

**ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992**  
**In accordance with the requirements of SAR Report and Order:**  
**ET Docket 93-62 ; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)**  
**RSS102 issue 5**

## **SAR TEST REPORT**

For

**Product Name: ClickShare CS-100**

**Brand Name: Barco**

**Model No.: R9861510**

**Series Model: N/A**

**FCCID: 2AAED-R9861510**

**IC: 9393B-R9861510**

**Test Report Number:**

**C151211R02-SF**

**Issued for**

**Barco NV**

**President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium**

**Issued by**

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

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TESTING CERT #2541.01

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## Revision History

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### 1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

<b>Product Name:</b>	ClickShare CS-100	
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Barco	
<b>Model Name.:</b>	R9861510	
<b>Series Model:</b>	N/A	
<b>Device Category:</b>	PORTABLE DEVICES	
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE	
<b>Date of Test:</b>	January 11, 2016 to January 13, 2016	
<b>Applicant:</b>	<b>Barco NV</b> President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium	
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	<b>Barco NV</b> President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium	
<b>Application Type:</b>	Certification	
<b>APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES</b>		
<b>STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES</b>	<b>TEST RESULT</b>	
KDB 865664 D01 RSS102 issue 5	No non-compliance noted	
<b>Deviation from Applicable Standard</b>		
None		
<p>The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.</p>		

**Approved by:**



Jeff Fang  
RF Manager  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

**Tested by:**



Luck.Fu  
Test Engineer  
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Product Name:</b>	ClickShare CS-100
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Barco
<b>Model Name.:</b>	R9861510
<b>Series Model:</b>	N/A
<b>FCC ID:</b>	2AAED-R9861510
<b>IC:</b>	9393B-R9861510
<b>Device Category:</b>	Production unit
<b>Frequency Range:</b>	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Modulation Technique:</b>	802.11a/b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth:3.0 + EDR, 8-DPSK Bluetooth:4.0
<b>Accessories:</b>	Power supply and ADP (rating) : Model:GT-46180-1812 Input:AC:100-240V 50-60Hz 0.6A Output:DC12V =1.5A
<b>Operating Mode:</b>	Maximum continuous output

**2.1 MAXIMUM RF OUTPUT POWER WITH TEST CHANNEL**

Band / Mode	Average Power(dBm)	
	V3.0 + EDR, GFSK	V3.0 + EDR, 8-DPSK
Bluetooth	-1	-1

Band / Mode	Average Power(dBm)
	BLE4.0, GFSK
Bluetooth	1.5

Band / Mode	Channel	SISO Average Power (dBm)		MIMO Average Power (dBm)
		Chain0	Chain1	Chain0+1
802.11b	1	15	15	17.5
	6	15.5	15.5	18.5
	11	15.5	15.5	18.5
802.11g	1	13	14	17
	6	13	14	17
	11	13	14	17
802.11n 20MHz	1	12	13	16
	6	12.5	13	16
	11	12	12	15
802.11 a U-NII-1	36	16	14.5	18
	40	16	14	18
	44	16	14	18
	48	14	14.5	17
802.11 n20 U-NII-1	36	13	12	15.5
	40	13	12	15.5
	44	13	12	15
	48	12	12	15
802.11 a U-NII-3	149	12	9	14
	157	13	10	15
	165	14	10	15
802.11 n20 U-NII-3	149	12	9	14
	157	13	10	15
	165	13	10	15

## 2.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Barco NV, ClickShare CS-100, R9861510**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	
		Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.772	0.753
NII	5.2GHz WLAN	1.437	1.497
	5.8GHz WLAN	1.285	1.345

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

### 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC OR IC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093); RSS-102 issue 5: 2015.

### 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- RSS-102 issue 5: 2015
- IEC62209-2:2010
- KDB 447498 D01v06 General RF Exposure Guidance
- KDB 865664 D01v01r04 Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 RF Exposure Reporting
- KDB 248227 D01v02r02 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR

### 5. TEST CONFIGURATION

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Duty cycle Form

Band	Mode	Duty cycle(100%)
2.4GHz	Bluetooth	100
	802.11b	100
	802.11g	100
	802.11n 20MHz	100
5GHz	802.11a	100
	802.11 20MHz	100



## 6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.02$  mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25$  dB. IEEE1528 and CENELEC EN 62209.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.



Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

### Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG


Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2




**6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS**

	<p>The DASYS5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4(or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASYS5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.</p> <p>The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.</p>
	<p>The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.</p>

**Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

	<p>The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.</p>
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**EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements**

	<p><b>Construction:</b> Symmetrical design with triangular core          Built-in shielding against static charges          PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)</p> <p><b>Calibration:</b> Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.          Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800          CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.</p> <p><b>Frequency:</b> 10 MHz to &gt; 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)</p> <p><b>Directivity:</b> ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)          ± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)</p> <p><b>Dynamic Range:</b> 10 µW/g to &gt; 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB          (noise: typically &lt; 1 µW/g)</p>
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**Dimensions:** Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm)  
 Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm)  
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers:  
 1 mm

**Application:** High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Interior of probe

**SAM Twin Phantom**

**Construction:**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.



**Shell Thickness:** 2 ±0.2 mm

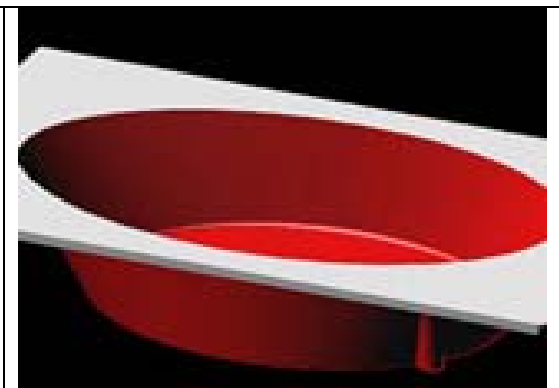
**Filling Volume:** Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:** Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 750mm

**SAM Phantom (ELI4 v4.0)**

**Description Construction:**

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles



**Shell Thickness:** 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)

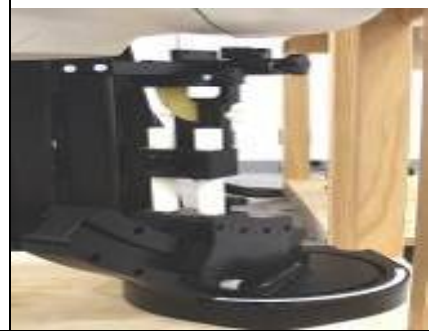
**Filling Volume:** Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:** Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

**Minor axis:** 400 mm 500mm

**Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom**

**Construction:** In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



**System Validation Kits for SAM Twin Phantom**

**Construction:** Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

**Frequency:** 900,1800,2450,5800 MHz

**ReTune loss:** > 20 dB at specified validation position

**Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

**Dimensions:**

- D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm
- D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm
- D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
- D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm
- D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm



**System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom**

**Construction:** Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

**Frequency:** 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

**ReTune loss:** > 20 dB at specified validation position

**Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

**Dimensions:**

- D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm
- D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm
- D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
- D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm
- D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



## 7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

### DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}$
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	$dcp_i$
Device parameters:	- Frequency	$f$
	- Crest factor	$cf$
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	$\sigma$
	- Density	$\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with	$V_i$	= Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	$U_i$	= Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	$cf$	= Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter)
	$dcp_i$	= Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with	$V_i$	= Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
	$Norm_i$	= Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes
	$ConvF$	= Sensitivity enhancement in solution
	$a_{ij}$	= Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
	$f$	= Carrier frequency (GHz)
	$E_i$	= Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
	$H_i$	= Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with  $SAR$  = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

$\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

$\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

$H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

## **SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- **Power Reference Measurement**

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

- **Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more than one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

- **Power Drift measurement**

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

- **Z-Scan**

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.



## SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

### Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

### Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b \exp\left(-\frac{z}{a}\right) \cos\left(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda}\right)$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes ( $a \ll \lambda$ ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors  $S_b$  (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and  $a$  (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30° to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.

## **8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2003 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

## 9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

**Note:** **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

**Population/Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Occupational/Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

**NOTE**  
**GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE**  
**PARTIAL BODY LIMIT**  
**1.6 W/kg**

## 10. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 10.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION

**SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION**

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the SPEAG DAK3.5 dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

**IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

## 10.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

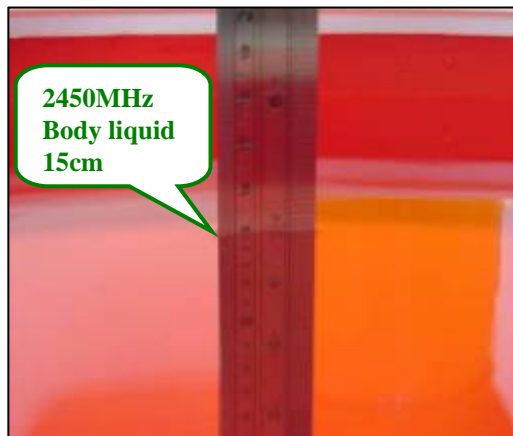
Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date
Body2450	21.5	Permittivity( $\epsilon$ )	52.70	51.77	-1.77	$\pm 5$	2016-1-11
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	1.95	1.94	-0.41	$\pm 5$	
Body5200	21.5	Permittivity( $\epsilon$ )	49.03	51.07	4.16	$\pm 5$	2016-1-12
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.35	5.28	-1.33	$\pm 5$	
Body5800	21.5	Permittivity( $\epsilon$ )	48.20	50.19	4.13	$\pm 5$	2016-1-13
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	6.00	6.19	3.17	$\pm 5$	

### 10.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

#### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system with an E-field probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ( $dx=5\text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{ mm}$ ).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole less than 3G input power was  $250\text{mW}\pm 3\%$ .
- The dipole above than 3G input power was  $100\text{mW}\pm 3\%$ .
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



- Note: For SAR testing, less than 3G the liquid depth is 15cm shown above
- Note: For SAR testing, above than 3G the liquid depth is 10cm shown above

**SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS**

Liquid Type	Ambient Temp. (°C)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Input Power (W)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	1W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	1W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Date
Body2450	22	21.5	0.25	12.60	49.20	50.40	2.44	± 10	2016-1-11
Body5200	22	21.5	0.1	7.81	74.60	78.1	4.69	± 10	2016-1-12
Body5800	22	21.5	0.1	7.62	75.00	76.2	1.60	± 10	2016-1-13

### 10.4 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

**Conducted output power(dBm):**

**General Note:**

- 1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
  - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
  - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

**WLAN 2.4G Chain0**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain0 Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412	14	±1	15	14.45
	6	2437	14.5	±1	15.5	15.01
	11	2462	14.5	±1	15.5	15.12
802.11 g	1	2412	12	±1	13	12.87
	6	2437	12	±1	13	12.85
	11	2462	12	±1	13	12.41
802.11 n 20MHz	1	2412	11	±1	12	11.92
	6	2437	11.5	±1	12.5	12.18
	11	2462	11	±1	12	11.74

**WLAN 2.4G Chain1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain1 Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412	14	±1	15	14.76
	6	2437	14.5	±1	15.5	15.41
	11	2462	14.5	±1	15.5	15.31
802.11 g	1	2412	13	±1	14	13.62
	6	2437	13	±1	14	13.82
	11	2462	13	±1	14	12.81
802.11 n 20MHz	1	2412	12	±1	13	12.82
	6	2437	12	±1	13	12.60
	11	2462	11	±1	12	11.98



**WLAN 2.4G Chain0+1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain0+1 Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 b	1	2412	17	±1	17.5	17.37
	6	2437	18	±1	18.5	18.32
	11	2462	18	±1	18.5	18.33
802.11 g	1	2412	16	±1	17	16.27
	6	2437	16	±1	17	16.37
	11	2462	16	±1	17	15.62
802.11 n 20MHz	1	2412	15	±1	16	15.40
	6	2437	15	±1	16	15.41
	11	2462	14	±1	15	14.87

**WLAN Conducted output power(dBm):**

**U-NII-1 Chain0**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain0 Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11 a	36	5180	15	±1	16	15.53
	40	5200	15	±1	16	15.23
	44	5220	15	±1	16	15.12
	48	5240	13	±1	14	13.77
802.11 n 20MHz	36	5180	12	±1	13	12.71
	40	5200	12	±1	13	12.50
	44	5220	12	±1	13	12.37
	48	5240	11	±1	12	11.33

**U-NII-1 Chain1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain0 Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11 a	36	5180	13.5	±1	14.5	14.06
	40	5200	13	±1	14	13.96
	44	5220	13	±1	14	13.99
	48	5240	13.5	±1	14.5	14.01
802.11 n 20MHz	36	5180	11	±1	12	11.44
	40	5200	11	±1	12	11.51
	44	5220	11	±1	12	11.53
	48	5240	11	±1	12	11.72

**U-NII-1 Chain0+1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHZ)	Chain0 +1Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
802.11 a	36	5180	17	±1	18	17.89
	40	5200	17	±1	18	17.75
	44	5220	17	±1	18	17.70
	48	5240	16	±1	17	16.90
802.11 n 20MHz	36	5180	14.5	±1	15.5	15.13
	40	5200	14.5	±1	15.5	15.04
	44	5220	14	±1	15	14.98
	48	5240	14	±1	15	14.54

**U-NII-3 Chain0**

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Chain0 Average power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 a	149	5745	11	±1	12	11.10
	157	5785	12	±1	13	12.64
	165	5825	13	±1	14	13.81
802.11 n 20MHz	149	5745	11	±1	12	11.09
	157	5785	12	±1	13	12.62
	165	5825	12	±1	13	12.89

**U-NII-3 Chain1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Chain0 Average power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 a	149	5745	8	±1	9	8.94
	157	5785	9	±1	10	9.49
	165	5825	9	±1	10	9.89
802.11 n 20MHz	149	5745	8	±1	9	8.78
	157	5785	9	±1	10	9.40
	165	5825	9	±1	10	9.75

**U-NII-3 Chain0+1**

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Chain0+1 Average power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
802.11 a	149	5745	13	±1	14	13.16
	157	5785	14	±1	15	14.75
	165	5825	14	±1	15	14.95
802.11 n 20MHz	149	5745	13	±1	14	13.10
	157	5785	14	±1	15	14.31
	165	5825	14	±1	15	14.61

**Bluetooth**

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Averaged Power (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)
<b>2.4 GHz</b>	Bluetooth BR (GFSK)	0	2402	-1.67	-1
		39	2441	-1.44	-1
		78	2480	-2.03	-1
	Bluetooth EDR3 (8-DPSK)	0	2402	-2.56	-1
		39	2441	-2.16	-1
		78	2480	-2.32	-1
	Bluetooth LE	0	2402	1.25	1.5
		39	2441	1.37	1.5
		78	2480	0.82	1.5

Note: The product maximum antenna gain is 2 dBi, So the highest EIRP result is 3.5 dBm

**10.5 STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION**

According to KDB447498 D01: The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation<sup>25</sup>
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below
- If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
	Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)	1.5
	Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW)	1.413
Body	Antenna to user (mm)	5
	Frequency(GHz)	2.480
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.445

Per KDB 447498 D01 exclusion thresholds is  $0.445 < 3$ , Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required.

According to RSS102-2015 :

SAR evaluation for this device was performed with a separation distance of 5 mm. Observing the SAR evaluation exemption limit table (Table 1, see below) found in § 2.5.1 of RSS102:2015 , it was determined that the SAR exemption limit for this device is 4 mW for 2.4GHz transmission. No Wi-Fi mode qualified for test exemption as all power levels were above the stated thresholds. On the contrary, Bluetooth, with a frequency of 2480 MHz and a maximum output power of 2.239 mW (3.5 dBm, tune-up tolerance accounted for), is Low than the exemption threshold and therefore exempt from SAR evaluation for either the intended user or bystanders. So Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required

**Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance**

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW

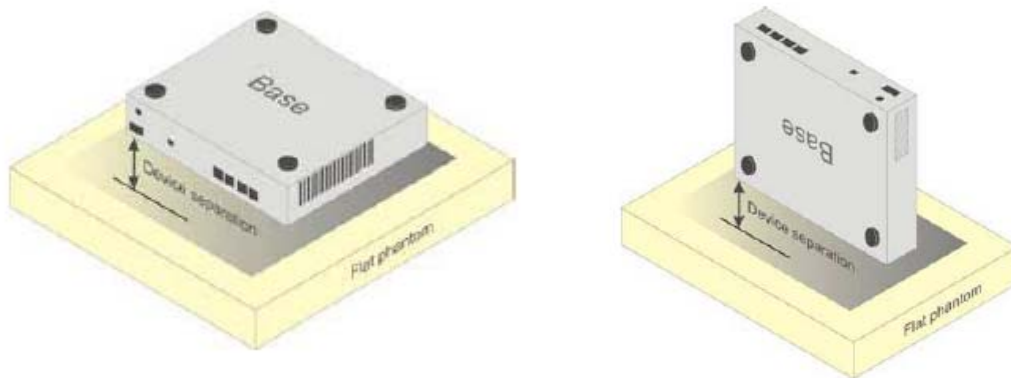
Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

## 10.6 SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

<Desktop device>

According to IEC62209-2 :2010 section 6.1.4.7 and KDB447498 D01 section 4.3:

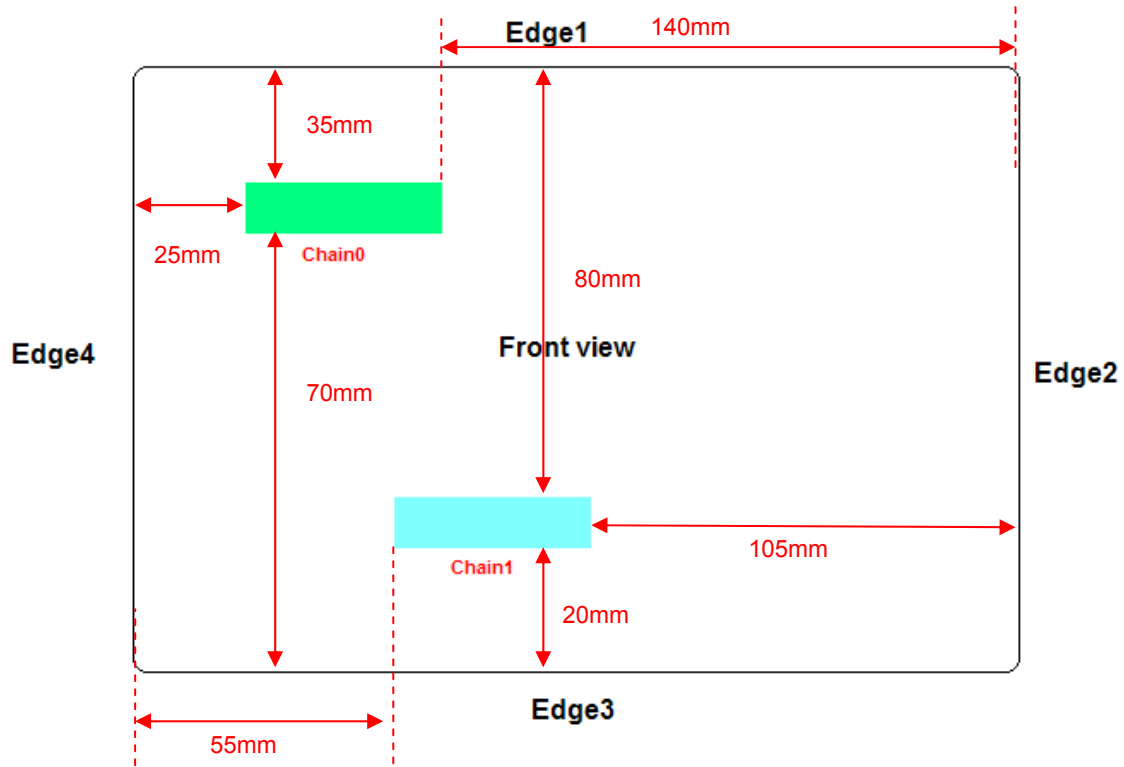
This EUT was tested in Two different positions. They are Front View ; Edge 4. In these positions, the surface of EUT is touching with phantom 0cm.



**Figure – Test positions for desktop devices**

Due to the physical design, some device surfaces may not be required for testing, e.g. The EUT power port in Edge3; the base of a desk standing device.

**10.7 ANTENNA LOCATION**



Device dimensions for Tablet mode (H x W x D): 205x 110x40 mm

Antennas	Wireless Interface
Bluetooth & WLAN Antenna	WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5.2GHz WLAN 5.8GHz Bluetooth
Main Antenna	WLAN
Aux Antenna	WLAN+ Bluetooth

**Test Mode**

IEEE 802.11	Data transmission mode(802.11b;802.11a)
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Chain0 meaning Main Antenna; Chain1 meaning Aux Antenna

## 10.8 BODY TEST EXCLUSION THRESHOLDS

The following SAR test exclusion Thresholds based on KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 4.3.1

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	WLAN	WLAN	WLAN	WLAN
		802.11 b Main	802.11 b Aux	802.11 a Main	802.11 a Aux
	Maximum power	15.5	15.5	16	14.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	35.48	35.48	39.81	28.18
Front view	Antenna to user (mm)	13	13	13	13
	SAR exclusion threshold	24.92	24.92	16.19	16.19
	SAR testing required?	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
Edge1	Antenna to user (mm)	35	80	35	80
	SAR exclusion threshold	67.08	396	43.6	362.28
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
Edge2	Antenna to user (mm)	140.00	105.00	140.00	105.00
	SAR exclusion threshold	996.00	646.00	962.28	612.28
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
Edge4	Antenna to user (mm)	25	55	25	55
	SAR exclusion threshold	47.92	146	31.14	112.28
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>

**Note:**

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
 
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR  
 f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz  
 Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation  
 The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison  
 For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.  
 This formula is  $[3.0] / [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \cdot (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) = \text{exclusion threshold of mW}$ .
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · ( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
6. When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



The following SAR test exclusion Thresholds based on RSS102 issue5 2.5.1

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	WLAN	WLAN	WLAN	WLAN
		802.11 b Main	802.11 b Aux	802.11 a Main	802.11 a Aux
Exposure Position	Maximum power	15.5	15.5	16	14.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	35.48	35.48	39.81	28.18
Front view	Antenna to user (mm)	13	13	13	13
	SAR exclusion threshold	15	15	15	15
	SAR testing required?	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
Edge1	Antenna to user (mm)	35	80	35	80
	SAR exclusion threshold	123	309	71	106
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
Edge2	Antenna to user (mm)	140.00	105.00	140.00	105.00
	SAR exclusion threshold	309	106	309	106
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>
Edge4	Antenna to user (mm)	25	55	25	55
	SAR exclusion threshold	52	309	41	106
	SAR testing required?	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>

Note:

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

## 10.9 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

### 2.4GHz Standalone SAR Results for Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Front	0	2462	0	15.12	15.5	1.091	0.06	1	0.707	0.772
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Front	0	2437	1	15.41	15.5	1.021	0.11	1	0.605	0.618

Remark: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. So 2.4 GHz OFDM mode is not require.

### 2.4GHz MIMO SAR Results for Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Front	0	2462	0+1	18.33	18.5	1.040	0.12	1	0.724	0.753

Remark: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. So 2.4 GHz OFDM mode is not require.

## 5GHz U-NII-1 standalone SAR Results for Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-1	802.11 a	Front	0	5180	0	15.53	16	1.114	-0.06	1	1.21	1.348
		Front	0	5200	0	15.23	16	1.194	0.12	1	1.12	1.337
		Front	0	5220	0	15.12	16	1.225	0.18	1	0.945	1.157
		Edge4	0	5180	0	15.53	16	1.114	0.03	1	0.178	0.198
U-NII-1	802.11 a	Front	0	5180	1	14.06	14.5	1.107	0.20	1	1.17	1.295
		Front	0	5240	1	14.01	14.5	1.119	0.03	1	1.01	1.131

Remark: For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following

1) The highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (Main Antenna U-NII-1 a mode ), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration (Main Antenna U-NII-1 n20 mode ) to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is >1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for that Main Antenna U-NII-1 n20 mode.

2) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

## 5GHz U-NII-1 MIMO SAR Results for Test Records

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-1	802.11 a	Front	0	5180	0	17.89	18	1.026	-0.17	1	1.17	1.200
		Front	0	5200	0	17.75	18	1.059	0.06	1	0.987	1.045

## Repeated SAR Test Records for 5GHz U-NII-1

Band	Mode	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-1	802.11a	0	5180	0	15.53	16	1.114	0.04	1	1.29	1.437
		0	5180	1	14.06	14.5	1.107	0.02	1	1.18	1.306
		0	5180	0+1	17.89	18	1.026	0.19	1	1.22	1.252

**5GHz U-NII-3 standalone SAR Results for Test Records**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-3	802.11 a	Front	0	5785	0	12.64	13	1.086	-0.12	1	0.927	1.007
		Front	0	5825	0	13.81	14	1.045	0.18	1	1.23	1.285
		Edge4	0	5825	0	13.81	14	1.045	0.19	1	0.137	0.143
U-NII-3	802.11 a	Rear	0	5825	1	9.89	10	1.026	0.03	1	0.437	0.448

1)The highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (Main Antenna U-NII-3 ac80 mode ), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration(Main Antenna U-NII-3 n40 mode ) to initial test configuration (Main Antenna U-NII-3 ac80 mode )specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is >1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for that Main Antenna U-NII-3 n20 mode.

2) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

**5GHz U-NII-3 MIMO SAR Results for Test Records**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-3	802.11 a	Front	0	5785	0+1	14.75	15	1.059	0.03	1	0.804	0.852
		Front	0	5825	0+1	14.95	15	1.012	0.04	1	1.09	1.103

**Repeated SAR Test Records 5GHz U-NII-3**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
U-NII-3	802.11a	Front	0	5825	0	13.81	14	1.045	0.04	1	1.14	1.191
U-NII-3	802.11a	Front	0	5825	0+1	14.95	15	1.012	0.10	1	1.06	1.072

**10.10 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT****Note:**

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01, if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45\text{W/Kg}$ , only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Chain	Freq (MHZ)	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio
U-NII-1	802.11a	Front	0	5180	1.21	1.29	1.066	--	--	--
U-NII-1	802.11a	Front	1	5180	1.17	1.18	1.009	--	--	--
U-NII-1	802.11a	Front	0+1	5180	1.17	1.22	1.043	--	--	--
U-NII-3	802.11a	Front	0	5825	1.23	1.14	1.079	--	--	--
U-NII-3	802.11a	Front	0+1	5825	1.09	1.06	1.028	--	--	--

## 10.11 SAR MULTI XMITER ASSESSMENT

	Position	Applicable Combination
<b>Simultaneous Transmission</b>	<b>Body</b>	Main Antenna + Aux Antenna

**Note:**

2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - 2)  $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan  
If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR is compliant
  - 3) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

### Sum of SAR for worst case standalone measurements (Wi-Fi 5 GHz)

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1	Main antenna 2.4G/5GHz+ Aux antenna BT

**Note:**

1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.  
(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [ √ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.  
0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

**Bluetooth:**

	Max power	Body (5mm distance)
<b>Estimated SAR (W/kg)</b>	1.5 dBm	0.06 W/kg

3. Bluetooth & Wi-Fi estimated SAR is conservatively determined by 5mm separation, for all applicable exposure positions
4. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - 2)  $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan  
If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR is compliant
  - 3) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
5. Aux Antenna 2.4GHz WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.

### Result of SUM ΣSAR<sub>1g</sub> for Body Support

Position	Distance	Stand alone reported SAR(1g) [W/kg]			SUM reported SAR(1g)[W/kg]	SUM reported SAR(1g)[W/kg]
	[mm]	Main antenna 2.4G	Main antenna 5G	Bluetooth	WLAN 2.4G + Bluetooth	WLAN 5G + Bluetooth
Front	5	0.772	1.437	0.06	0.832	1.497
Edge4	5	--	0.198	0.06	0.06	0.258

### 11. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
P C	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	MY43321570	11/20/2015	11/19/2016
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1445010	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
Peak & Average sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339220	03/03/2015	03/02/2016
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/24/2015	07/23/2016
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2015	07/21/2016
DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D2450V2	817	07/31/2013	07/28/2016
DIPOLE 5GHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1095	05/31/2013	05/28/2016
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

## 12. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

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**APPENDIX A: DUT AND SAR TEST SETUP****APPENDIX B: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK**

The plots are showing as followings.

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/11/2016

**System Performance Check-Body D2450**

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D24500V2; Serial: 817**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.942$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.768$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

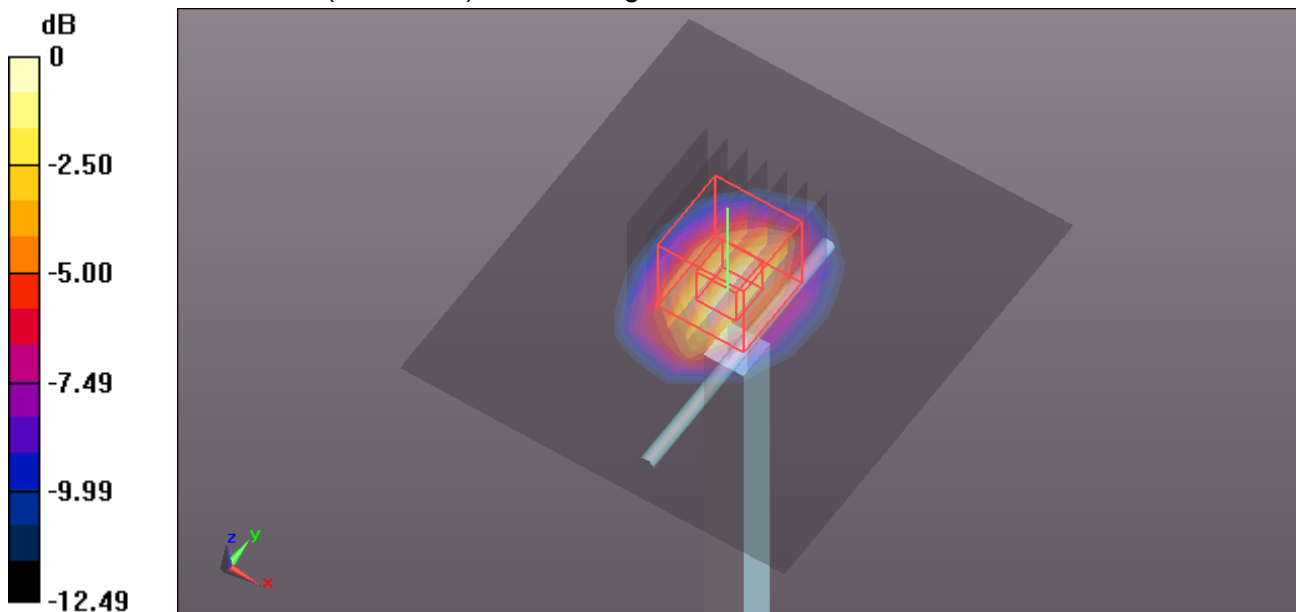
**System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/12/2016

**System Performance Check-D5200 Body**

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.279$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.069$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 20 2 2/Area Scan (10x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 20 2 2/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:**

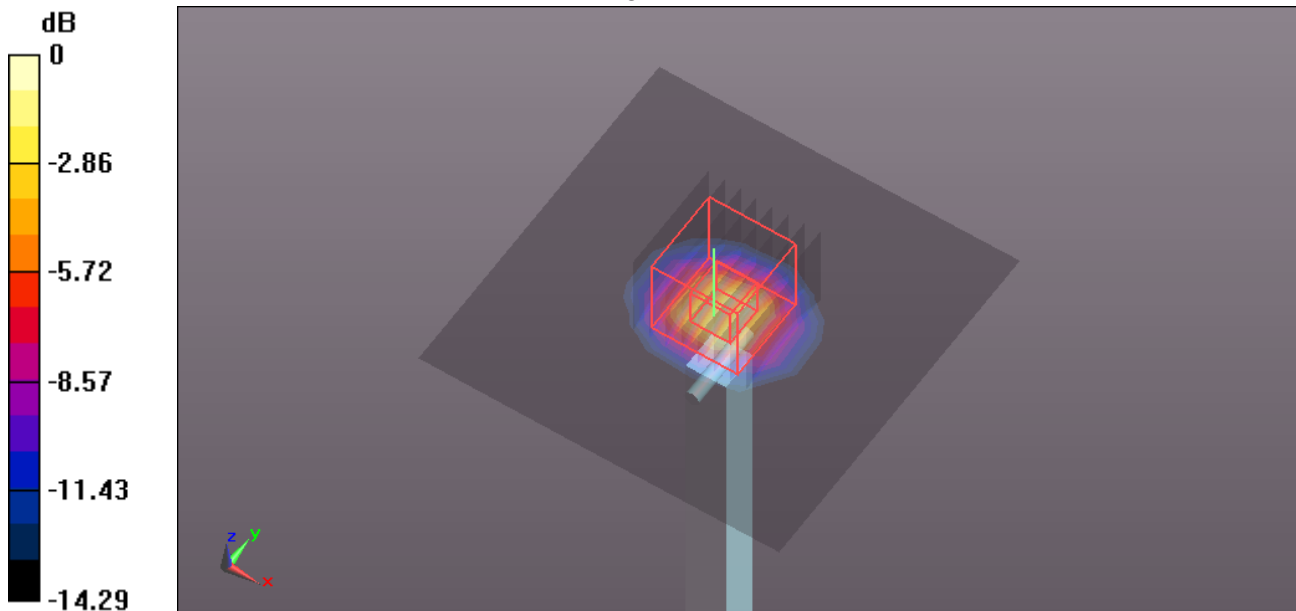
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg



0 dB = 21.1 W/kg = 13.24 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**System Performance Check-D5800 Body**

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.19$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.191$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

**System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

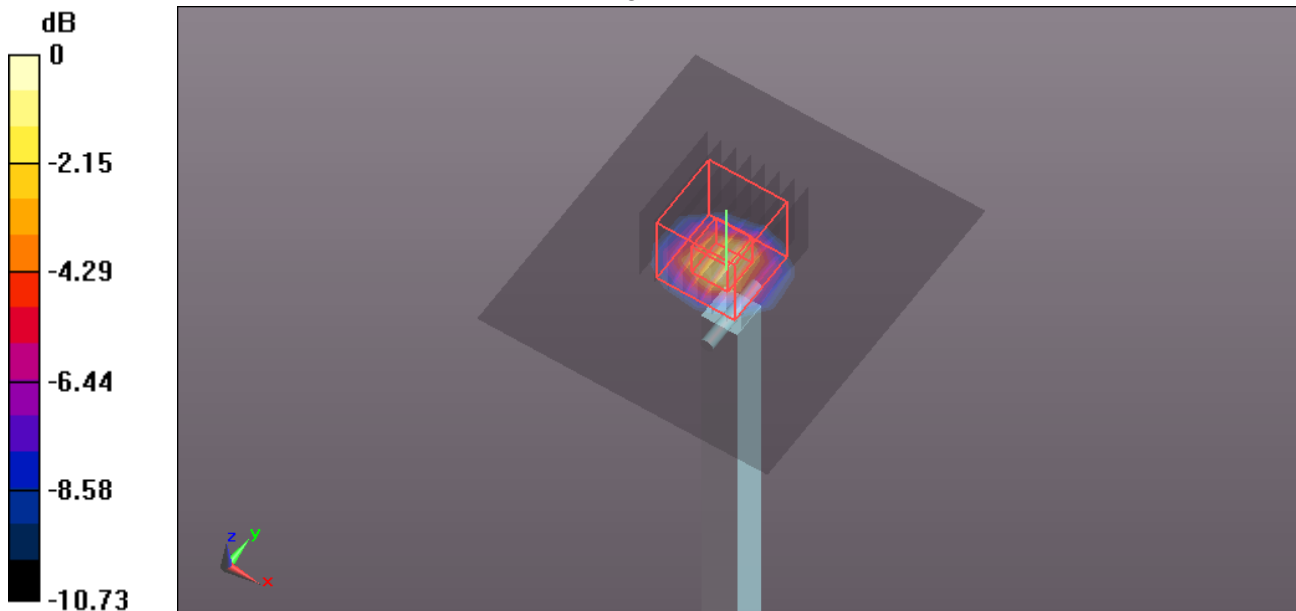
Reference Value = 68.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 41.6 W/kg

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 41.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

**APPENDIX C: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing n the file named Appendix C DASY Calibration Certificate.

**APPENDIX D: PLOTS OF HIGHEST SAR TEST RESULT**

The plots are showing as followings.

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/11/2016

**WiFi 802.11b -Body Front CH11 Chain0**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.954 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.703$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WiFi/Body Front CH11 Chain0/Area Scan (11x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 W/kg

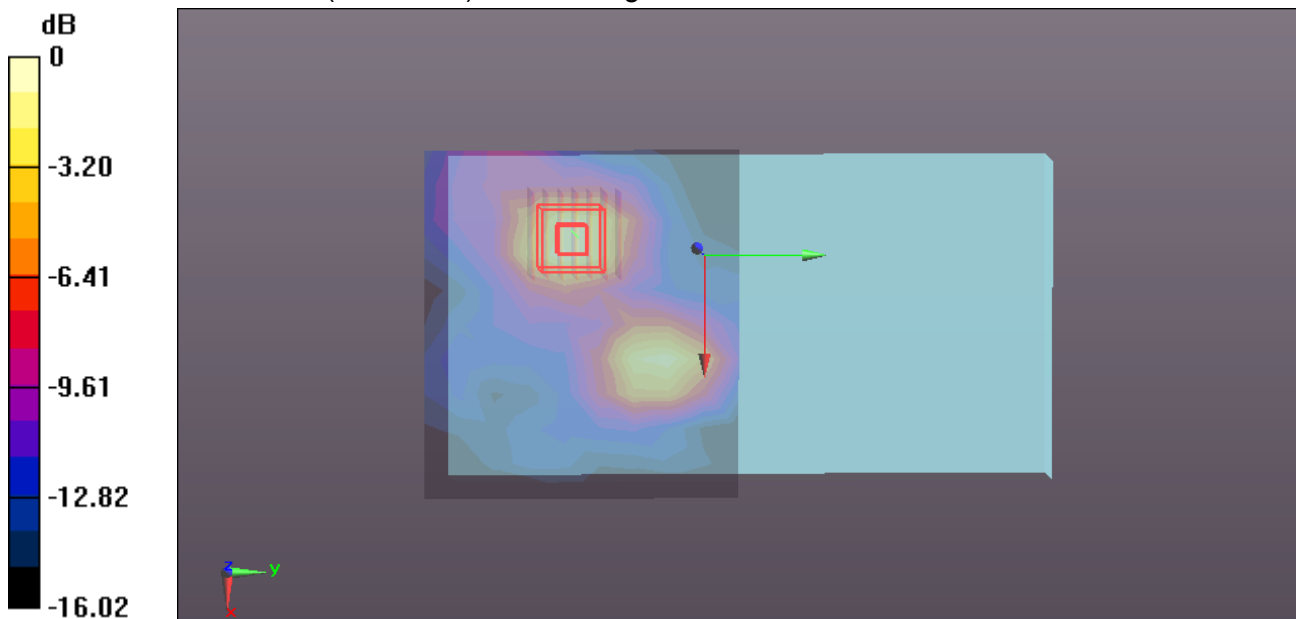
**WiFi/Body Front CH11 Chain0/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.163 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.707 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/11/2016

**WiFi 802.11b -Body Front CH6 Chain1**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.929$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.779$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WiFi/Body Front CH6 Chain1/Area Scan (11x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.832 W/kg

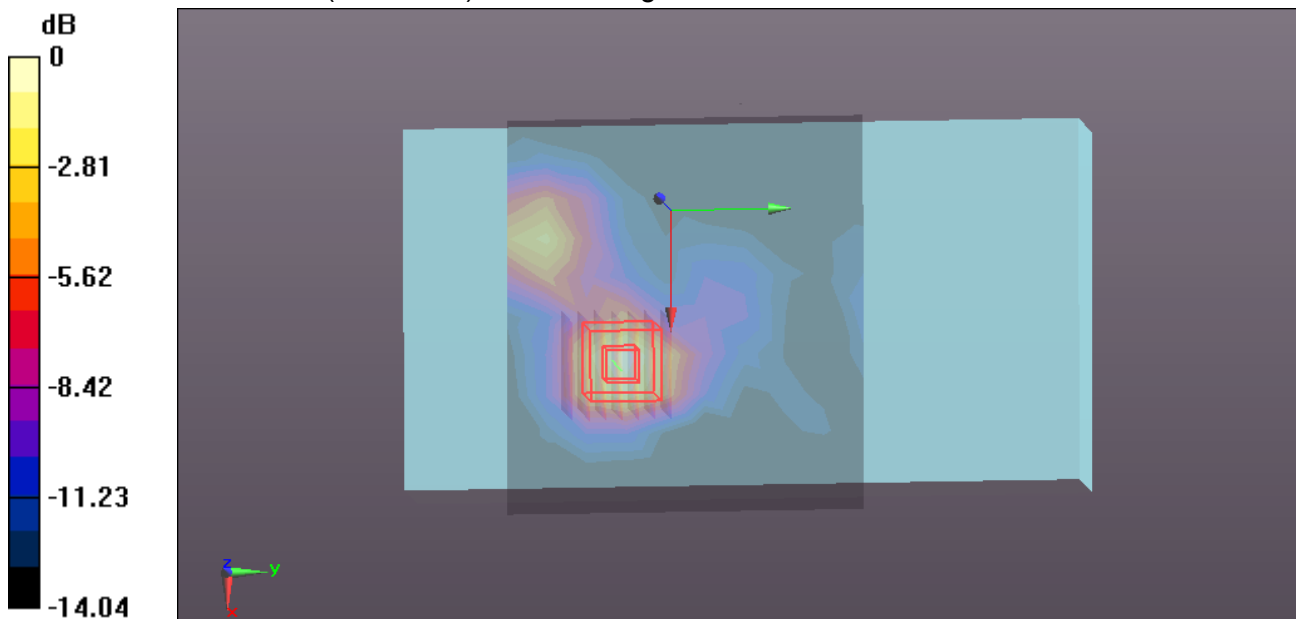
**WiFi/Body Front CH6 Chain1/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.784 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.605 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.869 W/kg



0 dB = 0.869 W/kg = -0.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/11/2016

**WiFi 802.11b MIMO-Body CH11 Front MIMO CH11**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b (0); Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.954 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.703$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS5 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WiFi/Body Front MIMO CH11/Area Scan (13x12x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

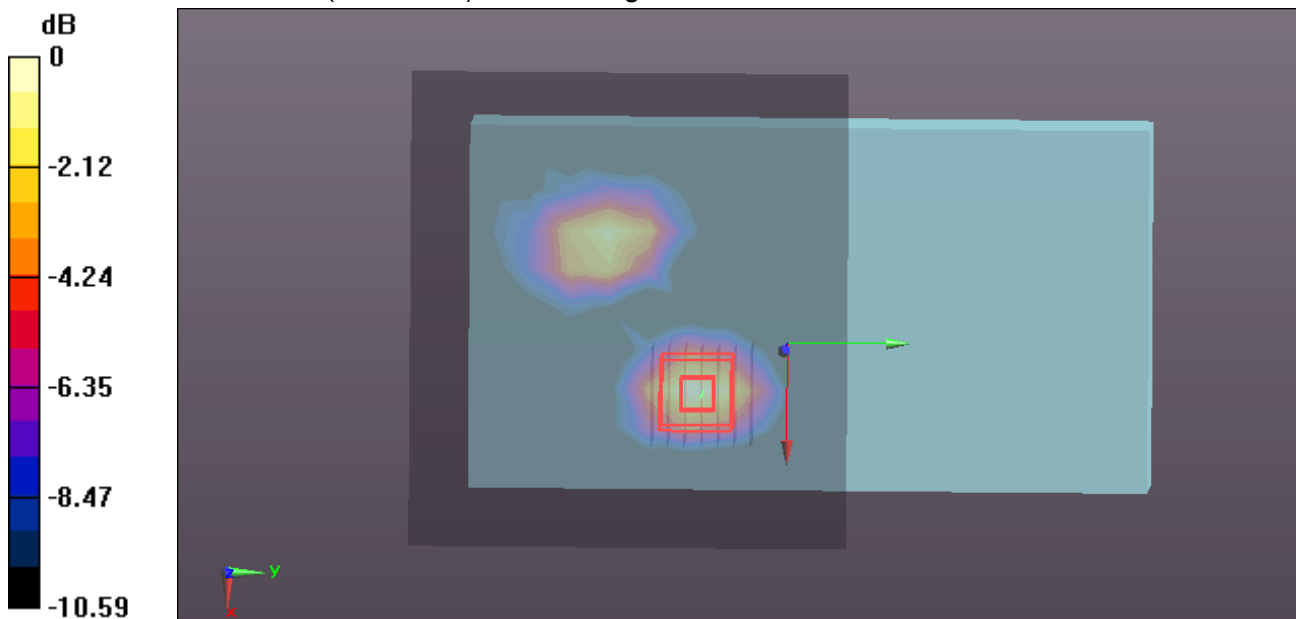
**WiFi/Body Front MIMO CH11/Zoom Scan (7x7x5)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.250 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.724 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/12/2016

**WiFi 802.11a -Edge4 CH36 Chain0**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;

Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5180$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.388$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WiFi/Body Edge4 CH36 Chain0/Area Scan (10x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 W/kg

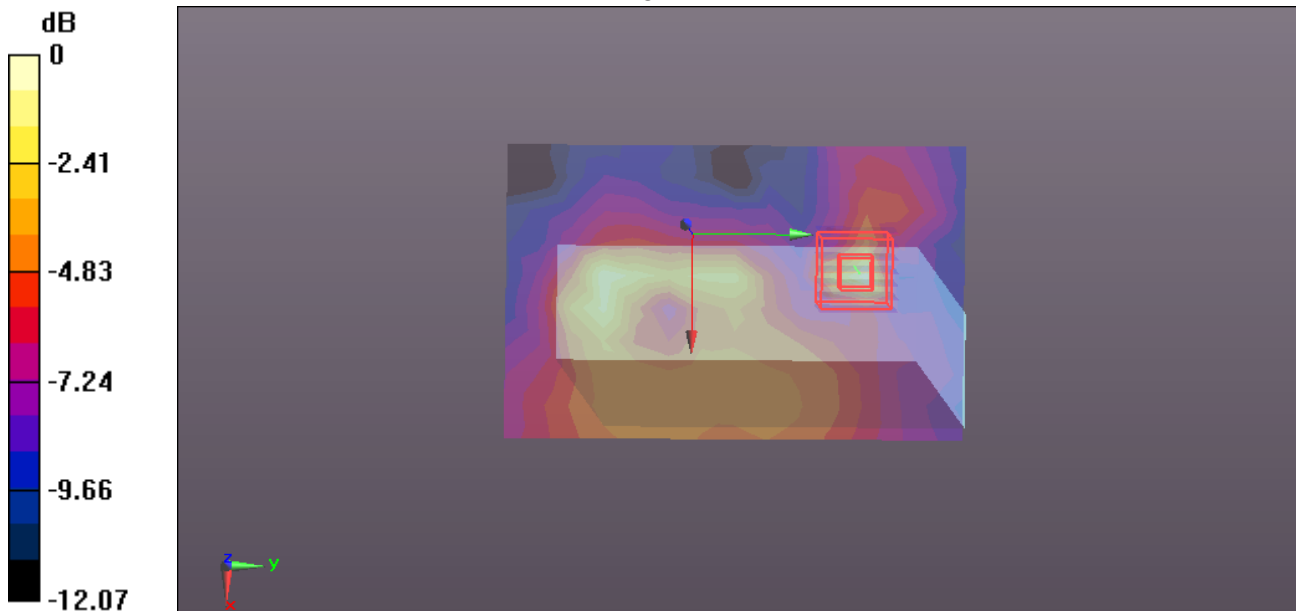
**WiFi/Body Edge4 CH36 Chain0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.578 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.675 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 W/kg



0 dB = 0.420 W/kg = -3.77 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/12/2016

**WIFI 802.11a-Body Front Body CH36 Chain0 Repeated**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;  
Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.388 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH36 Chain0 Repeated/Area Scan (10x9x1):** Measurement grid:

$dx=10\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH36 Chain0 Repeated/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

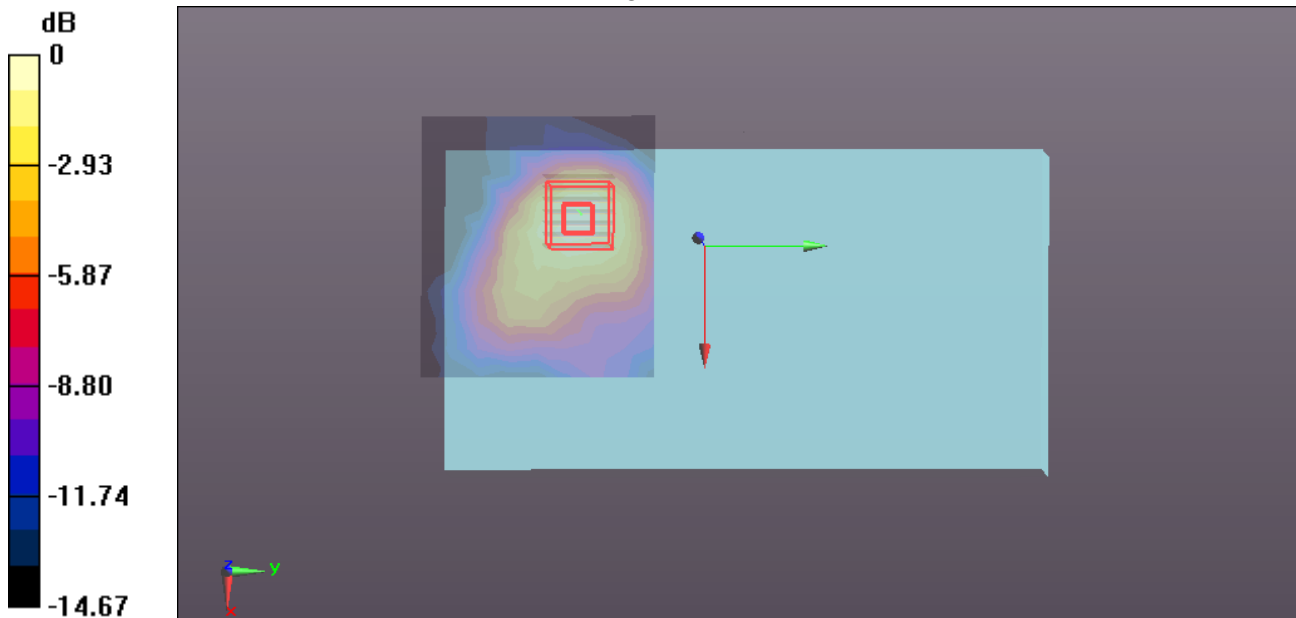
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.840 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.50 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 W/kg



0 dB = 2.71 W/kg = 4.33 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/12/2016

**WIFI 802.11a-Body Front Body CH36 Chain1 Repeated**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;  
Frequency: 5180 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.388$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH36 Chain1 Repeated/Area Scan (10x11x1):** Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.98 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH36 Chain1 Repeated/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

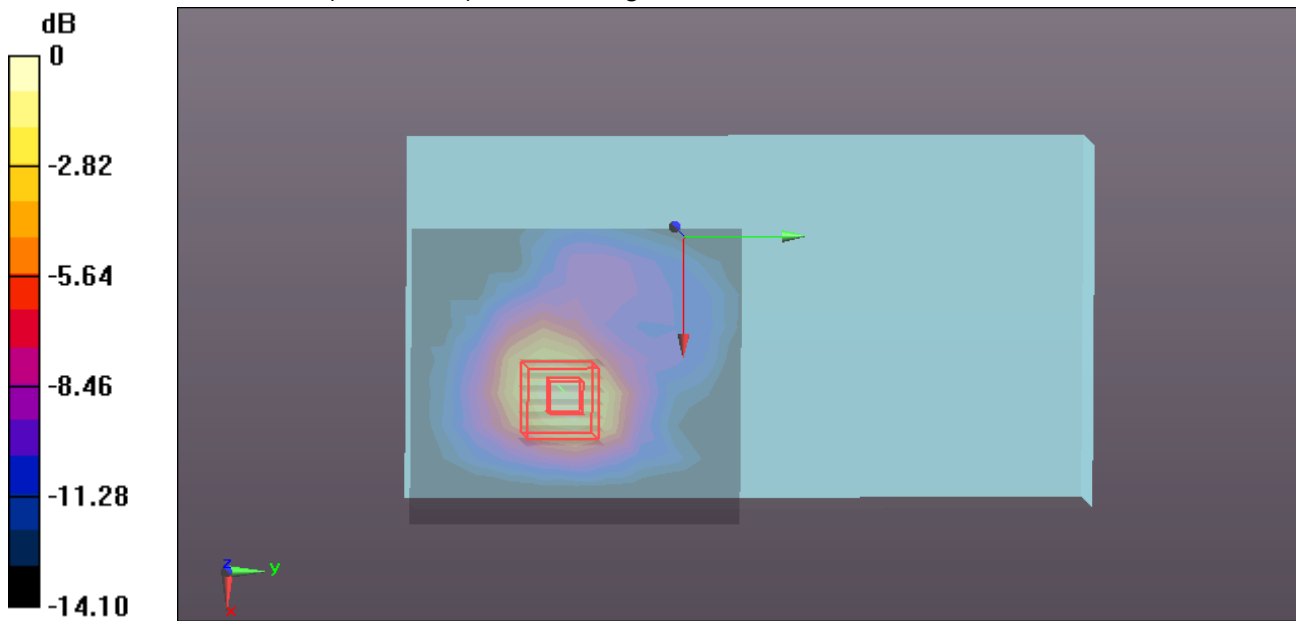
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.009 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.15 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.513 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 W/kg



0 dB = 2.50 W/kg = 3.98 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**WIFI 802.11a MIMO-Body CH36 repeat Front Body CH36 repeat**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band I;  
Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5180$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.388$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.003$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a MIMO Front Body CH36 repeat/Area Scan (14x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a MIMO Front Body CH36 repeat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 8.185 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.563 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 W/kg

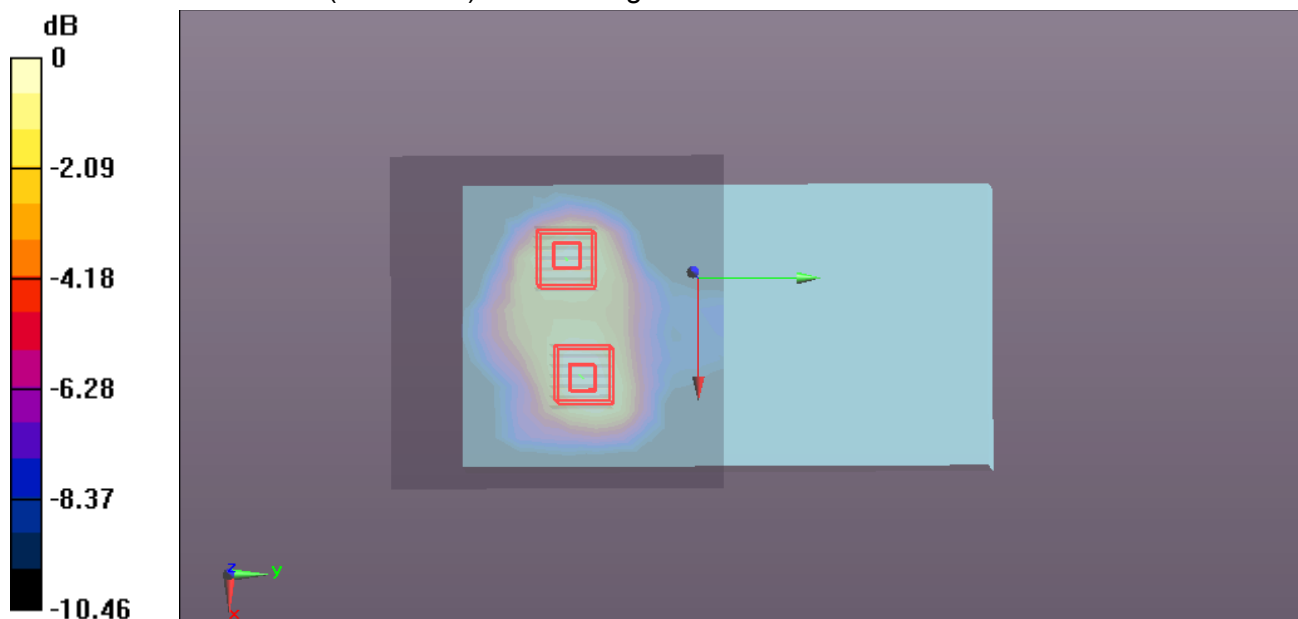
**WIFI/IEEE802.11a MIMO Front Body CH36 repeat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 8.185 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.506 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.39 W/kg



0 dB = 2.39 W/kg = 3.78 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**WIFI 802.11a-Body Front Body CH165 Chain0**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;  
Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.13 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.249$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH165 Chain0/Area Scan (14x14x1):** Measurement grid:

$dx=10\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH165 Chain0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

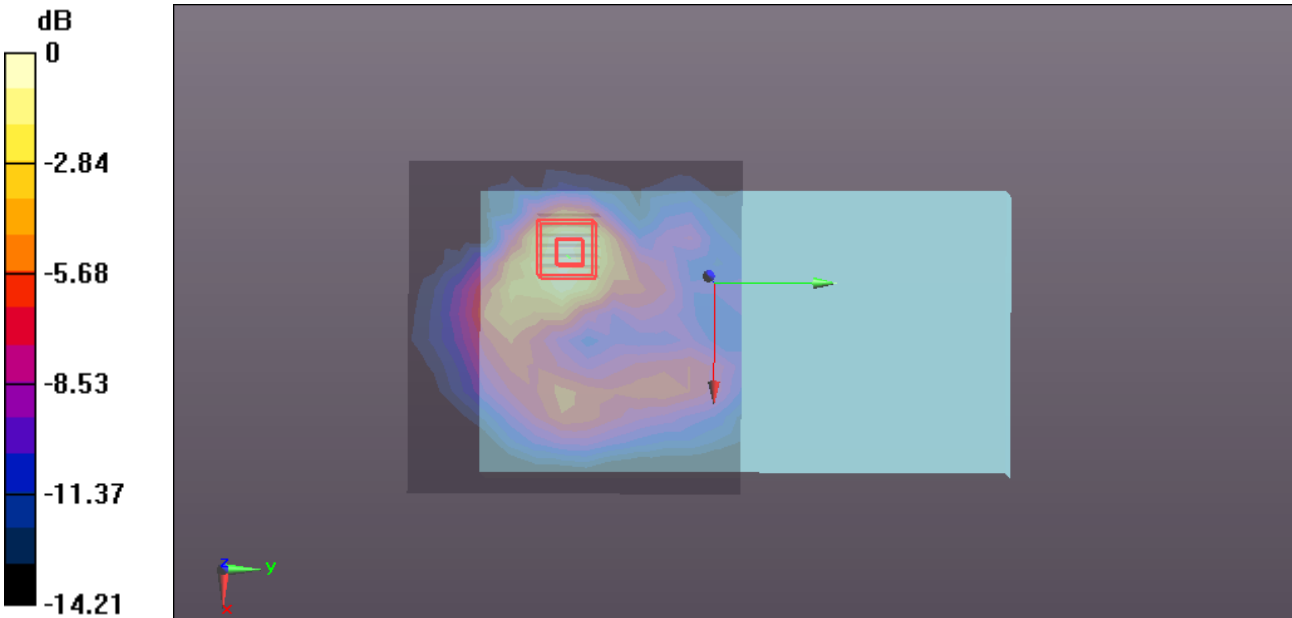
$dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.392 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.95 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



0 dB = 2.76 W/kg = 4.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**WiFi 802.11a -Edge4 CH165 Chain0**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;

Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5825$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.13$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.249$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WiFi/Body Edge4 CH165 Chain0/Area Scan (10x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg

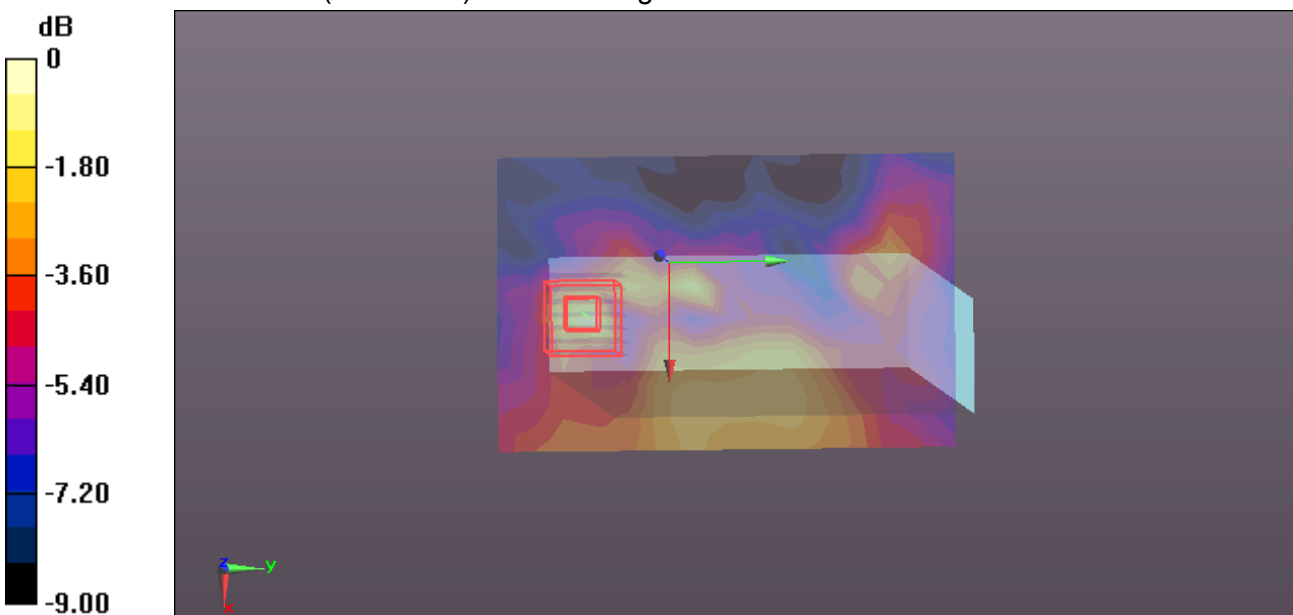
**WiFi/Body Edge4 CH165 Chain0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.649 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.137 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg



0 dB = 0.272 W/kg = -5.65 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**WIFI 802.11a-Body Front Body CH165 Chain1**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;

Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5825$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.13$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.249$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH165 Chain1/Area Scan (13x14x1): Measurement grid:**

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.633 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a Front Body CH165 Chain1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

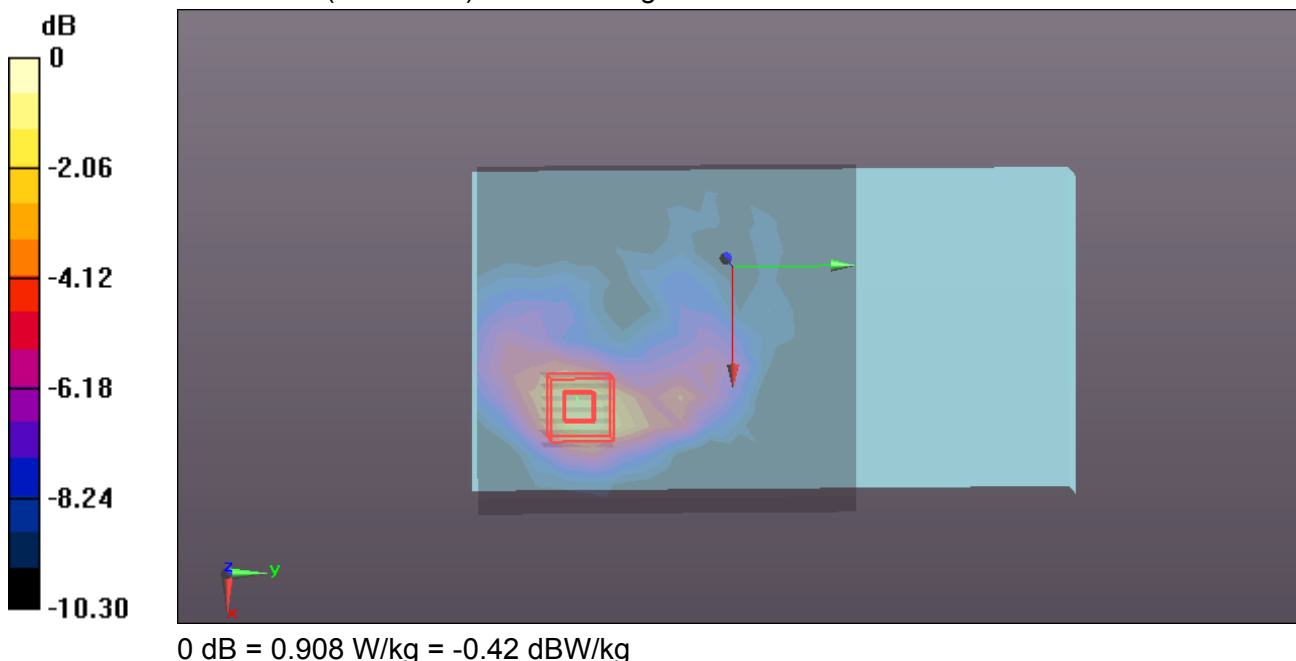
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 4.501 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.908 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Date: 1/13/2016

**WIFI 802.11a MIMO Front Body CH165**

**DUT: ClickShare CS-100; Type: R9861510; Serial: N/A**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11 a (0); Communication System Band: 5G Band IV;  
Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5825$  MHz;  $\sigma = 6.13$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.249$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASYS 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a MIMO Front Body CH165/Area Scan (14x14x1):** Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.16 W/kg

**WIFI/IEEE802.11a MIMO Front Body CH165/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

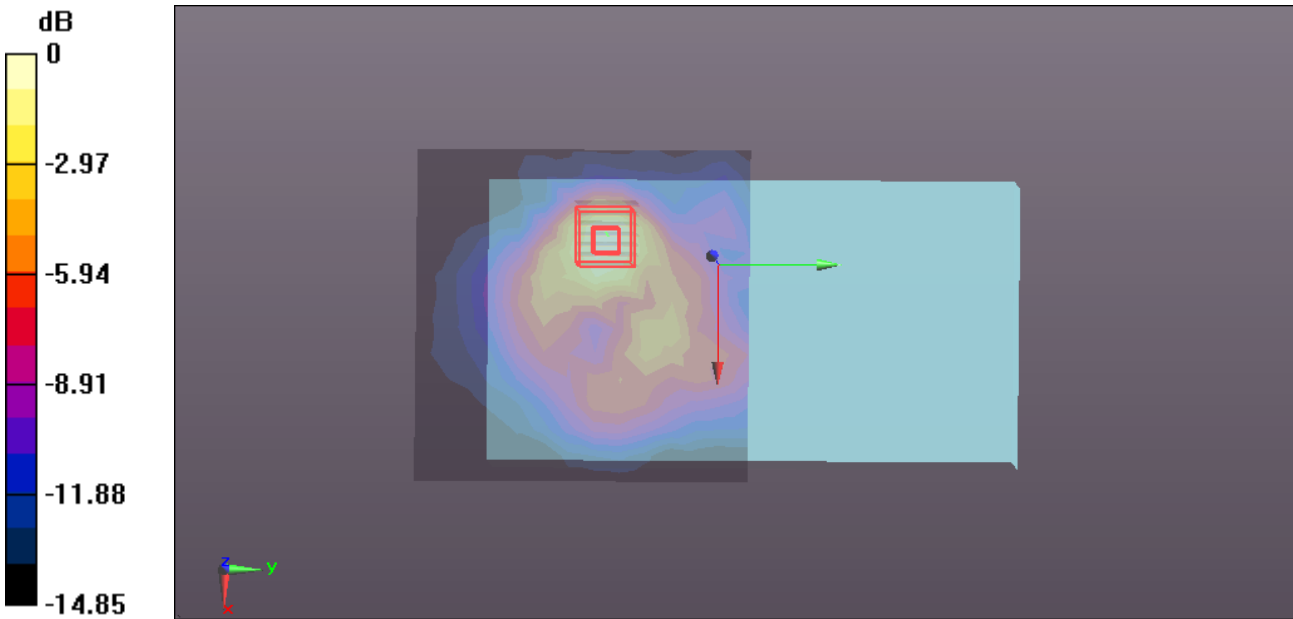
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.437 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.39 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.477 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.46 W/kg



0 dB = 2.46 W/kg = 3.91 dBW/kg

**END REPORT**