# **Robustel GoRugged R3000-3P**

# Dual SIM Industrial Cellular VPN Router For UMTS Network

# **User Guide**

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#### **About This Document**

This document describes hardware and software of Robustel R3000-3P, Dual SIM Industrial 3G Router.

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#### **Important Notice**

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router are used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

#### Safety Precautions

#### General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using UMTS products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 26.6 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
  - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
  - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
  - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

**Note**: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

#### Using the router in vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of UMTS in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the route while in control of a vehicle.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

#### **Protecting your router**

- To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the follow:
- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperatures, direct sunlight,

caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.

- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

## Regulatory and Type Approval Information

## Table 1: Directives

2002/95/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	ROH5 compliant
2002/96/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste electrical and e equipment (WEEE)	electronic
2003/108/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 December 2003 amending directive 2002/96/ec on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	

## Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	<ul> <li>"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products"</li> <li>(2006-06).</li> <li>According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused</li> <li>by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental</li> <li>Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits</li> <li>described in the Hardware Interface Description.</li> <li>Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.</li> </ul>

Table 3: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

Name of the part	Hazardous substances					
Name of the part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal Parts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circuit Modules	х	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and Cable Assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and Polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

x:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

#### **Revision History**

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Release Date	Firmware Version	Doc Version	Details
2013-01-24	1.00	1.00	First Release.
2013-03-15	1.01	1.01	Update firmware; Add configuration examples.
2013-05-09	1.01	1.02	Update firmware; Add configuration examples.
2013-05-21	1.01	1.03	Modify application diagrams and some characters

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# **Chapter 1. Product Concept**

## 1.1 Overview

Robustel GoRugged R3000-3P is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

- Dual SIM redundancy for continuous cellular connection, supports 2G/3G.
- Antenna diversity for improved fringe performance optional.
- Two Ethernet ports, can be configured as two LANs or one LAN one WAN (supports wireless WAN and wired WAN backup).
- One RS232, one RS485, one console port, two digital inputs, two digital outputs, one high speed USB host up to 480 Mbps.
- Six LED indicators provide status and signal strength (RSSI).
- Wide range input voltages from 9 to 60 VDC and wide range operating temperature: -25 to 65 °C.
- The metal enclosure can be mounted on a DIN-rail or on the wall, also with extra ground screw.
- Network protocols such as PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs.
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP client/server, GRE.
- Management via Web, CLI, SNMP.
- Supports Modbus/RTU to Modbus/TCP gateway.
- Auto reboot during a preset time of a day.
- Firmware upgrade via web interface.

## 1.2 Packing List

Check your package to make certain it contains the following items:

• Robustel GoRugged R3000-3P router x 1



• 3-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for power connector x 1



• 7-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for serial port, I/O and console port x 1



• CD with user guide x 1 **Note**: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional accessories (can be purchased separately):

SMA antenna (Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna optional) x 1
 Stubby antenna Magnet antenna



• Ethernet cable x 1



• Wall Mounting Kit



• 35mm Din-Rail mounting kit



• AC/DC Power Supply Adapter (12VDC, 1.5A) x 1 (EU, US, UK, AU plug optional)



## 1.3 Specifications

#### **Cellular Interface**

- Standards:UMTS
- HSUPA: 900/2100 or 850/1900 MHz optional, DL/UL 7.2/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
- SIM: 2 x (3V & 1.8V)
- Antenna Interface: SMA Female, 50 ohms impedance
   Ethernet Interface
- Number of Ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 LANs or 1 LAN 1 WAN
- Magnet Isolation Protection: 1.5KV

#### Serial Interface

- Number of Ports: 1 x RS-232, 1 x RS-485
- ESD Protection: 15KV
- Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1
- Baud Rate: 2000bps to 115200bps
- Flow Control: RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF
- RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
- RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B), GND
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

#### **Digital Input**

- Type: 2 x DI, Dry Contact
- Dry Contact: On: short to GND, Off: open
- Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms
- Digital Filtering Time Interval: Software selectable
- Over-voltage Protection: 36 VDC
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

#### **Digital Output**

- Type: 2 x DO, Sink
- Over-voltage Protection: 40 VDC
- Over-current Protection: 0.5 A
- Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

#### System

- LED Indicators: 6 indicators, RUN, PPP, USR, RSSI, NET, SIM
- Built-in RTC, Watchdog, Timer
- Expansion: 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps
- Storage: 1 x MicroSD, can expand up to 32G

#### Software

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP v1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS, ARP, SSH, SNTP, Telnet
- LinkGo: PPP LCP Echo/Reply, ICMP to keep always online
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP, GRE
- Firewall: SPI, anti-DoS, Filter, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, Telnet, SNMP v1/v2/v3
- Serial Port: TCP client/server, UDP, Virtual COM

## **Power Supply and Consumption**

- Power Supply Interface: 5mm terminal block with lock
- Input Voltage: 9 to 60 VDC
- Power Consumption: Idle: 100 mA @ 12 V
  - Data Link: 500 to 1000 mA (peak) @ 12 V

## **Physical Characteristics**

- Housing & Weight: Metal, 500g
- Dimension: (L x W x H): 125 x 108 x 45 mm
- Installation: 35mm Din-Rail or wall mounting or desktop

## **Environmental Limits**

- Operating Temperature & Humidity: -25 to 65°C, 5 to 95% RH
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C

#### **Regulatory and Type Approvals**

- Approval & Detective: CE, FCC, PTCRB, A-Tick, RoHS, WEEE
- EMC: EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 4, EN 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 4
   EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 4, EN 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3
   EN 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 3, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-12

## 1.4 Selection and Ordering Data

Please refer to corresponding R3000-3P datasheet.

# **Chapter 2. Installation**

## 2.1 LED Indicators



Name	Color	Function
		Indicating the system status.
	Green	Blinking: Router is ready.
KUN	Green	On: Router is starting.
		Off: Router is power off.
		Indicating the PPP connection status.
РРР	Green	On: PPP connection is established.
		Off: PPP connection is failed.
		Indicating the VPN status.
USR	Green	On: VPN tunnel is established.
		Off: No VPN tunnel.
	Green	Signal level: 21-31 (Perfect signal level)
RSSI	Yellow	Signal level: 11-20 (Normal signal level)
	Red	Signal level: 1-10 (Bad signal level)
NET	Yellow	Working under 3G network.
	Green	2 SIM cards are inserted.
SIM	Yellow	Only SIM 1 is inserted.
	Red	Only SIM 2 is inserted.

## 2.2 Mounting the Router

Use 2 pcs of M3 screw to mount the router on the wall.



Or to mount the router on a DIN rail, you need three pcs of M3 screws.



## 2.3 Install the SIM Card and Micro SD Card



## Inserting SIM Card or Micro SD Card

- 1. Make sure power supply is disconnected.
- 2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw on the cover, and then remove the cover, you could find the SIM Card slots and the Micro SD slot.
- 3. Insert the SIM card or Micro SD card, and you need press the card with your fingers until you hear "a cracking sound". Then use a screwdriver to screw the cover.

#### Removing SIM Card or Micro SD Card

- 1. Make sure your charger is disconnected, and then press and hold down the power key until the *router* is powered off.
- 2. Press the card until you hear "a cracking sound", when the card will pop up to be pulled out.

#### Note:

- 1. Don't forget screw the cover for again-theft.
- 2. Don't touch the metal surface of the SIM card in case information in the card is lost or destroyed.
- 3. Don't bend or scratch your SIM card. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 4. Make sure to disconnect the power source from your router before inserting and removing your SIM card or Micro SD card..

## 2.4 Connect the External Antenna (SMA Type)

Connect this to an external antenna with SMA male connector. Make sure the antenna is for the correct frequency as your 3G operator with impedance of 500hm, and also connector is secured tightly.



## 2.5 PIN assignment for Router



PIN	Debug	RS232	Power	Digital I/O	RS485
1	RXD				
2	TXD				
3	GND	GND			
4		TXD			
5		RXD			
6		RTS			
7		CTS			
8			Positive		
9			Negative		
10			GND		
11				Input 1	
12				Input 2	
13				Output 1	
14				Output 2	
15				GND	
16					Data+(A)
17					Data- (B)

**Note**: The power supply range is 12 to 70VDC. Please take care about the polarity, and do not make reverse connection.

## 2.6 Grounding the Router



Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground

connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices. *Note:* This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

## 2.7 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Push the button for 5 seconds under working status.
Restore to factory	Push the button for 60 seconds once you power on the router until all the three LEDs at the
default setting	left side (RUN, PPP, USR) blink at the same time for 5 times.

## Chapter 3. Configuration settings over web browser

The router can be configured through your web browser. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. The product provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration.

There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. The best and easiest way is to configure the PC to get an IP address automatically from the router using DHCP. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as these tend to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

## 3.1 Configuring PC in Windows

- 1. Go to Start / Control Panel (in Classic View). In the Control Panel, double-click Network Connections.
- 2. Double-click Local Area Connection.



3. In the Local Area Connection Status window, click Properties.

🕹 Local Area Co	nnection Status	? 🛛
General Support		
Connection		
Status:		Connected
Duration:		00:05:56
Speed:		1.0 Gbps
Activity	Sent — 剩 ·	- Received
Bytes:	351,881	302,116
Properties	Disable	Close

4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

🗕 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🕐	×
General Authentication Advanced	
Connect using:	
B ASUSTEK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller	
Configure	
This connection uses the following items:	
<ul> <li>Client for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>QoS Packet Scheduler</li> <li>Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)</li> </ul>	
Install     Uninstall     Properties	
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	
Show icon in notification area when connected	
OK Cancel	

5. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prop	erties 🛛 💽 🔀
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auto this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings.	omatically if your network supports ask your network administrator for
<ul> <li>Obtain an IP address automatica</li> </ul>	ally
OUse the following IP address: —	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address auto</li> </ul>	matically
OUse the following DNS server ac	Idresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced
	OK Cancel

6. Click OK to finish the configuration.

## 3.2 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
Eth0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled.

User authentication re	quired. Login please.
Username:	admin
Password:	•••••
Language:	English 💌
Please enter your login	username and password.
	Login

## 3.3 Control Panel

This section allows users to save configuration, reboot router, logout and select language.

lobustel						• Save	• Reboot	• Logout	• English 💌
								Logge	ed in as: admin
atus 🔷	System	n							
System	LEDs Inform	nation							^
Network	RUN:	GREEN/BLINK		RSSI:	OFF				
oute	PPP:	OFF		NET:	OFF				
N	USR:	GREEN/ON		SIM:	YELLOW/ON				
ces	Poutor Info	rmation							
t/Log	Device I	Indel:							
guration	Serial N	inder:	robustel	sn					
	Device N	lame:	Cellular	Router					
vianagement	Firmwan	e Version:	1 01 00	Noucer					
	Hardwar	e Version:	1.01.00						
	Kernel V	ersion:	2.6.39-4						
17	Radio Mi	odule Type:	BGS2						
<u></u>	Radio Fir	mware Version:							
ing	Uptime:		0 davs 0	0:15:38					
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	CPU Loa	ıd:	09.64%						
<u> </u>	RAM Tot	al/Free:	123.10M	IB/74.90MI	3(60.84%)				
/PN	System '	Time:	2007-01	-02 02:19	:28				
<u> </u>	Current WA	NLink							
	Current WA		Ethorpoi	_					
	TD Addre		170 16 /	-					
	Gatoway	···	172.10.2	1 1					
	NotMac	y.	255 255	,. <u>.</u> 					
er IP	Necridor		200,200	.0.0					*
ne Book									Refresh

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Control Panel			
Item	Description	Button	
Save	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash.	• Save	
Reboot	After save the current configuration, router needs to be rebooted to make the modification taking effect.	• Reboot	
Logout	Click to return to the login page.	• Logout	
Language	Select from Chinese, English, German, French, Spanish.	• English 💌	
Help	Click to get some help from our website.	• Help	
Refresh	Click to refresh the status.	Refresh	
Apply	Click to apply the modification on every configuration page.	Apply	
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on every configuration page.	Cancel	

*Note:* The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Apply under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Apply under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save ;
- 7. Click Reboot

## 3.4 Status -> System

This section displays the router's system status, which shows you a number of helpful information such as the LEDs information, Router information, Current WAN Link and Cellular Information.

## **LEDs Information**

For the detail description, please refer to 2.2 LED Indicators.

LEDs Inform	mation			
RUN:	GREEN/BLINK	RSSI:	RED/ON	
PPP:	GREEN/ON	NET:	RED/ON	
USR:	OFF	SIM:	RED/ON	

Router Information	

Item	Description
Device Model	Show the model name of this device
Serial Number	Show the serial number of this device
Device Name	Show the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed.
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version
Radio Module Type	Show the current radio module type
Radio Firmware Version	Show the current radio firmware version
Uptime	Show how long the router have been working since power on
CPU Load	Show the current CPU load
RAM Total/Free	Show the total capacity /Free capacity of RAM
System Time	Show the current system time

Ro	uter Information	
	Device Model:	R3000
	Serial Number:	robustel sn
	Device Name:	Cellular Router
	Firmware Version:	1.01.00
	Hardware Version:	1.01.00
	Kernel Version:	2.6.39-3
	Radio Module Type:	EM770W
	Radio Firmware Version:	11.126.10.87.809
	Uptime:	0 days 06:37:42
	CPU Load:	00.00%
	RAM Total/Free:	123.11MB/72.60MB(58.97%)
	System Time:	2013-03-13 14:56:16

Current WAN Link		
Item	Description	
Current WAN Link	Show the current WAN link: Cellular or Eth	
IP Address	Show the current WAN IP address	
Gateway	Show the current gateway	
Netmask	Show the current Netmask	
DNS Server	Show the current primary DNS server and Secondary server	
Keeping DINC ID Address	Show the current ICMP detection server which you can set in "Configuration->Link	
Reeping Pind IP Address	Management".	
	Show the ICMP Detection Interval (s) which you can set in "Configuration->Link	
Reeping Pino Interval	Management".	

Current WAN Link		
Current WAN Link:	Cellular	
IP Address:	10.138.108.79	
Gateway:	192.168.254.254	
NetMask:	255.255.255.255	
DNS Server:	210.21.4.130 221.5.88.88	
Keepalive PING IP Address	5:	
Keepalive PING Interval:	30	

Cellular Information				
Item	Description			
Current SIM	Show the SIM card which the router work with currently: SIM1 or SIM2			
Phone No.	Show the phone number of the current SIM.			
SMS Service Center	Show the SMS Service Center.			
Madam Status	Show the status of modem, such as "ready", "unknown". This tab allow user to			
Modem Status	check whether router has dialed up to network (modem function).			
	Show the current network status. There are 5 different status:			
	1. Not registered, ME is currently not searching for new operator!			
	2. Registered to home network.			
Network Status	3. Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator.			
	4. Registration denied.			
	5. Registered, roaming.			
	6. Unknown.			
Signal Level (RSSI)	Show the current signal level.			
Natural Onerator	Show Mobile Country Code (MCC) +Mobile Network Code (MNC), e.g. 46001.			
Network Operator	Also it will show the Location Area Code (LAC ) and Cell ID.			
Network Service Type	Show the current network service type.			
IMEI/ESN	Show the IMEI/ESN number of the radio module.			
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.			
USB Status	Show the current status of USB host.			

Cellular Information	
Current SIM:	
Phone No.:	
SMS Service Center:	SIM
Modem Status:	Unknown
Network Status:	Not registered, ME is currently not seraching for new operator
Signal Level (RSSI):	and (0,-113DB)
Network Operator:	(LAC: / Cell ID: )
Network Service Type:	Unknown
IMEI/ESN:	357789044494414
IMSI:	SIM failure
USB Status:	Ready

## 3.5 Status -> Network

This section displays the router's Network status, which include status of Cellular WAN, LANO and LAN1.

Eth0 WAN	
Connection Mode:	Static IP
IP Address:	172.16.2.113
Mac Address:	00:ff:74:46:dc:e1
MTU:	1500
Gateway:	0.0.0
NetMask:	255.255.0.0
Primary DNS Server:	0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0

LAN1		
IP Address:	192.168.1.1	
Mac Address:	00:ff:74:46:dc:e2	
MTU:	1500	
NetMask:	255.255.255.0	

**Note**: ETH0 WAN information will not be shown if you select "Cellular Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

## 3.6 Status -> Route

This section displays the router's route table.

Route 1	Fable				
	Destination	NetMask	Gateway	Interface	Metric
	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0	ethO	0
	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0	eth1	0

## 3.7 Status -> VPN

This section displays the router's VPN status, including IPSec, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN and GRE.

]	IPsec	L2TP	РРТ	Р	OpenVI	PN		
IPsec	Status							
	No.	Tunnel name	Status	Co	onnect Time			
	1		LINK_DOWN					
	2		LINK_DOWN					
	3		LINK_DOWN					
IPsec	Detail S	tatus						
S	how Detai	l Status						
	IPsec	L2TP	РРТ	Р	OpenVi	PN		
L2TP	Client							
	No.	Tunnel name	Status	Loc	al IP	Remote IP	Connect Time	
L2TP	Server							
	No.	Tunnel name	Status	Loc	al IP	Remote IP	Connect Time	
	IPsec	L2TP	РРТ	Р	OpenVI	PN		
рртр	Client							
	No.	Tunnel name	Status	Loc	al IP	Remote IP	Connect Time	
рртр	Server							

IP	sec	L2TP	РРТР	OpenVPN	
VPN Sta	atus				
	No.	Tunnel name	Status		

	IPsec	L2TP	РРТ	P Oper	۱VPN	GRE	
GRE							
	No. Tu	nnel name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP	Connect Time	

## 3.8 Status -> Services

This section displays the router's Services' status, including VRRP, DynDNS, and Serial.

VRRP	DynDNS	Serial
VRRP		
VRRP Status:	Bac	kup
Group ID:	1	
Priority:	100	
Interval (s):	10	
Virtual IP:	192	.168.0.1

VRRP	DynDNS	Serial	
DynDNS			
DynDNS is disal	bled!		

RRP	DynDNS	Serial
2: 115200, N, 8,	, 1	
otocol:transparer	nt	
CP server		
Server IP	Server Port	Status
i: 115200, N, 8,	, 1	
)tocol:transparer	nt	
CP server		
Server IP	Server Port	Status
i: ot	115200, N, 8, cocol:transparer P server Server IP 115200, N, 8, cocol:transparer P server Server IP	115200, N, 8, 1         cocol:transparent         P server         Server IP         Server Port         115200, N, 8, 1         cocol:transparent         P server         Server IP         Server Port         Server IP         Server Port         Server         Server

## 3.9 Status -> Event/Log

This section displays the router's event/log information. You need to enable router to output the log and select the log level first, then you can view the log information here. Also you can click tab Download System Diagnosing Data

#### to download diagnose data.

	Event/Log
Item	Description
Download	Select the log messages you want to download.
Log Level	Select the Log level in the drop-down menu: DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, WARNING, ERR, CRIT, ALERT, EMERG.

## Event/Log Messages

Download:	Please Select 💌
Log Level:	DEBUG 🐱
07-01-05 09:44:49 <0> router 07-01-05 09:44:49 <0> router 07-01-05 09:44:53 <0> router 07-01-05 09:44:53 <1> Quagg 07-01-05 09:44:54 <4> router	: Firmware version: 1.01.00 May 6 2013 11:21:32 : start dhcpd : snmpd start up. Starting to process data. ja: Zebra 0.99.21 starting: vty@9888 : no sim card insert

#### Download System Diagnosing Data

Download System Diagnosing Data

## 3.10 Configuration -> Link Management

This section allows users to set the WAN link and the related parameters.

Link Management					
Item	Description	Default			
	Selected from "Cellular Only", "Eth0 Only", "Eth0 as primary and if fail use				
	cellular" and "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0".				
	1. Cellular Only: Select to make cellular as the only WAN link.				
M/ANLLink	2. Eth0 Only: Select to make Eth0 as the only WAN link	Cellular			
	3. Eth0 as primary and if fail use cellular: Select to make Eth0 as the primary	Only			
	WAN link and cellular as the secondary WAN link.				
	4. Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0: Select to make cellular as the				
	primary WAN link and Eth0 as the secondary WAN link.				
ICMP Detection Primary	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	Null			
Server	current connectivity is active.	Null			
ICMP Detection	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	Null			
Secondary Server	current connectivity is active.	Null			
ICMP Detection Interval	Set the ping interval time.	Null			
ICMP Detection Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	30			
ICMD Detection Patrice	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously for Max				
ICIVIP Detection Retries	Retries time, it will consider that the connection has been lost.	5			
Posot The Interface	Enable to reset the cellular/ETH0 interface after the max ICMP detection	2			
Nesel IIIe IIIleIIdle	retries.	5			

Link Management Settings		
WAN link:	Eth0 Only	*
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	8.8.8	
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	8.8.4.4	
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30	
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3	
ICMP Detection Retries:	3	
Reset The Interface		
*It is recommended to use an ICMP detection	n server to keep router alw	ays online.
*The ICMP detection increases the reliability	and also cost data flow.	
*DNS example: Google DNS Server 8.8.8.8 a	nd 8.8.4.4	

## 3.11 Configuration -> Cellular WAN

This section allows users to set the Cellular WAN and the related parameters.

**Note**: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

Basic @Cellular WAN				
	Cellular Settings			
Item	Description	Default		
Network Provider Type	Select from "Auto", "Custom" or the ISP name you preset in "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"ISP Profile". Auto: Router will get the ISP information from SIM card, and set the APN, username and password automatically. This option only works when the SIM card is from well known ISP. Custom: Users need to set the APN, username and password manually.	Auto		
APN	Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null		
Username	User Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.			
Password	Password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null		
Dialup No.	Dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#		

	After click this button, you could input your SIM's PIN and store the current		
	PIN in its memory, and then enter the PIN automatically each time the		
	system boots up.		
PIN code request	Note: Please ask your local ISP to see whether your SIM card requiring	Null	
	PIN or not.		
	If you want to change the SIM PIN, please click the button to enable it, and		
	then input the new PIN.		
	Connection Mode		
	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect On Demand".		
	Always Online: Router will automatically to establish a 3G connection		
	after power on and each restarts, this will remain and will be re-established		
	after an interruption.	Connect	
Connection Mode	Connect On Demand: After selection this option, user could configure	On	
	Triggered by Serial Data, Triggered by Periodically Connect and Triggered by	Demand	
	Time Schedule.		
	<b>Note</b> : If you select several connect on demand polices, router only have to		
	meet one of them to be triggered.		
De diel later al	Router will automatically re-connect with this interval when it fails	20	
Rediai Intervai	communicating to peer via TCP or UDP	30	
	The maximum retries times for automatically re-connect when router fails		
	to dial up.		
	After maximum retries, router will reboot the wireless module. If router still	2	
IVIAX RETRIES	cannot dial up successfully, it will try to switch to the other SIM card. Then	3	
	router will re-connect with the other SIM card with maximum retries.		
	When connecting successful, the Max Retries counter will be set to 0.		
	You can configure this field after setting router under "Connect On		
	Demand" mode.		
Inactivity Time	This field specifies the idle time setting for 3G auto-disconnection and	0	
	trying to revert back to preferred SIM card.		
	0 means timeless.		
Carial Quitaut Cantant	The content which output to the serial device which connect to router and	NLUI	
Senal Output Content	inform it that router is ready to receive serial data.	NUII	
Triggered by Carial Data	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	Fnabla	
The series by Series Data	from idle mode when there is data come out from serial port.	Enable	
Triggered by Tel	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	Disable	
The second	from idle mode when make a voice call to router.	DISable	
Triggered by CMC	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	Disable	
The server by Sivis	from idle mode when send a specific SMS to router.	DISADIE	
SMC Connect Command	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to connect to cellular	NUUL	
SIVIS CONNECT COMMAND	network.	NUII	
SMS Disconnect	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to disconnect to cellular	Null	
Command	network.	null	
SMS Connect Dealer	When router connect to cellular network, it will automatically send out this	Null	
Sivis Connect Reply	SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).	INUII	

SMS Disconnect Reply	When router disconnect from cellular network, it will automatically send out this SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).	Null
Phone Group	Click to add Phone Group to Set specific users' phone Book and which phone Group they are belonged to.	Null
Periodically Connect	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular network with preset interval which you preset in <i>Periodically Connect</i> <i>Interval</i> .	Enable
Periodically Connect Interval	Periodically Connect Interval for Periodically Connect.	300
Time Schedule	Select the Time Range to allow router automatically connects to cellular network during this time range.	NULL
Time Range	Adding the Time Range for Time Schedule. You can set the days of one week and at most three ranges of time of one day.	Null
	Dual SIM Policy	
Main SIM Card	Set the preferred SIM card from SIM 1, SIM 2 or Auto.	SIM1
Switch to backup SIM card when connection fails	Router will switch to another SIM card if main SIM card fail to connect to network.	Disable
Switch to backup SIM card when ICMP Detection fails	Router will switch to another SIM card if it cannot dialup or ping the preset address timeout continuously for Max Retries time,	Disable
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected	Router will switch to backup SIM card when preferred SIM card is roaming.	Disable
Preferred PLMN	The identifier for Router to check if it is in home location area or in roaming area, and decide if it needs to switch back to preferred SIM card.	Null
Switch to backup SIM card when data limit is exceeded	If the SIM card that the router worked with currently has reached the data traffic limitation you preset, it will switch to the other SIM card.	Disable
Max Data limitation(MB)	Set the monthly data traffic limitation.	100
Date of Month to Clean	Set one day of month to restore the used data to 0.	1
Already used	This tab will show how many data traffic has been used.	0
Switch back Main SIM card after timeout(min)	Enable to Switch back Main SIM card after the Initial timeout.	Disable
Initial Timeout(min)	Set the initial timeout.	60

**Note**: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

Cellular Settings		
	SIM1	SIM2
Status:	Not Ready	Not Ready
Network Provider Type:	Auto 💌	Auto 💌
APN:		
Username:		
Password:		
Dialup No.:	*99***1#	*99***1#
PIN code request:	Set PIN Code	Set PIN Code

nection Mode									
Connection Mode:	C	onnect	on de	mand	*				
Redial Interval (s):	30								
Max Retries:	3								
Inactivity Time (s):	0								
Serial Output Content (	Hex):								
🗹 Triggered by Serial (	Data								
🗹 Triggered by Tel									
🗹 Triggered by SMS									
SMS Connect command	:								
SMS disconnect comma	nd:								
SMS connect reply:									
SMS disconnect reply:									
Phone Group:	N	ill 🔽	Click t	o ada	Phon	eGroup!			
Periodically connect									
Periodically connect inte	erval (s): 30	0							
Time schedule:	N	πl	*						
Time Range									
Name SUN I	MON TUE	WED 1	THU	FRI	SAT	Time Range1	Time Range2	Time Range3	
schedule_1 🗹					<b>~</b>	08:10-12:00	14:10-20:15		x
								Add	

al SIM Policy			
Main SIM Card:	SIM1 💌		
🗹 Switch to backup SIM car	d when connection fails		
🗹 Switch to backup SIM car	d when ICMP Detection fails		
🗹 Switch to backup SIM car	d when roaming is detected		
Preferred PLMN:			
🗹 Switch to backup SIM car	d when data limit is exceeded		
Max Data Limitation (MB):	100	100	
Date of Month to clean:	1	1	
Already used (KB):	0	0	
	Clear	Clear	
🗹 Switch back Main SIM car	d after timeout		
Initial Timeout (min):	60		

Advanced @Cellular WAN					
Item	Description	Default			
Phone No.	Set the SIM card's phone number, and it will be showed in "Status"->"System"->"System"->"Cellular WAN Information"-"SIM Phone Number". In general, you don't need to set this number because router will read it from the SIM card automatically.	Null			
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP" and "CHAP" as the local ISP required	Auto			
МТU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	UMTS			
MRU Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.					
Asyncmap Value	alue One of the PPP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.				
Use Peer DNS	Enable to obtain the DNS server's address from the ISP.	Enable			
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null			
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null			
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable			
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable			
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp			

Cellular Advanced Settings		
	SIM1	SIM2
Phone No.:		
Authentication:	Aut o 💌	Auto 🔽
MTU:	1500	1500
MRU:	1500	1500
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff	fffffff
Use Peer DNS:	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	$\checkmark$
Primary DNS Server:		
Secondary DNS Server:		
Address/Control Compression:	✓	
Protocol Field Compression:		$\checkmark$
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp	noccp nobsdcomp

## **ISP Profile**

This section allow users to preset some ISP profiles which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".

Cellular WAN @ Basic					
ltem	Description	Default			
ISP	Input the ISP's name which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".	Null			
APN, Username,	All these peremeters were provided by the ISD				
Password, Dialup No.	All these parameters were provided by the ISP.	INUII			

# ISP Profile List ISP APN Username Password Dialup No. CMMC cmnet \*99\*\*\*1# X

## 3.12 Configuration -> Ethernet

Eth0@Ethernet				
Item	Description	Default		
Ethernet Interface Type	Eth0 can work under two different kinds of mode: LAN and WAN.	LAN		
Enable Bridge @ LAN	Enable to make Eth0 works under bridge mode with Eth1. Eth0 and	Fnabla		
Interface	Eth1 will have the same IP address under this mode.	спаріе		
IP Address, Netmask,	Set the IP address, Netmask and MTU of Eth0/Eth1. These parameters	NUI		
MTU @ LAN Interface	will be un-configurable if you enable Bridge.	Null		
Multiple IP Address @	Assign multiple IP addresses for Eth0/Eth1.	Null		

This section allows users to set the Ethernet WAN and LAN parameters.

LAN Interface		
Enable DHCP Server @ DHCP Server	Enable to make router can lease IP address to DHCP clients which connect to Eth0/Eth1.	Enable
IP Pool Start, IP Pool End @ DHCP Server	Define the beginning (IP Pool Start) and end (IP Pool End) of the pool of IP addresses which will lease to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2/ 192.168.0.10 0
Netmask @ DHCP Server	Define the Netmask which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	255.255.255. 0
Lease Time @ DHCP Server(min)	Define the time which the client can use the IP address which obtained from DHCP server.	60
Primary/Secondary DNS Server @ DHCP Server	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	192.168.0.1/ 0.0.0.0
Windows Name Server @ DHCP Server	Define the WINS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	192.168.0.1
Static Lease @ DHCP Server	Define to lease static IP Addresses, which conform to MAC Address of the connected equipment.	Null

Ethernet Interface Type		
⊙ LAN	O WAN	

LAN Interface	
🗹 Enable Bridge (As	2 Ports Switch)
IP Address:	192.168.0.1
NetMask:	255.255.255.0
MTU:	1500

Multiple I	IP Address						
	IP Address	NetMask	1				
	98	Add	Ĵ				
DHCP Server							
-------------------------	---------------						
🗹 Enable DHCP Server							
IP Pool Start:	192.168.0.2						
IP Pool End:	192.168.0.100						
NetMask:	255.255.255.0						
Lease Time (min):	60						
Primary DNS Server:	192.168.0.1						
Secondary DNS Server:							
Windows Name Server:	192.168.0.1						
Static Lease							
MAC Address	IP Address						
*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	Add						

# 3.13 Configuration -> Serial

This section allows users to set the serial parameters.

RS232 @ Serial		
Item	Description	Default
Baud-rate         Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200"and "230400".		115200
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" and "Hardware".	None
Protocol	<ol> <li>Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus" and "AT Over COM".</li> <li>Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols.</li> <li>Modbus: Router will transfer the serial data into Modbus TCP protocol.</li> <li>AT Over COM: select to operate router via RS232 COM port. For example, enter AT commands to router via RS232 COM port.</li> </ol>	None
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port @Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. <b>Note:</b> This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	None

show	Protocol	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting	Disable
Advanced	@	The to enable protocol advanced setting.	DISADIE

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Transparent		
	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular	
Interval Timeout	WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field.	10
@Transparent	<i>Note</i> : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings	10
	even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	
	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed	
	to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no	
	maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by	
Packet Length	the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a	
@Transparent	packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be	1360
	sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	
	<b>Note</b> : Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter	
	settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	
	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will gueue the data in the buffer and	
	send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific character.	
Enable Delimiter1/2	entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character may be enabled	Disable
,	and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters act as the delimiter	
	to control when data should be sent	
Delimiter1/2 (Hex)		
@Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
enanoparent	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a delimiter	
	is received	
Delimiter Process	None: Data in the huffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received: the	Strin
@Transparent	data also includes the delimiter characters	Strip
	Strin: Data in the huffer is first stringed of the delimiter before being transmitted	
Local Port @Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus	0
	Select From "Modbus PTU slove" "Modbus ASC II slove" "Modbus PTU mostor"	0
	and "Modbus ASC II master"	
	and Modbus ASCII master.	
	Nodbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus	
	RIU protocol.	Modbu
Attached serial device	Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus	s RTU
type @iviodbus		slave
	Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
	Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
Modbus Slave	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This	
@Modbus	section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus ASC II	Null
	master" in "Attached serial device type".	
Slave Address	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which as	Null
	TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	
Slave Port	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Display all com @ AT	Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally,	Disable

Over COM	router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to .	
	Note: Enable this function will disable Cellular WAN function.	
COM Name	Show the virtual com name of the module inside	/dev/tt
	Show the virtual commane of the module inside.	

Serial Port Settings	
Baudrate:	115200 💌
Data bit:	8 💌
Parity:	None 💌
Stop bit:	1 💌
Flow control:	None 🔽

#### When Select Transparent Protocol:

Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	Transparent 💌
Mode:	TCP server 💟
Local Port:	502
🗹 Show Protocol Advanced	
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10
Packet Length:	1360
🗹 Enable Delimiter1	
Delimiter1 (Hex):	0
🗹 Enable Delimiter2	
Delimiter2 (Hex):	0
Delimiter Process:	Strip 💌

#### When Select Modbus Protocol:

otocol Settings			
Protocol:	Modbus 🗸		
Local Port:	0		
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU master	~	
Modbus Slave			
Slave Address	Slave Port	ID	
*ID:<1-247> or <1-247;	>-<1-247>	Add	

When Select AT Over COM Protocol:

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Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	AT Over COM 💌
🗹 Display all com (Note enable	this function will disable cellular WAN.)
COM Name:	/dev/ttyS1 💌

RS485 @ Serial		
Item	Description	Default
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600" , "115200"and "230400".	
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1
Protocol	Select from "None", "Transparent" and "Modbus". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus: Router will transmit the serial data with Modbus protocol.	Transparen t
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port @Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. <b>Note:</b> This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	Null
Enable Protocol @Transparen t	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable
Interval Timeout @Transparent	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. <b>Note</b> : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	10
Packet Length @Transparent	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length. <i>Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter</i> <i>settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.</i>	1360

Enable Delimiter1	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer	Disable
-------------------	--	---------

	and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific	
	character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character	
	may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters	
	act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	
Delimiter1 (Hex) @ Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a	
	delimiter is received.	
Delimiter Process @	None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received;	Chuin
Transparent	the data also includes the delimiter characters.	Strip
	Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being	
	transmitted.	
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC $\amalg$ slave", "Modbus RTU	
	master" and "Modbus ASC ${ m II}$ master".	
	Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
Attached serial device	Modbus ASC ${ m II}$ slave: router connects to slave device which works under	
type @Modbus	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
	Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
	Modbus ASC ${ m II}$ master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
Madhua Clava @	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This	
Modbus Slave @	section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus	Null
woubus	ASC II master" in "Attached serial device type".	
Slave Address	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which	Null
Slave Audress	as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	
Slave Port	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null

Serial Port Settings	
Baudrate:	115200 💌
Data bit:	8 🗸
Parity:	None 💌
Stop bit:	1

#### Robustel GoRugged R3000-3P User Guide

otocol Se	ttings			
Protocol	:	Transparent 💌		
Mode:		TCP client		
Local Po	rt:	503		
Multipl	e Server			
	Server IP	Server Port	Send data to Serial	
			✓	x
			Add	Ĵ
Show	v Protocol Advanced			
Interval	Timeout (1*10ms):	10		
Packet L	ength:	1360		
🗹 Enab	le Delimiter1			
Delimiter	1 (Hex):	0		
🗹 Enab	le Delimiter2			
Delimiter	2 (Hex):	0		
Delimiter	Process:	Strip 💌		

otocol Settings			
Protocol:	Modbus 💌		
Local Port:	0		
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU master	/	
Modbus Slave			
Slave Address	Slave Port	ID	
*ID:<1-247> or <1-247>	-<1-247>	Add	

### 3.14 Configuration -> USB

This section allows users to set the USB parameters.

USB		
ltem	Description	Default
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the configuration file of R3000-3P when	Disable
of configuration	insert the USB storage devices which has R3000-3P's configuration file.	Disable
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the firmware of R3000-3P when insert	Dicable
of firmware	the USB storage devices which has R3000-3P's firmware.	Disable

**Note**: Users can insert an USB storage device, such as U disk and hard disk, into the router's USB interface, if there is configuration file or firmware of R3000-3P inside the USB storage devices, R3000-3P will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. We will provide another file to show how to do USB automatic update.

#### **USB** Configuration

- Enable automatic update of configuration
- 🗹 Enable automatic update of firmware

# 3.15 Configuration -> NAT/DMZ

#### This section allows users to set the NAT/DMZ parameters.

Port Forwarding @ NAT/DMZ			
Itom	Description		
item	Description	t	
Port Forwarding	Manually defining a rule in the router to send all data received on some range	Null	
Port forwarding	of ports on the internet side to a port and IP address on the LAN side.	Null	
Remote IP	Set the remote IP address.	Null	
Arrives At Port	The port of the internet side which you want to forward to LAN side.	Null	
Is Forwarded to IP	The device's ID on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to	NUI	
Address	The device's IP on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	nun	
Is Forwarded to Port	The device's port on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	Null	
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP&UDP" which depends on the application.	ТСР	

#### Port Forwarding

-						
Remote IP	Arrives At Port	Is Forwarded to IP Address	Is Forwarded to Port	Protocol		
				TCP	*	x
*Remote IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.0/24,1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 0.0.0.0 means any			Add			
*Arrives At Port: <1-65536>	or <1-65536>-<1-	-65536>				

DMZ @ NAT/DMZ			
Item	Description	Default	
	DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except		
DIVIZ	those ports otherwise forwarded.	nun	
Enable DMZ	Select to enable the DMZ function.	Enable	
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host which on the internal network.	0.0.0.0	
Source Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	0.0.0.0	

Enable DMZ	
Enable DMZ	
DMZ Settings	
DMZ Host:	
Source Address:	
	*1.1.1.1", "1.1.1.1/24", "1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2", "0.0.0.0" means any

# 3.16 Configuration -> Firewall

This section allows users to set the firewall parameters.

Filter Basic Settings @ Firewall				
Item	Description	Default		
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remetaly on the internet side via UTTD	Fnabla		
НТТР	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via HTTP.	Enable		
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enable		
TELNET	Telnet.	Ellable		
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enable		
SNMP	SNMP.	Ellable		
Remote Ping Request	Enable to make router reply the Ping requests from the internet side.	Enable		
Defend Dec Attack	Enable to defend dos attack. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or	Fnabla		
Delena Dos Allack	network resource unavailable to its intended users.	Enable		

#### Filter Basic Settings

- Remote Access Using HTTP
- Remote Access Using TELNET
- Remote Access Using SNMP
- Remote Ping Request
- Defend DoS Attack

Filtering @ Firewall			
Item	Description	Default	
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".		
	Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit		
Default Filter Policy	the filter list.	Accept	
	Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit		
	the filter list.		
Add Filter List	Click "Add" to add a filter list.	Null	
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".		
	Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit		
Action	this filter rule.	Accept	
	Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit		
	this filter rule.		
Source ID	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	Null	
Source IP	by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	Null	
Source Dort	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of port which is defined by	NUU	
Source Port	Source Port.	NUII	
Target IP Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	NUI	
	by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	NUII	
Target Port	Defines if access is allowed tone or a range of port which is defined by Target	Null	

	Port.	
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP", "TCP&UDP", "ICMP" or "ALL". If you don't know what kinds of protocol of your application, we recommend you select "ALL".	ТСР

Note: You can use "-" to define a range of IP addresses or ports, e.g. 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 10000-12000.

)efault Filter Pol	ісу					
Accept	0	Drop				
dd Filter List						
Action	Source IP	Source Port	Target IP Address	Target Port	Protocol	
Accept 💌					ТСР	<b>x</b>
*IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1	.1.0/24,1.1.1.1-2.2.2	.2, 0.0.0.0 means ar	<i>iy</i>		Add	
*Port: <1-65536	> or <1-65536>-<1-6	5536>				

Mac-IP Bounding @ Firewall			
Item	Description	Default	
Mac-IP Bounding	The defined host (MAC) on the LAN side only can use the defined IP address to		
	communicate with router, or will be rejected.	NUII	
Mac Address	Enter the defined host's Mac Address.	Null	
IP Address	Enter the defined host's IP Address.	Null	

MAC-IP B	Bunding List	
	MAC Address	IP Address
	*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	Add

# 3.17 Configuration -> IP Routing

This section allows users to set the IP routing parameters.

Static Route @ IP Routing			
Item	Description	Default	
Static Route Table	Allow users to add, delete or modify static route rules manually.	Null	
Interface	Select from "WAN", "LAN_0" or "LAN_1".	WAN	
Destination	Enter the destination host's IP address or destination network.	Null	
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of the destination or destination network.	Null	
Catoway	Enter the gateway's IP address of this static route rule. Router will forward all the		
Galeway	data which fit for the destination and Netmask to this gateway.	INUII	

Interfac	e	Destination	NetMask	Gateway	
WAN	~				)

RIP @ IP Routing				
Item	Description	Default		
RIP	RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a distance-vector routing protocol, which employs the hop count as a routing metric. RIP prevents routing loops by implementing a limit on the number of hops allowed in a path from the source to a destination.	Null		
Enable RIP Protocol Setting	Tick to enable RIP function.	Disable		
<b>RIP Protocol Version</b>	Select from "RIPv1" and "RIPv2".	RIPv1		
Neighbor IP	If you input this neighbor IP, router will only send RIP request massage to this IP instead of broadcast. This item only needs to be set in some unicast network.	0.0.0.0		
Update times	Defines the interval between routing updates.	30		
Timeout	Defines the route aging time. If no update for a route is received after the aging time elapses, the metric of the route is set to 16 in the routing table.	180		
Garbage	Defines the interval from when the metric of a route becomes 16 to when it is deleted from the routing table. During the Garbage-Collect timer length, RIP advertises the route with the routing metric set to 16. If no update is announced for that route after the Garbage-Collect timer expires, the route will be deleted from the routing table.	120		
Enable Advance	Tick to enable RIP protocol Advance Setting.	Disable		
Default Metric	This value is used for redistributed routes.	1		
Distance	The first criterion that a router uses to determine which routing protocol to use if two protocols provide route information for the same destination.	120		

Passive		Select from "None", "Eth0", "Eth1" and "Default". This command sets the specified interface to passive mode. On passive mode interface, all receiving packets are processed as normal and Rip info does not send either multicast or unicast RIP packets except to RIP neighbors specified	None
		with neighbor command.	
		The default is to be passive on all interfaces.	
Enable	Default	Enable to make router send the default route to the other routers which in the	Dicable
Originatio	n	same IGP AS.	Disable
Enable	Redistribute	Redistribute connected routes into the RIP tables	Disable
Connect		Redistribute connected routes into the Kir tables.	DISADIE
Enable	Redistribute	Padistributos routing information from statis routo ontrios into the PID tables	Dicablo
Static		Redistributes routing mormation from static route entries into the Rip tables.	Disable
Enable OSPF	Redistribute	Redistributes routing information from OSPF route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable

Network List	Router will only report the RIP information in this list to its neighbor.	Null
Network Address	Enter the Network address which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Network's Netmask which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null

RIPipv4 Enabled		
Enable RIP Protoco	ol Setting	
RIP Protocol Version		
RIPv1	O RIPv2	
RIP Protocol common Se	ttings	
Neighbor IP:		
Update time(s):	30	
Timeout(s):	180	
Garbage(s):	120	
RIP protocol Advance Se	tting	
🗹 Enable Advance		
default Metric:	1	
Distance:	120	
Passive:	None 🗸	
🗌 Enable Default orig	jination	
🗌 Enable Redistribute	e Connect	
🗌 Enable Redistribute	e Static	
Enable Redistribut	e Ospf	
Network List		
Network A	ddress NetMask	:
		Add

OSPF @ IP Routing			
ltem	Description	Default	
	OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) is a link-state routing protocol for IP networks. It		
OSPF	uses a link state routing algorithm and falls into the group of interior routing	Null	
	protocols, operating within a single autonomous system (AS).		
Enable OSPFv2	Tick to enable OSPF function.	Disable	

OSPF Protocol	
Enable OSPFv2	

# 3.18 Configuration -> DynDNS

This section allows users to set the DynDNS parameters.

DynDNS				
Item	Description	Default		
	The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a			
	static hoastmen, allowing users whose ISP does not assign them a			
DueDNC	static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for			
	hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect	Null		
Dynons	to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your	Null		
	dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP			
	address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you			
	by your ISP.			
Enable DynDNS	Tick to enable DynDNS function.	Disable		
Service Type	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS–Dynamic", "QDNS (3322)" and	DynDNS_Dynamic		
Service Type	"NOIP" which you have established an account with.	Dynons-Dynamic		
hoastmen	Enter the Host name the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Username	Enter the user name the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Password	Enter the password the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Force Update	Click to the update and use the DynDNS settings.	Null		
DynDNS Status	Show current status of DynDNS	Null		

DynDNS Settings		
Enable DynDNS		
Service Type:	DynDNS-Dynamic 💌	
Hostname:		
Username:		
Password:		
	Force Update	
DynDNS Status: DynDN	5 is initializing	

# 3.19 Configuration -> IPSec

This section allows users to set the IPSec parameters.

IPSec Basic @ IPSec				
ltem	Description	Default		
Enable NAT Traversal	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for IPSec. This item must be enabled when router			
	under NAT environment.			
Koopaliyo Intorval	The interval that router sends keepalive packets to NAT box so that to avoid it to			
	remove the NAT mapping.	30		

#### IPsec Basic

✓ Enable NAT Traversal

Keepalive Interval(s):

30

IPSec Tunnel @ IPSec				
Item	Description	Default		
Add	Click Add to add new IPSec Tunnel	Null		
Enable	Enable IPSec Tunnel, the max tunnel account is 3	Null		
IPSec Gateway	Enter the address of remate side IDCas V/DN service	NEED		
Address	Enter the address of remote side IPSec VPN server.	NUII		
	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".			
	Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a			
	gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it.			
IPSec Mode	Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a	Tunnel		
	gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host—for example, an			
	encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the			
	router is the actual destination.			
	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".			
IPSec Protocol	ESP: Uses the ESP protocol.	ESP		
	AH: Uses the AH protocol.			
Local Subnet	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0		
Local Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0		
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.			
	"Default" stands for "IP Address".			
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.			
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is			
Local ID Type	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	Default		
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.			
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this			
	option is selected, type a name string with an sign "@" for the local			
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.			
Remote Subnet	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0		
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0		
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.			
Remote ID Type	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.	Default		
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is			
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security			
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.			
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this			
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local			
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.			
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in	Main		
Negotiation Mode	phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPSec tunnel is obtained	IVIdIII		

	dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case,	
	SAs can be established as long as the username and password are	
	correct.	
	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
	DES: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 56-bit key.	
Encryption Algorithm	3DES: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 168-bit key.	3DES
	AES128: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
Authentication	MD5: Uses HMAC-SHA1.	MD5
Algorithm	SHA1: Uses HMAC-MD5.	
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5" to be	
	used in key negotiation phase 1.	
	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	MODP1024_2
	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	

Authentication	Select from "PSK", "CA", "XAUTH Init PSK" and "XAUTH Init CA" to be used in IKE negotiation. PSK: Pre-shared Key. CA: Certification Authority. XAUTH: Extended Authentication to AAA server.	PSK
Secrets	Enter the Pre-shared Key.	Null
Life Time @ IKE Parameter	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	86400
SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5_96", "DES_SHA1_96", "3DES_MD5_96", "3DES_ SHA1_96", "AES128_MD5_96", "AES128_SHA1_96", "AES192_MD5_96", "AES192_SHA1_96", "AES256_MD5_96" and "AES256_SHA1_96" when you select "ESP" in "Protocol"; Select from "AH_MD5_96" and "AH_SHA1_96" when you select "AH" in "Protocol"; <b>Note</b> : Higher security means more complex implementation and lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high confidentiality and security are required.	3DES_MD5_96
PFS Group	Select from "PFS_NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5". PFS_NULL: Disable PFS Group MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group. MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group. MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	PFS_NULL
Life Time @ SA	Set the IPSec SA lifetime.	28800

Parameter	Note: When negotiating to set up IPSec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one	
	between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	
	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPSec protected	
	packets is received from the peer.	
	DPD: Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers.	
	When the local end sends an IPSec packet, DPD checks the time the last	
	IPSec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the DPD	
DPD Time Interval	interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives no	180
	DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it	
	retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD	
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of	
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears	
	the IKE SA and the IPSec SAs based on the IKE SA.	
DPD Timeout	Set the timeout of DPD packets.	60
	Select from "None", "L2TP" and "GRE".	
VPN Over IPSec Type	L2TP Over IPSec: Encrypt theL2TP tunnels using IPSec.	None
	GRE Over IPSec: Encrypt the GRE tunnels using IPSec.	
Enable Compress	nable Compress Tick to enable compressing the inner headers of IP packets.	
Please Add IPSec Tunnel	Click Add to add IPSec Tunnel	Null

sec Tunnel		
Tunnel name	Description	
		Add
- 1		
sec lunnel		
🗹 Enable		
IPsec Common		
IPsec Gateway Address:		
IPsec Mode:	Tunnel 💌	
IPsec Protocol:	ESP 💌	
Local Subnet:		
Local Subnet Mask:		
Local ID Type:	Default 💌	
Remote Subnet:		
Remote Subnet Mask:		
Remote ID Type:	Default 🔽 🗸	

Enable Compress

IKE Parameter	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 🔽
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 💌
DH Group:	MODP1024_2 🐱
Authentication:	PSK 💌
Secrets:	
Life Time(s):	3600
SA Parameter	
SA Algorithm:	3DES_SHA1_96 🛛 🗸
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL 🔽
Life Time(s):	28800
DPD Time Interval (s):	60
DPD Timeout (s):	180
IPsec Advanced	
VPN Over IPsec Type:	NONE 🐱

X.509 @ IPSec				
Item	Description	Default		
Select Cert Type	Select the IPSec tunnel which the certification used for.	Null		
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import"			
CA	to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Remote Public Key file from your PC, and			
Remote Public Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the Remote Public Key file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Public Key file from your PC, and then			
Local Public Key	click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Public Key file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Private Key file from your PC, and then			
Local Private Key	click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Private Key file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import"			
CRL	to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.			
Authentication Status	Show current status parameters of IPSec.	Null		

Authentication Manage				
Select Cert Type:	Tunnel 1 💙			
CA:		浏览	Import	Export
Remote Public Key:		浏览	Import	Export
Local Public Key:		浏览	Import	Export
Local Private Key:		浏览	Import	Export
CRL:		浏览	Import	Export

#### Authentication Status

Cert Type	Ca.crt	Remote.crt	Local.crt	Private.key	Crl.pem
Tunnel_1	OK	OK	OK	OK	
Tunnel_2					
Tunnel_3					

# 3.20 Configuration -> Open VPN

This section allows users to set the Open VPN parameters.

Client @ Open VPN					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable	Enable OpenVPN Client, the max tunnel account is 3	Null			
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP			
Remote IP Address	Enter the remote IP address or domain name of remote side OpenVPN				
Port	Enter the listening port of remote side OpenVPN server.	1194			
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet device.	tun			
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None			
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2			
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1			
Enable NAT	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for OpenVPN. This item must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Disable			
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20			
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout during this time.	120			
Compression	Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO			
Encryption	Select from "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES128-CBC", "AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC". BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key. DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	BF-CBC			
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.				
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500			
Verbose Level	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR", "WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output more log information.	ERR			
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	Null			
Subnet&Subnet Mask@Local Route	Set the subnet and subnet Mask of local route.	Null			

Enable OpenVPN Client	
🗹 Enable	
Protocol:	UDP 💌
Remote IP Address:	
Port:	1194
Interface:	tun 💌
Authentication:	None 💌
Local IP:	10.8.0.2
Remote IP:	10.8.0.1
Enable NAT	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 💌
Encryption:	BF-CBC 💌
MTU:	1500
Max Frame Size:	1500
Verbose Level:	ERR 💌
Expert Options:	
	*xx xx.parameter,eg:

# Local Route Subnet Subnet Mask Add

Server @ Open VPN					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable OpenVPN Server	Tick to enable OpenVPN server tunnel.	Disable			
Tunnel name Name the OpenVPN server tunnel.		Tunnel_OpenVPN_ 0			
Listen IP	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null or 0.0.0.0 stands for using the active WAN link currently-cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.	0.0.0.0			
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP			
Port	Set the local listening port	1194			
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between a tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet device.	tun			

Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2
Enable NAT	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for OpenVPN. This item must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Disable
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout	120
Compression	Select from "None" and "LZO", Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO
Encryption	Select from "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES128-CBC", "AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC". BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key. DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key. Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	BF-CBC 1500
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500
Verbose Level	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR", "WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output more log information.	ERR
Expert OptionsYou can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.		Null
Client Manage Click "Add" to add a OpenVPN client info which include "Common Name", "Password", "Client IP", "Local Static Route" and "Remote Static Route". This field only can be configured when you select "Username/Password" in "Authentication".		Null

#### Enable OpenVPN Server

✓ Enable OpenVPN Server

VPN Server Tunnel	
Tunnel name:	OpenVPN_Tunnel_0
Listen IP:	
Protocol:	UDP 💌
Port:	1194
Interface:	tun 💌
Authentication:	None 💌
Local IP:	10.8.0.1
Remote IP:	10.8.0.2
Enable NAT	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 💌
Encryption:	BF-CBC
MTU:	1500
Max Frame Size:	1500
Verbose Level:	ERR 🗸
Expert Options:	
	*xx xx.parameter,eg:config xx.config

#### **Client Manage**

Use	Common Name	Password	Client IP	Local Static Route	Remote Static Route	
						х
*Static I	Route: <1.1.1.0/24>	or <1.1.1.0/24;2.2	2.2.2/16>		[bbA]	Í -

X.509 @ Open VPN				
Item	Description	Default		
Select Cert Type	Select the OpenVPN client or server which the certification used for.	Null		
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import"			
CA	to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Public Key file from your PC, and then click			
Public Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the Public Key A file from router to your PC.			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Private Key file from your PC, and then click			
Private Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null		
Click "Export" you can export the Private Key file from router to your PC.				
Click "Browse" to select the correct DH A file from your PC, and then click				
DH "Import" to import it to the router.		Null		
	Click "Export" you can export the DH file from router to your PC.			

ТЛ	Click "Browse" to select the correct TA file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
	to import it to the router.	Null

	Click "Export" you can export the TA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CRL	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Pre-Share Static Key file from your PC, and	
Pre-Share Static Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Pre-Share Static Key file from router to your PC.	

#### Authentication Manage

Select Cert Type: Server			
CA:	Browse	Import	Export
Public Key:	Browse	Import	Export
Private Key:	Browse	Import	Export
DH:	Browse	Import	Export
TA:	Browse	Import	Export
CRL:	Browse	Import	Export
Pre-Share Static Key:	Browse	Import	Export

#### Authentication Status

Cert Type	CA	Public Key	Private Key	DH	TA	CRL	PKCS12	Pre-Share
Server								
Client_1				1				
Client_2		1						
Client_3			i i	Î				1

# 3.21 Configuration -> GRE

This section allows users to set the GRE parameters.

GRE					
ltem	Description	Default			
	Click to enable GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation). GRE is a				
Enable	protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols	Disable			
	over IP networks.				
Remote IP Address	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null			
Local Virtual IP	Set local IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null			
Romoto Subnot	Add a static route to the remote side's subnet so that the remote	NUU			
Remote Subhet	network is known to the local network.	NUII			
Remote Subnet Mask	Set remote subnet net mask.	Null			
	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for GRE. This item must be enabled				
	when router under NAT environment.	Disable			
Secrets	Set Tunnel Key of GRE.	Null			

GRE	
🗹 Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Local Virtual IP:	
Remote Virtual IP:	
Remote Subnet:	
Remote Subnet Mask:	
📃 Enable NAT	
Secrets:	

# 3.22 Configuration -> L2TP

	L2TP Client @ L2TP	
Item	Description	Default
Please add L2TP Client	Click "Add" to add a L2TP client. You can add at most 3 L2TP clients.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter your L2TP server's public IP or domain name.	Null
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2". You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto select the correct method based on server.	Disable
Enable Tunnel Authentication	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which provided by L2TP server.	Disable
Remote Subnet	EnterL2TPremote Protected subnet's address.	Null
Remote Subnet Mask	EnterL2TPremote Protected subnet's mask.	Null
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the L2TP client advanced setting.	Disable
Local IP	Set the IP address of the L2TP client. You can enter the IP which assigned by L2TP server. Null means L2TP client will obtain an IP address automatically from L2TP server's IP pool.	Null
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways address.	Null

This section allows users to set the L2TP parameters.

Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Compression		
Protocol Field	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Fnahle
Compression		Endore
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	fffffff
MDU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	4500
WRU	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
NATU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1426
WITU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1430
	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server.	
	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP	
	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer	
Link Detection Interval	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no	30
	response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times,	
	it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with	
	the peer.	
Link Detection Max	Specify the may retries times for LOTD link detection	F
Retries	Specify the max retries times for L21P link detection.	Э
Export Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string	noccp
Expert Options	can be separated by a space.	nobsdcomp

L2TP Client	:	
[	Tunnel name	Description
		Add

🗹 Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Username:	
Password:	
Authentication:	Auto 💌
🗹 Enable Tunnel Authentication	n
Tunnel secret:	
Remote Subnet:	
Remote Subnet Mask:	
🗹 Show Advanced	
Local IP:	
Remote IP:	
🗹 Address/Control Compressio	n
☑ Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

	L2TP Server @ L2TP	
Item	Description	Default
Enable L2TP Server	Tick to enable L2TP server.	Disable
Username	Set the username which will assign to L2TP client.	Null
Password	Set the password which will assign to L2TP client.	Null
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".	
Authentication	L2TP client need to select the same authentication method based on this	СНАР
	server's authentication method.	
Enable Tunnel	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which will	Disable
Authentication	provide to L2TP client.	DISADIE
Local IP	Set the IP address of L2TP server.	10.0.0.1
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.2
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.100
Show L2TP Server	Tick to show the LOTD converted variant extring	Disable
Advanced	Tick to show the L2TP server advanced setting.	DISADIE
Address/Control	Licod for DDD initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable
Compression	osed for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Ellable
Protocol Field	Licod for DDD initialization in general you need to enable it as default	Enable
Compression	oseu for PPP inicialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	спаріе

Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	fffffff
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from L2TP server to L2TP client.	Null

#### Enable L2TP Server

☑ Enable L2TP Server

2TP Common Settings		
Username:		
Password:		
Authentication:	Auto 🖌	
✓ Enable Tunnel Auth	nentication	
Tunnel secret:		
Local IP:		
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100	

#### L2TP Server Advanced

- Show L2TP Server Advanced
- Address/Control Compression

Protocol Field Compression

Asyncmap Value:	fffffff	
MRU:	1500	
MTU:	1436	
Link Detection Interval (s):	30	
Link Detection Max Retries:	5	
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp	

Route Tab	le List		
	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
	*0.0.0.0″ means any		Add

# 3.23 Configuration -> PPTP

This section allows users to set the PPTP parameters.

	PPTP Client @ PPTP	
Item	Description	Default
Add		
Enable	Enable PPTP Client. The max tunnel accounts are 3.	Null
Disable	Disable PPTP Client.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter your PPTP server's public IP or domain name.	Null
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null
	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".	
Authoptication	You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the	Auto
Authentication	server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto	Auto
	select the correct method based on server's method.	
Remote Subnet	Enter PPTP remote Protected subnet's address.	Null
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter PPTP remote Protected subnet's mask.	Null
	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for	Disable
	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the PPTP client advanced setting.	Disable
	Set the IP address of the PPTP client.	
Local IP	You can enter the IP which assigned by PPTP server. Null means PPTP client	Null
	will obtain an IP address automatically from PPTP server's IP pool.	
Pomoto ID	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways	Null
Remote iP	address.	Null
Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization in general you need to enable it as default	Enable
Compression	Osed for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Ellable
Protocol Field	Used for DDD initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable
Compression		Ellable
Asyncman Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify	<del></del>
	this value.	
MRII	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500
	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
MTH	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1/136
	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1450
	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.	
Link Detection Interval	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP	30
	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer	

	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp

Client	
Tunnel name	Description
🗹 Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Username:	
Password:	
Authentication:	Auto 🔽
Remote Subnet:	
Remote Subnet Mask:	
🗹 Enable MPPE	
🗹 Show Advanced	
Local IP:	
Remote IP:	
Address/Control Compress	sion
Protocol Field Compression	ו
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

PPTP Server @ PPTP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable PPTP Server	Tick to enable PPTP server.	Disable	
Username	Set the username which will assign to PPTP client.	Null	
Password	Set the password which will assign to PPTP client.	Null	
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".		
Authentication	PPTP client need to select the same authentication method based on this	СНАР	
	server's authentication method.		

Local IP	Set the IP address of PPTP server.	10.0.0.1
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.2
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.100
Enable MPPE	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable
Show PPTP Server Advanced	Tick to show the PPTP server advanced setting.	Disable
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	fffffff
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from PPTP server to PPTP client.	Null

# Enable PPTP Server

#### **PPTP Common Settings**

Username:			
Password:			
Authentication:	Auto 🗸		
Local IP:			
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2		
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100		
✓ Enable MPPE	to the state of a second state of the second s	4	

PTP Server Advanced		
🗹 Show PPTP Server Advanc	ed	
🗹 Address/Control Compres	sion	
🗹 Protocol Field Compressio	n	
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff	
MRU:	1500	
MTU:	1436	
Link Detection Interval (s):	30	
Link Detection Max Retries:	5	
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp	
oute Table List		
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
*0.0.0.0″ means any		Add
oute Table List		
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
("0.0.0.0" means an	y)	Add

# 3.24 Configuration -> SNMP

This section allows users to set the SNMP parameters.

Basic @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Port	UDP port for sending and receiving SNMP requests.	161	
Agent Mode	Select the correct agent mode.	Master	
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2	
Location Info	Enter the router's location info which will send to SNMP client.	China	
Contact Info	Enter the router's contact info which will send to SNMP client.	info@robustel.com	
System name	Enter the router's system name which will send to SNMP client.	router	

SNMP Basic Settings		
Port:	161	
Agent Mode:	Master 🖌	
Version:	SNMPv2 🐱	
Location Info:	China	
Contact Info:	info@robustel.com	
System name:	router	

View @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
View Name	Enter the View Name	Null	
View Filter	Select from "Include" and "Exclude".	Include	
View OID	Enter the Object Identifiers (OID)	Null	

#### **Mib View List**

*	1.3.6.1.2.1.1
~	1
	*

VACM @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Poodurito	Select the access rights from "Readonly" and "ReadWrite".		
Reduwitte			
Network	Define the network from which is allowed to access. E.g. 172.16.0.0.	Null	
Community	Enter the community name.	Null	
MIBview	Select from "none", "system" and "all"	none	

#### SNMPv1&v2 User List

Readwrite	Network	Community	MIBview	
Readonly	*	public	system	~
Read₩rite	*	private	system	~
Read₩rite	*	robustel	all	~
Network: 1.1.1.0/24, 0.0.0.0 means any Add				

# 3.25 Configuration -> VRRP

This section allows users to set the VRRP parameters.

VRRP				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable VRRP	Tick to enable VRRP protocol. VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is			
	an Internet protocol that provides a way to have one or more backup routers	Disable		
	when using a statically configured router on a local area network (LAN). Using	Disable		
	VRRP, a virtual IP address can be specified manually.			
Group ID	Specify which VRRP group of this router belong to.	1		
Priority	Enter the priority value from 1 to 255. The larger value has higher priority.	100		
Interval	The interval that master router sends keepalive packets to backup routers.	10		

Virtual IP	A virtual IP address is shared among the routers, with one designated as the	
	master router and the others as backups. In case the master fails, the virtual	192.168.0.
	IP address is mapped to a backup router's IP address. (This backup becomes	1
	the master router.)	

VRRP Settings	
🗹 Enable VRRP	suggest to configure ICMP detection to keep alive
Group ID:	1
Priority:	100
Interval (s):	10
Virtual IP:	192.168.0.1

# 3.26 Configuration -> AT over IP

This section allows users to set the AT over IP parameters.

AT over IP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable AT Settings	Tick to enable AT over IP to control cellular module via AT command remotely.	Disable	
Protocol	Select from "TCP server" or "UDP"	UDP	
Local IP	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN.	0000	
	Null stands for all these three IP addresses.	0.0.0.0	
Local Port	Enter the local TCP or UDP listening port.	8091	

T Settings		
Enable AT Settir	ıgs	
Protocol:	TCP server 🗸	
Local IP:	5.5.5.5	
Local Port:	8091	

# 3.27 Configuration -> Phone Book

This section allows users to set the Phone Book parameters.

Phone Book			
Item	Description	Default	
Description	Set the name to your relevant phone No.	Null	
Phone No.	Enter your phone No.	Null	

Phone Group			
Group Name	Set the Group Name.	Null	
Phone List	Show the phone list in the Group.	Null	
Add or remove the phone no.to/from group	Click right arrow to add the phone no.to this group; Click left arrow to remove the phone no.from group.	Null	

Phone Book Configuration				
	Description	Phone No.		
		Add		
Phone Gro	up Configuration			
	Group Name	Phone List		
			Add	
Group No	). And Description			
Grour	n Name:			
	, wante.			
Add or re	emove the phone no.	. to/from group		
No	ot in this group	In this group		
		•		
		All		
		<u>_</u>		
		-		
			~	

# 3.28 Configuration -> SMS

This section allows users to set the SMS Notification and SMS Control parameters.

SMS			
Item	Description	Default	
Send SMS on power up	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router power up.	Disable	
Send SMS on PPP connect	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router establish PPP connection.	Disable	

Send SMS on PPP disconnect	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router disconnect PPP connection.	Disable
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null
Enable @ SMS Control	Click to enable SMS remote control.	Disable
Password Content	Set the password content characters. <b>Note</b> : Only support text format SMS. For example 123 or ABC123.	Null
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null

Note: pls refer to section 4.7 SMS Commands for Remote Control.

SMS Notification				
Send SMS on power up	Send SMS on power up			
Send SMS on PPP conr	Send SMS on PPP connect			
🔲 Send SMS on PPP disc	nect			
Phone Group:	test 💌			
SMS Control				
🗹 Enable				
Password Content:				
Phone Group:	test 💌			

# 3.29 Configuration -> Reboot

This section allows users to set the Reboot policies.

Time @ Reboot				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable(abb:mm 24b)	Enable daily reboot, you should follow ahh:mm,24h time frame, or the data will			
Enable(ann.nnn,24n)	be invalid.	Disable		
Reboot Time1	Specify time1 when you need router reboot.	Null		
Reboot Time2	Specify time2 when you need router reboot.	Null		
Reboot Time3	Specify time3 when you need router reboot.	Null		
	Call @ Reboot			
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable		
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null		
	Send reply short message after auto Call reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.			
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null		
	Note: Only support text format SMS.			
SMS @ Reboot				
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable		
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null		

	Send reply short message a	after auto Call reboot f	rom specified Caller ID (e.g.	
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).			Null
	Note: Only support text for	rmat SMS.		
Daily Reboot	, , , , ,			<u> </u>
🔽 Englate /hkuma G	) <b>4</b> -			
Enable (nn:mm,2	(4n)			
Reboot Time1	Reboot Time2	Reboot Time3		
12:00				
			1	
Call Reboot Configurati	ion			
🗹 Enable Call Rebo	ot			
Phone Group:	NULL 🗸 <u>Click to</u>	add PhoneGroup!		
SMS Reply Content:				
SMS Reboot Configurat	tion			
🗹 Enable SMS Rebo	oot			
Phone Group:	NULL 🗸 <u>Click to</u>	add PhoneGroup!		
Password:				
SMS Reply Content:				

## 3.30 Configuration -> Portal

This section allows users to set the Portal parameters. Users can configure this section to select relevant server platform to manager numbers of remote devices.

Portal			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable Portal	Click to enable Portal function.	Disable	
	This item allow users to select the different management server platform.		
	Selected from "robustlink", "Info24".		
Server Type	Robustlink is an industrial-grade centralized management and administration	robustii	
	system for the R3000-3P. It allows you to monitor, configure and manage large	пк	
	numbers of remote devices on a private network over the web.		
	Set the IP address of the management server platform you select. When router		
Server address	power on it will automatically establish TCP connection to the server platform	Null	
	and login.		
Port	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to	Disable	
	enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.		
Password	The password need to be the same as the password preset in the server	Null	
	platform.	NUII	

Portal Configuration		
🗹 Enable Portal		
Server Type:	robustlink 💌	
Server Address:		
Port:	1883	
Password:		

# 3.31 Configuration -> Syslog

This section allows users to set the syslog parameters.

Syslog				
Item	Description	Default		
Save Position	Select the save position from "None", "Flash" and "SD". "None" means syslog is	NONE		
	only saved in RAM, and will be cleared after reboot.			
Log Level	Select form "DEBUG", "INFO", "NOTICE", "WARNING", "ERR", "CRIT", "ALERT"			
	and "EMERG" which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in	DEBUG		
	detail.			
Keep Days	Specify the syslog keep days for router to clear the old syslog.	14		
Log to Remote System	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to	Disable		
	enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	Disable		

Syslog Settings		
Save Position:	NONE 💌	
Log Level:	DEBUG 💌	
Keep Days:	14	
🗹 Log to Remote Syste	em	
Remote IP:		
Remote Port:	514	

# 3.32 Administration -> Profile

This section allows users to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.

Profile					
ltem	Description	Default			
Profile	This item allow users store different configuration profiles into different				
	positions; or save one configuration profile into different positions just for	Standar			
	configuration data backup.	d			
	Selected from "Standard", "Alternative 1", "Alternative 2", "Alternative 3".				
XML Configuration	Import: Click "Browse" to select the XML file in your computer, then click "Import" to import this file into your router. Export: Click "Export" and the configuration will be showed in the new popup browser window, then you can save it as a XML file.	Null			
--------------------	---	------			
Restore to Factory	Click the button of "Restore to Factory Default Settings" to restore the router to	Null			
Default Settings	factory to factory default setting.	NUII			

Change Profile				
Profile:	Standard 🛛 👻			
🔲 Copy settings from cu	rent profile to selected profile			
Change				
All Parameters XML Configur	ation			
XML File:		浏览…	Import	Export
IPsec XML Configuration				
IPsec XML File:		浏览…	Import	Export
<b>OpenVPN XML Configuration</b>				
OpenVPN XML File:		浏览…	Import	Export
Restore to Factory Default S	ettings			
Restore to Factory Defa	ult Settings			

# 3.33 Administration -> Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, AT Debug and Traceroute.

Ping @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Ping IP address	Enter the ping destination IP address or domain name.	Null	
Number of requests	Specify the number of requests.	5	
Timeout	Specify timeout of ping request.	1	
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null	
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.		
Chart	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the follow	NUU	
Start	box.	NUII	

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	170 16 1 111	
Ping IP address:	1/2.10.1.111	
Number of requests:	5	
Timeout (s):	1	
Local IP:		
Start Stop	0	
PING 172.16.1.111 (1	172.16.1.111): 56 data bytes	<u>^</u>
64 bytes from 172.16	5.1.111: seq=0 ttl=64 time=1.040 ms	
64 bytes from 172.16		
of bytes from 1/2.10	o.I.III: seq-2 tti-o4 time-0.694 ms	
64 hutes from 172 16	$51111 \cdot eec=3 \pm \pm 1=64 \pm ime=0.762$ me	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16 172.16.1.111 pin	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms ng statistics	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16 172.16.1.111 pin 5 packets transmitte	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms ng statistics ed, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16 172.16.1.111 pin 5 packets transmitte round-trip min/avg/m	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms ng statistics ed, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss nax = 0.694/0.823/1.040 ms	
64 bytes from 172.16 64 bytes from 172.16 172.16.1.111 pin 5 packets transmitte round-trip min/avg/m	5.1.111: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.762 ms 5.1.111: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.781 ms ng statistics ed, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss nax = 0.694/0.823/1.040 ms	

#### AT Debug

AT Debug @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Send AT Commands	Enter the AT commands which you need to send to cellular module in this box.	Null	
Send	Click this button to send the AT commands.	Null	
	Router will display the AT commands which respond from the cellular module in	NUU	
Receive AI Commanus	this box.	NUII	

	10001
at	
	<u>~</u>
Send	

Traceroute @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Trace Address	Enter the trace destination IP address or domain name.	Null	
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	20	
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	30	

Timeout	Specify timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Send	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in the	NUI
	follow box.	NUII

30 1		
30 1		
1		
		~
		2

# 3.34 Administration -> User Management

This section allows users to modify or add management user accounts.

Super @ User Management			
Item	Description	Default	
Super	One router has only one super user account. Under this account, user has the	Admin	
	highest authority include modify and add management user accounts.		
User Management	Set Username and Password.	Null	
Login Timeout	Specify the login timeout value. You need to re-login after this timeout of user	1800	
	inactively.		

User Management		
Username: Old Password: New Password: Confirm Password:	admin	
Login Parameters		
Login Timeout(s):	1800	

Common @ User Management			
Item	Description	Default	
Common	One router has at most 9 common user accounts. There are two access level of	Null	
	common user account: "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".	INUII	
Access Level	Select from "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".		
	ReadWrite: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level;	Null	
	ReadOnly: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level		
Username/ Password	Set Username and Password.	Null	
Add	Click this button to add a new account.	Null	

cess Level	Username	Password	
ReadWrite 🛛 💌	robustel	robustel	X
ReadOnly 🛛 🗸	guest	guest	X

# 3.35 Administration -> Clock

This section allows users to set clock of router and NTP server.

Clock						
Item	Description	Default				
Real Time Clock	Router's RTC can be showed and modified in this field.	Null				
PC Time	You PC's time can be showed here.	Null				
Synchronize	Synchronize router's RTC with PC.	Null				
Enable NTD Client	Click enable to enable NTP client which can synchronize the time from NTP					
	server.					
Timozono @ Client	Select your local time zone.					
Primany NTD Sonver	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.					
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null				
Update interval (h)	Enter the interval which NTP client synchronize the time from NTP server.	1				
Enable NTP Server	Click to enable the NTP server function of router.	Disable				
Timozono @ Sonucr	Select your local time zone	UTC				
Timezone @ Server		+08:00				

Real Time Clock Settings	
Real Time Clock:	2013-03-15 11:08:50
PC Time:	2013-03-15 11:08:07 Synchronize
NTP Settings	
Enable NTP Client	
Timezone:	UTC-12:00 Kwajalein
Primary NTP Server:	pool.ntp.org
Secondary NTP Server:	
Update interval (h):	1
Enable NTP Server	
Timezone:	UTC+00:00 English, Gambia, Libe

# 3.36 Administration -> Update Firmware

This section allows users to update the firmware of router.

Update Firmware					
Item	Description	Default			
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version.	Null			
	Click "Select File" button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click				
Update firmware	"Update" button" to update. After updating successfully, you need to reboot	Null			
	router to take effect.				

Firmware Version						
Firmware Version:	1.01.00					
Update Firmware						
Warning: Do not turn off or operate the Router while updating.						
New Firmware:	浏览 Update					

# Chapter 4. Examples of configuration

# 4.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows users how to configure the parameters of Cellular Dial-up which are with two different policies "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "EthO Only" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

#### 4.1.1 Always Online:

#### Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular Only

Link Management Settings				
WAN link:	Cellular Only			
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	Cellular Only Eth0 Only			
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	Eth0 as primary and if fail use cellular			
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0			
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3			
ICMP Detection Retries:	3			
Reset The Interface				

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

#### Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic

....

Cenular Settings		
	Primary SIM Card	Secondary SIM Card
Network Provider Type:	Auto 💌	Auto
APN:		
Username:		
Password:		
Dialup No.:	*99***1#	*99***1#
PIN code request:	Set PIN Code	Set PIN Code
Connection Mode		
Connection Mode:	Always online	
Redial Interval (s):	30	
Max Retries:	3	
Dual SIM Policy		
Main SIM Card:	SIM1 -	
When connection fails		
1		

When roaming is detected

When IO is active

Monthly data traffic limitation

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

If a customized SIM card is using, please select "Custom" instead of "Auto" in "Network Provider Type", and some relative settings should be filled in manually.

#### 4.1.2 Connect on Demand:

#### Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular Only

Link Management Settings	
WAN link:	Cellular Only
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	Cellular Only Eth0 Only
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	Eth0 as primary and if fail use cellular
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3
ICMP Detection Retries:	3
Reset The Interface	

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

**Note:** This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic

Cellular	Settings											
				SI	(M1				SIM2			
Stat	us:			Re	eady				Not Rea	dy		
Netv	vork Provide	r Type	э:	A	uto		-		Auto	•		
APN:	:											
User	mame:											
Pass	sword:											
Dialu	up No.:			*9	99***1	#			*99***1	#		
PIN	code reques	t:		S	et PII	∛ Code			Set PIN	I Code		
Connect	ion Mode											
Conr	nection Mode	э:		C	onnect	tond	lemand	I 🔽	7			
Redi	al Interval (s	5):		30	)				_			
Max	Retries:			3								
Inac	tivity Time (s	;):		0								
Seria	al Output Co	ntent	:									
✓ Т	Triggered by Serial Data											
P P	eriodically co	onnec	t.									
Perio	odically conn	ect in	terval	(s):30	00							
Time	schedule:			S	chedu	le_1 📘	•					
Tim	ie Range											
	Name	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	Time Range1	Time Range2	Time Range3	
	schedule_1	◄		V					08:10-12:00	14:10-20:15		x
											Add	1

Select the trigger policy you need.

*Note:* If you select multiple trigger policies, the router will be triggered under anyone of them.

## 4.2 NAT

This section shows users how to set the NAT configuration of router.

Parameter Remote IP defines if access is allowed to route to the Forwarded IP and Port via WAN IP and "Arrives At Port".



# Configuration--->NAT/DMZ--->Port Forwarding

50 1 1 1					
00.1.1.1	9990	10.1.1.1	8880	TCP	•
58.1.1.1	9991	10.1.1.2	8881	UDP	•
58.1.1.1	9992	10.1.1.3	8882	TCP&UDP	-

**Note:** This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

#### Explanations for above diagram:

If there are two IP addresses 58.1.1.1 and 59.1.1.1 for the External Devices, that the result will be different from the test when the NAT is working at R3000-3P.

58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9990be forwarded to>10.1.1.1:8000	ТСР
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9991be forwarded to>10.1.1.2:8001	UDP
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9992be forwarded to>10.1.1.3:8002	TCP&UDP

# 4.3 L2TP



## L2TP\_SERVER:

#### Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Server

Enable L2TP Server			
Enable L2TP Server			
Tick "Enable L2TP Server", and fill ir	n the blank textbox		
L2TP Common Settings			
Username:	l2tp	1	
Password:	••••	2	
Authentication:	PAP 💌	3	
🗆 Enable Tunnel Authenticatio	n		
Local IP:	10.1.2.1		
IP Pool Start:	10.1.2.2		
IP Pool End:	10.1.2.254		
L2TP Server Advanced			
□ Show L2TP Server Advanced	t		
Route Table List			
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask	
0.0.0.0	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0 X	
*0.0.0.0" means any		Add	

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

**Note:** The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

## L2TP\_CLIENT:

## Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Client

Please add L2TP Client				
Add				
Click "Add" button, and fill in the	blank textbox			
L2TP Client X				
	O Disable			
Server Name:	58.1.1.1	7		
Username:	l2tp	1		
Password:	••••	2		
Authentication:	PAP 🔻	3		
🗖 Enable Tunnel Authentica	tion			
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0	7		
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0			
□ Show L2TP Client Advance	ed			

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# 4.4 **PPTP**



**Note:** The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client , and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel .

#### **PPTP\_SERVER:**

#### Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Server

Enable PPTP Server		
Enable PPTP Server		
ick "Enable PPTP Server", a	nd fill in the blank textbox	
PPTP Common Settings		
Username:	pptp	1
Password:	••••	2
Authentication:	PAP 💌	3
Local IP:	10.0.0.1	
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End:	10.0.254	
Enable MPPE		

#### PPTP Server Advanced

□ Show PPTP Server Advanced

Route Tabl	e List			
	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask	
	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	Х
	*0.0.0.0" means anv		Add	

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# **PPTP\_CLIENT:**

#### Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Client

P	lease add PPTP Client
	Add

Click "Add" button, and fill in the blank textbox

PPTP Client X		PPTP Client X				
	O Disable					
Server Name:	58.1.1.1					
Username:	pptp	1				
Password:	••••	2				
Authentication:	PAP 💌	3				
Remote Subnet:	172.16.0.0					
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0					
Enable MPPE						
Show PPTP Client Advance	ed					

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# 4.5 IPSEC VPN



**Note:** The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

#### IPsecVPN\_SERVER:

#### Cisco 2811:

crypto isakmp policy 10
encriaes 256 🛛 🔗
hash md5 🧳
authentication pre-share 11
group 2 10
crypto isakmp key <mark>cisco</mark> address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 ! <b>12</b>
crypto ipsec transform-set transesp-3des esp-md5-hmac 2, 13
!
crypto dynamic-map dyn 10 set transform-set trans match address 101
!
crypto map map1 10 ipsec-isakmp dynamic dyn !
interface FastEthernet0/0 crypto map map1
!
access-list 101 permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 any

*Note:* Polices 1,4,6,7 are default for Cisco router and do not display at the CMD.

# IPsecVPN\_CLIENT:

#### Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Basic

IPsec Basic			
🗵 Enable NAT Traversal			
Keepalive Interval(s):	30		

Then click "Apply".

## Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Tunnel



Tick "Enable IPSec Tunnel1"

IPsec Common		
Tunnel name:	IPSEC_TUNNEL_1	
IPsec Gateway Address:	58.1.1.1	
IPsec Mode:	Tunnel 💌	1
IPsec Protocol:	ESP -	2
Local Subnet:	192.168.1.0	
Local Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	3
Local ID Type:	IP Address 💌	4
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0	
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	3
Remote ID Type:	IP Address 💌	6
IKE Parameter		
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌	7
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 -	8
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 🔻	g
DH Group:	MODP1024_2 -	= 10
Authentication:	PSK 🔹	= 11
Secrets:	••••	12
Life Time (s):	86400	—
SA Parameter		
SA Algorithm:	3DES_MD5_96	13
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL	
Life Time(s):	28800	
DPD Time Interval (s):	180	
DPD Timeout (s):	60	
IPsec Advanced		
VPN Over IPsec Type:	NONE -	
Enable Compress		

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# 4.6 **OPENVPN**



**Note:** The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

#### **OPENVPN\_SERVER:**

## Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Server

Enable	Enable OpenVPN Server			
	Enable OpenVPN Server			

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Server".

VPN Server Tunnel	
Tunnel name:	OpenVPN_Tunnel_0
Listen IP:	
Protocol:	
Port:	1194 2
Interface:	tun 💌 🦪
Authentication:	None 🖌 4
Local IP:	10.8.0.1 <b>5</b>
Remote IP:	10.8.0.2 6
🗹 Enable NAT 🛛 🕇	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 🖌 🛛 🖉
Encryption:	BF-CBC 9
MTU:	1500 <b>10</b>
Max Frame Size:	1500 11
Verbose Level:	ERR 💌
Expert Options:	route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
	*xx xx.parameter,eg:config xx.config
Client Manage	

Use	Common Name	Password	Client IP	Local Static Route	Remote Static Route
*Static R	Route: <1.1.1.0/24>	or <1.1.1.0/24;2.	2.2.2/16>		Add

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# **OPENVPN\_CLIENT:**

#### Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Client

#### Enable OpenVPN Client1

Enable OpenVPN Client1

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Client1", and fill in the blank textbox

Enable OpenVPN Client X	
• Enable	O Disable
Tunnel name:	OpenVPN_Tunnel_0
Protocol:	UDP 1
Server Address:	58.1.1.1
Port:	1194 2
Interface:	tun 💌 🦪
Authentication:	None 4
Local IP:	10.8.0.2 6
Remote IP:	10.8.0.1 <b>5</b>
🗹 Enable NAT 🛛 🕇	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 💌 🛛 🛛 🖉
Encryption:	BF-CBC 9
MTU:	1500 <i>10</i>
Max Frame Size:	1500 11
Verbose Level:	ERR
Expert Options:	route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0
	*xx xx.parameter,eg:config xx.config

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

# 4.7 SMS Remote Control

R3000-3P supports remote control via SMS.

An SMS command has following structure:

#### Password:cmd1,a,b,c;cmd2,d,e,f;cmd3,g,h,i;...;cmdn,j,k,n

#### SMS command Explanation:

- 1. Password: SMS control password is configured at **Basic >SMS Control >Password**, which is an optional parameter.
  - a) When there is no password, SMS command has following structure: cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;···;cmdn
  - b) When there is a password, SMS command has following structure: Password:cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...;cmdn
- 2. Cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, which are command identification number 0000 9999
- 3. A, b, c to n, which are command parameters
- 4. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- 5. After setting new parameters for R3000-3P, please use 0004 command to save parameters and reset the router, then the new parameters will take effect.
- 6. E.g., 1234:1001,R3000-3P;0004

In this command, password is 1234, and we set device name as "R3000-3P", then save parameters and reset the router to take effect with command 0004.

Cmd	Description	Syntax	Comments
Contro	l Commands		
0001	Reset Device	cmd	if no password, please use command "cmd", or use command" password: cmd" cmd1 + cmd2: cmd1;cmd2 * - means can be null
0002	Save Parameters	cmd	
0003	Save Parameters and Reset Device	cmd	
0004	Start PPP Dialup	cmd	
0005	Stop PPP	cmd	
0006	Switch Sim Card	cmd	
0007	Enable/Disable Event Counter	cmd,channel,flag	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2 flag: 0 - disable 1 - enable
0008	Get Event Count Value	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2
0009	Clear Event Count	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2
0010	Clear SIM Card's Data Limitation	cmd,simNumber	simNumber: 1 - SIM_1 2 - SIM_2

# Chapter 5. Introductions for CLI

# 5.1 What's CLI and hierarchy level Mode

The R3000-3P command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the <u>console</u> or through a <u>telnet</u> network connection. Before using them better a few of details will be introduced on four different CLI hierarchy level modes which have different access rights :

- User exec mode—The command prompt ">" shows you are in the user mode , in this mode user can only use some simple commands to see the current configuration and the status of the device, or enter the "ping" command to troubleshoot the network connectivity.
- Privileged exec mode—When you enter Privileged mode ,the prompt will change to "#" which user can do not only what is allowed in the user exec mode but also the new additions like importing and exporting for files , system log , debug and so on .
- Global configuration mode—The global configuration mode with prompt "<config>#" allows user to add ,set ,modify and delete current configuration .
- Interface mode—Prompt "<config-xx>" means in this mode we can set both IP address and mtu for this interface.

Following is a relationship diagram about how to access or quit among the different modes :



#### USER EXEC MODE:

R3000-3P Configure Environment

Username: admin

Password: \*\*\*\*\*

R3000-3P> ?	<pre>//check what commands can be used in user exec mode</pre>	
enable	Turn on privileged commands	
exit	Exit from current mode	
ping	Ping test	
reload	Halt and perform a cold restart	
tracert	Tracert test	
show	Show running system information	

#### **PRIVILEDGED EXEC MODE:**

R3000-3P> enable	
Password: *****	
R3000-3P#?	<pre>//check what commands can be used in Privileged exec mode</pre>
debug	Debug configure information
enable	Turn on privileged commands
exit	Exit from current mode
export	Export file using tftp
syslog	Export system log
import	Import file using tftp
load	Load configure information
ping	Ping test
reload	Halt and perform a cold restart
tracert	Tracert test
write	Write running configuration
tftp	Copy from tftp: file system
show	Show running system information
configure	Enter configuration mode
end	Exit to Normal mode

#### **GLOBAL CONFIGURATION MODE:**

//check what commands can be used in global configuration mode
Exit from current mode
Exit to Normal mode
Configure an interface
Set system parameters
Add system parameters list
Modify system parameters list
Delete system parameters list

#### **INTERFACE MODE:**

R3000-3P(config)# interface Ethernet 0			
R3000-3P(config-e0)# ? //check what commands can be used in interface			
exit	Exit from current mode		
end	Exit to Normal mode		
ip	Set the IP address of an interface		
mtu	Set the IP address of an interface		

# 5.2 How to configure the CLI

Following is a list about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description	
2	Typing a question mark "?" everywhere needed that will show us the helpful	
	information.	
Ctrluc	Press these two keys at the same time , except its "copy" function but also	
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program .	
	Parameters "xxx" are not supported by the system , in this case, enter a mark	
Invalid command "xxx"	"?" instead of "xxx" will help to find out the correct parameters about this	
	issue.	
Incomplete command	Parameters haven't been finished yet .	
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker	'^' marker indicates the location where is set wrong .	

**Note**: Almost all the parameters setting are in the **Global configuration mode**, commands **set**, **add** are very important for this mode. If some parameters can't be found in the Global configuration mode, please move back to **Privileged exec mode** or move up to **Interface mode**.

NOTICE: Knowing the **CLI hierarchy level modes** is necessary before configuring the CLI. If you don't, please go back and read it quickly in chapter 5 !

#### 5.2.1 QuickStart with configuration examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then reading all CLI commands at a time , finally learn to configure it with some reference examples .

#### Example 1 : Show current version

R3000-3P> show version software version : 1.01.00 kernel version : v2.6.39 hardware version : 1.01.00

#### Example 2 : Update firmware via tftp

R3000-3P> enable Password: \*\*\*\*\* R3000-3P# R3000-3P# tftp 172.16.3.3 get rootfs R3k.1.01.00.02\_130325

Tftp transfering tftp succeeded!downloaded R3000-3P# write Building configuration... OK R3000-3P# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes

//save current configuration

//reload to take effect

#### **Example 3: Set link-management**

R3000-3P> enable Password: \*\*\*\*\* R3000-3P# R3000-3P# configure R3000-3P(config)# set link-management wan link : 1.Cellular Only 2.Eth0 Only 3.Eth0 as primary and if fail use Cellular 4.Cellular as primary and if fail user Eth0 ->please select mode(1-4)[1]:2 //select "Eth0 Only" as wan-link ->ICMP detection primary server[]:8.8.8.8 ->ICMP detection second server[]:8.8.8.4 ->ICMP detection interval(3-1800)[30]: ->ICMP detection timeout(1-10)[3]: ->ICMP detection retries(1-20)[3]: ->reset the interface?'yes'or'no'[no]: this parameter will be take effect when reboot! really want to modify[yes]: R3000-3P# write //save current configuration Building configuration... OK R3000-3P# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

#### Example 4: Set IP address, Gateway and DNS for Eth0

R3000-3P> enable Password: \*\*\*\*\*

#### R3000-3P#

R3000-3P# show link-management

//show current link-management

*******				
wan link	: Eth0 Only	// now "Eth0 Only" as wan-link		
ICMP primary server	: 8.8.8.8			
ICMP second server	: 8.8.8.4			
ICMP detection interval	: 30 seconds			
ICMP detection timeout	: 3 seconds			
ICMP detection retries	: 3			
reset the interface	: no			
******	******	****		
<b>-</b>				
R3000-3P# configure				
R3000-3P(config)# set eth0				
ethernet interface type:WAN				
type select:				
1. Static IP				
2. DHCP				
3. PPPOE	3. PPPOE			
->please select mode(1-3)[1]				
->IP address[192.168.0.1]:58	.1.1.1	//set IP address for eth0		
->Netmask[255.255.255.0]:2	55.0.0.0			
->gateway[192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254 //set gateway for eth0				
->mtu value(1024-1500)[1500]:				
->input primary DNS[192.168	3.0.254]:58.1.1.254	//set dns for eth0		
->input secondary DNS[0.0.0.0]:				
this parameter will be take ef	fect when reboot!			
really want to modify[yes]:				
R3000-3P(config)# end				
R3000-3P# write //save current configuration				
Building configuration				
OK				
R3000-3P# reload				
!Reboot the system ?'yes'or '	no':yes	//reload to take effect		

# **Example 5: CLI for Cellular dialup**

R3000-3P> enable Password: \*\*\*\*\* R3000-3P# R3000-3P# show link-management

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*

wan link	: Cellular Only	// now "Cellular Only" as wan-link	
ICMP primary server	: 8.8.8.8		
ICMP second server	: 8.8.8.4		
ICMP detection interval	: 30 seconds		
ICMP detection timeout	: 3 seconds		
ICMP detection retries	: 3		
reset the interface	: no		
*****	******	***	
R3000-3P(config)# set cellula	r		
1. set SIM_1 parameters			
2. set SIM_2 parameters			
->please select mode(1-2)[1]	:		
SIM 1 parameters:			
network provider			
1. Auto			
2. Custom			
3. china-mobile			
->please select mode(1-3)[1]	:		
->dial out using numbers[*99	)***1#]:		
->pin code[]:			
connection Mode:			
1. Always online			
2. Connect on demand			
->please select mode(1-2)[1]	:		
->redial interval(1-120)[30]:			
->max connect try(1-60)[3]:			
R3000-3P(config)# end			
R3000-3P# write		//save current configuration	
Building configuration			
UK			
R3000-3P# show cellular			
******			
Cellular enable	: yes		
1. show SIM_1 parameters			

2. show SIM\_2 parameters

->please select mode(1-2)[1]:

SIM	1	parameters:
-----	---	-------------

	network provider	: Auto	
	dial numbers	: *99***1#	
	pin code	: NULL	
	connection Mode	: Always online	
	redial interval	: 30 seconds	
	max connect try	: 3	
	main SIM select	: SIM_1	
	when connect fail	: yes	
	when roaming is detected	: no	
	month date limitation	: no	
	SIM phone number	:	
	network select Type	: Auto	
	authentication type	: AUTO	
	mtu value	: 1500	
	mru value	: 1500	
	asyncmap value	: Oxffffffff	
	use peer DNS	: yes	
	primary DNS	: 0.0.0.0	
	secondary DNS	: 0.0.0.0	
	address/control compression: yes		
	protocol field compression	: yes	
	expert options	: noccp nobsdcomp	
*****			

R3000-3P# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes

//reload to take effect

# 5.3 Commands reference

commands	syntax	description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Export	Export parameters	Export vpn ca certificates
Import	Import parameters	Import vpn ca cerfiticates
Syslog	syslog	Export log information to tftp server
Load	Load default	Restores default values
Write	Write	Save current configuration parameters
tftp	Tftp IP-address get {cfg rootfs} file-name	Import configuration file or update firmware via tftp
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function , if we need to see
SHOW		all please using "show running "
Set	— Set <i>parameters</i> Add <i>parameters</i>	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add,
۸dd		the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is
Auu		for the list parameter