

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 In accordance with the requirements of FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62; FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

For

Product Name: ClickShare Button

Brand Name: BARCO

Model No.: R9861500D01

Series Model: N/A

Test Report Number: C150805R02-SF

Issued for

Barco NV

President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium

Issued by

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Compliance Certification Services Inc. Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

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1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

| Product Name: | ClickShare Button | ClickShare Button | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Brand Name: | BARCO | | | | | |
| Model Name.: | R9861500D01 | | | | | |
| Series Model: | N/A | | | | | |
| Device Category: | PORTABLE DEVICES | | | | | |
| Exposure Category: | GENERAL POPULATION/U | JNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE | | | | |
| Date of Test: | September 13, 2015 to September 15, 2015 | | | | | |
| Applicant: Address: | Barco NV President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium | | | | | |
| Manufacturer: Address: | Barco NV President Kennedypark 35, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium | | | | | |
| Application Type: | Certification | | | | | |
| AP | PLICABLE STANDARDS A | ND TEST PROCEDURES | | | | |
| STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES TEST RESULT | | | | | | |
| ANSI/IEEE | C95.1-1992 | No non-compliance noted | | | | |
| Deviation from Applicable Standard | | | | | | |
| None | | | | | | |

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

| Approved by: | Tested by: | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Jeff fang | Luck. Fu | | | |
| Jeff Fang RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc. | Luck.Fu Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc. | | | |

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2. EUT DESCRIPTION

| Product Name: | ClickShare Button | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Brand Name: | BARCO | | | |
| Model Name.: | R9861500D01 | | | |
| Series Model: | N/A | | | |
| Model Discrepancy: | N/A | | | |
| FCC ID: | 2AAED- R9861500D01 | | | |
| Device Category: | Production unit | | | |
| Frequency Range: | IEEE 802.11b 2.4GHz: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz | | | |
| Modulation Technique: | IEEE 802.11a: OFDM 802.11b mode: DSSS 802.11g mode: OFDM 802.11n HT20 mode: OFDM | | | |
| Accessories: | DC 5V Powered from PC via USB port | | | |
| Antenna Specification: | Antenna 0: Chip antenna Antenna 1: Chip antenna | | | |
| Operating Mode: Maximum continuous output | | | | |
| Remark: The product details information please refer to the product specification | | | | |

Note:

1. Antenna Gain table

| minute out tubic | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Frequency range(MHz) | Antenna Gain(dBi) |
| 2400-2500 | 1.8 |
| 5150-5850 | 4.9 |

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Barco NV**, **ClickShare Button**, **R9861500D01**, are as follows.

| | | Highest SAR Summary | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Equipment Class | Frequency Band | Body 1g SAR (W/kg) | Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg) | | | |
| DTS | 2.4GHz WLAN | 0.915 | | | | |
| NII | 5.2GHz WLAN | 0.182 | Not support | | | |
| INII | 5.8GHz WLAN | 0.294 | | | | |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013

3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992.

4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- X ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- KDB 447498 D01v05r02

- KDB 865664 D02v01r01

5. TEST CONFIGURATION

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal and the duty cycle is 100%.

6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

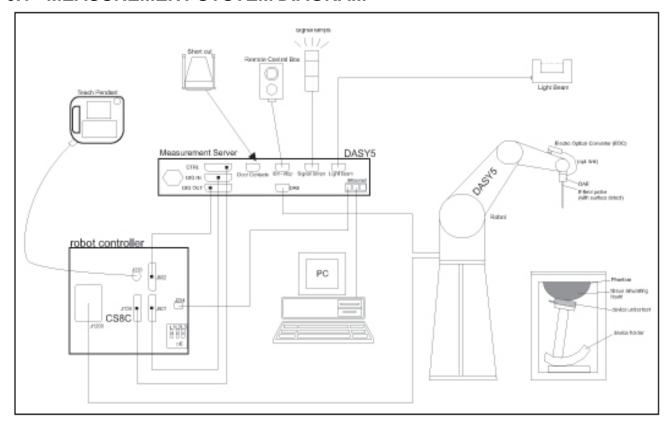
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

| Ingredients | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| (% by weight) | 45 | 450 835 | | 915 | | 1900 | | 2450 | | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 38.56 | 51.16 | 41.45 | 52.4 | 41.05 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 40.4 | 62.7 | 73.2 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.49 | 1.45 | 1.4 | 1.35 | 0.76 | 0.18 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.04 |
| Sugar | 56.32 | 46.78 | 56.0 | 45.0 | 56.5 | 41.76 | 0.0 | 58.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.52 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.21 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 44.92 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.7 |
| Dielectric Constant | 43.42 | 58.0 | 42.54 | 56.1 | 42.0 | 56.8 | 39.9 | 54.0 | 39.8 | 52.5 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.85 | 0.83 | 0.91 | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.07 | 1.42 | 1.45 | 1.88 | 1.78 |

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6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St¨aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal
 multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision
 detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The
 signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical
 of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the
 optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4(or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)



The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements



Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents.

e.g., DGBE)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon

request.

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3

GHz)

Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

(noise: typically $< 1 \mu W/g$)



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Dimensions: Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers:

Application: High precision dosimetric measurements

in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6

GHz with precision of better 30%.

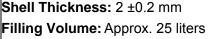


Interior of probe

SAM Twin Phantom

Construction:

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Manneguin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X. CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.



Dimensions: Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width:

750mm



Description Construction:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all

Shell Thickness: $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (sagging: <1\%)}$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



System Validation Kits for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables

measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 900,1800,2450,5800 MHz

> 20 dB at specified validation position ReTune loss: **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm



System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables Construction:

> measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz Frequency:

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

7.1 DATA EVALUATION

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

- Conversion factor ConvF_i

- Diode compression point dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter)

 dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{i}}{Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$



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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

= total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

= total magnetic field strength in A/m H_{tot}

7.2 SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

7.3 SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- · maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- · peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< λ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors Sb (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and a (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30_ to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.



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8. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body Partial-Body | | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles | | |
|-------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 | | |

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body Partial-Body | | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|-------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

Note: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

<u>Population/Uncontrolled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

<u>Occupational/Controlled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

9. EUT ARRANGEMENT

9.1 GENERIC DEVICE

For a device that can not be categorized as any of the other specific device types, it shall be considered to be a generic device; i.e. represented by a closed box incorporating at least one internal RF transmitter and antenna.

The SAR evaluation shall be performed for all surfaces of the DUT that are accessible during intended use, as indicated in Figure . The separation distance in testing shall correspond to the intended use distance as specified in the user instructions provided by the manufacturer. If the intended use is not specified, all surfaces of the DUT shall be tested directly against the flat phantom.

The generic device principle may be applied to all devices.

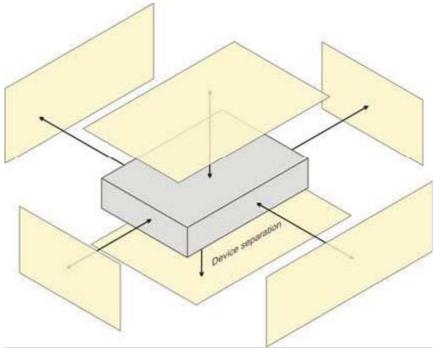
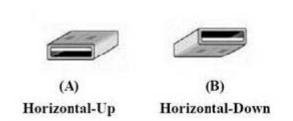


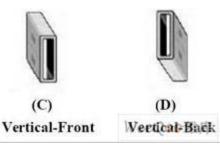
Figure - Test positions for a generic device



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9.2 USB DONGLE PROCEDURES





Test all USB orientations [see figure up: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less. These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations.

10. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

10.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION

SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

| Target Frequency | Head | | Body | | |
|------------------|--------------------|---------|----------------|---------|--|
| (MHz) | $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ | σ (S/m) | ε _r | σ (S/m) | |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 | |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 | |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 | |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 | |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 | |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 | |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 | |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 | |
| 1800-2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 | |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 | |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 | |
| 5800 | 45.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 | |

 $(\varepsilon_r = \text{relative permittivity}, \sigma = \text{conductivity and } \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3)$



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10.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

| Liquid Type | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Parameters | Target | Measured | Deviation (%) | Limited (%) | Measured Date |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Body2412 | 21.5 | Permitivity(ε) | 52.75 | 51.28 | -2.79 | ± 5 | 2015-9-13 |
| D00y2412 | 21.5 | Conductivity(σ) | 1.90 | 1.88 | -1.15 | ± 5 | 2013-9-13 |
| Body2437 | 21.5 | Permitivity(ε) | 52.72 | 51.20 | -2.87 | ± 5 | 2015-9-13 |
| B00y2437 | 21.5 | Conductivity(σ) | 1.93 | 1.91 | -1.24 | ± 5 | 2013-9-13 |
| Body5180 | 21.5 | Permitivity(ε) | 49.06 | 50.42 | 2.78 | ± 5 | 2015-9-14 |
| Body5160 | 21.5 | Conductivity(σ) | 5.33 | 5.24 | -1.73 | ± 5 | 2013-9-14 |
| Pody5240 | 21.5 | Permitivity(ε) | 48.98 | 49.87 | 1.82 | ± 5 | 2015-9-14 |
| Body5240 | 21.5 | Conductivity(σ) | 5.40 | 5.21 | -3.51 | ± 5 | 2015-9-14 |
| D = 4 | 21.5 | Permitivity(ε) | 47.99 | 49.57 | 3.30 | ± 5 | 2015-9-15 |
| Body5825 | 21.0 | Conductivity(σ) | 6.03 | 5.97 | -0.93 | ± 5 | 2013-9-13 |

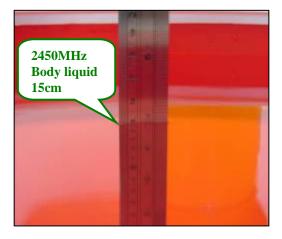
10.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system withan E-fileId probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was
 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 5 mm, dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was 250mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Depth of Liquid





- Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above
- Note: For SAR testing, above than 3G the liquid depth is 10cm shown above



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10.4 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

| Liquid Type | Ambient Temp. (° C) | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Input Power (W) | Measured SAR1g (W/Kg) | 1W Target SAR ₁₉ (W/Kg) | 1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/Kg) | Deviatio n (%) | Limite d (%) | Date |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Body2450 | 22 | 21.5 | 0.25 | 12.50 | 49.20 | 50.00 | 1.63 | ± 10 | 2015-9-13 |
| Body5200 | 22 | 21.5 | 0.1 | 7.24 | 74.60 | 72.4 | -2.95 | ± 10 | 2015-9-14 |
| Body5300 | 22 | 21.5 | 0.1 | 7.35 | 76.00 | 73.5 | -3.29 | ± 10 | 2015-9-14 |
| Body5800 | 22 | 21.5 | 0.1 | 7.41 | 75.00 | 74.1 | -1.20 | ± 10 | 2015-9-15 |



11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04,when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

12. EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

Conducted output power(dBm):

General Note:

- 1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WLAN 2.4G Chain0

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHZ) | Chain0 Target power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average power (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 1 | 2412 | 13 | ±1 | 14 | 13.41 |
| 802.11 b | 6 | 2437 | 13.5 | ±1 | 14.5 | 14.27 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 13 | ±1 | 14 | 13.73 |
| | 1 | 2412 | 4.5 | ±1 | 5.5 | 5.39 |
| 802.11 g | 6 | 2437 | 12 | ±1 | 13 | 12.78 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.53 |
| | 1 | 2412 | 4 | ±1 | 5 | 4.70 |
| 802.11 n 20MHz | 6 | 2437 | 12.5 | ±1 | 13.5 | 13.18 |
| 20.0012 | 11 | 2462 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.7 |

Note:

1. SAR is not required for 802.11g/n 20 Chain0 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.



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WLAN 2.4G Chain1

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHZ) | Chain0 Target power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average power (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 1 | 2412 | 13 | ±1 | 14 | 13.57 |
| 802.11 b | 6 | 2437 | 13.5 | ±1 | 14.5 | 14.48 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 13 | ±1 | 14 | 13.71 |
| | 1 | 2412 | 6 | ±1 | 7 | 6.58 |
| 802.11 g | 6 | 2437 | 12 | ±1 | 13 | 12.57 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.91 |
| | 1 | 2412 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.87 |
| 802.11 n 20MHz | 6 | 2437 | 13 | ±1 | 14 | 13.46 |
| 20.0112 | 11 | 2462 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 6.00 |

Note:

^{1.} SAR is not required for 802.11g/n HT20/HT40 Chain1 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.



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Band 5.2G Chain0

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHZ) | Chain0 Target power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average Power (dBm) |
|----------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 36 | 5180 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.45 |
| 802.11 a | 40 | 5200 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.42 |
| 002.11 a | 44 | 5220 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.02 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.01 |
| | 36 | 5180 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.77 |
| 802.11 n | 40 | 5200 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.75 |
| 20MHz | 44 | 5220 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.32 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.37 |

Band 5.2G Chain1

| Mode Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHZ) | Chain0 Target power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average Power (dBm) |
|----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 36 | 5180 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.40 |
| 902.44.6 | 40 | 5200 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.40 |
| 802.11 a | 44 | 5220 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.59 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 5 | ±1 | 6 | 5.33 |
| | 36 | 5180 | 5.5 | ±1 | 6.5 | 6.27 |
| 902 44 m 20MU= | 40 | 5200 | 5.5 | ±1 | 6.5 | 6.35 |
| 802.11 n 20MHz | 44 | 5220 | 5.5 | ±1 | 6.5 | 6.34 |
| | 48 | 5240 | 5.5 | ±1 | 6.5 | 6.47 |



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Band 5.8G Chain0

| Mode | Channel | Frequency | Chain0 Average power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average power (dBm) |
|----------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 149 | 5745 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.46 |
| 802.11 a | 157 | 5785 | 3.5 | ±1 | 4.5 | 4.22 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 4.5 | ±1 | 5.5 | 5.25 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 2 | ±1 | 3 | 2.92 |
| 802.11 n 20MHz | 157 | 5785 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.53 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 4 | ±1 | 5 | 4.70 |

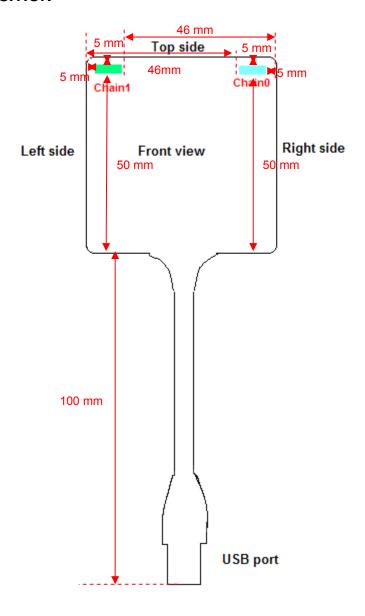
Band 5.8G Chain1

| Mode | Channel | Frequency | Chain0 Average power(dBm) | Turn up tolerance (dBm) | Maximum Turn up power (dBm) | Average power (dBm) |
|----------------|---------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 149 | 5745 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.04 |
| 802.11 a | 157 | 5785 | 3 | ±1 | 4 | 3.93 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 4.5 | ±1 | 5.5 | 5.14 |
| | 149 | 5745 | 2.5 | ±1 | 3.5 | 3.42 |
| 802.11 n 20MHz | 157 | 5785 | 3.5 | ±1 | 4.5 | 4.27 |
| | 165 | 5825 | 3.5 | ±1 | 4.5 | 4.46 |



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12.1 ANTENNA POSITION



Device dimensions (H x W): 90 x 30 x11 mm

| Antennas | Wireless Interface |
|-----------|--------------------|
| Antenna 0 | WLAN 2.4G&5G |
| Antenna 1 | WLAN 2.4G&5G |

Test Mode

| WLAN 2.4G&5G | Data transmission mode |
|--------------|------------------------|
|--------------|------------------------|

12.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN 2.4G SAR

| WEAR 2 | • • • • • • • | • | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Band | Mode | Test Position | Ant | Dist. (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHZ) | max Power (dBm) | Tune- Up Limit (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle Compensation Factor | Power Drift (dB) | SAR1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR1g (mW/kg) |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Up | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.05 | 0.324 | 0.342 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Down | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | -0.01 | 0.624 | 0.658 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Right | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | -0.14 | 0.868 | 0.915 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Right | 0 | 5 | 1 | 2412 | 13.57 | 14 | 1.104 | 1 | -0.00 | 0.741 | 0.818 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Left | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.049 | 0.052 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Тор | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | -0.12 | 0.506 | 0.534 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Up | 1 | 5 | 11 | 2462 | 14.48 | 14.5 | 1.005 | 1 | 0.16 | 0.284 | 0.285 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Down | 1 | 5 | 11 | 2462 | 14.48 | 14.5 | 1.005 | 1 | 0.15 | 0.485 | 0.487 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Right | 1 | 5 | 11 | 2462 | 14.48 | 14.5 | 1.005 | 1 | -0.11 | 0.053 | 0.053 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Left | 1 | 5 | 11 | 2462 | 14.48 | 14.5 | 1.005 | 1 | -0.17 | 0.630 | 0.633 |
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Тор | 1 | 5 | 11 | 2462 | 14.48 | 14.5 | 1.005 | 1 | -0.14 | 0.330 | 0.332 |

According to KDB248227 D01 vo2r01 5.2.1 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel;

802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. So 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations is not required.



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WLAN 5.2G SAR

| Band | Mode | Test Position | Ant | Dist. (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHZ) | max Power (dBm) | Tune- Up Limit (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Duty cycle Compensation Factor | Power Drift (dB) | SAR1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR1g (W/kg) |
|---------|------------|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Up | 0 | 5 | 36 | 5180 | 3.77 | 4 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.11 | 0.173 | 0.182 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Down | 0 | 5 | 36 | 5180 | 3.77 | 4 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.132 | 0.139 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Right | 0 | 5 | 36 | 5180 | 3.77 | 4 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.15 | 0.079 | 0.083 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Left | 0 | 5 | 36 | 5180 | 3.77 | 4 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.04 | 0.040 | 0.042 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Тор | 0 | 5 | 36 | 5180 | 3.77 | 4 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.13 | 0.146 | 0.154 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Up | 1 | 5 | 48 | 5240 | 6.47 | 6.5 | 1.007 | 1 | 0.05 | 0.146 | 0.147 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Down | 1 | 5 | 48 | 5240 | 6.47 | 6.5 | 1.007 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.078 | 0.079 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Right | 1 | 5 | 48 | 5240 | 6.47 | 6.5 | 1.007 | 1 | -0.11 | 0.058 | 0.058 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Left | 1 | 5 | 48 | 5240 | 6.47 | 6.5 | 1.007 | 1 | 0.01 | 0.134 | 0.135 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 n20 | Тор | 1 | 5 | 48 | 5240 | 6.47 | 6.5 | 1.007 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.154 | 0.155 |

WLAN 5.8G SAR

| Band | Mode | Test Position | Ant | Dist. (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHZ) | max Power (dBm) | Tune- Up Limit (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Duty cycle Compensation Factor | Power Drift (dB) | SAR1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR1g (W/kg) |
|---------|----------|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Up | 0 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.25 | 5.5 | 1.059 | 1 | 0.15 | 0.223 | 0.236 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Down | 0 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.25 | 5.5 | 1.059 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.183 | 0.194 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Right | 0 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.25 | 5.5 | 1.059 | 1 | 0.17 | 0.092 | 0.097 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Left | 0 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.25 | 5.5 | 1.059 | 1 | 0.02 | 0.046 | 0.049 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Тор | 0 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.25 | 5.5 | 1.059 | 1 | -0.09 | 0.278 | 0.294 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Up | 1 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.14 | 5.5 | 1.086 | 1 | 0.11 | 0.140 | 0.152 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Down | 1 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.14 | 5.5 | 1.086 | 1 | 0.01 | 0.016 | 0.017 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Right | 1 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.14 | 5.5 | 1.086 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Left | 1 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.14 | 5.5 | 1.086 | 1 | 0.10 | 0.112 | 0.122 |
| WLAN 5G | 802.11 a | Тор | 1 | 5 | 165 | 5825 | 5.14 | 5.5 | 1.086 | 1 | 0.09 | 0.179 | 0.194 |

Repeated SAR Test Records

| Band | Mode | Test Position | Ant | Dist. (mm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHZ) | max Power (dBm) | Tune- Up Limit (dBm) | Scaling Factor | | Power Drift (dB) | SAR1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR1g (mW/kg) |
|-----------|----------|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Right | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2437 | 14.27 | 14.5 | 1.054 | 1 | 0.08 | 0.864 | 0.911 |



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12.3 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT

| Band | Mode | Test Position | Dist. (mm) | Ch. | Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g) | 1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g) | Ratio | Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g) | 2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g) | Ratio |
|-----------|----------|------------------|---------------|-----|---|------------------------------------|-------|---|------------------------------------|-------|
| WLAN 2.4G | 802.11 b | Right | 0 | 6 | 0.868 | 0.864 | 1.005 | - | | |

Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/Kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



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EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS 13.

| Name of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| PC | HP | Core(rm)3.16G | CZCO48171H | N/A | N/A |
| Signal Generator | Agilent | E8257C | US37101915 | 11/21/2014 | 11/20/2015 |
| S-Parameter Network Analyzer | Agilent | E5071B | MY42301382 | 03/03/2015 | 03/02/2016 |
| Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2495A | 1445010 | 03/03/2015 | 03/02/2016 |
| Peak & Average sensor | Anritsu | MA2411B | 1339220 | 03/03/2015 | 03/02/2016 |
| E-field PROBE | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 3798 | 07/24/2015 | 07/23/2016 |
| DAE | SPEAG | DEA4 | 1245 | 07/22/2015 | 07/21/2016 |
| DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 817 | 07/31/2013 | 07/28/2016 |
| DIPOLE 5GHZ ANTENNA | SPEAG | D5GHzV2 | 1095 | 05/31/2013 | 05/28/2016 |
| DUMMY PROBE | SPEAG | DP_2 | SPDP2001AA | N/A | N/A |
| SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0) | SPEAG | QDOVA001BB | 1102 | N/A | N/A |
| Twin SAM Phantom | SPEAG | QD000P40CD | 1609 | N/A | N/A |
| ROBOT | SPEAG | TX60 | F10/5E6AA1/A101 | N/A | N/A |
| ROBOT KRC | SPEAG | CS8C | F10/5E6AA1/C101 | N/A | N/A |
| LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT | ANTENNESSA | 41/05 OCP9 | 00425167 | N/A | N/A |

14. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

15. REFERENCES

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Report No .: C150805R02-SF

APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK

The plots are showing as followings.



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Date: 9/13/2015

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

System Performance Check-Body D2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 817

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz);

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.925 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.168$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

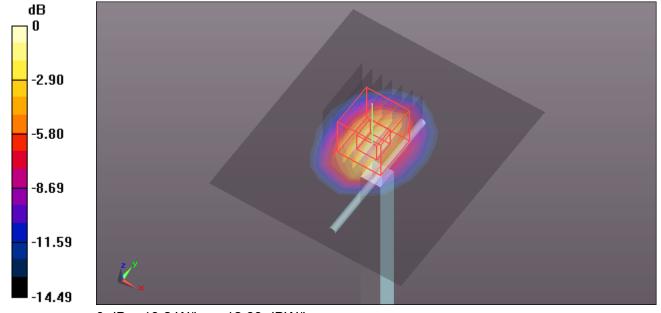
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.71 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Date: 9/14/2015

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5200

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0

MHz); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.145 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.401$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 20/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

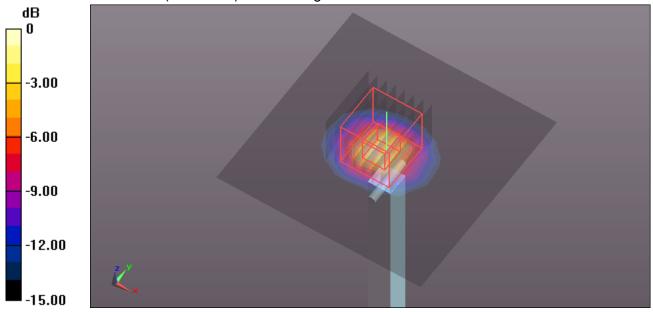
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz 20/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Date: 9/14/2015

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5300

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0

MHz); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.33 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.111$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5300 MHz 19.6/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg

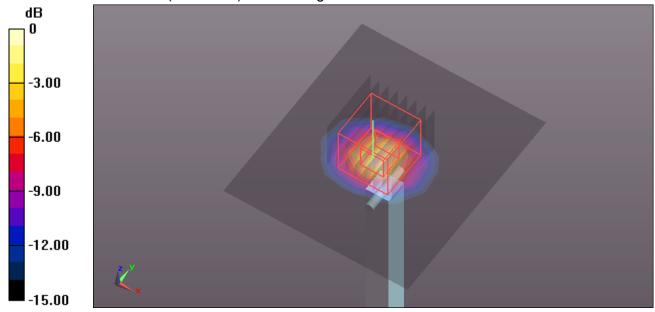
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5300 MHz 19.6/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Date: 9/15/2015

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0

MHz); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.037 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.697; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

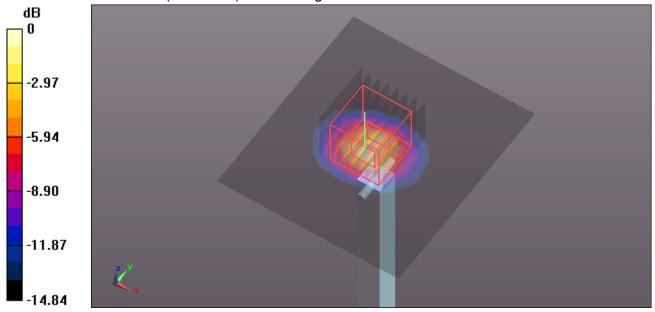
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



0 dB = 19.0 W/kg = 12.79 dBW/kg



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APPENDIX B: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing as followings .



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015

Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CCS-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 817

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Galibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) | Apr-14 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12) | Dec-13 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) | Apr-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Israe El-Naouq | Laboratory Technician | Oran G-Dagage |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | De College |
| | | | |

Issued: July 31, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

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Date of Issue: September 17, 2015

Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerlacher Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di tareture

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Glossary:

TSL ConvF tissue simulating liquid

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

N/A

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)",

February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-817 Jul13

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Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.7 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| — HEIOTICA O MAI CONSCIPEN | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 37.8 ± 6 % | 1.81 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | **** | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.3 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 52.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.18 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 50.5 ± 6 % | 2.01 mha/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | **** | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.6 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 49.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.87 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $53.5 \Omega + 2.9 j\Omega$ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 27.1 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.7 Ω + 4.5 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 27.0 dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.159 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured on | October 23, 2007 |

Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

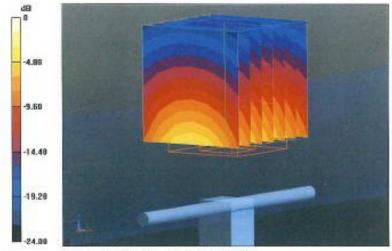
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.781 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg

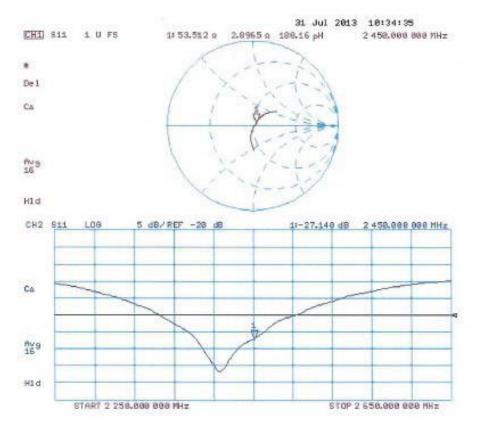


0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg



Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.07.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 817

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

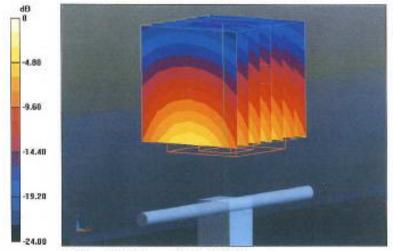
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

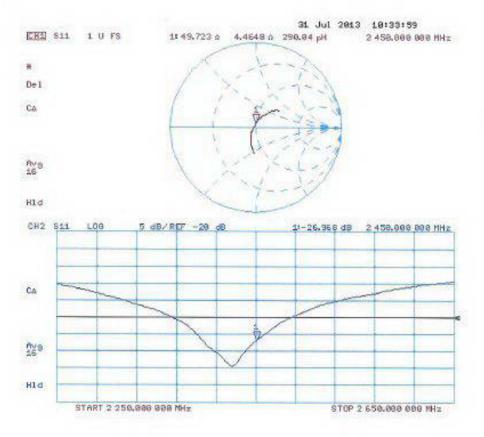
Certificate No: D2450V2-817_Jul13

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

D2450V2, Serial No.817 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

| | D2450V2 Serial No.817 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| 2450 Head | | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 7.31.2013 | -27.140 | | 53.512 | | 2.897 | |
| 7.30.2014 | -26.620 | 1.92 | 52.828 | 0.684 | 3.898 | 0.911 |

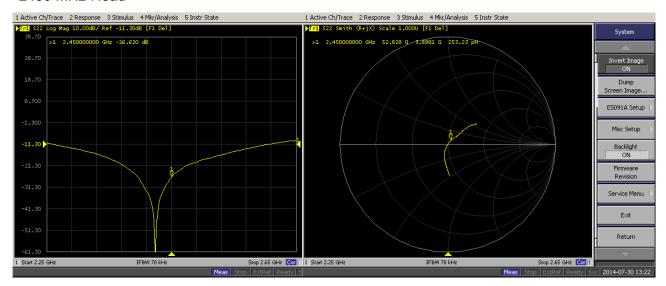
| | D2450V2 Serial No.817 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2450 Body | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 7.31.2013 | -26.968 | | 49.723 | | 4.465 | |
| 7.30.2014 | -25.469 | 5.56 | 49.237 | 0.486 | 5.234 | 0.769 |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

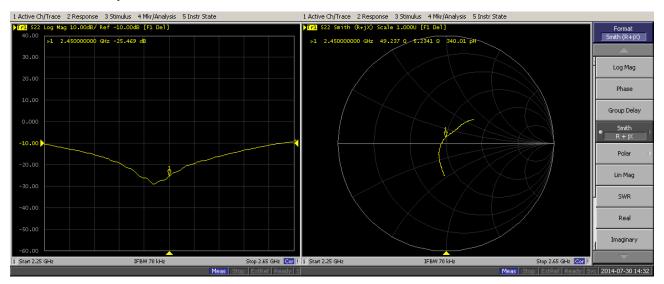


Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817 2450 MHz-Head



2450 MHz-Body





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Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement.

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

| | D2450V2 Serial No.817 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2450 Head | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 7.31.2013 | -27.140 | | 53.512 | | 2.897 | |
| 7.30.2014 | -26.620 | 1.92 | 52.828 | 0.684 | 3.898 | 0.911 |
| 7.29.2015 | -25.93 | 2.59 | 53.086 | 0.258 | 4.095 | 0.197 |

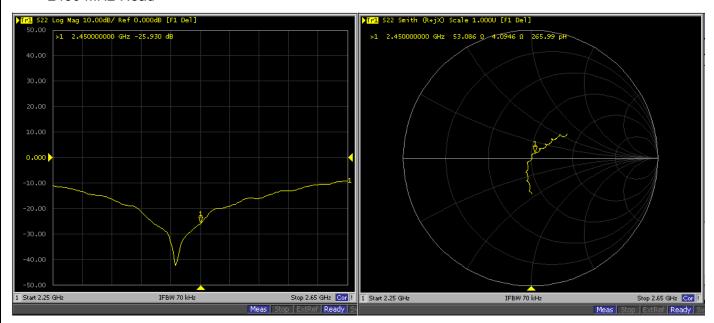
| | D2450V2 Serial No.817 | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2450 Body | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 7.31.2013 | -26.968 | | 49.723 | | 4.465 | |
| 7.30.2014 | -25.469 | 5.56 | 49.237 | 0.486 | 5.234 | 0.769 |
| 7.29.2015 | -25.139 | 1.30 | 49.31 | 0.073 | 5.419 | 0.185 |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

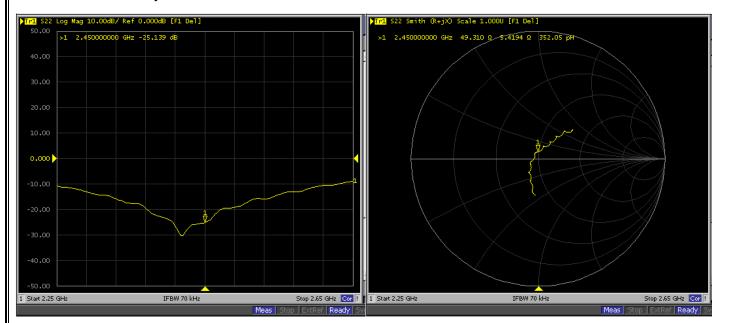


Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Dipole Verification Data D2450V2 Serial No.817 2450 MHz-Head



2450 MHz-Body





Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

CCS-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1095_May13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

May 31, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) | Apr-14 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739) | Apr-14 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3503 | 28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12) | Dec-13 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13) | Apr-14 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | 110 |

Issued: May 31, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Katja Pokovic

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1095_May13

Approved by:

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Technical Manager



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.6 |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency | 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz | N. |

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| und mid turk mit dit Perugua da da Ari De maja vi anda da Marie I vi a Area in endore di Caranda e da Caranda e | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 36.0 | 4.66 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.5 ± 6 % | 4.50 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.94 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.27 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.76 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.3 ± 6 % | 4.60 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.30 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 83.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.37 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.6 | 4.96 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.1 ± 6 % | 4.79 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.42 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 84.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.5 | 5.07 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 36.0 ± 6 % | 4.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.24 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 82.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.34 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 35.7 ± 6 % | 5.11 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.86 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 78.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.23 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 49.0 | 5.30 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 49.6 ± 6 % | 5.41 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.44 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 74.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.08 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.9 | 5.42 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 49.4 ± 6 % | 5.53 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.58 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 76.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.12 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.6 | 5.65 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 49.1 ± 6 % | 5.80 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.89 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.19 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| The second secon | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.5 | 5.77 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 49.0 ± 6 % | 5.80 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.76 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 77.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | ÷ |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.15 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.2 | 6.00 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 48.6 ± 6 % | 6.24 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.47 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 75.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.06 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.2 Ω - 6.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.9 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.2 Ω - 3.3 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 29.6 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.2 Ω - 2.2 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.5 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.0 Ω - 1.1 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 24.8 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.4 Ω - 2.8 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 24.8 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.7 Ω - 5.3 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.8 Ω - 1.5 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 35.5 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8 Ω - 1.2 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.4 dB | |

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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.2 Ω + 1.1 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 24.5 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $55.6 \Omega + 0.3 j\Omega$ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.5 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.208 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured on | September 24, 2010 |

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1095_May13

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.05.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.5$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.6$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 4.79$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.89$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.7$; $\varepsilon_r = 36.9$ Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 25.7$; $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³

kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76);
 Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.596 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.084 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

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Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.341 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

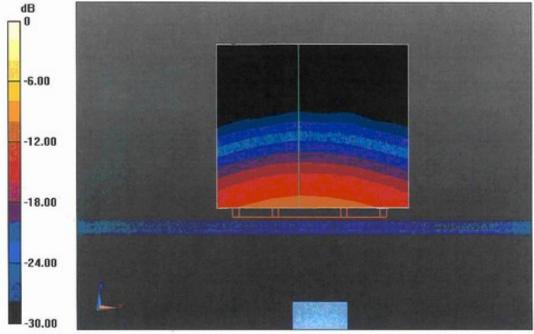
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.473 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

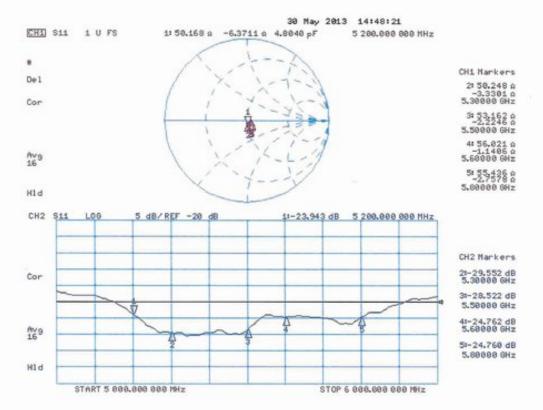


0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg



Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.05.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1095

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.41 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.53 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ 5.8 S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ mHz}$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.24 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.744 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.871 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissuc/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.666 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1095_May13

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Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.108 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

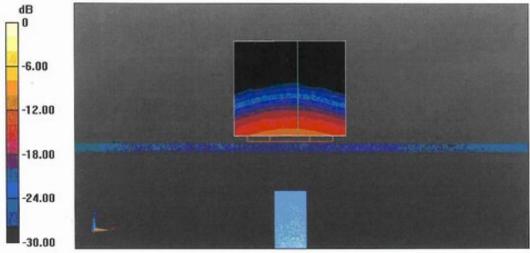
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 55.451 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

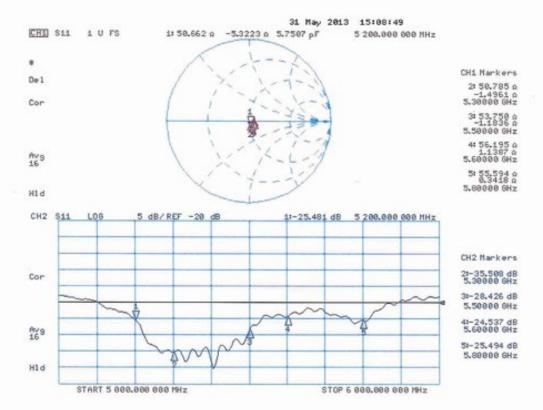


0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg



Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

D5GHzV2, Serial No.1095 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003,the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement

Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration),and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration),the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

| D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Head | | | | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 5200MHz | 5.31.2013 | -23.943 | | 50.168 | | -6.371 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -23.425 | 2.16 | 50.749 | 0.581 | -6.752 | 0.381 | |
| 5300MHz | 5.31.2013 | -29.552 | I | 50.248 | I | -3.330 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -27.170 | 8.06 | 49.802 | 0.446 | -4.424 | 1.094 | |
| 5500MHz | 5.31.2013 | -28.522 | I | 53.162 | I | -2.225 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -29.647 | 3.94 | 52.249 | 0.913 | -2.350 | 0.125 | |
| 5600MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.762 | | 56.021 | | -1.141 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -26.263 | 6.06 | 54.956 | 1.065 | -1.291 | 0.150 | |
| 5800MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.760 | 1 | 55.436 | - | -2.758 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.078 | 2.75 | 56.550 | 1.114 | -1.310 | 1.448 | |

| D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Body | | | | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 5200MHz | 5.31.2013 | -25.481 | | 50.662 | | -5.322 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -23.945 | 6.03 | 50.975 | 0.313 | -6.336 | 1.014 | |
| 5300MHz | 5.31.2013 | -35.508 | - | 50.785 | | -1.496 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -31.173 | 12.21 | 49.992 | 0.793 | -2.732 | 1.236 | |
| 5500MHz | 5.31.2013 | -28.426 | 1 | 53.750 | 1 | -1.184 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -28.353 | 0.26 | 52.867 | 0.883 | -2.742 | 1.558 | |
| 5600MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.537 | | 56.195 | | 1.139 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.330 | 0.84 | 56.344 | 0.149 | 0.347 | 0.792 | |
| 5800MHz | 5.31.2013 | -25.494 | 1 | 55.594 | | 0.342 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.908 | 2.30 | 55.887 | 0.293 | -1.203 | 1.545 | |

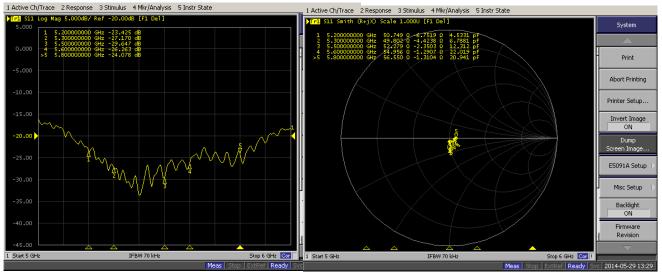
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



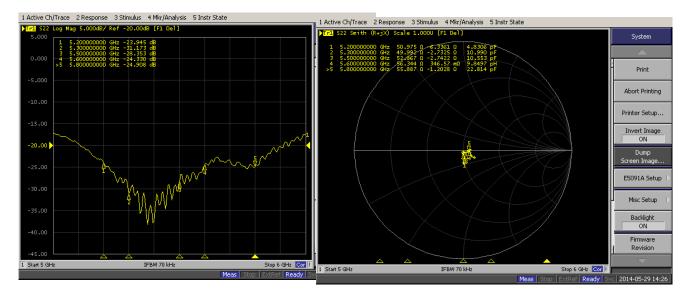
Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095

D5GHzV2-Head



D5GHzV2-Body





Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Per IEEE Std 1528-2003, the dipole should have a return loss better than -20dB at the test frequency to reduce uncertainty in the power measurement Per KDB 865664 D01,if dipoles are verified in return loss(<-20dB,within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

Justification of the extended calibration

| D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Head | | | | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 5200MHz | 5.31.2013 | -23.943 | | 50.168 | | -6.371 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -23.425 | 2.16 | 50.749 | 0.581 | -6.752 | 0.381 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -23.192 | 0.99 | 50.909 | 0.16 | -6.980 | 0.228 | |
| | 5.31.2013 | -29.552 | | 50.248 | | -3.330 | | |
| 5300MHz | 5.29.2014 | -27.170 | 8.06 | 49.802 | 0.446 | -4.424 | 1.094 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -28.187 | 3.74 | 49.973 | 0.171 | -3.953 | 0.471 | |
| | 5.31.2013 | -28.522 | | 53.162 | | -2.225 | | |
| 5500MHz | 5.29.2014 | -29.647 | 3.94 | 52.249 | 0.913 | -2.350 | 0.125 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -27.742 | 6.43 | 52.976 | 0.727 | -2.962 | 0.612 | |
| 5600MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.762 | | 56.021 | - | -1.141 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -26.263 | 6.06 | 54.956 | 1.065 | -1.291 | 0.150 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -25.523 | 2.82 | 55.487 | 0.531 | 0.283 | 1.008 | |
| 5800MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.760 | | 55.436 | | -2.758 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.078 | 2.75 | 56.550 | 1.114 | -1.310 | 1.448 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -25.841 | 7.32 | 55.187 | 1.363 | -1.813 | 0.503 | |



Report No .: C150805R02-SF

| D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Body | | | | | | | | |
| Date of Measurement | | Return Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | |
| 5200MHz | 5.31.2013 | -25.481 | - | 50.662 | -1 | -5.322 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -23.945 | 6.03 | 50.975 | 0.313 | -6.336 | 1.014 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -24.992 | 4.37 | 50.975 | 0 | -5.587 | 0.749 | |
| | 5.31.2013 | -35.508 | I | 50.785 | 1 | -1.496 | | |
| 5300MHz | 5.29.2014 | -31.173 | 12.21 | 49.992 | 0.793 | -2.732 | 1.236 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -32.699 | 4.90 | 49.852 | 0.14 | -2.406 | 0.326 | |
| | 5.31.2013 | -28.426 | I | 53.750 | ŀ | -1.184 | | |
| 5500MHz | 5.29.2014 | -28.353 | 0.26 | 52.867 | 0.883 | -2.742 | 1.558 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -30.006 | 5.83 | 52.895 | 0.028 | -1.424 | 1.318 | |
| 5600MHz | 5.31.2013 | -24.537 | | 56.195 | | 1.139 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.330 | 0.84 | 56.344 | 0.149 | 0.347 | 0.792 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -25.266 | 3.85 | 55.666 | 0.678 | 0.746 | 0.399 | |
| 5800MHz | 5.31.2013 | -25.494 | | 55.594 | | 0.342 | | |
| | 5.29.2014 | -24.908 | 2.30 | 55.887 | 0.293 | -1.203 | 1.545 | |
| | 5.28.2015 | -24.266 | 2.58 | 56.492 | 0.605 | -0.292 | 0.911 | |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

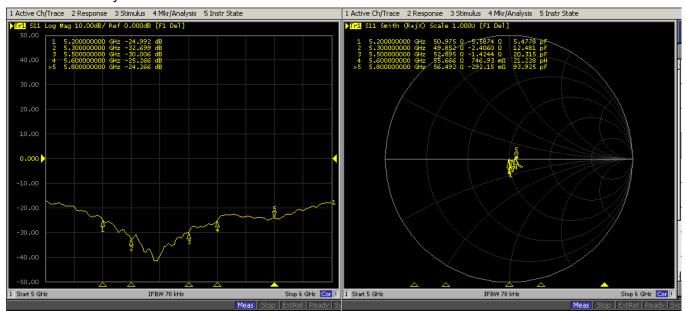


Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Dipole Verification Data D5GHzV2 Serial No.1095 D5GHzV2-Head



D5GHzV2-Body





Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8064 Zunch, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@soeig.com, http://www.speag.com

1245

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for celibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is institute.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files; Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4,doc

11.12.2009



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughnusstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Seiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Seiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client CCS - CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1245 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: July 22, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which regize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory tackly: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

| 1D # | Cal Date (Centicale No.) | acception Carolina |
|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| SN: 0810278 | 03-Oct-14 (No:15573) | Oct-15 |
| ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 05-Jan-15 (in house check). | In house check: Jan-16 |
| SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 05-Jan-15 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-16 |
| | SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | SN: 0810278 03-Oct-14 (No:15573) |

Calibrated by:

Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician

000000000

Approved by:

Fin Bomholt

This calibration pertificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: July 22, 2015

Signature

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

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Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot Connector angle

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V .$ $1LSB = 6.1 \nu V .$ full range = -100,...+300 mV full range = -1,.....+3mV High Range: Low Range: DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time; 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| High Range | 405.968 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 404.691 ± 0.02% (k=2) | 405.828 ± 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 4.00326 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 3.98439 ± 1.50% (k=2) | 4,02655 ± 1.50% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| 1 | | |
|---|---|------------|
| 1 | Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 28.5 °±1 ° |

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15

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Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Reading (μV) | Difference (µV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200028.69 | -6.39 | -0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20006.54 | 1,92 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -20003.38 | 1.71 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200030.86 | -3.89 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20003.32 | -1.15 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y - Input | -20004.69 | 0.56 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200028.63 | -11.14 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20003.37 | -0.96 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z - Input | -20004.54 | 0.81 | -0.00 |

| Low Range | Reading (μV) | Difference (µV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000.94 | 0.10 | 10.0 |
| Channel X + Input | 200.71 | -0.31 | -0.15 |
| Channel X - Input | -199.09 | -0.05 | 0.03 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000.77 | -0.04 | -0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200.24 | -0.79 | -0.39 |
| Channel Y - Input | -199.48 | -0.35 | 0.18 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2001.26 | 0.43 | 0.02 |
| Channel Z + Input | 199.86 | +1.00 | -0.50 |
| Channel Z - Input | -201,97 | -2.76 | 1,38 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (µV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | -7.52 | -8.59 |
| | - 200 | 10.21 | 8.63 |
| Channel Y | 200 | -7.45 | -7.28 |
| | - 200 | 6.40 | 6.24 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -5.86 | -6.35 |
| | - 200 | 4.39 | 3.77 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time; 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (µV) | Channel Y (µV) | Channel Z (µV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200 | | 3.60 | -3.27 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 9.38 | | 3.62 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 9.93 | 6.83 | - |

Certificate No: DAE4-1245_Jul15



Report No .: C150805R02-SF

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15877 | 17010 |
| Channel Y | 16451 | 16190 |
| Channel Z | 15943 | 17349 |

Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Channel X | 1.17 | -0.54 | 2.46 | 0.56 |
| Channel Y | 0.34 | -0.62 | 1.45 | 0.44 |
| Channel Z | -0.68 | -1.73 | 0.92 | 0.51 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) | |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Supply (+ Voc) | +7.9 | |
| Supply (- Voc) | -7.6 | |

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



Date of Issue: September 17, 2015 Report No .: C150805R02-SF

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

CCS-CN (Auden)

Certificate No. EX3-3798_Jul15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date July 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to retional standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humiday < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (MATE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | 10 | Cal Data (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: 85054 (3c) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129) | Mar-15 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: \$5129 (30b) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133) | Mar-15 |
| Reference Probe ES30V2 | SN:3013 | 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) | Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8645C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Out-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

Calibrated by: Claudio Laubier Laboratory Technician

Approved by Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: July 24, 2015

This calibration cartificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

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Glossary:

TSL Itssue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization a protection around probe axis

Polarization 9 8 rotation around an exis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 8 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- iEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 8 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E[±]-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat pharitom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): In a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:3798

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:3798

Manufactured: April 5, 2011 Calibrated: July 24, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | | Sensor Z | Unc (it=2 | |
|--|----------|-------|----------|-----------|--|
| Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A | 0.54 | 0.51 | 0.59 | ± 10.1 % | |
| DCP (mV) ⁸ | 101.3 | 100.9 | 102.8 | | |

Madulation Calibration Decomptors

| UID | Communication System Name | 4.1 | A dB | B dBõV | C | dB | VR mV | Unc (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|-----|---------|-----------|-----|------|----------|--------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 140.4 | ±3.5 % |
| 7 | 7/4/201 | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 136.3 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 128.7 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 Numerical integrization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity F | Conductivity (Sim) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ⁶ | Depth (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|------------|--------------|
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9,13 | 9.13 | 9.13 | 0.38 | 0.97 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 8.88 | 8.88 | 8.88 | 0.23 | 1.50 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1810 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.68 | 7.68 | 7.68 | 0.38 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.63 | 7.63 | 7.63 | 0.42 | 0.81 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.97 | 6.97 | 6.97 | 0.36 | 0.84 | ±12.0% |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 5.08 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4,84 | 4.84 | 4.84 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ±13.1% |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4,81 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.59 | 4.59 | 4.59 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.67 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 190 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else if is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

*At frequences below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (x and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if figured companisation formula is applied to

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measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of teaue parameters (it and it) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Conf. uncertainty for indicated terget tosue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies belowen 3-8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe to diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^f | Conductivity (S/m) | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ⁶ | Depth (mm) | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|------------|--------------|
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 0.30 | 1.10 | ± 12,0 % |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 0.29 | 1.11 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1810 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.40 | 7.40 | 7.40 | 0.39 | 0.81 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.29 | 7.29 | 7.29 | 0.30 | 0.96 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.08 | 7.08 | 7.08 | 0.25 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5,30 | 4.64 | 4,84 | 4.64 | 0.40 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 4.42 | 4.42 | 4,42 | 0.40 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48,6 | 5.65 | 4.01 | 4.01 | 4.01 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ±13.1% |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 3.90 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ±13.1% |

Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), etse it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and if) can be retained to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and if) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Apha/Depth and determined during delibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance target than half the probation demonstration in the boundary.

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diameter from the boundary.

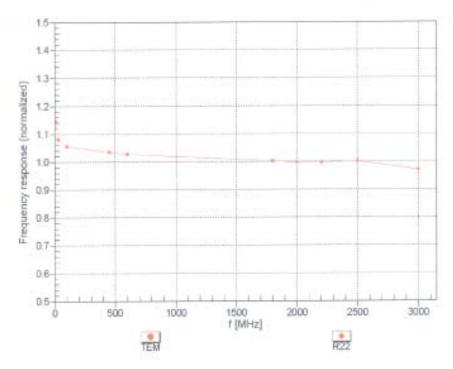


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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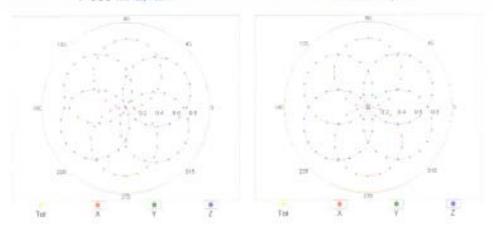
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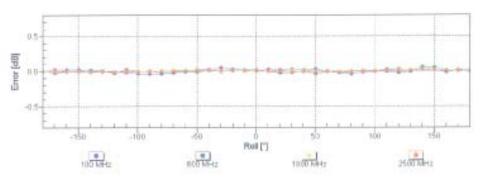
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

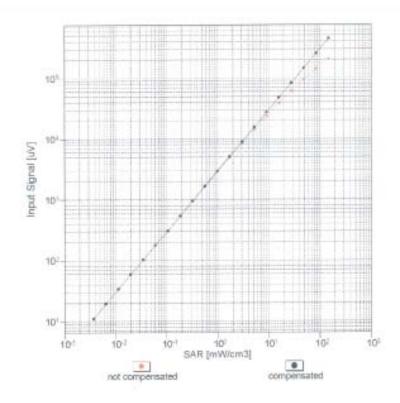


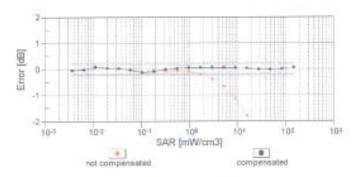
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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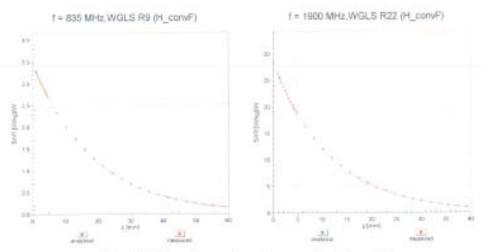


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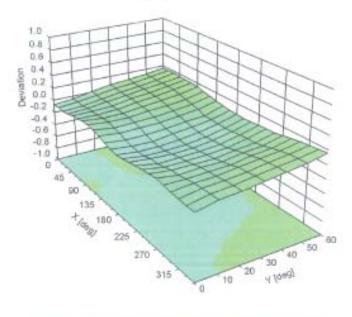
July 24, 2015

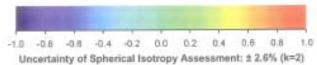
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (4, 8), f = 900 MHz





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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3798

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular | | |
|---|------------|--|--|
| Connector Angle (*) | 140.3 | | |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled | | |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disable | | |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mn | | |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mn | | |
| Tip Length | 9 mm | | |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm | | |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm | | |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm | | |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm | | |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm | | |

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APPENDIX C: PLOTS OF SAR TEST RESULT

The plots are showing in the file named Appendix C Plots of SAR Test Result

APPENDIX D: DUT AND SAR STEUP PHOTO

END REPORT