Channel 1312



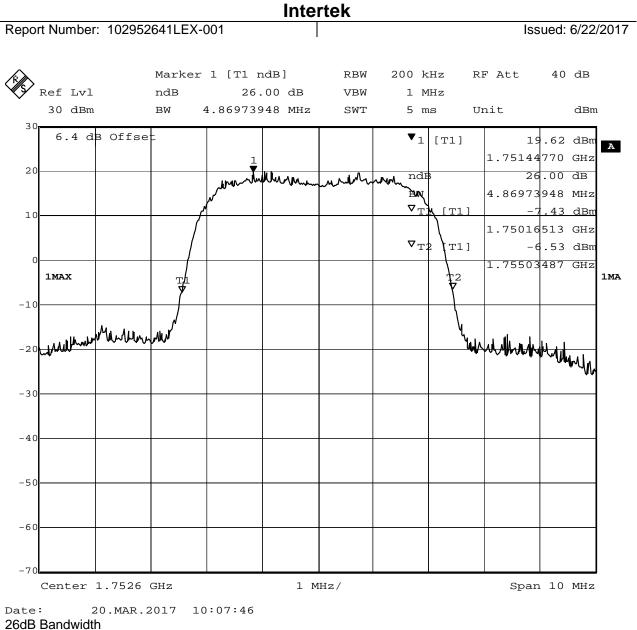
99% Bandwidth Band IV Channel 1427



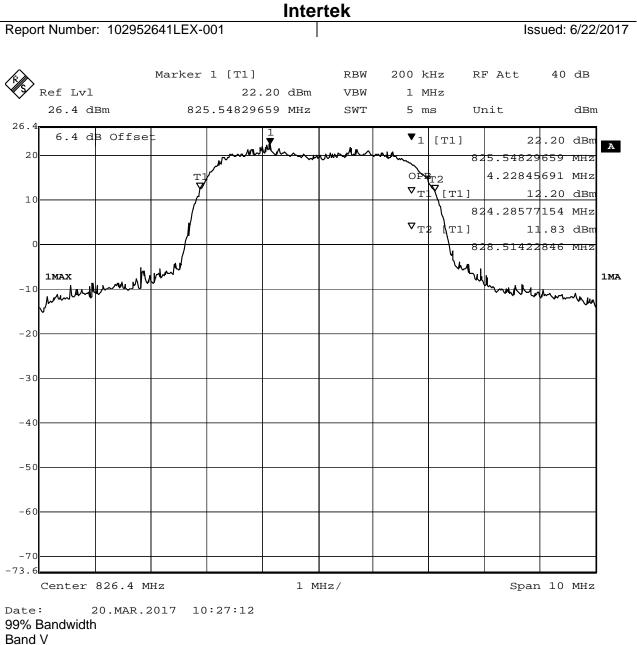
Band IV Channel 1427

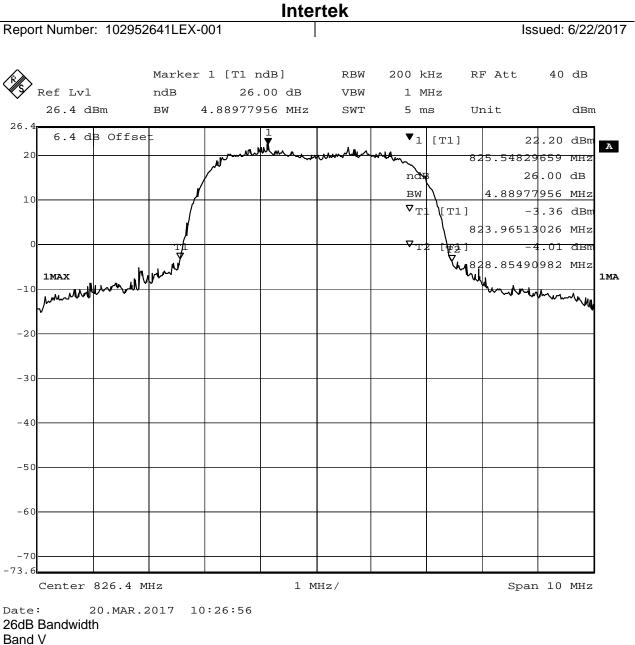


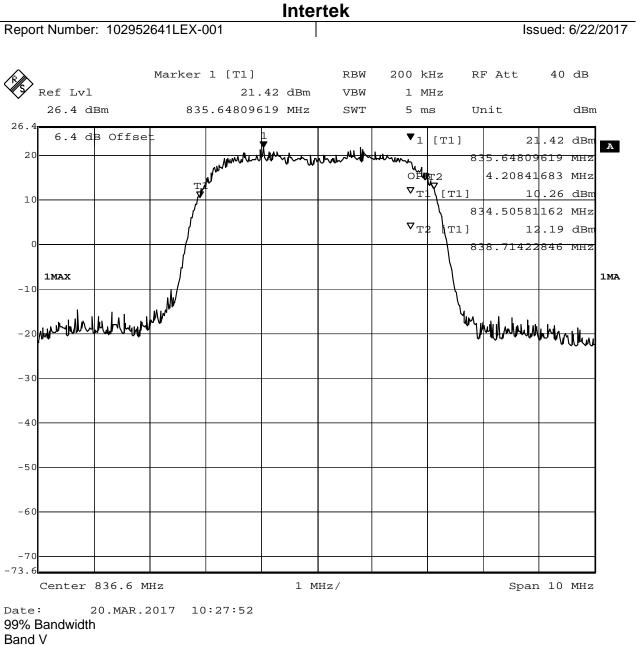
99% Bandwidth Band IV Channel 1523

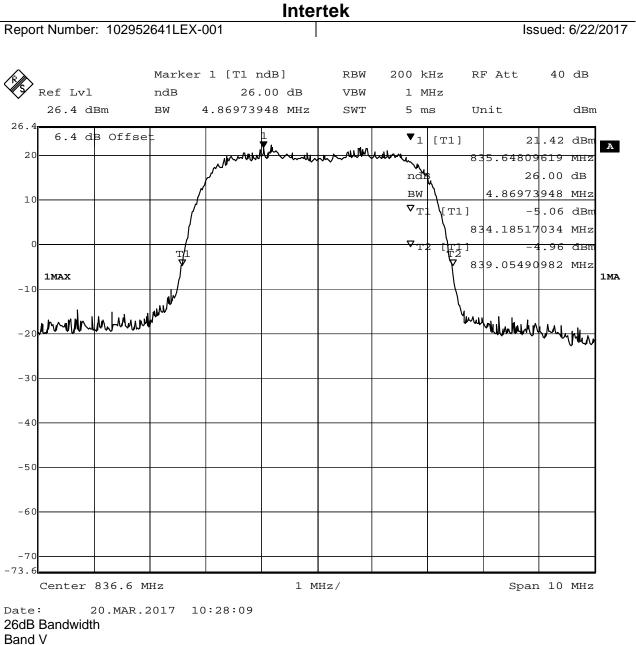


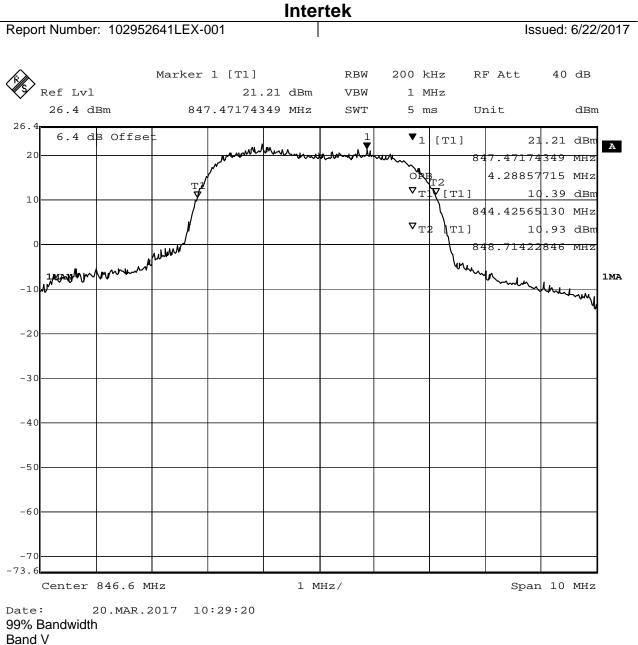
Band IV Channel 1523

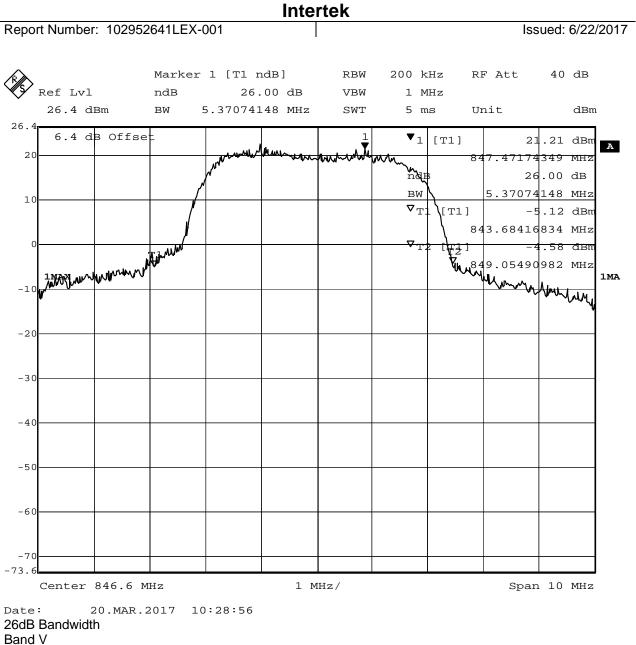












6 Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

6.1 Test Limits

§ 2.1051

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in §2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

§ 22.917

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

§ 24.238

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

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§ 27.53 (9)

(h) *AWS emission limits*—(1) *General protection levels.* Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log10 (P) dB

6.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The base station simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100kHz or 1MHz depending on the transmit band and the detector was set to peak detection for general scans up to the 10th harmonic. Emissions scans near the fundamental were measured using an RMS detector. Sufficient scans were taken to show the out of band Emissions if any up to 10th harmonic.

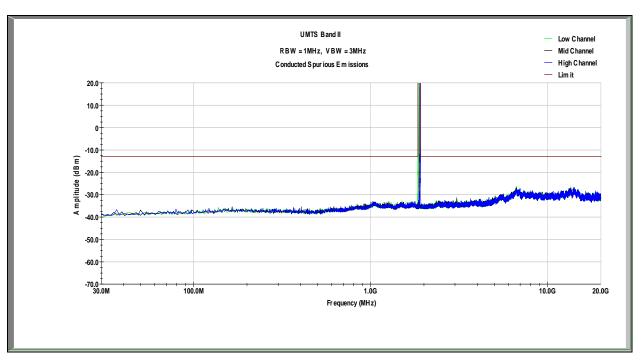
Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Base Station Simulator	3956	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU 200	9/25/2016	9/15/2017
Spectrum Analyzer	3720	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEK 30	9/20/2016	9/20/2017
Spectrum Analyzer	3099	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP7	9/20/2016	9/20/2017
RF Combiner	SX558	Weinschel	1506A	Time of Use	Time of Use

6.3 Test Equipment Used:

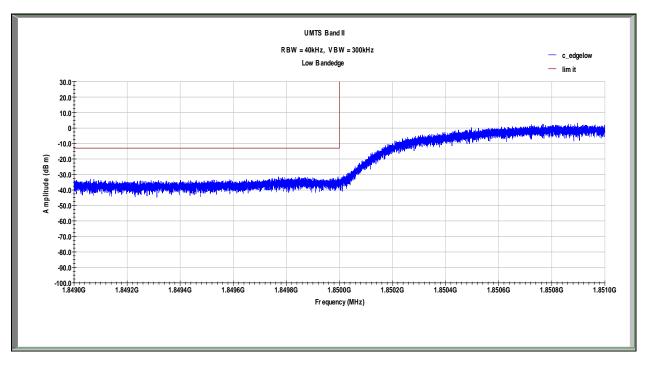
6.4 Results:

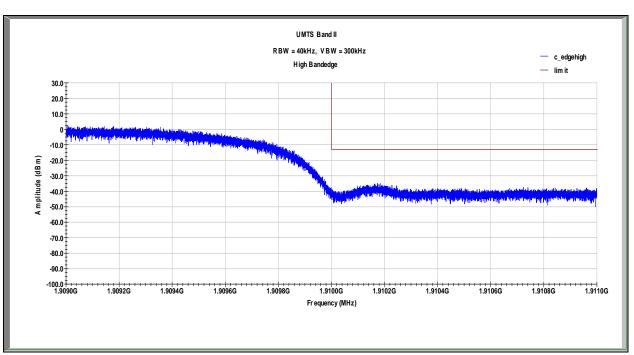
The following plots show that all spurious emissions are attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.

Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band II



Low Band Edge Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band II

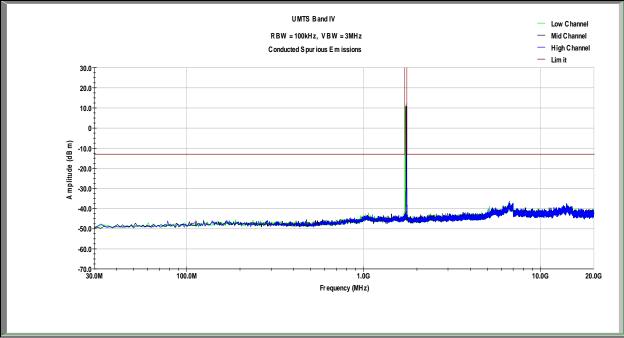




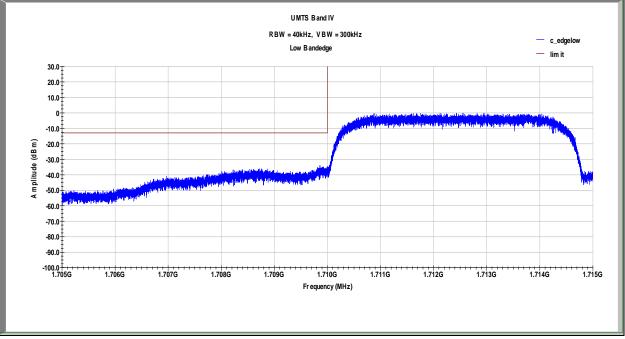
High Band Edge Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band II

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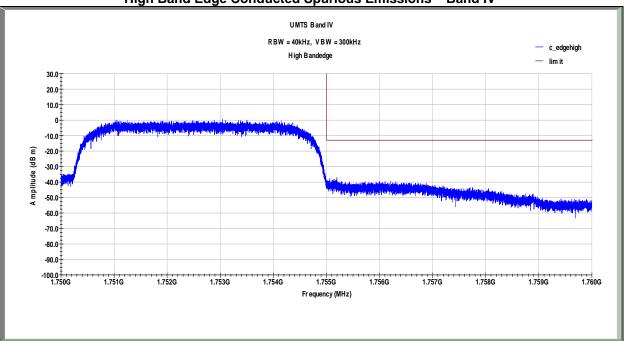
Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band IV







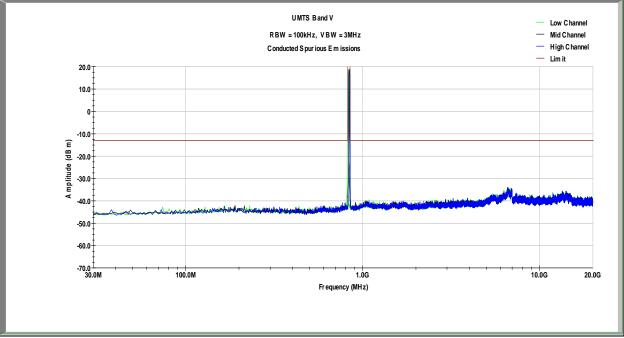




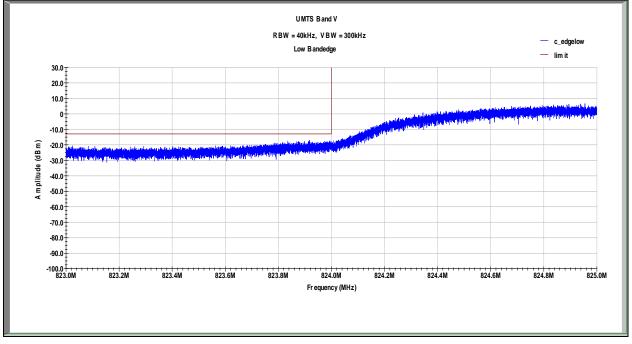
High Band Edge Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band IV

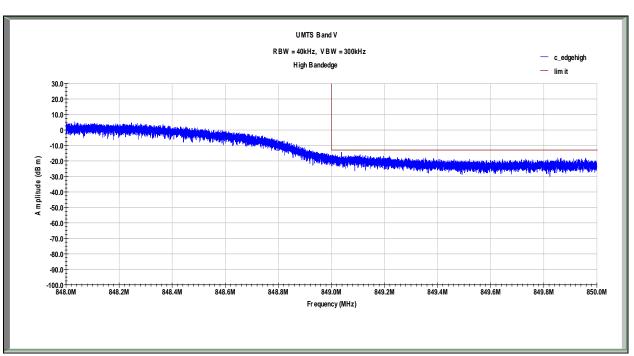
Intertek

Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band V



Low Band Edge Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band V





High Band Edge Conducted Spurious Emissions – Band V

Intertek

7 Radiated Spurious Emissions (Transmitter)

7.1 Test Limits

§ 2.1053

(a) Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate. For equipment operating on frequencies below 890 MHz, an open field test is normally required, with the measuring instrument antenna located in the far-field at all test frequencies. In the event it is either impractical or impossible to make open field measurements (e.g. a broadcast transmitter installed in a building) measurements will be accepted of the equipment as installed. Such measurements must be accompanied by a description of the site where the measurements were made showing the location of any possible source of reflections which might distort the field strength measurements. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of each spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from halfwave dipole antennas.

§ 22.917

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

§ 24.238

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

§ 27.53 (9)

(h) *AWS emission limits*—(1) *General protection levels*. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log10 (P) dB

7.2 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive turntable. The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The EUT was forced to transmit at its maximum output power setting. During the tests, the antenna height and EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT.

The frequency range up to tenth harmonic was investigated in order to identify the spurious emission. Once the spurious emissions were identified, the power of the emission was determined using the substitution method described in TIA-603-C. The spurious emissions attenuation was calculated as the difference between radiated power at the fundamental frequency and at the spurious emissions frequency.

7.5 Test Equipment Osed:									
Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due				
EMI Test Receiver	1302.6005.40	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	9/26/2016	9/26/2017				
Preamplifier	122005	Rohde&Schwarz	TS-PR18	11/17/2016	11/17/2017				
Preamplifier	818535	Rohde&Schwarz	TS-PR40	11/17/2016	11/17/2017				
Biconnilog Antenna	00051864	ETS	3142C	4/6/2016	4/6/2017				
Biconnical Antenna	5028	Schwarzbeck	SBA 9113 B-191	2/31/2017	2/31/2018				
Horn Antenna	156319	ETS	3117	6/1/2016	6/1/2017				
Horn Antenna	6556	ETS	3115	11/14/2016	11/14/2017				
Horn Antenna (18 - 40GHz)	117798	ETS	3116c	6/5/2016	6/5/2017				
Horn Antenna (18 - 26.5GHz)	LM8621	ETS	3160-09	10/9/2016	10/9/2017				
System Controller	121701-1	Sunol Sciences	SC99V	Calibration Not Required	Calibration Not Required				
Base Station Simulator	3956	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU 200	9/25/2016	9/15/2017				
Signal Generator	3782	Rohde&Schwarz	SMB100A	9/20/2016	9/20/2017				
High Pass Filter	013	Micro-Tronics	HPM50108	Time Of Use	Time Of Use				
Band Reject Filter	109	Micro-Tronics	BRM50707	Time Of Use	Time Of Use				
Environmental Chamber	3947	Test Equity	115A	Time Of Use	Time Of Use				

7.3 Test Equipment Used:

7.4 Results:

All radiated spurious emissions were attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB which is equivalent to -13dBm. The emissions were measured using an RMS detector and the analyzer was gated so that the emission was only measured during the on-times of the transmitter.

	V				ments – Ba				
Test Engineer:	Prion Toulo		ed Spurious Start Date:		Measuremen	t End Date:	2/14/2017		
Temperature:			Humidity:			Pressure:	988.7mBar		
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 3MHz									
Notes: Results represent the worst case from 3 orthogonal axis positions.									
			A	В	С	D	E	F	
								Radiated	
				Signal		Тх		Spurious	
	Spurious		Device	Generator		Antenna		Emission	
Band/Channel	Frequency	Polarity	Reading	Level	Cable Loss	Gain	Limit	Level	
	(MHz)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBd)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
	3704.8	Н	-69.63	-58.28	4.57	8.26	-13	-54.59	
	3704.8	V	-67.46	-55.58	4.57	8.26	-13	-51.89	
	5557.2	Н	-72.46	-56.74	5.90	10.40	-13	-52.25	
Band 2 Low Ch	5557.2	V	-66.8	-51.79	5.90	10.40	-13	-47.30	
9262	7409.6	Н	-73.94	-55.16	6.77	11.84	-13	-50.09	
(1852.4 MHz)	7409.6	V	-72.4	-55.41	6.77	11.84	-13	-50.34	
(1052.4 10112)	9262.0	Н	-75.39	-54.63	7.95	13.19	-13	-49.39	
	9262.0	V	-75.87	-56.64	7.95	13.19	-13	-51.40	
	11114.4	Н	-76.44	-53.16	9.30	13.23	-13	-49.23	
	11114.4	V	-76.81	-55.1	9.30	13.23	-13	-51.17	
	3760.0	Н	-66.82	-55.47	4.66	8.26	-13	-51.87	
	3760.0	V	-70.55	-58.67	4.66	8.26	-13	-55.07	
	5640.0	Н	-71.25	-55.53	6.05	10.56	-13	-51.02	
Band 2 Mid Ch	5640.0	V	-71.84	-56.83	6.05	10.56	-13	-52.32	
9400	7520.0	H	-74.17	-55.39	6.71	11.93	-13	-50.18	
(1880 MHz)	7520.0	V	-73.94	-56.95	6.71	11.93	-13	-51.74	
(1000 11112)	9400.0	Н	-75.64	-54.88	8.04	13.12	-13	-49.81	
	9400.0	V	-76.24	-57.01	8.04	13.12	-13	-51.94	
	11280.0	Н	-76.17	-52.89	9.49	13.26	-13	-49.12	
	11280.0	V	-75.91	-54.2	9.49	13.26	-13	-50.43	
	3815.2	H	-68.17	-56.82	4.66	8.25	-13	-53.23	
	3815.2	V	-68.43	-56.55	4.66	8.25	-13	-52.96	
	5722.8	H	-72.34	-56.62	6.73	10.66	-13	-52.69	
Band 2High Ch	5722.8	V	-70.36	-55.35	6.73	10.66	-13	-51.42	
9538	7630.4	H	-72.71	-53.93	6.83	11.98	-13	-48.78	
(1907.6 MHz)	7630.4	V	-70.18	-53.19	6.83	11.98	-13	-48.04	
```	9538.0	H	-75.82	-55.06	8.21	13.09	-13	-50.19	
	9538.0	V	-76.06	-56.83	8.21	13.09	-13	-51.96	
	11445.6	H	-76.15	-52.87	9.81	13.25	-13	-49.43	
	11445.6	V	-76.64	-54.93	9.81	13.25	-13	-51.49	
								F=B-C+D	

		Radiate	d Spurious	Emissions I	Measuremen	t		
Test Engineer: Bryan Taylor Start Date: 3/13/2017					End Date: 3/14/2017			
Temperature: 23.4C			Humidity: 35.80%			Pressure: 988.7mBar		
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 3MHz								
Notes:	Results repre	esent the w	orst case fro	m 3 orthogoi	nal axis positi	ons.		
			Α	B	C	D	E	F
	Spurious		Device	Signal Generator		Tx Antenna		Radiated Spurious Emission
Band/Channel	Frequency	Polarity	Reading	Level	Cable Loss	Gain	Limit	Level
	(MHz)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBd)	(dBm)	(dBm)
	3424.8	H	-71.66	-61.68	4.48	7.83	-13	-58.33
	3424.8	V	-70.87	-59.17	4.48	7.83	-13	-55.82
	5137.2	H	-48.83	-35.17	5.71	10.12	-13	-30.76
Band 4 Low Ch	5137.2	-	-44.07	-30.33	5.71	10.12	-13	-25.92
1312	6849.6	H	-74.18 -73.36	-56.26 -57.44	6.62 6.62	<u>11.11</u> 11.11	-13 -13	-51.77
(1712.4 MHz)	6849.6 8562.0	V H	-73.80	-57.44 -54.48	7.56	12.91	-13	-52.95 -49.13
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8562.0	V	-73.61	-54.40	7.56	12.91	-13	-49.13
	10274.4	H	-73.61	-55.08	8.73	13.06	-13	-49.73
	10274.4	V	-74.57	-53.24	8.73	13.06	-13	-40.92
	3470.8	 H	-74.71	-60.39	4.48	7.83	-13	-49.71
	3470.8	V	-71.13	-59.43	4.48	7.83	-13	-56.08
	5206.2	H	-51.44	-37.78	5.71	10.27	-13	-33.22
	5206.2	V	-53.07	-39.33	5.71	10.27	-13	-34.77
Band 4 Mid Ch	6941.6	H	-72.81	-54.89	6.63	11.26	-13	-50.26
1427	6941.6	V	-73.93	-58.01	6.63	11.26	-13	-53.38
(1735.4 MHz)	8677.0	H	-75.97	-56.64	7.61	12.98	-13	-51.27
	8677.0	V	-75.31	-56.78	7.61	12.98	-13	-51.41
	10412.4	H	-75.58	-54.25	9.06	13.06	-13	-50.25
	10412.4	V	-74.82	-54.14	9.06	13.06	-13	-50.14
	3505.2	H	-69.43	-59.45	4.48	8.15	-13	-55.78
	3505.2	V	-71.05	-59.35	4.48	8.15	-13	-55.68
	5257.8	Н	-52.15	-38.49	5.82	10.27	-13	-34.04
Rond 1 Lich Ch	5257.8	V	-56.42	-42.68	5.82	10.27	-13	-38.23
Band 4 High Ch	7010.4	Н	-72.65	-54.73	6.63	11.36	-13	-50.00
1523	7010.4	V	-72.66	-56.74	6.63	11.36	-13	-52.01
(1752.6 MHz)	8763.0	Н	-74.37	-55.04	7.78	12.92	-13	-49.90
	8763.0	V	-75.1	-56.57	7.78	12.92	-13	-51.43
	10515.6	Н	-76.08	-54.75	9.09	13.08	-13	-50.76
	10515.6	V	-75.71	-55.03	9.09	13.08	-13	-51.04
								F=B-C+D

### Worst Case Spurious Measurements - Band IV

Intertek

### Intertek

### Report Number: 102952641LEX-001

Worst Case Spurious Measurements – Band V Radiated Spurious Emissions Measurement								
Test Engineer:	Brvan Tavlor		Start Date:		vieasurenien	End Date:	3/14/2017	
-	Temperature: 23.4C Humidity: 35.80% Pressure: 988.7mBar							
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 3MHz								
	Results repre	sont the w			nal avis nositi	one		
10163.				B		D	E	F
							Radiated	
				Signal		Тх		Spurious
	Spurious		Device	Generator		Antenna		Emission
Band/Channel	Frequency	Polarity	Reading	Level	Cable Loss	Gain	Limit	Level
Danu/Channer		Folanty	-					
	(MHz) 1652.8	Н	(dBm) -65.06	(dBm) -60.75	(dB) 2.95	(dBd) 5.64	(dBm) -13	(dBm) -58.06
	1652.8	V	-65.06	-60.75	2.95	5.64	-13	-58.06
	2479.2	 H	-53.21	-43.32	3.74	5.87	-13	-39.10
	2479.2	V	-53.07	-43.32	3.74	5.87	-13	-39.79
Band 5 Low Ch	3305.6	H	-65.36	-55.7	4.22	7.67	-13	-52.25
4132	3305.6	V	-64.55	-53.59	4.22	7.67	-13	-50.14
(826.4 MHz)	4132.0	 H	-52.32	-41.07	5.11	8.91	-13	-37.27
	4132.0	V	-48.18	-36.44	5.11	8.91	-13	-32.64
	4958.4	H	-68.21	-54.37	5.61	9.90	-13	-50.08
	4958.4	V	-69.31	-55.8	5.61	9.90	-13	-51.51
	1672.8	H	-62.22	-57.91	2.95	5.64	-13	-55.22
	1672.8	V	-63.46	-58.9	2.95	5.64	-13	-56.21
	2509.2	H	-53.92	-44.03	3.74	5.65	-13	-42.12
Denal 5 Mid Ch	2509.2	V	-52.29	-41.14	3.74	5.65	-13	-39.23
Band 5 Mid Ch 4182 (836.5 MHz)	3345.6	Н	-63.15	-53.49	4.34	7.67	-13	-50.16
	3345.6	V	-64.56	-53.6	4.34	7.67	-13	-50.27
	4182.0	Н	-57.72	-46.47	5.11	8.91	-13	-42.67
	4182.0	V	-59.92	-48.18	5.11	8.91	-13	-44.38
	5018.4	Н	-68.84	-55	5.61	9.99	-13	-50.62
	5018.4	V	-69.11	-55.6	5.61	9.99	-13	-51.22
	1693.2	Н	-59.31	-55	2.95	5.64	-13	-52.31
	1693.2	V	-54.55	-49.99	2.95	5.64	-13	-47.30
	2539.8	Н	-54.43	-44.54	3.64	5.65	-13	-42.53
Band 5 High Ch	2539.8	V	-56.87	-45.72	3.64	5.65	-13	-43.71
4233	3386.4	Н	-63.09	-53.43	4.34	7.67	-13	-50.10
(846.6 MHz)	3386.4	V	-64.91	-53.95	4.34	7.67	-13	-50.62
	4233.0	Н	-65.03	-53.78	4.97	9.01	-13	-49.74
	4233.0	V	-63.23	-51.49	4.97	9.01	-13	-47.45
	5079.6	Н	-68.31	-54.47	5.92	9.99	-13	-50.40
	5079.6	V	-68.8	-55.29	5.92	9.99	-13	-51.22
								F=B-C+D

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### Intertek

### 8 Frequency Stability

### 8.1 Test Limits

### § 2.1055, §22.355, §24.235, §27.54

The frequency stability of the transmitter was required to maintain a  $\pm 2.5$  ppm tolerance.

### 8.2 Test Procedure

The equipment under test was connected to an AC variac and the RF output was connected to a Base Station Simulator. The Base Station Simulator was set to force the EUT to its maximum power setting. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. The DC leads and RF output cable exited the chamber through an opening made for that purpose. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes, the frequency error was read from the base station simulator. At 20C the input voltage was varied from 85% to 115% and the frequency stability vs input voltage was recorded.

### 8.3 Test Equipment Used:

Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Base Station Simulator	3956	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU 200	9/25/2016	9/15/2017
Environmental Chamber	2149	Thermotron	SE-1000-5-5	3/2/2017	3/2/2018
Multimeter	3076	Fluke	87	8/3/2016	8/3/2017

### 8.4 Results:

The tables below show the frequency stability data. In all cases the test sample met the +2.5ppm limit.

Frequency Stability for Band II						
Operating	Freqeuncy:	1,880,000,000	Hz			
Channel:		9400				
Reference	e Voltage:	115	VAC			
Deviation	Limit:	2.5	ppm			
Notes:	Frequency St	ability in Band	II Mode			
Voltage	Voltage		Frequency	Deviation	Deviation	
(%)	(VAC)	Temp (°C)	Error (Hz)	(%)	(ppm)	
100%	115	-30	-7	-0.0000004	-0.0037	
100%	115	-20	7	0.0000004	0.0037	
100%	115	-10	9	0.0000005	0.0048	
100%	115	0	-19	-0.0000010	-0.0101	
100%	115	10	13	0.000007	0.0069	
100%	115	20	-6	-0.000003	-0.0032	
100%	115	30	-8	-0.0000004	-0.0043	
100%	115	40	9	0.0000005	0.0048	
100%	115	50	6	0.000003	0.0032	
100%	115	60	-11	-0.0000006	-0.0059	
115%	138	20	10	0.0000005	0.0053	
85%	93.5	20	-6	-0.000003	-0.0032	

### Frequency Stability for Band II

### Frequency Stability Band IV

Operating	Freqeuncy:	1,735,400,000	Hz		
Channel:		1427			
Reference	Reference Voltage:		VAC		
Deviation	Limit:	2.5	ppm		
Notes:	Frequency St	tability in Band	IV Mode		
Voltage	Voltage		Frequency	Deviation	Deviation
(%)	(VAC)	Temp (°C)	Error (Hz)	(%)	(ppm)
100%	115	-30	2	0.0000002	0.0024
100%	115	-20	5	0.000006	0.0060
100%	115	-10	-3	-0.0000004	-0.0036
100%	115	0	12	0.0000014	0.0143
100%	115	10	8	0.0000010	0.0096
100%	115	20	-7	-0.000008	-0.0084
100%	115	30	-6	-0.0000007	-0.0072
100%	115	40	9	0.0000011	0.0108
100%	115	50	-7	-0.000008	-0.0084
100%	115	60	-10	-0.0000012	-0.0120
115%	138	20	-5	-0.0000006	-0.0060
85%	93.5	20	4	0.0000005	0.0048

	1.19	equency Stabi	iity ior banu	v	
Operating	Freqeuncy:	836,400,000	Hz		
Channel:		4182			
Reference	e Voltage:	115	VAC		
Deviation	Limit:	2.5	ppm		
Notes:	Frequency St	ability in Band	V Mode		
Voltage	Voltage		Frequency	Deviation	Deviation
(%)	(VAC)	Temp (℃)	Error (Hz)	(%)	(ppm)
100%	115	-30	-9	-0.0000011	-0.0108
100%	115	-20	-3	-0.0000004	-0.0036
100%	115	-10	-9	-0.0000011	-0.0108
100%	115	0	-8	-0.0000010	-0.0096
100%	115	10	-10	-0.0000012	-0.0120
100%	115	20	-7	-0.000008	-0.0084
100%	115	30	-5	-0.0000006	-0.0060
100%	115	40	-9	-0.0000011	-0.0108
100%	115	50	-6	-0.0000007	-0.0072
100%	115	60	-5	-0.0000006	-0.0060
115%	138	20	-6	-0.0000007	-0.0072
85%	93.5	20	-5	-0.0000006	-0.0060

### Frequency Stability for Band V

### 9 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured value related to the corresponding limit will be used to decide whether the equipment meets the requirements.

The measurement uncertainty figures were calculated and correspond to a coverage factor of k = 2, providing a confidence level of respectively 95.45 % in the case where the distributions characterizing the actual measurement uncertainties are normal (Gaussian).

#### Measurement uncertainty Table

Parameter	Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated emissions, 30 to 1000 MHz	<u>+</u> 3.9dB	
Radiated emissions, 1 to 18 GHz	<u>+</u> 4.2dB	
Radiated emissions, 18 to 40 GHz	<u>+</u> 4.3dB	
Power Port Conducted emissions, 150kHz to 30	+2.8dB	
MHz		

### 10 Revision History

Revision Level	Date	Report Number	Notes
0	6/22/2017	102952641LEX-001	Original Issue